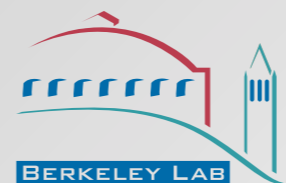


# SN Ia analyses with the Nearby Supernova Factory spectrophotometric data

**Nicolas Chotard**  
THCA / IPNL

**6th FCPPL Workshop**  
**March 28, 2013**



# CONTENTS

- **Observational cosmology with SNe Ia**
- **The Nearby Supernova Factory project**
- **Some SNfactory results**
- **SNfactory status and futur**

# CONTENTS

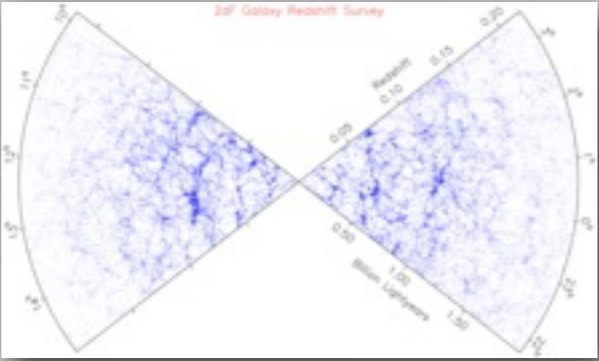
- **Observational cosmology with SNe Ia**
- **The Nearby Supernova Factory project**
- **Some SNfactory results**
- **SNfactory status and futur**

# Concordance cosmology: Three principal probes

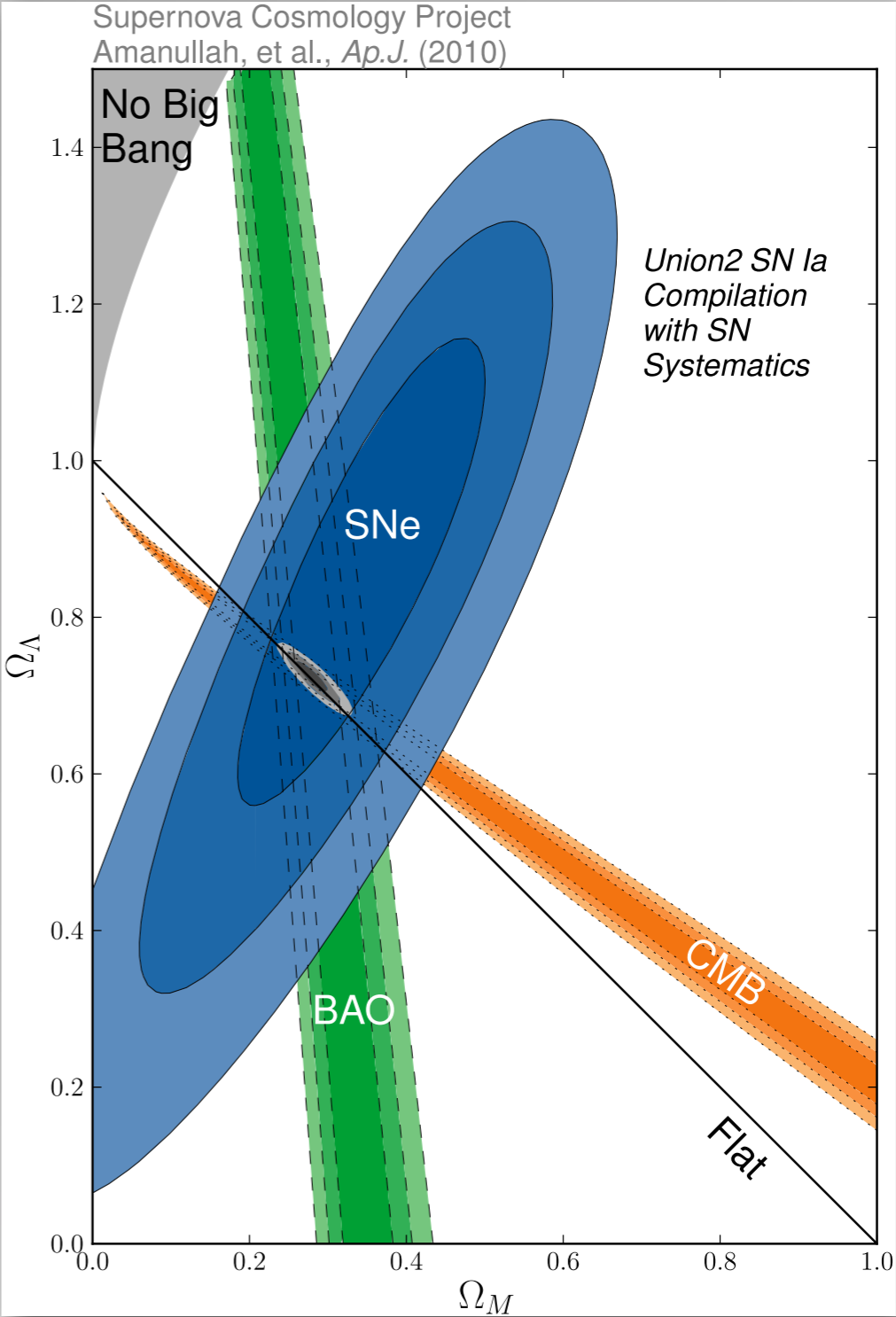
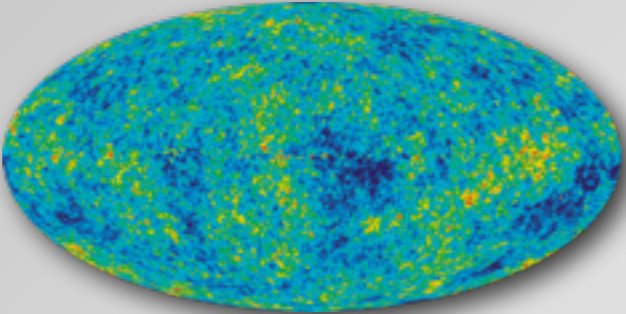
Standard candles (SNe Ia)  
(Nearby and distant surveys)



