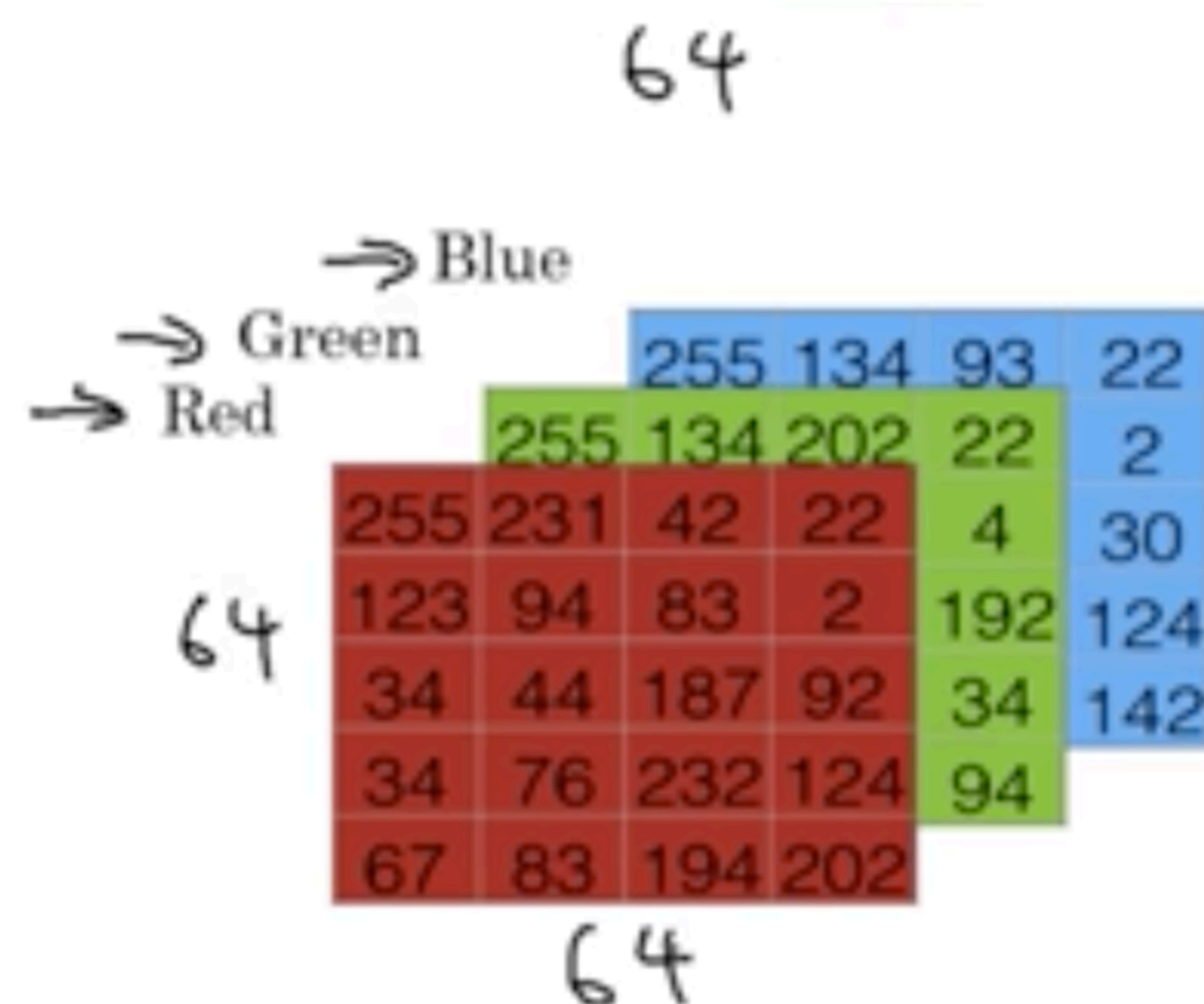


神经网络与深度学习

Binary Classification (二分类)



