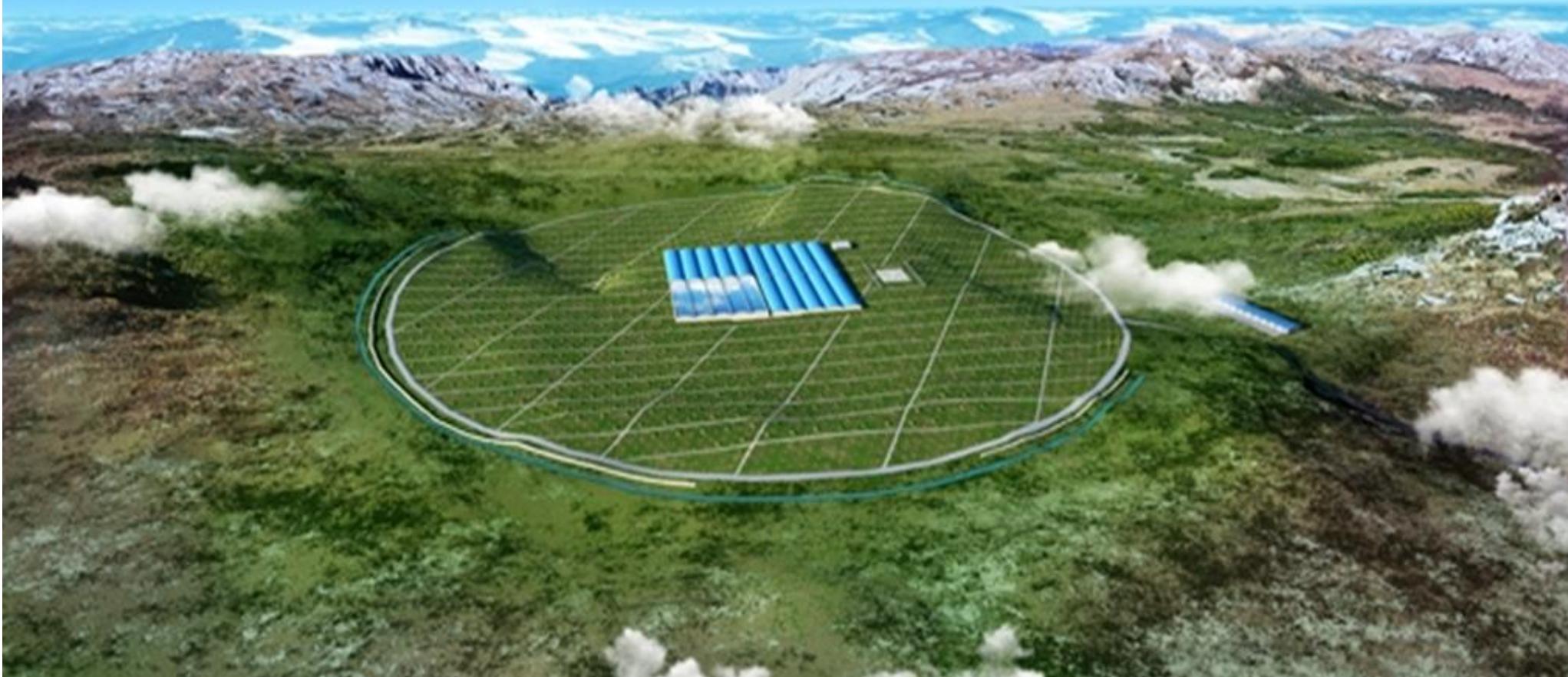




# A 3D Likelihood Analysis Tool for LHAASO-KM2A data

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2021/10/14 @ Shanghai



# What's 3D likelihood

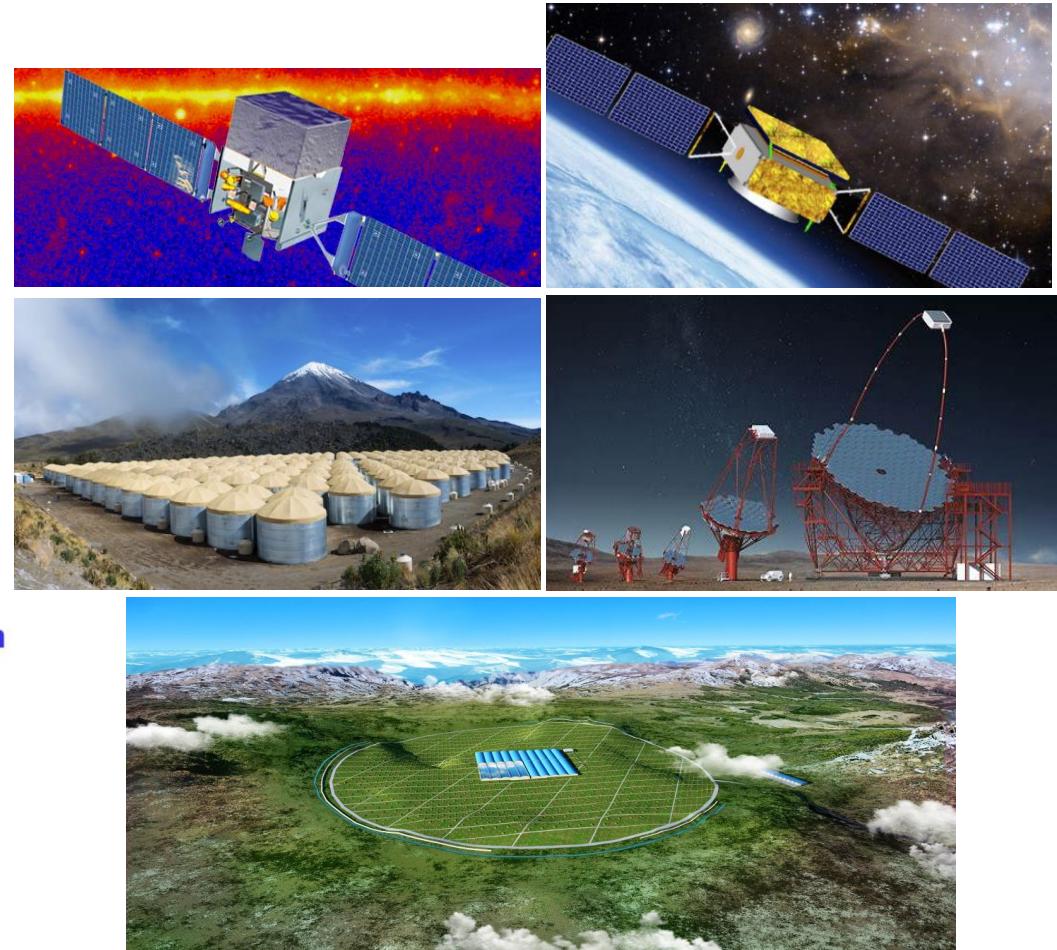
Spectrum + Spatial distribution Fit

- Space-base: Fermi-LAT, DAMPE
- Ground-base: HWAC, HESS, CTA

The source model is considered as:

$$S(E, \hat{p}, t) = \sum_i s_i(E, t) \delta(\hat{p} - \hat{p}_i) + S_G(E, \hat{p}) + S_{eg}(E, \hat{p}) + \sum_l S_l(E, \hat{p}, t),$$

