

Electron-Ion Collider in China

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Yuxiang Zhao (Institute of Modern Physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences)

On behalf of the EicC working group

Celebration of Higgs boson discovery

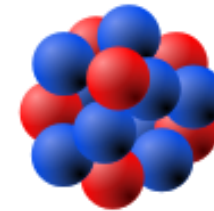
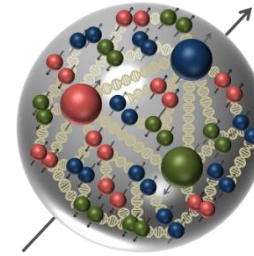
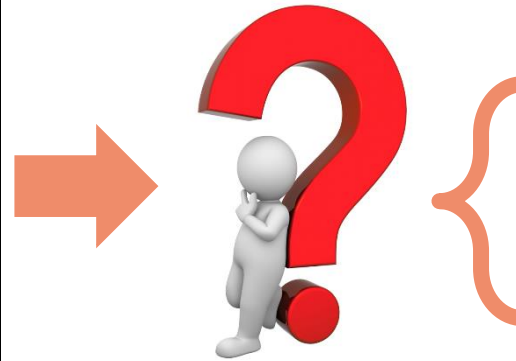
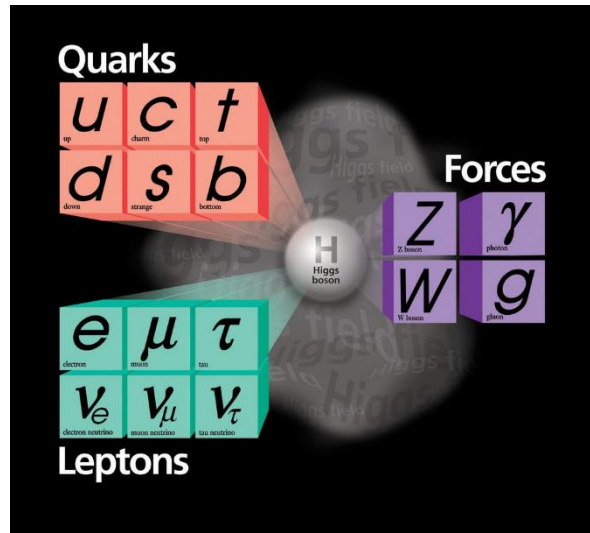


2013 Nobel prize in physics

... for the theoretical discovery of a mechanism that contributes to our understanding of the origin of mass of subatomic particles ...

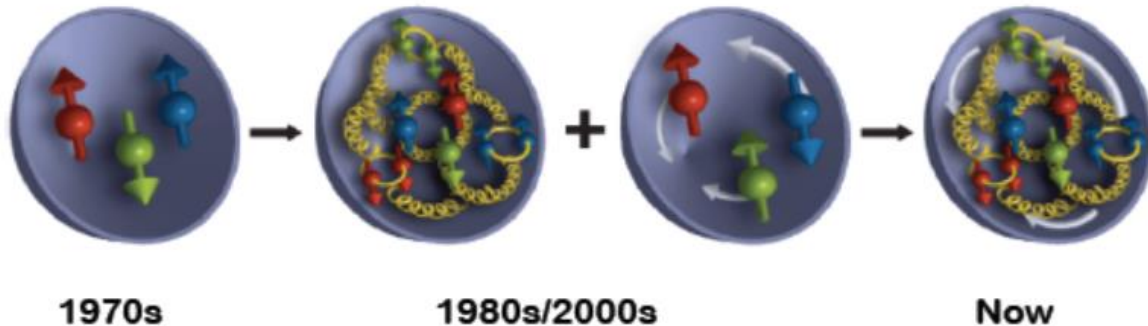
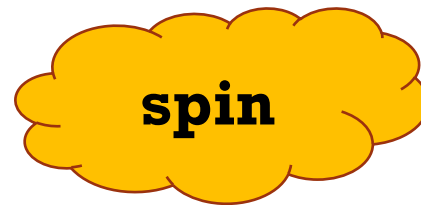
However... do we really understand the building blocks of our visible world?

We know very little...



Spin structure

Mass structure



Higgs mechanism

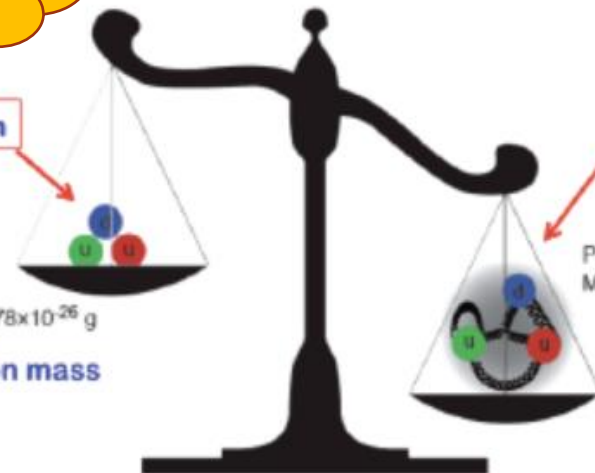
Quarks
Mass $\approx 1.78 \times 10^{-26}$ g

$\sim 1\%$ of proton mass

Dynamics of gluons

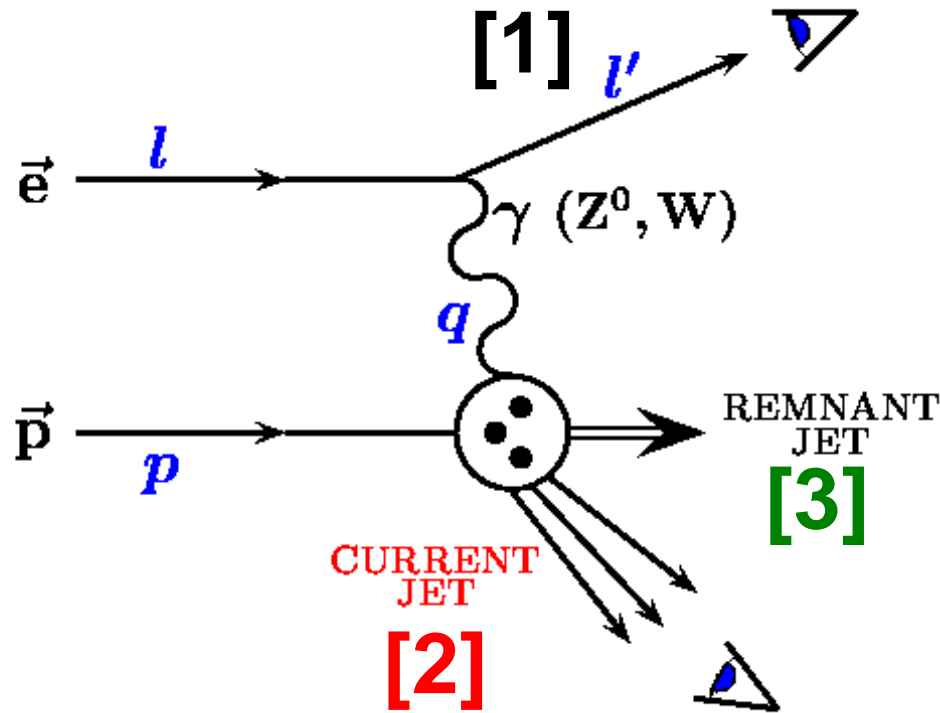
Proton
Mass $\approx 168 \times 10^{-26}$ g

$\sim 99\%$ of proton mass



Lepton-Nucleon Scatterings

QED tool to study QCD nature of the nucleon



$$Q^2 = -q^2 = sxy$$

$$x = \frac{Q^2}{2p \cdot q}$$

$$y = \frac{p \cdot q}{p \cdot l}$$

$$s = 4E_e E_p$$

$$W = (q + p)^2$$

- QED probe is clean
- $\alpha_{EM} \sim 1/137$ with broad Q coverage
- One-photon exchange approximation: $\sim 1\%$ accuracy
- Detection scale is determined by Q^2 : $1\text{GeV}^2 \sim \text{nucleon size}$

Observe scattered electron/muon

[1]

→ inclusive

Observe current jet/hadron

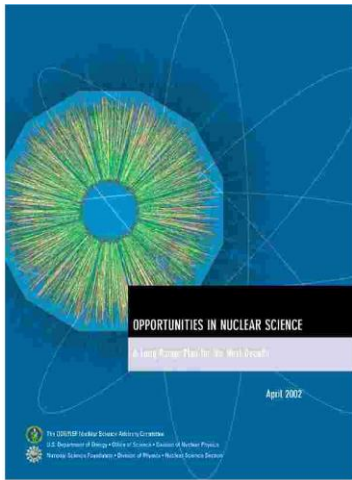
[1]+[2]

→ semi-inclusive

Observe remnant jet/hadron as well

[1]+[2]+[3]

→ exclusive



2002 Long Range Plan in the US

The Electron-Ion Collider (EIC). The EIC is a new accelerator concept that has been proposed to extend our understanding of the structure of matter in terms of its quark and gluon constituents. Two classes of

2002

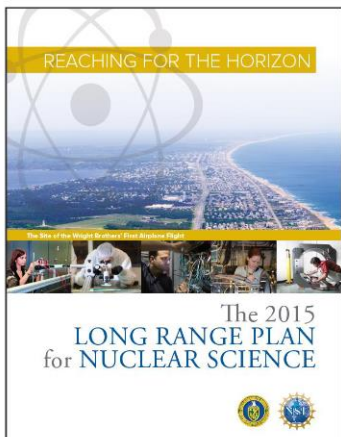
Major Nuclear Physics Facilities for the Next Decade

Report of the NSAC Subcommittee on Scientific
Facilities

March 14, 2013

The 2013 NSAC *Subcommittee on Future Facilities* identified an Electron-Ion Collider as **absolutely central** to the nuclear science program of the next decade.

2013



- Gluons...generate nearly all of the visible mass in the universe. Despite their importance, fundamental questions remain.... These can only be answered with a powerful new electron ion collider (EIC). **We recommend a high-energy high-luminosity polarized EIC as the highest priority for new facility construction following the completion of FRIB.**

2015

2020:CD-0
Approved project!

