Electroweak Baryogenesis & Higgs Studies

M.J. Ramsey-Musolf

- T.D. Lee Institute & Shanghai Jiao Tong Univ.
- UMass-Amherst



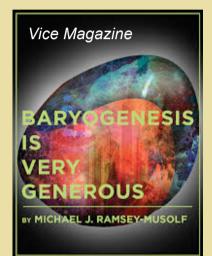
My pronouns: he/him/his

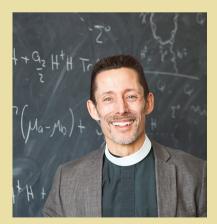
EWPT an Higgs Physics Symposium IHEP Beijing, July 2020

Michael Ramsey-Musolf

Chair Professor, SJTU & T.D. Lee Professor, TDLI Professor & Director, ACFI, U. Mass Amherst

Theoretical Physics





- Why does the Universe contain more matter than antimatter ?
- What are the laws of nature beyond those of the Standard Model & General Relativity ?
- How do quantum field theories work ? How do they apply to processes in the early Universe ?
- How can experiments test our theoretical ideas?
 - Ph.D. Princeton
 - Post-doc MIT
 - ・ 美国 → 中国 2019
- <u>mjrm@sjtu.edu.cn</u>
- 微信:mjrm-china

Selected References

- D. Morrissey & MJRM, "Electroweak Baryogenesis", NJP 14 (2012) 125003 [1206.2942]
- MJRM, "The EW Phase Transition: A Collider Target" [1912.07189]
- S. Profumo, MJRM, G. Shaugnessy, "Singlet Higgs Phenomenology and the EW Phase Transition", JHEP 08 (2007) 010 [0705.2425]
- S. Profumo, MJRM, C. Wainwright, P. Winslow, "Singlet-catalyzed EW Phase Transitions and Precision Higgs Boson Studies", PRD 91 (2015) 035108 [1407.5342]
- H. H. Patel & MJRM, "Stepping Into EW Symmetry-Breaking: Phase Transitions and Higgs Phenomenology", PRD 88 (2013) 035013 [1212.5652]
- S. Inoue, G. Ovanesyan, MJRM "Two-Step EW Baryogenesis", PRD 93 (2016) 015013 [1508.05404]
- V. Cirigliano, C. Lee, MJRM, "Resonant Relaxation in EW Baryogenesis", PRD 71 (2005) 075010 [hep-ph/0412345]

3

Key Ideas for this Talk

- The "electroweak temperature" → a scale provided by nature that makes EWBG/ EWPT a clear BSM target for colliders
- High degree of complementarity and synergy between precision Higgs studies, new particle searches, and low-energy symmetry tests

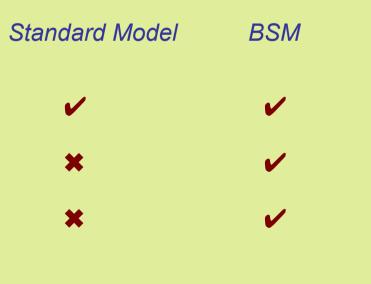
 exciting opportunities for the CEPC!
- Non-perturbative computations essential input for reliable collider pheno

Ingredients for Baryogenesis

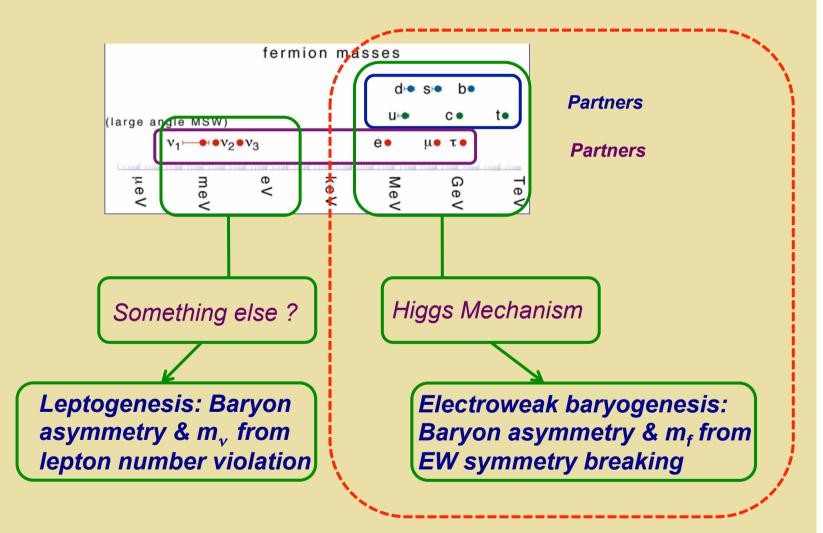


- *B* violation (sphalerons)
- C & CP violation
- Out-of-equilibrium or CPT violation

Scenarios: leptogenesis, EW baryogenesis, Afflek-Dine, asymmetric DM, cold baryogenesis, postsphaleron baryogenesis...

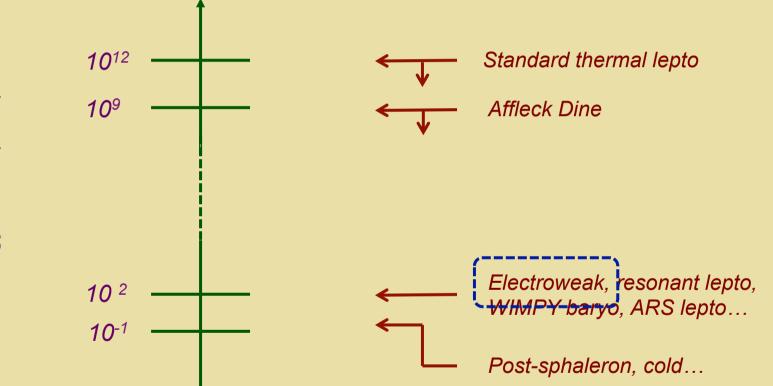


Fermion Masses & Baryon Asymmetry



This talk

Baryogenesis Scenarios

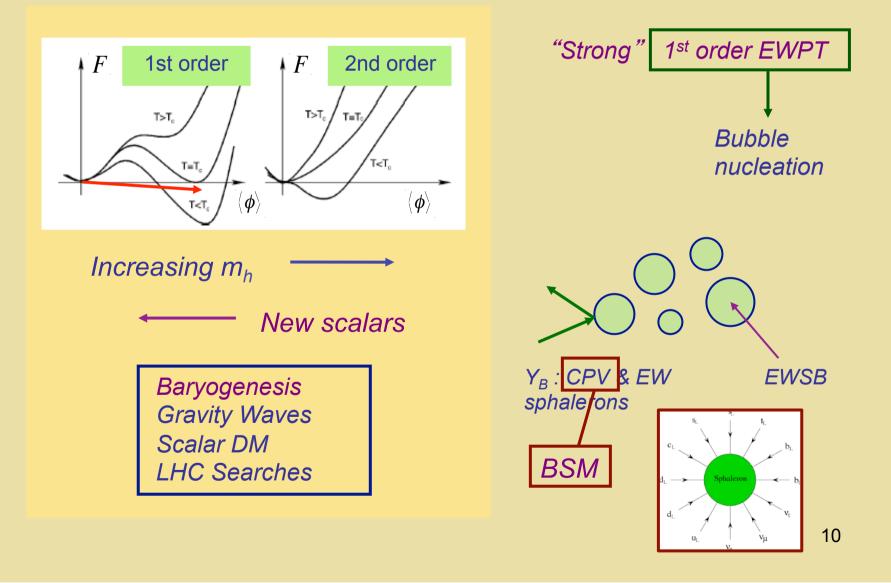


Outline

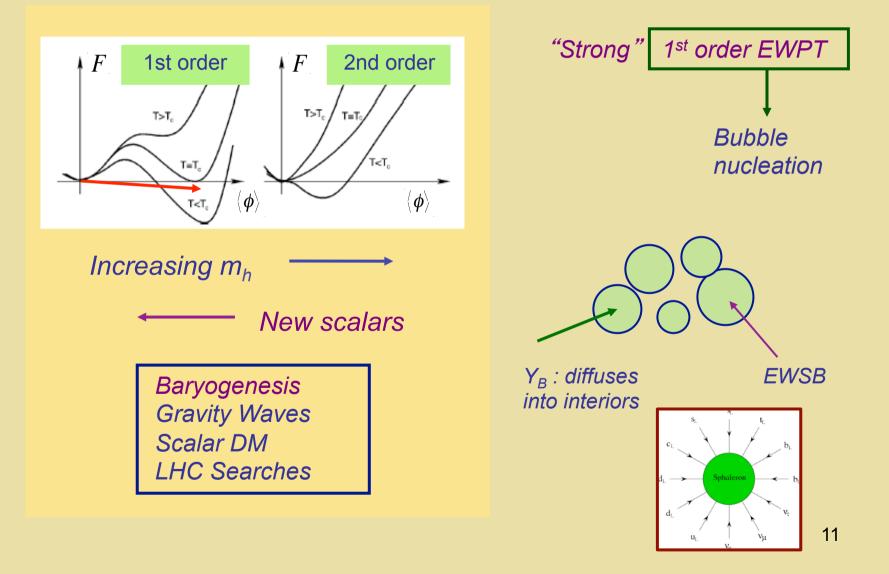
- I. Electroweak Baryogenesis
- II. Electroweak Phase Transition
- III. EWPT: Models & Phenomenology
- IV. CPV for EW Baryogenesis
- V. Outlook
- VI. Back-up Slides:
 - Grav wave collider interplay
 - Higgs self-coupling & $\sigma_{\rm ZH}$