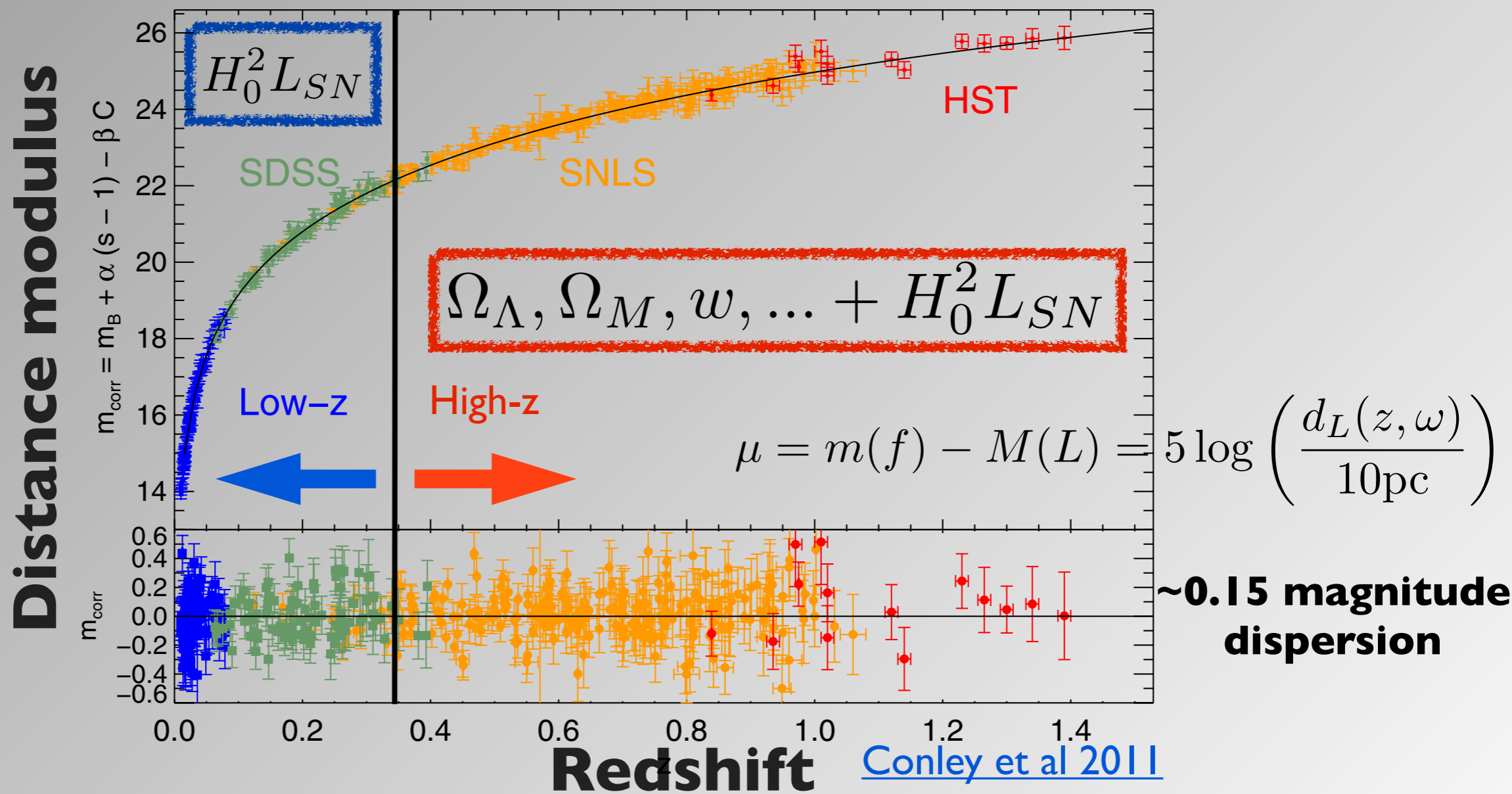
Large scale structures  
(BAO, Weak lensing, Clusters)



**CMB**  
(COBE, WMAP, PLANCK)



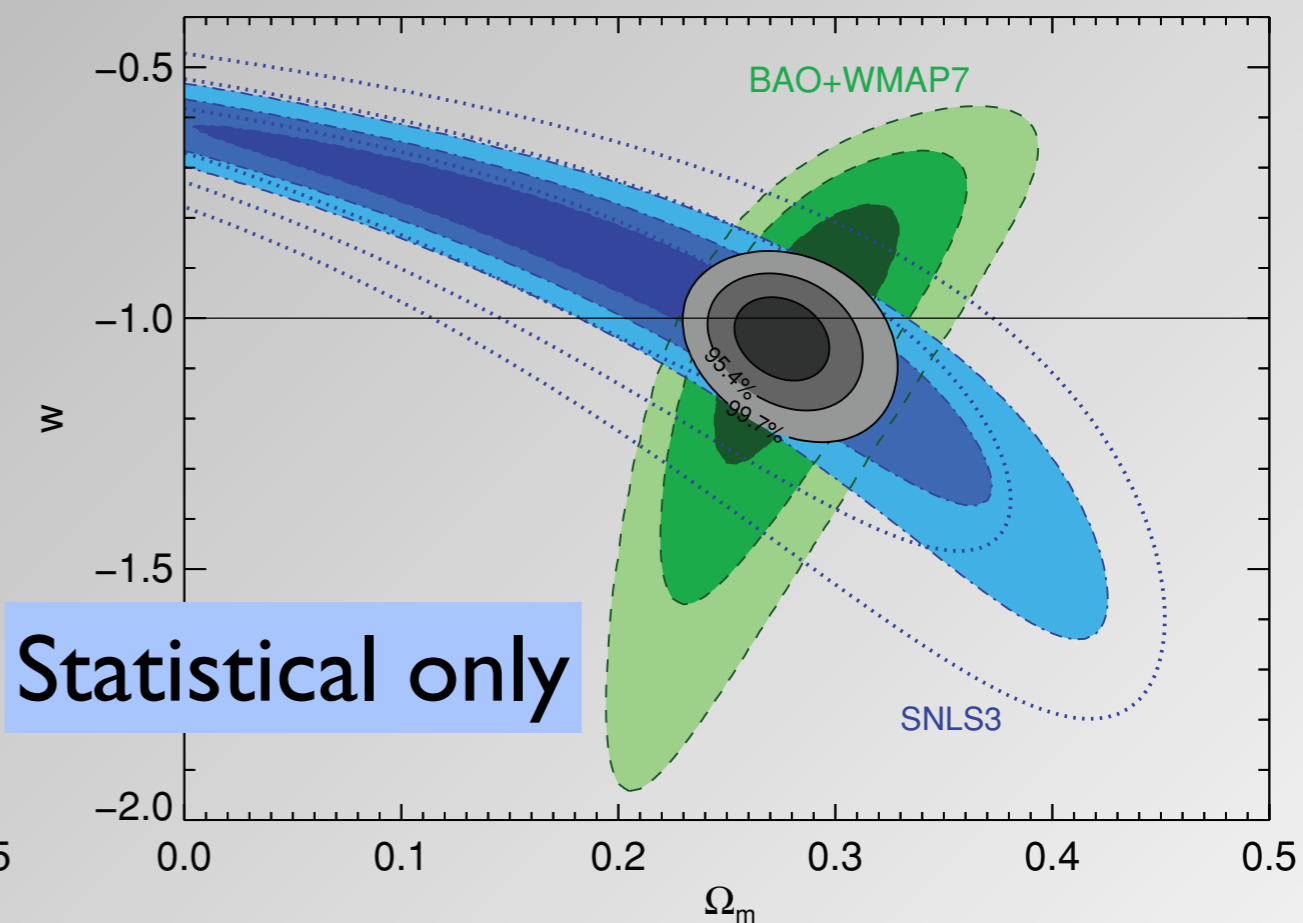
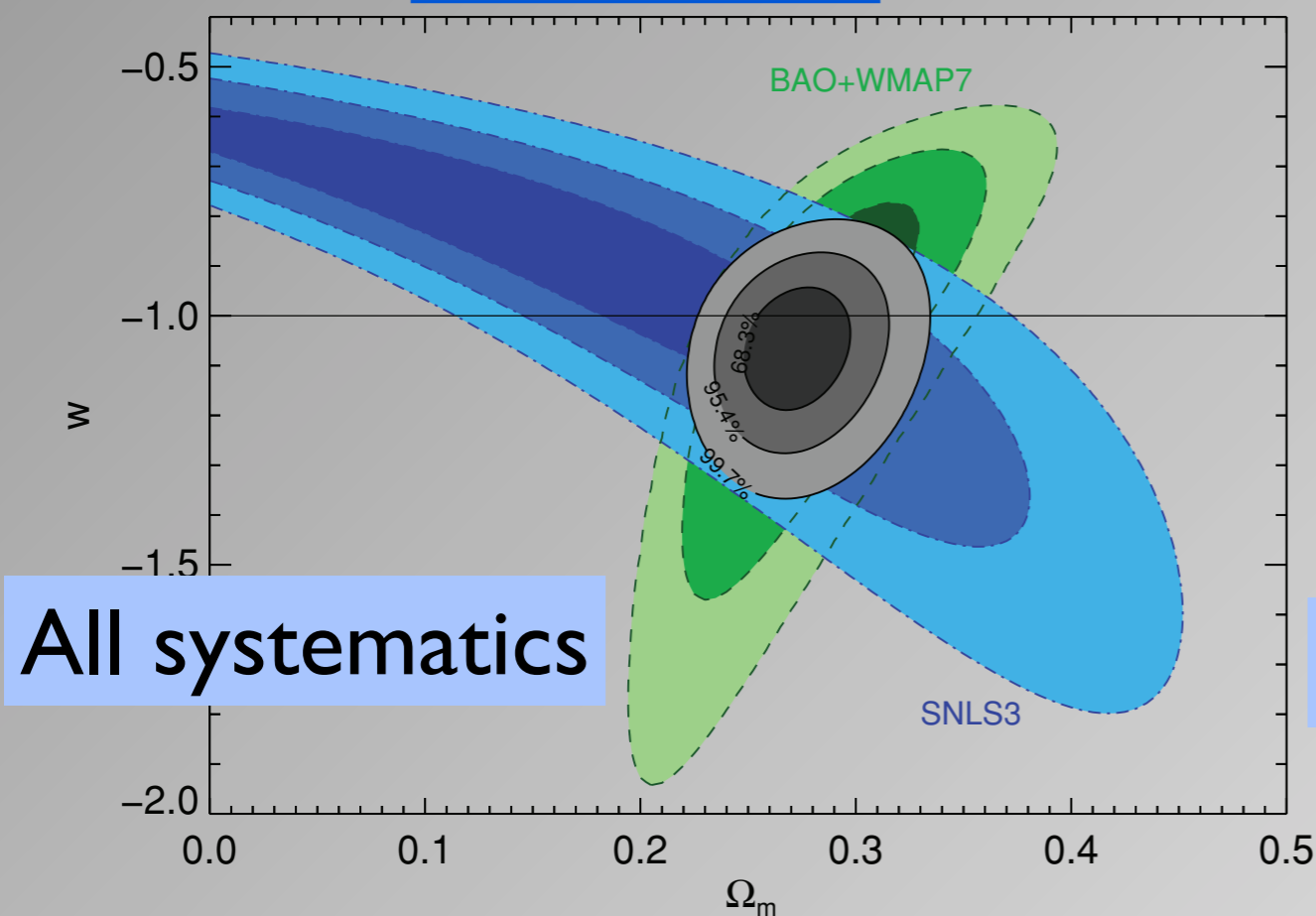
# Hubble diagram



