

Observation of the large-scale anisotropy of cosmic rays with LHAASO

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Content

Introduction

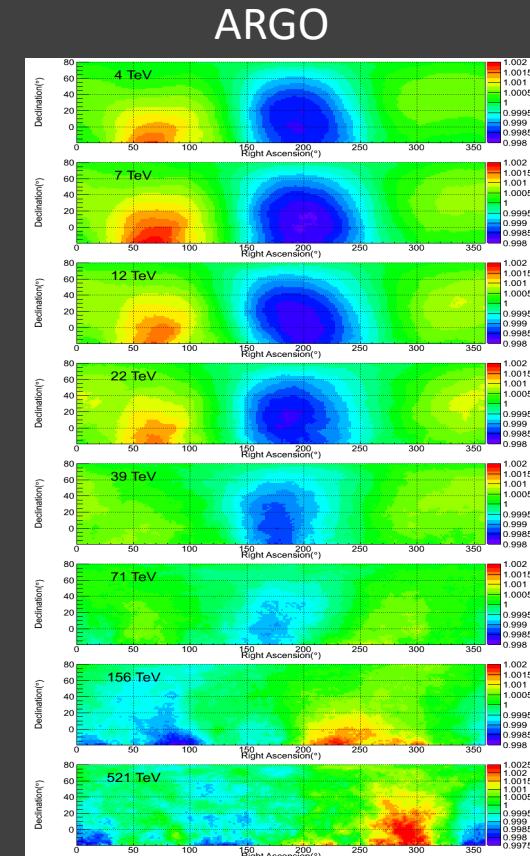
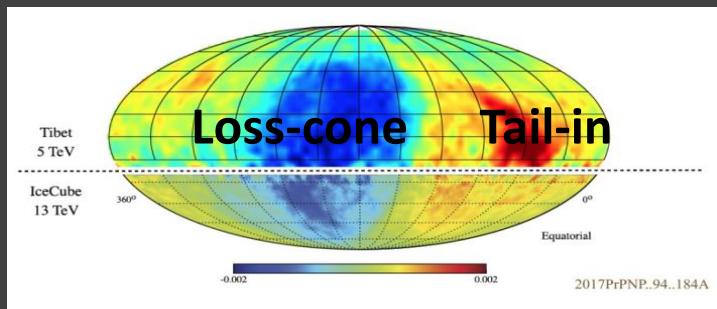
Large-scale anisotropy with KM2A

Conclusion

Introduction

□ Anisotropy

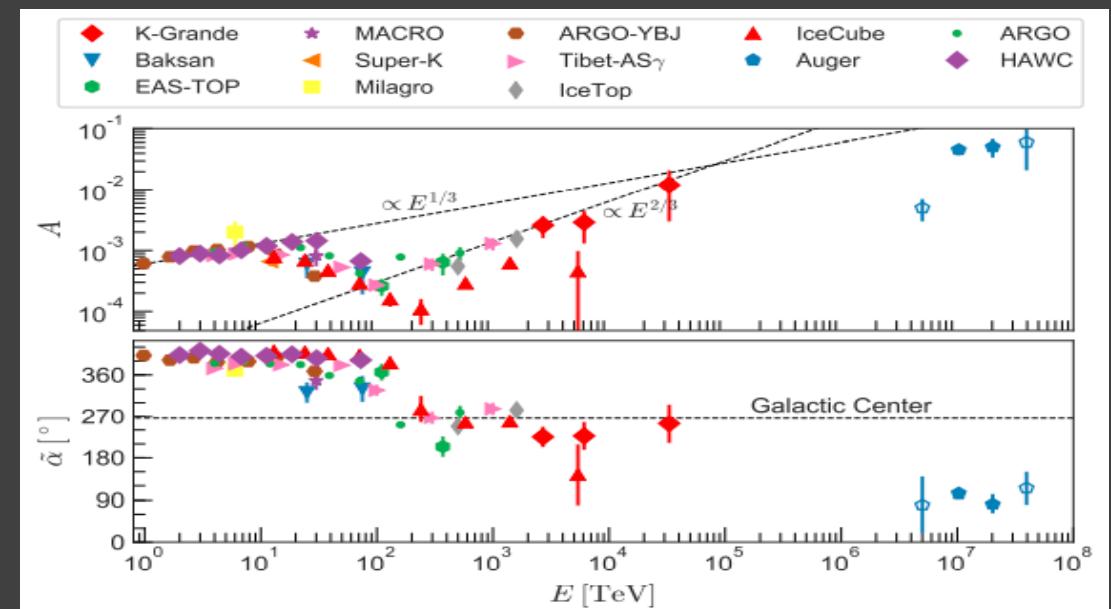
- a probe to study the origin and propagation of cosmic rays
- the intensity and phase are obviously in energy dependence



Bartoli et al. 2018

□ Puzzles

The irregularity of energy dependence of amplitude and phase —Why ?

