



Vector-boson scattering in the ZZ(4*l*)jj final state with full Run2 data

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VBS topology and ZZjj channel

- → VBS @ LHC: "the large boson-boson collider"
 - scattering of massive vector-boson is at the heart of EW
 symmetry breaking mechanism
 - measurement of σ crucial to the EW section of SM
 - however, rare in LHC collisions: one-in-trillion

→ VBS ZZjj topology

characterized by 2 forward jets and ZZ produced in the central region between them

→ Advantage

- ◆ clean, fully reconstructable final state for ZZ→ℓℓℓ'ℓ' channel
- best sensitivity to certain aQGCs (f_{T_8}, f_{T_9})

Challenges

- large contamination from QCD-induced ZZ production
- small σ for VBS signal (~0.3 fb) vs. main backgrounds (~10 fb)



VBS ZZ measurement in Run2 at LHC





Physics observables



- → Cross-sections
 - Perform **EWK-discriminant-based analysis**
 - MELA: use MCFM ME probabilities:
 - event-by-event probabilities extracted from the respective leading-order matrix elements (MFCM)
 - Discriminant defined as P(VBS)/[P(VBS)+ cP(QCD)]
 - similar performance as validated with MVA techniques
 - Results
 - Significance and signal strength of EWK signal (fit 1D discriminant templates describing signal/background components) in fiducial regions, reproducing analysis cuts at particle level
 - **Baseline** (broadest dijet requirement, exploit all phase space)
 - \circ **VBS-enriched** (dijet mass and $\Delta\eta$ cuts used to define 2 signal-enriched regions)
 - EWK+QCD cross-section in the same fiducial region (cut-and-count)
- → aQGCs in EFT approach
 - Fit high- $m_{4\ell}$ region
 - Results: set limits on relevant dim-8 operators



MC samples

signal (EWK)

- → Fully EWK (α_{EW}^{6}) 4 ℓ jj process
 - VBS (qq→ ZZq'q') and tribosons (qq→ ZZV→ ZZqq') not physically separable
 - Define a partonic invariant mass m_{jj} (LHE level); consider m_{jj} > 100 GeV as signal
- ➔ Both simulated with MG5_aMC@NLO
 - VBS (m_{jj} > 100 GeV) at LO QCD, Z→ ℓℓ with MadSpin
 - Tribosons (m_{jj} < 100 GeV) at NLO QCD (ZZW and ZZZ separately) with inclusive decays and full BW structure (off-shell included), then require m_{jj} < 100 GeV at LHE level
- → Phantom generator for validation
 - good agreement in σ and shapes

EWK-QCD interfence

- → Interface simulated at LO with MG5
 - very small (< 5% of signal in sensitive high-MELA region)
 - take linear treatment
 - N = μ_{EW} S + $\sqrt{\mu_{EW}}$ I + B = μ_{EW} (S + 0.5I) + (B + 0.5I) ⇒ enable to perform a linear fit in μ_{EW}

background (QCD)

- → QCD $(\alpha_{EW}^4 \alpha_s^2) 4\ell jj$ process
- → Separated into tree-level (qqbar initial state) and loop induced (gg initial state)
 - QCD qqbar \rightarrow ZZ + 0/1 jets at NLO with MG5
 - apply NNLO QCD k-factor
 - apply NLO EWK k-factor on top of it
 - QCD gg \rightarrow ZZ + 0/1/2 jets at LO with MG5
 - A new simulation expressly studied for this analysis
 - Pushing MadGraph capabilities to the limit

➔ Minor backgrounds

- ttbar Z (LO MG5)
- ♦ WWZ (NLO MG5)







MC samples: the novel gg→ ZZ simulation

m

Technical challenges

production

loop-diagram filter

provided by CMS official

Advanced MadGraph usage:

CPU and computation time (10 min/event) needs beyond what





→ Why is it needed?

