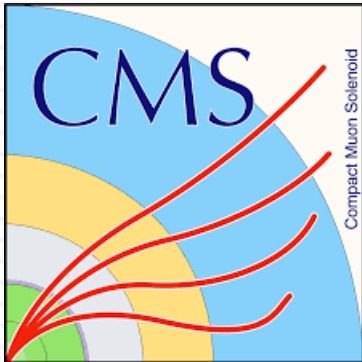


Snowmass 2021 EF01: Higgs Boson properties and couplings



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on behalf of CEPC EF01

Sunday, June 28,
2020

Snowmass General Discussion

Snowmass: a vision for the future of particle physics

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- ⦿ Goals of snowmass planning exercise in EF01:
 - ⦿ identify key reference measurements of a precision Higgs program
 - ⦿ provide compact summary of theoretical motivations
 - ⦿ document the precision and physics potential
 - ⦿ highlight the unique strengths of different future facilities
 - ⦿ intrinsic advantages, unique capabilities to reconstructing particular decays etc.
 - ⦿ complementary programs enhance the overall Higgs physics program
- ⦿ Various machines to be considered for accelerator and physics studies during the Snowmass process
 - ⦿ Snowmass 2013: CLIC, ILC, HL-LHC, VLHC, TLEP, muon collider etc.
 - ⦿ Snowmass 2021: **CEPC**, FCC-ee, ILC, CLIC, EIC, LHeC, HE-LHC, **SPPC**, FCC-hh, etc.
- ⦿ Timeline:
 - ⦿ [Letters of Interest](#) (April 1 – August 31, 2020)
 - ⦿ [Contributed Papers](#) (April 1 – July 31, 2021)

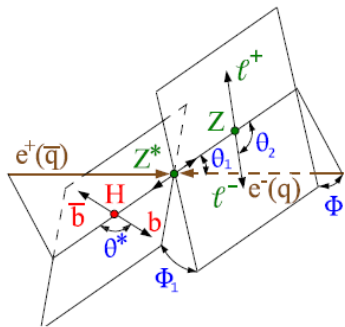
Studies done in CEPC-CDR

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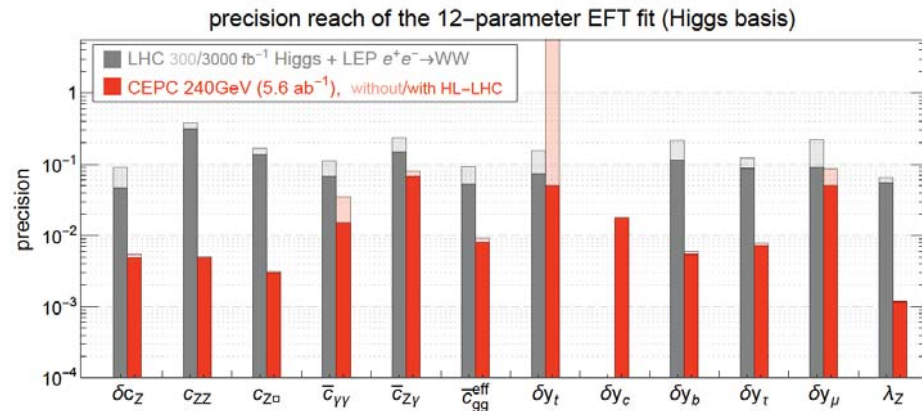
- 11 Physics Performance with Benchmark Processes
 - 11.1 Higgs boson physics
 - 11.1.1 Higgs boson production and decay
 - 11.1.2 Higgs boson tagging
 - 11.1.3 Measurements of (ZH) and the Higgs boson mass
 - 11.1.4 Analyses of the individual Higgs boson decay modes
 - 11.1.5 Combination of the individual analyses
 - 11.1.6 Higgs boson width
 - 11.1.7 Higgs boson coupling measurements
 - 11.1.8 The Higgs boson self-coupling
 - 11.1.9 Higgs boson and top-quark couplings
 - 11.1.10 Tests of Higgs boson spin/CP
 - 11.1.11 Summary
 - 11.2 W and Z boson physics
 - 11.2.1 Z pole measurements
 - 11.2.2 Measurement of the W boson mass
 - 11.2.3 Oblique parameters

