



***Recent highlights on CEPC
Performance & Reconstruction:
Lepton, Hadronic system & VTX***

Manqi Ruan

Lepton

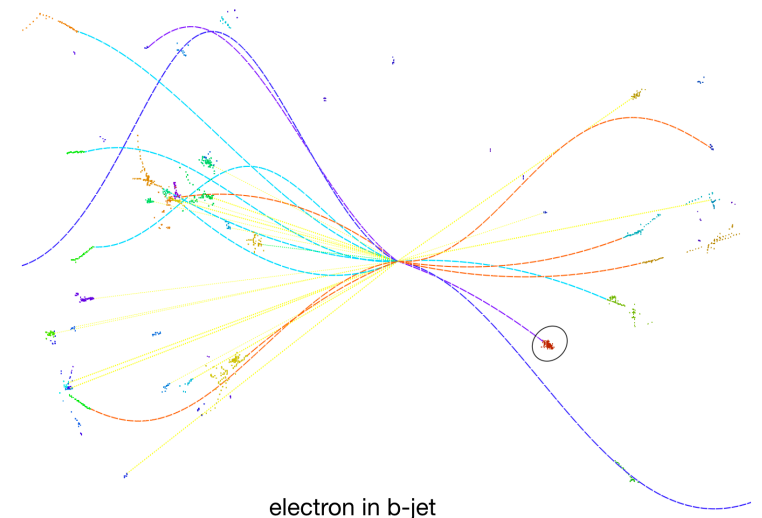
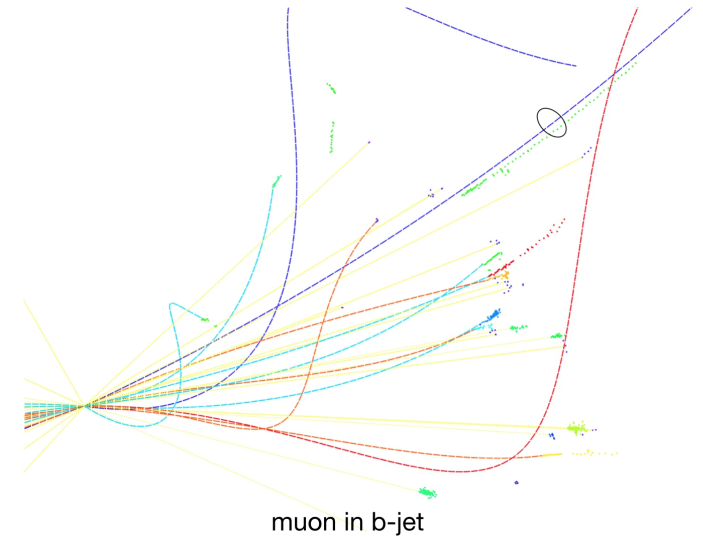
- Electron & Muon

- Isolated
- Inside jet

- Tau

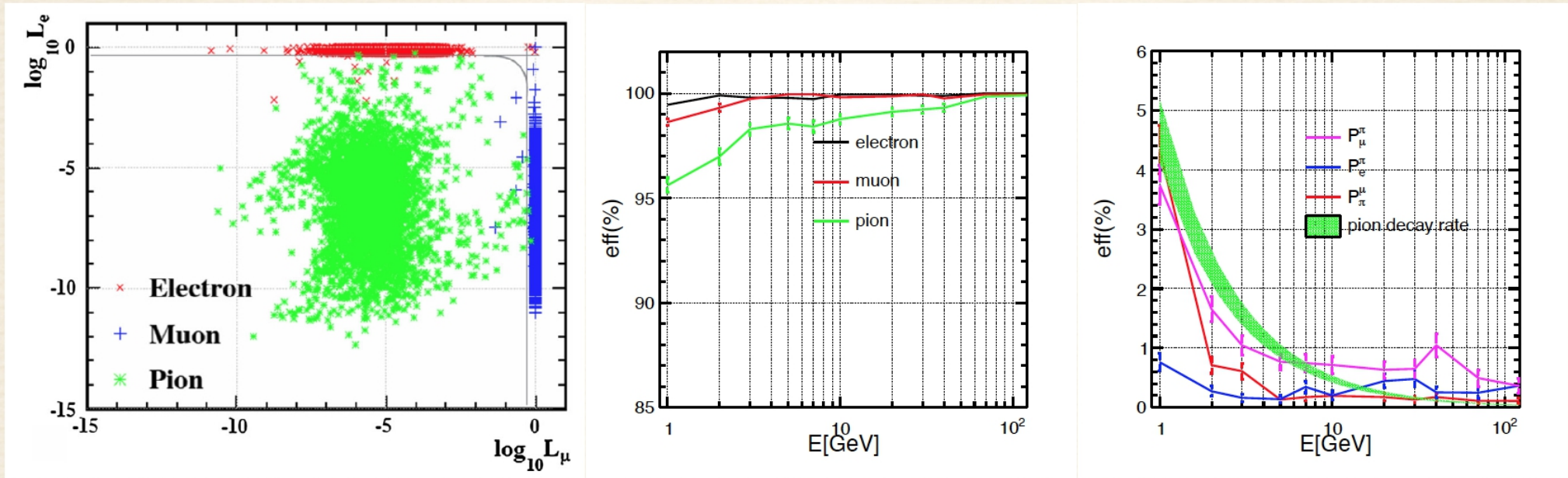
- Tau only event ($Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$; $\nu\nu H$, $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$)
- Isolated
- Inside jet

- Main contributor: **Dan**



Light Lepton Identification

- LICH uses TMVA methods to summarize 24 input variables into two likelihoods, corresponding to electrons and muons.
- The efficiency for electron and muon is higher than 99.5% ($E > 2$ GeV). Pion efficiency $\sim 98\%$.



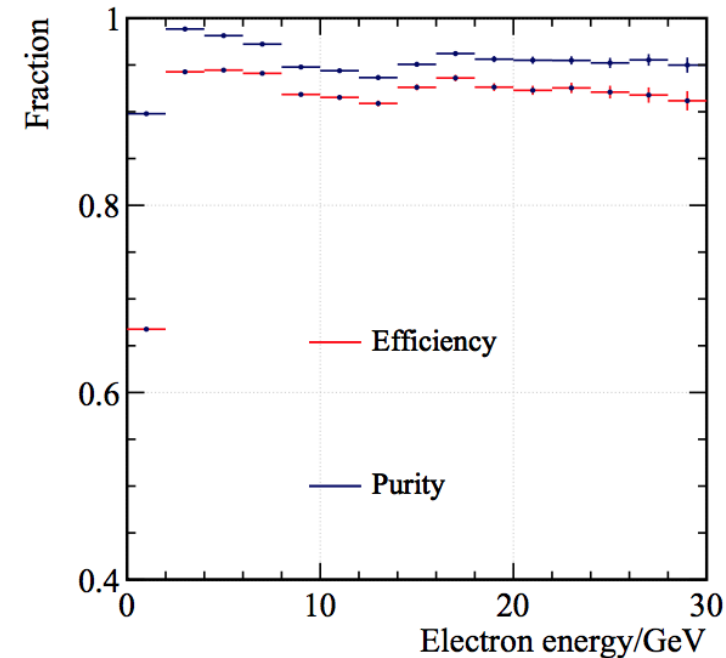
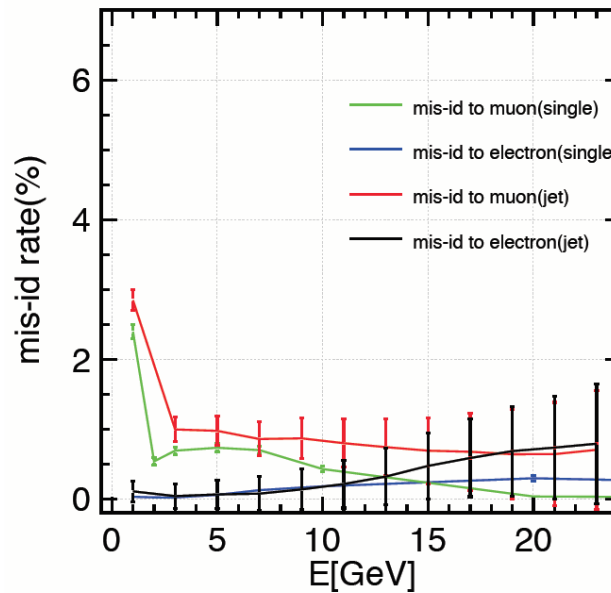
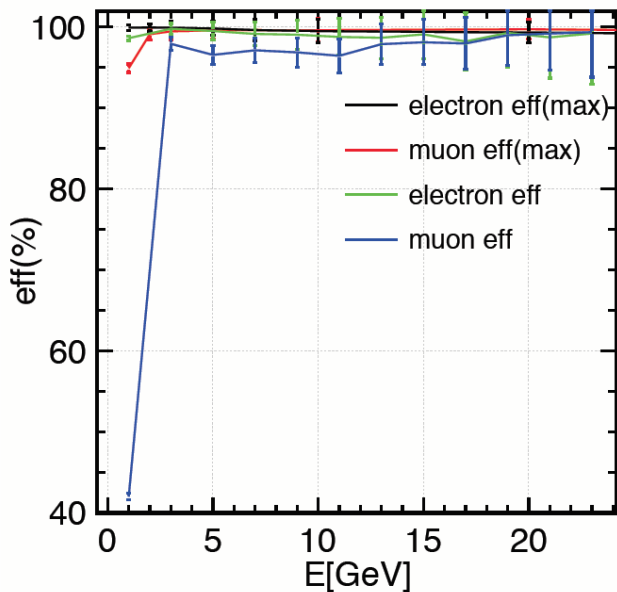
Migration Matrix at 40GeV (LICH)