- ♦ **High-z SNe:** cosmological parameters +  $H_0^2 L$
- ♦ **Nearby SNe:** constrain the degeneracy between cosmology and SNe Ia luminosity

# Uncertainties

SNLS3: [Sullivan et al. 2011](#)



**Systematics: Dominated by calibration uncertainties**

High quality data of **low redshift SNe Ia** needed to  
reduce systematics: **SNfactory**

# CONTENTS

- **Observational cosmology with SNe Ia**
- **[The Nearby Supernova Factory project](#)**
- **Some SNfactory results**
- **SNfactory status and futur**

# The Nearby Supernovae Factory

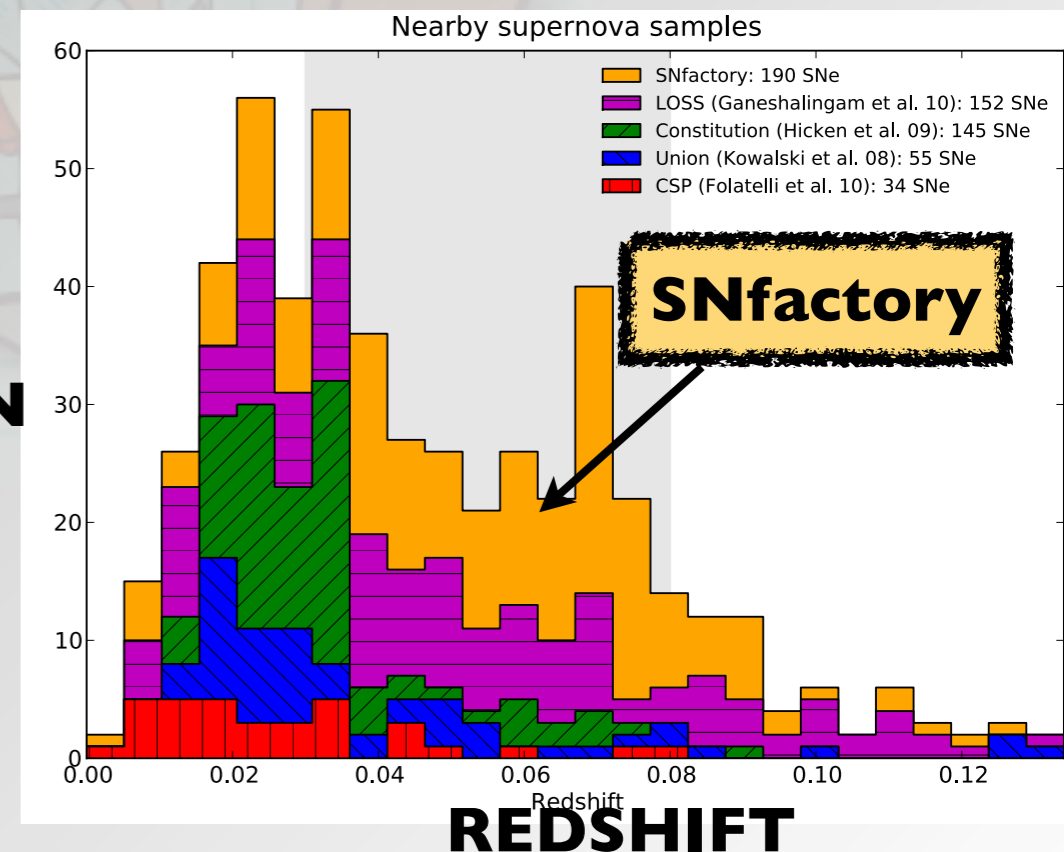
*A unique data set of spectrophotometric Type Ia supernovae spectral time series*

## • Main Goals

- ✦ Anchor the Hubble diagram: control of systematics
- ✦ Spectrophotometric time series of Nearby SNe Ia
- ✦ **Standardization**
- ✦ **SNe Ia physics:** spectral properties, extinction, etc.

## • Data sample

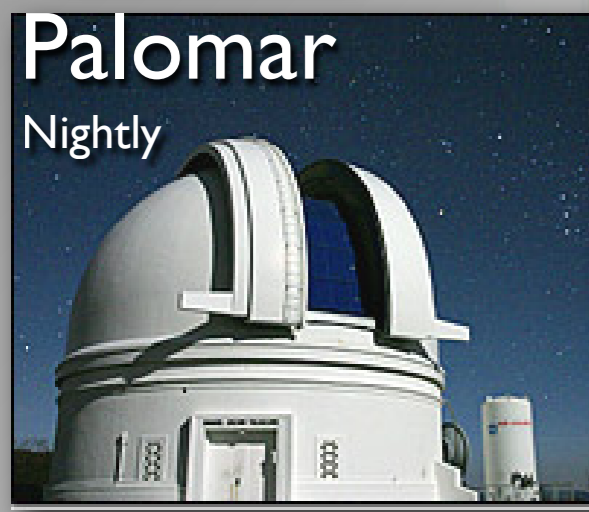
- ✦ **~220 SNe** with more than 5 spectra
- ✦ **~3000 spectra** [-15;+40] days wrt max **N**
- ✦  $0.01 < \text{redshift} < 0.1$   $\longrightarrow$
- ✦ median phase of 1st spec: -4 days
- ✦ mean cadence of observation: ~3 days
- ✦ spectral coverage 3200 - 9000 Å





# SNfactory: Observations

## I. Search



Dedicated search until 2008. Public sources and PTF and LSQ after.