2021:CD-1

~2030:operation

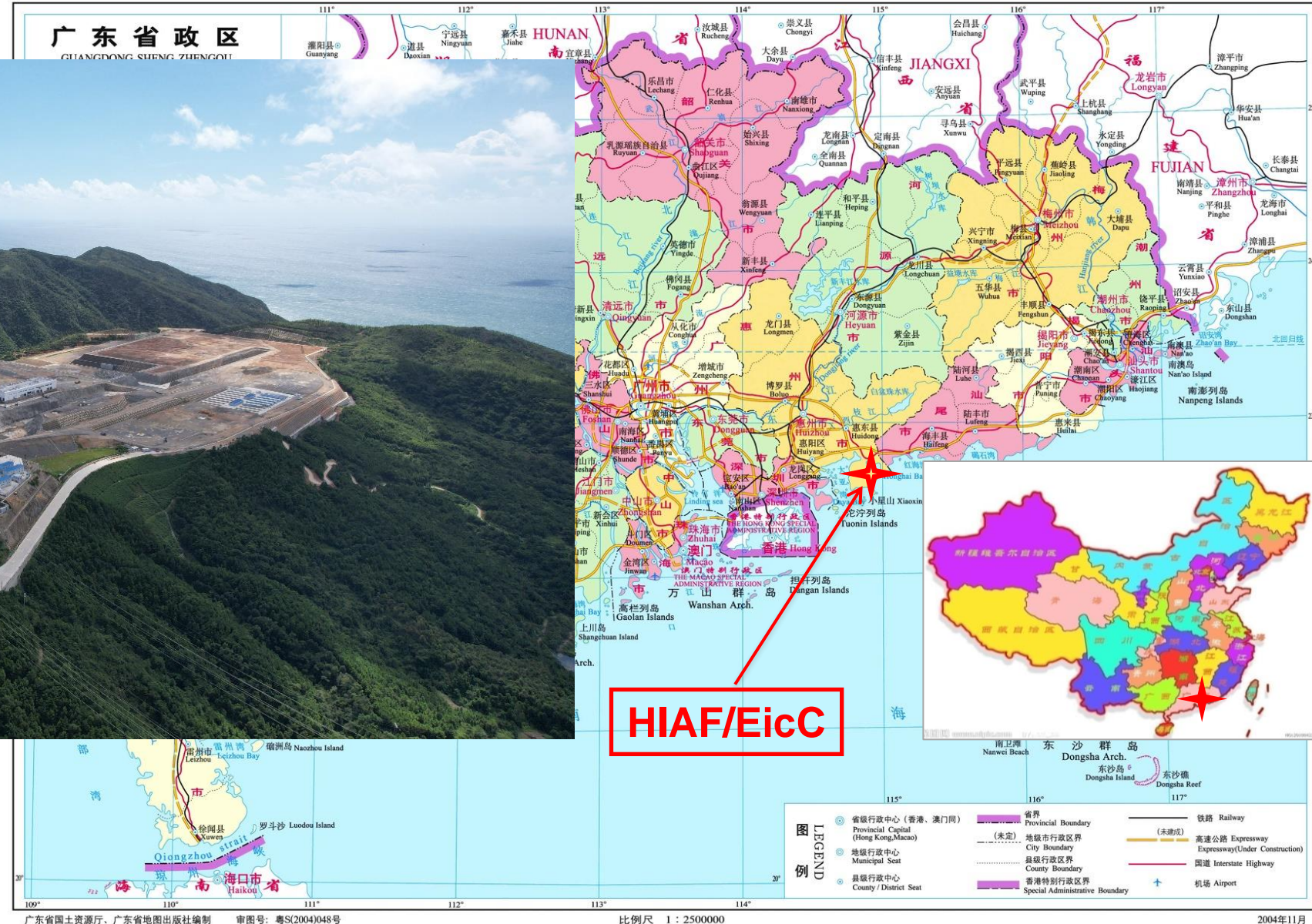
Outline

- General introduction of the Electron-Ion Collider **in China**
- Physics highlights
- Project status
- Summary

Where we are talking about...Huizhou(惠州) in Guangdong province



HIAF under construction



2004年11月

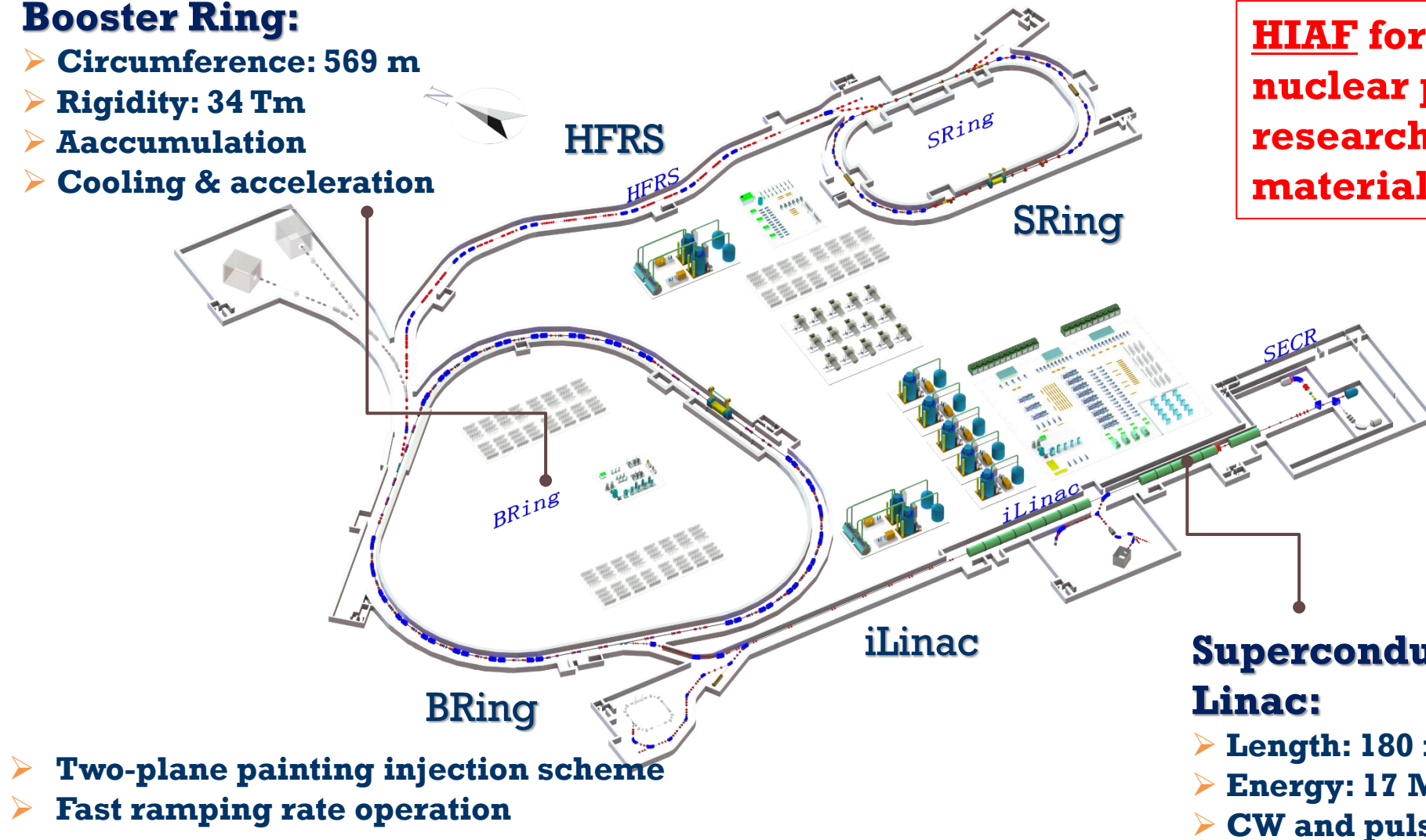
High Intensity heavy-ion Accelerator Facility (HIAF)

HIAF total investment: 2.5 billion RMB

Booster Ring:

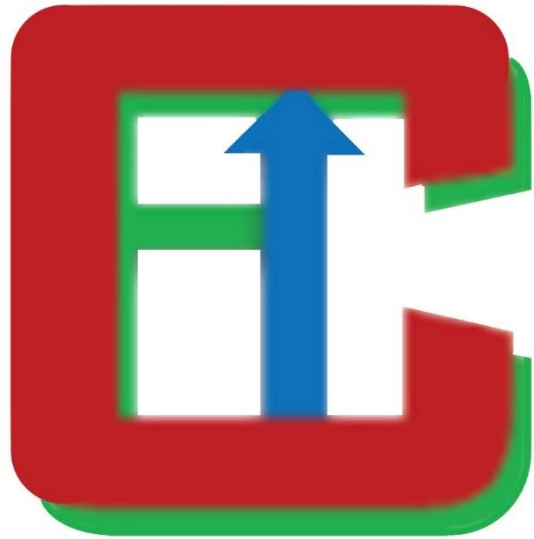
- Circumference: 569 m
- Rigidity: 34 Tm
- Accumulation
- Cooling & acceleration

HIAF for atomic physics,
nuclear physics, applied
research in biology and
material science etc.



Superconducting Ion Linac:

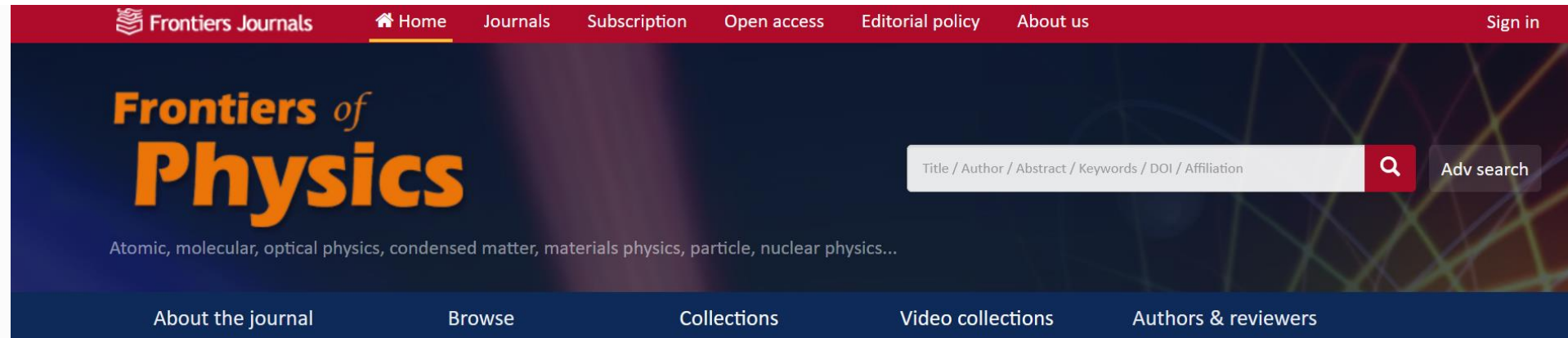
- Length: 180 m
- Energy: 17 MeV/u (U^{34+})
- CW and pulse modes



Electron **I**on **C**ollider in **C**hina, EicC

EicC white paper (arXiv: 2102.09222)

Published in the *Frontiers of Physics* Journal (open access)



Front. Phys. >> 2021, Vol. 16 >> Issue (6) : 64701. DOI: 10.1007/s11467-021-1062-0