| Type | e^- like | μ^- like | π^+ like |
|---------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| e^- | 99.71 ± 0.08 | < 0.07 | 0.21 ± 0.07 |
| μ^- | < 0.07 | 99.87 ± 0.08 | 0.05 ± 0.05 |
| π^+ | 0.14 ± 0.05 | 0.35 ± 0.08 | 99.26 ± 0.12 |

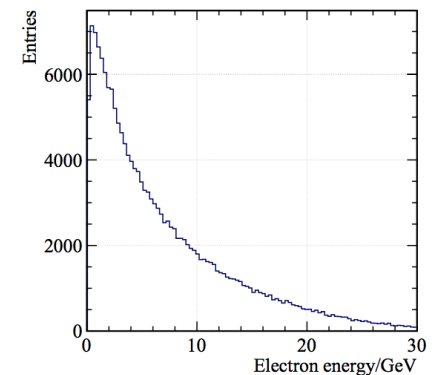
Migration Matrix for ALEPH PID (> 2 GeV) (*Eur.Phys.J.C20:401-430,2001*)

| Type | e^- like | μ^- like | π^+ like | undefined |
|---------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| e^- | 99.57 ± 0.07 | < 0.01 | 0.32 ± 0.0 | 0.09 ± 0.04 |
| μ^- | < 0.01 | 99.11 ± 0.08 | 0.88 ± 0.08 | 0.01 ± 0.01 |
| π^+ | 0.71 ± 0.04 | 0.72 ± 0.04 | 98.45 ± 0.06 | 0.12 ± 0.03 |

Leptons in jet (endcap): slightly degrading



- Induced by the limited performance on PFA Clustering.
- Right plot: eff & purity of electron finding in $B_c \rightarrow T\nu$ analysis
 - An ideal lepton id can improve $\sim 10\%$, visible, **not significant**.

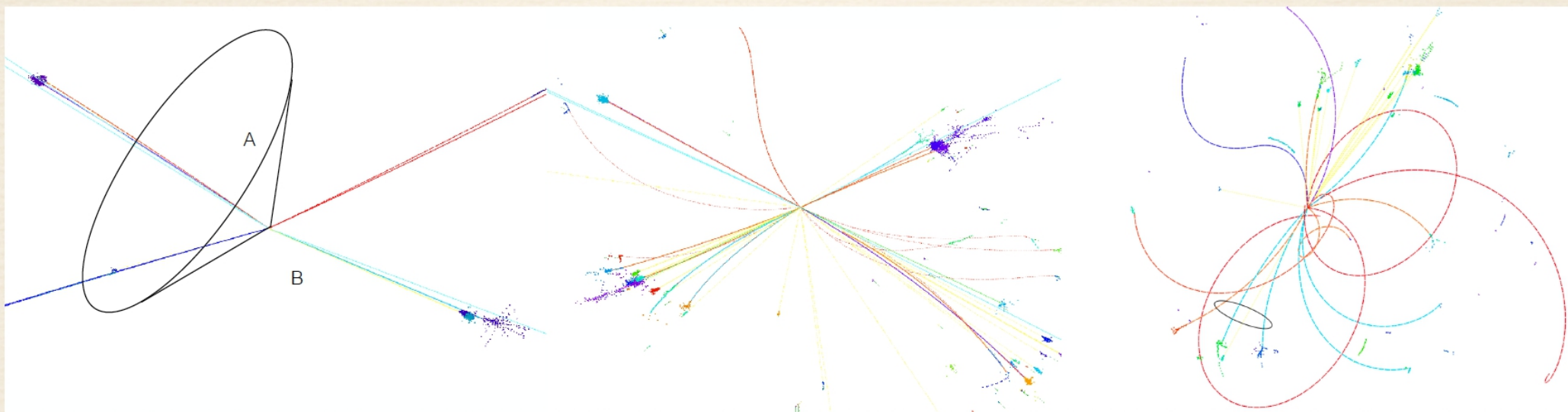


Event topology

❖ llH channel / $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$

❖ qqH (isolate τ with jets)

❖ τ inside jets



❖ (Veto the two isolate lepton)

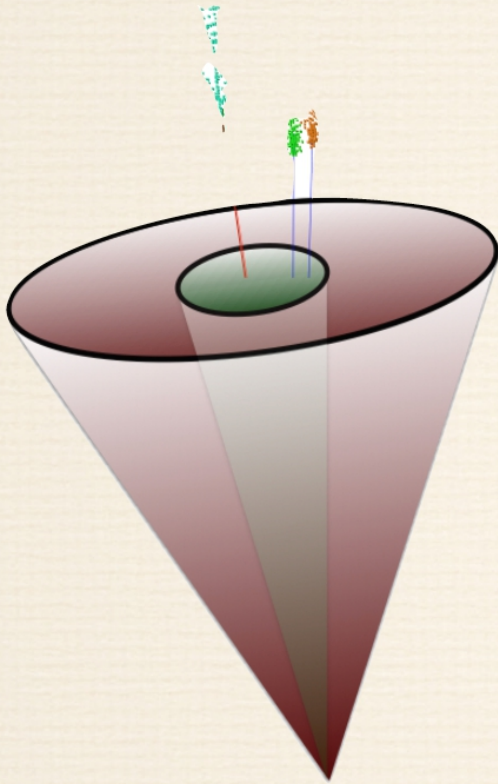
❖ Divide the whole space into 2 part

❖ Multiplicity & Impact parameter

❖ Tau jet reconstruction package: **TAURUS**

❖ TAURUS with different parameters

Taurus



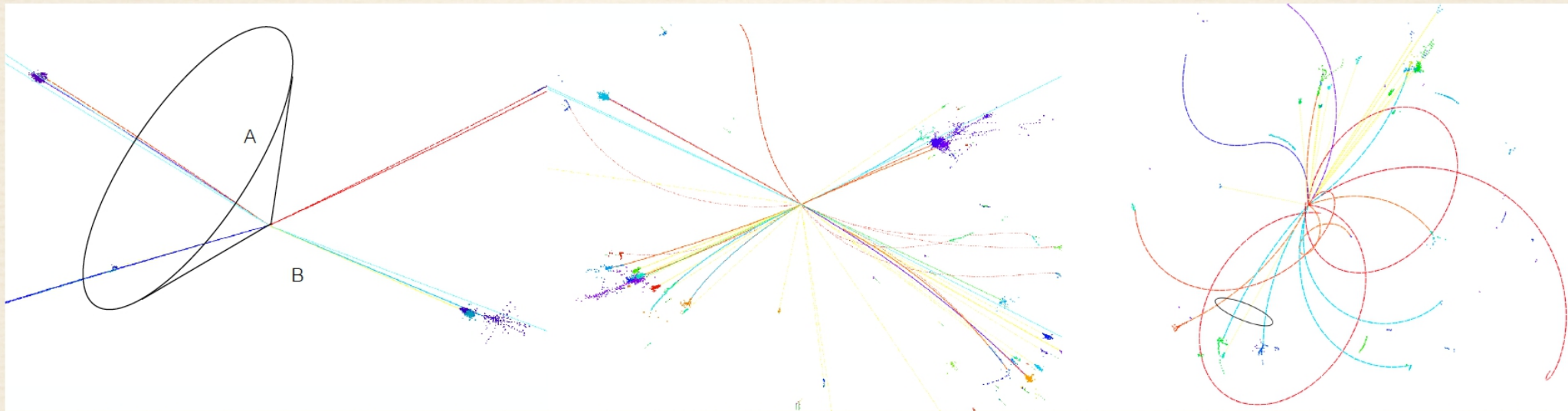
- Double cone based algorithm
- Find seeds (Tracks with enough energy)
- Collect particle in two cones
- Use the multiplicity, energy ratio between two cones, invariant mass for τ tagging