I. Electroweak Baryogenesis

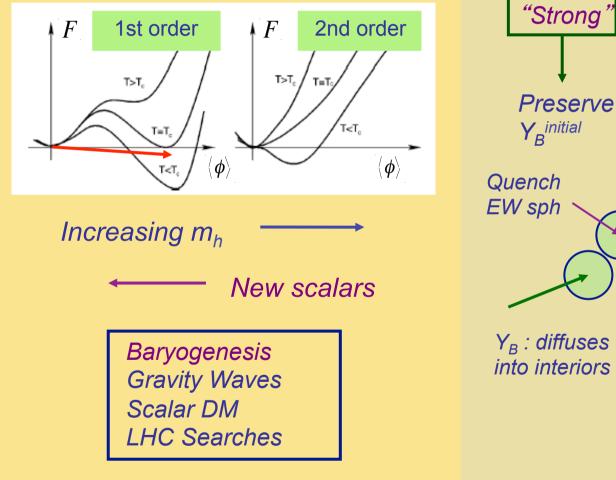
EW Phase Transition: BSM Scalars & CPV

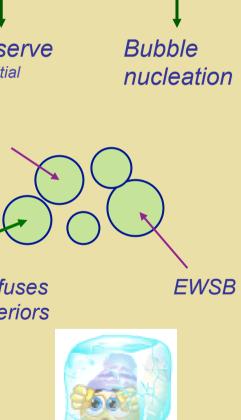


EW Phase Transition: BSM Scalars & CPV



EW Phase Transition: BSM Scalars & CPV





1st order EWPT

II. EWPT: A Collider Target

MJRM 1912.07189

Mass scale

• Precision

T_{EW} Sets a Scale for Colliders

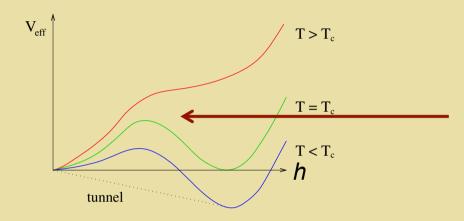
High-T SM Effective Potential

$$V(h,T)_{\rm SM} = D(T^2 - T_0^2) h^2 + \lambda h^4 + \cdots$$

$$T_0^2 = (8\lambda + \text{ loops}) \left(4\lambda + \frac{3}{2}g^2 + \frac{1}{2}g'^2 + 2y_t^2 + \cdots \right)^{-1} v^2$$

$$T_0 \sim 140 \; \text{GeV} \equiv T_{EW}$$

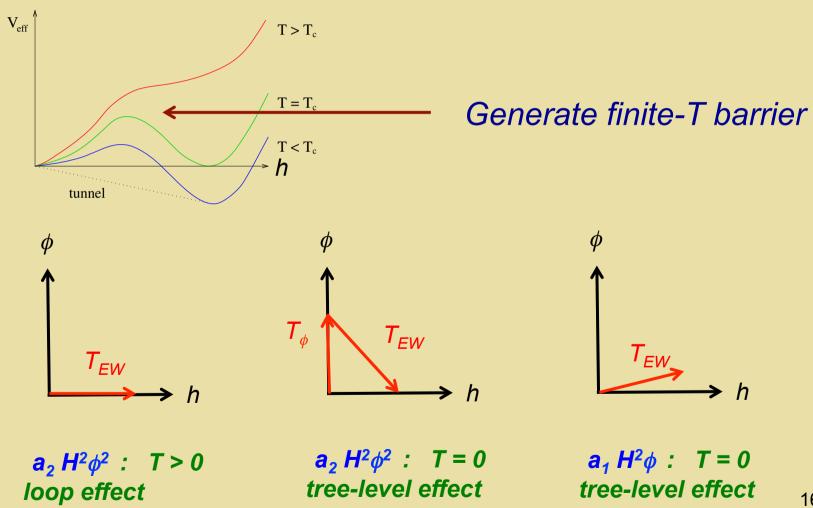
14



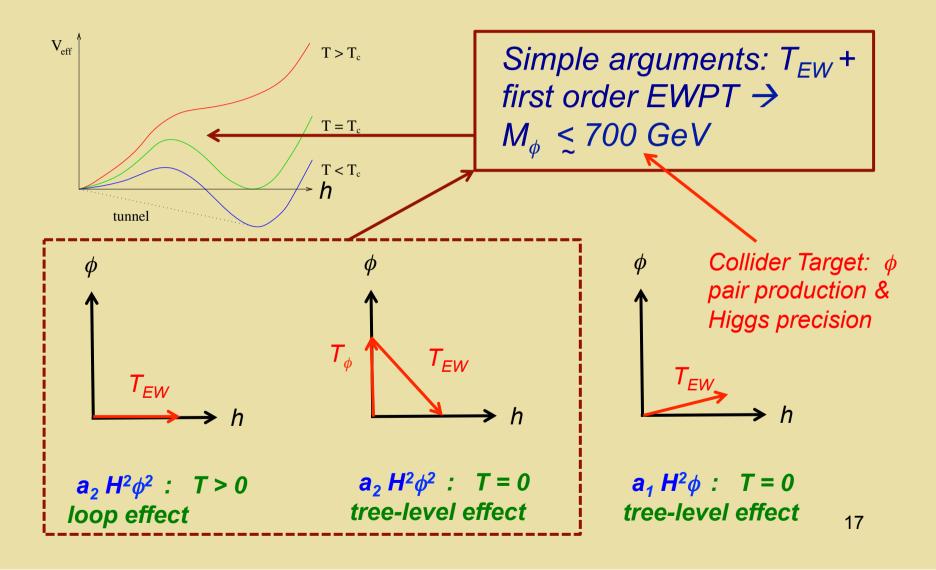
Generate finite-T barrier

Introduce new scalar φ interaction with h via the Higgs Portal





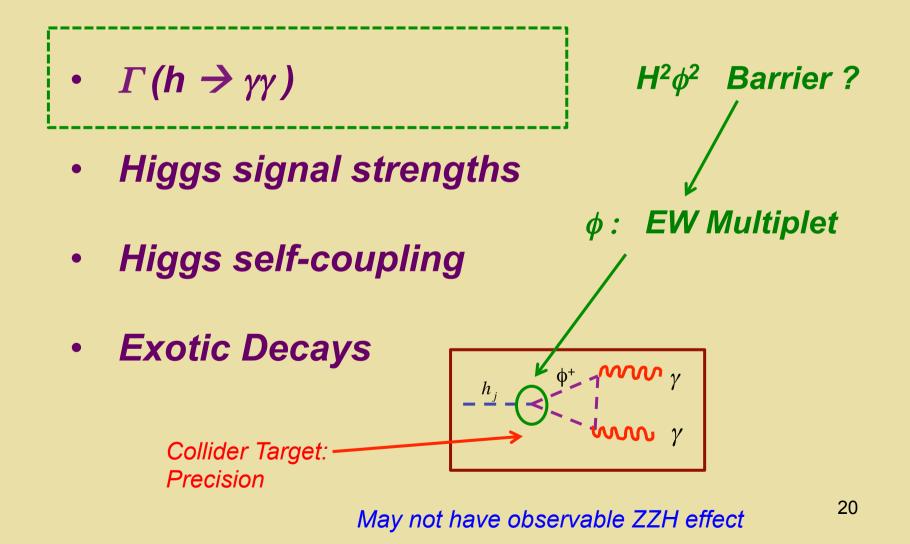
16



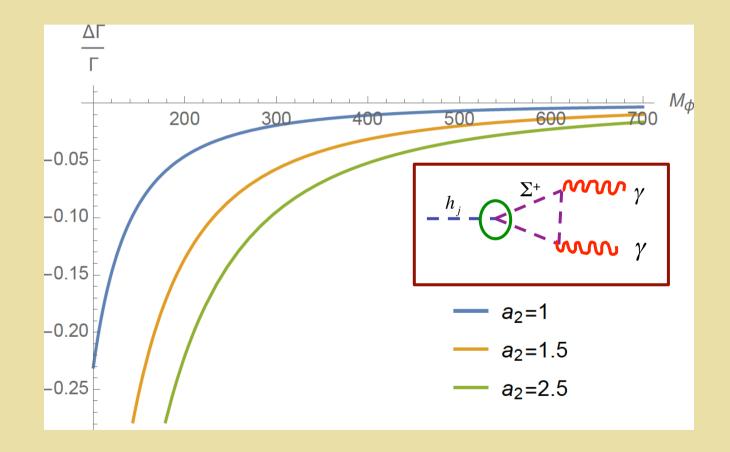
T_{EW} : Higgs Boson Properties



- $\Gamma(h \rightarrow \gamma \gamma)$
- Higgs signal strengths
- Higgs self-coupling
- Exotic Decays