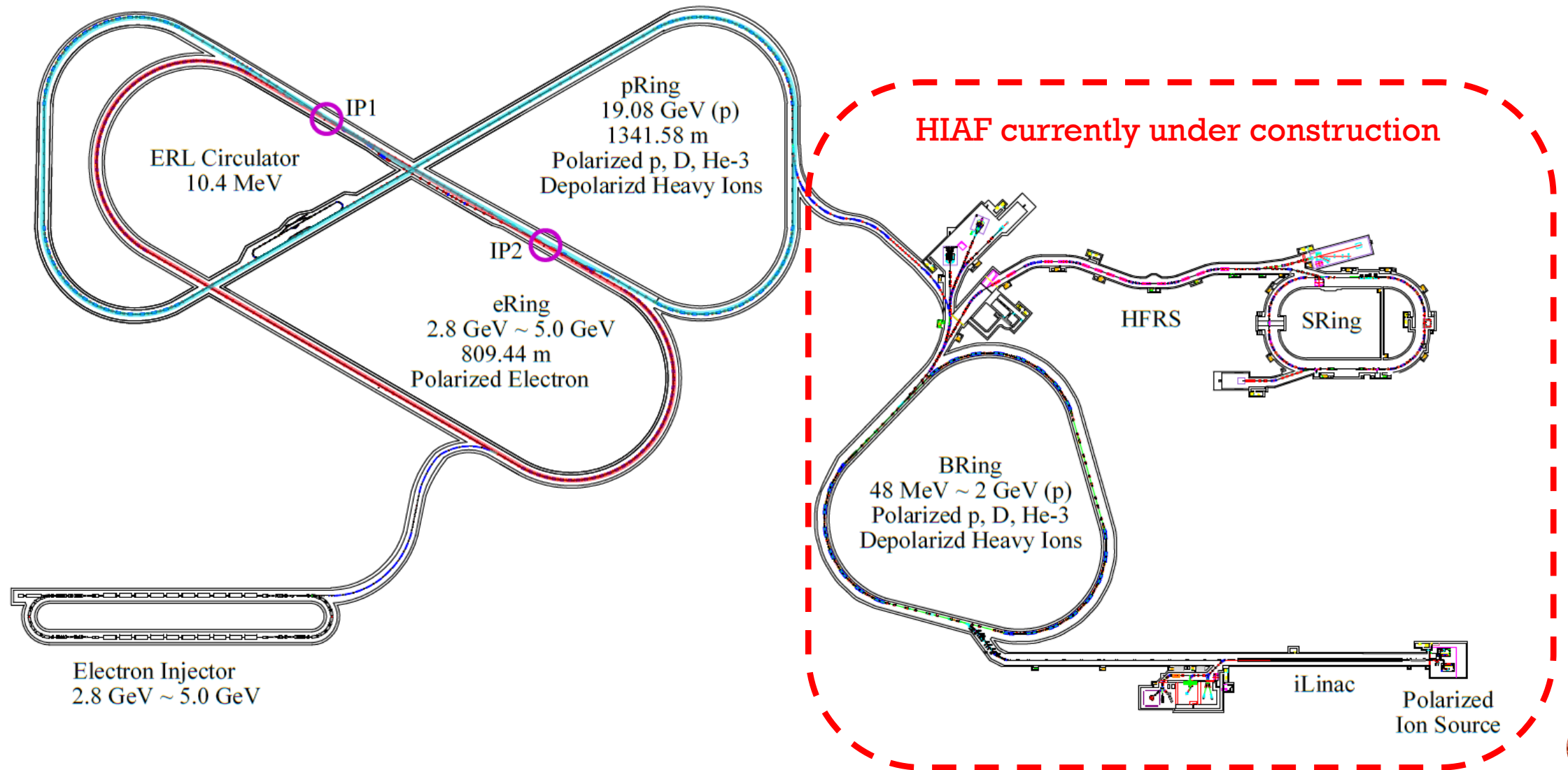
REPORT

Electron-ion collider in China

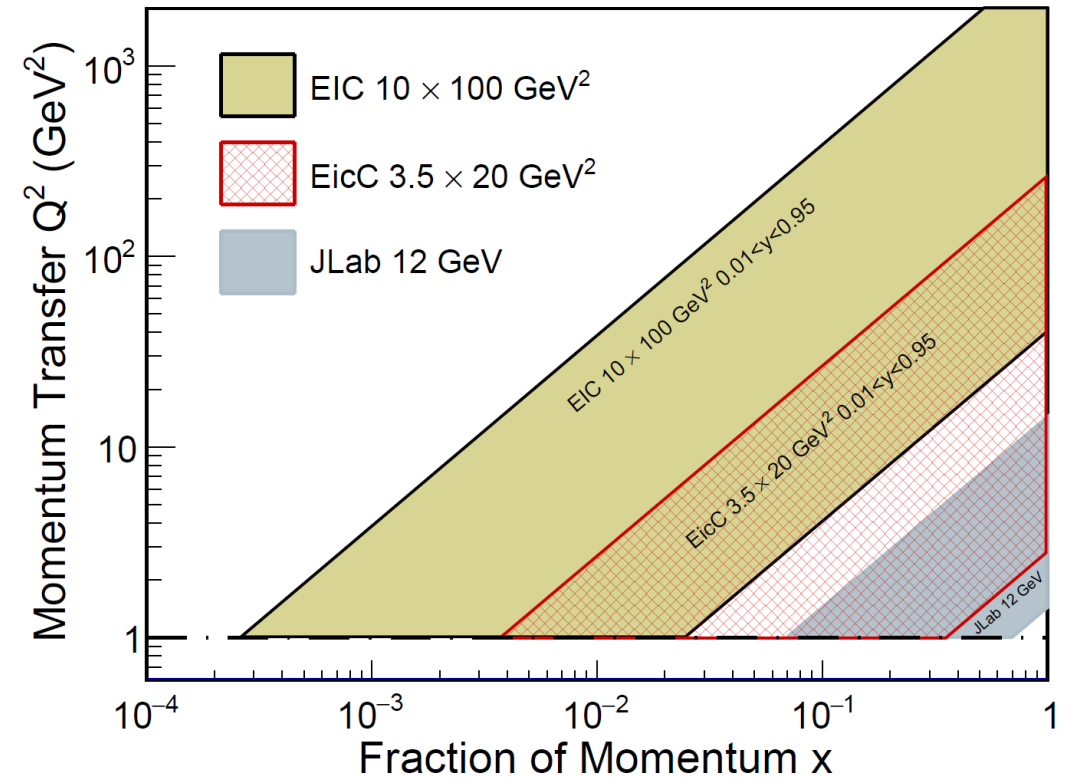
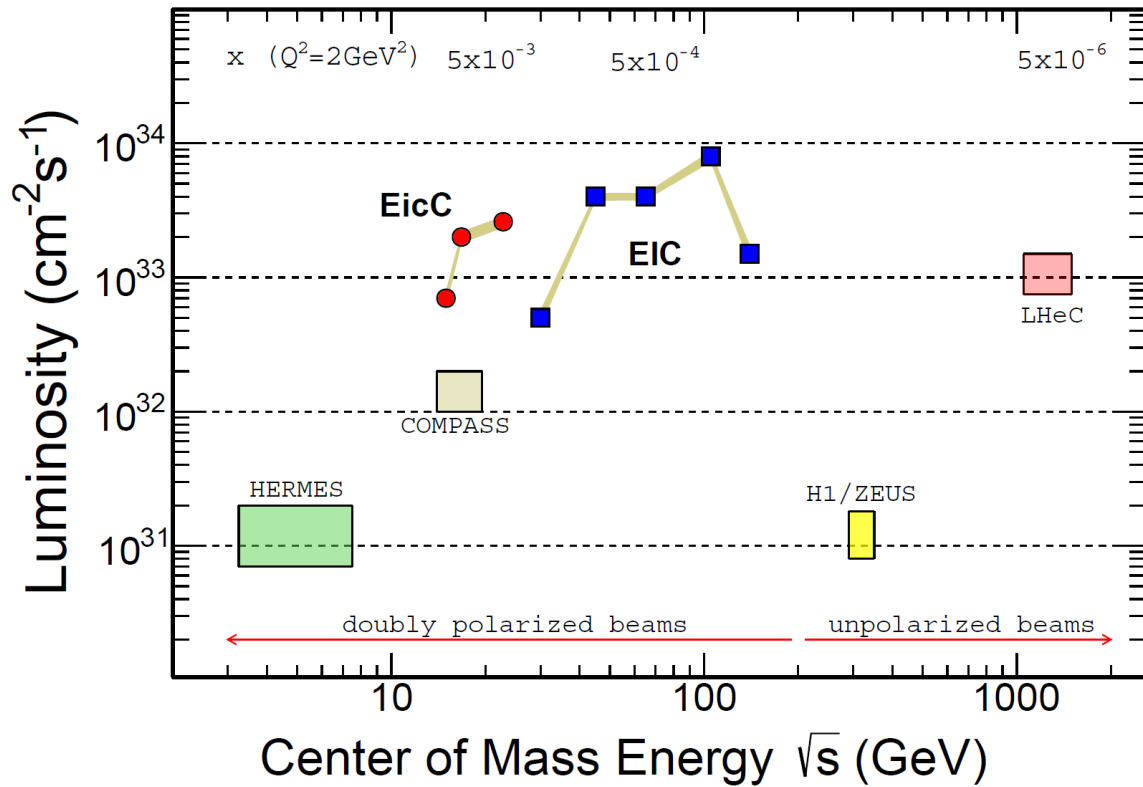
Now we have 46 institutes and >100 physicists

Daniele P. Anderle¹, Valerio Bertone², Xu Cao^{3,4}, Lei Chang⁵, Ningbo Chang⁶, Gu Chen⁷, Xurong Chen^{3,4}, Zhuojun Chen⁸, Zhufang Cui⁹, Lingyun Dai⁸, Weitian Deng¹⁰, Minghui Ding¹¹, Xu Feng¹², Chang Gong¹², Longcheng Gui¹³, Feng-Kun Guo^{4,14}, Chengdong Han^{3,4}, Jun He¹⁵, Tie-Jiun Hou¹⁶, Hongxia Huang¹⁵, Yin Huang¹⁷, Krešimir Kumerički¹⁸, L. P. Kaptari^{3,19}, Demin Li²⁰, Hengne Li¹, Minxiang Li^{3,21}, Xueqian Li⁵, Yutie Liang^{3,4}, Zuotang Liang²², Chen Liu²², Chuan Liu¹², Guoming Liu¹, Jie Liu^{3,4}, Liuming Liu^{3,4}, Xiang Liu²¹, Tianbo Liu²², Xiaofeng Luo²³, Zhun Lyu²⁴, Boqiang Ma¹², Fu Ma^{3,4}, Jianping Ma^{4,14}, Yugang Ma^{4,25,26}, Lijun Mao^{3,4}, Cédric Mezrag², Hervé Moutarde², Jialun Ping¹⁵, Sixue Qin²⁷, Hang Ren^{3,4}, Craig D. Roberts⁹, Juan Rojo^{28,29}, Guodong Shen^{3,4}, Chao Shi³⁰, Qintao Song²⁰, Hao Sun³¹, Paweł Sznajder³², Enke Wang¹, Fan Wang⁹, Qian Wang¹, Rong Wang^{3,4}, Ruiru Wang^{3,4}, Taofeng Wang³³, Wei Wang³⁴, Xiaoyu Wang²⁰, Xiaoyun Wang³⁵, Jiajun Wu⁴, Xinggang Wu²⁷, Lei Xia³⁶, Bowen Xiao^{23,37}, Guoqing Xiao^{3,4}, Ju-Jun Xie^{3,4}, Yaping Xie^{3,4}, Hongxi Xing¹, Hushan Xu^{3,4}, Nu Xu^{3,4,23}, Shusheng Xu³⁸, Mengshi Yan¹², Wenbiao Yan³⁶, Wencheng Yan²⁰, Xinhua Yan³⁹, Jiancheng Yang^{3,4}, Yi-Bo Yang^{4,14}, Zhi Yang⁴⁰, Deliang Yao⁸, Zhihong Ye⁴¹, Peilin Yin³⁸, C.-P. Yuan⁴², Wenlong Zhan^{3,4}, Jianhui Zhang⁴³, Jinlong Zhang²², Pengming Zhang⁴⁴, Yifei Zhang³⁶, Chao-Hsi Chang^{4,14}, Zhenyu Zhang⁴⁵, Hongwei Zhao^{3,4}, Kuang-Ta Chao¹², Qiang Zhao^{4,46}, Yuxiang Zhao^{3,4}, Zhengguo Zhao³⁶, Liang Zheng⁴⁷, Jian Zhou²², Xiang Zhou⁴⁵, Xiaorong Zhou³⁶, Bingsong Zou^{4,14}, Liping Zou^{3,4}