→ 1 (cat) vs 0 (non cat)
y



$$X = \begin{bmatrix} 255 \\ 231 \\ 42 \\ 22 \\ \dots \end{bmatrix}$$

$$N = 64 * 64 * 3 = 12288$$

$$X \xrightarrow{f(x)} y(0 \text{ or } 1)$$

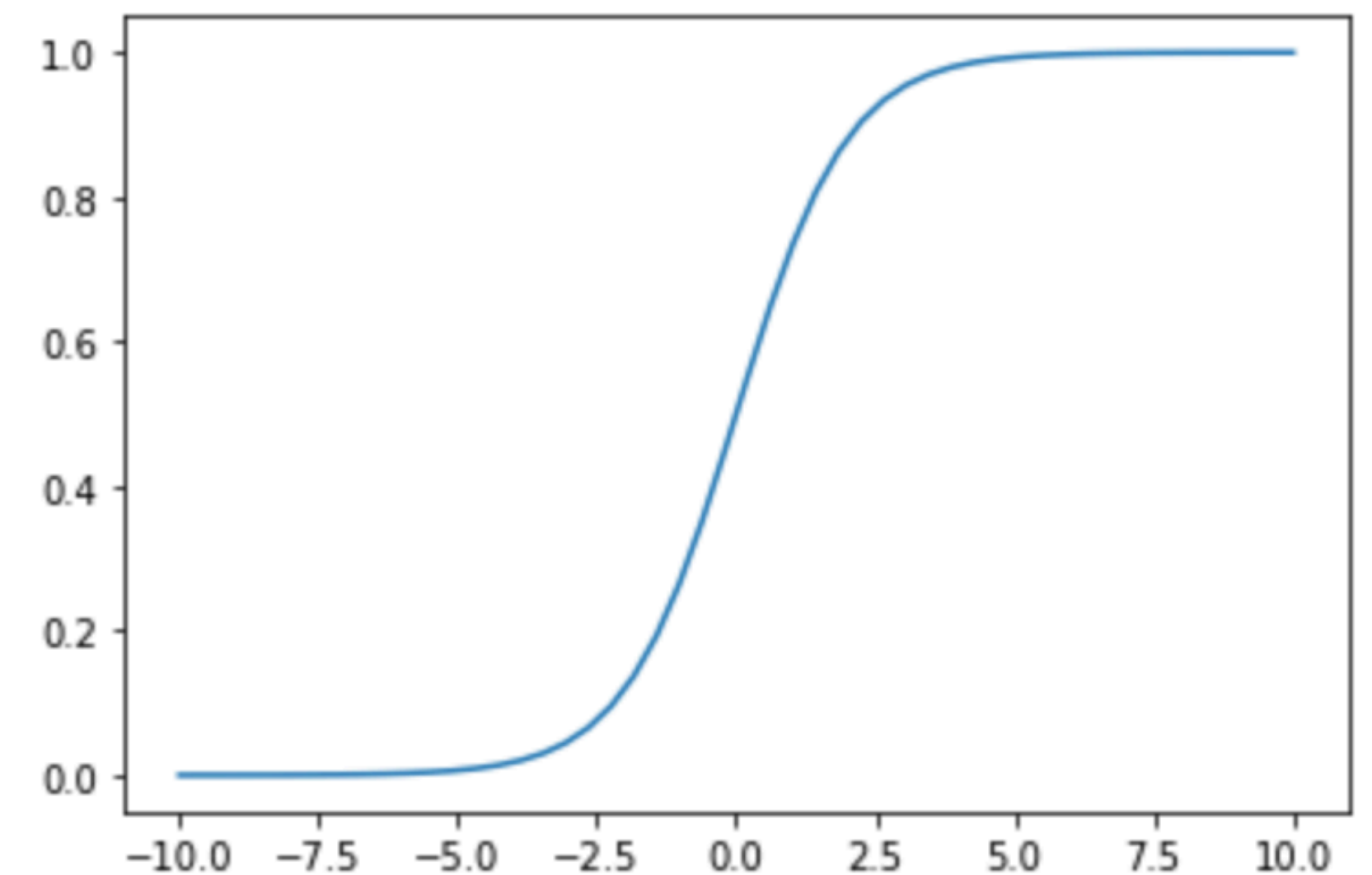
构建映射

$$W = \begin{bmatrix} w_1 \\ w_2 \\ w_3 \\ \dots \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\sigma(W^T X + b) = y$$

$$\sigma(z) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-z}}$$

激活函数：将 z 缩放至(0,1)



目的：找到一个合适的向量 W ，使得输入对应的 X ，能够输出正确的 Y (1 or 0)