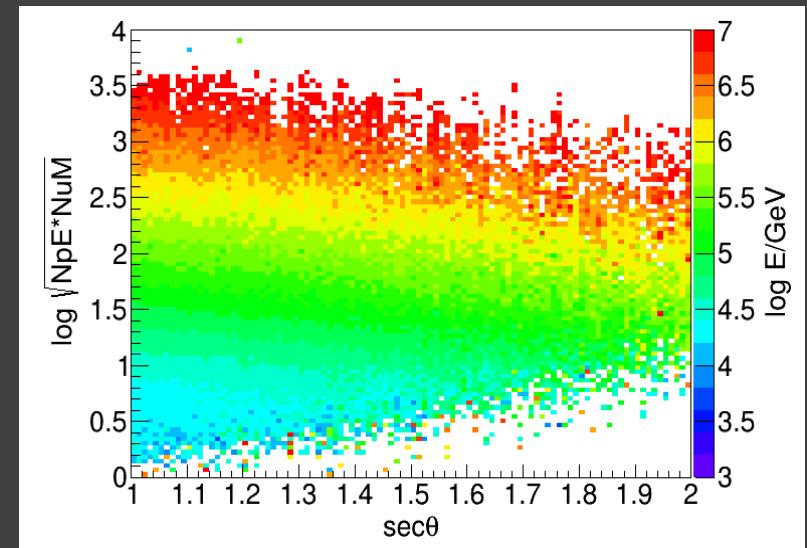
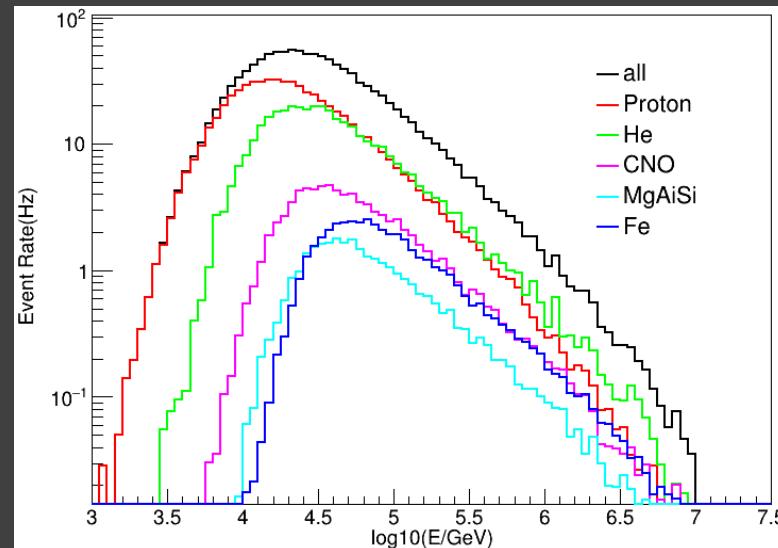


JuliaBecker Tjus et al., Physics Reports, 872

Large-scale anisotropy with KM2A

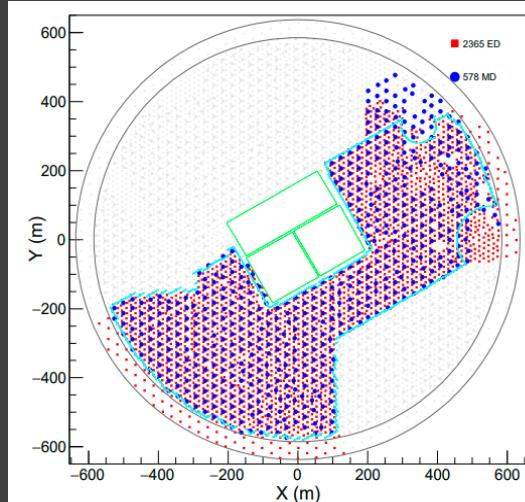
□ simulation

QGSJETII-04 & Gheisha
1TeV-10PeV
Zenith 0-70°
 $\sim 7.8 \times 10^7$ events
Gaisser model



$$\log E = f(\log \sqrt{NpE * Num}, \theta)$$

- full year of 2021
- core locate in the half array of KM2A



parameter	sample1	Sample2
zenith	<50	<50
NtrigE	≥ 20	≥ 20
NfiltE	≥ 20	≥ 20
NpE2 ($r=40-100$, dt:-50,100)	>0	>15
NuM3 ($r=40-200$, dt:-50,100)	>0	>0
dr (芯位距离边界距离)	>0	>0
NpE1 ($r < r_{wind} + 50$, dt:-50,100)	-----	$NpE1/NpE2 > 2$