| Property | Estimated Precision |
|-------------------------|---------------------|
| m_H | 5.9 MeV |
| Γ_H | 3.1% |
| $\sigma(ZH)$ | 0.5% |
| $\sigma(\nu\bar{\nu}H)$ | 3.2% |

| Decay mode | $\sigma(ZH) \times \text{BR}$ | BR |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------|
| $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ | 0.27% | 0.56% |
| $H \rightarrow c\bar{c}$ | 3.3% | 3.3% |
| $H \rightarrow gg$ | 1.3% | 1.4% |
| $H \rightarrow WW^*$ | 1.0% | 1.1% |
| $H \rightarrow ZZ^*$ | 5.1% | 5.1% |
| $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ | 6.8% | 6.9% |
| $H \rightarrow Z\gamma$ | 15% | 15% |
| $H \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$ | 0.8% | 1.0% |
| $H \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ | 17% | 17% |
| $H \rightarrow \text{inv}$ | — | < 0.30% |



Higgs boson production and decay angles of the $e^+e^- \rightarrow Z^* \rightarrow ZH \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-b\bar{b}$ process



Focus of Snowmass 2021 in EF01

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- ① Focus of Snowmass 2021 in EF01
 - ① fiducial differential cross sections: targeting phase space region matching experiment selections, in bins of interested variables
 - ① reduce sensitivity to SM modeling
 - ① isolate regions with higher BSM sensitivity
 - ① probe more precise theoretical corrections with finer SM measurements
 - ① CP violating Higgs couplings: targeting couplings sensitive to CP nature of Higgs with angular analyses or threshold scans
 - ① excellent null-test in SM
 - ① inputs to global EFT fits
 - ① different facilities have their unique features

Some typical reference differential analyses

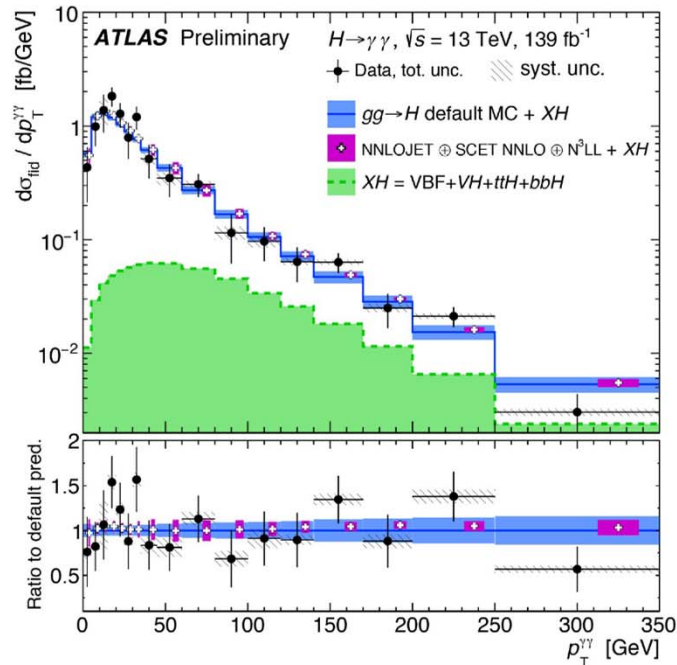
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p_T^H, N_{jets} Distributions

