



# Vertex Layout Simulation and Optimization

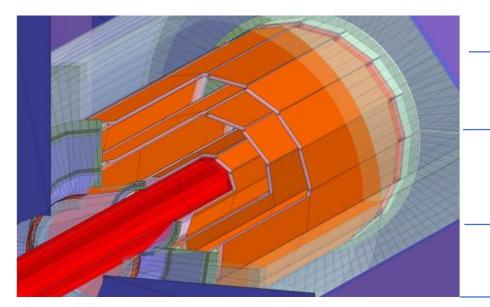
Zeng Hao IHEP 2019/11/28

#### Outline

- Motivation
- Introduction of tkLayout
- Pixel geometry simulation results
- Preliminary resolution simulation results
- Plan

#### Motivation

#### CDR vertex detector concept



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+	mech	anics

+ electronics

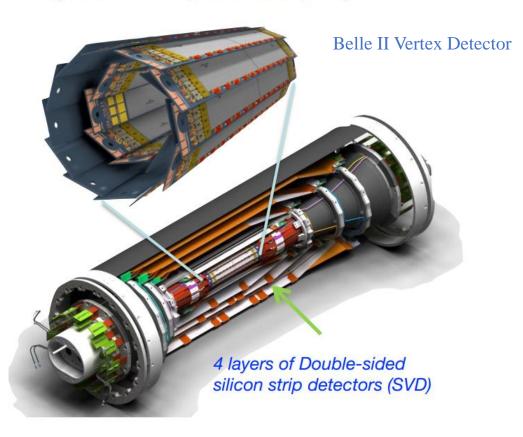
+ cooling system

+ cable

#### |z| (mm) $|\cos\theta|$ $R \, (mm)$ $\sigma(\mu m)$ Layer 1 62.5 0.97 2.8 16 62.5 0.96 Layer 2 18 6 37 125.0 0.96 Layer 3 4 Layer 4 0.95 39 125.0 0.91 Layer 5 58 125.0 Layer 6 60 125.0 0.90 4 CEPC MOST2 Vertex Detector Meeting, 2019/11/28

#### Vertex detector prototype

2 layers of DEPFET pixel detector (PXD)

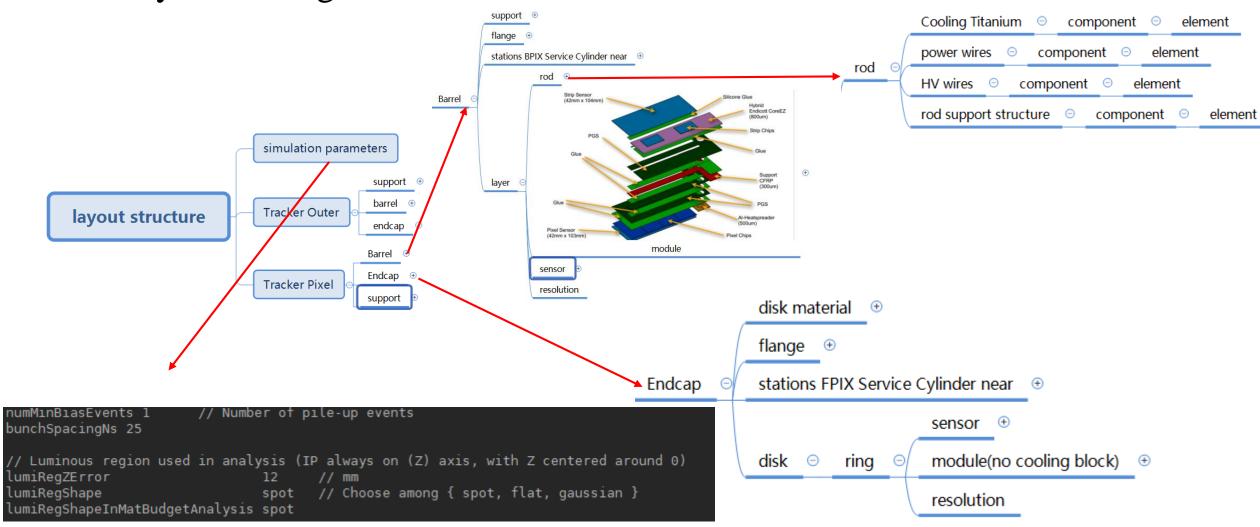


#### Motivation

- Simulation tools
  - Full simulation
    - Geant4(more details, spend more time, as final simulation tool)
  - Fast simulation
    - LiC Detector Toy(LDT)(easy, fast, but less detector details, consider detector as cylindrical material layers)
    - tkLayout(fast, include more detector details)

tkLayout is what we really need!