Event topology

❖ llH channel / $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$

❖ qqH (isolate τ with jets)

❖ τ inside jets

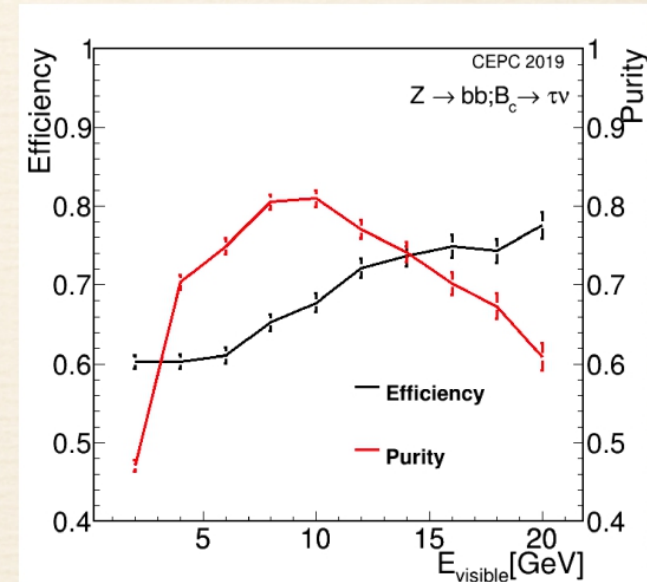
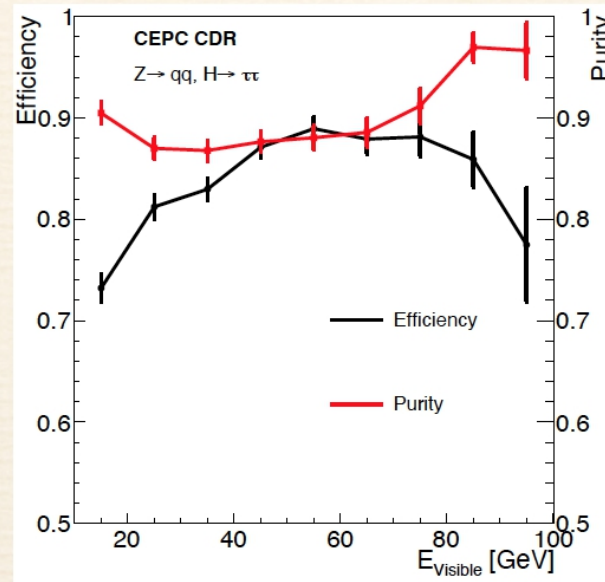


❖ (Veto the two isolate lepton)

❖ Divide the whole space into 2 part

❖ Multiplicity & Impact parameter

❖ Efficiency $> 90\%$

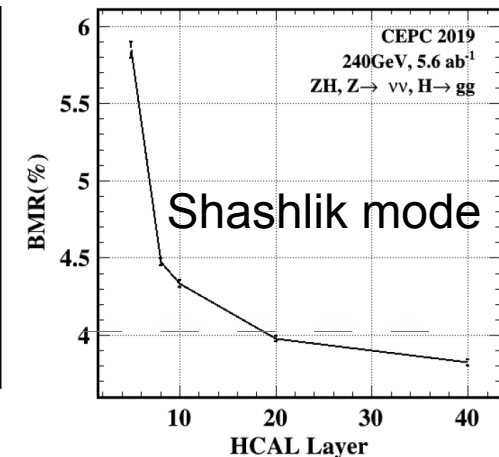
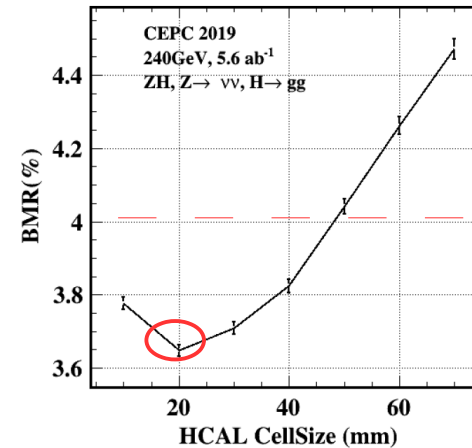
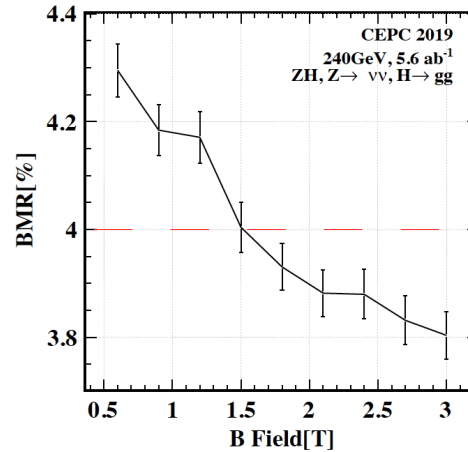
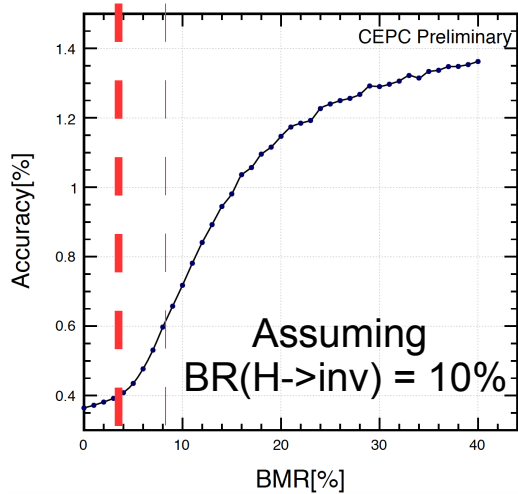
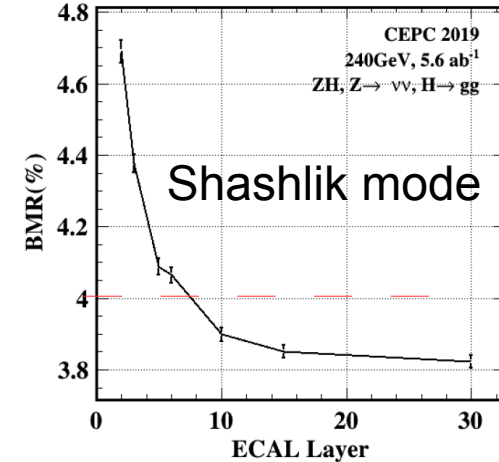
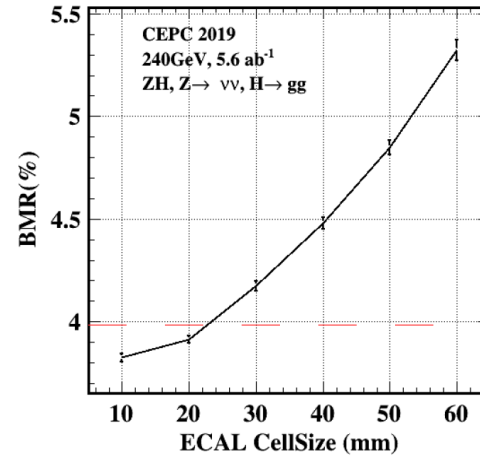
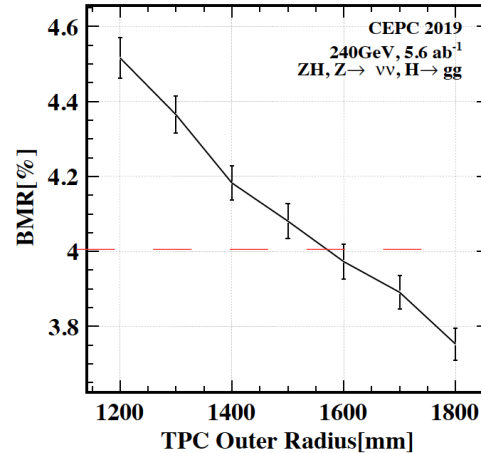
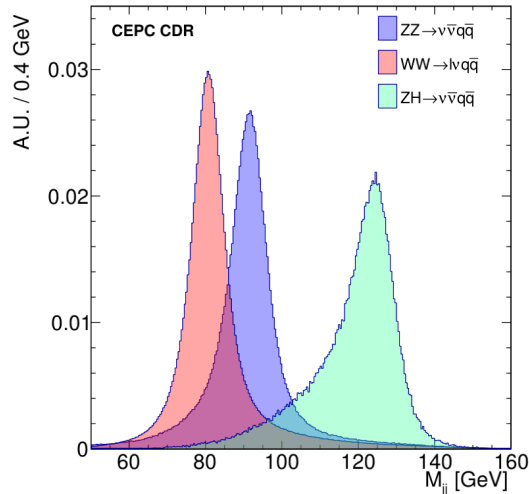


