# Status and progress of TPC R&D for circular collider

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On behalf of TPC detector subgroup

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 October, 26, CEPC2020, Shanghai

### Outline

# Physics motivation Highlights of TPC R&D International collaboration Summary

# TPC technology R&D

- TPC track technology is as one the baseline option in CEPC CDR
  - **TPC** limitation items under the high luminosity
  - Ions back flow in chamber (MOST1 funding)
  - Calibration and alignment using UV lasers(NSFC funding)
  - Low power consumption FEE ASIC chip(MOST1)
- Pixel readout R&D as one possible option for circular collider







# **Physics motivation**

### TPC limitations for Z

- Ions back flow in chamber
- Calibration and alignmens<sup>FC</sup> Low power consumption MOS<sup>T1</sup> ASIC chip

dated Parameters of Collider Ring since CDR						
	Higgs		Z (2T)			
	CDR	Updated	CDR	Updated		
Beam energy (GeV)	120		45.5			
Synchrotron radiation loss/turn (GeV)	1.73	1.68	0.036			

3.78

17

218 (0.68µs)

17.8

0.33/0.001

0.89/0.0018

17.1/0.042

3.93

0.22

23.8

8.0

12000

461.0

16.5

2

0.2/0.001

0.18/0.0016

6.0/0.04

8.5

2.1

33

15

15000

1081.4

38.6

11.8

1.8

101.6

× 3.2

2.58

15.0

242 (0.68µs)

17.4

30

2

0.36/0.0015

1.21/0.0031

20.9/0.068

3.26

0.67



Piwinski angle

Beam current (mA)

Cell number/cavity

Emittance ε<sub>x</sub>/ε<sub>y</sub> (nm)

Bunch length  $\sigma_z$  (mm)

ifetime (hour).

 $\beta$  function at IP  $\beta_x^* / \beta_y^*$  (m)

Beam size at IP σ<sub>x</sub>/σ<sub>y</sub>(μm)

Number of particles/bunch N<sub>e</sub> (10<sup>10</sup>)

Synchrotron radiation power /beam (MW)

unch number (bunch spacing)

IP

**TPC** detector concept

### **IBF** simulation study at Z

### **Goal:**

- Operate TPC at higher luminosity
- No Gating options
- **Gimulation** 
  - **IBF**×Gain default as the factor of 5
  - 9 thousand Z to qq events
  - 60 million hits are generated in sample
  - □ Average hit density: 6 hits/mm<sup>2</sup>
  - Voxel size:  $1 \text{mm} \times 6 \text{mm} \times 2 \text{mm}$
  - □ Average voxel occupancy: 1.33 × 10<sup>-8</sup>
  - □ Voxel occupancy at TPC inner most layer: ~2×10<sup>-7</sup>
  - Validated with 3 ions disks
  - Simulation of the multi ions disk in chamber under the continuous beam structure
  - Without the charge of the beam-beam effects in TPC

### DOI: 10.1142/S0217751X19400165, 2019 DOI: 10.1088/1748-0221/12/07/P07005, 2017



Deviation with the different TPC radius - 5 -

### Prospects for a TPC at Z

- Rough estimations at L =  $35 \cdot 10^{35}$  cm<sup>-2</sup> s<sup>-1</sup> indicate primary ionisation at a ILC250 level  $\Rightarrow < 5 \mu m$  distortions (This equals 8  $\mu m$  with IBF = 1) See <u>Arai Daisuke</u>
- Simulation from CEPC TPC with Gain  $\times$  IBF = 1 and L = 32·10<sup>34</sup> cm<sup>-2</sup> s<sup>-1</sup>  $\Rightarrow$  < 16 µm distortions (Gain  $\times$  IBF = 1 and L = 32·10<sup>34</sup> cm<sup>-2</sup> s<sup>-1</sup>) from Zhiyang Yuan
- FCCee/TLEP studies at Gain × IBF = 1 and 16.8 kHz hadronic Zs by Philippe Schwemling ⇒ < 22 μm distortions</li>

### Rough esitimation of primary ionisation

- 10 kHz Z event rate
- 500 ms will accumulate 5000 Z events
- 20 tracks / Z event and 10 000 e / track
- Volume is ~4 10<sup>7</sup> resulting in 25 e/cm<sup>3</sup>
- Similar to ILC250 accumulated charge





# **PID** requirements

### Manqi@IAS2020 meeting



Highly appreciated in flavor physics @ CEPC Z pole TPC dEdx + ToF of 50 ps

At inclusive Z pole sample:

Conservative estimation gives efficiency/purity of 91%/94% (2-20 GeV, 50% degrading +50 ps ToF) Could be improved to 96%/96% by better detector/DAQ performance (20% degrading + 50 ps ToF)

### dE/dx of Flaver tag, pion, kaon

### Uli Einhaus@ILD meeting



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# Highlights of TPC R&D

# TPC detector module@ IHEP

DOI: 10.1088/1748-0221/12/04/P0401 JINST, 2017.4 DOI: 10.1088/1674-1137/41/5/056003, CPC,2016.11 DOI: 10.7498/aps.66.072901Acta Phys. Sin. 2017,7

### • Study with GEM-MM module

- New assembled module
- Active area: 100mm × 100mm
- X-tube ray and 55Fe source
- Bulk-Micromegas assembled from Saclay
- Standard GEM from CERN
- Avalanche gap of MM:128μm
- Transfer gap: 2mm
- Drift length:2mm~200mm
- pA current meter: Keithley 6517B
- Current recording: Auto-record interface by LabView
- **Standard Mesh: 400LPI**
- High mesh: 508 LPI





Micromegas(Saclay)

**GEM(CERN)** 



Cathode with mesh

GEM-MM Detector - 10 -

### **GEM+MM VS DMM@USTC**



Lower gain and lower IBF ratio

# Different concepts with IBF suppression

Pixel TPC with double meshes	Triple or double GEMs	Resistive Micromegas	GEM+ Micromegas	Double meshes Micromegas
IHEP, Nikehf	KEK, DESY	Saclay	IHEP	USTC
Pad size: 55um-150um square	Pad size: 1mm×6mm	Pad size: 1mm×6mm	Pad size: 1mm×6mm	Pad size: 1mm×6mm (If resistive layer)
Advantage for TPC: Low gain: 2000 IBF×Gain: -1	Advantage for TPC: Gain: 5000-6000 IBF×Gain: <10	Advantage for TPC: Gain: 5000-6000 IBF×Gain: <10	Advantage for TPC: Gain:5000- 6000 IBF×Gain: <5	Advantage for TPC: High gain: 10^4 Gain: 5000-6000 IBF×Gain: 1-2
Electrons cluster size for FEE: About Ø200um	Electrons cluster size for FEE: About Ø5mm	Electrons cluster size for FEE: About Ø8mm	Electrons cluster size for FEE: About Ø6mm	Electrons cluster size for FEE: About Ø8mm
Integrated FEE in readout board Detector Gain: 2000	FEE gain: 20mV/fC Detector Gain: 5000-6000	FEE gain: 20mV/fC Detector Gain: 5000-6000	FEE gain: 20mV/fC Detector Gain: 5000-6000	FEE gain: 20mV/fC Detector Gain: 5000-6000

# Highlight progress of FEE R&D

- Low power consumption ASIC FEE chip for TPC Liu Wei's talk In this session detector using 65nm CMOS
- **Two MWP finished**
- **Result of the power consumption of SAR ADC could** tested less than 5mW/ch in total chip
- Three chips were exposed to the radiation source at a dose rate of 50 rad (Si)/s at room temperature with the total dose up to 1 Mrad(Si)
- All the performances of three chips remained almost the same after irradiation
- **Preliminary requirement for CEPC track detector (<1** krad) from CDR

Module Name	Power (mW)
Total Chip	4.0
Reference Buffer	0.25
SAR ADC Core	1.0
Clock Generation	2.75





### Study setup for AFE

# TPC prototype R&D

- Main parameters
  - Drift length: ~510mm, Readout active area: 200mm × 200mm
  - Integrated the laser calibration with 266nm
  - GEMs/Micromegas as the readout
  - Amplifier
    - CASAGEM chip
    - 16Chs/chip
    - Shape time: 20ns
  - **DAQ** 
    - FPGA+ADC
    - 4 module/mother boar
    - 64Chs/module
    - Sample: 40MHz
    - 1280chs





Diagram of the TPC prototype with the laser calibration system - 14 -



Energy spectrum of 55Fe and the laser

Results of position resolution with PRF

# dE/dx R&D

### Beam test results@5GeV/1T/Pad TPC

### Jochen@ILD meeting



- **5GeV e- beam at DESY**
- **TPC** detector with GEMs readout Micromegas readout