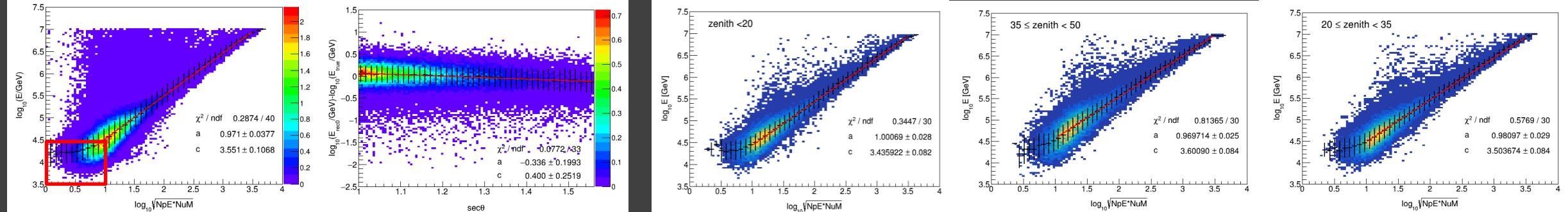
Energy estimation

□ Sample 1

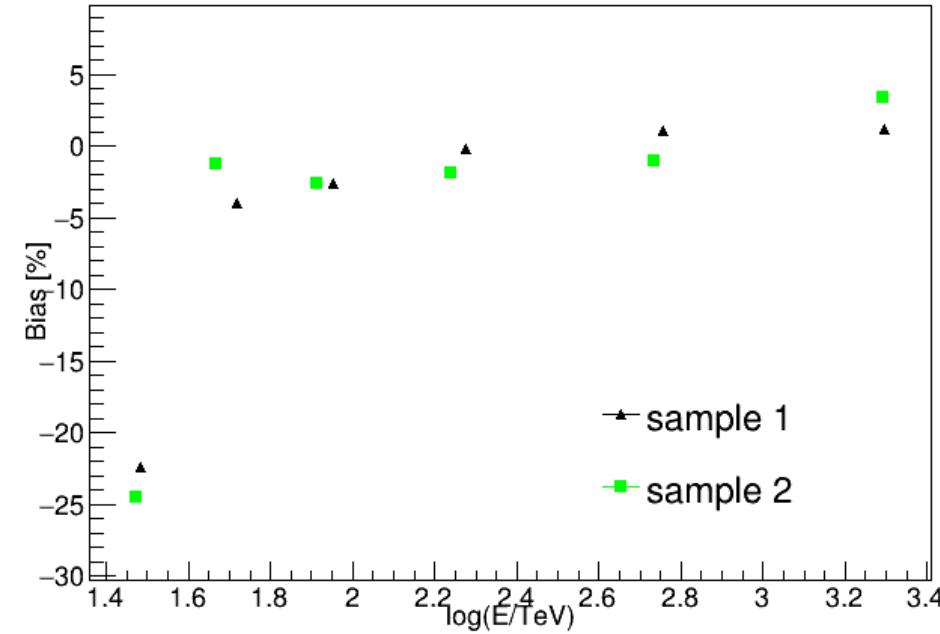
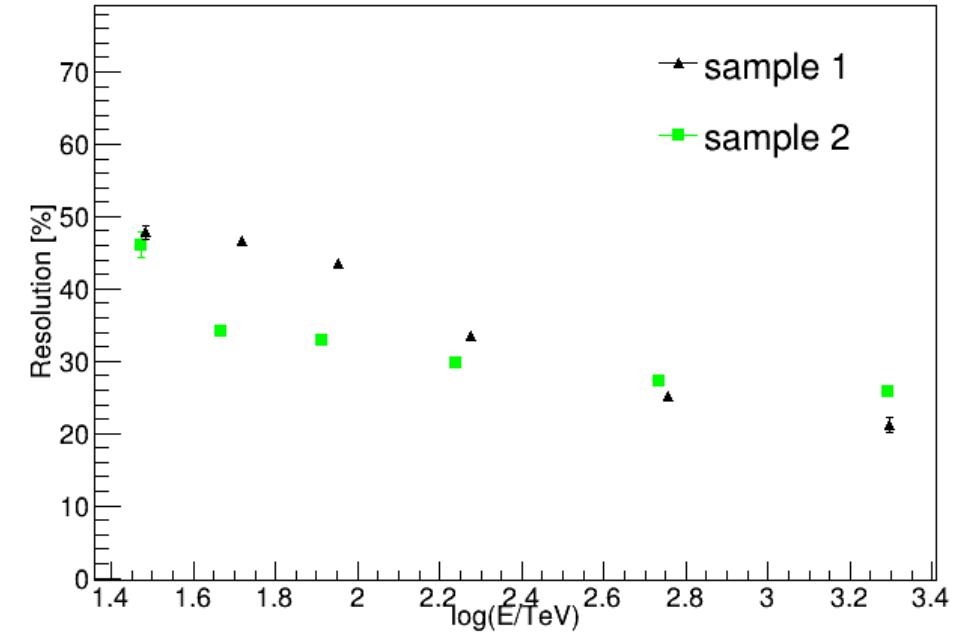
$$\log E = f(\log \sqrt{NpE * NuM}, \theta)$$

