Measurements of **associated top quark** production and searches for **new top-quark phenomena** with the ATLAS detector

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> > TeV Particle Astrophysics 2021 Particle Physics Session October 29, 2021





## Overview of Top Quark Measuremer

- Top is most massive SM particle
  - Large coupling to Higgs boson
  - Can couple strongly to new physics
    - Interpreted in the SM EFT paradigm
- Run II ATLAS dataset of 139 fb<sup>-1</sup> maximal sensitivity to rare processes
  - Testing forbidden SM phenomena with  $t\bar{t}$  production
  - Measure rare SM  $t\bar{t} + X$  processes inclusively and differentially
- Present latest results from ATLAS







## Overview of Top Quark Measurements

- Top quark signatures rely on many reconstructed objects
  - ► Jets (p<sub>T</sub> resolution, scale)
  - Heavy flavor tagging (efficiency)
  - Muons, electrons (trigger, isolation)
  - Missing energy (from  $\nu$  in  $t_{lep}$ )
- Similar systematic uncertainties
  - Luminosity, object reconstruction
  - Theory uncertainties of fixed order calculation ( $\mu_R/\mu_F$  variations)
  - Showering/hadronization modeling (varying MC algorithm)





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#### Event display for dileptonic $t\bar{t}$ candidate recorded by ATLAS





# Tests of SM with Top Quarks

### Motivation and Event Selection

- FCNC forbidden at tree level and suppressed at loop level in SM
  - Top decays via FCNC ~10<sup>-14</sup>, can be 10<sup>-7</sup>
     10<sup>-4</sup> in BSM (SUSY, 2HDM)
  - Interpret rates of FCNC top decays in an EFT extension of SM:

$$\mathscr{L}_{eff} = \mathscr{L}_{SM} + \frac{1}{\Lambda_{NP}^2} \sum_{k} C_k \mathcal{O}_k$$

- Search for  $t \to Zq$  (q = u, c), sensitive to tZu and tZc couplings through  $C_{qB}$ ,  $C_{qW}$
- Improvement on previous ATLAS measurement using only 36 fb<sup>-1</sup>
- Include single-top FCNC production
- Use MVA to better isolate FCNC signal

 $t_{SM}$  Car reconstr  $\chi^2$  minin  $M_t$  and  $\Lambda$ 

 $m_T(l_W, \nu)$  non-pro

Remo favo t<sub>FCNC</sub> 0

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Search for FCNC in top events with ATLAS

ATLAS-CONF-2021-049



- Require exactly 3 leptons (cleaner than hadronic channel)
- Exactly 1 b-tagged jet (DL1r MVA tagger @ 70% eff OP)
- Missing energy from escaping neutrino
- Define two (2) signal regions (SR1, SR2) targeting  $t\overline{t}$  and tZ

andidatas				
tructed using		Common selections Exactly 3 leptons with $p_T(\ell_1) > 27 \text{ GeV}$ $\geq 1 \text{ OSSF pair, with }  m_{\ell\ell} - m_Z  < 15 \text{ GeV}$		
mization with Mw constraint	Exactly $\geq 1 \text{ OSS}$			
	SR1	SR2		
ompt leptons	$\geq 2$ jets	1 jet	2 jets	
	1 <i>b</i> -jet	1 <i>b</i> -jet	1 <i>b</i> -jet	
ve overlap,	_	$m_{\rm T}(\ell_W, \nu) > 40 { m GeV}$	$m_{\mathrm{T}}(\ell_W, \nu) > 40$	
r SR1 for candidates	$ m_{j_a\ell\ell}^{\rm reco} - m_t  < 2\sigma_{t_{\rm FCNC}}$	—	$ m_{j_a\ell\ell}^{\rm reco} - m_t  > 2$	
		$ m_{j_b\ell_W\nu}^{\rm reco} - m_t  < 2\sigma_{t_{\rm SM}}$	$ m_{j_b \ell_W \nu}^{\rm reco} - m_t  <$	