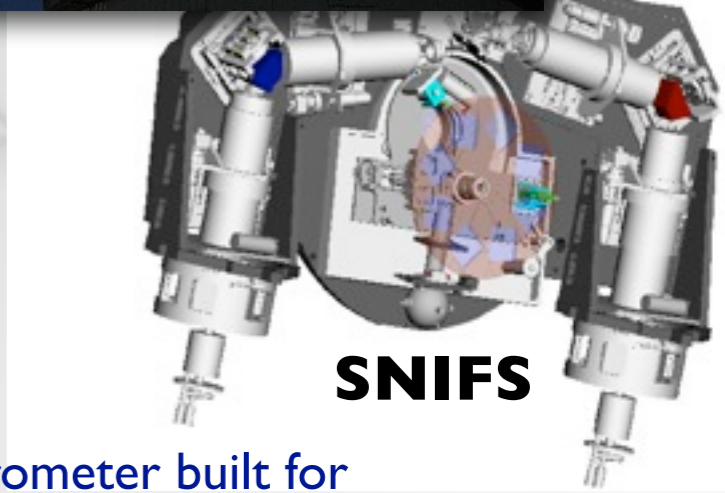
=  $\sim 10^{-7}$  of the surface observed each night

## 2. Observation

Follow up



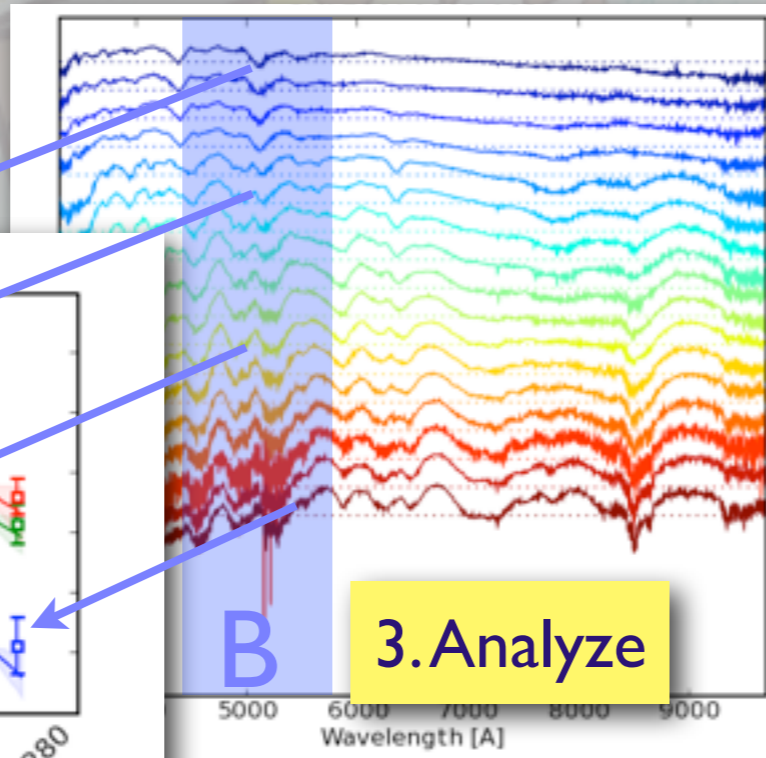
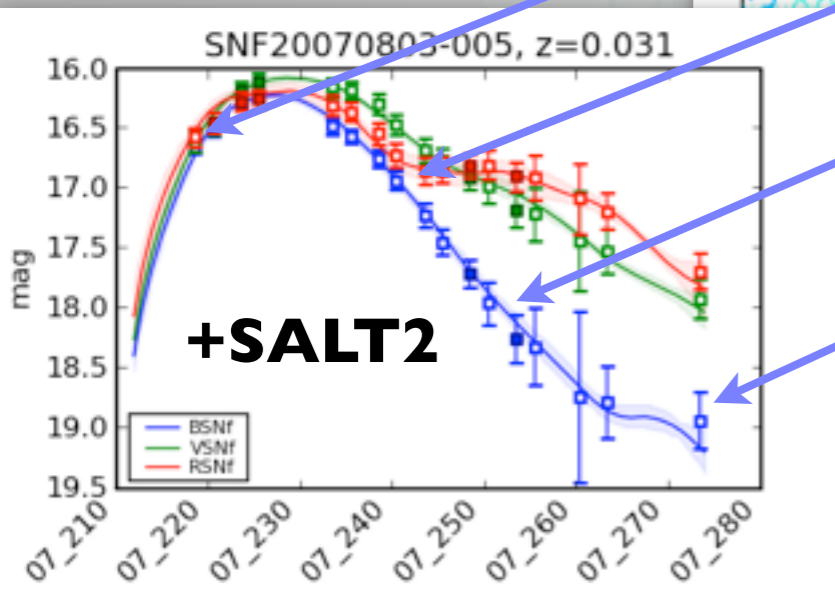
SNIFS UH 2.2-m  
Every 2-3 nights