↑                      ↑                      ↑  
 Point Sources    Galactic & EG Diffuse Sources    Other Sources



This model is folded with the Instrument Response Functions (IRFs) to obtain the predicted counts in the measured quantity space ( $E', p', t'$ ):

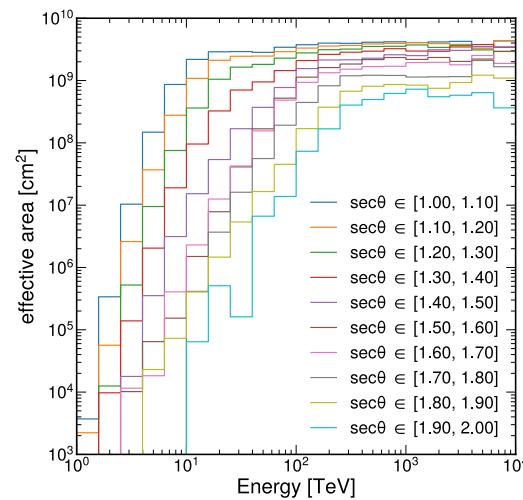
$$M(E', \hat{p}', t) = \int_{\text{SR}} dE d\hat{p} R(E', \hat{p}', t; E, \hat{p}) S(E, \hat{p}, t)$$

