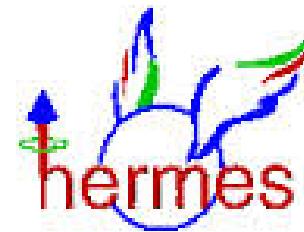
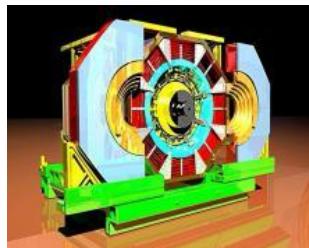
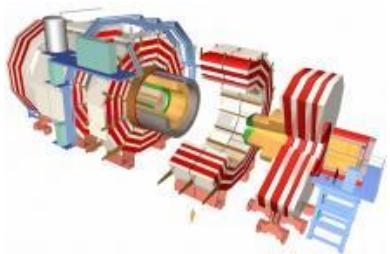


HEP Group, Peking Univ., China
<http://hepfarm02.phy.pku.edu.cn/drupal/>



冒亚军, 班勇, 钱思进, 王思广, 王大勇, 李强

Prof. Yajun Mao, Yong Ban, and Sijin Qian

Dr. Siguang Wang, Dayong Wang, and Qiang Li

+ ~20 students

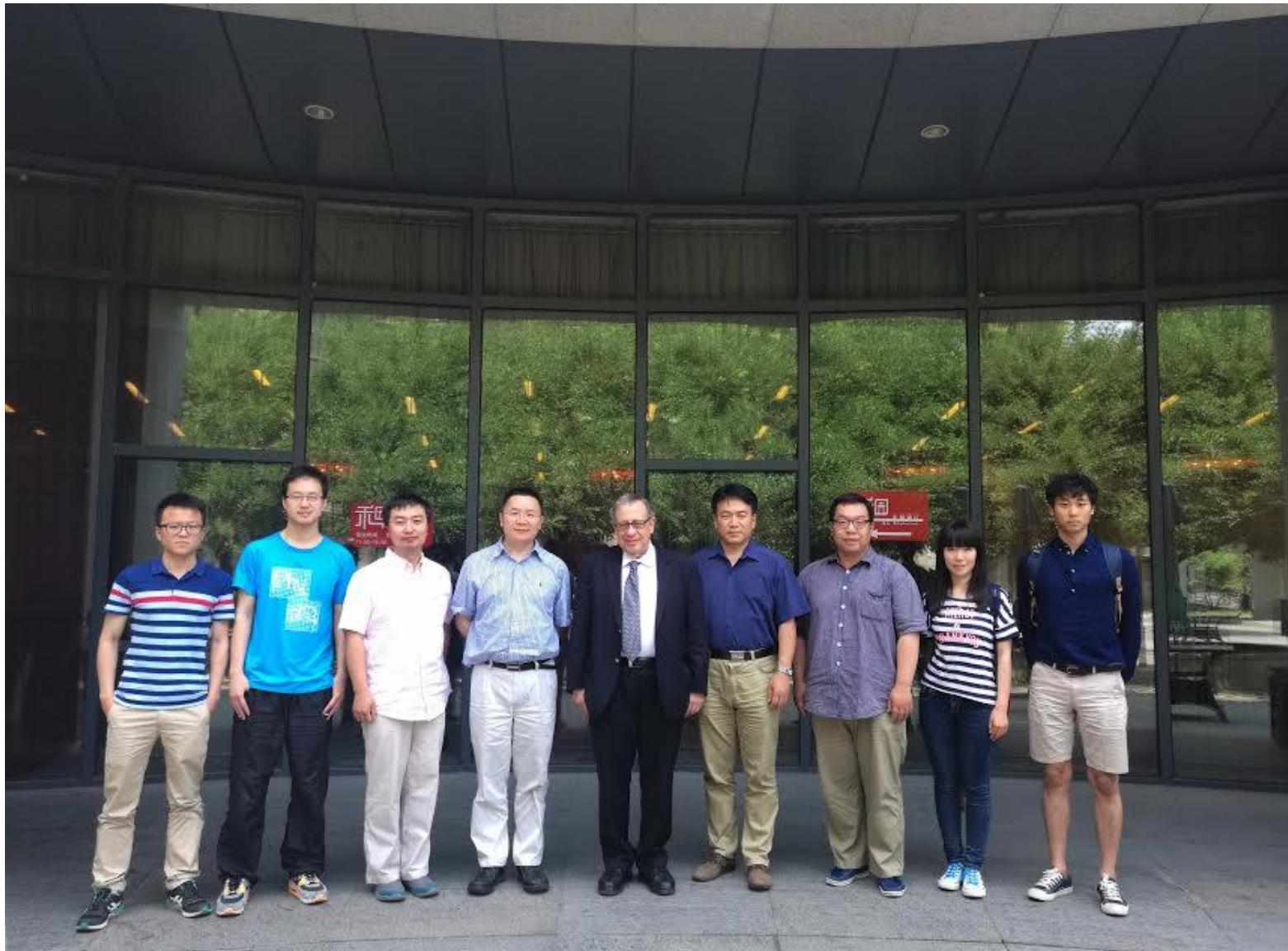


2010/3/12

NTU visit to PKU group, Jan 4-5, 2013



Visit from CMS Spokesperson Dr. Joe Butler, June/2016

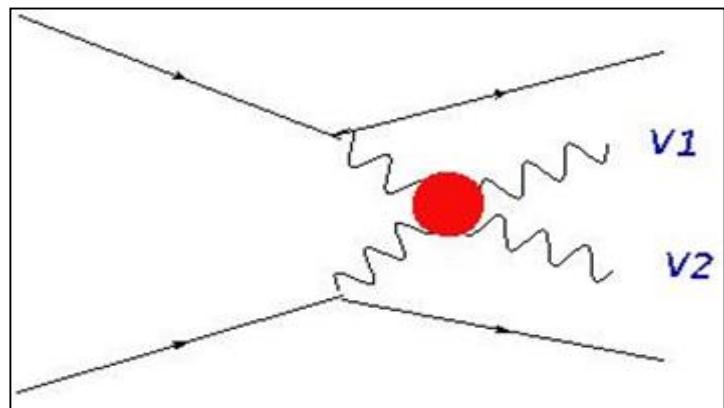
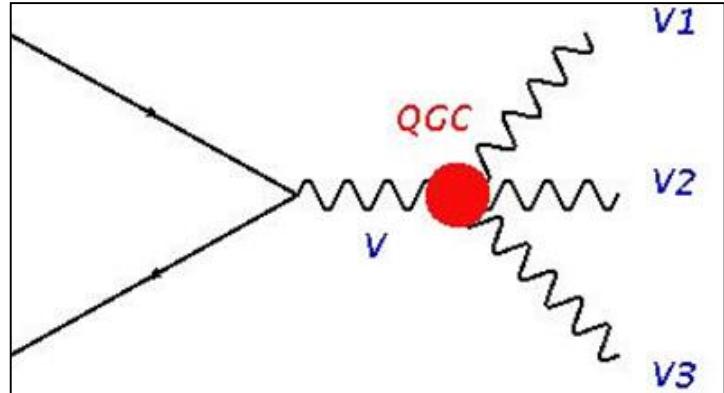
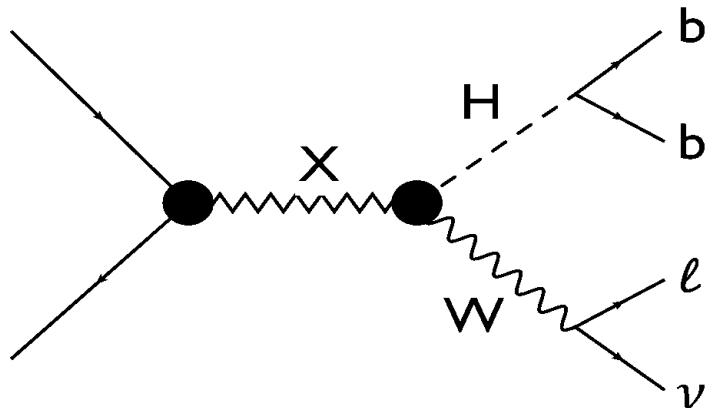
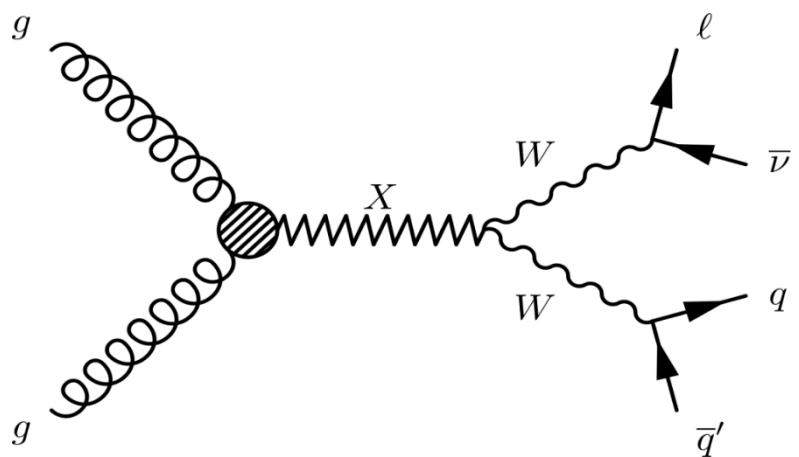


PKU CMS TeV Physics Analyses:

(1) Multi-boson Measurement

and

(2) Exotica VV/VH Searches



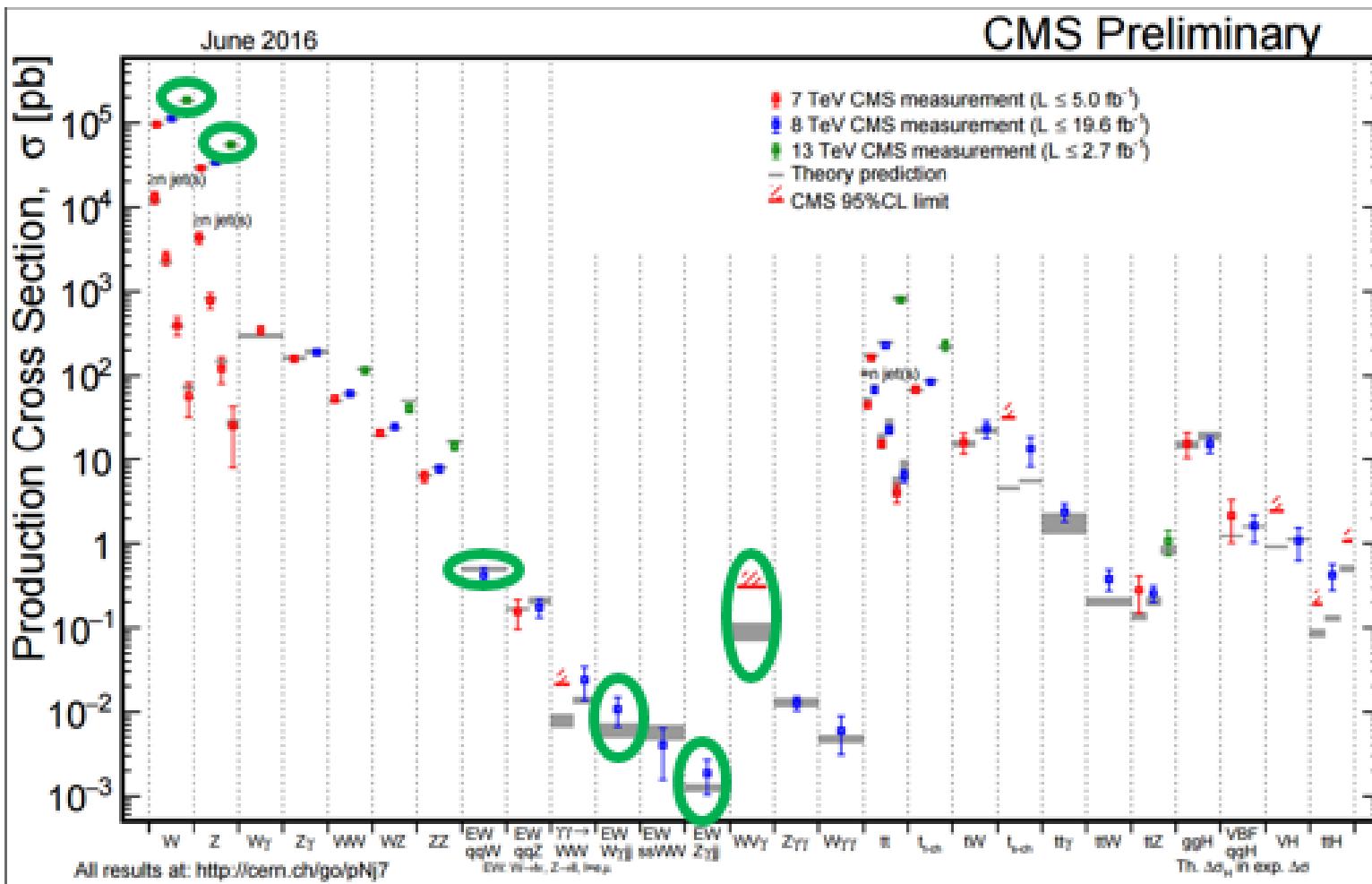
HIG-13-008
EXO-14-010
JME-13-006
EXO-15-002
B2G-16-004
BPH-15-001

.....
HIG-13-013
SMP-13-009
EXO-12-021
SMP-13-012
SMP-14-011
SMP-14-018

PKU SM measurement: 6 analyses

Made By PKU

CMS Preliminary



- VBF Wjj simulated by MadGraph at LO,
QCD Wjets from MG parton-pythia matching (MLM)
- VBF signal tends to have larger M_{jj} and $|\Delta\eta_{jj}|$
- DATA-driven QCD Wjets normalization
from BDT control region
- Signal extracted from unbinned maximum likelihood fit
to M_{jj}

Floating QCD Wjets shape

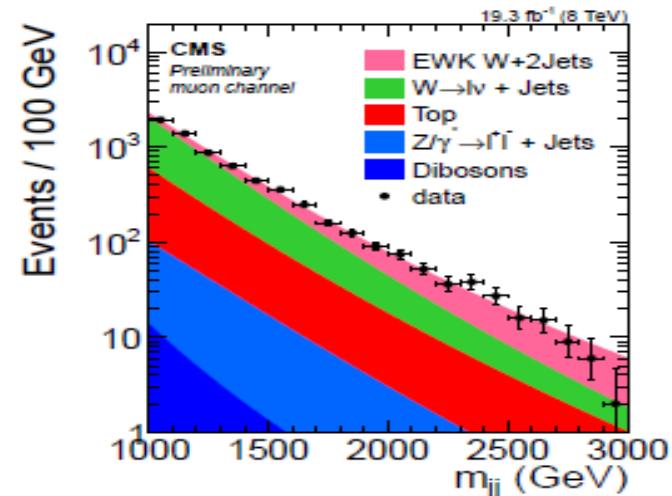
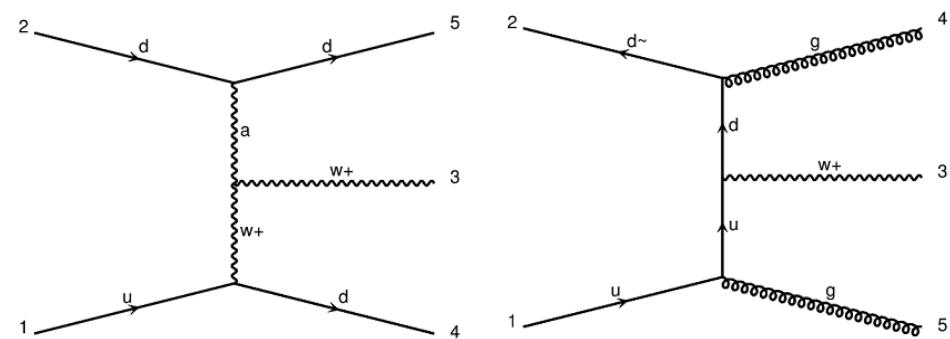
$$\mathcal{F} = \frac{1.0}{m_{jj}^{a_0 + a_1 \log(m_{jj}/8000)}}$$

- Diff w/o Interference as syst.
- Agreement with SM prediction, significance around 4σ

combined μ_{jj} and e_{jj} 0.42 ± 0.04 (stat.) ± 0.09 (syst.) ± 0.01 (lumi.) pb

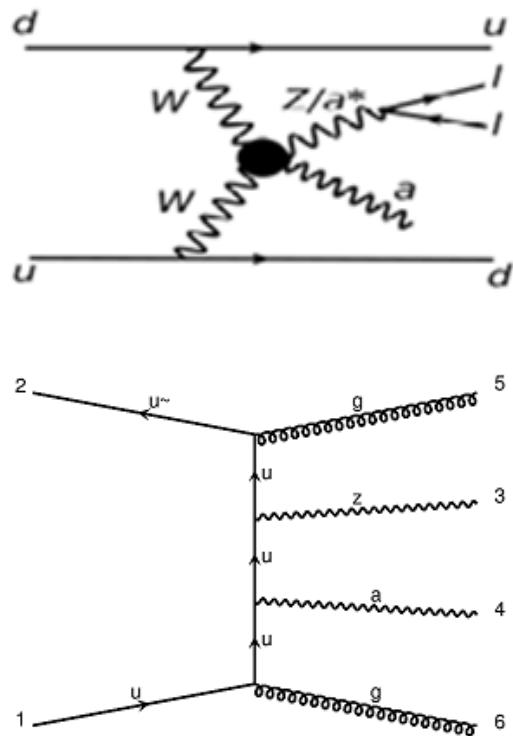
in agreement with the SM prediction of 0.50 ± 0.02 (Scale) ± 0.02 (PDF) pb

With $p_T^{jet1} > 60$ GeV $p_T^{jet2} > 50$ GeV $|\eta^{jet}| < 4.7$ $m_{jj} > 1$ TeV



- QCD Z γ jj
- Jet/Electron Fake Photon
- Jet fake Electron:
- Signal Extracted from binned Mjj fit [400-800], [800-] GeV

Two Opposite Sign Leptons
with PT>20GeV
Photon PT>25GeV
Two Jets with PT>30GeV
70GeV< mjj <110GeV