Spectrometer built for nearby SNe Ia observations

synthetic light curve in **any filter**

spectral details



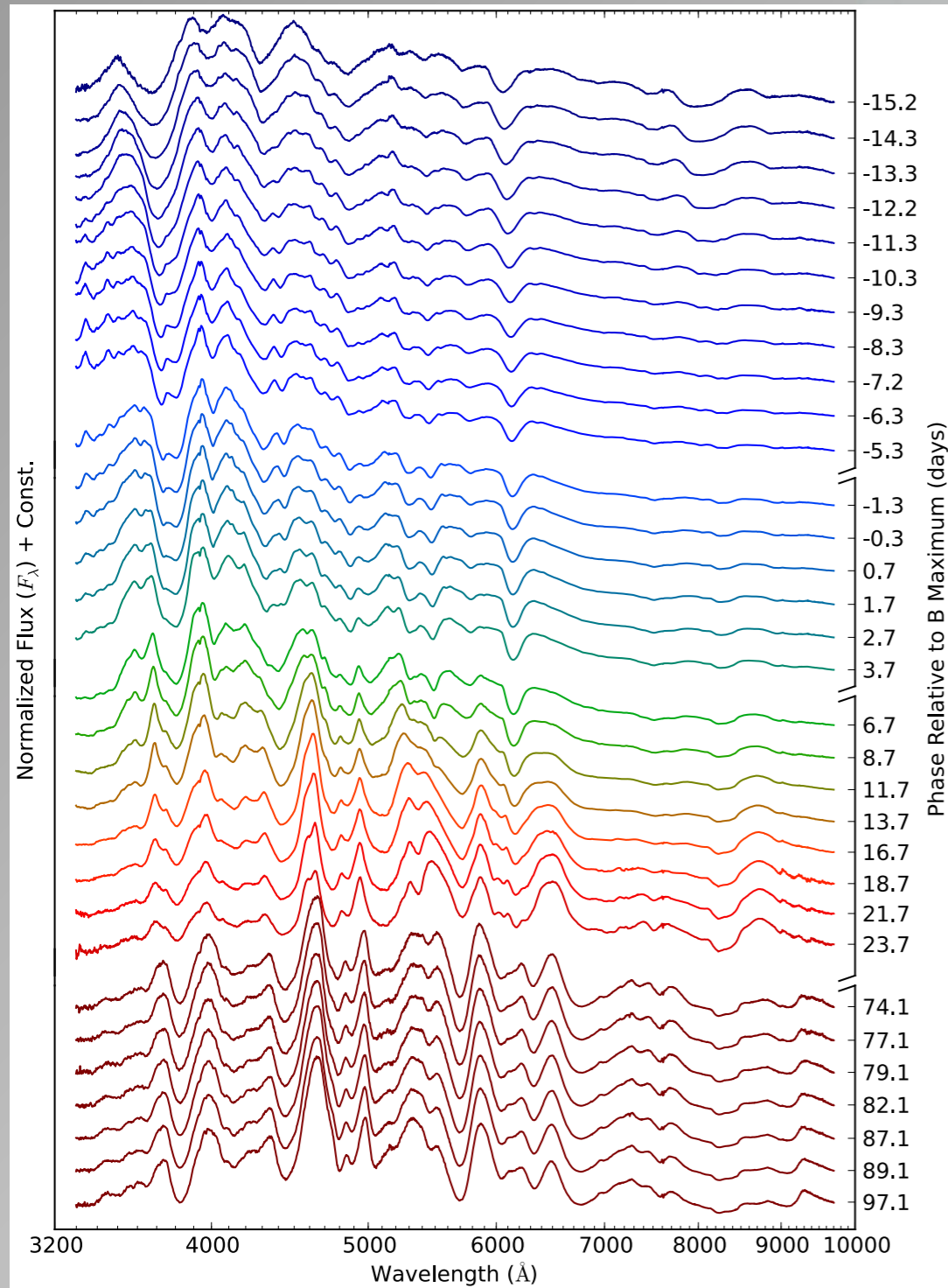
## 3. Analyze

# CONTENTS

- **Observational cosmology with SNe Ia**
- **The Nearby Supernova Factory project**
- **Some SNfactory results**
- **SNfactory status and futur**

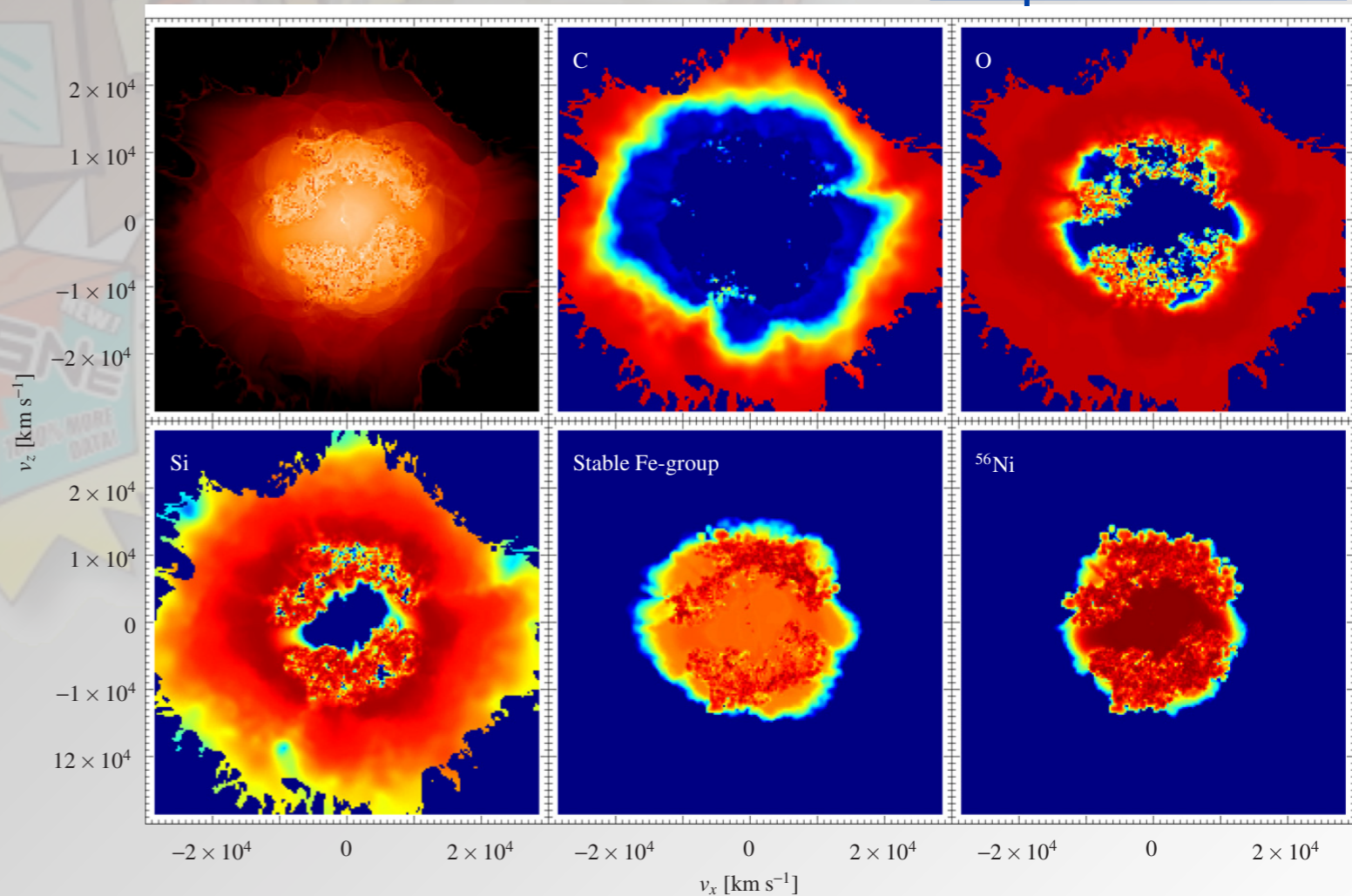
# SN2011fe

[Pereira et al. 2013](#)



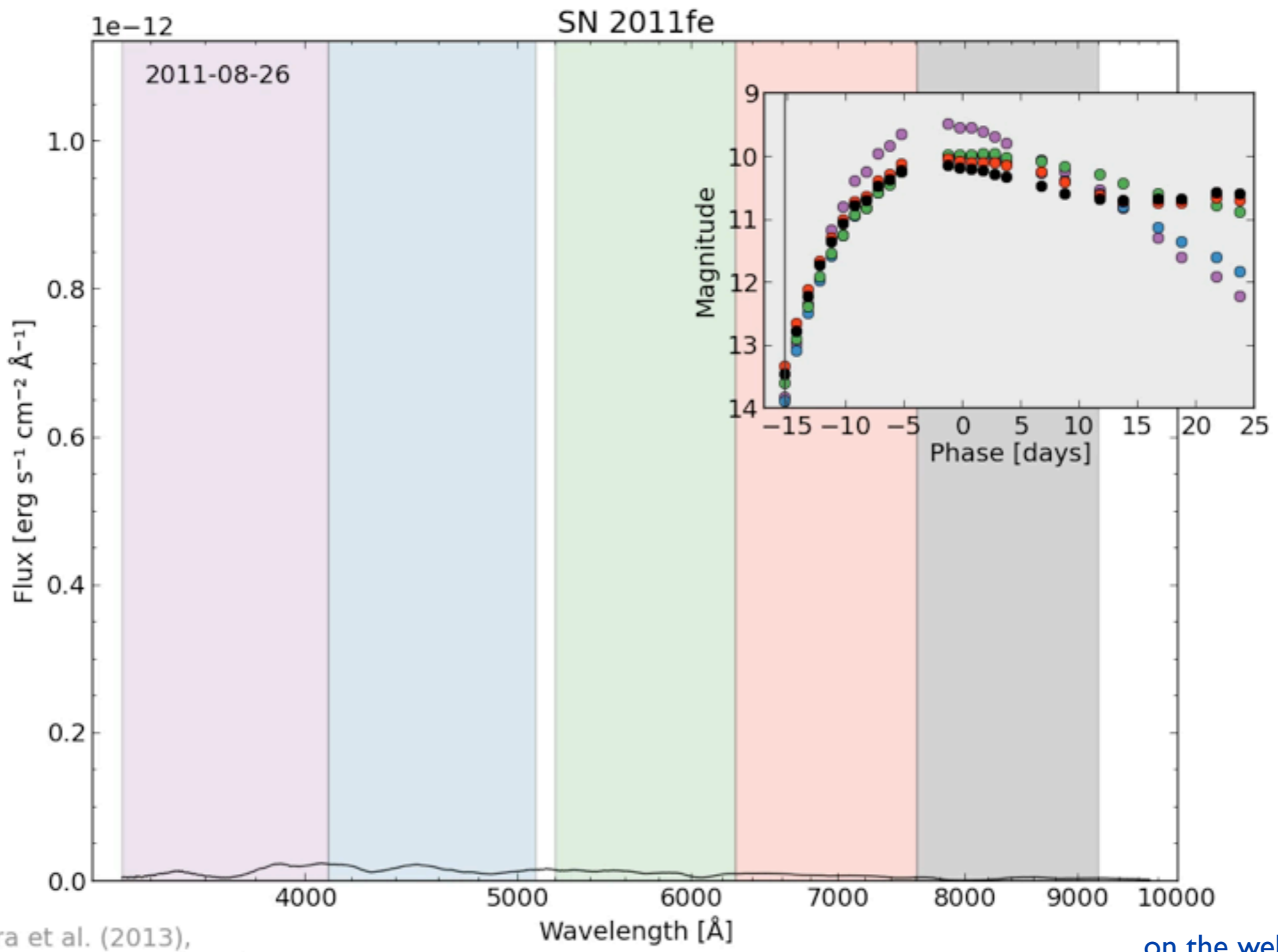
- “normal” SN Ia observed in the galaxy M101
- Closest and brightest SN Ia observed
- Very little evidence for reddening in its host galaxy
- Ideal data set for SN Ia physic studies

