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•List of groups

•Highlights of recent results

•Development of theoretical models

RCNST Steering meeting Nov. 1, 2011, Beihang Univ.



- In 32 cities: 38 in Beijing, 11 in Lanzhou, 4 or more in Nanjing, Shanghai, Tianjin, Huzhou, Guilin, & Hefei
- In 53 institutions: only one in 22 institutions
- 24 female (about 20%)
- International collaborations













Highlights: Effect of tensor force

PRL 105, 072501 (2010) PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS

Ex (MeV)

Effect of the Tensor Force on the Charge Exchange Spin-Dipole Excitations of ²⁰⁸Pb

C. L. Bai,^{1,2} H. Q. Zhang,^{1,2} H. Sagawa,³ X. Z. Zhang,¹ G. Colò,⁴ and F. R. Xu²



Bai_Sagawa_Zhang_Colo_Xu2009_PLB675-28 Bai_Zhang_Sagawa_Zhang_Colo_Xu2010_PRL105-072501

Highlights: α decay of superheavy nuclei

PRL 107, 012501 (2011)

PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS

week ending 1 JULY 2011

Correlation between α -Decay Energies of Superheavy Nuclei Involving the Effects of Symmetry Energy

Jianmin Dong,^{1,2,3,4} Wei Zuo,^{1,3,*} and Werner Scheid⁴

In general, if one selects $\xi = xZ + yN$ and β as variables, the relationship between the Q values of α decay can be written as

$$Q_{2} = Q_{1} - (\beta_{2} - \beta_{1}) \left\{ \frac{2^{5/3}}{9} a_{c} \xi^{2/3} [(1 - \beta)x + (1 + \beta)y]^{-5/3} \times [(1 + \beta - 2\beta^{2})x + (11 + 5\beta + 2\beta^{2})y] + 8a_{sym}\beta \right\},$$
(6)

where x and y are integers and $|x|^2 + |y|^2 \neq 0$ with $Z = (1 - \beta)\xi/[(1 - \beta)x + (1 + \beta)y]$ and $N = (1 + \beta)\xi/[(1 - \beta)x + (1 + \beta)y]$. Here only the differences of the

Dong_Zuo_Gu_Wang_Peng2010_PRC81-064309 Dong_Zuo_Scheid2011_PRL107-012501



Highlights: Antimagnetic rotation (AMR)

PRL 107, 122501 (2011) PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS

Antimagnetic Rotation Band in Nuclei: A Microscopic Description

P.W. Zhao (赵鹏巍),¹ J. Peng (彭婧),² H.Z. Liang (梁豪兆),¹ P. Ring,^{1,3} and J. Meng (孟杰)^{1,4,5} 16 0.16 J ¹⁰⁵Cd ¹⁰⁵Cd 0.3 MeV 0.7 MeV 0.12 12 $\mathbf{J}_{\mathbf{v}}$ 0.08 B(E2) [e²b²] ۲× [لاً] 8 60 γ (deg) 0.04 with pol. no pol. Ω = **[0.2, 0.7**] 20 4 0.00 Exp. with pol. 0.2 no pol. 0.0 0.1 -0.04 ß 0 12 16 18 -8 14 4 20 22 n $J_{7}[\hbar]$ l [ħ]

Peng_Meng_Ring_Zhang2008_PRC78-024313 Zhao_Zhang_Peng_Liang_Ring_Meng2011_PLB699-181 Zhao_Peng_Liang_Ring_Meng2011_PRL105-122501

- Covariant density functional theory, tilted axis cranking
 - First microscopic & self-consistent descrip.

Development of theoretical models

- Shell models
 - ➢ No-core MCSM
 - Angular momentum projected SM
 - Cranked SM
- Density functional Theories
 - Skyrme, Gogny HF (HFB); +RPA; +Cranking
 - Covariant DFT
- Transport models
 - Macroscopic: Dinuclear system models; fluctuation-dissipation models
 - Microscopic: QMD; BUU; time-dep. HF
- Many others
 - Theory of reaction with unstable nuclei
 - Microscopic theory of alpha decay
 - Mass models or formulas

Covariant density functional theories

To include more correlations CDFT

To be more self-consistent

Covariant density functional theories



Covariant density functional theories

Magnetic rot. & chirality RMF w/ γ Configuration-fixed Tilted axis cranking **Low-Espec. & phase trans.** RMF w/ γ Angular momentum proj. 5-dim. Bohr Hamiltonian Giant/pygmy resonances RMF-RPA RHF-RPA





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