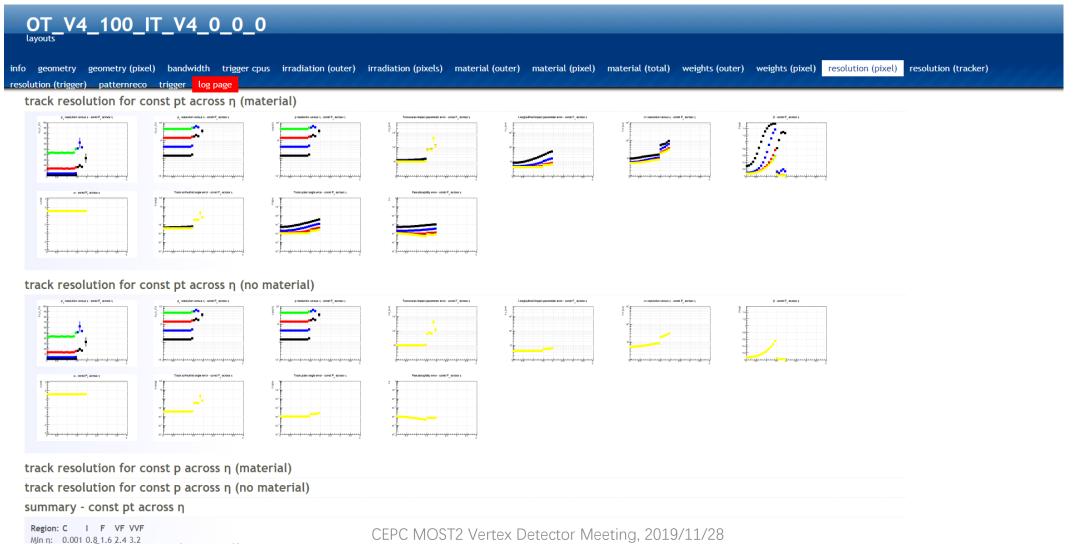
• Layout Configuration Structure



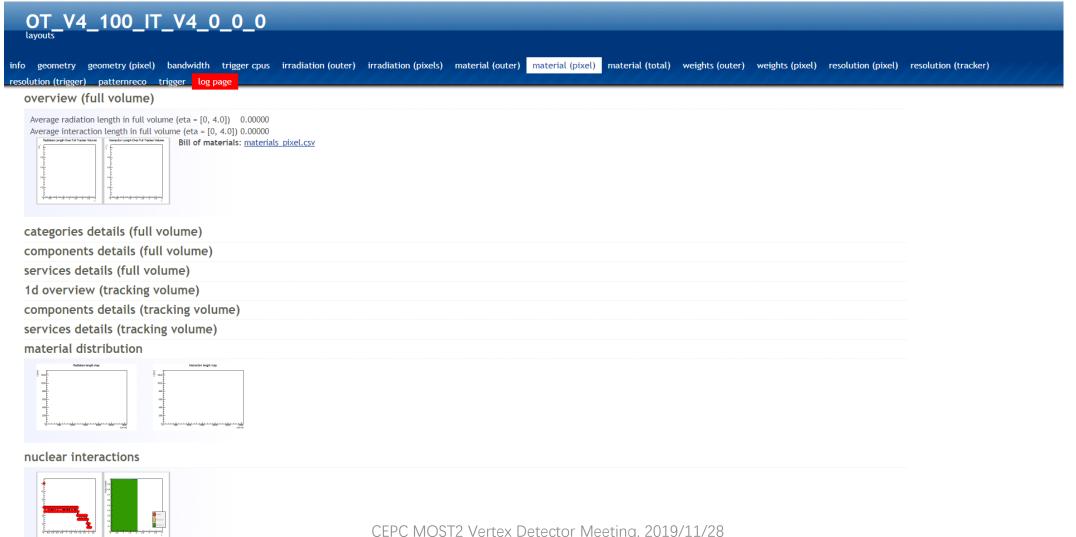
• Output webpage:



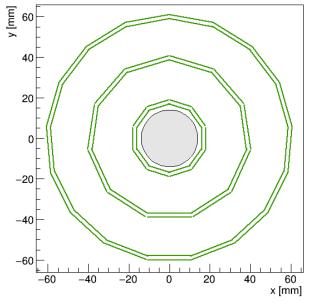
• Output webpage:



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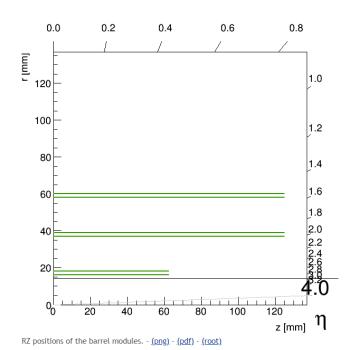


#### • CDR vertex detector geometry



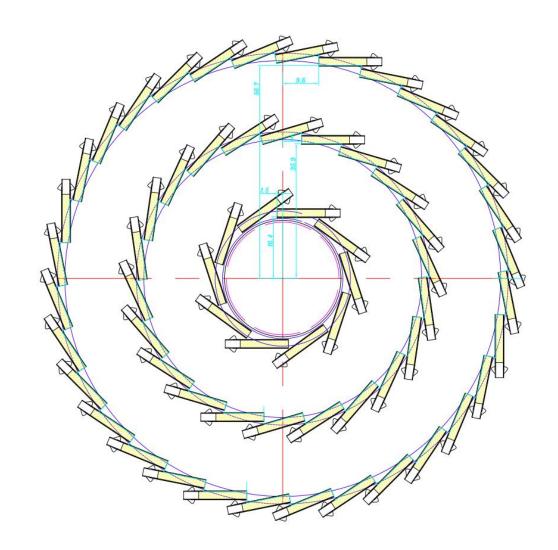
XY Section of the tracker barrel. - (png) - (pdf) - (root)

	R(mm)	module wie	dth(mm) numRods	phioverlap
Layer 1	16	11	10	0.60257
Layer 2	18	11	10	-0.69711
Layer 3	37	22	11	0.27164
Layer 4	39	22	11	-0.90287
Layer 5	58	22	17	0.315842
Layer 6	60	22	17	-0.43189

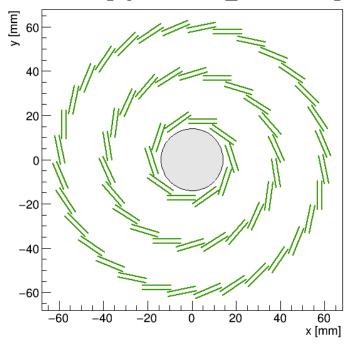


	R (mm)	z  (mm)	$ \cos \theta $	$\sigma(\mu m)$
Layer 1	16	62.5	0.97	2.8
Layer 2	18	62.5	0.96	6
Layer 3	37	125.0	0.96	4
Layer 4	39	125.0	0.95	4
Layer 5	58	125.0	0.91	4
Layer 6	60	125.0	0.90	4

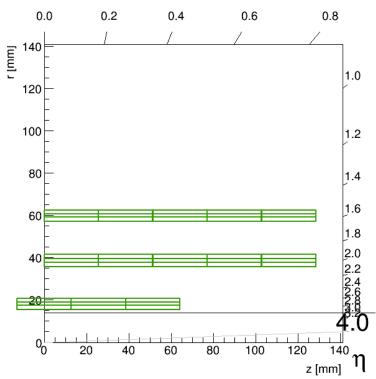
- Prototype V1 design:
  - Come from Fu Jinyu
  - three layers with double-sided ladder
  - Only need to rotate one ladder around Z axis at a fixed angle to cover the whole barrel
  - Sensors are on both sides of the yellow slash region



#### • Prototype V1 geomety



Skewed layer



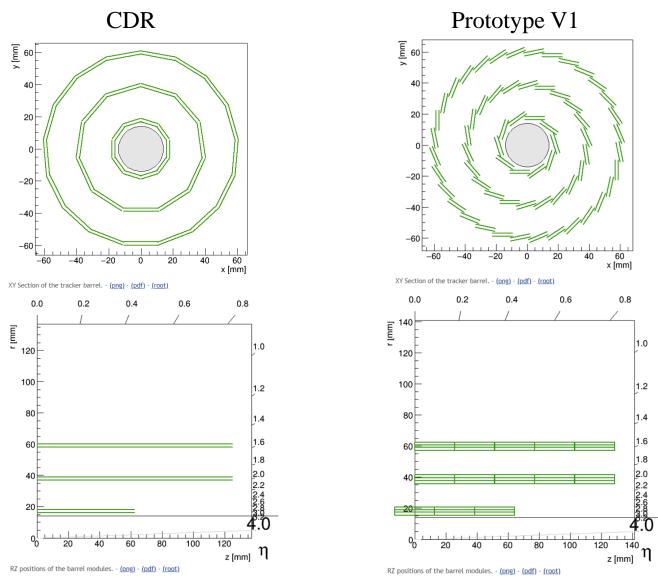
RZ positions of the barrel modules. - (png) - (pdf) - (root)