where

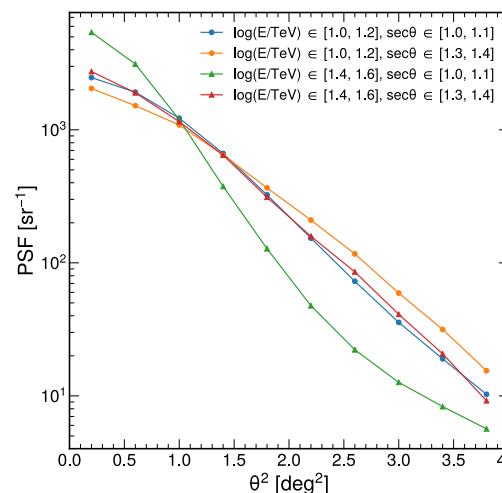
$$R(E', \hat{p}'; E, \hat{p}, t) = A(E, \hat{p}, \vec{L}(t)) D(E'; E, \hat{p}, \vec{L}(t)) P(\hat{p}'; E, \hat{p}, \vec{L}(t))$$

# KM2A IRFs from Simulation

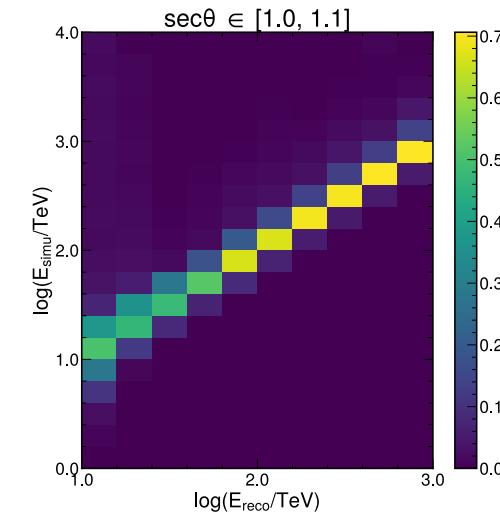
Instrument Response Functions (**IRFs**) including the effective area, point-spread function and energy dispersion represent the performance of the detections like sensitivity, angular and energy resolution.