Hadronic System

- Identification of the hadronic system, and measurement of its 4-momentum
 - Identification: well, leptons can be very well identified
 - Tagging of ISR photon, Bremstrahlung/FSR from lepton, etc, Converted Photon (EM objects) still needs some development (Not urgent, we know it works)
 - 4-momentum measurement: quantified using BMR
- Identification of Color Singlet in Multi-jet events, i.e., identify single Boson in full hadronic events of ZZ, ZH, WW, etc.
 - Challenge, important & Very interesting
- Differential measurements
 - Current criteria: Jet Clustering and Matching
 - Going beyond?

BMR oriented Optimization

Yukun, Dan, Jiechen, Hanhua, etc



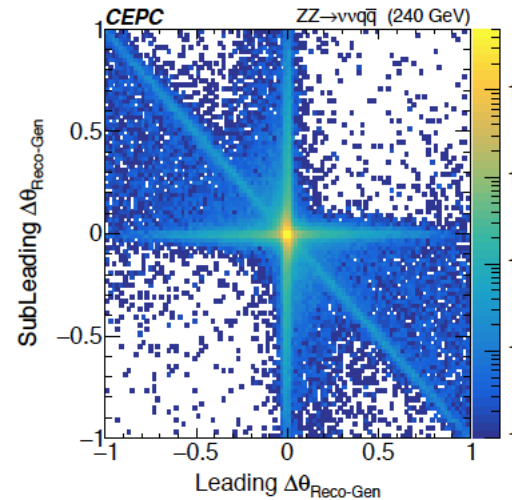
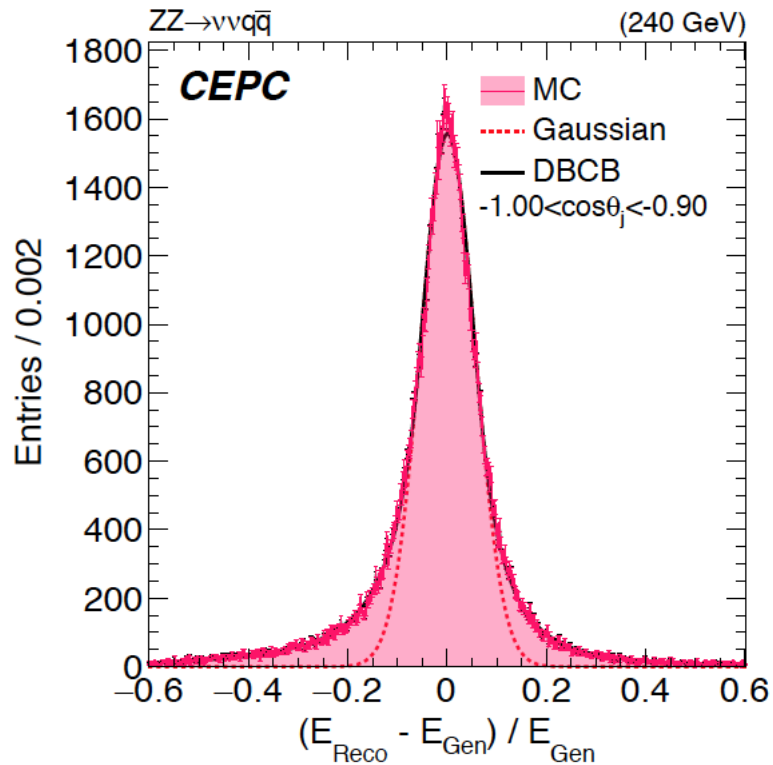
CEPC requirements: BMR < 4% (3.8% achieved at CDR baseline)

Dependence between BMR & Detector Geometry quantified

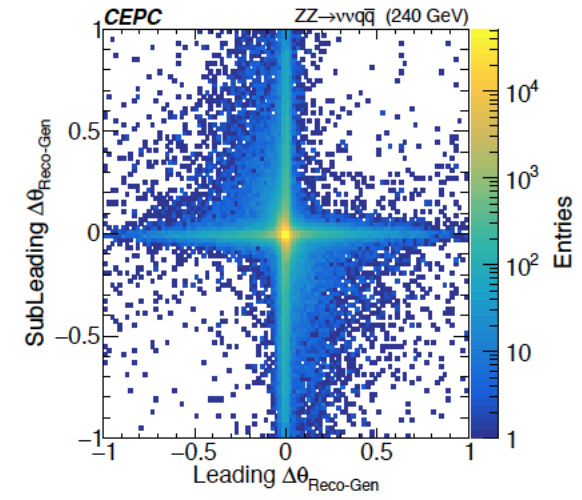
BMR & Optimization

- BMR = 3.8%, 3.6% seems reachable without fundamental algorithm change...
- Allowance of 4%, BMR = 3.6/3.8% means we can
 - HCAL optimal size ~ 2 cm -> reduce the HCAL # Channel to a quarter
 - Reduce the tracker R&Z by 24/12%
 - Reduce the ECAL #Channels to a quarter: either by double Cell size, or reduce the #Layer
 - Reduce the B-Field by 50%
 - Increase the HCAL Cell size ~ 5 cm! HCAL #Cell reduced to 4%...
 - Reduce the HCAL #Layer by 50%
- Further improving of BMR... by algorithms... is critical.

Differential Jet Response



(a)

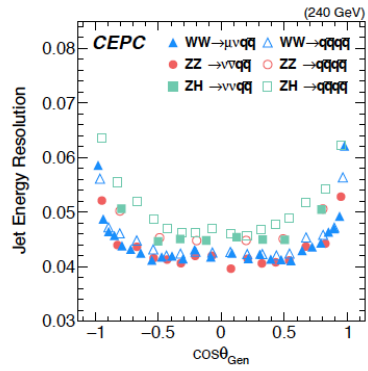


(b)

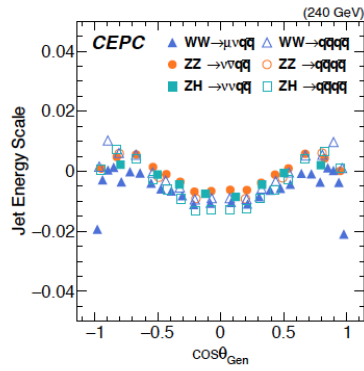
Peizhu

- Parton \rightarrow Genjet \rightarrow Recojet
- Matching between Genjet & Recojet using energy/direction information
- Relative difference between Gen/Recojet: Jet Energy Resolution/Scale, Jet Angular Resolution/Scale