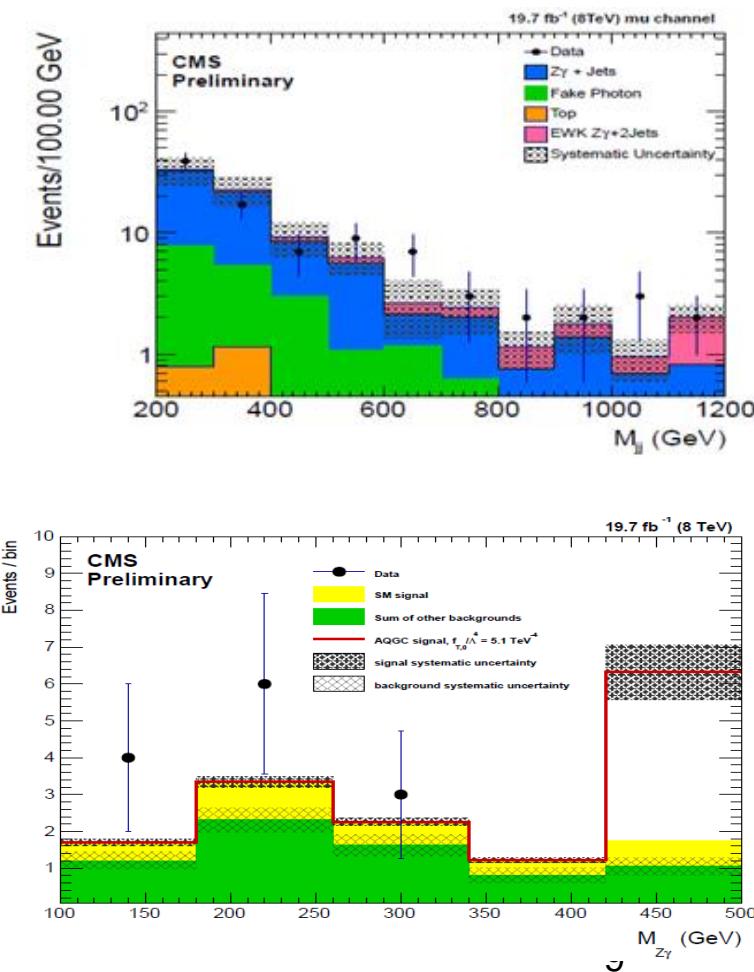
First Evidence!

fiducial cross section of EWK

$$1.86^{+0.89}_{-0.75}(\text{stat.})^{+0.41}_{-0.27}(\text{sys.}) \pm 0.05(\text{lumi.}) \text{ fb}$$

MADGRAPH $1.26 \pm 0.11(\text{scale}) \pm 0.05(\text{PDF}) \text{ fb}$

CMS-PAS-SMP-14-018



aQGC limit et based on $M_{Z\gamma}$

- Main Bkg from Data-Driven

$QCD W\gamma jj$: MC Shape + DD Normalization

Jet/Electron Fake Photon

Jet fake Electron

- Dominate Systematics:

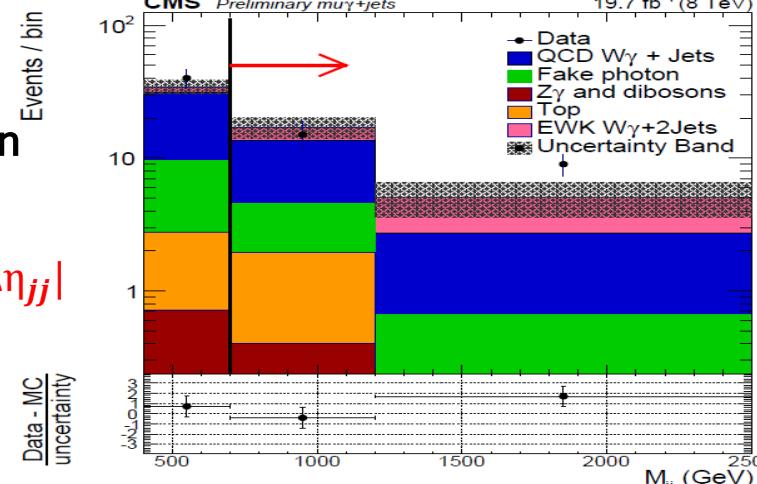
JES & JER

Jet Fake Photon

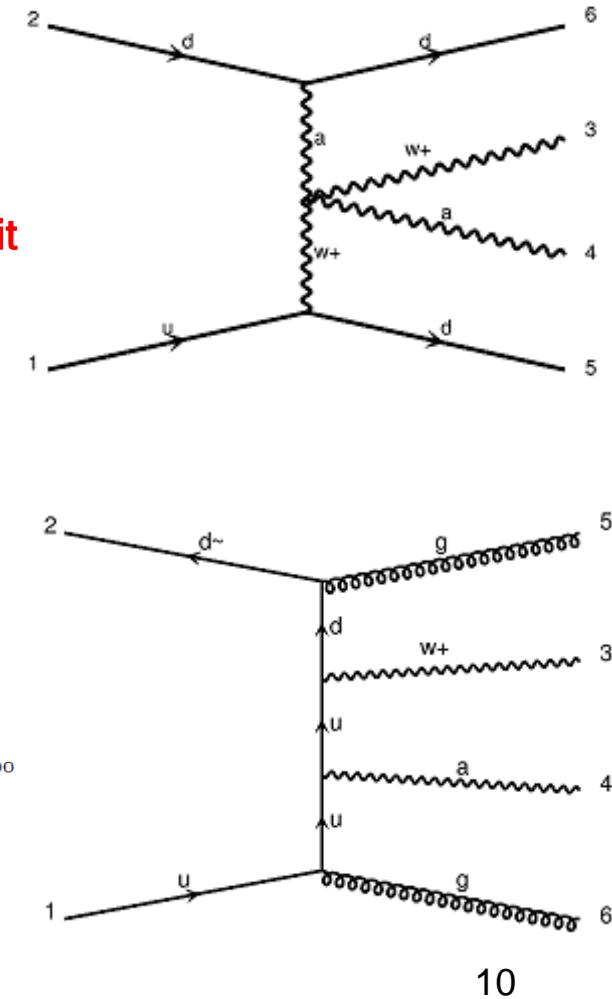
$QCD W\gamma jj$ prediction

Signal: larger M_{jj} and $|\Delta\eta_{jj}|$

- $|y_{W\gamma} - (y_{j1} + y_{j2})/2.0| < 0.6$,
- $|\Delta\phi_{W\gamma, \text{dijet}}| > 2.6$,
- $M_{jj} > 700 \text{ GeV}$,
- $|\Delta\eta(j1, j2)| > 2.4$.



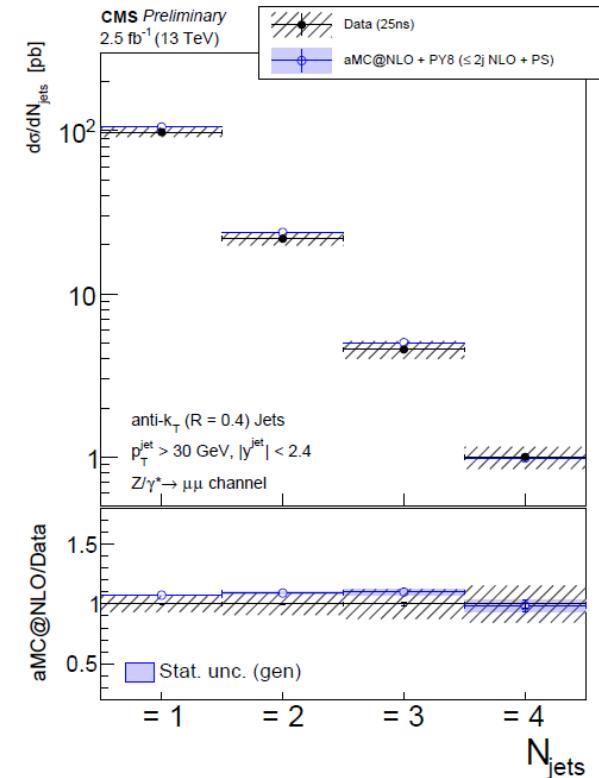
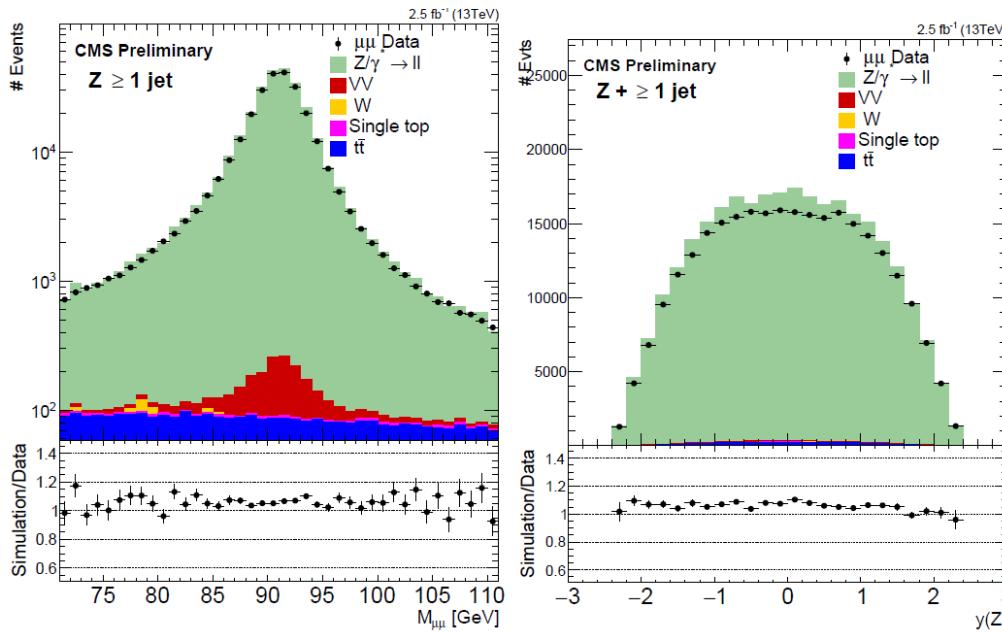
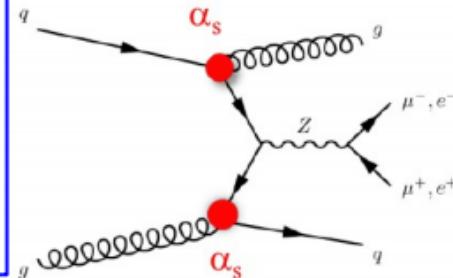
- Signal Extracted from binned M_{jj} fit



aQGC limit set based on p_T^W

Items	EWK measurement
$\hat{\mu}$ EWK fraction (search region)	$1.78^{+0.99}_{-0.76}$
EWK fraction (fiducial region)	100%
Observed (Expected) significance	100%
Theory cross section (fb)	$2.67(1.52)\sigma$
Measured cross section (fb)	$6.1 \pm 1.2 \text{ (scale)} \pm 0.2 \text{ (PDF)}$
	$10.8 \pm 4.1 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 3.4 \text{ (syst.)} \pm 0.3 \text{ (lumi.)}$