EicC Accelerator complex layout



EicC Specs



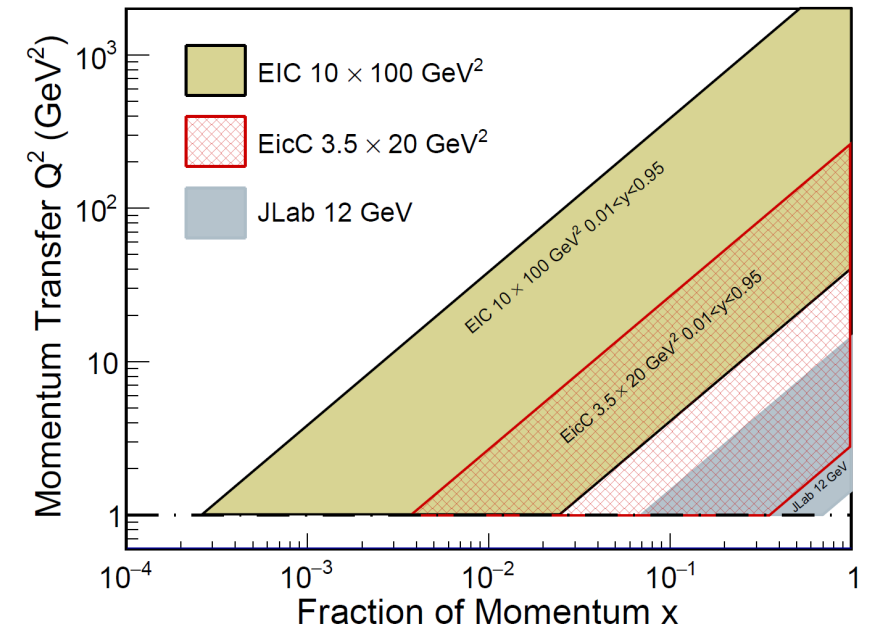
- EicC covers the kinematic region between JLab experiments and US-EIC
- EicC complements the ongoing scientific programs at JLab and future EIC project
- EicC focuses on moderate x and sea-quark region

Outline

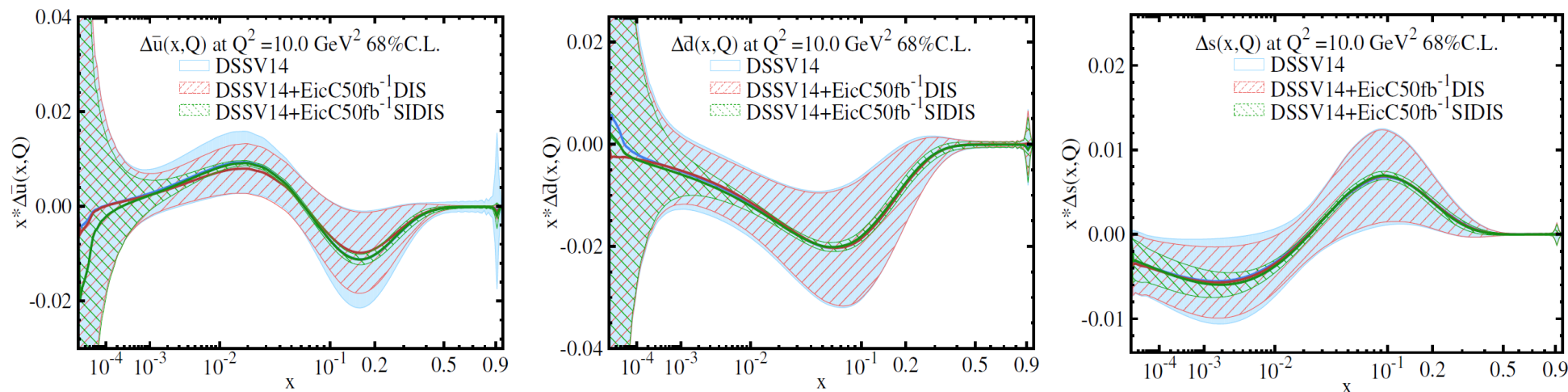
- General introduction of the Electron-Ion Collider in China
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Highlighted physics topics

- Spin structure of the nucleon: 1D, 3D
 - polarized electron + polarized proton/light nuclei
- Partonic structure of nuclei and the parton interaction with the nuclear environment
 - unpolarized electron + unpolarized various nuclei
- Exotic states with c/\bar{c} , b/\bar{b} (BESIII community in China)
- Origin of the proton mass study

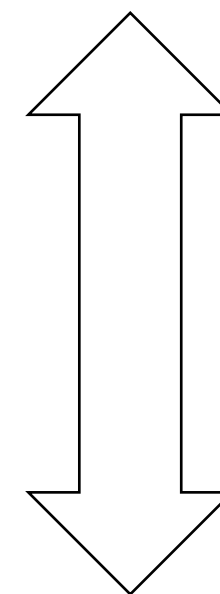


Spin structure of the nucleon-helicity distribution



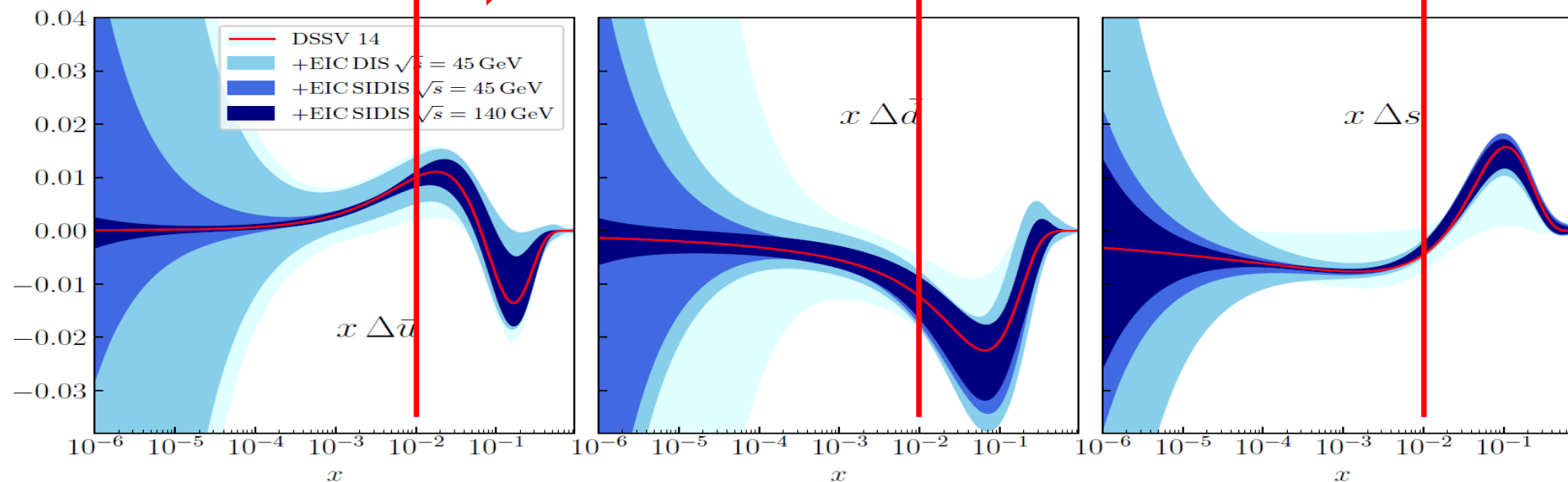
A NLO impact study
See [arXiv:2103.10276](https://arxiv.org/abs/2103.10276)
JHEP08(2021)034

EicC white paper

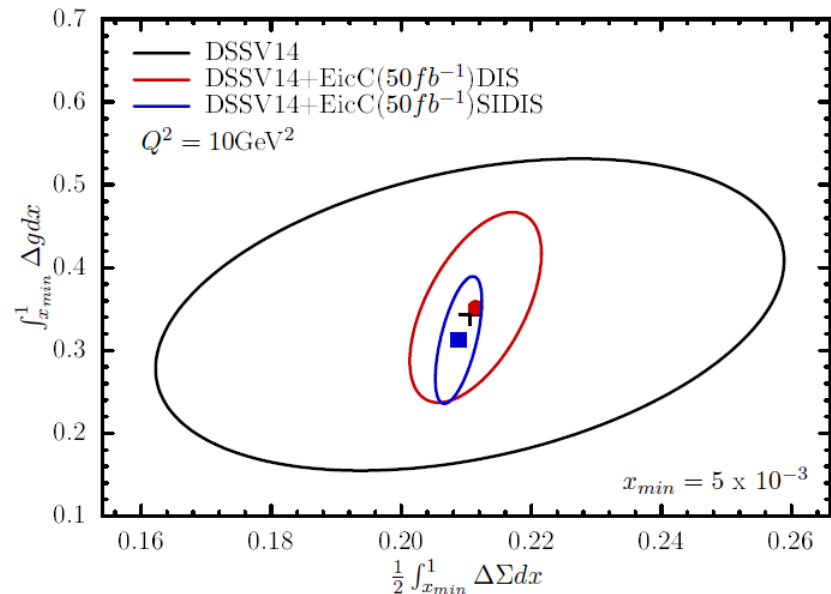
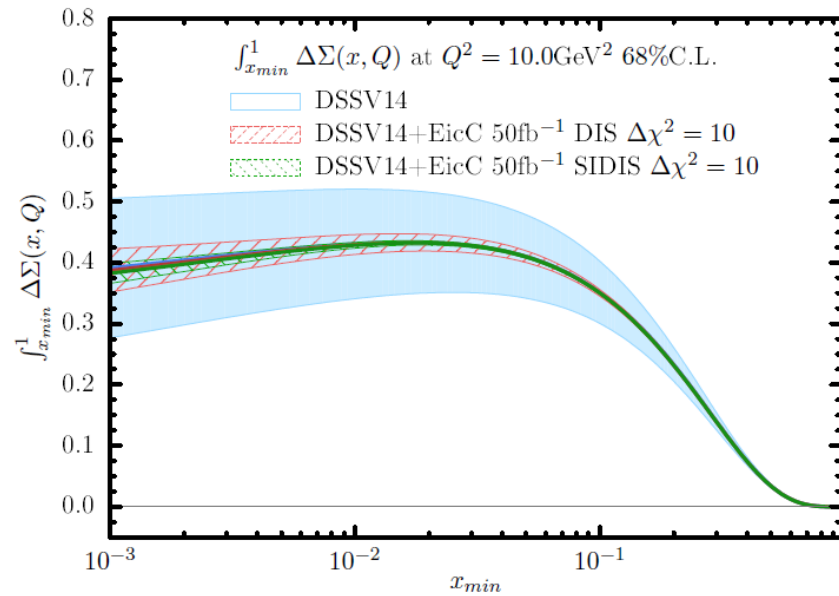