□ Sample 2

$$\log E = f(\log \sqrt{NpE * NuM})$$

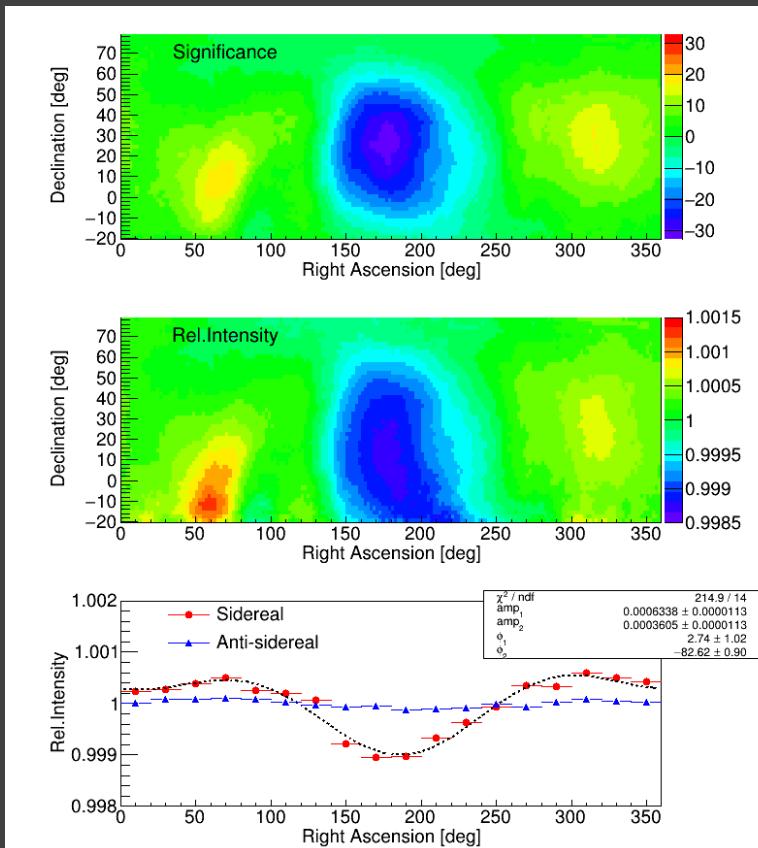


logErec	Sample 1 77.5			Sample 2 (3 zenith bins) 96.7		
	mean (TeV)	Resolution (%)	Bias (%)	mean (TeV)	Resolution (%)	Bias (%)
3.5~4.5	30.43	47.8 ± 1.0	-22.4	29.60	46.1 ± 1.8	-24.5
4.5~4.75	52.24	46.6 ± 0.8	-4	46.54	34.2 ± 0.3	-1.2
4.75~5.0	89.89	43.6 ± 0.8	-2.6	81.56	32.8 ± 0.3	-2.6
5.0~5.5	188.92	33.4 ± 0.5	-0.2	173.23	29.8 ± 0.2	-1.9
5.5~6	570.26	25.1 ± 0.6	1.1	542.61	27.3 ± 0.3	-1
>=6	1983.24	21.2 ± 1.1	1.2	1967.07	25.87 ± 0.6	3.4

