

Evidence for  $\eta_c \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  and Measurement of  $J/\psi \rightarrow 3\gamma$

Selected highlights

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# Introduction: physics picture

- **Decays of positronium( $e^+ e^-$  system) to more than one photon are ideal environment for testing the QED**
  - Leptons ( $e^+e^-$ ) only interact through electromagnetic interaction
- **The analogous processes in charmonia act as a prob of the strong interaction.**
  - in the quark-antiquark bond state,  $c/\bar{c}$  interact with each other through electromagnetic and strong interactions both.

$$\mathcal{R} \equiv \frac{\mathcal{B}(J/\psi \rightarrow 3\gamma)}{\mathcal{B}(J/\psi \rightarrow e^+e^-)} = \frac{64(\pi^2 - 9)}{243\pi} \alpha \left(1 - 7.3 \frac{\alpha_s(r)}{\pi}\right)$$

# Introduction: experimental status

- $J/\psi \rightarrow 3 \text{ gam}$  process is firstly reported by CLEO.
- the value of  $R$  disagrees with the theoretical prediction
- $\text{Eta}_c \rightarrow \text{gam gam}$  process is mainly done by the two-photon fusion process, suffering low statistics

# Event Selections

- To reconstruct  $\psi(2S)$  candidates from  $\pi^+ \pi^- 3\gamma$  final states:

The best  $\psi(2S)$  candidate among all combinations of  $\pi^+ \pi^- \gamma \gamma \gamma$  in each event is determined by:

1. number of photons:  $3 \leq N_{\text{photon}} \leq 7$ ,
2. number of charged tracks:  $N_{\text{charged-track}} = 2$ ,
3. the recoiling mass against  $\pi^+ \pi^-$ :  $2.9\text{GeV} < M_{\text{recoil}}^{\pi^+ \pi^-} < 3.3\text{GeV}$ ,
4.  $\chi_{4C}^2 < 200$ , which implies a successful vertex fit,
5. the smallest  $\chi_{4C}^2$ .