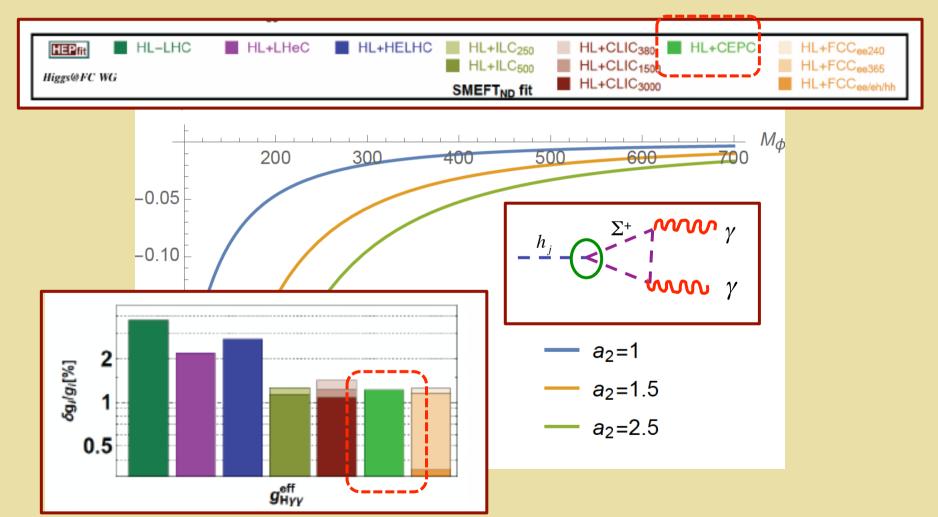


$H \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$: Is There a Barrier ?



EWPT → *Decrease in rate*

$H \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$: Is There a Barrier ?

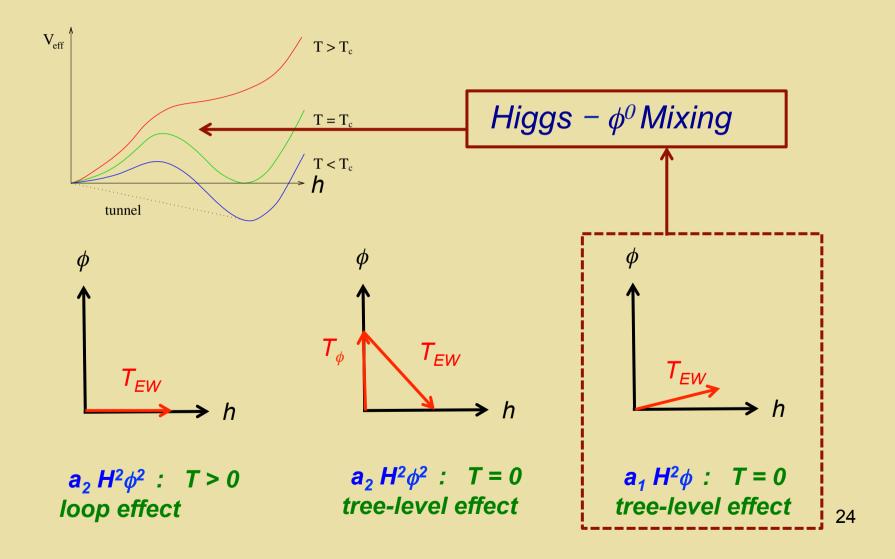


Thanks: M. Cepeda

- Thermal $\Gamma(h \rightarrow \gamma \gamma)$
- Higgs signal strengths
- Higgs self-coupling

 $H^2\phi$ Barrier ?

Exotic Decays

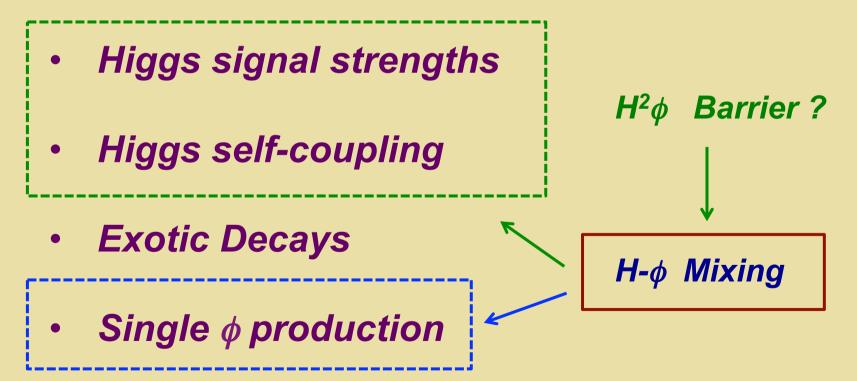


- Thermal $\Gamma(h \rightarrow \gamma \gamma)$
- Higgs signal strengths
- Higgs self-coupling
- Exotic Decays



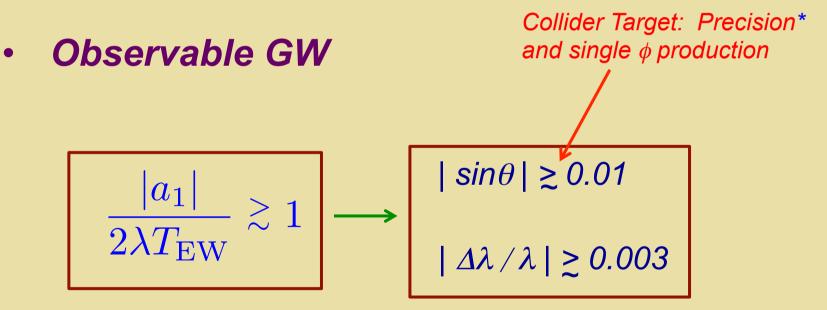
 $H-\phi$ Mixing

• Thermal $\Gamma(h \rightarrow \gamma \gamma)$



Strong First Order EWPT

Prevent baryon number washout



* Note scale for ZZh coupling deviation

• $\Gamma(h \rightarrow \gamma \gamma)$ • Higgs signal strengths • Higgs self-coupling • Exotic Decays* $\Gamma(h \rightarrow \gamma \gamma)$ $h_1 - - \Theta$ h_2 $h_1 - - \Theta$ h_2 $h_1 - - \Theta$ h_2 h_2 h_2 h_3 h_2 h_2 h_3 h_2 h_3 h_2 h_2 h_3 h_2 h_3 h_2 h_3 h_2 h_3 h_3 h_2 h_3 h_3 h_2 h_3 h_3 h_3

* Visible or invisible

III. EWPT: Models & Phenomenology

Model Illustrations

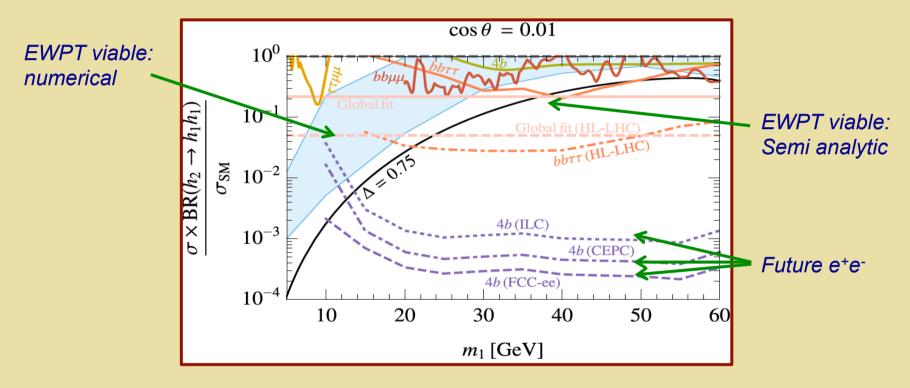


Simple Higgs portal models:

- Real gauge singlet (SM + 1)
- Real EW triplet (SM + 3)

Light Singlets: Exotic Decays

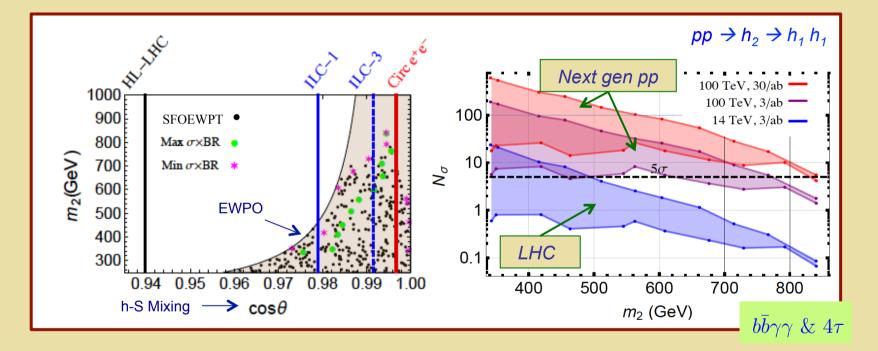
 $h_2 \rightarrow h_1 h_1 \rightarrow 4b$