EIC Yellow Report

EicC coverage

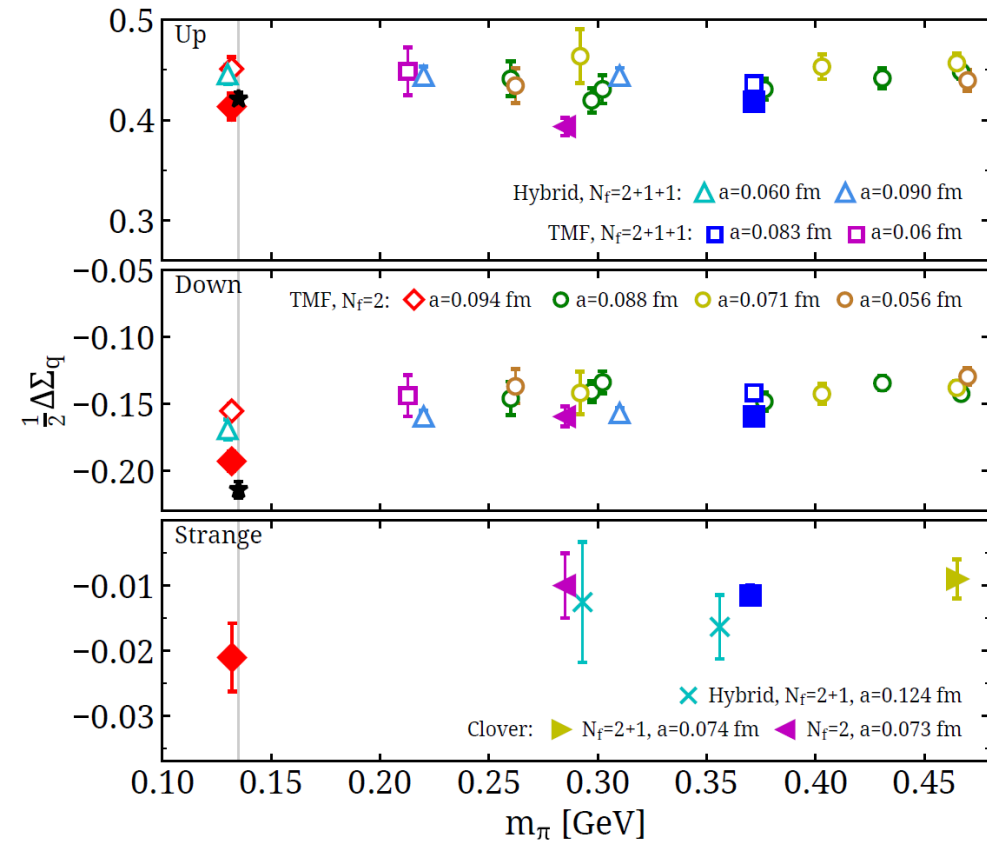


Quark/gluon spin contributions to the proton spin



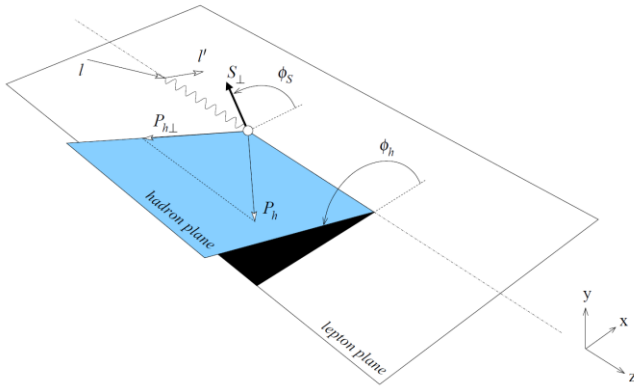
Lattice QCD simulations

PRL19.142002, 2017



Also, LQCD is able to do quasi-PDF calculations

Spin structure of the nucleon-TMDs



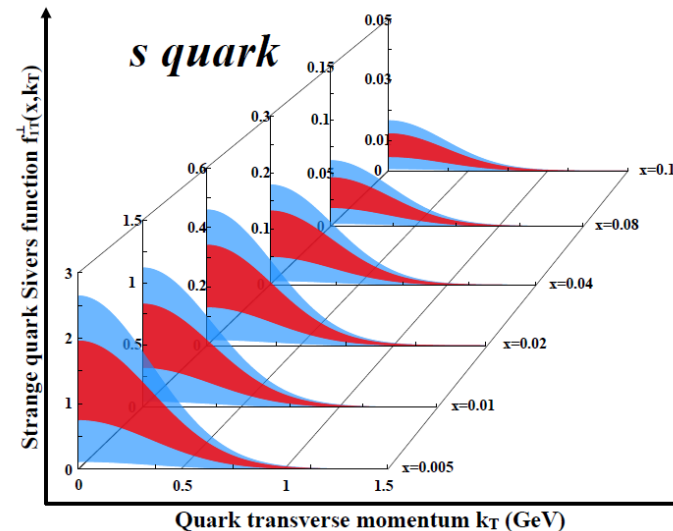
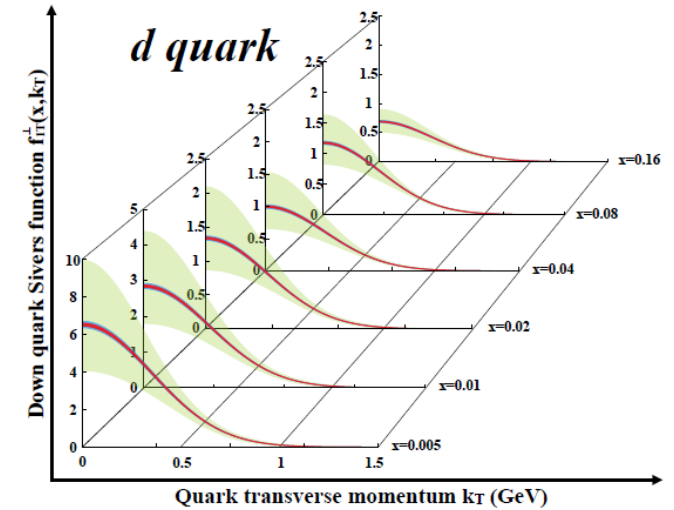
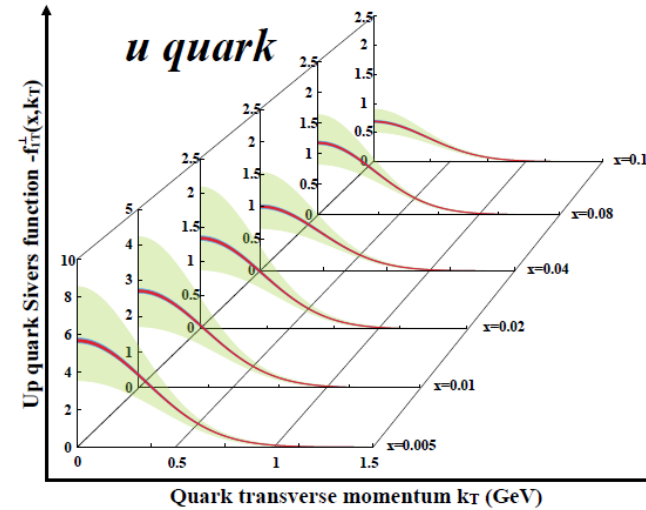
u/d Sivers **EicC** vs world data

LO analysis

EicC SIDS data:

- Pion(+/-), Kaon(+/-)
- ep: 3.5 GeV X 20 GeV
- eHe-3: 3.5 GeV X 40 GeV
- Pol.: e(80%), p(70%), He-3(70%)
- Lumi: ep 50 fb⁻¹, eHe-3 50 fb⁻¹

EicC, precise measurements.



Green: Current accuracy

Red: stat. error only

Blue: sys. Error included

- sea quark Sivers function dynamically generated via Spin dependent odderon
- leads to a unique predication for s-quark: quark and anti-quark Sivers functions flip sign

H. Dong, D. X. Zheng, J. Zhou, 2018

A few more words about TMDs study at the EicC

Constrain the non-perturbative part of TMD evolution kernel

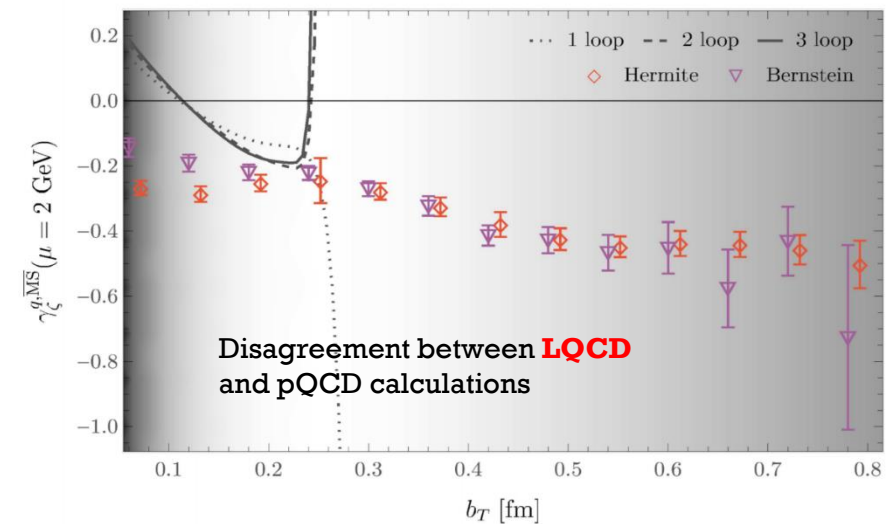
It is of great importance to unambiguously determine TMD evolution effects

$$\exp \left[\int_{\mu_0}^{\mu} \frac{d\mu'}{\mu'} \gamma_{\mu}^i(\mu', \zeta_0) \right] \exp \left[\frac{1}{2} \gamma_{\zeta}^i(\mu, b_T) \ln \frac{\zeta}{\zeta_0} \right]$$