from Nicolas Berger

$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

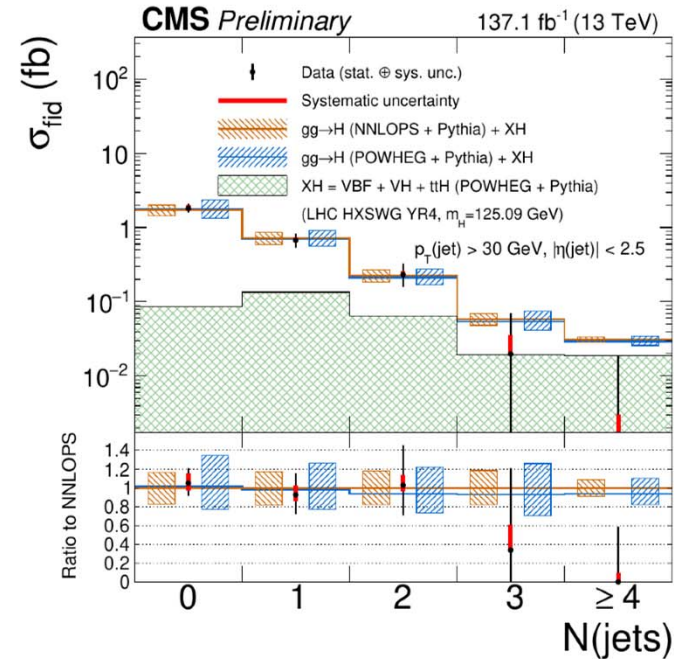
- 1-2% mass resolution
- S/B \sim 3% but $N_{\text{reco H}} \sim 7000$



low- p_T^H : probe pQCD modeling, light-quark coupling
high- p_T^H : new particles in ggF loop, top coupling

$H \rightarrow 4l$

- 1-2% mass resolution
- S/B \sim 2 but $N_{\text{reco H}} \sim 200$



N_{jets} : Probe pQCD modeling, production mode composition

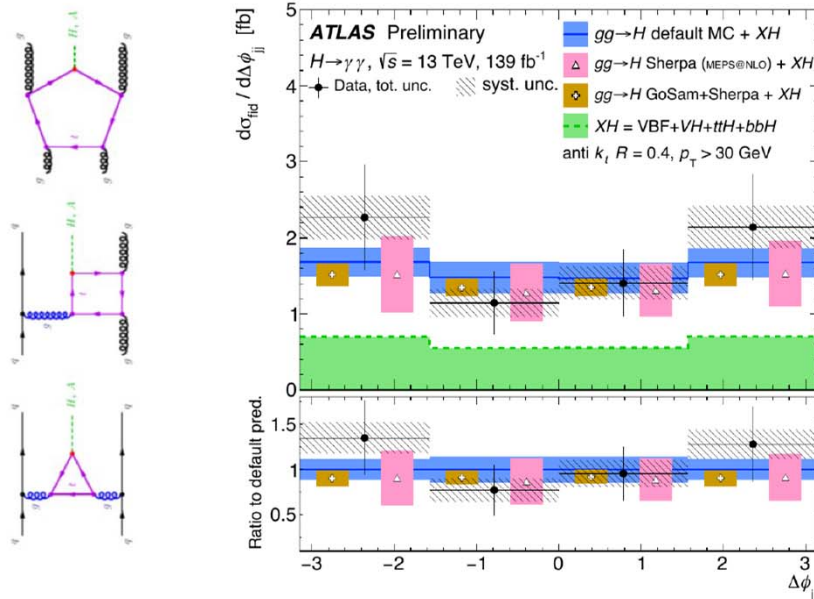
Some typical reference differential analyses