J. Kozaczuk, MR-M, J. Shelton 1911.10210 See also: Carena et al 1911.10206

Singlets: Precision & Res Di-Higgs Prod

SFOEWPT Benchmarks: Resonant di-Higgs & precision Higgs studies



Kotwal, No, R-M, Winslow 1605.06123

See also: Huang et al, 1701.04442; Li et al, 1906.05289

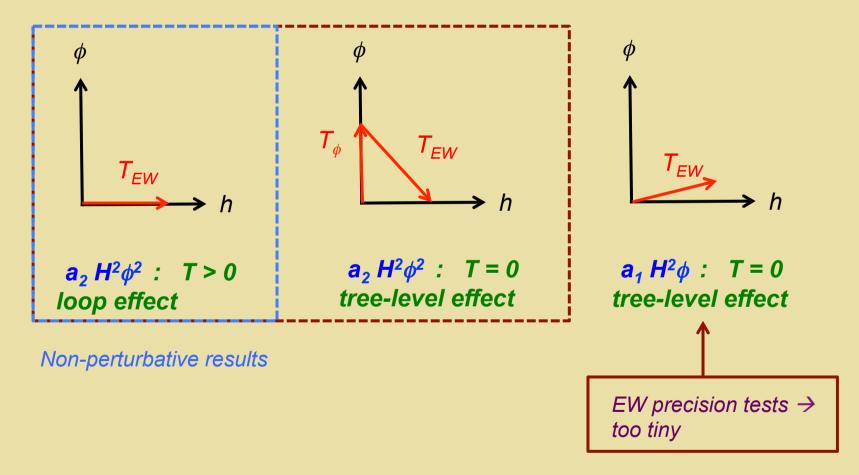
Model Illustrations



Simple Higgs portal models:

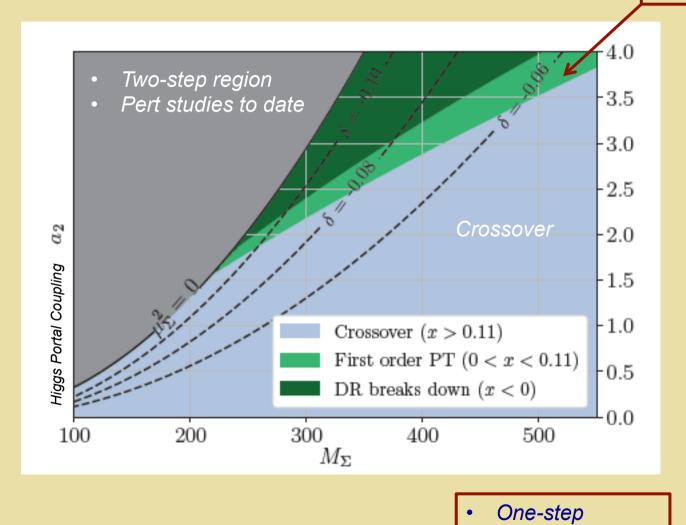
- Real gauge singlet (SM + 1)
- Real EW triplet (SM + 3)

Real Triplet



Real Triplet: One-Step EWPT

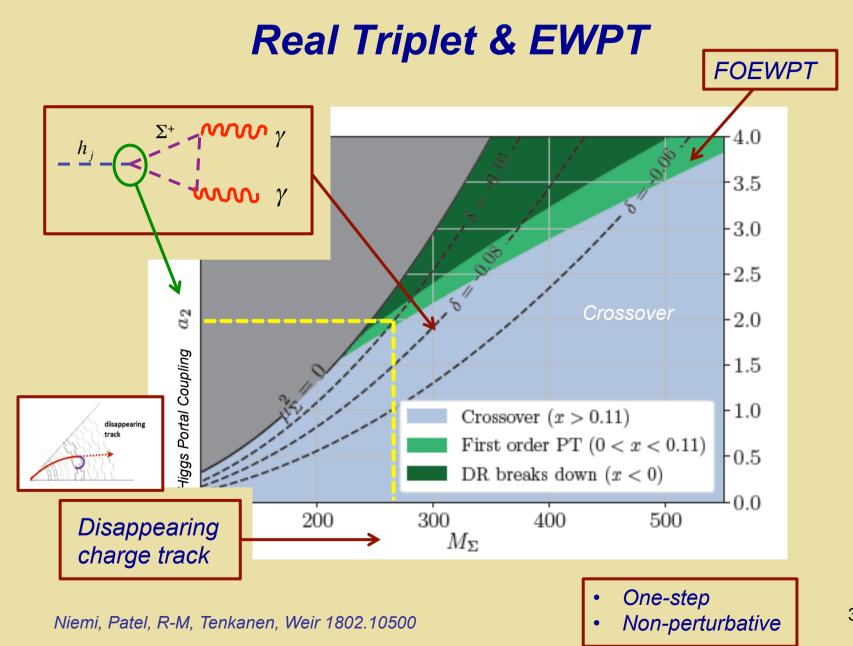
FOEWPT



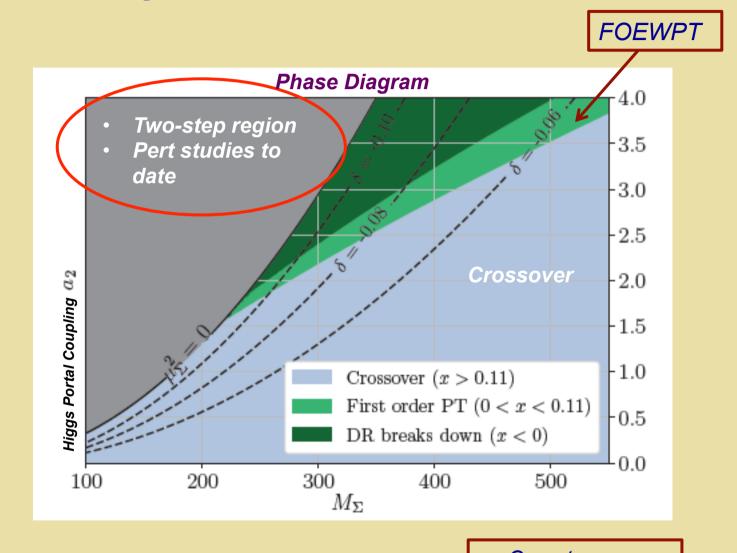
Niemi, Patel, R-M, Tenkanen, Weir 1802.10500

Non-perturbative

35



Real Triplet & EWPT: Novel EWSB



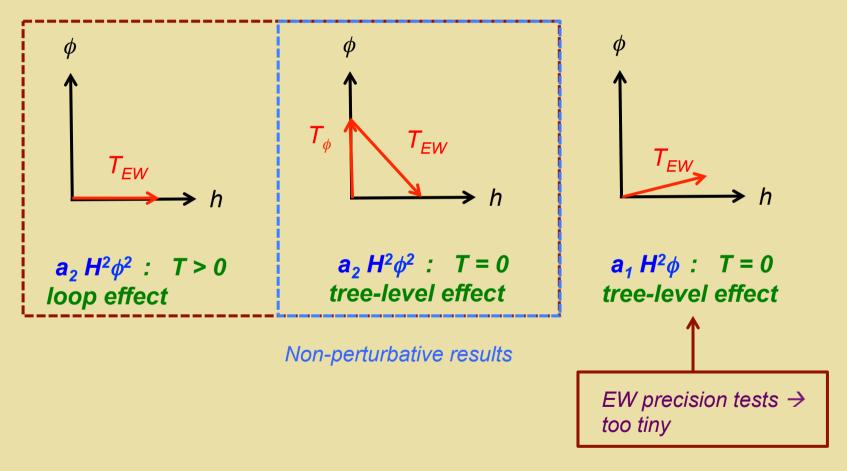
Niemi, Patel, R-M, Tenkanen, Weir 1802.10500

• One-step

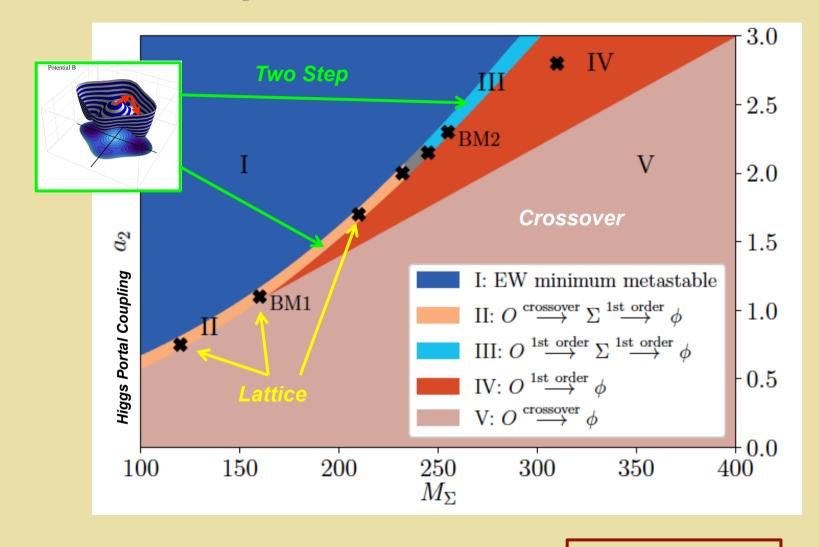
• Non-perturbative

37

Real Triplet



Real Triplet & EWPT: Novel EWSB



Niemi, R-M, Tenkanen, Weir 2005.11332

• 1 or 2 step

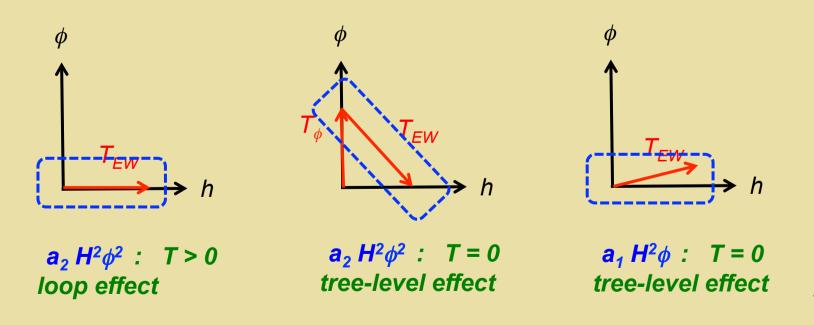
• Non-perturbative

39

IV. CPV for EW Baryogenesis

EWSB Scenarios & CPV

- BAU generated by CPV during first order transition to Higgs phase
- Stringent constraints from EDM searches



41

EDMs: New CPV?