XY Section of the tracker barrel	<u>(png)</u> - <u>(pdf)</u> - <u>(root)</u>
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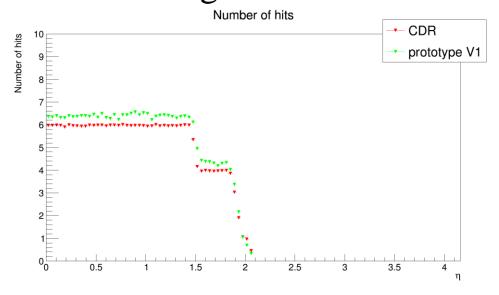
	numRods	R(mm)	skewAngle(ra	d) module width(n	nm)
Layer 1	10	17.11637	0.290338	12.8	
Layer 2	10	19.04127	0.260264	12.8	
Layer 3	22	37.66656	0.307478	12.8	
Layer 4	22	39.57739	0.292183	12.8	
Layer 5	32	58.91426	0.275036	12.8	
Layer 6	32	60.84152	0.266108	12.8	

Barrel:	PXB1						Total
Layer	1	2	3	4	5	6	
r	17.116	19.041	37.667	39.577	58.914	60.842	
z_max	64.200	64.200	128.450	128.450	128.450	128.450	
# rods	10	10	22	22	32	32	
# mods	50	50	220	220	320	320	1180