- Dominated by QCD interaction → abundant production
- Measurement is test of perturbative QCD (pQCD)
- Sensitive to PDFs models
- Large background to BSM and Higgs searches



Most stringent limits on aQGC

Made By PKU



Anomalous Quartic Gauge Couplings

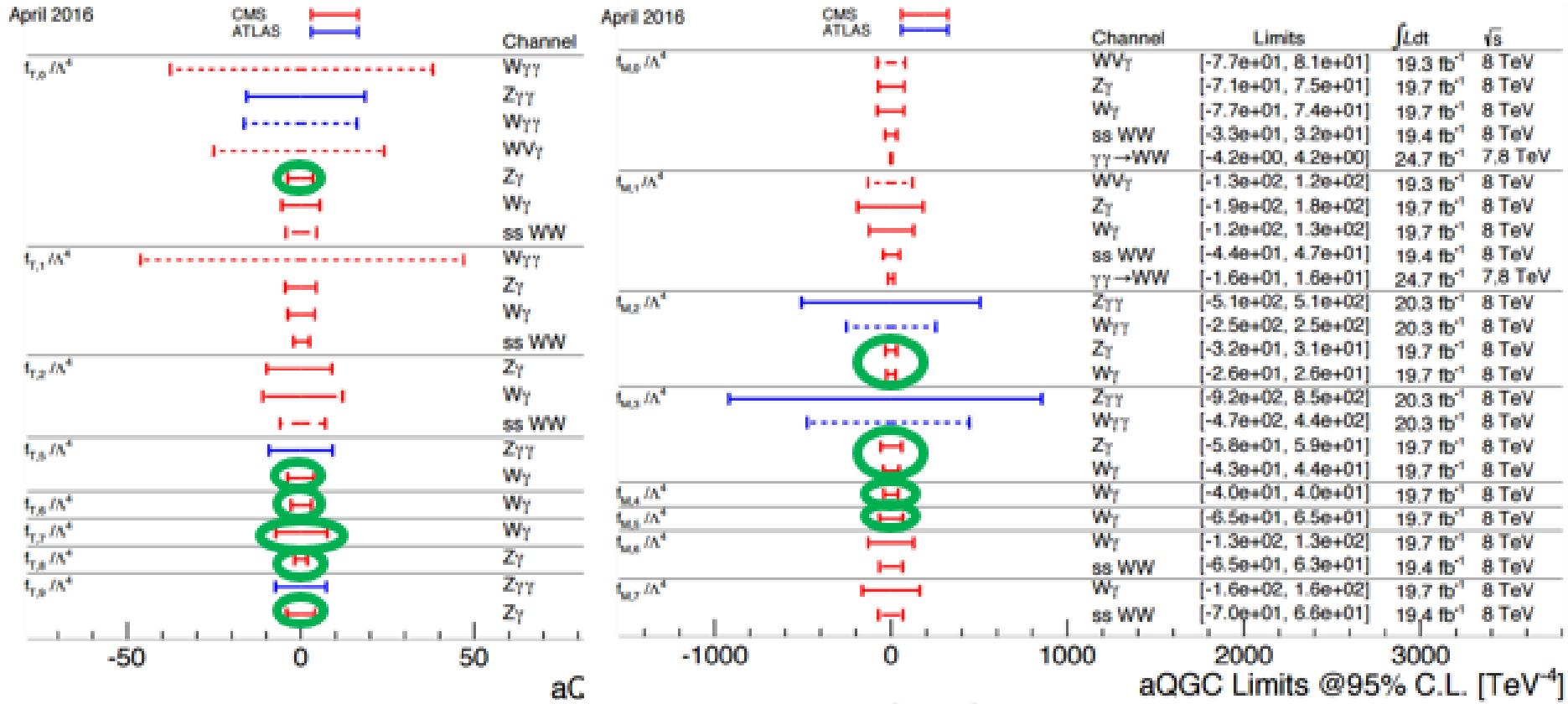
30 September -
2 October 2013

TU Dresden

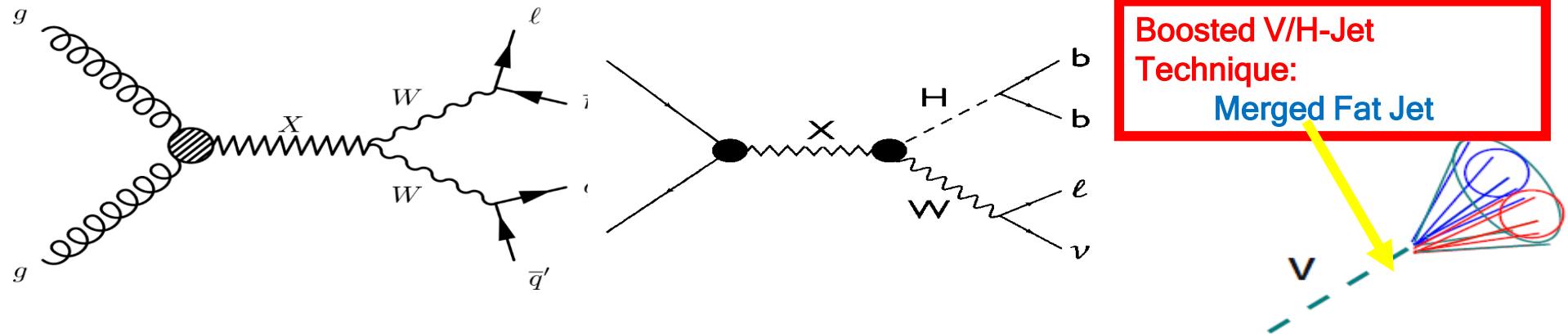
- $t_{V,V} \in VV \rightarrow VV, \gamma\gamma \rightarrow VV, V \rightarrow VVV$
- Theory status of all SM processes
- Status of current projects
- Anomalous couplings in EFT
- Partially strong VV scattering
- Unnaturalness issues
- Probing VV via $\ell\ell\ell\ell$
- Monte Carlo generators

Organizing Committee:
Matthias Bechtle (U Würzburg)
Christoph Krause (DESY & DESY)
Michael Klob (TU Dresden)
Sabine Lippert (Dresden U)
Volker Plehn (U Würzburg)
Klemens Richter (DESY)
Jürgen Reuter (DESY)
Thomas Schöberl (DESY)
Arne Voigt (TU Dresden)

Registration deadline:
19 September 2013
Contact: voigt@itp.tu-dresden.de
For more information and to enter



PKU WW/WH Resonance Search: 7 Analyses



Run1 20fb-1

CMS W-tagging: JHEP 12(2014)017

Zijun Xu, Wei Zou

Heavy Higgs: JHEP 1510 (2015) 144

Zijun Xu, Approval

EXO-WW: JHEP08(2014)174 ;

Shuai Liu, Pre-approval

EXO-WH: EPJC76 (2016) 237

Mengmeng Wang, Pre-approval

Qiang Li, Analysis Contact

Run2 2015 2.2fb-1

EXO-15-002 0.8-4TeV

Qun Wang, Approval

B2G-16-004 0.6-1TeV

Zijun Xu, Pre-Approval

Run2 2016 → ICHEP2016

B2G-16-020 0.6-4.5TeV

Huang Huang, Pre-Approval

Zijun Xu, Approval

Huang Huang , Analysis Contact

$H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l\nu jj \& l\nu j$

JHEP 10 (2015) 144

- “resolved” & “merged” channels

At high Higgs mass, two jets from W decay can merge to form large-R jet

- Selections

One lepton (e or μ), MET

veto events with extra lepton or b-tag jets

M_{jj} or M_j consistent with W mass

Separate events into VBF or non-VBF tagged

Dominant background:

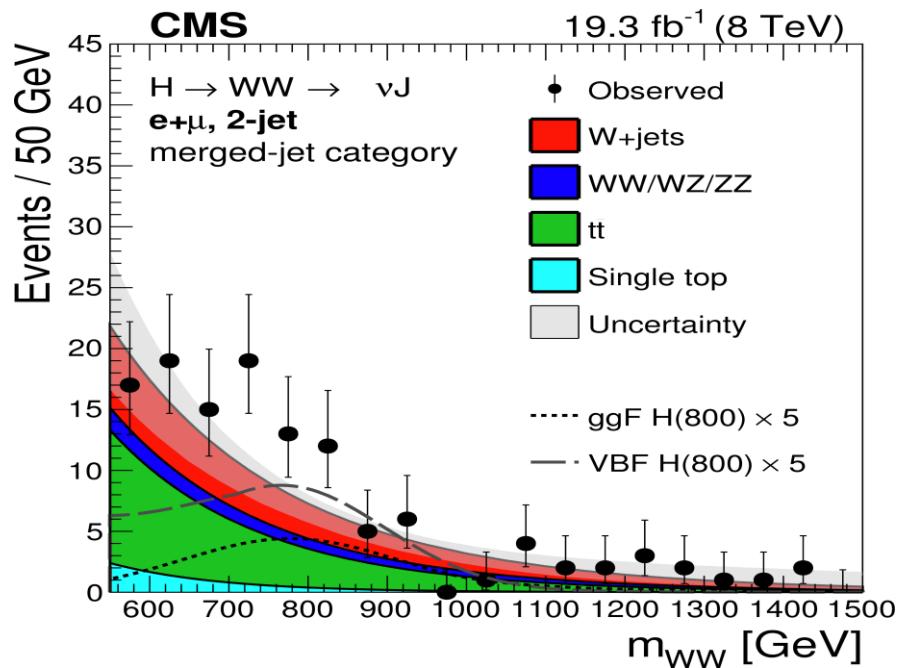
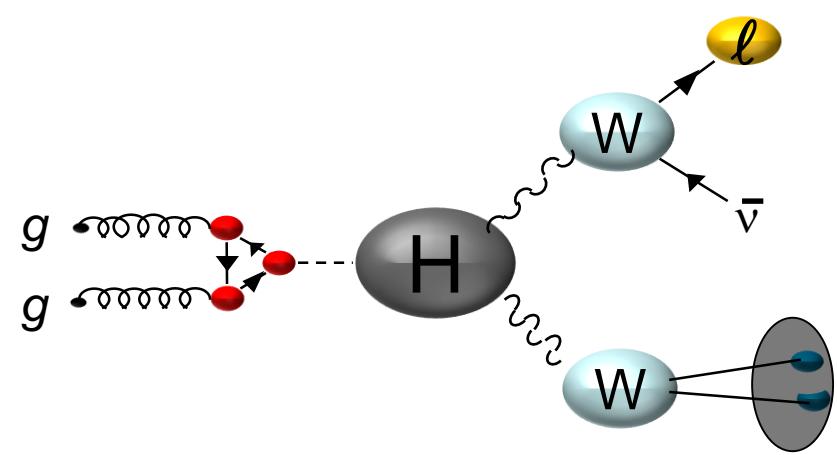
W+jets:

Normalization from M_j sideband

Shape from sideband data extrapolated to signal region

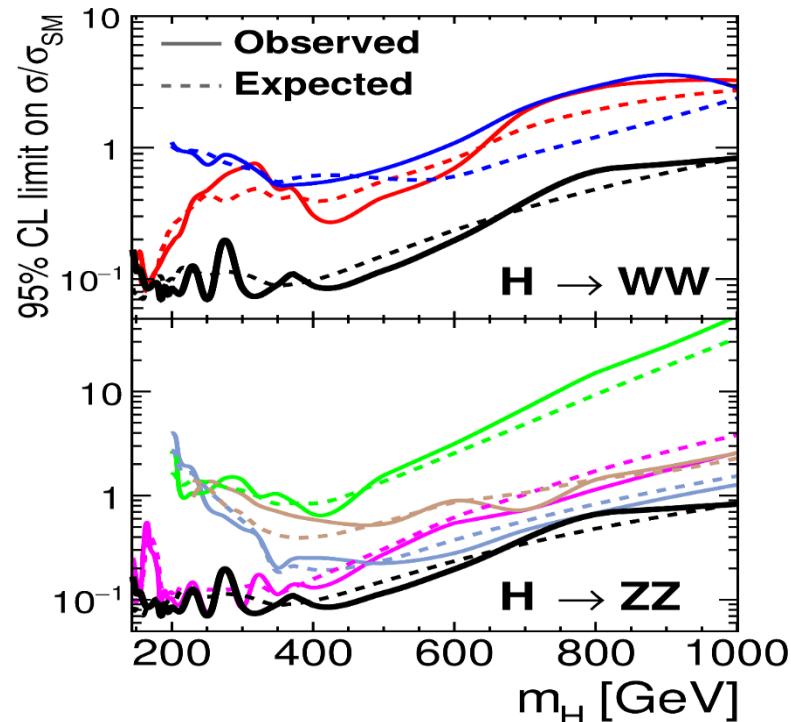
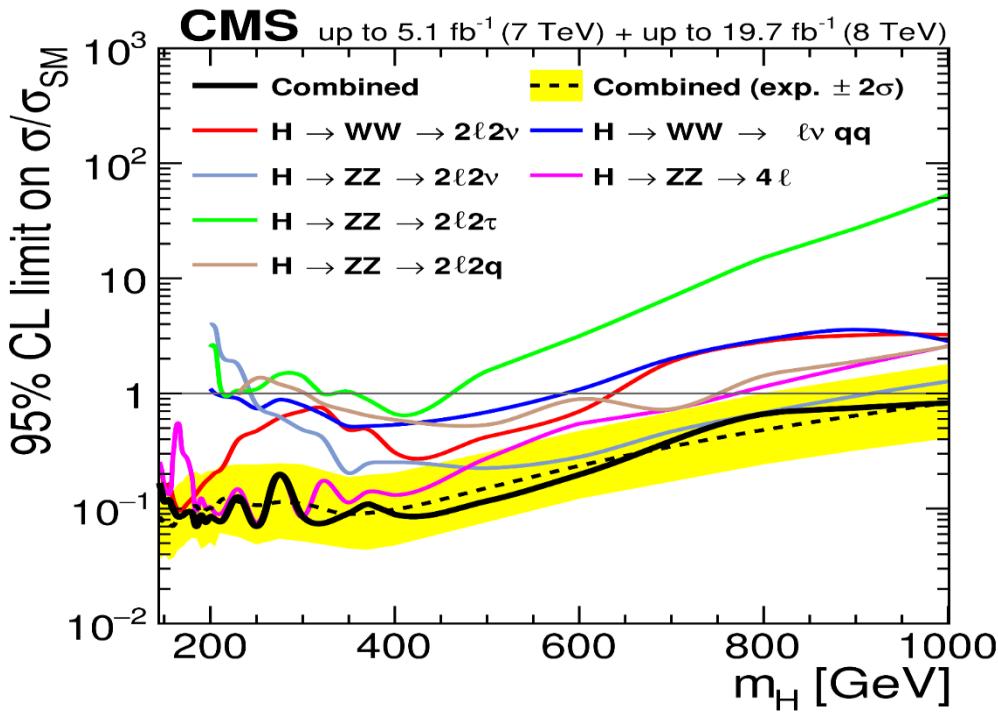
Top & diboson :

Corrected through TTbar control region



$H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l\nu jj \& l\nu j$

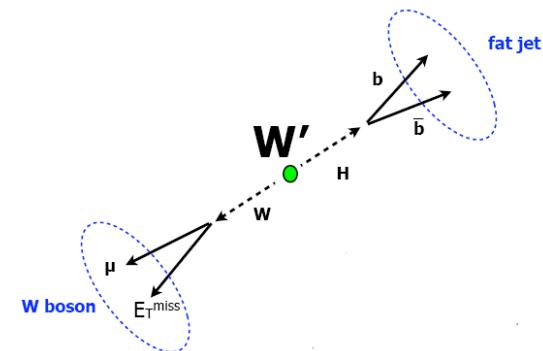
JHEP 1510 (2015) 144



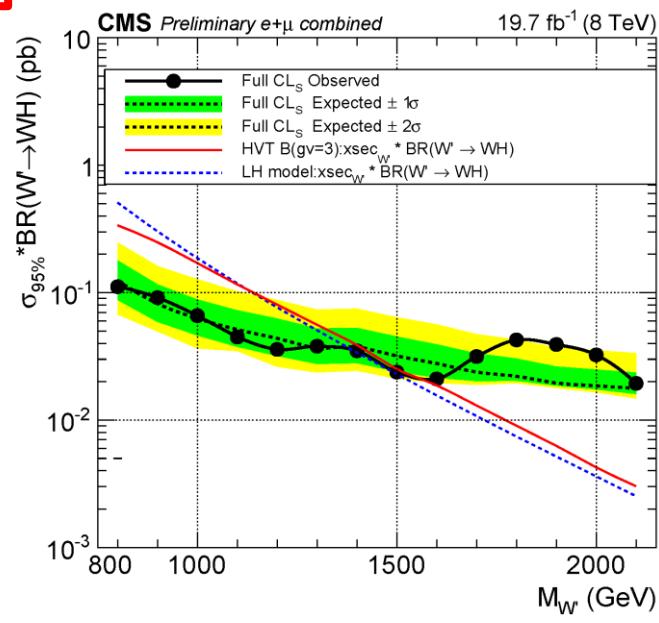
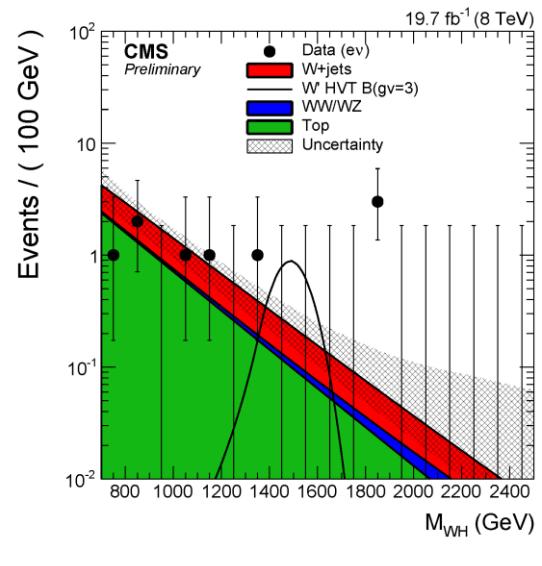
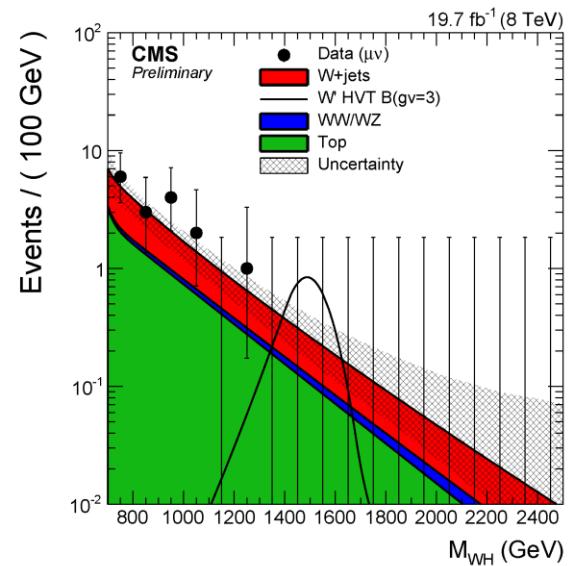
PKU contributed to development and application of W-tagging method in heavy Higgs searches;