System	Limit (e cm)*	SM CKM CPV	BSM CPV
¹⁹⁹ Hg	7.4 x 10 ⁻³⁰	10 ⁻³⁵	10 ⁻³⁰
ThO	1.1 x 10 ⁻²⁹ **	10 ⁻³⁸	10 ⁻²⁹
n	1.8 x 10 ⁻²⁶	10 ⁻³¹	10 ⁻²⁶

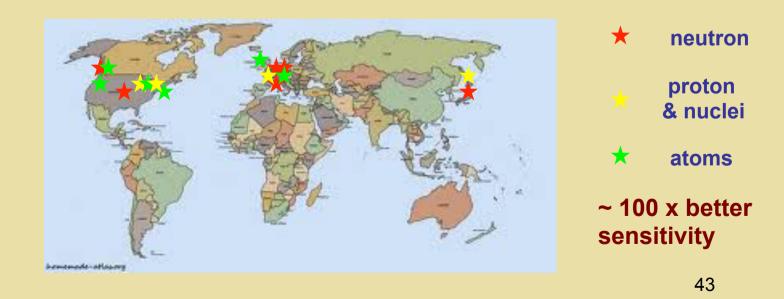
* 95% CL ** e⁻ equivalent

Mass Scale Sensitivity

EDMs: New CPV?

System	Limit (e cm)*	SM CKM CPV	BSM CPV
¹⁹⁹ Hg	7.4 x 10 ⁻³⁰	10 ⁻³⁵	10 ⁻³⁰
ThO	1.1 x 10 ⁻²⁹ **	10 ⁻³⁸	10 ⁻²⁹
n	1.8 x 10 ⁻²⁶	10 ⁻³¹	10 ⁻²⁶

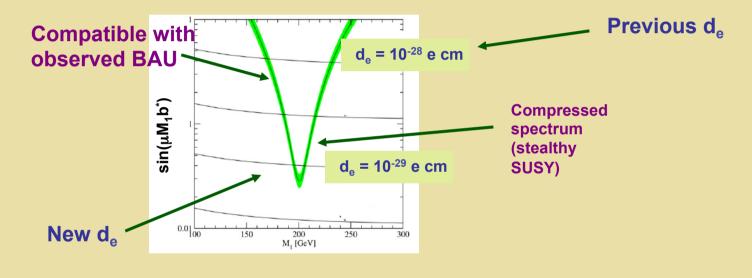
* 95% CL ** e⁻ equivalent



Not shown: muon

EDMs & EW Baryogenesis: SUSY

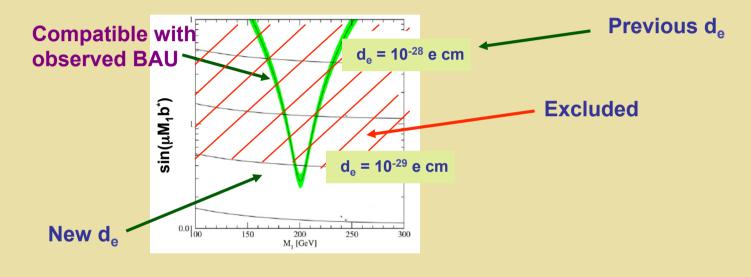
Electron EDM



Li, Profumo, RM '09-'10

EDMs & EW Baryogenesis: SUSY

Electron EDM



Li, Profumo, RM '09-'10

CPV for EWBG





Flavored EW Baryogenesis



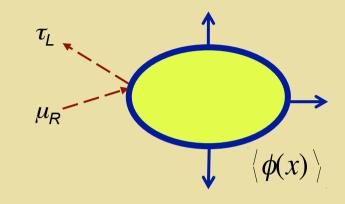
Type III 2HDM

Jarlskog invariant

$$J_A = \frac{1}{v^2 \mu_{12}^{\text{HB}}} \sum_{a,b,c=1}^2 v_a v_b^* \mu_{bc} \text{Tr}\left[Y_c Y_a^\dagger\right]$$

T=0 Higgs couplingsEWEIm $(y_{\tau}) \sim Im (J_A)$ SCF

$$EWBG CPV Source$$
$$S^{CPV} \sim Im (J_A)$$



Flavor basis (high T)

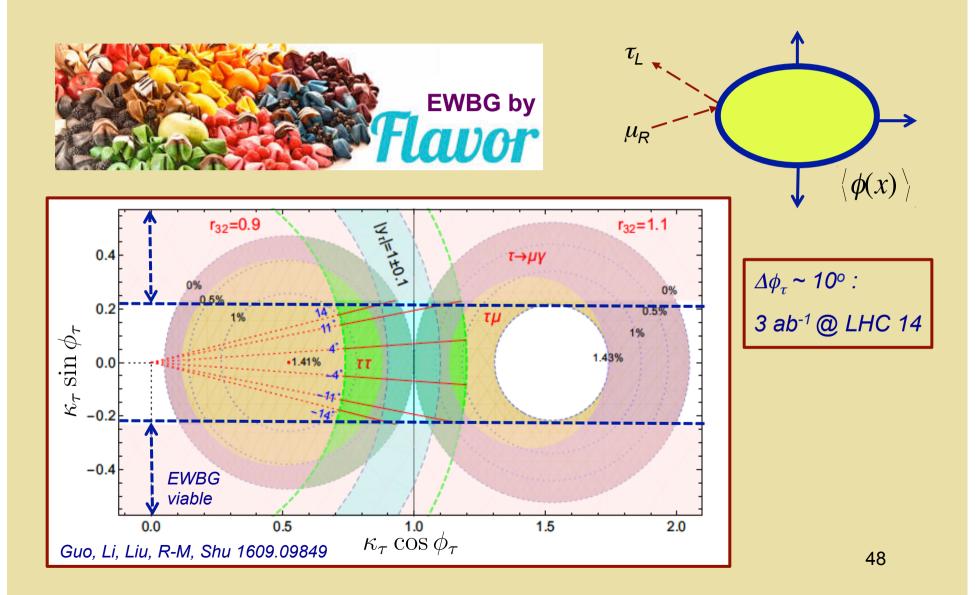
$$\mathscr{L}_{\text{Yukawa}}^{\text{Lepton}} = -\overline{E_L^i} \left[(Y_1^E)_{ij} \Phi_1 + (Y_2^E)_{ij} \Phi_2 \right] e_R^j + h.c.$$

Mass basis (T=0)

$$\frac{CPVh \rightarrow \tau\tau}{\frac{m_f}{v}\kappa_{\tau}(\cos\phi_{\tau}\bar{\tau}\tau + \sin\phi_{\tau}\bar{\tau}i\gamma_{5}\tau)h}$$

Guo, Li, Liu, R-M, Shu 1609.09849 Chiang, Fuyuto, Senaha 1607.07316

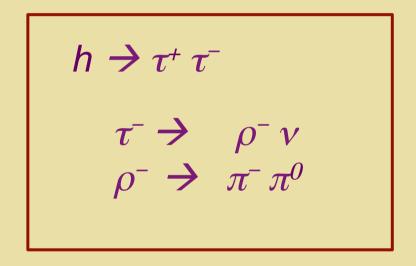
Flavored EW Baryogenesis



CPV in $h \rightarrow \tau \tau$

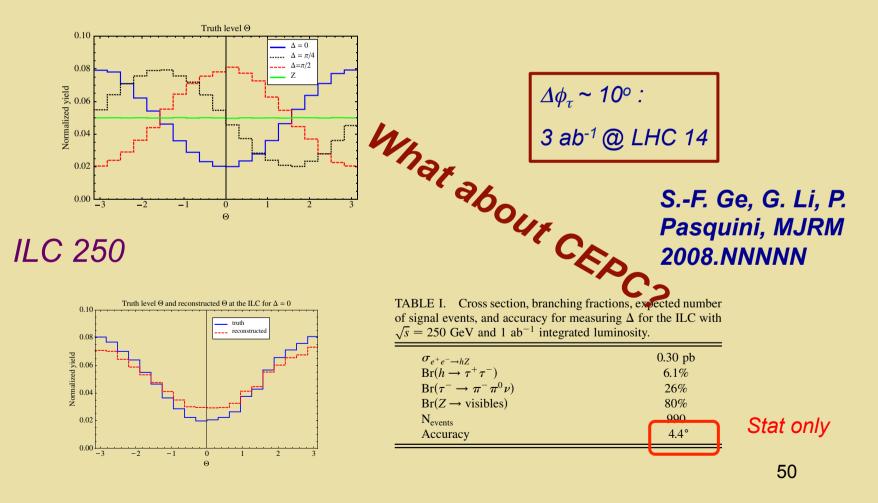
PHYSICAL REVIEW D 88, 076009 (2013) Measuring *CP* violation in $h \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$ at colliders