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$\Delta\phi_{jj}, m_{34}$

from Nicolas Berger

hep-ph/0703202

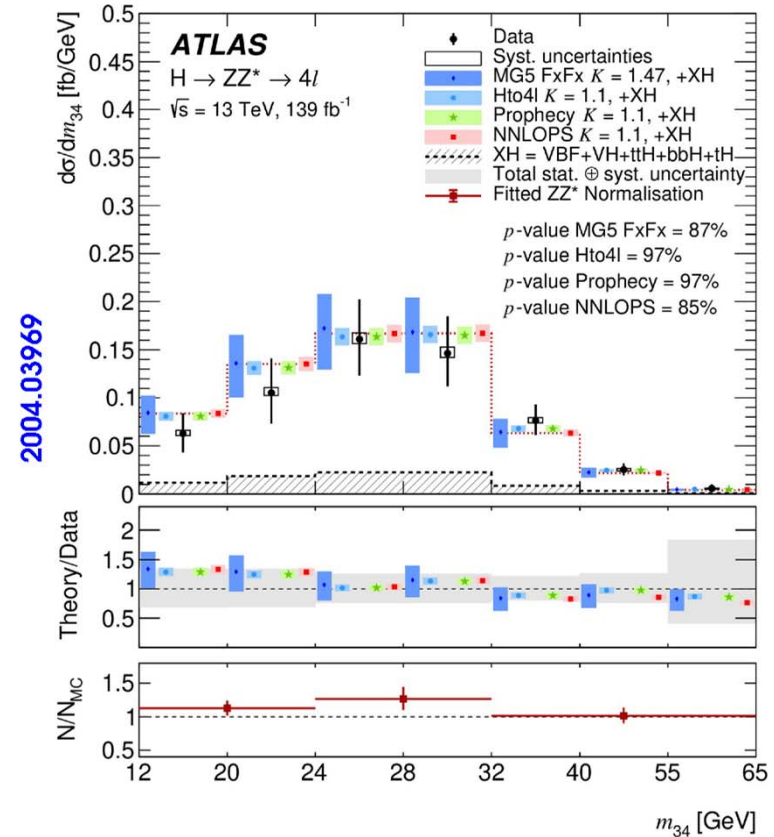


ATLAS-CONF-2019-029

$\Delta\phi_{jj}$: Sensitive to CP-odd Higgs admixtures

→ Small modulation in the SM, opposite sign for CP-odd components

→ See also **ATL-PHYS-PUB-2019-008**: measure CP admixture @ HL-LHC from $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ angular distributions



2004.03969

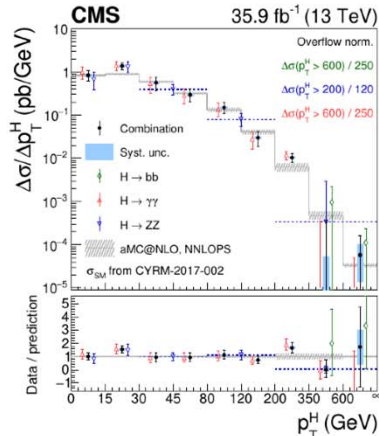
m_{34} : mass of subleading lepton pair ($\sim m_{Z^*}$), Probes H4l tensor structure (contact terms), light resonances

Interpretation of differential analyses

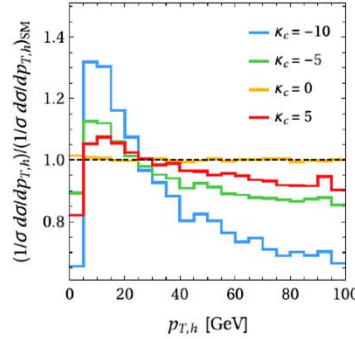
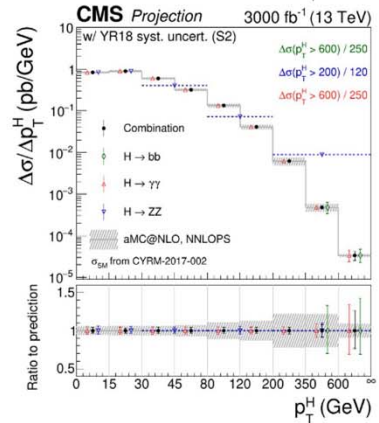
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p_T^H Interpretation: Anomalous b,c couplings