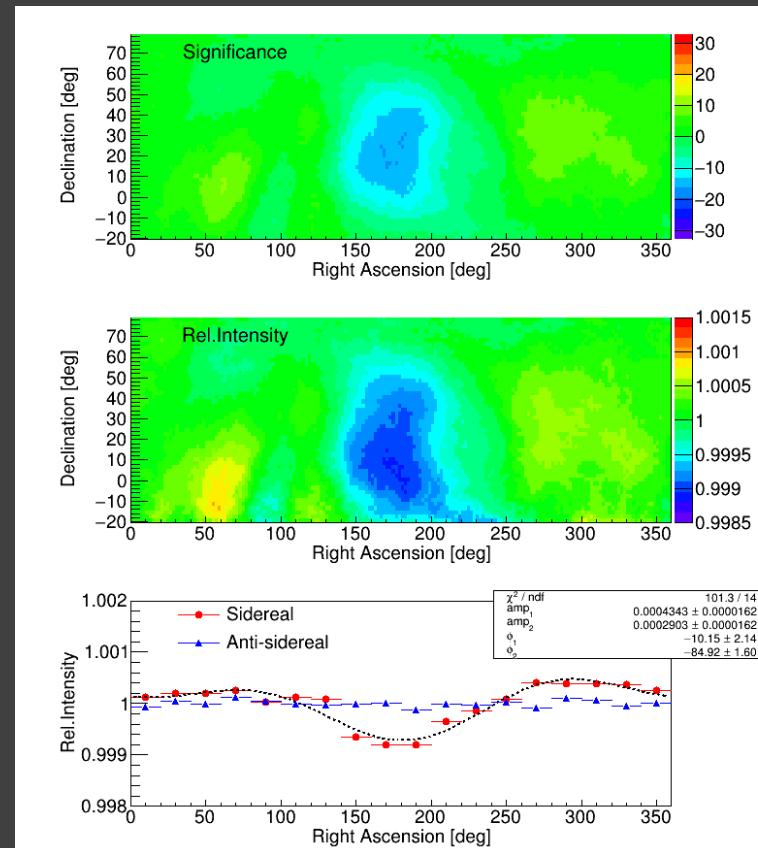


Anisotropy in sidereal time

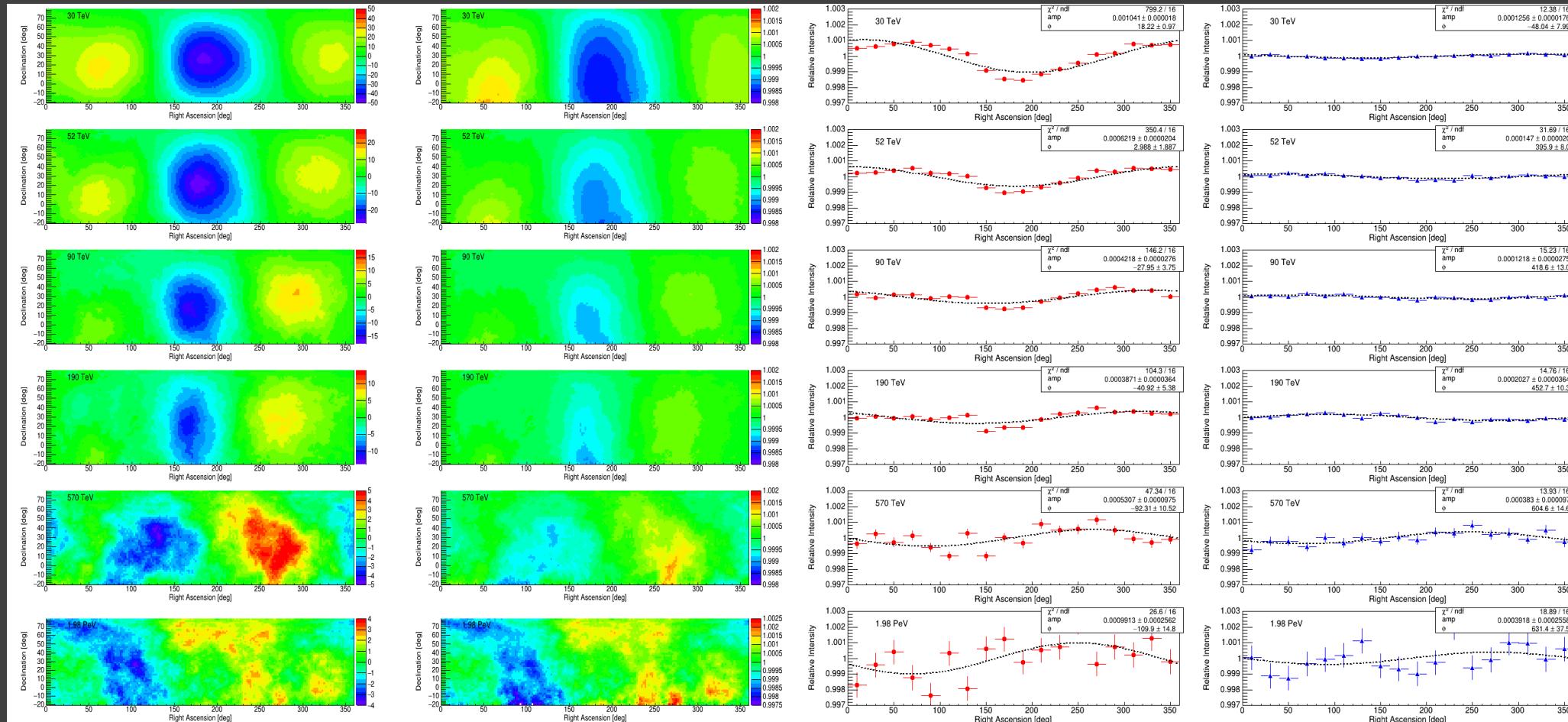
□ sample 1 $\sim 1.6 \times 10^{10}$ events