Roni Harnik,¹ Adam Martin,^{2,3} Takemichi Okui,⁴ Reinard Primulando,⁵ and Felix Yu¹



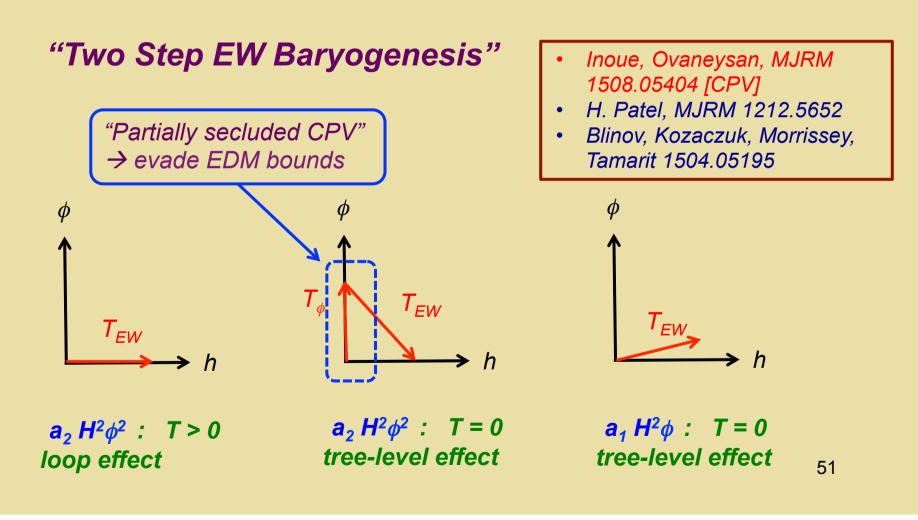
CPV in $h \rightarrow \tau \tau$

Study cos (2 Δ – Θ) distribution



EWSB Scenarios & CPV

 BAU generated by CPV during first order transition to the *φ* phase → subsequently transferred to Higgs phase

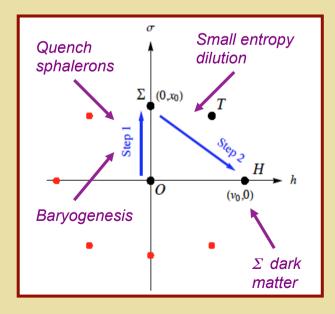


Illustrative Model: Singlets + Triplets

$$\mathbf{M}^2 = \left(\begin{array}{cc} m_{11}^2 & m_{12}^2 \\ m_{12}^{2*} & m_{22}^2 \end{array} \right)$$

CPV:
$$\theta = Arg(m_{12}^{2}) = \theta(x)$$

 $m_{12}^{2} = a v_{\Sigma}(x) + b v_{S}(x)$



CPV asymmetry generated in SM sector via interactions with the ϕ_i

- New sector: real triplet (Σ) & real singlet (S)
- SM Sector: Z₂ symmetric 2HDM

$$V(H_1, H_2, \Sigma, S) \quad CPV: H_1 - H_2 \text{ mixing}$$

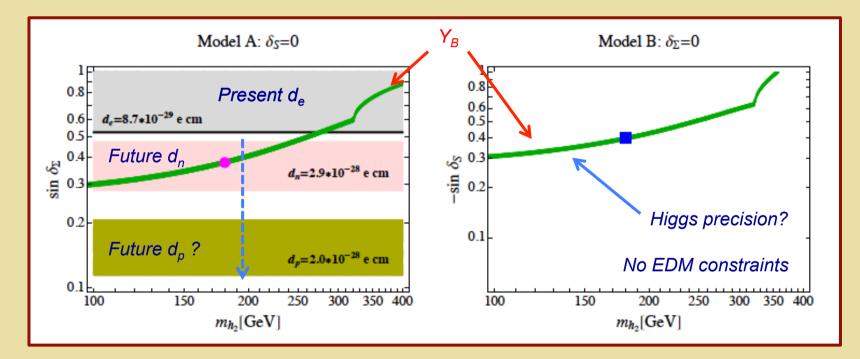
$$= -\frac{\mu_{\Sigma}^2}{2} \left(\vec{\Sigma} \cdot \vec{\Sigma}\right) + \frac{b_{4\Sigma}}{4} \left(\vec{\Sigma} \cdot \vec{\Sigma}\right)^2 + \frac{b_{2S}}{2} S^2 + \frac{b_{4S}}{4} S^4$$

$$+ \left[\frac{1}{4} a_{2\Sigma} H_1^{\dagger} H_2 \left(\vec{\Sigma} \cdot \vec{\Sigma}\right) + \frac{1}{2} a_{2S} H_1^{\dagger} H_2 S^2 + \text{h.c.}\right],$$

$$+ a_{1\Sigma S} \vec{\Sigma} \cdot \vec{\Sigma} S + \frac{1}{2} a_{2\Sigma S} \vec{\Sigma} \cdot \vec{\Sigma} S^2 + V(H_1, H_2). \quad (5)$$

Two-Step EW Baryogenesis & EDMs

Two cases: (A) $\delta_{S} = 0$ (B) $\delta_{\Sigma} = 0$



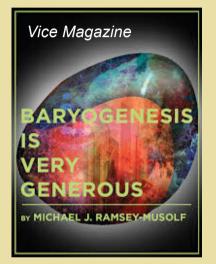
IV. Outlook

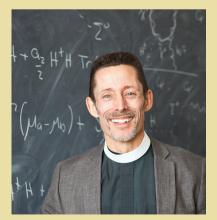
- Generation of the cosmic matter-antimatter asymmetry in conjunction with EWSB -- EW baryogenesis -- is one of the most compelling possibilities
- The existence of the scale T_{EW} → BSM ingredients for EWBG are experimentally accessible
- A rich opportunities exist for further experimental and theoretical exploration and refined theoretical computations

Michael Ramsey-Musolf

Chair Professor, SJTU & T.D. Lee Professor, TDLI Professor & Director, ACFI, U. Mass Amherst

Theoretical Physics



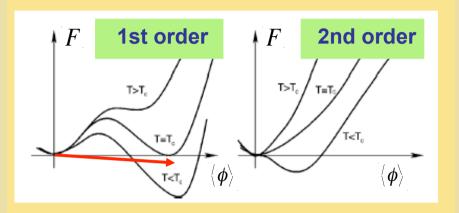




- Ph.D. Princeton
- Post-doc MIT
- ・ 美国 → 中国 2019
- <u>mjrm@sjtu.edu.cn</u>
- 微信:mjrm-china

Back Up Slides

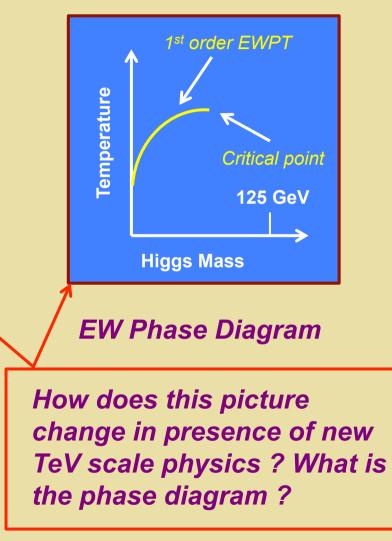
EW Phase Transition: St'd Model



Increasing m_h

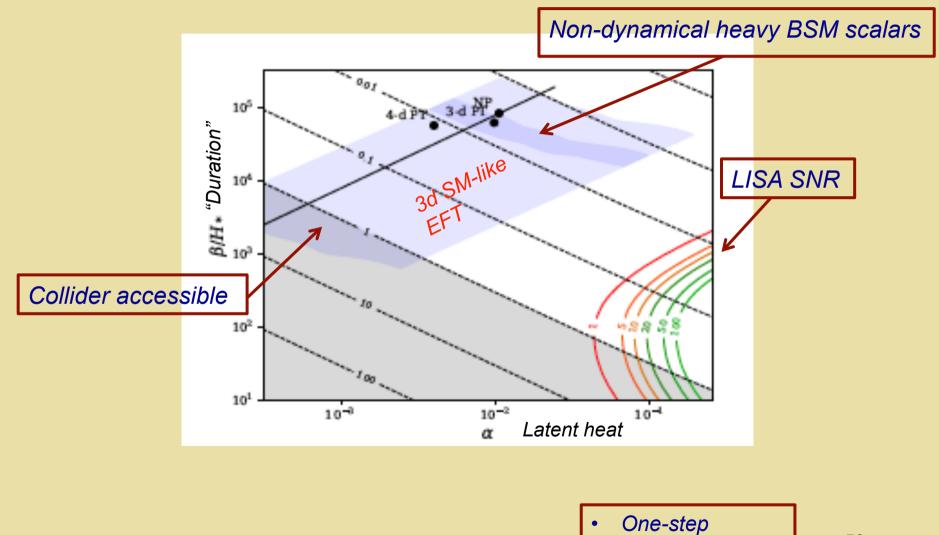
Lattice	Authors	$M_{\rm h}^C~({ m GeV})$
4D Isotropic	[76]	80 ± 7
4D Anisotropic	[74]	72.4 ± 1.7
3D Isotropic	[72]	72.3 ± 0.7
3D Isotropic	[70]	72.4 ± 0.9