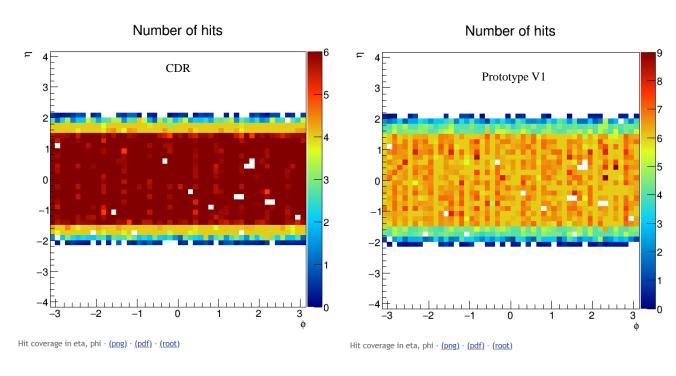
Comparison



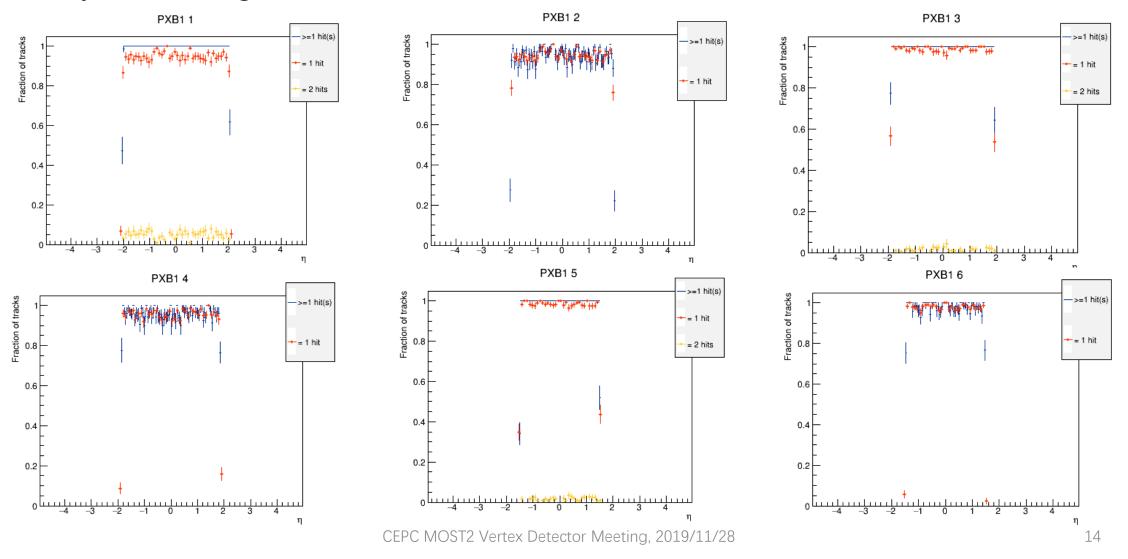
#### • Hit coverage



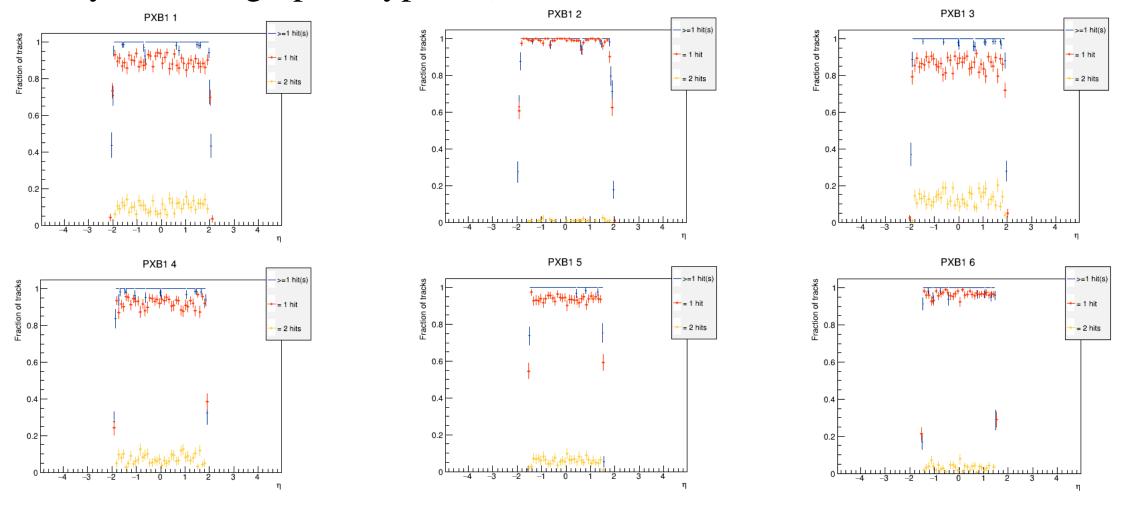
	R (mm)	z  (mm)	$ \cos \theta $	$\sigma(\mu\mathrm{m})$
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• Layer coverage(CDR)

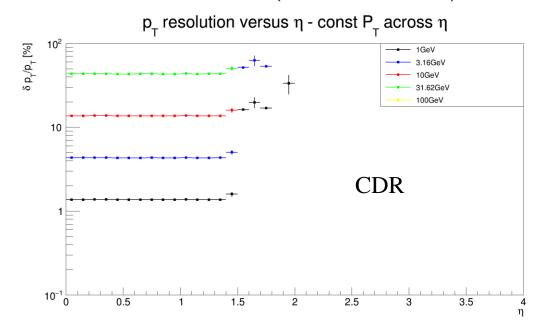


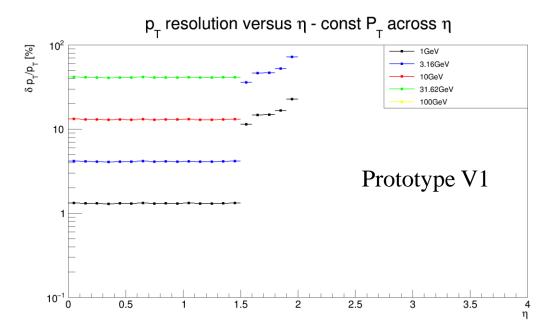
• Layer coverage(prototype V1)



# Preliminary resolution simulation results

• Pt resolution(no material)





$$\sigma_{1/p_{\rm T}} = a \oplus \frac{b}{p \sin^{3/2} \theta}$$

No material,  $\delta Pt/Pt$  will be constant.

# Preliminary resolution simulation results

• Impact parameter resolution(no material)

Transverse impact parameter error - const P<sub>T</sub> across η

103

103

CDR

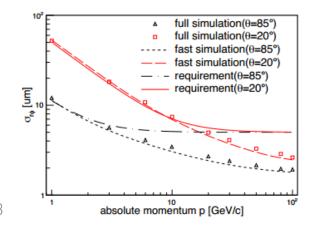
100

CDR

Transverse impact parameter error - const P<sub>T</sub> across η

| GeV | 3.16GeV | 10GeV | 10GeV | 10GeV | 10GeV | 100GeV | 100

pixel resolution is 4um for every  $\log_{\sigma_{r\phi}} = a \oplus \frac{b}{p(\text{GeV})\sin^{3/2}\theta}$  but the result is inconsistent with the result in CDR.



#### Plan

- Fix the impact parameter resolution problem
- Add material into prototype V1 layout
- Once all configurations validated, the final results only takes a few minutes
- Compare more different layouts

### Thank you!