Charmonium resonances on the lattice

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for the RQCD collaboration

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Charmonium bound states and resonances

Charmonium states have been crucial for the understanding of flavor physics and strong interactions. The history of charm physics starts with the discovery of the J/ψ (1974) and continues till today with the study of the "XYZ" resonances (2000-present).

The aim of our project is the understanding of the nature of charmonium $\bar{c}c$ resonances and exotic "XYZ" states near the decay threshold from lattice numerical investigations. For the first study we focus on the 1^{--} and 0^{++} channels.

Charmonium bound states and resonances

In particular, we plan to focus our attention on the $\psi(3770)$, a vector resonance which decays into $\bar{D}D$ mesons in P-wave (93% BR), and on the determination of the properties of the scalar resonances.

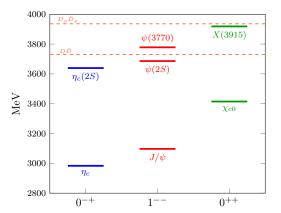


Figure: Simplified spectrum of the charmonium states in the channels 0^{-+} , 1^{--} and 0^{++} .

What is the X(3915)?

The X(3915) resonance has been discovered by Belle (2004) in $J/\psi\omega$ decays, later confirmed by BaBar (2007). [Phys. Rev. Lett. 94(2005),

182002; Phys. Rev. Lett. 101 (2008) 082001; Phys. Rev. Lett. 104(2010) 092001]

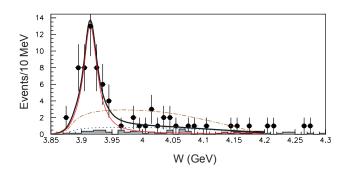


Figure: W distribution from Phys. Rev. Lett. 104(2010) 092001

PDG estimates (2016): $m=3918.4\pm1.9$ MeV, $\Gamma=20\pm5$ MeV.



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- ▶ OZI rule allows decays for an excited $\bar{c}c$ state in $\bar{D}D$ (not seen) but not in $J/\psi\omega$. [Phys. Rev. D 86 (2012), 091501, Phys. Rev. D 91(2015), 057501]
- Possible $\bar{D}_s D_s$ molecule: not seen in $\eta \eta_c$ channel. [Phys. Rev. D 91, 114014 (2015)]
- ▶ Possible $cs\bar{c}\bar{s}$ tetraquark: decays to $J/\psi\omega$ explained in terms of the $\omega-\phi$ mixing. [Eur. Phys. J. C77 (2017) 78]
- ▶ If X(3915) is not the excited state of χ_{c0} , where is χ'_{c0} ? $X^*(3860)$ is a possible candidate. [hep-ex/1704.01872]
- ► Possible alternative interpretation of experimental data as 2⁺⁺ state [Phys. Rev. Lett. 115, 022001 (2015)]

Lattice and distillation methods

We study the charmonium spectrum on the U101 and H105 CLS ensembles, $m_\pi=280$ MeV, a=0.0854 fm and $V=24^3\times 128$ and $V=32^3\times 96$. We employ the full distillation method.

The starting point of our analysis is the determination of the charm mass:

- 1. The mass of the J/ψ and of the η_c is used to tune κ_c
- 2. There are many different alternative "trajectories" that extrapolate to the physical point
- 3. We use two different κ_c to control systematic errors and to understand how the physics of charmomium resonances is influenced by the precise value of the charm quark mass.

We use $\kappa_c=0.123147$, corresponding to a D meson mass m_D equal to 1966(8) MeV, and $\kappa_c=0.125220$ corresponding to $m_D=1789(6)$.



Lattice and distillation methods

After the tuning of the κ_c , we compute light, strange and charm perambulators for 90 Laplacian eigenvectors for the U101. We always neglect diagrams with disconnected charm quark lines.

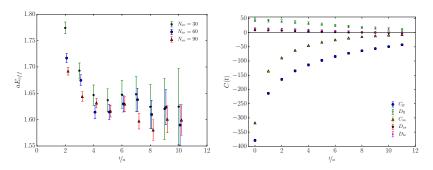


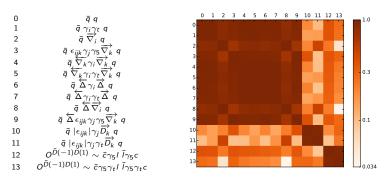
Figure left: Effective mass plots for the first excited charmonium state (0⁻⁺) using 30, 60 and 90 Laplacian eigenvectors.

Figure right: Connected and disconnected pseudoscalar correlators on U101 for 120 configurations computed with full distillation.



Correlation matrix in the 1⁻⁻ channel

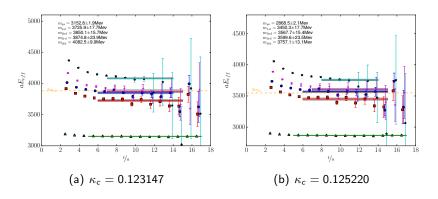
We optimize the choice of the basis of operators by looking for the normalized correlation matrix $M_{ij}(t) = C_{ij}(t)/\sqrt{C_{ii}(t)C_{jj}(t)}$.



In the 1^{--} channel we see small correlations between $\bar{D}D$ two-particle operators and $\bar{c}c$ single particle operators.

Effective mass plots for the 1^{--} channel

Energy levels on the U101 ensemble in the 1^{--} channel for the two different κ_c :

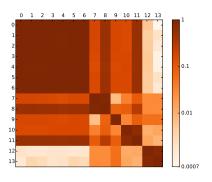


The energy splittings with respect to the ground states are unchanged up to the precision given by our statistics!



Correlation matrix in the 0⁺⁺ channel

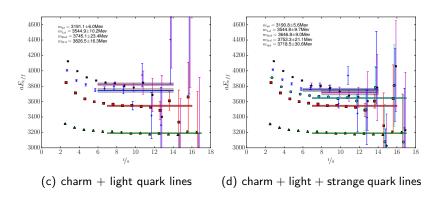
We optimize the choice of the basis of operators by looking for the normalized correlation matrix $M_{ij}(t) = C_{ij}(t)/\sqrt{C_{ii}(t)C_{jj}(t)}$.



In the 0^{++} channel we see small correlations between $J/\psi\omega$ two-particle operators and $\bar{c}c$ single particle and $\bar{D}D$ two-particle operators.

Effective mass plots for the 0⁺⁺ channel

Energy levels on the U101 ensemble in the 0^{++} channel for $\kappa_c=0.125220$:



The "hidden strange" sector is relevant for the analysis of the resonances in the 0^{++} channel.



Conclusions

- ► Energy level splittings are not significantly affected by the value of the charm quark mass.
- ► Hidden strange sector and coupled channel analysis required for the study of the 0⁺⁺ resonances.
- ➤ Our studies provide already a good signal for charmonium single and two-particle correlators → more statistics required to compute the phase shift with the Lüscher method

Thank you for your attention!