↓ large b_T

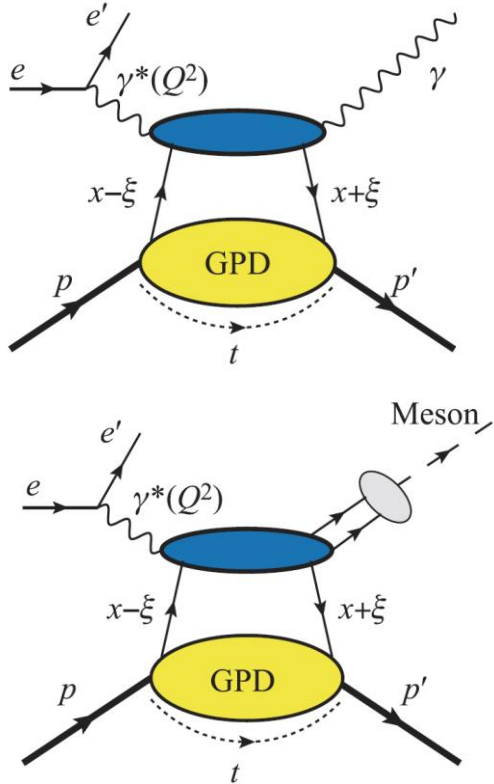
- Considerable efforts to constrain the **non-perturbative part of TMD evolution kernel**
- Disagreement among model dependent parameterizations
C. A. Aidala, B. Field, L. P. Gamberg and T. C. Rogers, 2014
J. Collins and T. Rogers. 2015
Alexey A. Vladimirov, 2020
- Exploratory **LQCD** study: P. Shanahan, M. Wagman, Y. Zhao, 2020

- Less sensitive to the non-perturbative part at high energy
- Provide wide/moderate Q^2 leverage at EicC



Spin structure of the nucleon-GPDs

The extraction of CFF with neural network methods [Kumericki, 19]



Polarized beam, unpolarized target (SSA)

$$A_{LU}^{\sin\phi} \propto \frac{y\sqrt{1-y}}{2-2y-y^2} \sqrt{\frac{-t}{y^2Q^2}} \times x_B \text{Im} \left[F_1 \mathcal{H} + \xi(F_1 + F_2) \tilde{\mathcal{H}} - k F_2 \mathcal{E} + \dots \right] (x_B, t, Q^2),$$

Unpolarized beam, longitudinal target (ITSA)

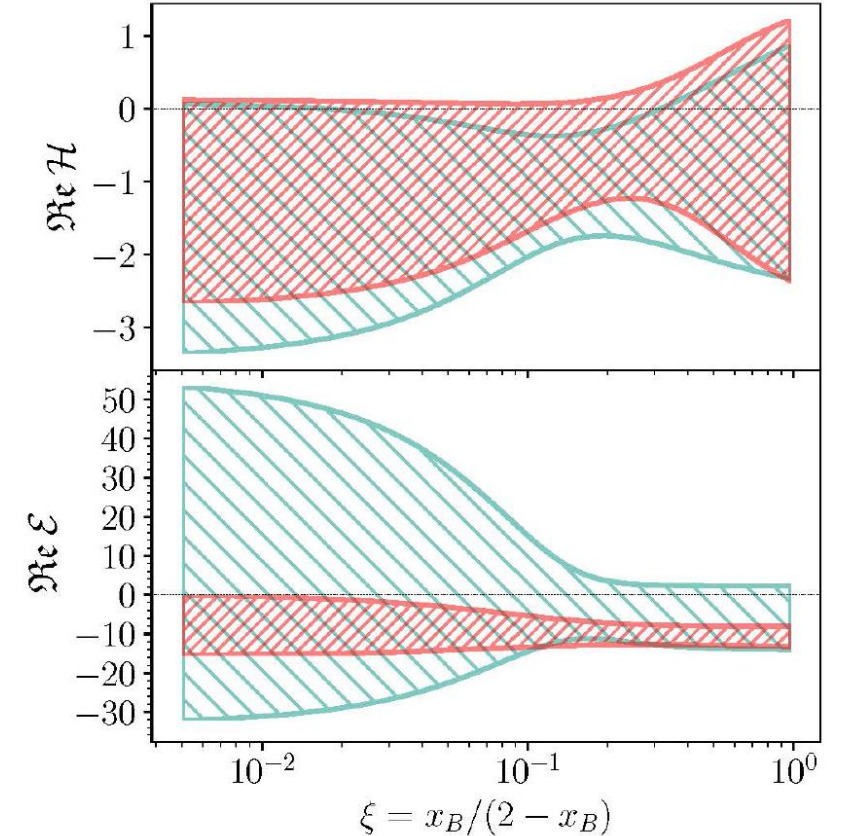
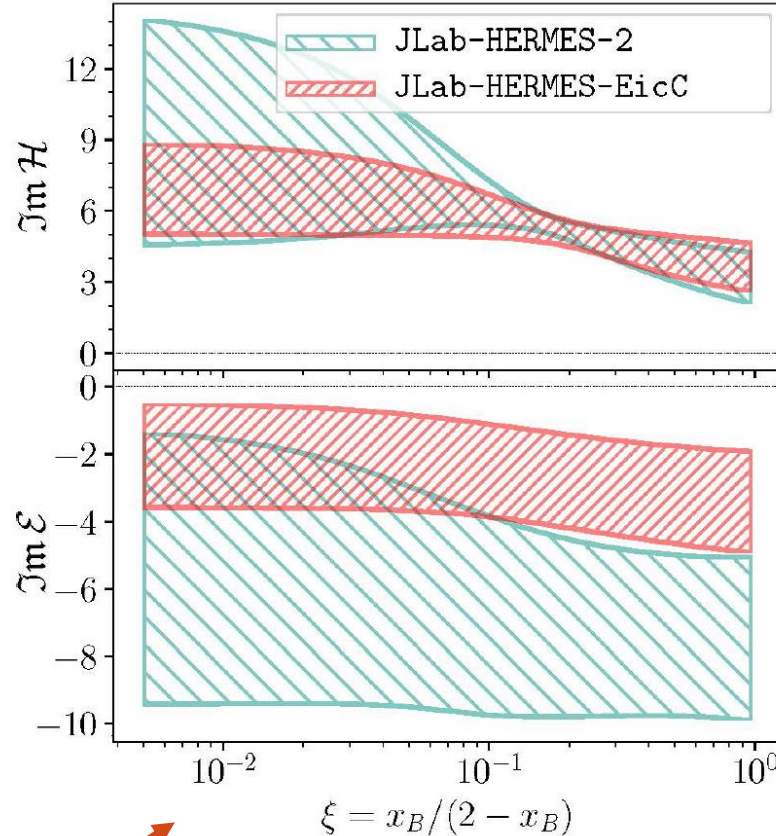
$$A_{UL}^{\sin\phi} \propto \frac{\sqrt{1-y}}{2-y} \sqrt{\frac{-t}{y^2Q^2}} \times x_B \text{Im} \left[F_1 \tilde{\mathcal{H}} + x_B(F_1 + F_2) \left(\tilde{\mathcal{H}} + \frac{x_B}{2\mathcal{E}} \right) - x_B k F_2 \tilde{\mathcal{E}} + \dots \right] (x_B, t, Q^2),$$

Unpolarized beam, transverse target (tTSA)

$$A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi-\phi_S)\cos\phi} \propto \frac{\sqrt{1-y}}{2-y} \frac{-t}{2yM_N Q} \times x_B \text{Im} \left[F_1 \mathcal{H} + \xi(F_1 + F_2) \left(\tilde{\mathcal{H}} + \frac{x_B}{2} \mathcal{E} \right) - \xi k F_2 \tilde{\mathcal{E}} + \dots \right] (x_B, t, Q^2),$$

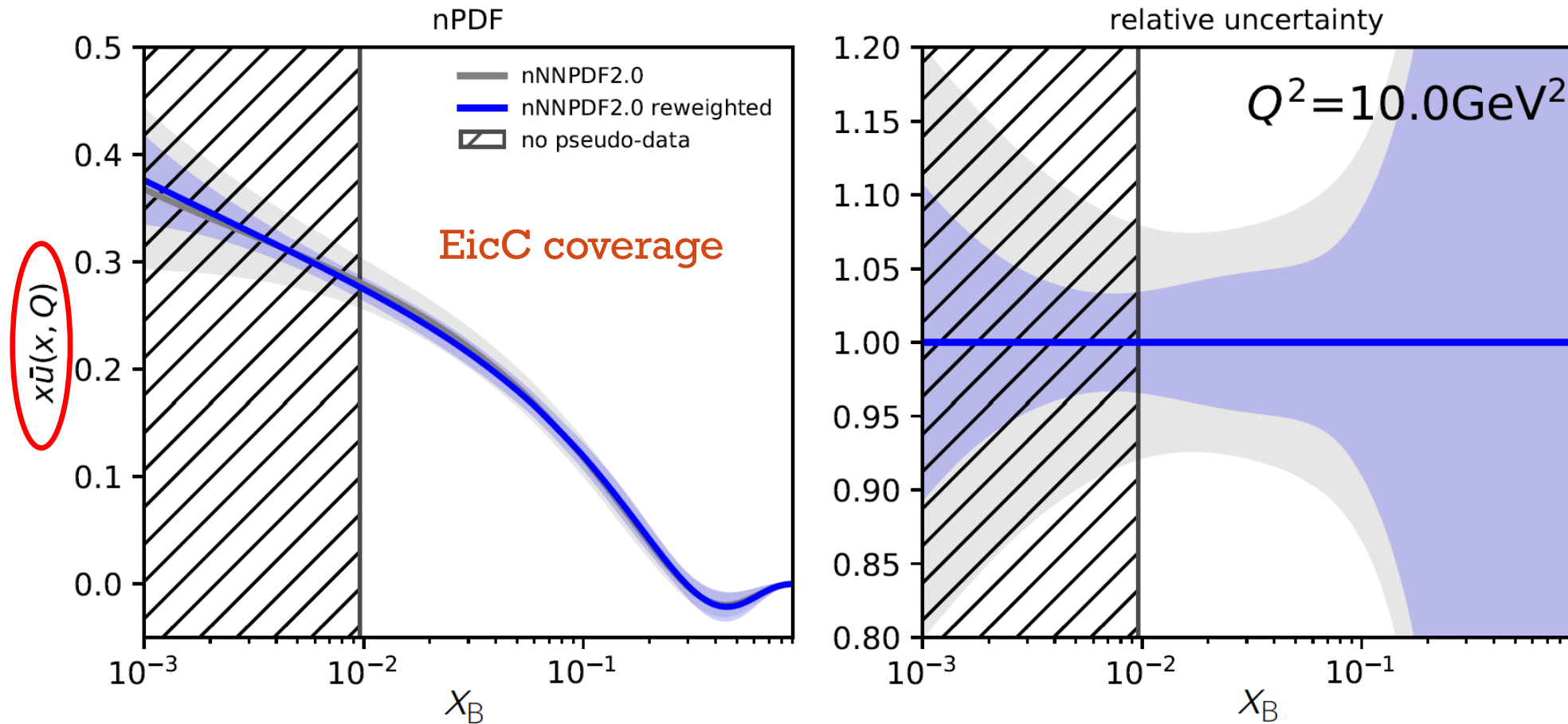
Polarized beam, longitudinal target (DSA)

$$A_{LL} \propto (A + B \cos\phi) \text{Re} \left[F_1 \mathcal{H} + \xi(F_1 + F_2) \left(\mathcal{H} + \frac{x_B}{2} \mathcal{E} \right) + \dots \right],$$



Only with this azimuthal angular modulation

Nuclear PDFs study with ion beam



With only a few hours of running

Proton mass study

Mass decomposition [Ji, 95]

$$M = \underbrace{M_q + M_m}_{\text{Quark}} + \underbrace{M_g + M_a}_{\text{Gluon}}$$

M_q : quark energy

M_m : quark mass (condensate)

M_g : gluon energy

M_a : trace anomaly

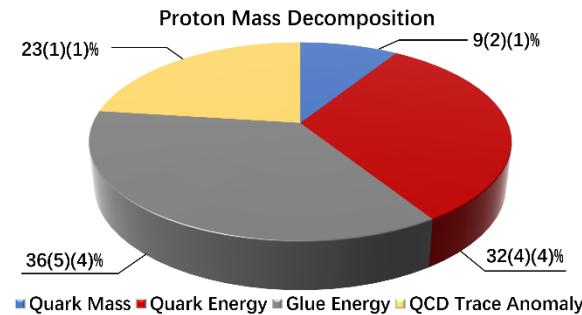
■ M_q and M_g constrained by PDFs.