Effective Area

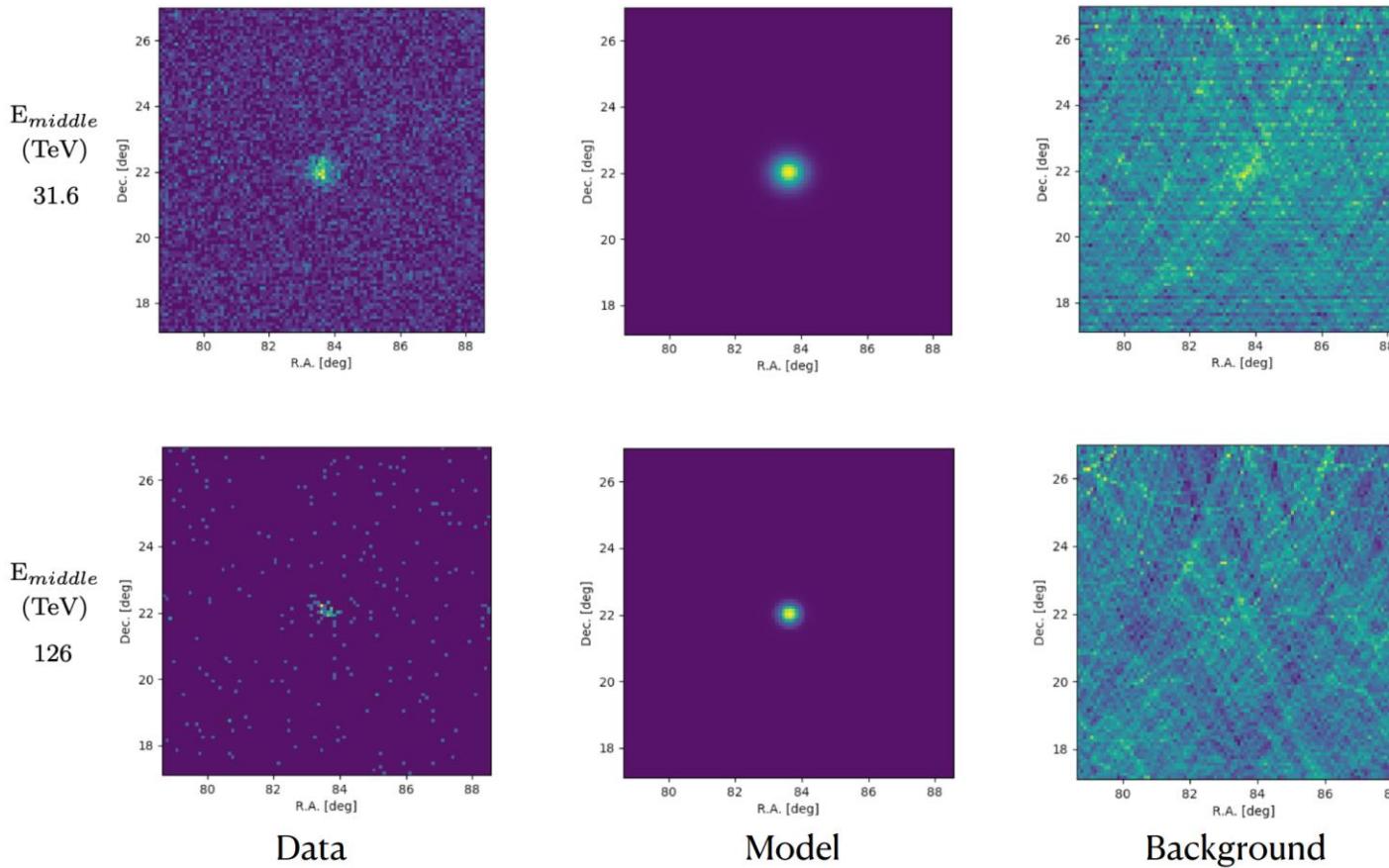


Point Spread Function

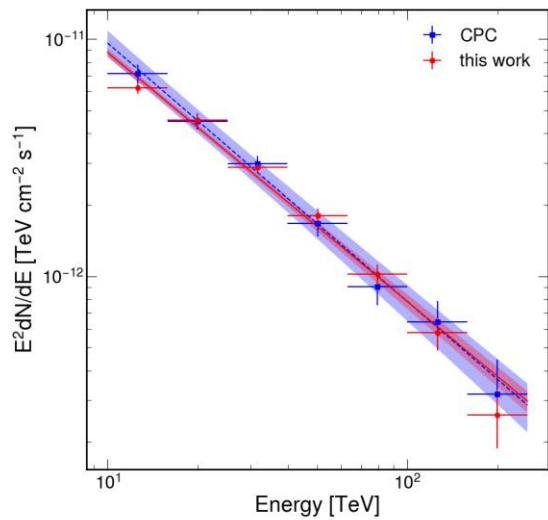


Energy Dispersion

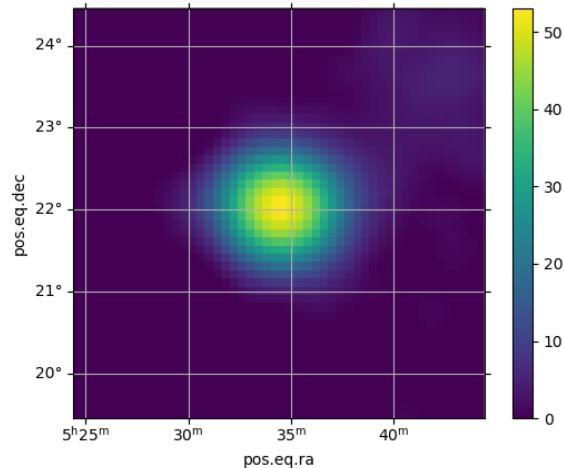
# KM2A Data and Model Prediction



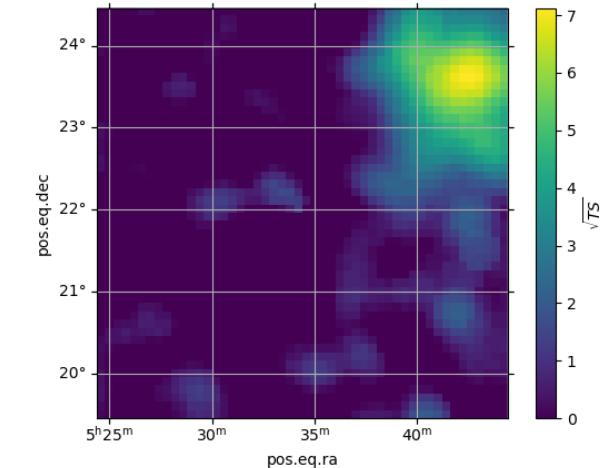
# Analysis for Point Source



Spectral Energy Distribution (SED)



Test Statistic (TS) map