Run 2



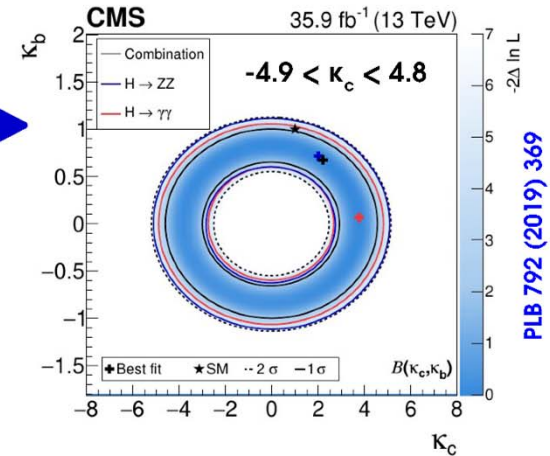
HL-LHC



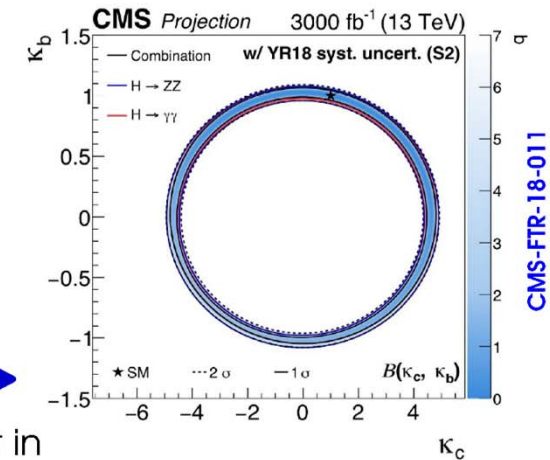
PRL 118, 121801 (2017)

- Anomalous $\kappa_{b,c}$ change p_T^H shape and normalization.
- Parameterize $cc \rightarrow H$, ggF and $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ loops with $\kappa_{b,c}$, assuming no other NP effects.
- sensitivity mostly from norm.

Similar sensitivity to direct measurement in $VH \rightarrow cc$: $\mu(ZH \rightarrow cc) \lesssim 6$ (ATL-PHYS-PUB-2018-016)



PLB 792 (2019) 369



CMS-FTR-18-011

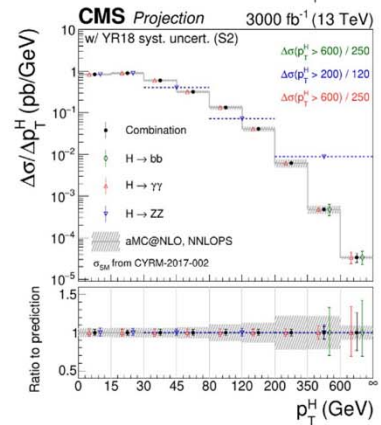
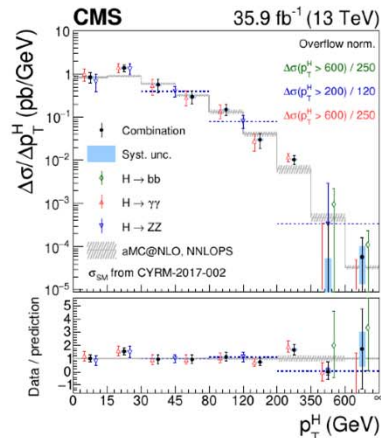
from Nicolas Berger

Interpretation of differential analyses

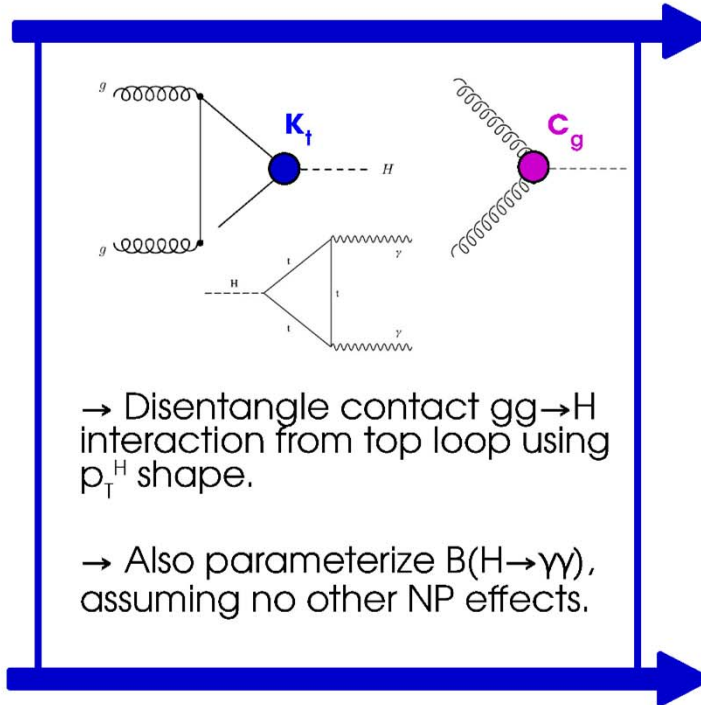
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p_T^H Interpretation: Anomalous t, g couplings