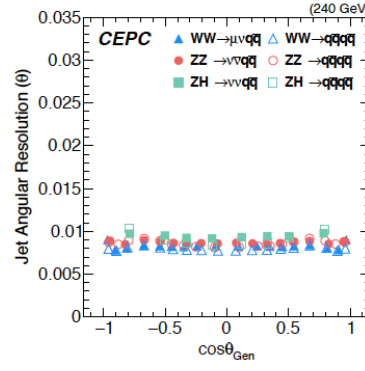
Differential response



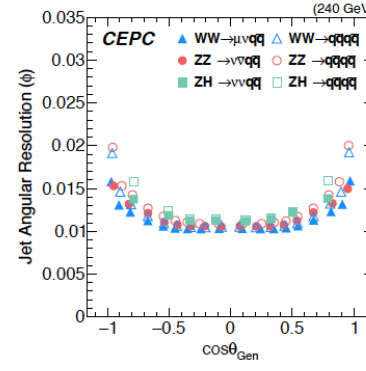
(a)



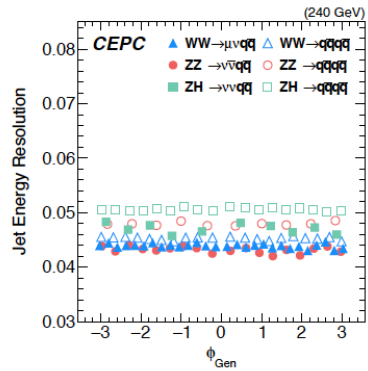
(b)



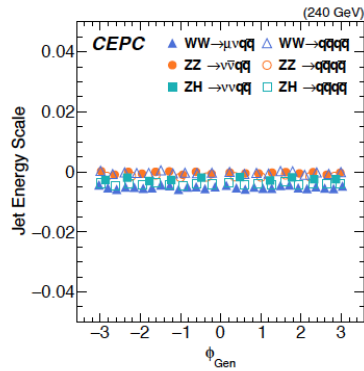
(a)



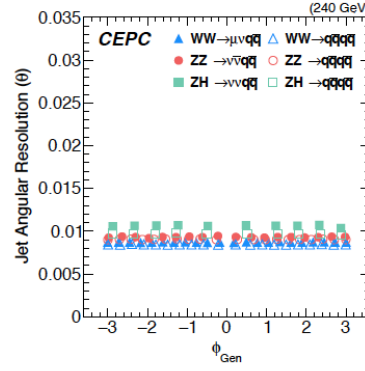
(b)



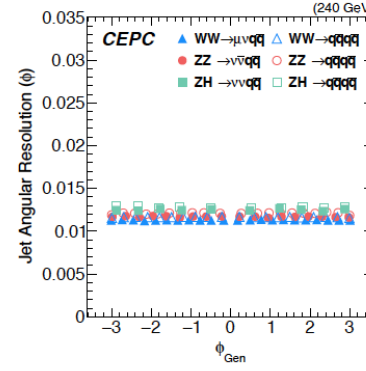
(c)



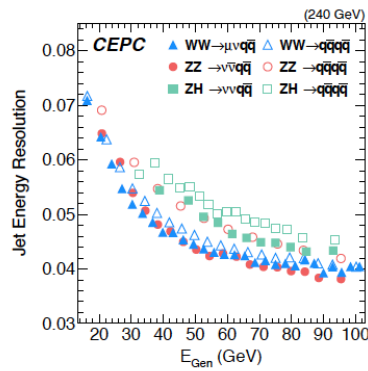
(d)



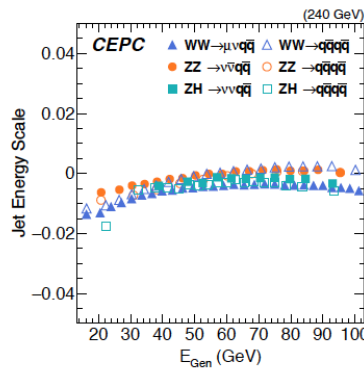
(c)



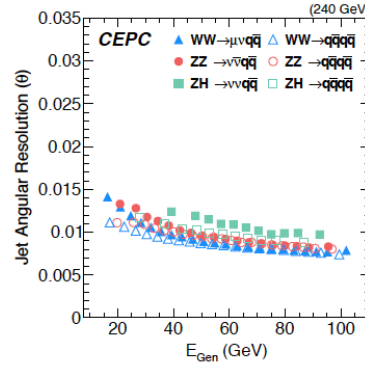
(d)



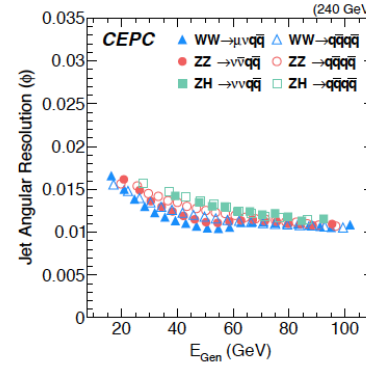
(e)



(f)



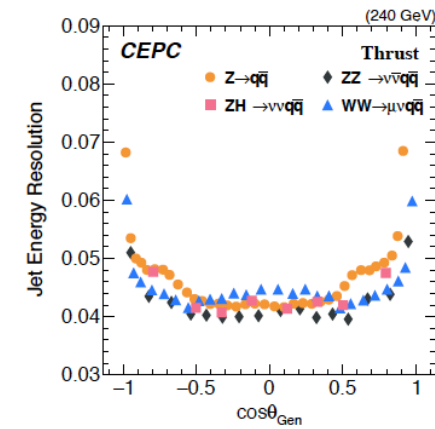
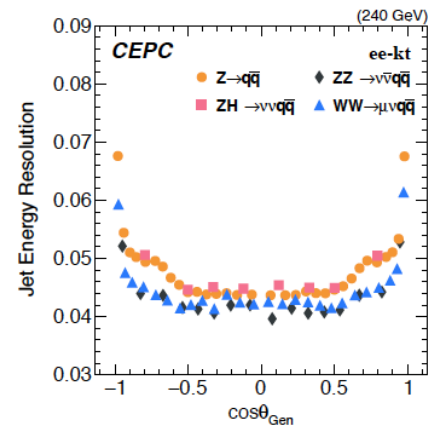
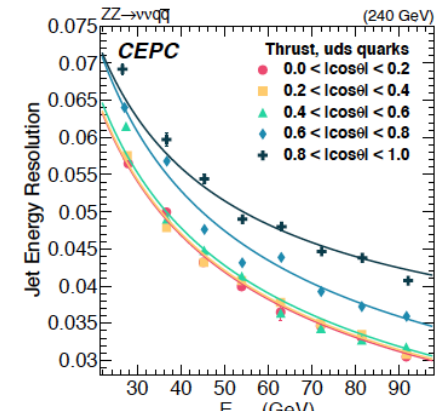
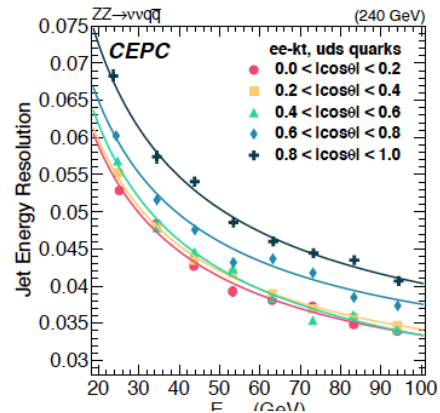
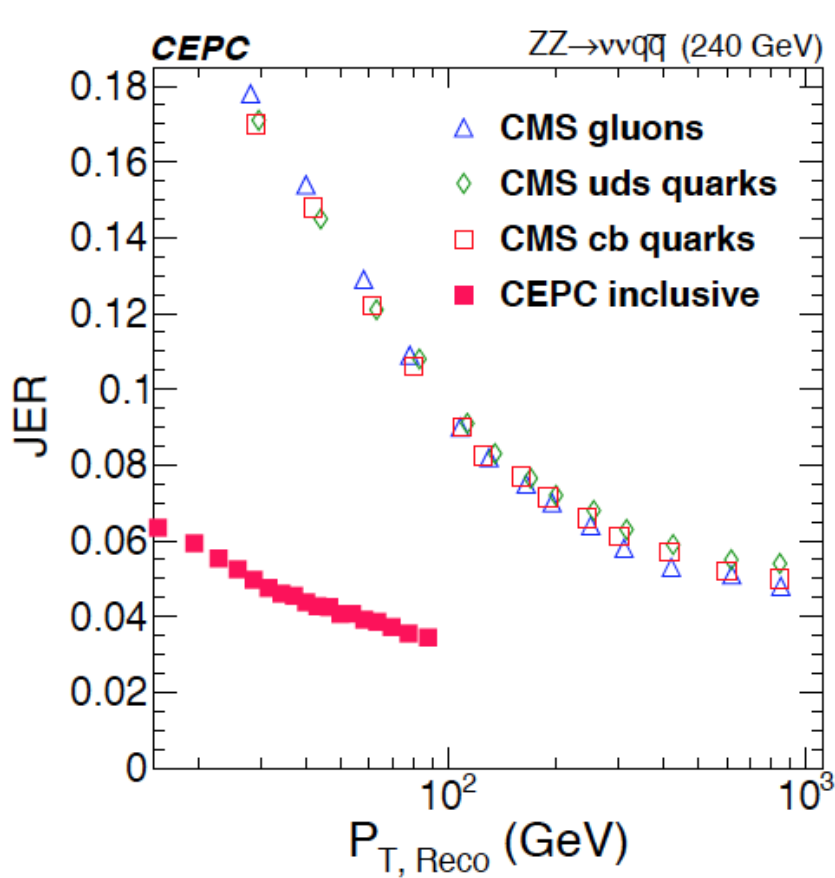
(e)



(f)

Angular Scale:
1E-4!