# Background study: mass spectrum of two photons

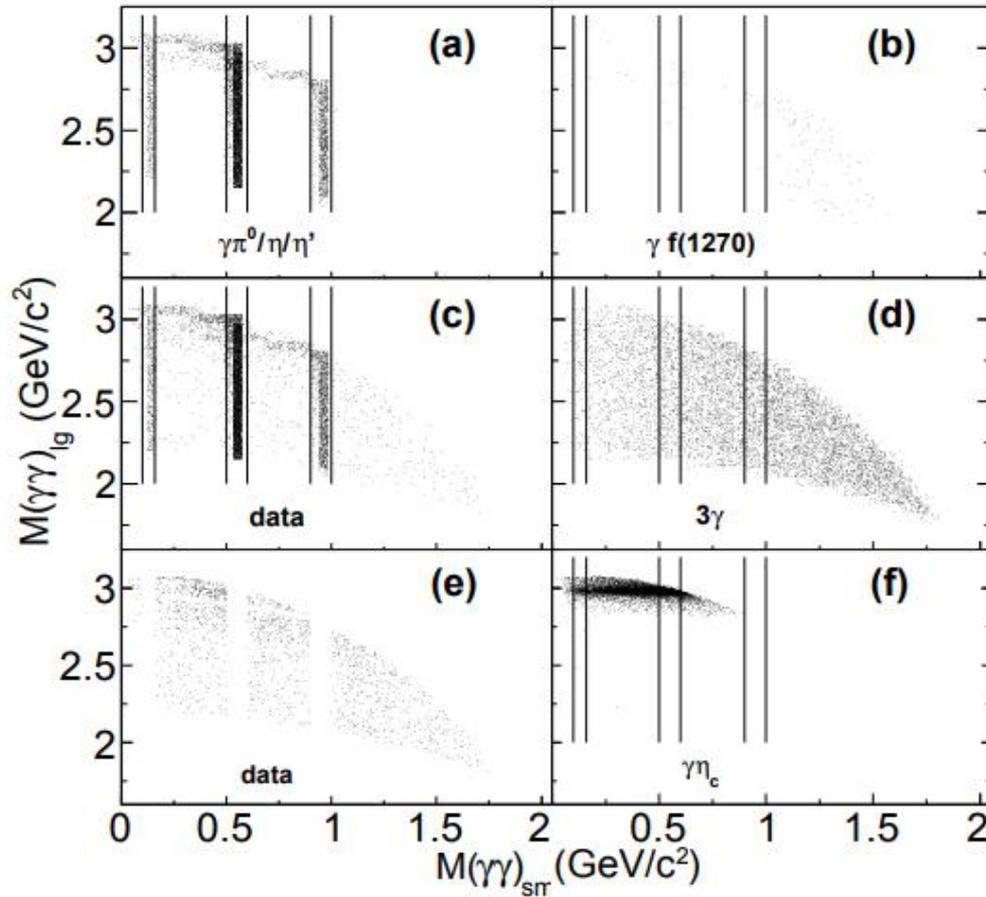


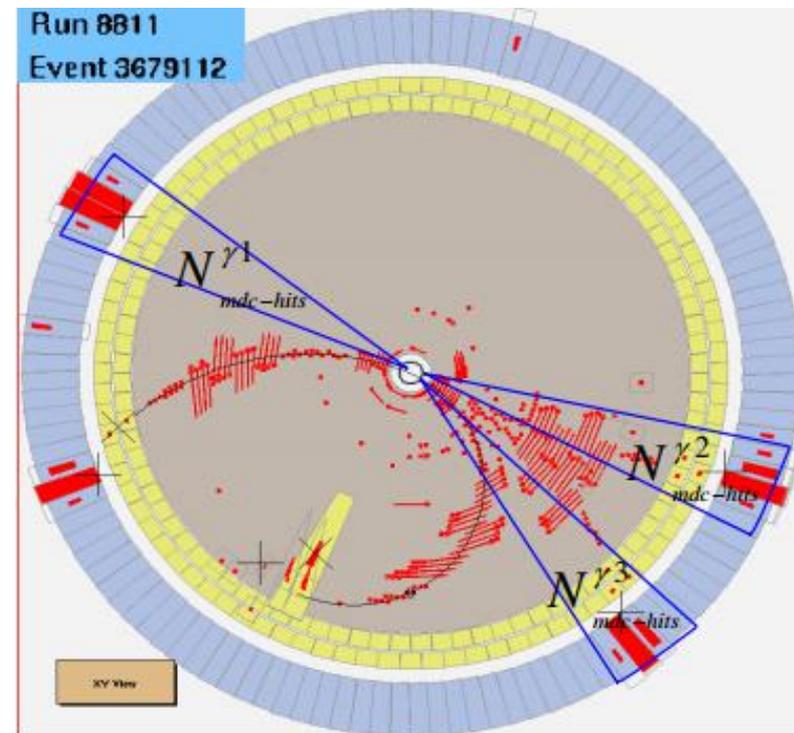
Figure 1: Scatter plots of  $M(\gamma\gamma)_{lg}$  versus  $M(\gamma\gamma)_{sm}$  for data (c) and for MC simulations on the processes  $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma\pi^0/\eta/\eta' \rightarrow 3\gamma$  (a),  $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma f(1270) \rightarrow \gamma(\gamma\gamma)\pi^0(\gamma\gamma)\pi^0$  (b),  $J/\psi \rightarrow 3\gamma$  (d) and  $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma\eta_c \rightarrow 3\gamma$  (f). Plot (e) shows the distributions after excluding backgrounds from  $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma\pi^0/\eta/\eta'$ . The vertical lines indicate the mass windows to reject  $\pi^0$ ,  $\eta$  and  $\eta'$ .