SM EW: Cross over transition



Gravitational Waves

Heavy Real Singlet: EWPT & GW

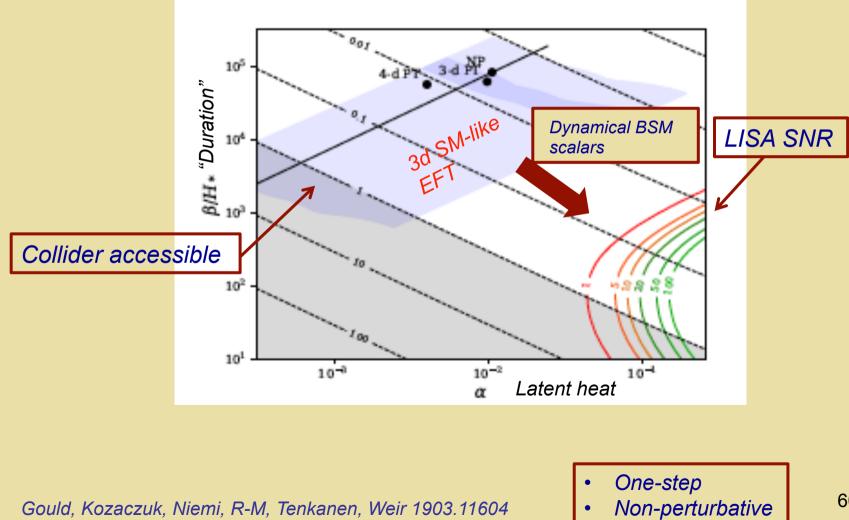


Gould, Kozaczuk, Niemi, R-M, Tenkanen, Weir 1903.11604

Non-perturbative

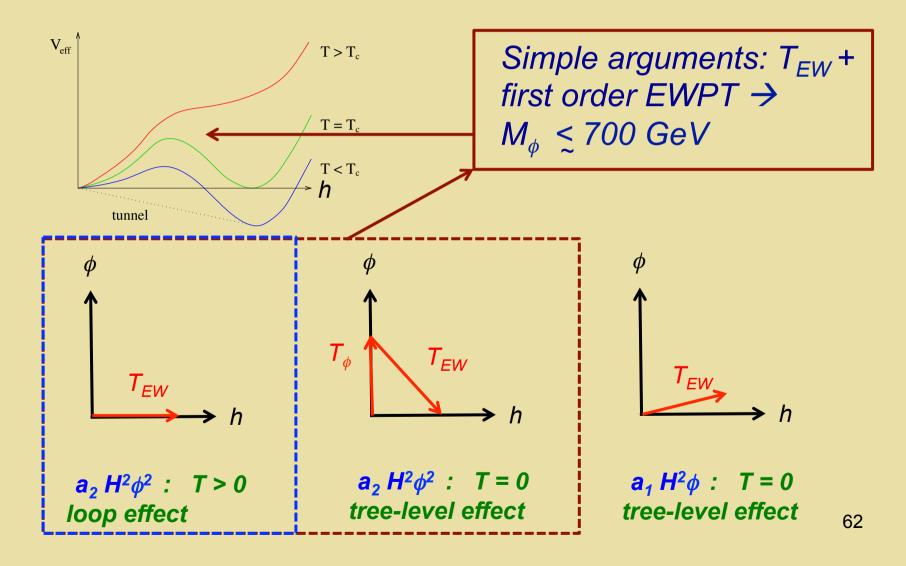
59

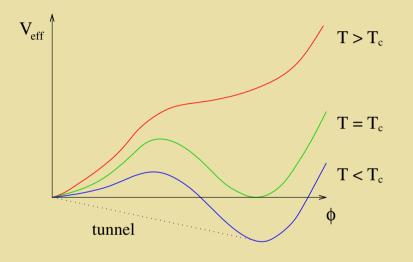
Heavy Real Singlet: EWPT & GW



60

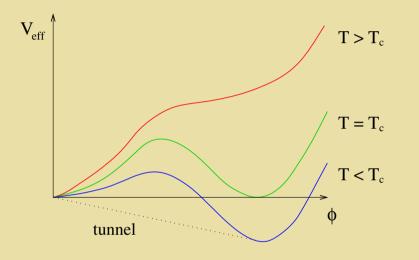
Mass Bound





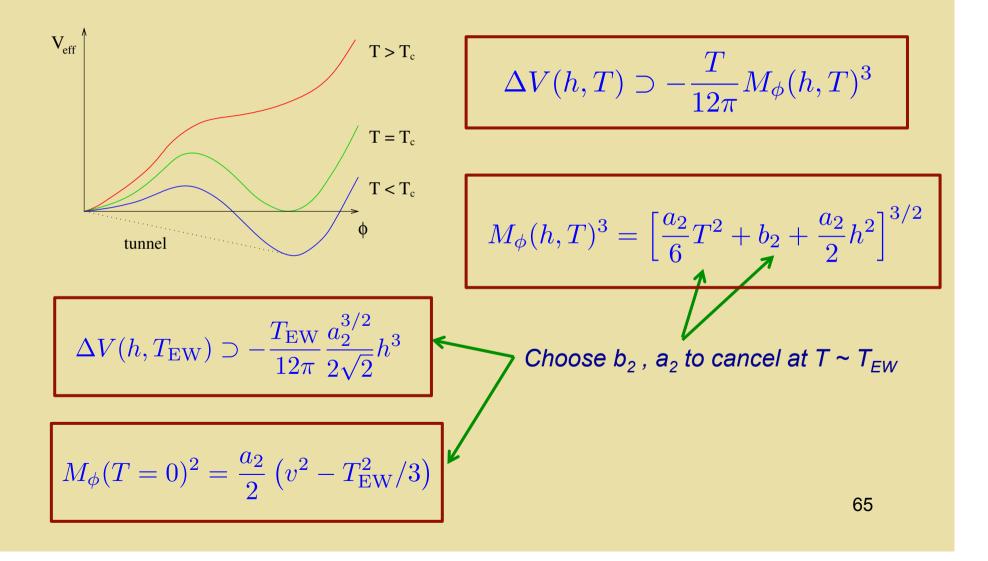
$$\Delta V(h,T) \supset -\frac{T}{12\pi} M_{\phi}(h,T)^{3}$$
$$M_{\phi}(h,T)^{3} = \left[\frac{a_{2}}{6}T^{2} + b_{2} + \frac{a_{2}}{2}h^{2}\right]^{3/2}$$