### Beam test results@5GeV/1T/Pixel TPC

### Peter@ILD meeting



2.7% resolution is within prospects of PixelTPC [arXiv:1902.01987]

### dE/dx by 266nm UV laser@IHEP



# Full simulation @3 Tesla vs. 2 Tesla @240 GeV



- The  $\delta_m$  of  $\mu\mu$  recoil mass increases ~50% as expected when B = 2 T
- It needs at least 125% more data to get the same  $\delta_m$  at 3 T

# TPC transverse r\u00c6 resolution



### International collaboration

- IHEP Signed MOA and joined in LCTPC collaboration@ Dec. 14, 2016
- IHEP participated in IDR LCTPC documents in 2019
- IHEP participated in LOI Snowmass LCTPC documents in 2020
- Participated the beam test at DESY in 2016 and 2019

# TPC prototype cooperated with Tsinghua



### International cooperation

LCTPC collaboration group (LCTPC)



- Singed MOA and joined in LC-TPC collaboration @Dec. 14,2016
- As coordinator in ions test and the new module design work package
- CSC funding: PhD Haiyun jiont CEA-Scalay TPC group(6 months)
- Joint beam test in DESY with our hybrid detector module in 2019



### International cooperation

- CEA-Saclay IRFU group (FCPPL)
  - Three vidyo meetings with Prof. Aleksan Roy/ Prof. Yuanning/ Manqi and some related persons (2016~2017)
  - Exchange PhD students: Haiyun Wang participates Saclay's R&D six months in 2017~2018
  - Bulk-Micromegas detector assembled and IBF test
  - IBF test using the new Micromegas module with mor 590 LPI
  - UV+ laser tracker





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### Summary

Requirements and critical challenges for the high luminosity motivation:

- **IBF\*Gain should be considered at the high luminosity**
- Some motivations of TPC detector for collider at Z pole run listed.

### TPC module and prototype R&D:

- TPC can meet most requirements of PID and moment resolution, and others should be optimized and R&D
- Concerning TPC technology R&D in ILD collaboration, IHEP will continuously collaborated with LCTPC
- The calibration and alignment methods of the narrow UV laser beam considered for further R&D
- IHEP and Nikehf will collaborated in pixel TPC to significantly reduced the issue of IBF at high luminosity in collider

10:30 - 12:00	Gaseou	s Detector
	Convene	rs: Silvia Dalla Torre (CERN), Mr. Imad LAKTINEH (IPNL), Dr. Huirong Qi (Institute of High Energy Physics, CAS), Hongyu ZHANG (EPC, IHEP, CAS, China)
	Location	: Grand Ballroom A ( Online Meeting Room: https://weidijia.zoom.com.cn/j/68389800454 )
	10:30	<b>Status and progress of CEPC TPC R&amp;D</b> <i>18'</i> Speaker: Dr. Huirong Qi (Institute of High Energy Physics, CAS)
	10:48	<b>65nm ASIC FEE for TPC</b> <i>18</i> ' Speakers: 伟刘 (清华大学), Dr. 智邓 (清华大学)
	11:06	Development of the uRWELL detector for large area application 18'         Speaker:       Dr. You Lv (USTC, CAS)         Material:       Slides
	11:24	High time presion MRPC for CEE 18'         Speaker:       Dr. Botan Wang (Tsinghua University)         Material:       Slides       Slides
16:30 - 18:30 Cor Loc 16:3 16:5	The secure	RPC FEE 18' MAK Way Out of Orange of
	Convener	s: Silvia Dalla Torre (CERN), Mr. Imad LAKTINEH (IPNL), Dr. Huirong Qi (Institute of High Energy Physics, CAS)
	Location:	Grand Ballroom A ( Online Meeting Room: https://weidijia.zoom.com.cn/j/68389800454 )
	16:30	<b>Pixel TPC Technology R&amp;D</b> 20' Speaker: Peter Kluit (NIKEHF)
	16:50 I	<b>4PGD technology 20'</b> Speaker: Florian Brunbauer (C)
	17:10 E	<b>)rift chamber 20'</b> Speaker: Marco Chiappini (INFN-Pisa)
	17:30 s	Speaker: Dr. Klaus Dehmelt (Stony Brook U.)
	17:50 F	<b>RPC new readout</b> 20'         Speaker:       Prof. imad laktineh (IPNL)         Material:       Slides
	18:10 <b>s</b>	Status of the gaseous detector on jet studies with PID 15'

Speaker: Dr. Zhiyang Yuan (IHEP)