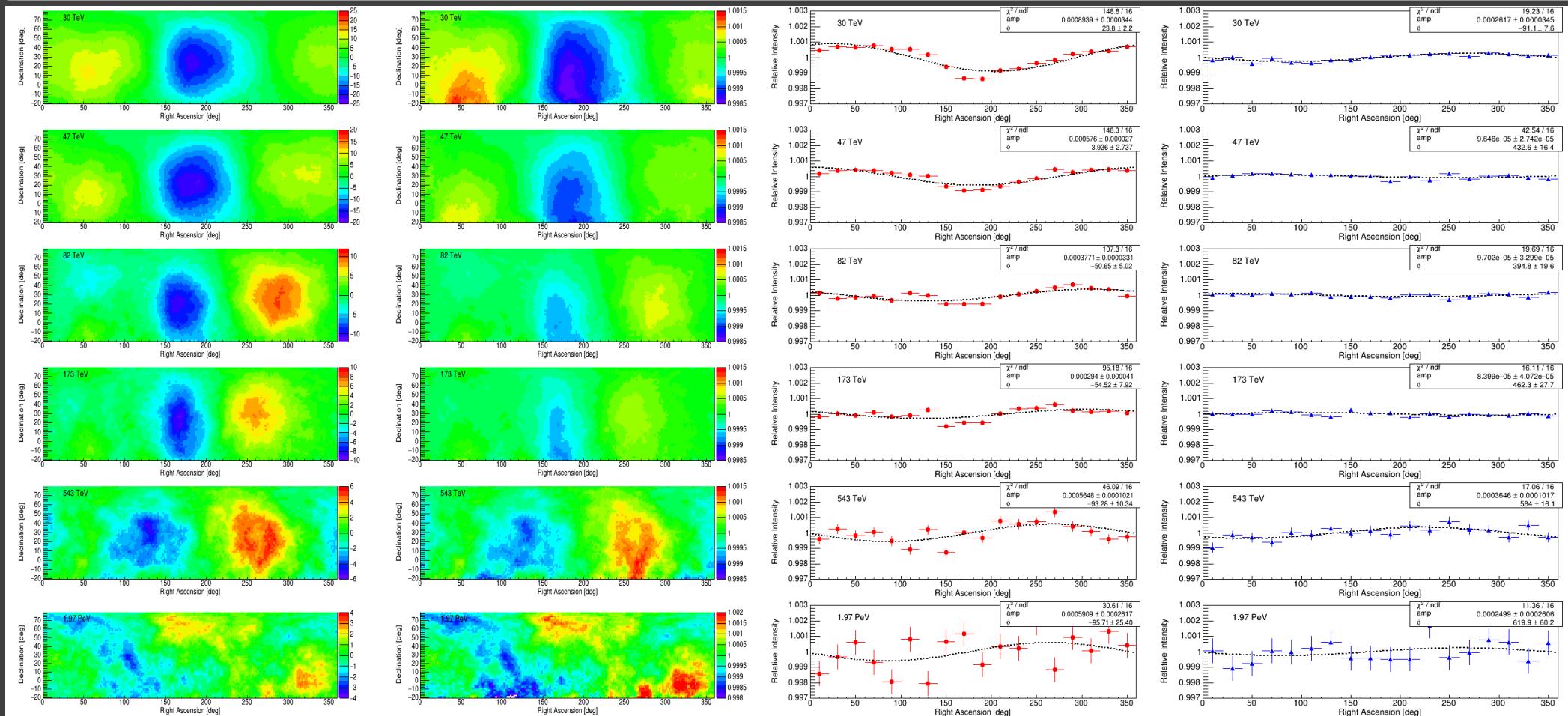
□ sample 2 $\sim 7.6 \times 10^9$ events