JER: much better than LHC at same Pt

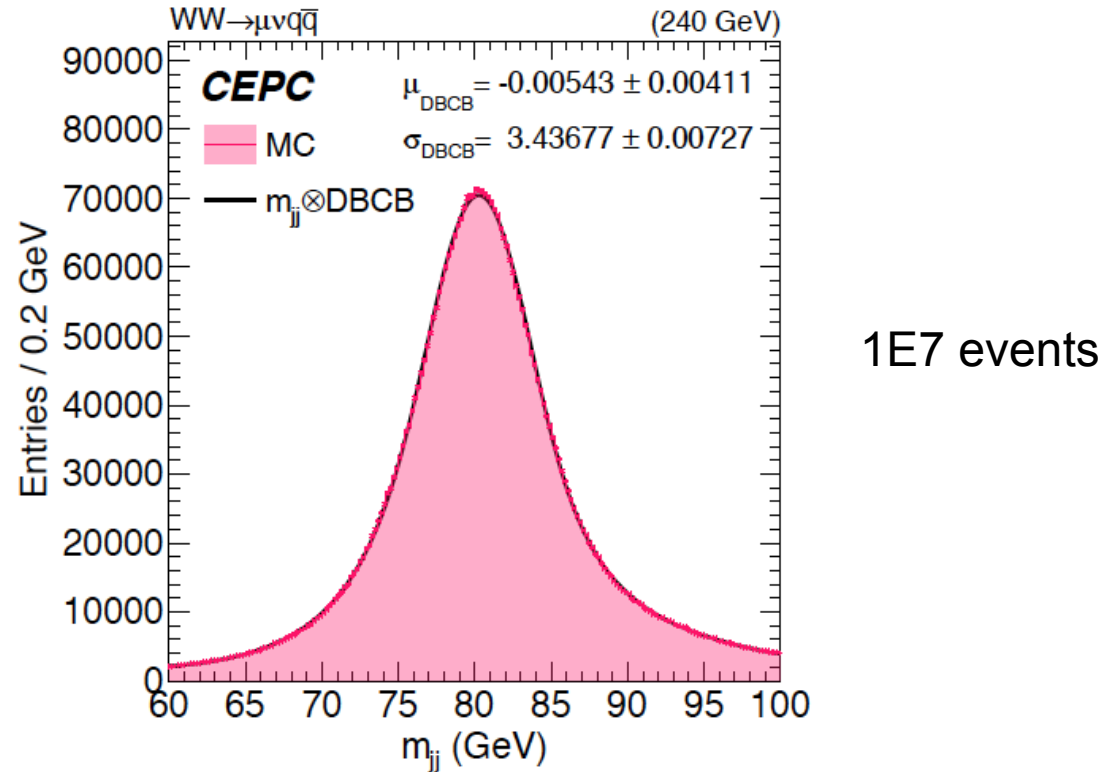


(a)

(b)

- Dependence on the Jet Clustering Algorithm: up to 10%!...
- *What's the optimal choice of Jet clustering/matching for a given measurement? Why?...*

A very challenge & interesting topic

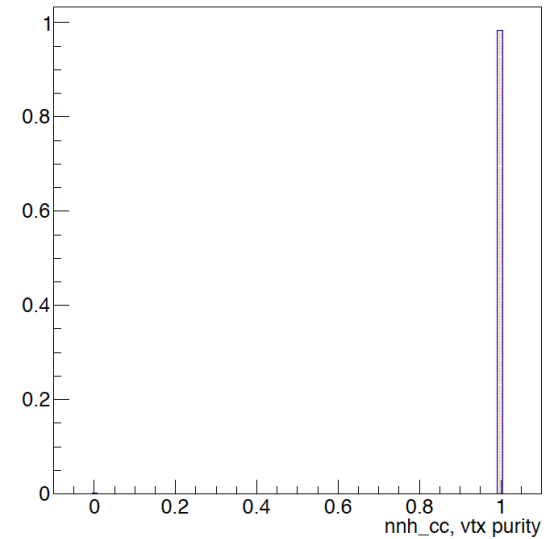
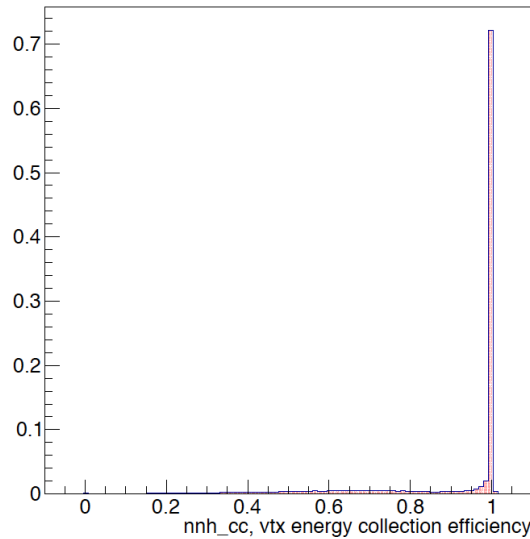
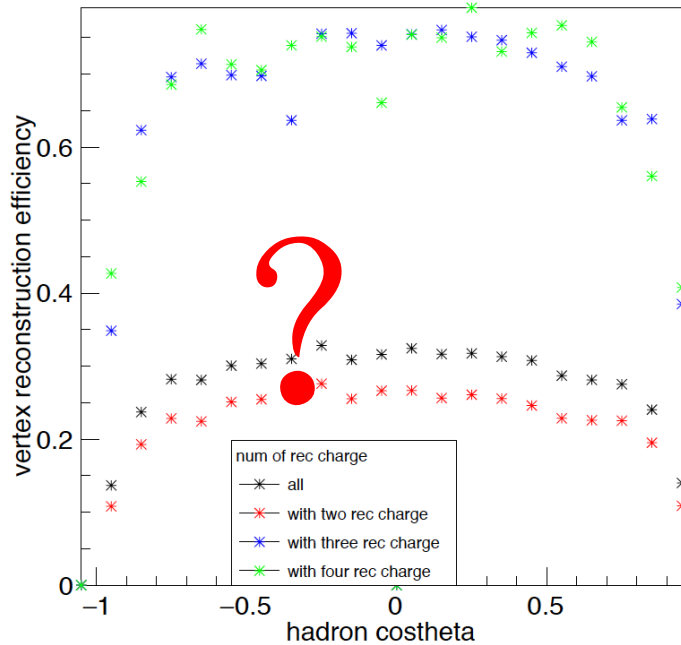


- W mass measurement at 240 GeV:
 - Statistic uncertainty ~ 1 MeV using only $\mu\nu qq$ final state
 - Can we better control the systematic using the differential information & how to calibrate?