Zijun Xu presented the approval talk for $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l\nu jj$

- VV, VH, HH resonance motivated in many nice models
Extra Dimension, Composite Higgs, Little Higgs
Spin-0 Radion/Higgs; Spin-1 W'/Z'; Spin-2 Gravitons
- Semi-leptonic channels: High rates, reconstructable spectrum
Huge QCD Wjets bkg, data-driven estimation
- V/H highly boosted: Jet substructure and Subjet b-tagging
TTbar control Region, Scale Factor



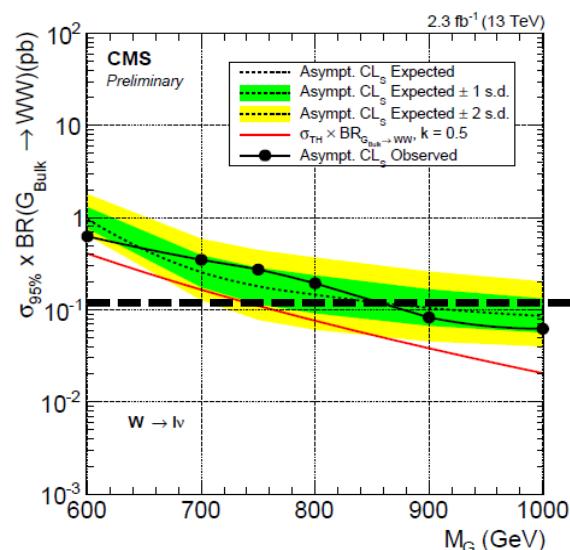
1.9 σ global significance @1.8TeV
Note favored by Run2



Comparison Run2 CMS (low, high) and ATLAS

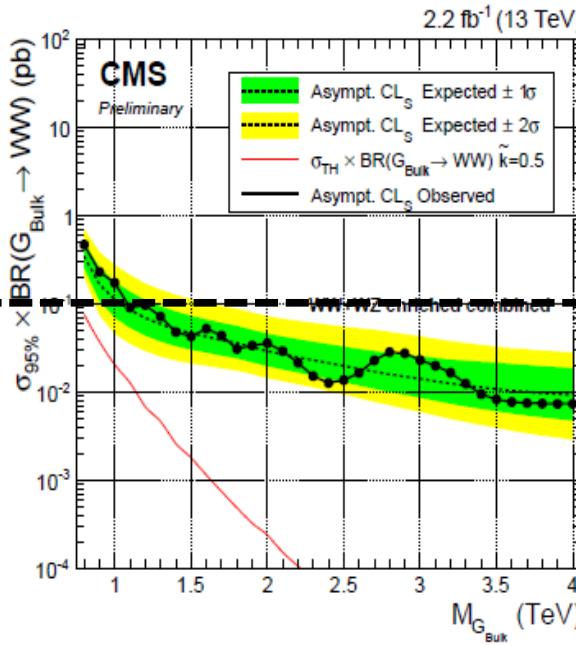
Low mass extension

B2G-16-004



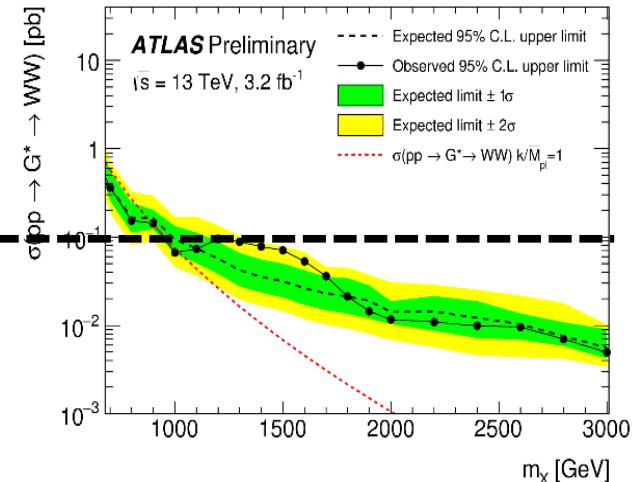
Main analysis

EXO-15-002



ATLAS VW

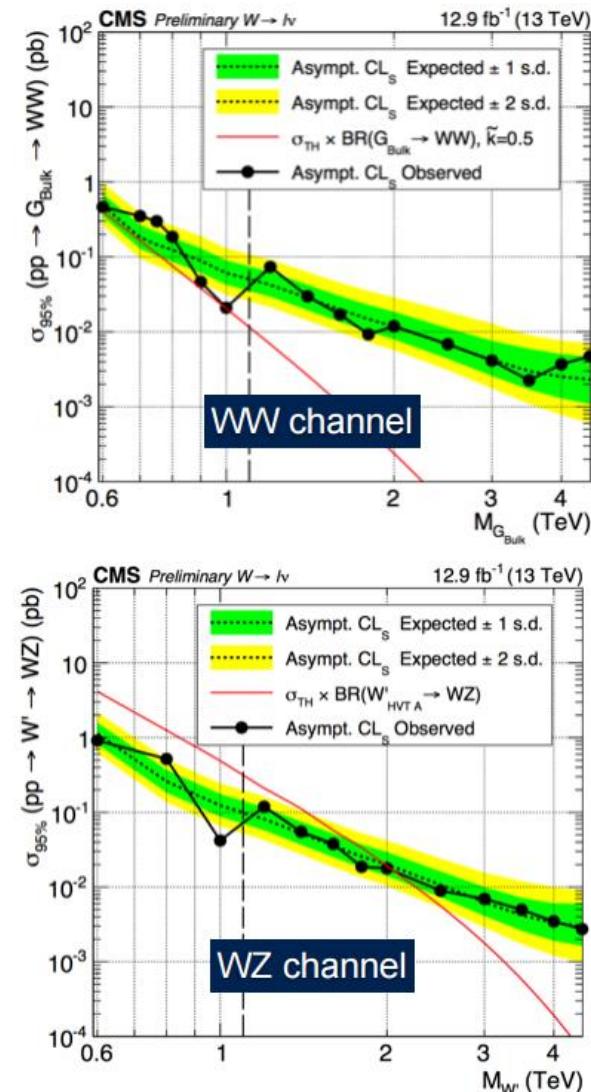
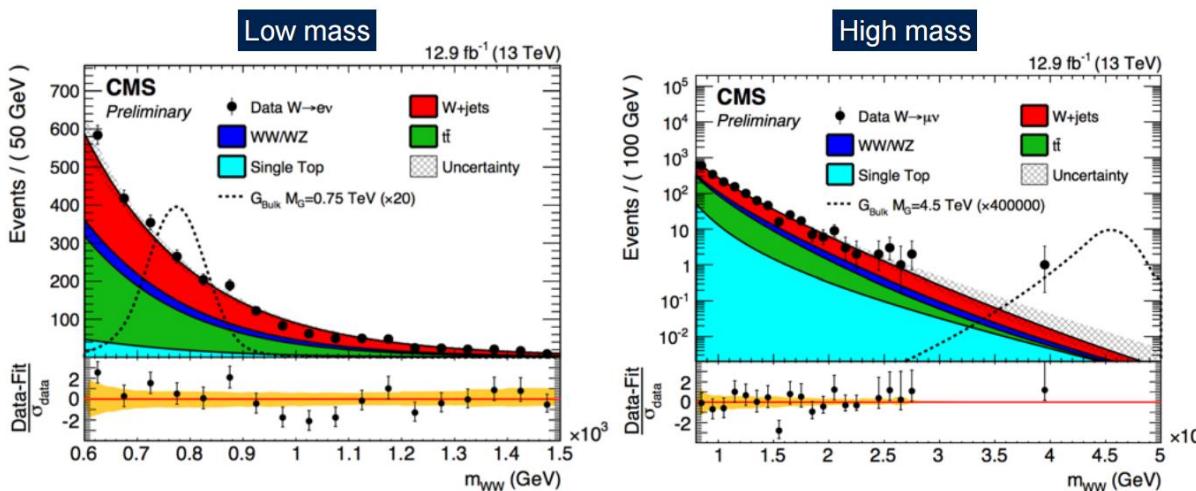
CONF-2015-075