residual TS map

The analysis with this software could give consistent results with those using traditional method.

# Analysis for Extended Source

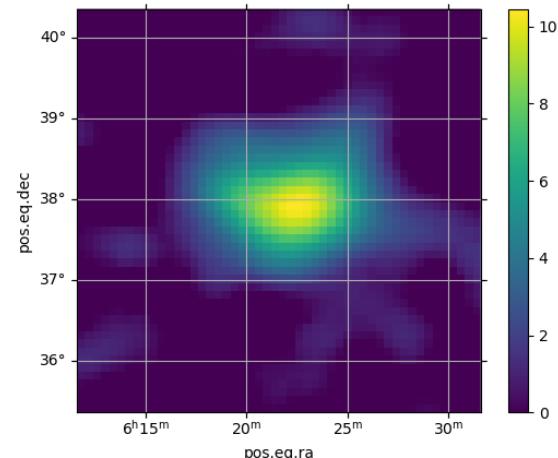
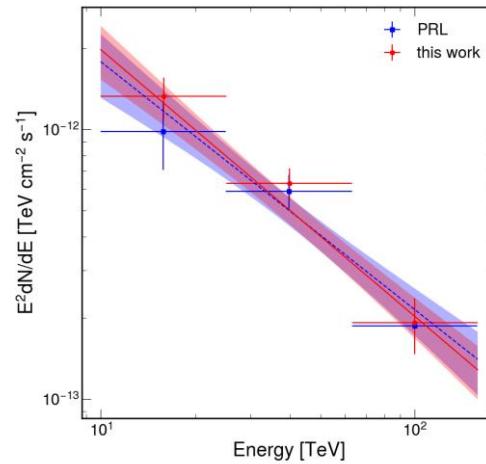


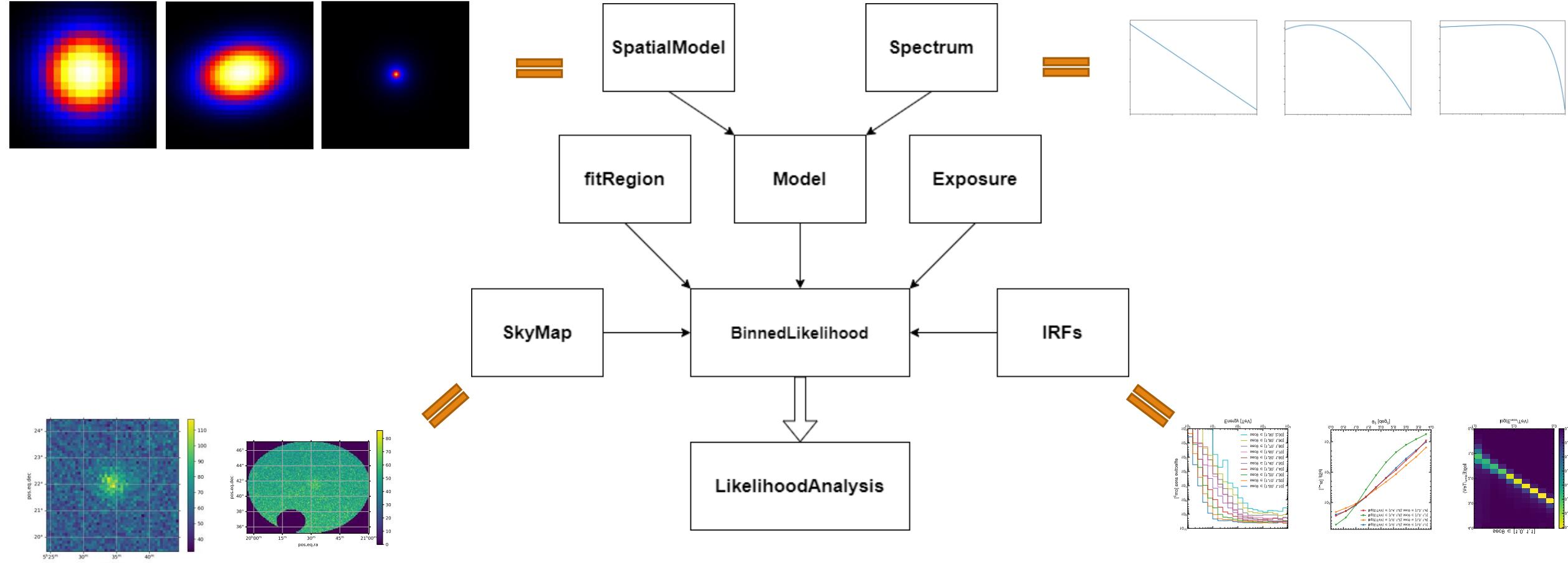
TABLE I. Results of the morphological analyses of LHAASO J0621+3755.