VTX reconstruction: Diagnosis

should been reconstructed vertex && have been reconstructed vertex
should been reconstructed vertex

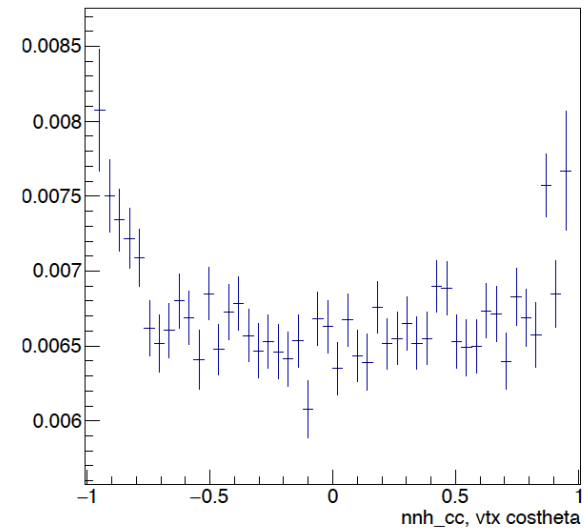
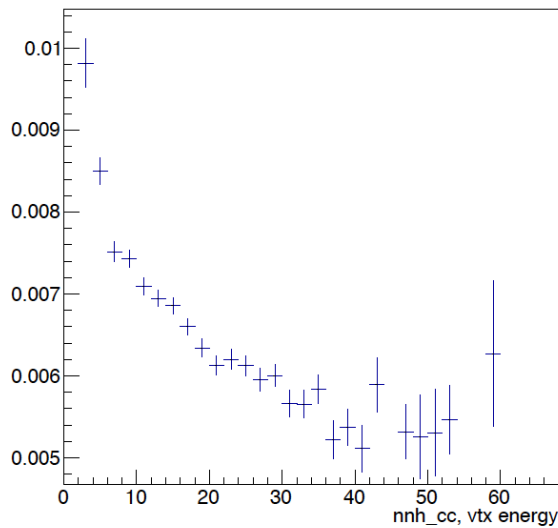
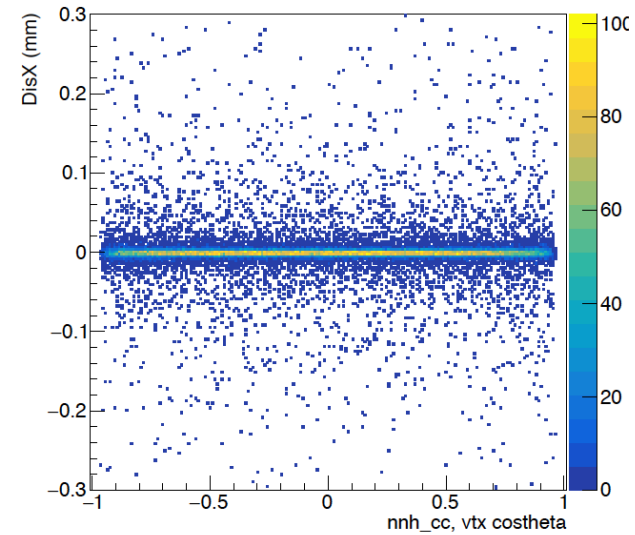
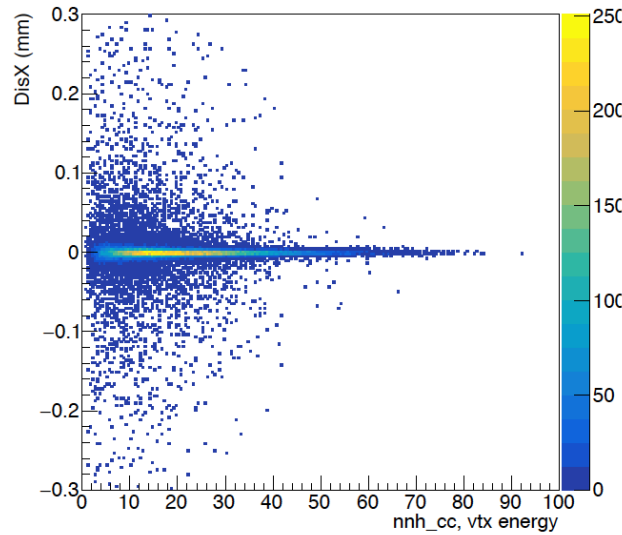
C-hadron with given charge multiplicity && corresponding tracks reconstructed



the vertex energy comes from hadron (RC) the vertex energy comes from hadron
the energy of hadron charge particles (MC) the energy of vertex

- At vvH , $H \rightarrow cc$ events.

VTX Position resolution (transverse): 5-10 μm



For more detail

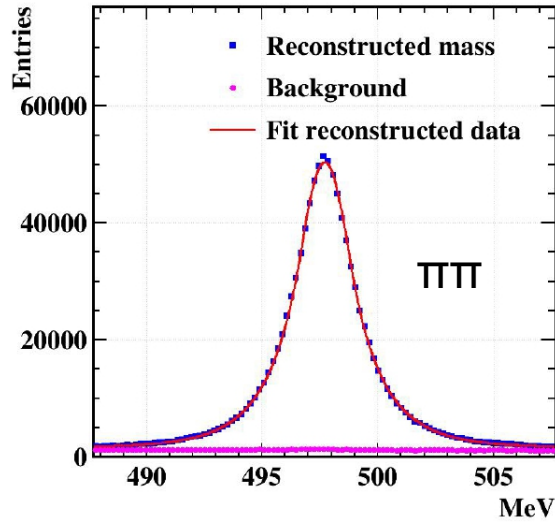
- Talks at Crystal Calorimeter WS
<https://indico.ihep.ac.cn/event/11938/other-view?view=standard>
 - Jet lepton (Dan)
 - Differential jet response (Peizhu)
 - Optimization: BMR at different geometries (Yukun, Dan, Jiechen, Hanhua, etc)
 - Test of Principle: Reconstruction at crystal ECAL with bars in X/Y direction (Yuexin): 2 particle is solvable in super cell.

Summary

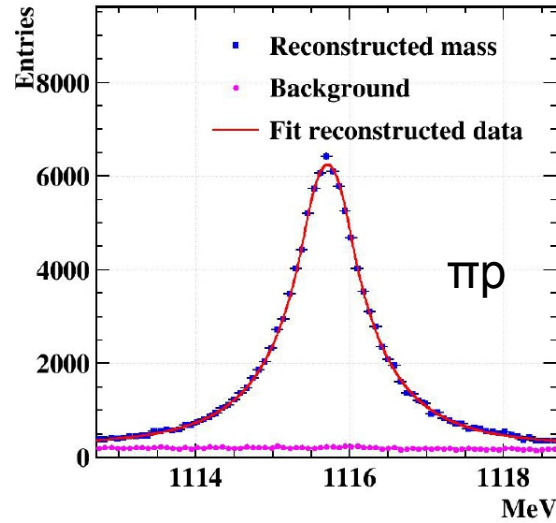
- Leptons:
 - Electron & Muon: Potential improvement is always possible, but not significant
 - Maximally ~10% improvement in total eff & purity for electron in b-jet
 - Tau: reasonable performance – improvement might be significant (eff*purity→50%)
 - Warp into publication
- Hadronic System:
 - BMR, standard & guidance the optimization:
 - BMR→3.6%. Allowance of 4% means cost can be significantly reduced w.r.t baseline.
 - Better BMR is an important: goal for Reco-Algorithm development.
 - Differential: Promising - Superb to LHC experiments (2-4 times in JER, 4-10 times in JES...) benchmark analyses, i.e., TGC is needed to fully understand the requirement
 - Need to be innovative, on differential measurements & Color Singlet identification
- VTX: at H→cc event
 - Looks good except **VERY LOW** efficiency for VTX with Charge Multiplicity of 2: **Diagnosis!**
 - Typical position resolution of 5-10 μm: need to understand
 - Is it good enough?
 - Relation with Tracker/VTX geometry?