[Roepke et al. 2012](#)



# SN2011fe

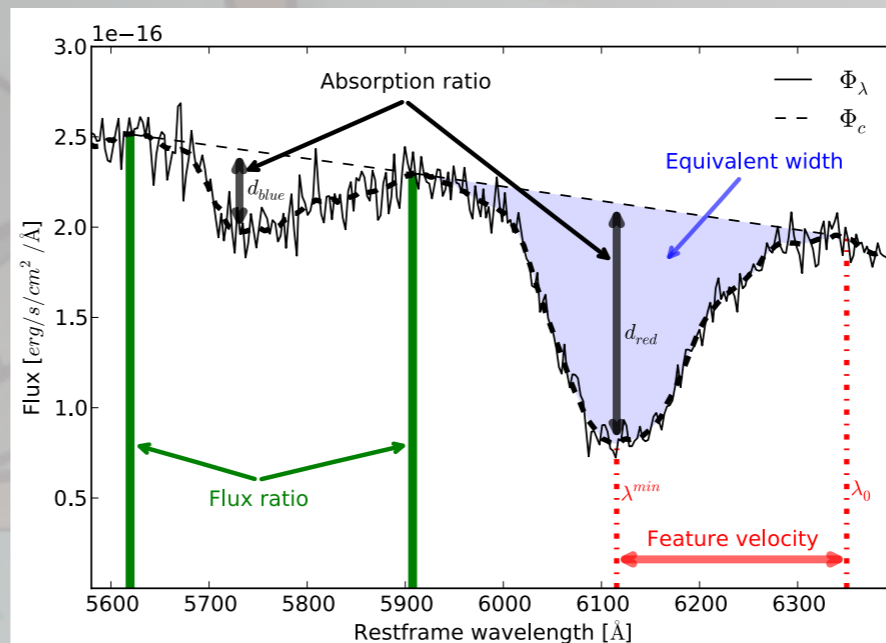
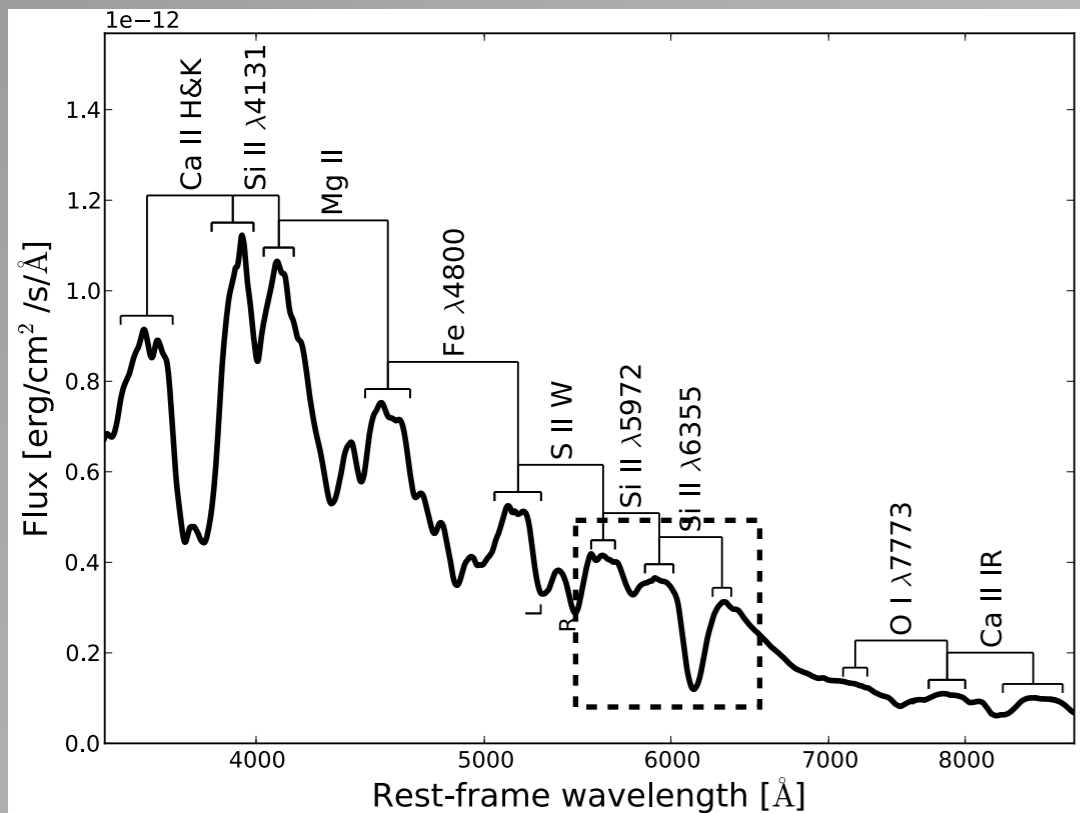
[Pereira et al. 2013](#)



Pereira et al. (2013),  
The Nearby Supernova Factory

[on the web](#)

# Spectroscopic standardization

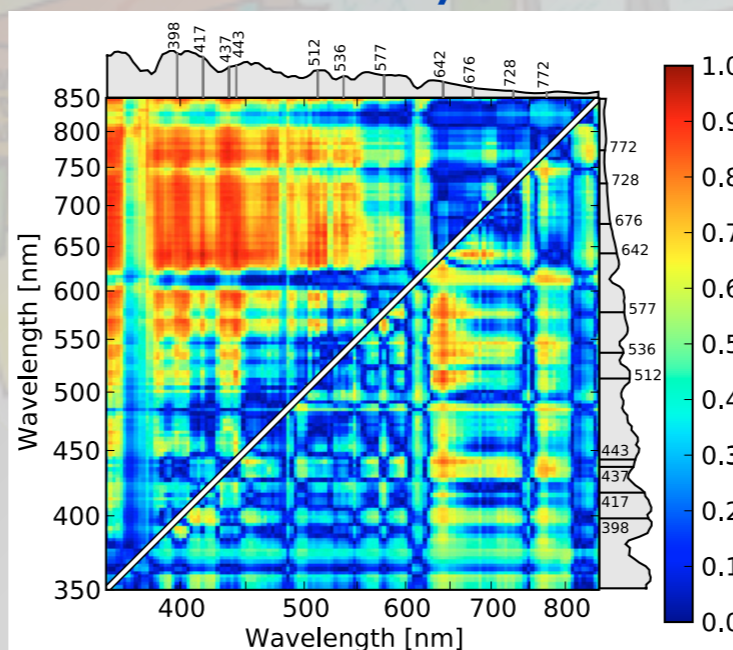


- Equivalent width
- Absorption ratio
- Flux ratio
- Feature velocities
- Etc.