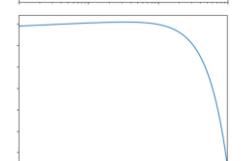
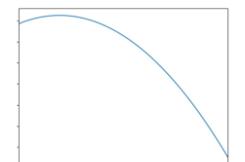
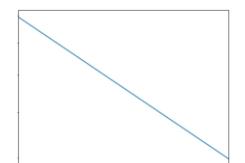
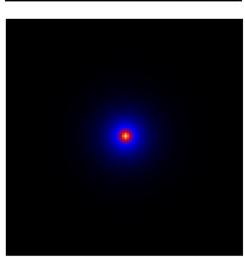
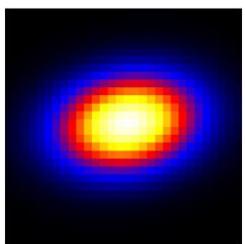
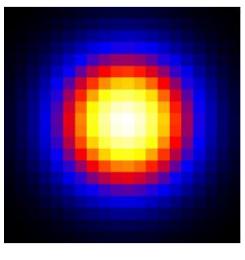
Template	Extension <sup>a</sup> (°)	RA (°)	Dec (°)	TS	$N_p^b$
Point source	-	$95.56 \pm 0.10$	$37.85 \pm 0.07$	63.0	3
2D Gaussian	$0.40 \pm 0.07$	$95.47 \pm 0.11$	$37.92 \pm 0.09$	79.5	4
Uniform disk	$0.70 \pm 0.10$	$95.44 \pm 0.11$	$37.94 \pm 0.09$	80.2	4
Diffusion	$0.91 \pm 0.20$	$95.48 \pm 0.10$	$37.90 \pm 0.09$	78.1	4

<sup>a</sup>Radius for the uniform disk;  $\sigma$  for the Gaussian model;  $\theta_d$  for the diffusion model. <sup>b</sup> $N_p$  is the number of parameters in the model.

Template	Extension	RA	DEC	Prefactor	Index	TS
Point source	-	95.62+/-0.09	37.92+/-0.06	1.83+/-0.28	2.89+/-0.18	95.1
2D Gaussian	0.36+/-0.06	95.52+/-0.09	37.89+/-0.07	3.0+/-0.4	2.99+/-0.15	133.8
Uniform disk	0.65+/-0.12	95.51+/-0.08	37.92+/-0.07	2.9+/-0.4	3.01+/-0.15	130.9
Diffusion	0.82+/-0.17	95.54+/-0.08	37.88+/-0.06	3.1+/-0.4	2.99+/-0.14	125.0