Categorization in e, mu, low and high mass, W and Z regions

Extrapolate jet mass sidebands using MC shapes



Huang Huang as Analysis Contact
 Huang Preapproval
 Zijun Xu Approval

对FCNC过程 $B \rightarrow K^{(*)}\mu^+ \mu^-$ 的测量和研究(PKU)

$B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \mu^+ \mu^-$ 前后不对称测量

$B^+ \rightarrow K^{*+} \mu^+ \mu^-$ 前后不对称测量

CMS预审通过

[CMS-PAS-BPH-15-001](#)

[CMS-PAS-BPH-15-009](#)

物理目标：通过对角分布参数进行精确测量，检验标准模型，寻找FCNC过程的新物理。

K^+ 分析由北大组提出并主导研究

K^{*+} 分析与印度/台湾组合作

参与人：陈耿/王大勇(K^+ 联系人)

王大勇 April/14/2015做

K^+ Pre-Approval报告

$B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \mu^+ \mu^-$ 角度分析

Unblinded for approval

[CMS-PAS-BPH-15-008](#)

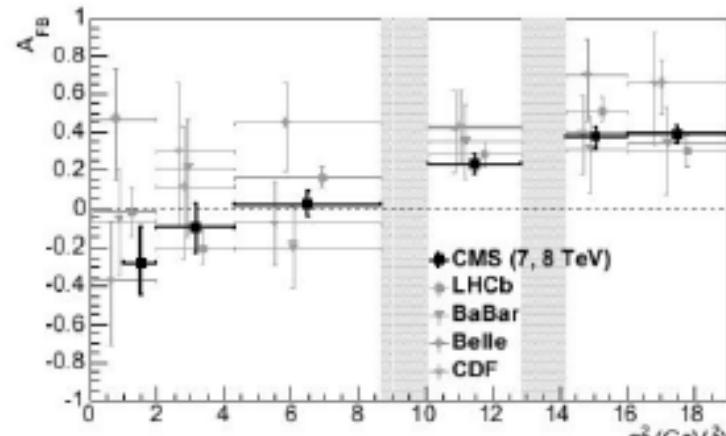
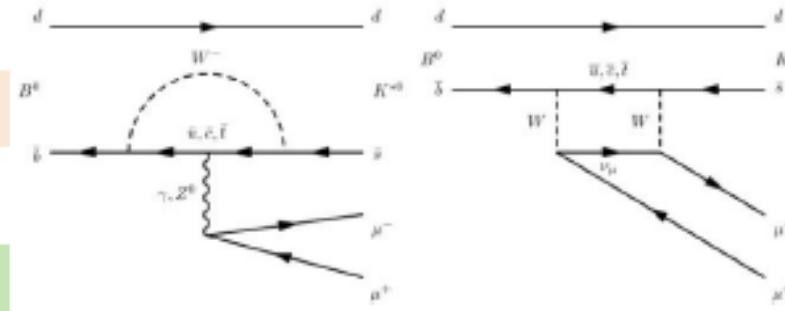
物理目标：通过角度分析，
提前形状因子无关的参数，
检验标准模型，独立验证或
否定LHCb之前观察到的
3.7/3.4sigma 偏差。

该分析由北大组为主力进行研究

参与者：李林蔚/王大勇
与Milano, Padova分工合作

李林蔚 May/23/2016做

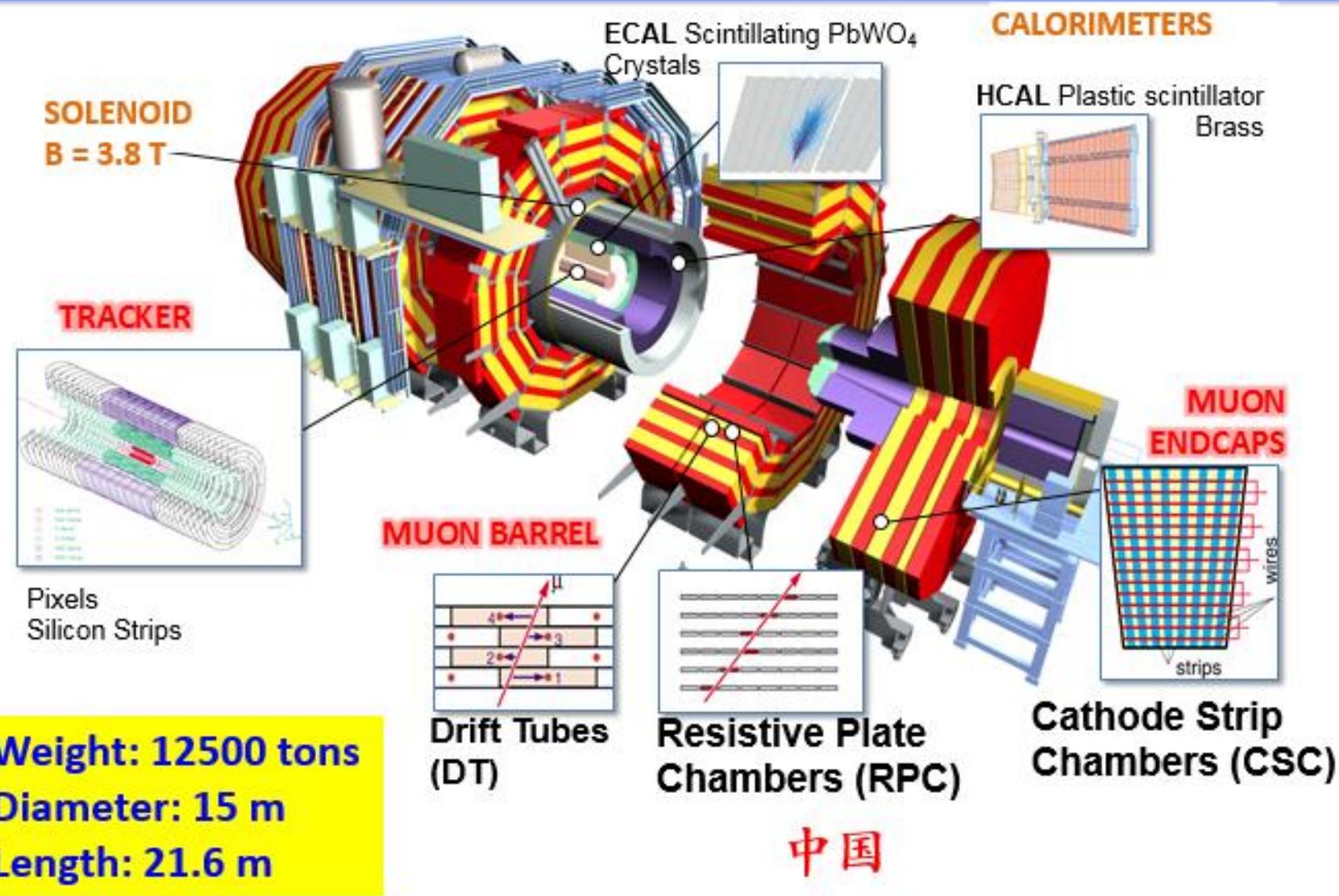
Pre-Approval报告



Physics Letters B, 753, 424–448(2016)

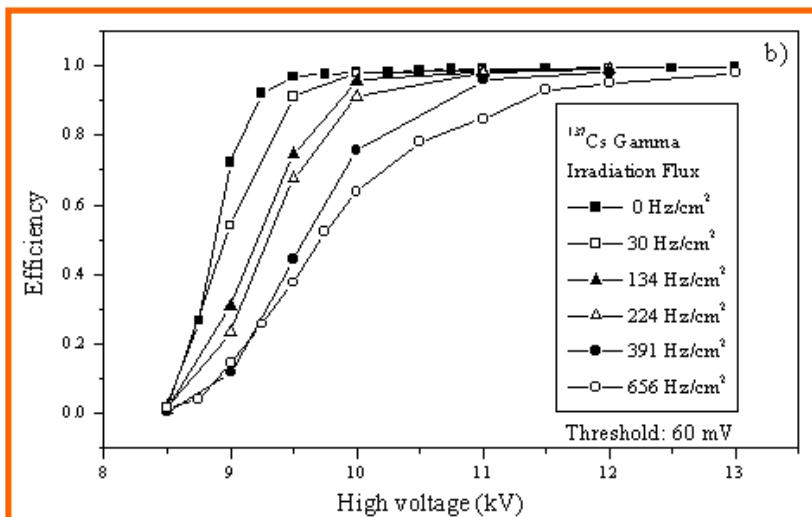
Dayong Wang, Linwei Li, Geng Chen

CMS Detector



PKU has been contributing on RPC since 1998

1999-2002 PKU made RPC passed the beam test at CERN



People

The Peking University (China) in CMS



Representatives of PKU CMS at CERN

The Peking University (PKU) has been member of the CMS collaboration since 1996. Currently consisting of 3 professors, 3 engineers and technicians and about 10 PhD students, the group has been heavily involved in both hardware and physics analysis. As part of the RPC project, the group shares the work on the R&D, assembly and testing, installation and commissioning of the RPC detector for the CMS Muon Trigger System.

The RPC performance has been studied with cosmic ray data and the RPC seed reconstruction has also been developed by the group. In the CMS physics programme, the group's interests include the study of the production mechanism and polarization of heavy flavor quarkonium J/ ψ and Upsilon in the high-pT region, a feasibility study on the search for a SM Higgs Bosons in a close collaboration with the Fermi Lab and INFN, as well as Top Physics, forward Physics and b Physics.