### Background Estimation

- Backgrounds from prompt lepton production are dominant
  - SR1: VV+HF and  $t\bar{t}Z$  (65% total bkg)
  - SR2: VV+HF and tZ (70% total bkg)
- Non-prompt leptons from VV and associated top production are small
- Define four control regions (CR)
  - $t\bar{t}$  CR selecting OSOF leptons
  - ttZ CR selecting 2 b-je
  - CR1(2) defined by SR1(2) of  $t_{FCNC(SM)}$ ; cut on  $m_T(l)$ suppress non-prompt k

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### Statistical Analysis

- Purity SR1 and SR2 using MVA (GBDT) trained on well-separating observables
  - ► SR1: *D*<sup>1</sup> built for FCNC *tZu* and *tZc*
  - SR2:  $D_2^u$  built for tZu single-top FCNC,  $D_2^c$ built for *tZc* inclusively
  - Use m(t<sub>reco</sub>), dR(tt), N<sub>jets</sub>,  $\chi^2$ , ...
- Set CL<sub>s</sub> limits in different fits for each LH/ RH *tZu* and *tZc* coupling
  - Largest uncertainty is  $t\bar{t}$  cross section
- Limits obtained on FCNC branching fractions and EFT coefficients:
- $B(t \rightarrow Zu) < 6.2 \times 10^{-5}$
- $B(t \rightarrow Zc) < 13 \times 10^{-5}$

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Even

80

60

40

20

1.25

0.75

Data / Bkg

0.75

0.5



Post-fit results for FCNC tZu LH coupling limits

#### SR1 enriched in FCNC $t\bar{t}$

#### ttZ Control Region





### Motivation and Strategy

- Axiom of SM is universal couplings to charged leptons universally in flavors
  - LEP measured  $R(\tau/\mu) = 1.070 \pm 0.026$ , expected to be very close to unity  $(2.7\sigma)$
  - Results by LHCb and others show tension with lepton flavor universality R(D<sup>(\*)</sup>)
- Exploit large number of  $t\bar{t}$  events seen by ATLAS, large sample of  $W \rightarrow \mu \nu_{\mu} / \tau \nu_{\tau}$ 
  - Measure rates of  $W \to \mu \nu_{\mu'} W \to \tau (\mu \nu_{\mu} \nu_{\tau}) \nu_{\tau}$
  - Relies on differences in reconstructed muon impact parameter  $d_0$  and  $p_T$
- Select dileptonic  $t\bar{t}$  events, with at least one decay in muon channel

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### Test of LFU in top events with ATLAS



Beamspot









 $10^{5}$ 

 $10^{3}$ 

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## Background Estimation

- Dedicated control regions constrain large normalization of backgrounds
  - $Z \rightarrow \mu \mu + jets$  CR, includes Z mass window (small values of  $|d_0|$ )
  - Non-prompt probe muon from b- and  $c_{\frac{1}{2}}$  1.05 hadron decay from semi-leptonic  $t\bar{t}$ , select SS leptons (large values of  $|d_0|$ )



- Modeling of  $Z(\mu\mu)$ +jets background affects µµ SR only
- Other SM backgrounds are prompt, high p<sub>T</sub>, normalization taken from MC

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### Extraction of $R(\tau/\mu)$

- Systematics dominated by:
  - Calibration of high- $|d_0|$  region of prompt- $\mu$  ten (application of  $Z(\mu\mu)$  calibrations to  $t\bar{t}$ )
  - Uncertainties due to parton showering (affecting
  - Muon instrumental uncertainties
  - Limited statistics of  $\mu_{had}$  CR and MC  $t\bar{t}$  generato



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#### Test of LFU in top events with ATLAS