# Implementation





# For Users - Input

## SpatialModel:

- Point Source
  - **SkyDirFunction**: RA, DEC
- Extended Source
  - **RadialDisk**: RA, DEC, Radius
  - **RadialGaussian**: RA, DEC, Sigma
  - **Ring2D**: RA, DEC, R\_in, R\_out
  - **Ellipse2D**: RA, DEC, A, B, Theta
  - **Gaussian2D**: RA, DEC, X\_stddev, Y\_stddev, Theta
  - **PulsarHalo**: RA, DEC, ThetaD
  - **SpatialMap**
  - **MapCubeFunction**

## Spectrum:

- **PowerLaw**: Prefactor, Index, Scale
- **BrokenPowerLaw**: Prefactor, Index1, Index2, BreakValue
- **LogParabola**: norm, alpha, beta, Eb
- **PLExpCutOff**: Prefactor, Index, Scale, Cutoff
- .....

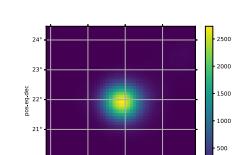
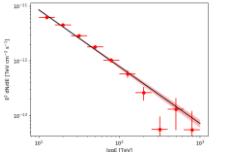
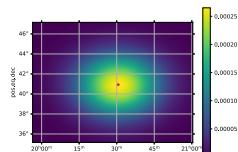
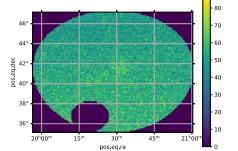
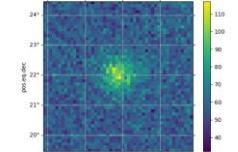
```
1 crab:  
2   .name: crab  
3   .spatialModel:  
4     .DEC:  
5       .free: 0  
6       .max: 24  
7       .min: 20  
8       .name: DEC  
9       .scale: 1  
10      .value: 22.02  
11     .RA:  
12       .free: 0  
13       .max: 84.0  
14       .min: 83.0  
15       .name: RA  
16       .scale: 1  
17       .value: 83.63  
18     .type: SkyDirFunction  
19   .spectrum:  
20     .Index:  
21       .error: 0.036741536956782284  
22       .free: true  
23       .max: 10  
24       .min: 0  
25       .name: Index  
26       .scale: -1  
27       .value: 3.0526707697089317  
28     .Prefactor:  
29       .error: 0.02858086637415047  
30       .free: true  
31       .max: 100  
32       .min: 0  
33       .name: Prefactor  
34       .scale: 1e-14  
35       .value: 1.059534645016219  
36     .Scale:  
37       .free: 0  
38       .max: 100  
39       .min: 0  
40       .name: Scale  
41       .scale: 1  
42       .value: 20  
43     .type: PowerLaw
```

```
1 crab:  
2   .name: crab  
3   .type: PointSource  
4   .spatialModel:  
5     .type: SkyDirFunction  
6   >     .RA: ...  
7   >     .DEC: ...  
8   .spectrum:  
9     .type: LogParabola  
10    >     .norm: ...  
11    >     .alpha: ...  
12    >     .beta: ...  
13    >     .Eb: ...  
14  
15 newsrc:  
16   .name: newsrc  
17   .type: PointSource  
18   .spatialModel:  
19     .type: SkyDirFunction  
20   >     .RA: ...  
21   >     .DEC: ...  
22   .spectrum:  
23     .type: PowerLaw  
24     >     .Prefactor: ...  
25     >     .Index: ...  
26     >     .Scale: ...  
27  
28
```

# For Users - Output

## Scripts:

- **DataSelect.py** name ra dec dx dy
  - **plotCountsmap.py** noncube.fits/nbkgcube.fits
  - **plotfitRegion.py** fitRegion.yaml
  - **plotSpatialMap.py** model\_input.yaml srcName
  - **plotSpectrum.py** model\_input.yaml srcName
- **BinnedAnalysis.py** srcName logEmin logEmax
  - **plotSED.py** srcName logEmin logEmax Ebins
  - **plotTSmap.py** TSmap.fits



```

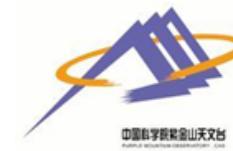
1   inRegion:
2     CygnusCocoon:
3       xref:
4         value: 307.17
5         unit: degree
6       yref:
7         value: 41.17
8         unit: degree
9       frame: fk5
10      rad:
11        value: 6
12        unit: degree
13
14   outRegion:
15     src:
16       xref:
17         value: 304.85
18         unit: degree
19       yref:
20         value: 36.80
21         unit: degree
22       frame: fk5
23       rad:
24         value: 1.5
25         unit: degree