CMS Times Interviewed

LHC and CMS. If you see any other resources you think would be of interest to other readers, please send them to:
cmstimes@cern.ch

LHC speeds towards collisions

AFP, 23 November: Atom-smasher aims for maximum power in 2010

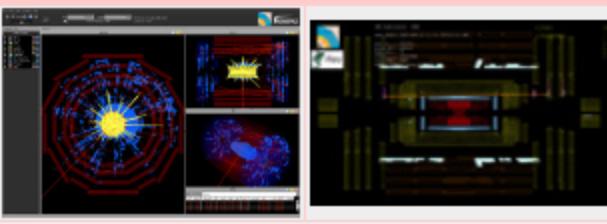
LHC Re-start / First LHC Collisions

The LHC re-started in earnest on a foggy Friday 20th November 2009.

The first step was to pass beam 1 (the clockwise one) around the full ring, proceeding systematically sector-by-sector.

At 19:19 the beam reached CMS producing "splash" events of muons from the beam striking the collimators. These were seen by the calorimeters and muon detectors; the tracker was switched off. By 22:10 the LHC operators had "captured" beam 1 with the Radio Frequency (RF) system and circulated it for several minutes - the beam was under control! They then switched to beam 2 and succeeded in taking a collision by 23:55 followed by RF capture. This capturing was scheduled to take about eight hours per beam but in fact (for beam 2) took only 10 minutes, a real testament to how well understood this incredible machine is.

The successful re-start of the LHC was declared in a CERN press release (see "[The LHC is back](#)"). Splash events and then beam halo events (essentially muons accompanying the circulating proton beams) were seen by the event display programs by the teams at P5 and the CMS Centres at CERN (Meyrin) and Fermilab.



First displays from LHC running on Friday night



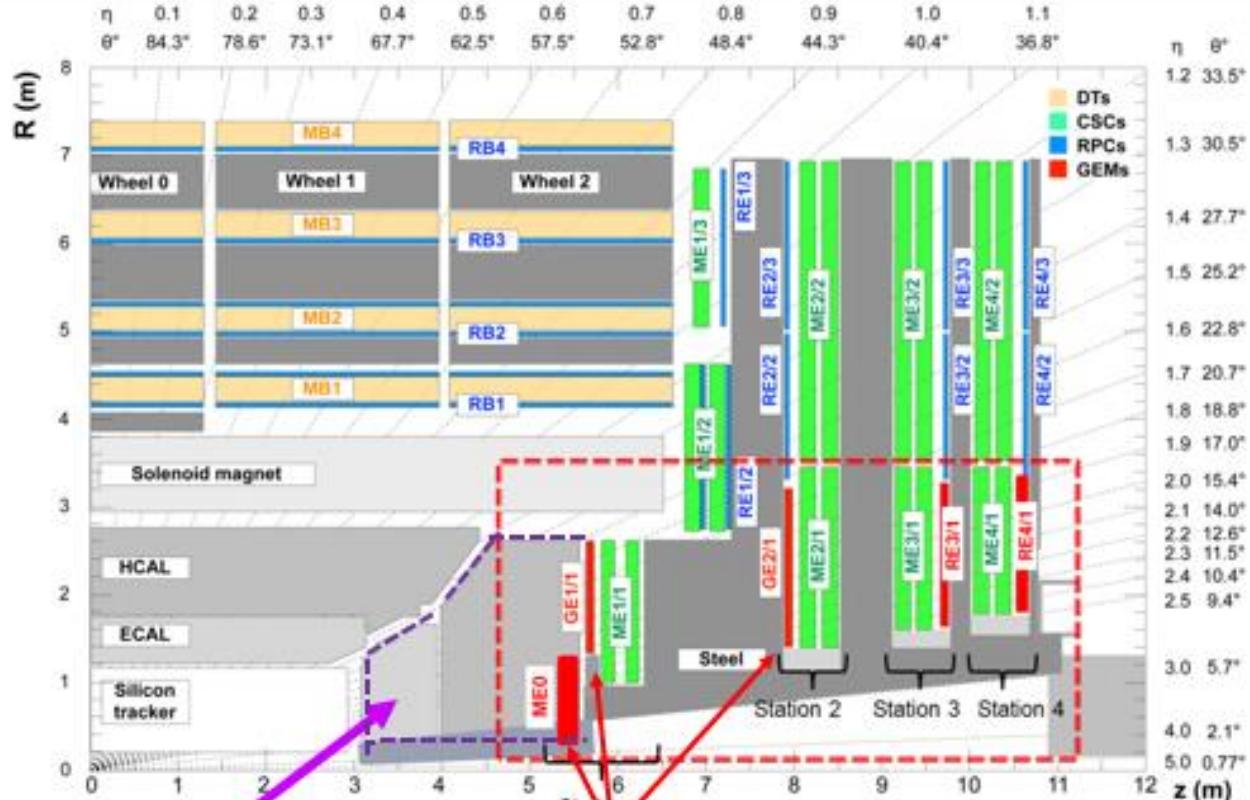
A packed CMS Control Room at point 5 during the weekend experiment



CMS Spokesperson Jim Virdee signs a bottle of champagne to commemorate the first collision in CMS, whilst Tiziano Camporesi (CMS Commissioning Coordinator) proudly shows a 900 GeV collision event candidate

This decision paid-off on Monday when, at the end of a long difficult day, the LHC circu-

CMS Phase 2 Upgrade



端部量能器升级

高能所

端盖 μ 探测器升级

北京大学, GEM

GE1/1, GE2/1+ME0

端盖 μ 探测器升级

清华大学, 玻璃mRPC

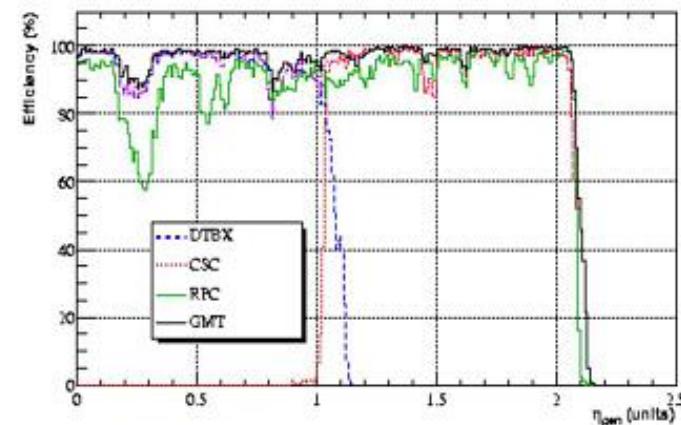
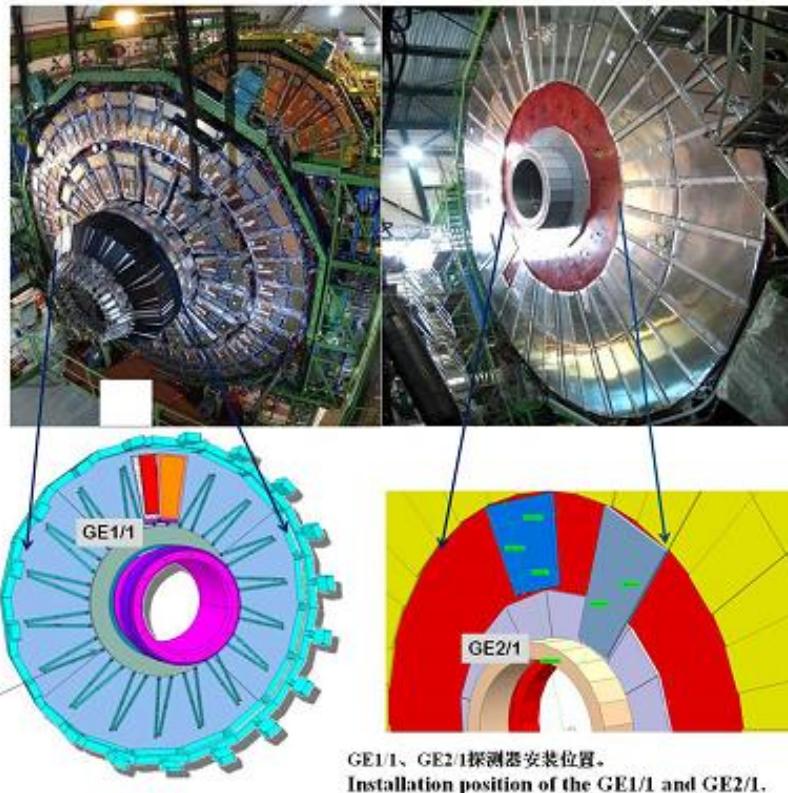
RE3/1+RE4/1

PKU joined GEM R&D for Phase 2 Upgrade

PCB, DAQ, Cosmic ray test, Beam test, Assembling,
Small/Big size mass production, Software

➤ Phase 2升级内圈GEM探测器研制

为了应对内圈高计数率、强辐射的困难, CMS内圈 μ 探测将采用GEM技术。北京大学2009年加入CMS-GEM组, 进行了探测器研发、组装测试、束流测试分析和软件开发等工作; 为Phase 2阶段升级作准备。



CMS端部触发系统由CSC和RPC探测器组成。全部完成后在所有覆盖区域达97%。
After the full RPC+CSC trigger system completed, the efficiency will reach 97% in all area.



GE1/1探测器样机在进行束流测试。 Beam test of the GE1/1 prototype .