# Background study of $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma e^+ e^-$

- if the electron and positron tracks fail to be reconstructed in the Main Drift Chamber, and the associated EMC clusters then being misidentified as photon candidates

- **To reject the background**

- the number of hits in the MDC within an opening angle of five EMC crystals around the center of each photon shower is counted
- the total number of hits from the three photons is required to be less than 40.



# FIT

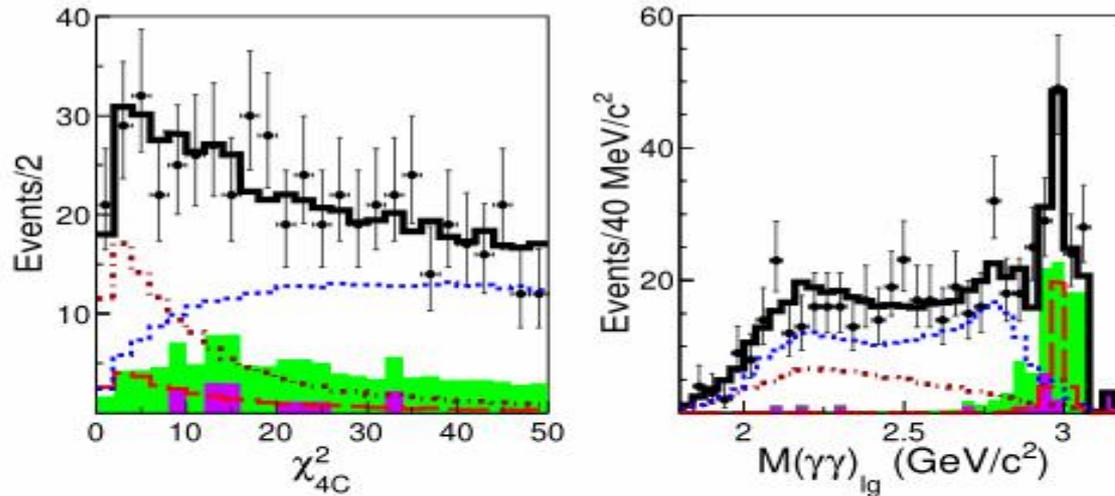


FIG. 3. (color online) Projection of the two-dimensional fit to  $\chi_{4C}^2$  (left) and  $M(\gamma\gamma)_{lg}$  (right) for data (points with error bars) and the fit results (thick solid line). The (dark red) dotted-dashed, (red) dashed and (blue) dotted lines show contributions from  $J/\psi \rightarrow 3\gamma$ ,  $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma\eta_c \rightarrow 3\gamma$ , and  $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma\pi^0\pi^0$ , respectively. The stacked histogram represents the backgrounds from  $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma\pi^0/\eta/\eta'$  (light shaded and green) and non- $J/\psi$  decays (dark shaded and violet).

branching fraction is calculated using

$$\mathcal{B} = \frac{n_{\text{obs}}}{N_{\psi(3686)} \times \mathcal{B}(\psi(3686) \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^- J/\psi) \times \varepsilon}$$

# Summary and Highlights(1)

- with **106M psi(2S)** data sample, Eta\_c decays to 2 photons could be reconstructed with high efficiency. And signal yield is about **33**

Mode	$J/\psi \rightarrow 3\gamma$	$J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma\eta_c, \eta_c \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
$\epsilon$ (%)	$27.9 \pm 0.1$	$20.7 \pm 0.2$
Yield	$113.4 \pm 18.1$	$33.2 \pm 9.5$
Significance	$8.3(7.3)\sigma$	$4.1(3.7)\sigma$
$\mathcal{B}(\times 10^{-6})$	$11.3 \pm 1.8 \pm 2.0$	$4.5 \pm 1.2 \pm 0.6$

- with psi(2S) data, it is more easier to suppress background.

# Summary and Highlights (2)

- some interesting techniques were introduced in background study.
  - one could select good showers by requiring the number of MDC hits in an opening angle.
- this mode may be used as the normalizing channel in the possible upcoming analysis works

**THANKS**