■ M_m via πN low energy scattering.

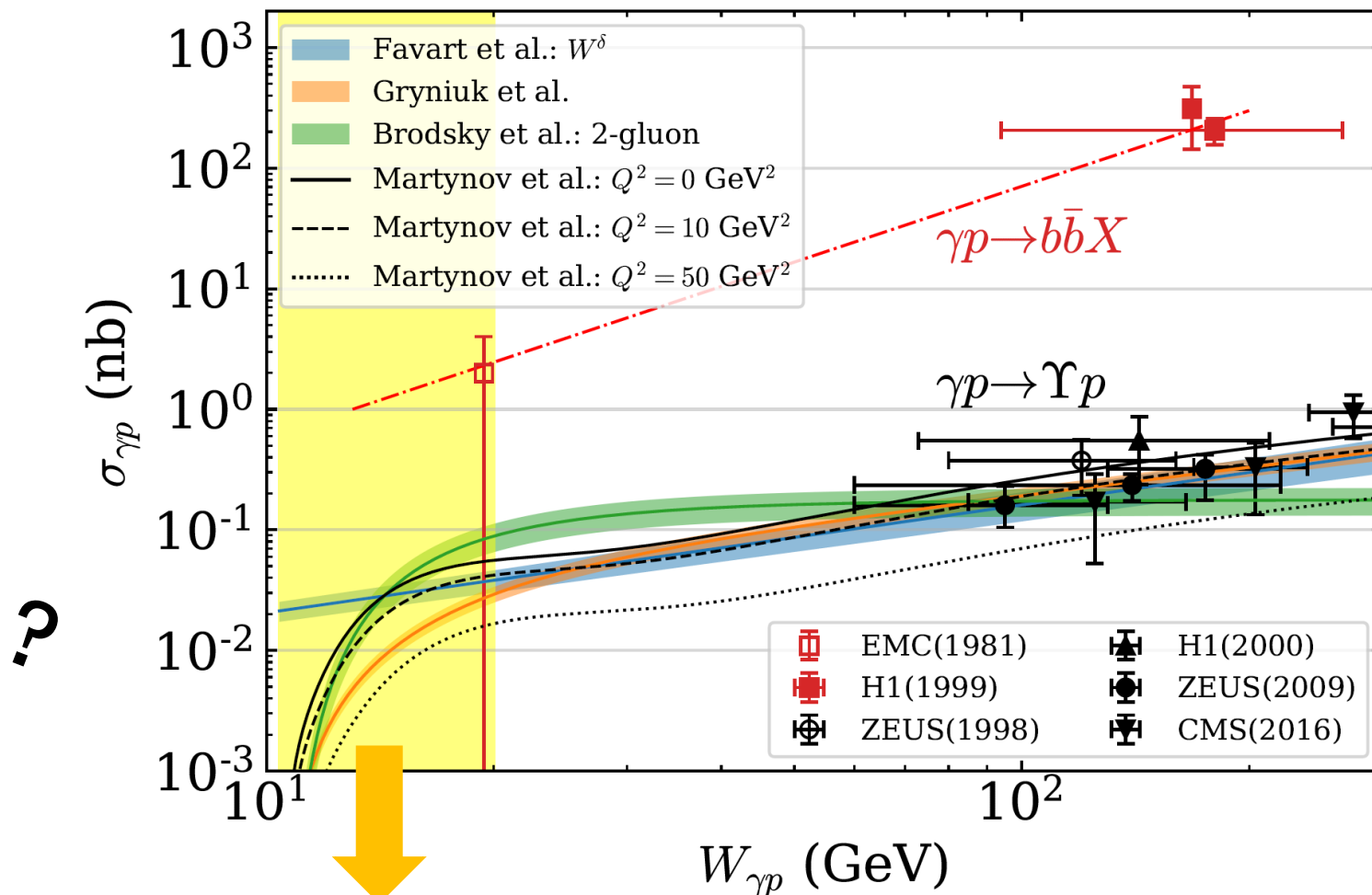
■ M_a via threshold production of J/Ψ (8.2 GeV; JLab) and Υ (12 GeV);

■ Threshold requires low CoM energy. (Low y at EIC).

■ Complementarity between EicC (and EIC) and lattice. **Guideline**



Lattice QCD calculation by Yang et al, 2018

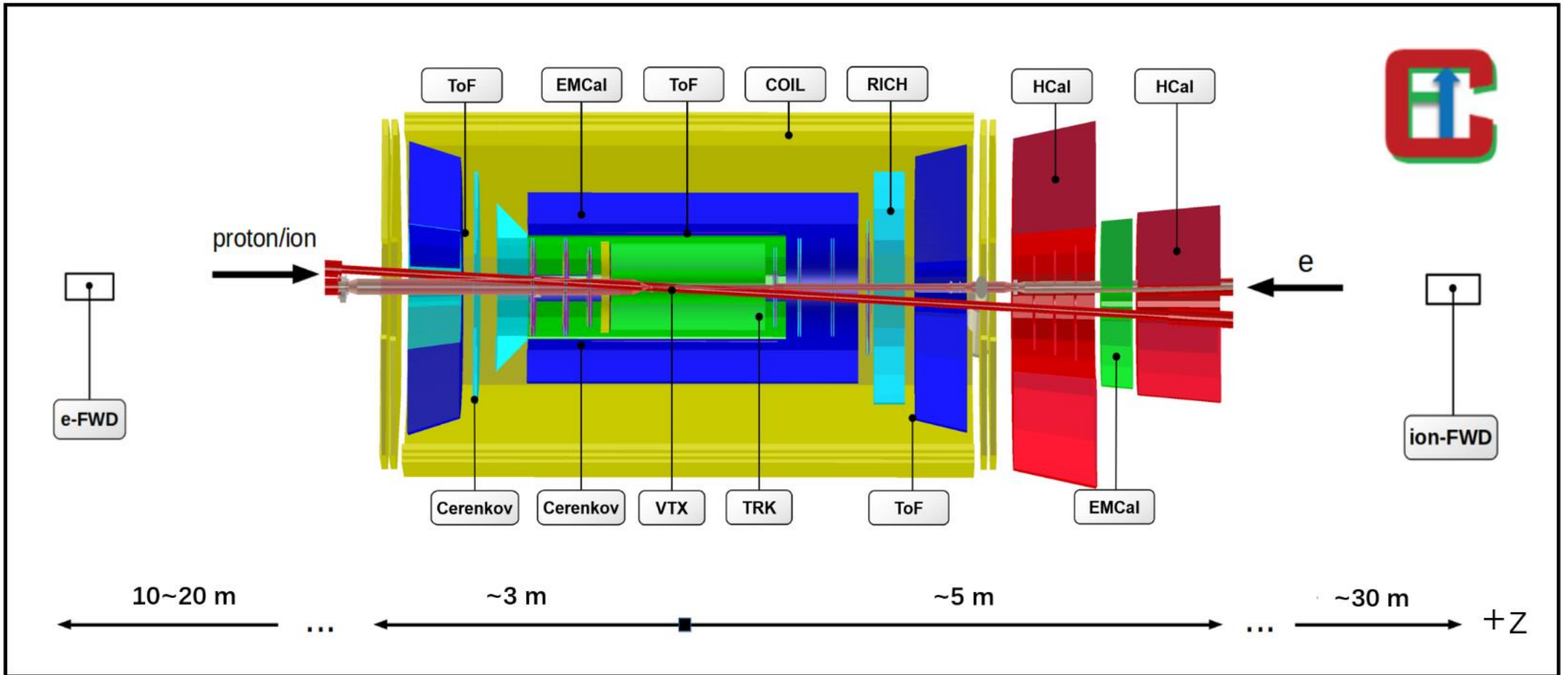


EicC coverage

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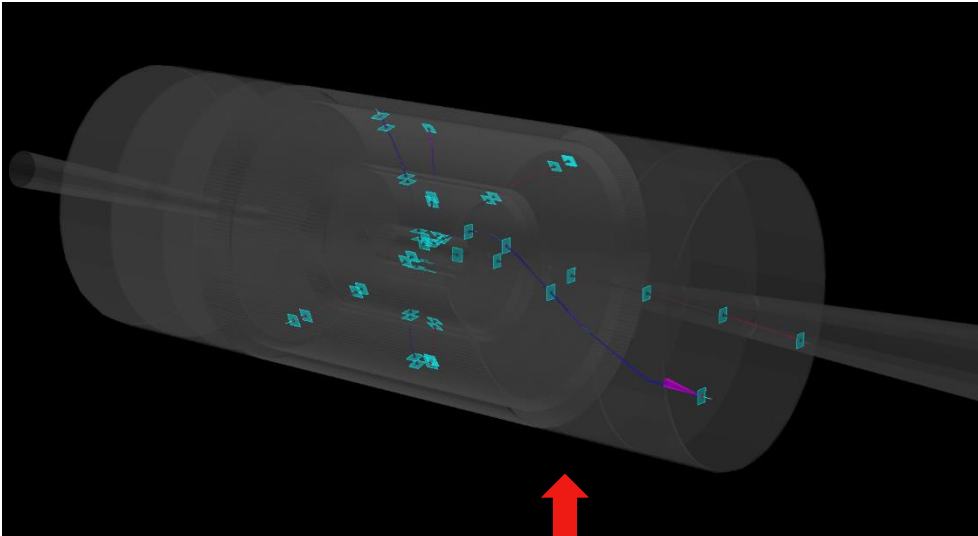
EicC detector considerations