 Some diagrams of gg→ZZ+1,2-jet process which have different structures from the 0-jet

 \rightarrow

• jet can emit directly from the loop, which is not the ordinary ISR/FSR

⇒ expect a more accurate jet simulation using MadGraph, by producing the 0,1,2-jet processes and merging events with MLM matching







- → 40% less contribution in high-MELA region
- → Major improvement over previous analyses
 - CMS 2016 paper used MCFM (+0 partons)
 - ATLAS uses SHERPA (+0,1 partons)

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NN NN

Object reconstruction



- → Double + single lepton triggers (+ tri-electron)
- → Lepton and jet reconstruction inherit from H→ ZZ→ 4ℓ analysis
 - Loose lepton reconstruction
 - Electrons: MVA-based with isolation included
 - Muon: Cut-based
 - Scale factors and tag-and-probe uncertainties from H→ ZZ→ 4ℓ analysis
 - ♦ Jets
 - anti- k_{T} , R = 0.4
 - $p_{T} > 30 \text{ GeV}$, $|\eta| < 4.7$
 - migrate pile-up
 - jet energy correction appropriate for each year applied

ZZ candidate reconstruction

- → Z candidate: opposite-sign same-flavor lepton pair satisfying
 60 < m_{el(y)} < 120 GeV
- → $p_{T}(\ell_{1}) > 20 \text{ GeV},$ $p_{T}(\ell_{2}) > 10 \text{ GeV}$



- → $\Delta R > 0.02$ between each of the four leptons
- → $m_{\ell\ell}$ > 4 GeV for OS pairs (regardless of flavor)
- → reject 4µ and 4e candidates where the alternate pairing Z_a, Z_b satisfies
 - $|m(Z_a)-m(Z)| < |m(Z_1)-m(Z)|$ and $m(Z_b) < 12 \text{ GeV}$
- → m_{4ℓ} > 180 GeV
- → VBS-specific:
 - At least 2 jets passing requirements
 - $m_{ii} > 100 \text{ GeV}$ (isolates VBS from triboson ZZV $\rightarrow 4\ell jj$)



Three regions for analysis:

Background estimation & systematics



- → Irreducible background:
 - From MC: qqbarZZ , ggZZ , ttbar Z, WWZ, WZZ, ZZZ
- → Reducible background:
 - Z+X background: >1 non-prompt leptons in final state
 - main sources are non-isolated e and μ from decays of heavy-flavor mesons, mis-reconstructed jets and e from γ conversions ("fake leptons")
 - fake rates estimated by measuring fake electron (muon) rates that pass final selection over those which pass a looser selection
 - same-sign (SS) method used from HZZ4l analysis, use comparison of OS vs. SS to estimate systematics

→ Systematics

 taken in the form of shape / log-normal uncertainties (approximate numbers shown below)

Systematic source	qqZZ	ggZZ	VBS	Z+X	Shape	Years corr.?
QCD scales	10-12%	9-14%	6%	-	Х	х
$PDF + \alpha_s$	3.2%	5%	6.6%	-		х
Lepton trigger, reco, sel.	2.5-9%	2.5-9%	2.5-9%	-		х
L1 prefiring	0.6-1.0%	0.6%	1.8-3.0%	-	X	
Luminosity	2.3-2.5%	2.3-2.5%	2.3-2.5%	-		
JES	4.9-11.4%	3.6-10.2%	0.7-1.2%	-	х	
JER	2.2-6.3%	1.0-2.2%	0.2-0.4%	-		
MC samples	2.5-4.2%	3.2%	$\ll 1\%$	-	x	
Pileup	0.2-2.6%	0.4-2.7%	0.3-1.7%	-		
Reducible background	-	-	-	33-45%		

Baseline ZZjj region distributions



- Distribution of m_{jj}, Δη_{jj} (variables to control the VBS phase-space) in the ZZjj region
 - large invariant mass and separation angle for the VBS signal
- \rightarrow MELA variable K_D used for the fit



Cross-section and signal strengths



- → Signal extraction for pure EW signal and EW+QCD is implemented in the K_D discriminant distribution in the baseline ZZjj region, via a maximum-likelihood fit
 - measured (expected) signal strength

 $\mu_{
m EW} = 1.22^{+0.47}_{-0.40} \ (1.00^{+0.44}_{-0.36}) \quad \mu_{
m EW+QCD} = 0.99^{+0.13}_{-0.12} \ (1.00^{+0.13}_{-0.12})$