构建损失函数

约定 样本真实值: y
模型预测值: $\hat{y}$

损失函数(Loss Function) : $L(y, \hat{y})$
用于衡量 y 和 $\hat{y}$ 的差别

$$\hat{y} = \sigma(w^T x + b)$$

$$\sigma(z) = \frac{1}{1+e^{-z}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &|y - \hat{y}| \\ &(y - \hat{y})^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$-(y \log \hat{y} + (1 - y) \log(1 - \hat{y})) \quad \text{二分类} \quad \star$$



if $y==1$



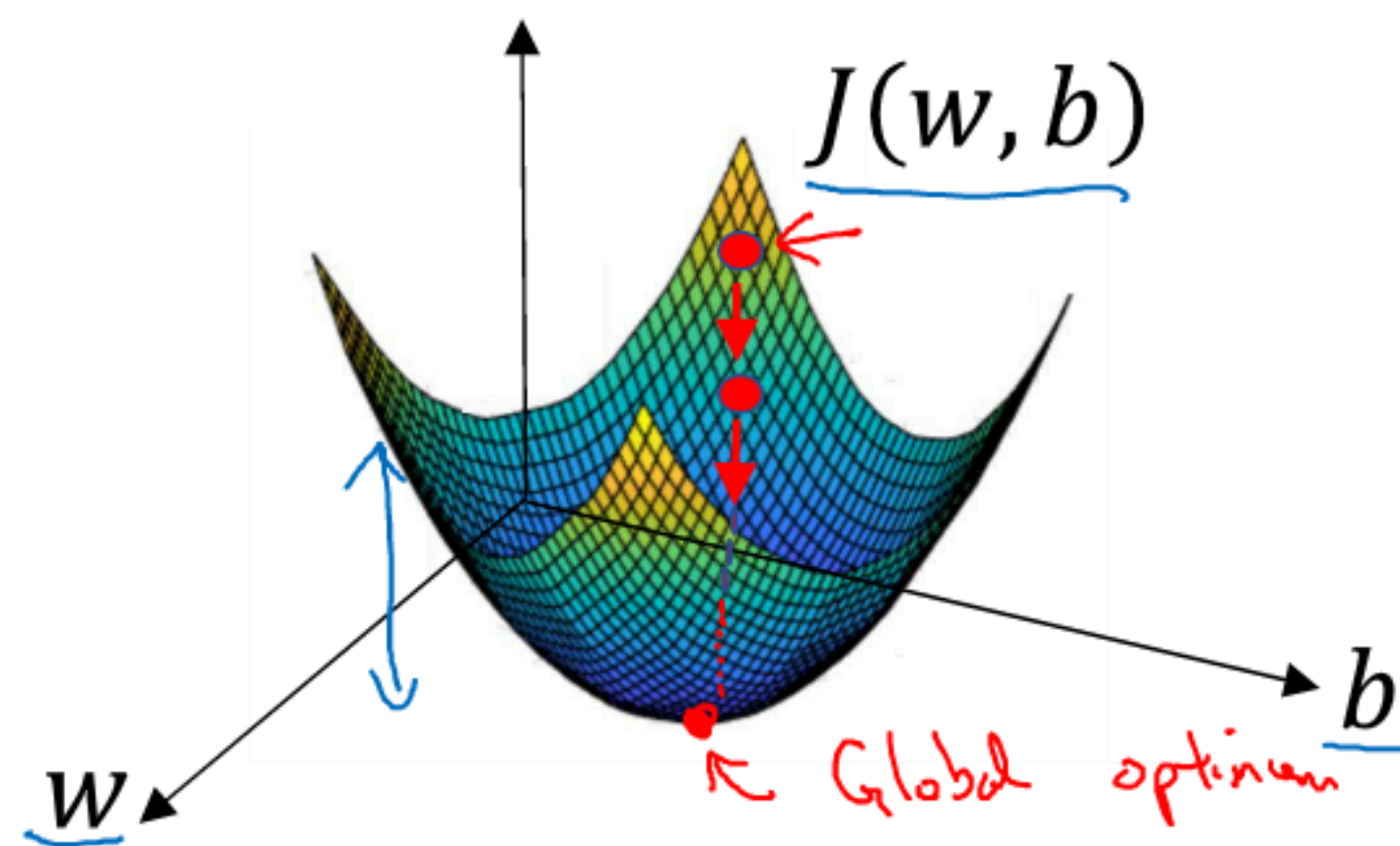
if $y==0$

最小化损失函数

m个样本下的损失函数

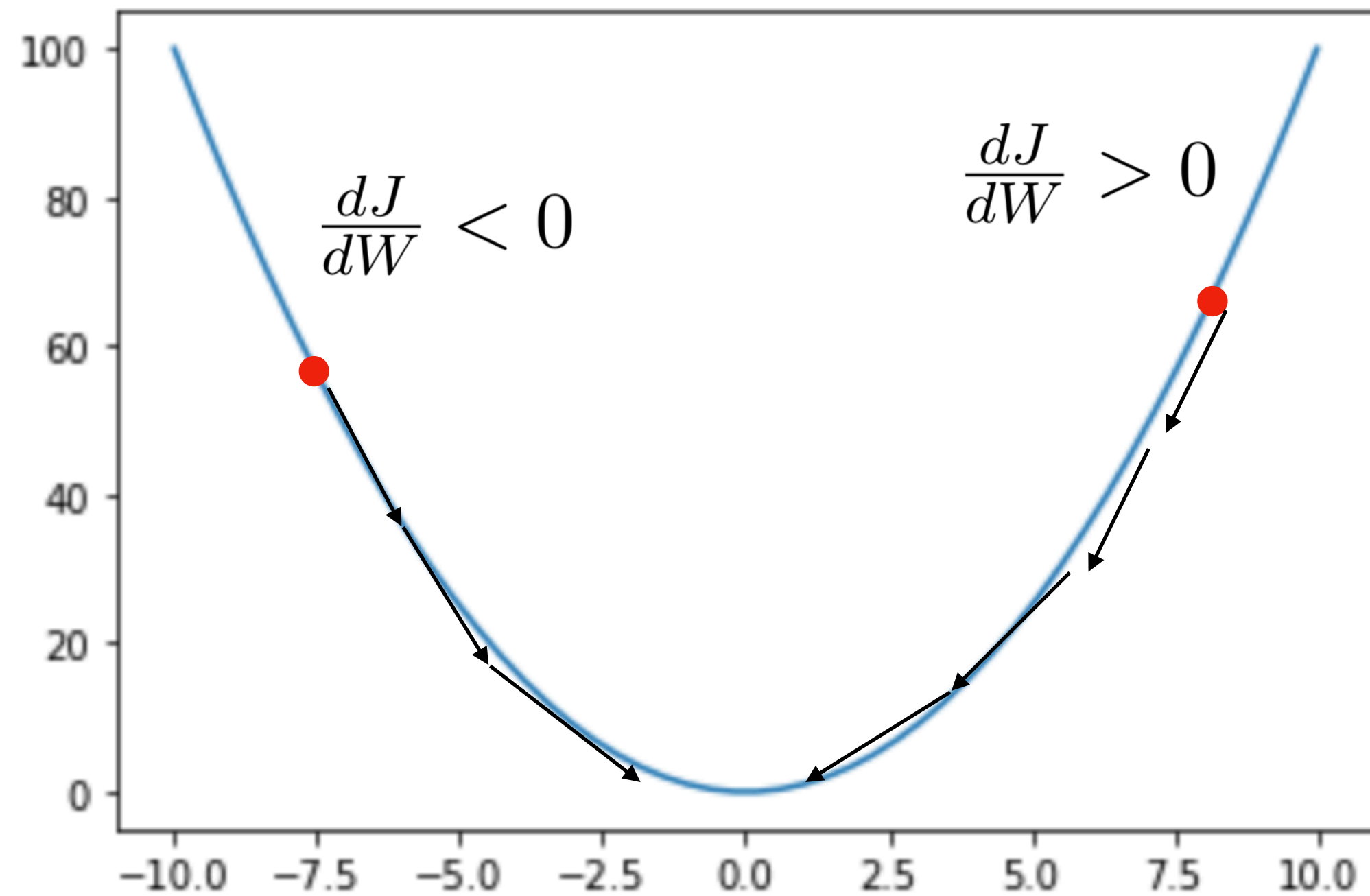
$$\underline{J(w, b)} = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m \mathcal{L}(\underline{\hat{y}^{(i)}}, \underline{y^{(i)}}) = -\frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m y^{(i)} \log \hat{y}^{(i)} + (1 - y^{(i)}) \log(1 - \hat{y}^{(i)})$$

Want to find w, b that minimize $J(w, b)$



Andrew Ng

梯度下降法



学习率(learning rate)

迭代公式 $W^* = W - \alpha \frac{dJ}{dW}$

$$W = \begin{bmatrix} w_1 \\ w_2 \\ w_3 \\ \dots \end{bmatrix}$$

对于每一个 $w_1, w_2, \dots$
都需要用迭代公式优化