	Source	Impact on $R(\tau/\mu)$
	Prompt $d_0^{\mu}$ templates	0.0038
nplates	$\mu_{prompt}$ and $\mu_{\tau(\rightarrow\mu)}$ parton shower variations	0.0036
	Muon isolation efficiency	0.0033
	Muon identification and reconstruction	0.0030
	$\mu_{had}$ normalisation	0.0028
g N <sub>jets</sub> )	$t\bar{t}$ scale and matching variations	0.0027
	Top $p_{\rm T}$ spectum variation	0.0026
	$\mu_{had}$ parton shower variations	0.0021
	Monte Carlo statistics	0.0018
	Pile-up	0.0017
r	$\mu_{\tau(\rightarrow\mu)}$ and $\mu_{had} d_0^{\mu}$ shape	0.0017
	Other detector systematic uncertainties	0.0016
	Z+jet normalisation	0.0009
	Other sources	0.0004
	$B(\tau \to \mu \nu_{\tau} \nu_{\mu})$	0.0023
	Total systematic uncertainty	0.0109
	Data statistics	0.0072
	Total	0.013





## Measurements of Associated Top Production

### Motivation and Strategy

- SM *tītī* production is sensitive to many BSM effects and 4-fermion EFT operator
  - 2HDM H/A, gluinos, top-philic BSM fields
- Cross section at 13 TeV is 11.97 fb at NLO in QCD and QED (1711.02116)
- Split into separate analysis channels
  - 2ISS/3I: 12% of *tītī*, cleaner channel
     (2007.14858), observed 4.3 $\sigma$  significance
  - 2OS/1I: 56% of tītī, dominated by tībb background (highlighted in this talk)
- Events with many jets, b-jets, large-R jets, pseudo-continuous b-tagging

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#### Measurement of *t*ttt with ATLAS

#### 2106.11683





### Sequential Reweighting

- Modeling in high N<sub>jets</sub> relies heavily on PS but is not reliable - needs correction
- $t\bar{t}$ +jets rescaled by flavor in dedicated fit
  - $t\bar{t}$ +light/c/b rescaled by 0.99, 1.58, 1.33
- Correct modeling of  $t\bar{t}$ +jets  $N_{jets}$  in 1L/ 2LOS SRs using 2 b-jet region
  - Reweight in ( $N_{jets}$ ,  $N_{LR-jets}$ ),  $H_{T}$ , and  $\Delta R_{avg}^{JJ}$
- Reweighting procedure **significantly** improves modeling at high multiplicities

### Measurement of *tttt* with ATLAS

#### 2106.11683













### Fit and Results

- Train BDTs in each SR, most powerful variables are  $H_T$  and sum of pseudo-continuous b-tagging scores of leading 6 jets
- PL fit is performed in BDT score and  $H_T$
- Dominant systematics due to modeling
  - Parton shower evaluated using alternate algorithm
  - Modeling of large  $t\bar{t}b\bar{b}$  background (5FS/4FS)
- 1L/2LOS measurement combined with earlier multi-lepton channels,  $4.7\sigma$  observed significance
  - Cross section measured  $24^{+7}_{-6}$  fb within 2 standard deviations of SM prediction  $12.0 \pm 2.4$  fb

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#### Measurement of *t*ttt with ATLAS

#### 2106.11683







### Motivation and Selections

- Measurements of  $t\bar{t}Z$  sensitive to tZ EW coupling
  - Differential measurement useful for theoretical predictions from MC generators
- Inclusive cross section performed at parton level
- Differential cross sections at parton/particle level
  - No kinematic selections applied at parton level
  - Similar selections at particle level to detector level
- $t\bar{t}Z$  modeled at NLO+NNLL in QCD with EW corrections, normalized to full off-shell cross section

### Measurement of $t\bar{t}Z$ with ATLAS

#### Eur. Phys. J. C (2021) 81:737

Split into two regions based on the  $t\bar{t}$  decay **Trilepton**: semi-leptonic **Tetralepton**: dileptonic









- Split Inclusive regions to isolate WZ background (few b-jets expected)
- Single differential region to **boost statistics**

letralepto	on Region
(Inclusive and	d Different
ee+μμ,	ee+µ
=1b @ 85%	≥2b @ 8
eμ+μe,	eμ+μ
=1b @ 85%	≥2b @ 8

Split channels based on the flavor of the non-Z candidate lepton pair to isolate ZZ background