- background-only hypothesis is excluded with a significance of 4.0 (3.5 expected)
- → Measured cross-sections in the three fiducial regions
 - SM σ obtained with particle-level cuts on generator-level MC samples used for the analysis and respective theory uncertainties
 - μ from binned ML fit using histogram templates with MINOS uncertainties
 - σ from analogous binned ML fits with frozen theory uncertainties

	Perturbative order	SM σ (fb)	Measured σ (fb)				
ZZjj inclusive							
EW EW+OCD	LO NLO QCD NLO EW	$\begin{array}{c} 0.275 \pm 0.021 \\ 0.278 \pm 0.017 \\ 0.242 \substack{+0.015 \\ -0.013} \\ 5.35 \pm 0.51 \end{array}$	$0.33^{+0.11}_{-0.10} (\text{stat})^{+0.04}_{-0.03} (\text{syst})$ 5 29 ^{+0.31} (stat) + 0.47 (syst)				
LWTQCD	VDC	0.05 ± 0.01	$5.29_{-0.30}$ (stat) ± 0.47 (syst)				
	V D3-	enriched (loose))				
EW	LO NLO QCD	$\begin{array}{c} 0.186 \pm 0.015 \\ 0.197 \pm 0.013 \end{array}$	$0.180^{+0.070}_{-0.060}({ m stat})^{+0.021}_{-0.012}({ m syst})$				
EW+QCD		1.21 ± 0.09	$1.00^{+0.12}_{-0.11}({ m stat})\pm 0.07({ m syst})$				
VBS-enriched (tight)							
EW	LO NLO QCD	$\begin{array}{c} 0.104 \pm 0.008 \\ 0.108 \pm 0.007 \end{array}$	$0.09^{+0.04}_{-0.03}$ (stat) \pm 0.02 (syst)				
EW+QCD		0.221 ± 0.014	$0.20^{+0.05}_{-0.04}({ m stat})\pm 0.02({ m syst})$				

aQGC limits



- originate from covariant derivatives of the Higgs doublet and from charged and neutral field strength tensors associated to gauge bosons
- ZZjj channel particularly sensitive to T0, T1, and T2 (charged-current operators), as well as the T8 and T9 (neutral-current operators)
- → aQGC samples in the analysis
 - simulated by MG5 in the default coupling value $f_{Ti}/\Lambda^4 = 2 \text{ TeV}$
 - other scenarios from reweighting
 - semi-analytic description of the expected m_{zz} distribution as a function of the aQGC couplings obtained by fitting quadratic functions

Coupling	Exp. lower	Exp. upper	Obs. lower	Obs. upper	Unitarity bound
$f_{\rm T0}/\Lambda^4$	-0.37	0.35	-0.24 (-0.26)	0.22 (0.24)	2.4
$f_{\mathrm{T1}}/\Lambda^4$	-0.49	0.49	-0.31(-0.34)	0.31 (0.34)	2.6
$f_{\rm T2}/\Lambda^4$	-0.98	0.95	-0.63 (-0.69)	0.59 (0.65)	2.5
$f_{\rm T8}/\Lambda^4$	-0.68	0.68	-0.43(-0.47)	0.43 (0.48)	1.8
$f_{\rm T9}/\Lambda^4$	-1.5	1.5	-0.92 (-1.02)	0.92 (1.02)	1.8

expected lower and upper 95% C.L. limits (TeV⁻⁴) on coupling of the quartic tensor operators T0-2 and neutral current operators T8 and T9 f_{T8}/Λ^4 and f_{T9}/Λ^4 achieve the world best result



m_{zz} distribution for SM and one aQGC scenario



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Conclusion



- → VBS ZZ fully leptonic analysis of full Run2 data
 - data/MC in control region shows good agreement
 - search for EWK production performed using MELA discriminant
 - main changes w.r.t. 2016 CMS strategy
 - advanced ggZZ simulation
 - more accurate treatment of interference and triboson background
 - revision/improvement of some theory/experimental systematic effect

→ Measurement results

- EWK signal significance \Rightarrow 4 σ evidence
- signal strength μ, EWK cross section & EWK+QCD cross section for three fiducial regions
- **limits on dim-8 Wilson coefficients** (aQGCs in EFT approach)

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\Rightarrow world best limits on f_{T8}/\Lambda^4 and f_{T9}/\Lambda^4
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Backup

Data/MC agreement in CR





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Systematic shape uncertainties