```

```

1   LikelihoodValue: -708945.8533701402
2   Nbkg_LowerError: '-0.003'
3   Nbkg_UpperError: '0.003'
4   Nbkg_error: '0.003'
5   Nbkg_value: '1.006'
6   crab:
7     DEC_value: '22.02'
8     Flux_error: '1.31e-14'
9     Flux_value: '4.19e-13'
10    Index_LowerError: '-0.04'
11    Index_UpperError: '0.04'
12    Index_error: '0.04'
13    Index_scale: '-1.00e+00'
14    Index_value: '3.04'
15    Npred: '4928.40'
16    Prefactor_LowerError: '-0.03'
17    Prefactor_UpperError: '0.03'
18    Prefactor_error: '0.03'
19    Prefactor_scale: '1.00e-14'
20    Prefactor_value: '1.04'
21    RA_value: '83.63'
22    Scale_value: '20.00'
23    TsValue: 2830.3610210744664

```



# For Developers

Data: on/off cube data

Time: lt\_mjd or lt\_lst

IRFs: aeff, psfcube, ediscube

More SpatialModel and Spectrum

```
class PowerLaw(Spectrum):
    def GetSpecFunc(self, e):
        n = self.GetParValue('Prefactor')
        gamma = self.GetParValue('Index')
        e0 = self.GetParValue('Scale')

        return n * (e / e0)**gamma

class BrokenPowerLaw(Spectrum):
    def GetSpecFunc(self, e):
        n = self.GetParValue('Prefactor')
        gamma1 = self.GetParValue('Index1')
        gamma2 = self.GetParValue('Index2')
        eb = self.GetParValue('BreakValue')

        if type(e) in (int, float):
            if e < eb:
                dnde = n * (e / eb)**gamma1
            else:
                dnde = n * (e / eb)**gamma2
            else:
                dnde = np.zeros_like(e)
                dnde[e <= eb] = n * (e[e <= eb] / eb)**gamma1
                dnde[e >= eb] = n * (e[e >= eb] / eb)**gamma2
        return dnde
```

```
class RadialGaussian(SpatialModel):
    def GetSpatialMap(self, ccube=None):
        self.RA = self.GetParValue('RA')
        self.DEC = self.GetParValue('DEC')
        self.Sigma = self.GetParValue('Sigma')

        if ccube:
            skycrd = self.GetSkycrd()
            sep = skycrd.separation(ccube.skycrd).to(u.rad).value
            data = 1/(2*np.pi*np.deg2rad(self.Sigma)**2) * np.exp(-sep**2 / np.deg2rad(self.Sigma)**2
            / 2).reshape(ccube.npix, ccube.npix)
            wcs = ccube.wcs
        else:
            deltax = deltay = 0.1
            npix = nypix = 10 * self.Sigma / deltax
            sigma = self.Sigma / deltax
            mod = models.Gaussian2D(1., npix/2, nypix/2, sigma, sigma, 0)

            x, y = np.mgrid[0:npix, 0:nypix]
            data = mod(x, y)
            data = data / (data * np.deg2rad(deltax) * np.deg2rad(deltay)).sum()
            wcs = maptools.make_wcs(npix, nypix, deltax, deltay, 'C', self.RA, self.DEC, 'CAR')
        return SkyMap.NewSpatialMap(data, wcs)

    def GetSkycrd(self):
        return SkyCoord(ra=self.RA*u.degree, dec=self.DEC*u.degree, frame='fk5')
```

Any suggestions or contributions are welcome!



# Summary and Plans

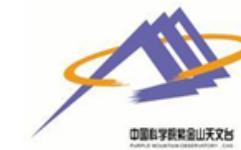
We provide a 3D likelihood analysis tool for KM2A data analysis.

With the half-array data and IRFs, the results are consistent with traditional method.

We plan to apply this tool for 3-quarters and full-array of KM2A and WCDA data.

Summed likelihood for KM2A data and joint Fit for KM2A and WCDA data.

Append Healpix projection for large region analysis.



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Thanks for your attention