Backup

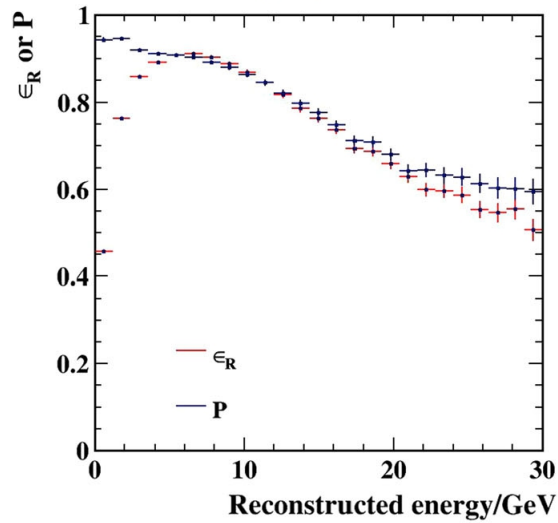
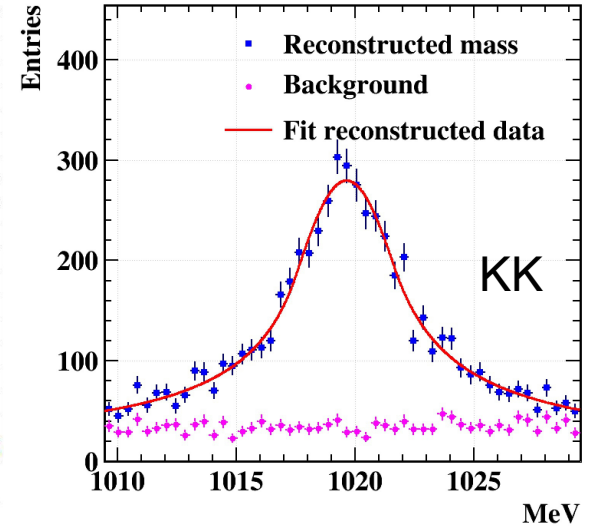
$K_S^0, \Lambda, \phi \dots$



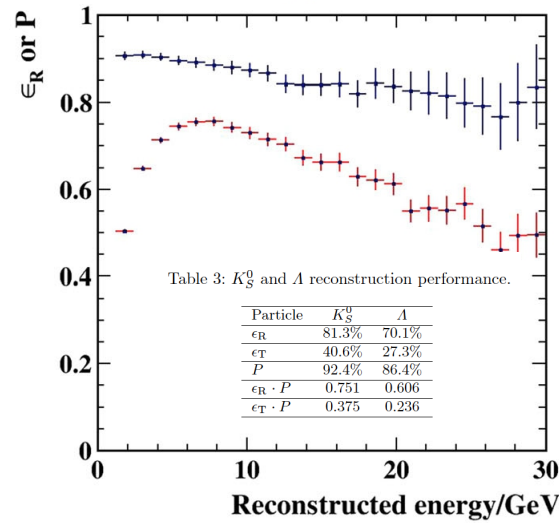
(a) K_S^0



(b) Λ



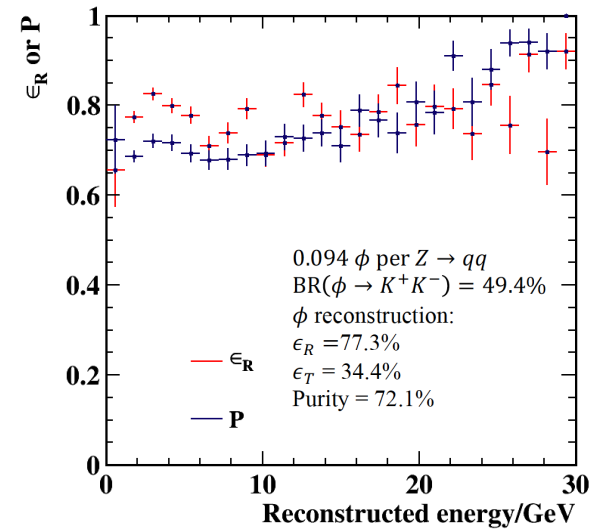
(a) K_S^0



(b) Λ

Table 3: K_S^0 and Λ reconstruction performance.

| Particle | K_S^0 | Λ |
|----------------------|---------|-----------|
| ϵ_R | 81.3% | 70.1% |
| ϵ_T | 40.6% | 27.3% |
| P | 92.4% | 86.4% |
| $\epsilon_R \cdot P$ | 0.751 | 0.606 |
| $\epsilon_T \cdot P$ | 0.375 | 0.236 |



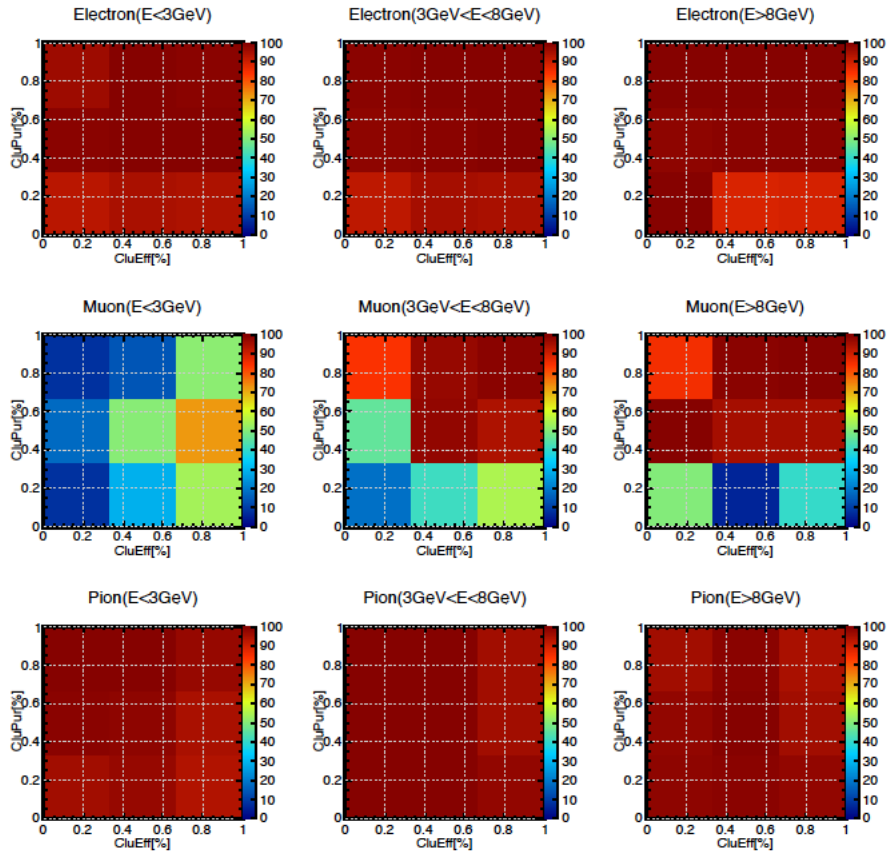


Fig. 8 The lepton identification efficiency in jets depending on clustering efficiency and purity.

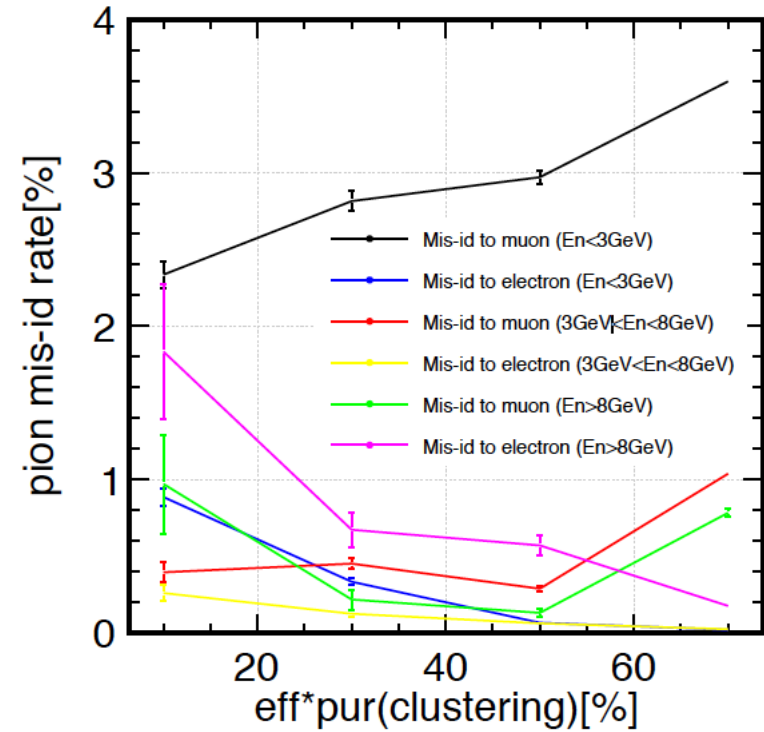


Fig. 9 The mis-id rate of pions to electrons or muons in jets, depending on clustering efficiency times purity.