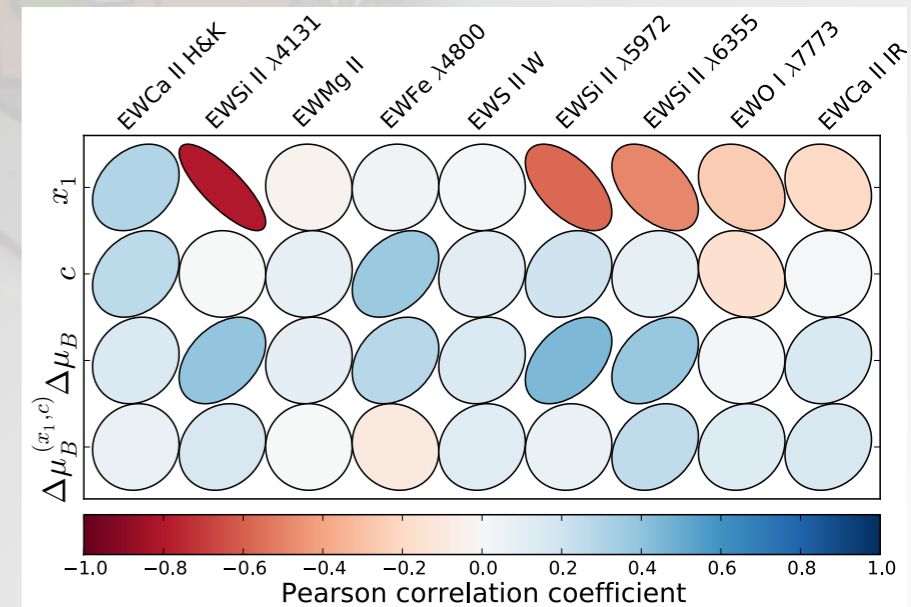
## Study of their

- Correlation to the photometric parameters
- Standardization power
- Sensitivity to extinction
- Etc.

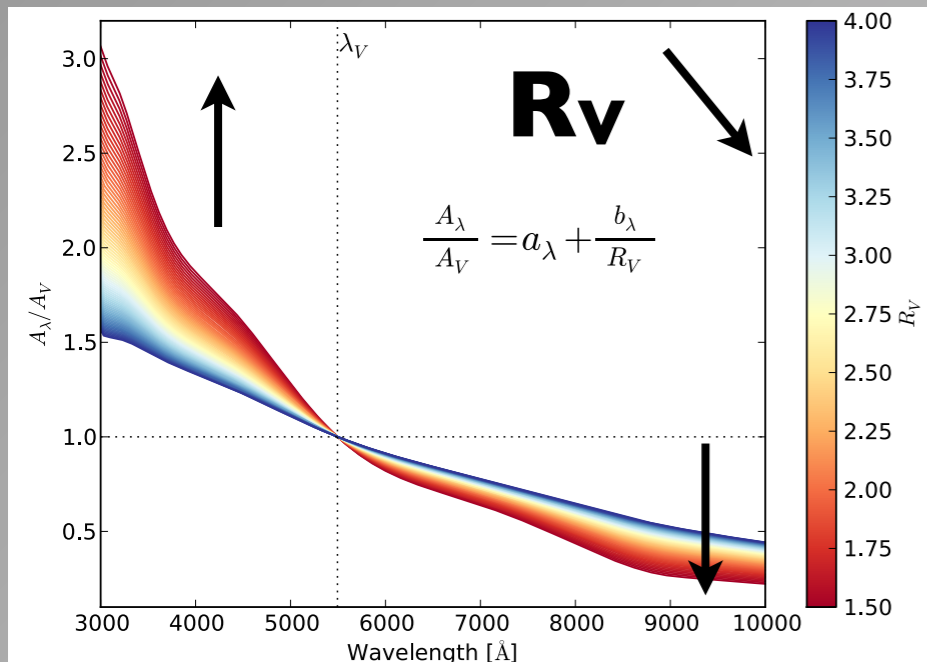
Bailey et al.2009



Chotard et al. 2013a, in prep



# SNe Ia extinction law



## Problematic

- SNe Ia dispersion dominated by extinction variability
- Recurrent issue in SNe Ia analysis: extinction law or 'R<sub>V</sub>'?
- **Lower values** than the Milky Way one usually found & large dispersion in these values

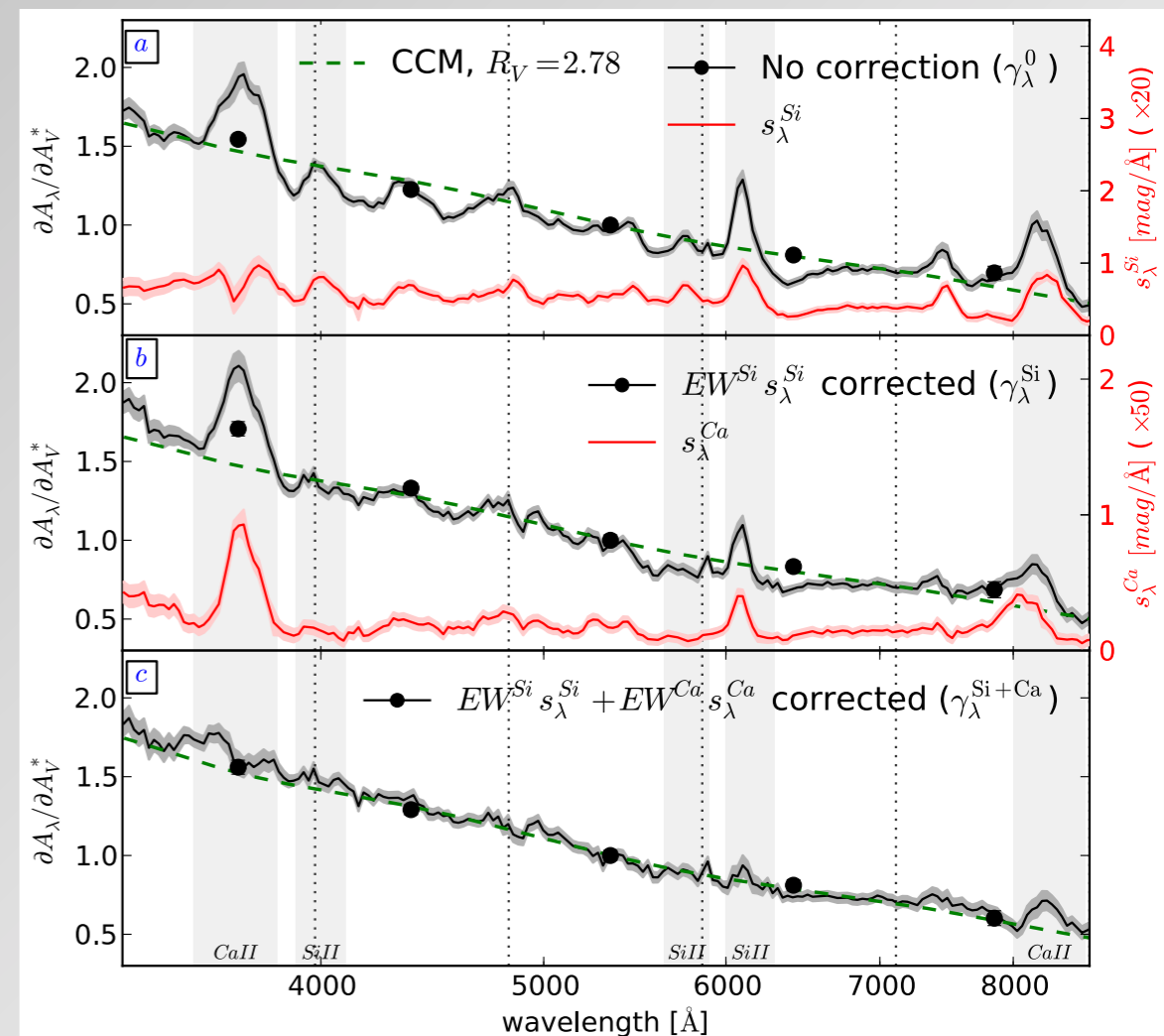
[Chotard et al. 2011](#)