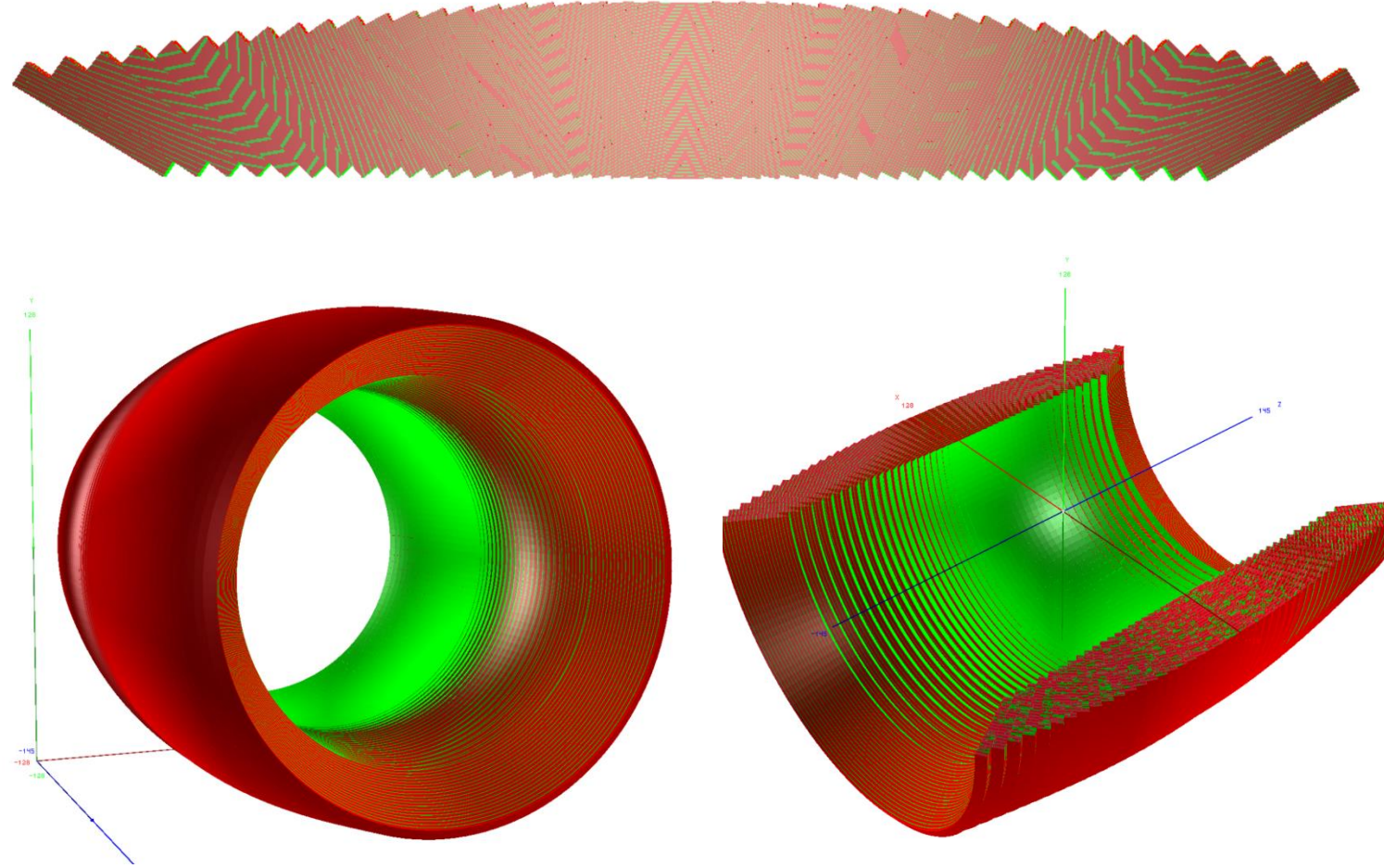
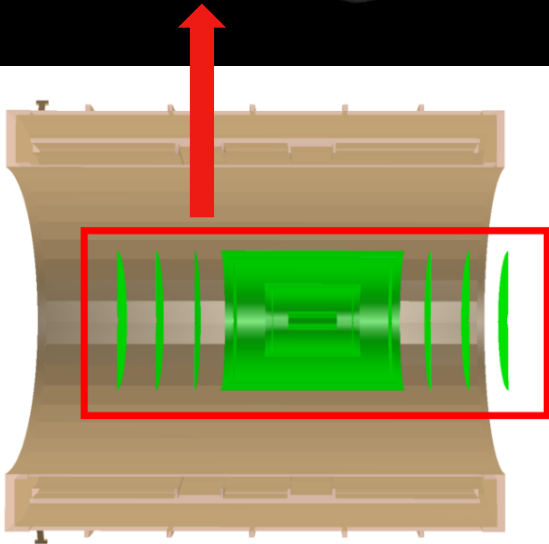
Detailed full Geant4 simulation is ongoing

Subsystem simulations---an example

Tracking with all-silicon design



arXiv:2102.08337



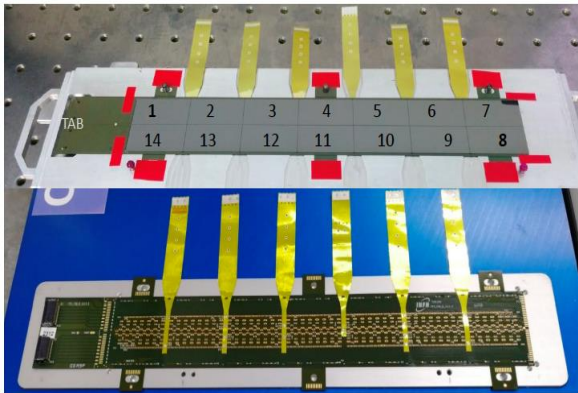
Calorimetry system

Detector R&Ds

Clean rooms of ISO6 and ISO7 (in total of 200 m²) for detector assembling



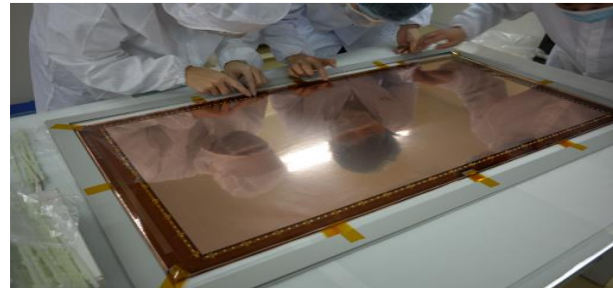
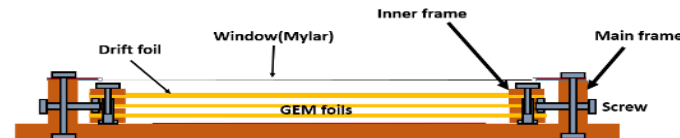
ALICE style ITS2 MAPS pixel detector



- 25cm x 25 cm **Micromegas** mass production
- R&D on 0.4m x 0.4m

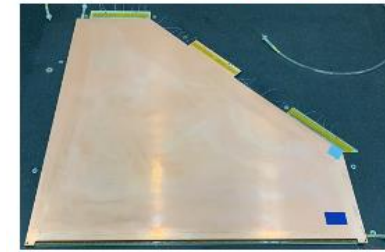


1m x 0.5 m **GEM** (self-stretching)



sTGC detector

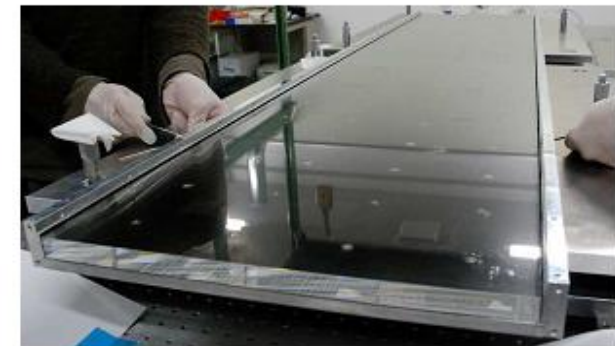
~55cm * 55cm pentagon



Shashlyk and W-powder+ScFi **EMCal**



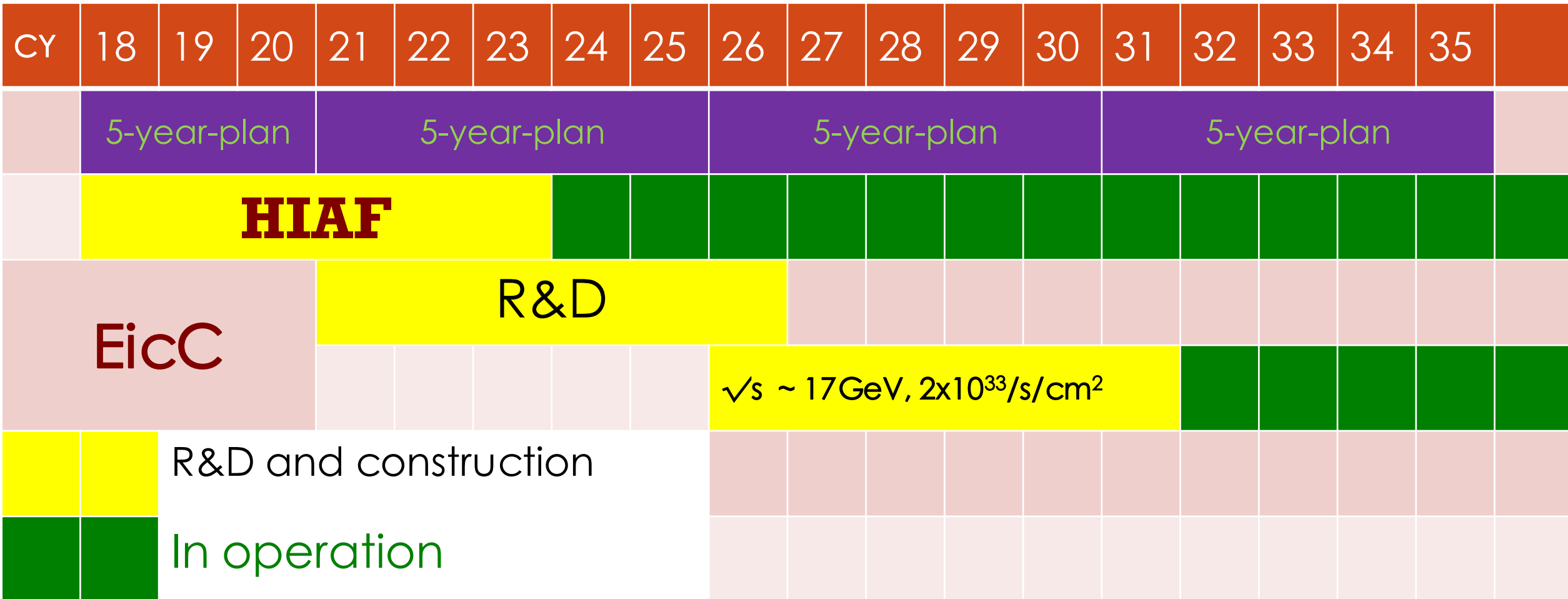
DIRC prototype



Timeline

We are here

Finish EicC CDR



To follow our regular meetings/workshops

- For subscription to the **eicc_member** mail list, please do it in the following link:

http://lists.ustc.edu.cn/sympa/subscribe/eicc_member?previous_action=info

- For subscription to the **eicc_physics** mail list, please do it in the following link:

http://lists.ustc.edu.cn/sympa/subscribe/eicc_physics?previous_action=info

- For subscription to the **eicc_detector** mail list, please do it in the following link:

http://lists.ustc.edu.cn/sympa/subscribe/eicc_detector?previous_action=info

- For subscription to the **eicc_accelerator** mail list, please do it in the following link:

http://lists.ustc.edu.cn/sympa/subscribe/eicc_accelerator?previous_action=info

Summary

- EicC is briefly introduced
 - EicC focuses on sea-quark/gluon related study at moderate/large-x region
- Full Geant4 simulation and detector R&Ds are ongoing
- More physics topics are under study and development
- EicC complements EIC physics program at higher energy

Thanks and you are more than welcome to join the effort!



Office area in Huizhou, Guangdong will be available soon