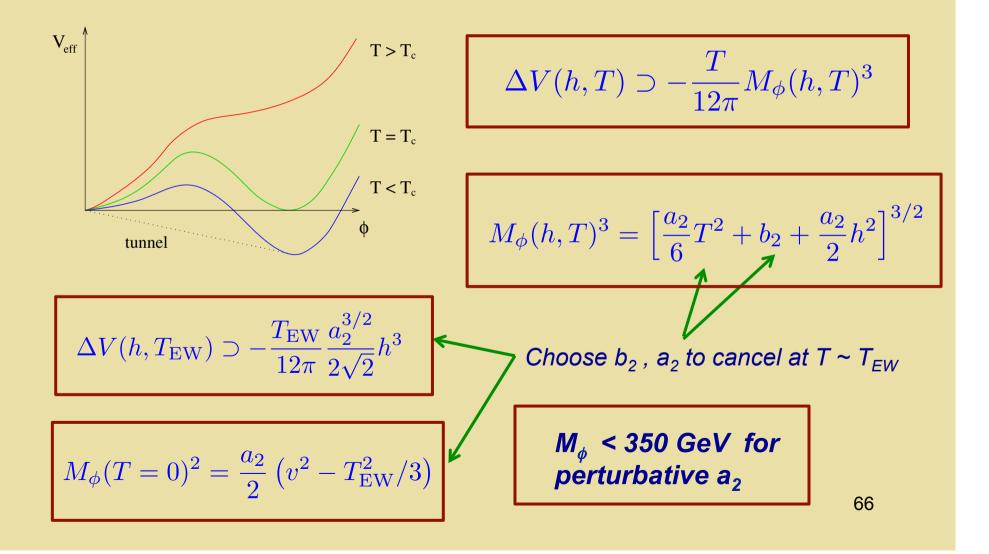
63

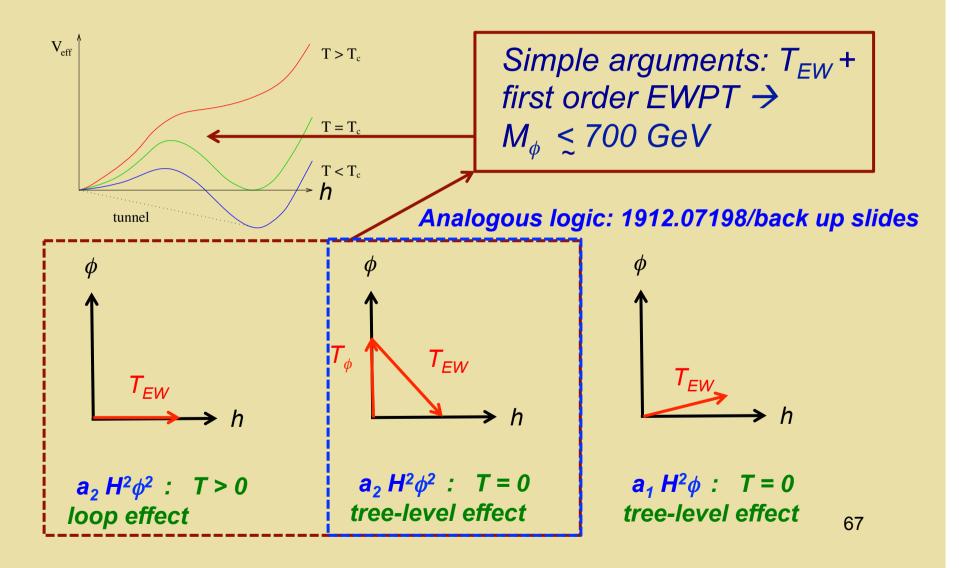


$$\Delta V(h,T) \supset -\frac{T}{12\pi} M_{\phi}(h,T)^{3}$$
$$M_{\phi}(h,T)^{3} = \left[\frac{a_{2}}{6}T^{2} + b_{2} + \frac{a_{2}}{2}h^{2}\right]^{3/2}$$

Choose b_2 , a_2 to cancel at $T \sim T_{EW}$

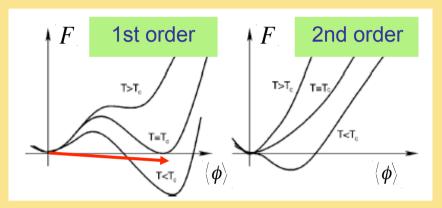




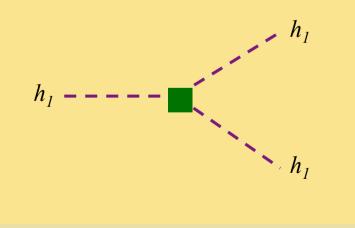


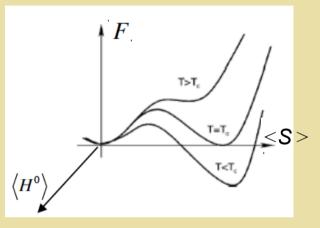
Higgs Self-Coupling & ZH Production

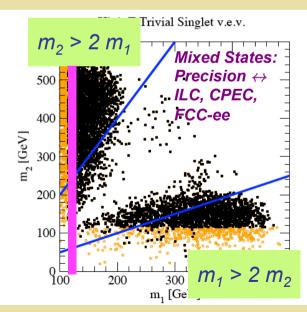
EW Phase Transition: New Scalars



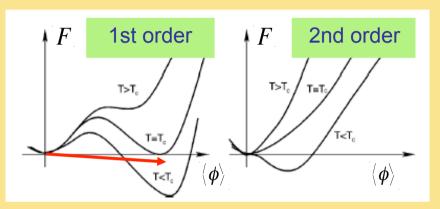
Modified Higgs Self-Coupling



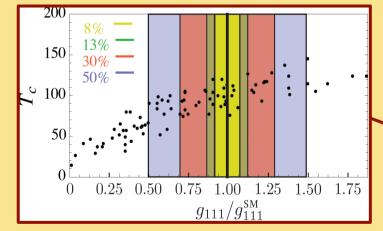




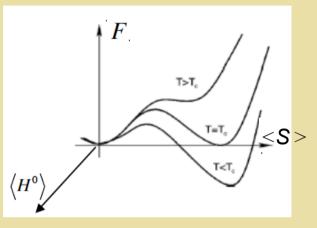
EW Phase Transition: Singlet Scalars

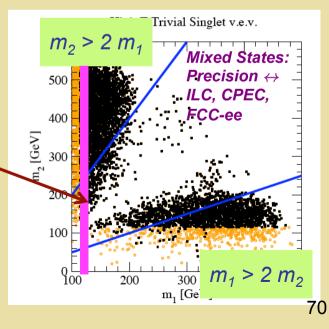


Modified Higgs Self-Coupling

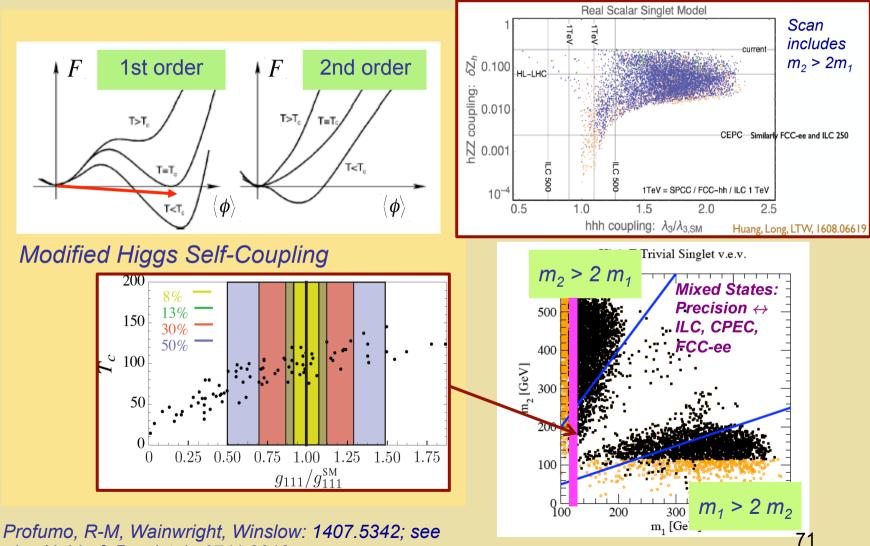


Profumo, R-M, Wainwright, Winslow: 1407.5342; see also Noble & Perelstein 0711.3018





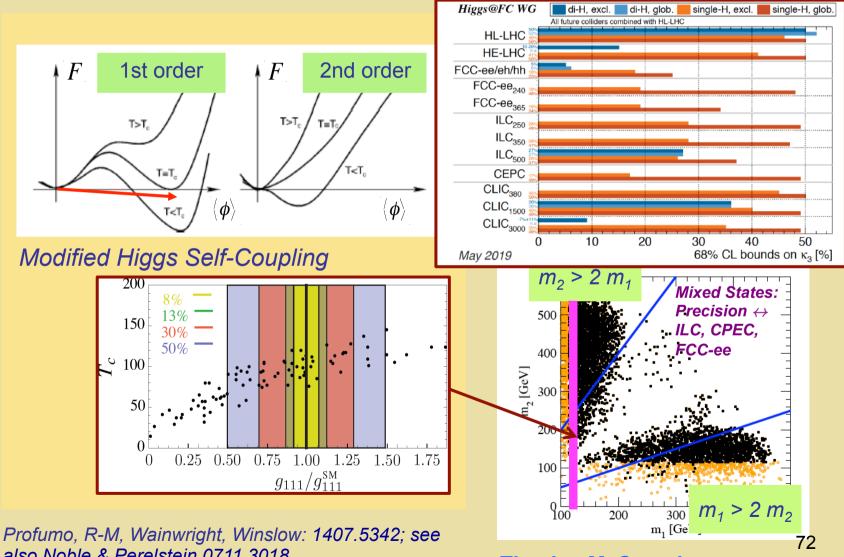
EW Phase Transition: Singlet Scalars



also Noble & Perelstein 0711.3018

Thanks: M. Cepeda

EW Phase Transition: Singlet Scalars



also Noble & Perelstein 0711.3018

Thanks: M. Cepeda

Higher Dimensional Operators

$$\tilde{V}_0(H) = \lambda \left(H^{\dagger} H - \frac{v^2}{2} \right)^2 + \frac{1}{\Lambda^2} \left(H^{\dagger} H - \frac{v^2}{2} \right)^3$$

$$\tilde{V}_0(h) = \tilde{V}_0 - \frac{\tilde{\mu}^2}{2}h^2 + \frac{\tilde{\lambda}}{4}h^4 + \frac{1}{8\Lambda^2}h^6$$

$$\tilde{\mu}^2 = \left[\lambda - \frac{3v^2}{4\Lambda^2}\right]v^2$$

 $\tilde{\lambda} = \lambda - \frac{3v^2}{2\Lambda^2}$

$$\dot{\lambda} < 0 \quad
earrow {\it FO EWPT}
ightarrow \Lambda < 840 ~{\it GeV}$$

\rightarrow Implications for σ_{Zh}

- Cao, Huang, Xie, Zhang 2017
- Grojean, Servant, Wells 2004...
- Grinstein, Trott 2008...

Electroweak Phase Transition

- Higgs discovery → What was the thermal history of EWSB ?
- Baryogenesis → Was the matter-antimatter asymmetry generated in conjunction with EWSB (EW baryogenesis) ?
- Gravitational waves → If a signal observed in LISA, could a cosmological phase transition be responsible ?

Strong First Order EWPT: Necessary condition for EW baryogenesis