## Method

- Spectral analysis of normal SNe Ia at maximum light
- Separation of their “intrinsic” and “extrinsic” components
- Construction of a mean extinction law for type Ia SNe

## Result

- Additional **color dispersion** needed and taken into account
- **“Classical”** extinction law
- **Higher value of R<sub>V</sub>** than in classical SN Ia analyses



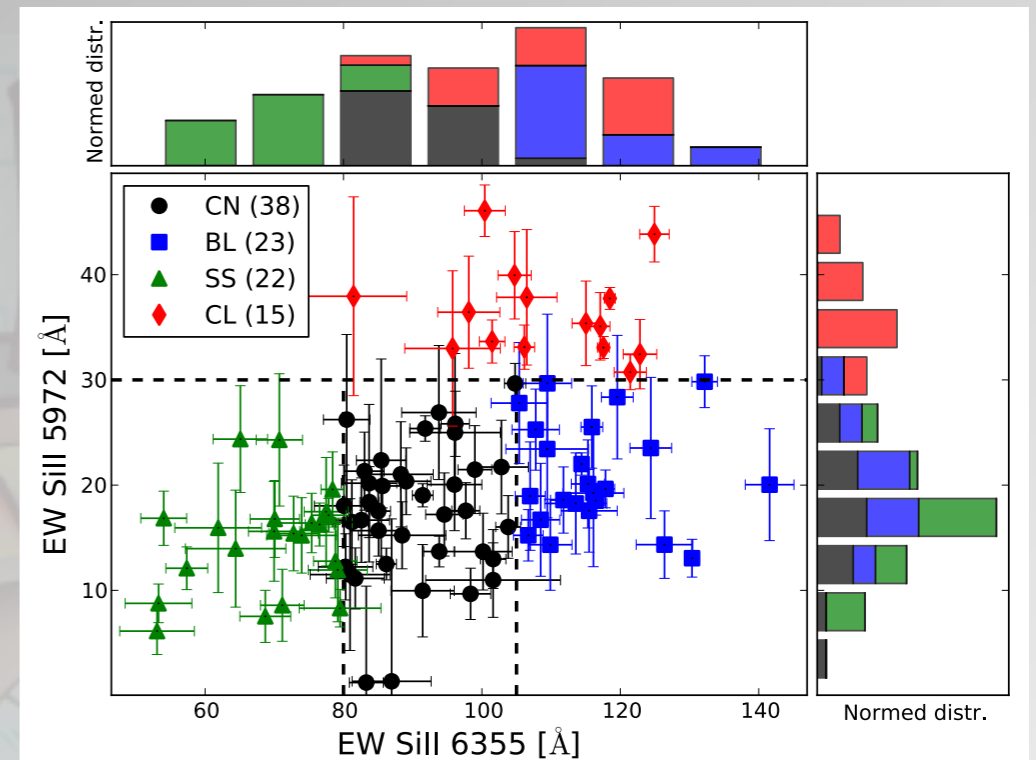
# Sub-classification

Presence of **SN Ia subtypes** in the main sample could introduce **biases in the cosmological analyses**:

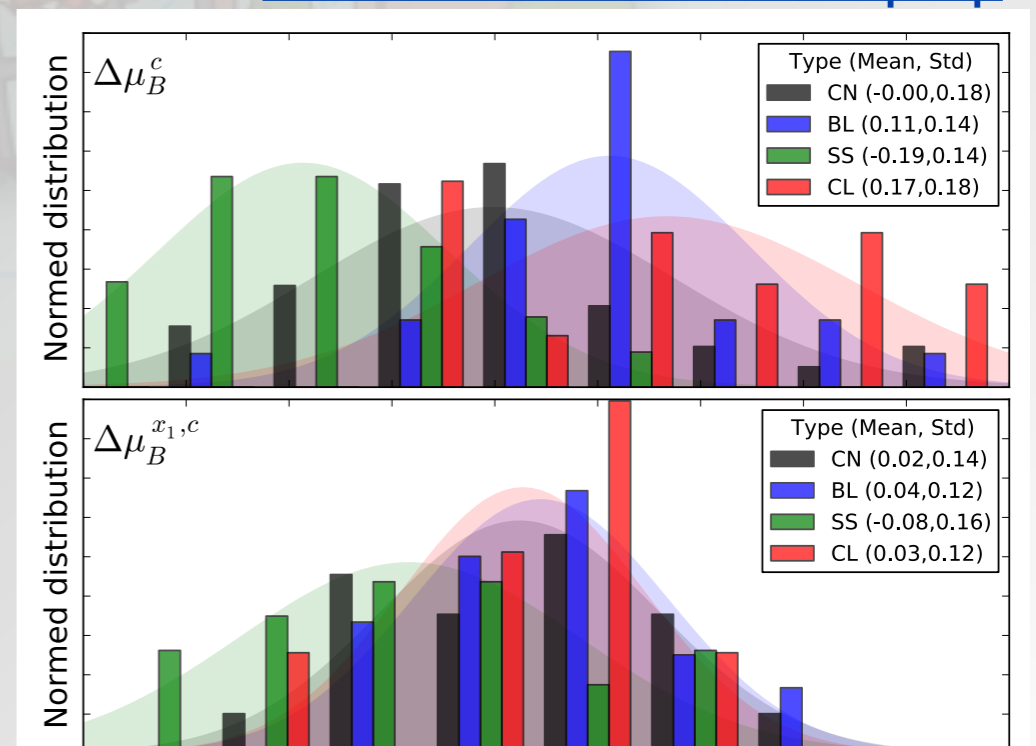
- Different mean absolute magnitude,
- Different color/magnitude relations,
- Different intrinsic variabilities,
- Evolution with redshift,
- Etc.

**Intrinsic spectral indicators:**

- Insensitive to host extinction/reddening
- Reflect SN Ia intrinsic variabilities
- Tools to study the sub-typing
- Etc.



[Chotard et al. 2013b, in prep](#)



# CONTENTS

- **Observational cosmology with SNe Ia**
- **The Nearby Supernova Factory project**
- **Some SNfactory results**
- **SNfactory status and futur**



# SNfactory I & II status

- **Publications**: Various analyses already published, some under publication process, and a lot of ongoing analyses, including photometry and cosmology papers.
- **Data taking**: More data taken in a regular basis to feed these analysis. Probable stop of the observation end of 2014.
- **Chinese collaboration** to SNfactory phase II since 2011
- **French (CPPM/IPNL) / Chinese (THCA) collaboration**:
  - Data transfert / Calibration process running
  - Spectral analysis / Classification / SNe Ia velocity studies
- **SNfactory Collaboration meeting**: A few days ago in Beijing!
- Of course, SNe Ia observations and analyses in Tsinghua is not limited to SNfactory (Antartica)

# THANKS!