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### Background Estimation

- Control regions for WZ (b-jet veto) and ZZ + jets (require 2 OSOF lepton pairs)
- Largest uncertainties are *ttZ* parton shower, *tWZ* modeling, and b-tagging
- Check compatibility through fits with either or both of 31 and 41 regions
- Good agreement with NLO+NNLL prediction:
  - $\sigma_{t\bar{t}Z} = 0.99 \pm 0.05$  (stat)  $\pm 0.08$  (syst) pb
  - $\sigma_{t\bar{t}7}^{NLO+NNLL} = 0.86 \pm \frac{+0.07}{-0.08}$  (scale)  $\pm 0.02$  (PDF) (2001.03031)

Channel	$\mu_{t\bar{t}Z}$
Trilepton	$1.17 \pm 0.07 \text{ (stat.)} ^{+0.12}_{-0.11} \text{ (syst.)}$
Tetralepton	$1.21 \pm 0.15$ (stat.) $^{+0.11}_{-0.10}$ (syst.)
Combination $(3\ell + 4\ell)$	$1.19 \pm 0.06 (\text{stat.}) \pm 0.10 (\text{syst.})$

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### Measurement of *ttZ* with ATLAS

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### Unfolded Observables

- Differential results statistical uncertai modeling and b-t
- Observables sens spin correlations, modeling



• Generally good agreement between unfolded distributions and MC/theory predictions

### Measurement of $t\bar{t}Z$ with ATLAS

#### Eur. Phys. J. C (2021) 81:737







### Motivation and Strategy

- Production of  $t\bar{t}\gamma$  sensitive to  $t\gamma$ -coupling
  - Differential cross sections sensitive to BSM effects via anomalous top quark dipole moment
- Full fixed-order calculation with non-resonant diagrams and interference
  - Measure jointly  $t\bar{t}\gamma$  and non-resonant  $tW\gamma$
- Select events in eµ channel with hard photon, fit to  $S_T$  = sum of all transverse momenta
- Measured and theoretical fiducial cross section:

• 
$$\sigma^{fid}(t\bar{t}\gamma \to e\mu) = 39.6 \pm 0.8 \text{ (stat)} ^{+2.6}_{-2.2} \text{ (syst) fb}$$

•  $\sigma_{NLO}^{fid} = 38.50 \pm {}^{+0.56}_{-2.18}$  (scale)  ${}^{+1.04}_{-1.18}$  (PDF) fb (1803.09916, 1809.08562)

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#### Measurement of $t\bar{t}\gamma$ and $tW\gamma$ with ATLAS













## Unfolded Observables

- Unfolded to parton level, compare to fixe order NLO theory and LO+PS MC simulat
  - Photon p<sub>T</sub> and rapidity; angular separation c leptons and between photon and nearest le
- Theory in good agreement with data, mos good agreement with MC
- LO+PS MC simulation unable to fully desc. angular observables  $\Delta \phi(ll)$ ,  $\Delta R(\gamma l)_{min}$
- Largest systematic uncertainties from signa and background modeling, fully reliant on

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## Summary

- Presented latest results from ATLAS Experiment on precision tests of Standard Model • Search for FCNC provide most stringent limits to date on  $t \rightarrow Zq$  FCNC decays

  - Measurement of  $R(\tau/\mu)$  exceed precision of LEP and **resolves tension in**  $R(\tau/\mu)$  measurement with SM
- Presented latest measurements of associated top production measured by ATLAS
  - Measurement of  $t\bar{t}t\bar{t}$  in 1L/OS channels; combined with multi-lepton channels, observe 4.7  $\sigma$  significance
  - First measurement of ttZ differential cross section at using full LHC Run II dataset in observables sensitive to BSM physics affecting tZ coupling
  - Perform differential cross section measurement of  $t\bar{t}\gamma + tW\gamma$ ; compare with first ever full calculation of  $t\bar{t}$ in association with a hard photon including non-resonant/off-shell effects at NLO QCD

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Thank you for your attention!







Backup -