Evolution with energy-sample 1



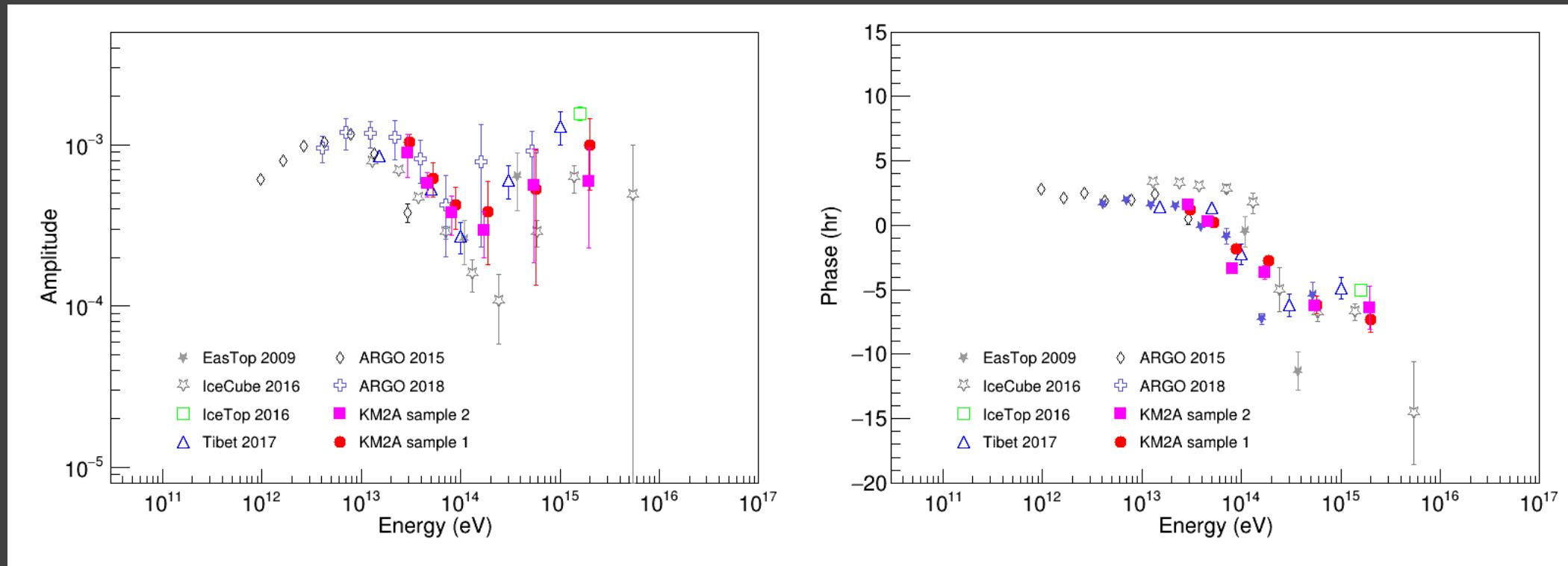
Evolution with energy-sample 2



Bin	log(Erec) (GeV)	Mean Energy (TeV)	Events (10^8)	Amp (10^-4)	Φ (deg)	Amp_Anti (10^-4)
Sample 1	1	3.5~4.5	30.43	64.66	10.41 ± 0.18	18.22 ± 0.97
	2	4.5~4.75	52.24	47.75	6.22 ± 0.20	2.99 ± 1.89
	3	4.75~5.0	89.89	26.24	4.22 ± 0.28	-27.95 ± 3.75
	4	5.0~5.5	189.92	15.10	3.87 ± 0.36	-40.92 ± 5.38
	5	5.5~6	570.26	2.10	5.31 ± 0.98	-92.31 ± 10.52
	6	>=6	1983.24	0.30	9.91 ± 2.56	-109.9 ± 14.8