Run 2

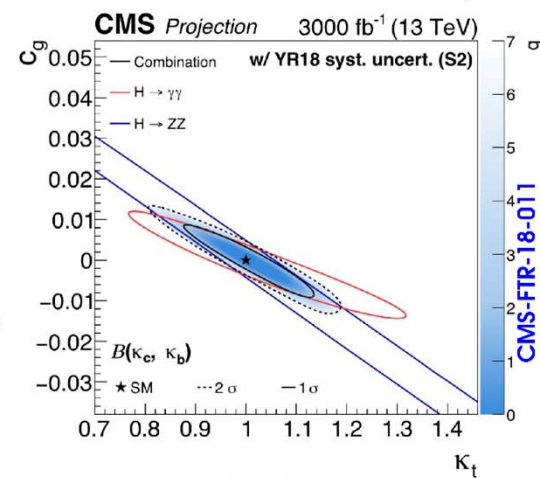
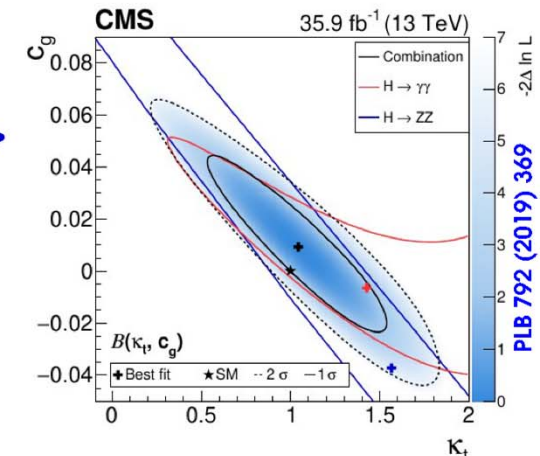


HL-LHC



→ Disentangle contact $gg \rightarrow H$ interaction from top loop using p_T^H shape.
 → Also parameterize $B(H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$, assuming no other NP effects.

→ SM Normalization for $12c_g + \kappa_t \sim 1$
 → Shape and $B(H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$ provide orthogonal constraints.

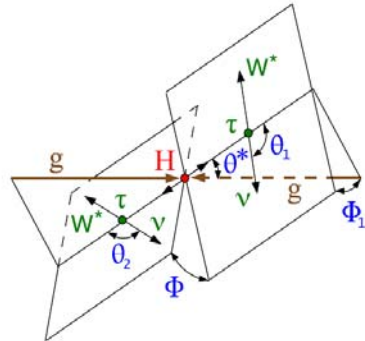


from Nicolas Berger

Some reference Higgs CP violating analyses

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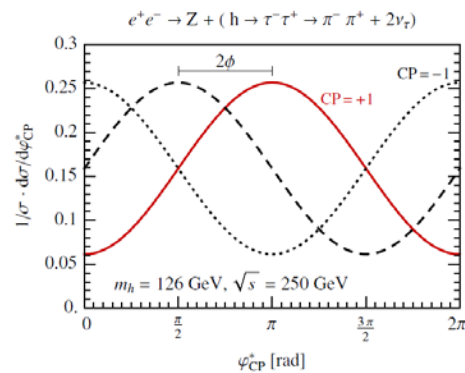
from Andrei Gritsan



- Polarization in $H \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$ for CP in Hff

e^+e^- pheno studies at Snowmass-2013: [arXiv:1308.2674](https://arxiv.org/abs/1308.2674)

- the only CP in Hff at $e^+e^- \sqrt{s} < 500$ GeV
- reach $f_{CP} \sim 0.008$ ($\alpha \sim 5^\circ$) at e^+e^- ref. lumi
- e^+e^- benefits from clean environment