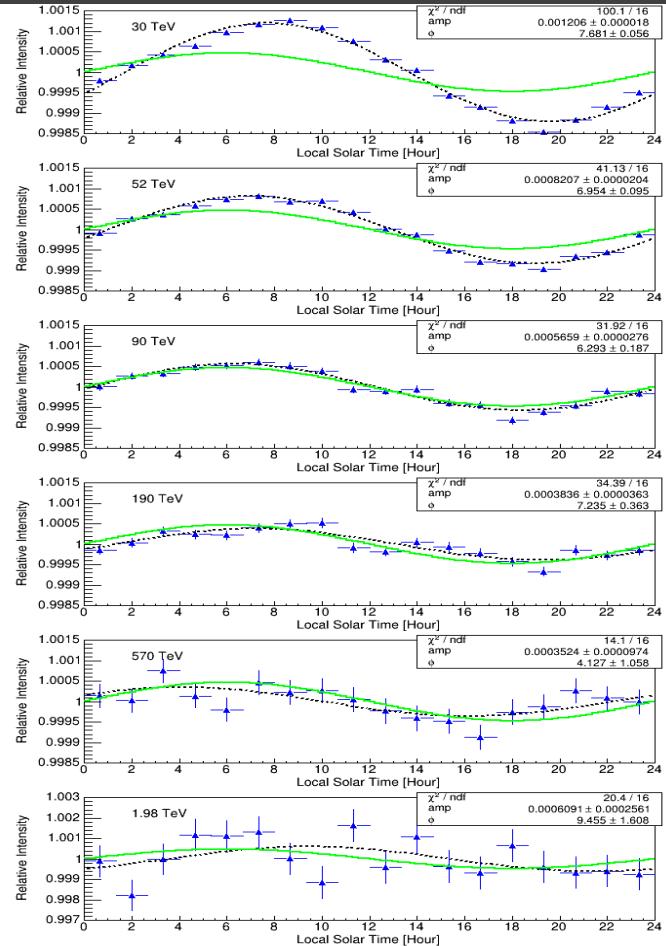
Bin	log(Erec) (GeV)	Mean Energy (TeV)	Events (10^8)	Amp (10^-4)	Φ (deg)	Amp_Anti (10^-4)
Sample 2	1	3.5~4.5	29.60	16.81	8.94 ± 0.34	23.8 ± 2.2
	2	4.5~4.75	46.54	26.48	5.76 ± 0.27	3.94 ± 2.74
	3	4.75~5.0	81.56	18.27	3.77 ± 0.33	-50.65 ± 5.02
	4	5.0~5.5	173.23	12.07	2.94 ± 0.41	-54.52 ± 7.92
	5	5.5~6	542.61	1.92	5.65 ± 1.02	-93.28 ± 10.34
	6	>=6	1967.07	0.29	5.91 ± 2.62	-95.71 ± 25.40

Evolution with energy - amplitude & phase

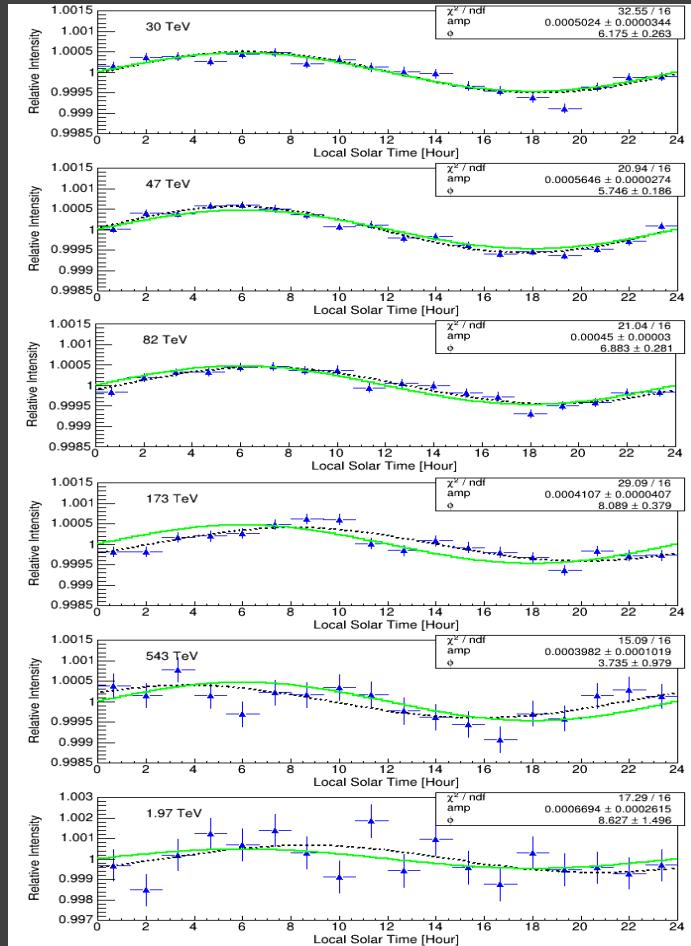


Solar

□ Sample 1



□ Sample 2



Conclusion

- Consistent results of large-scale anisotropy in sidereal with the others were observed.
- Relative intensity from stricter-cut sample more approach the expected CG anisotropy.
- Project :
 - more works for the CG effect
 - extend the high energy range
 - anisotropy of heavy and light component of cosmic rays

Thanks for your
attention !

Supplement