- $\tau \rightarrow l + \nu_l + \nu_\tau, \quad l = e, \mu,$
- $\tau \rightarrow \pi + \nu_\tau,$
- $\tau \rightarrow \rho + \nu_\tau \rightarrow \pi + \pi^0 + \nu_\tau,$
- $\tau \rightarrow a_1 + \nu_\tau \rightarrow \pi + 2\pi^0 + \nu_\tau,$
- $\tau \rightarrow a_1^{L,T} + \nu_\tau \rightarrow 2\pi^\pm + \pi^\mp + \nu_\tau.$

Other featured channels in CEPC

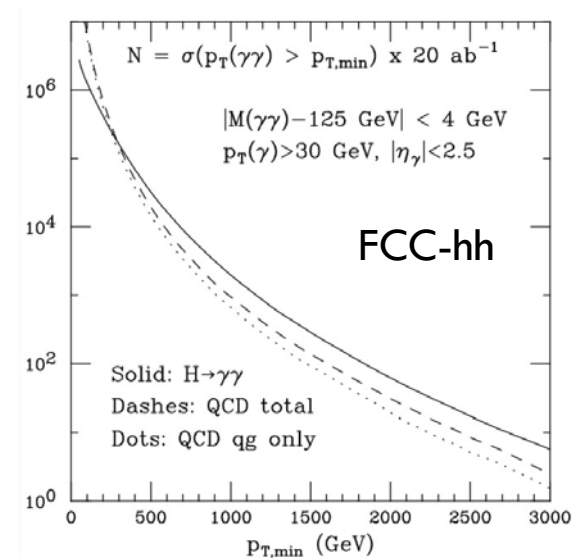
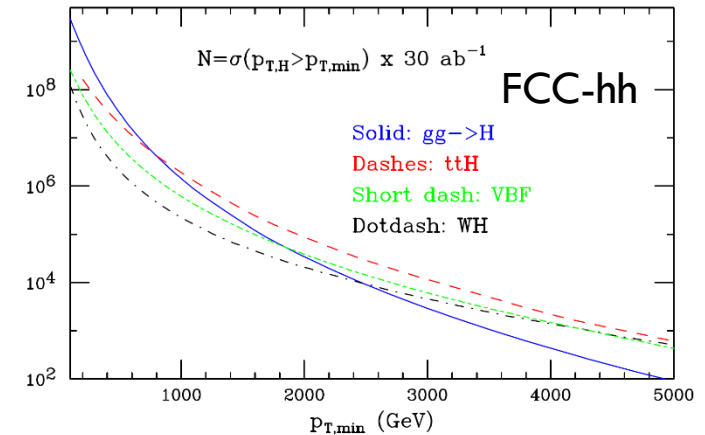
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow ZH \Rightarrow HZZ, HZ\gamma, H\gamma\gamma$ couplings
- Current $ZH \rightarrow \mu\mu b\bar{b}$ results could also be improved by exploring the kinematic distributions

About SPPC and FCC-hh

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Complementary Higgs precision measurements to lepton collider

- ⦿ specially interesting in large Higgs pT regions
 - ⦿ different hierarchy of production channels
 - ⦿ improved S/B, reduced pile-up effects
 - ⦿ potentially accurate probe of the H pt spectrum up to large pt
- ⦿ standalone precise “ratios-of-BRs” measurements
 - ⦿ independent of α_S , m_b , m_c , Γ_{inv} systematics
 - ⦿ sensitive to BSM effects that typically influence BRs in different ways
- ⦿ probe top Yukawa coupling where ttH/Z contributions are subdominant



Summary

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- ⊙ A set of reference analyses will be established in EF01
- ⊙ Currently focus on differential measurements and Higgs CP violating couplings
- ⊙ CEPC should propose and work on channels that highlight our strengths – collaborate between theorists and experimentalists
 - ⊙ $p_T(H)$ differential analyses
 - ⊙ CP violation studies in HZZ and other channels
 - ⊙ running of Higgs mass measurements?
 - ⊙ other ideas are very welcome
- ⊙ SPPC initiatives?