

Experimental overview of recent (selected) heavy-ion results

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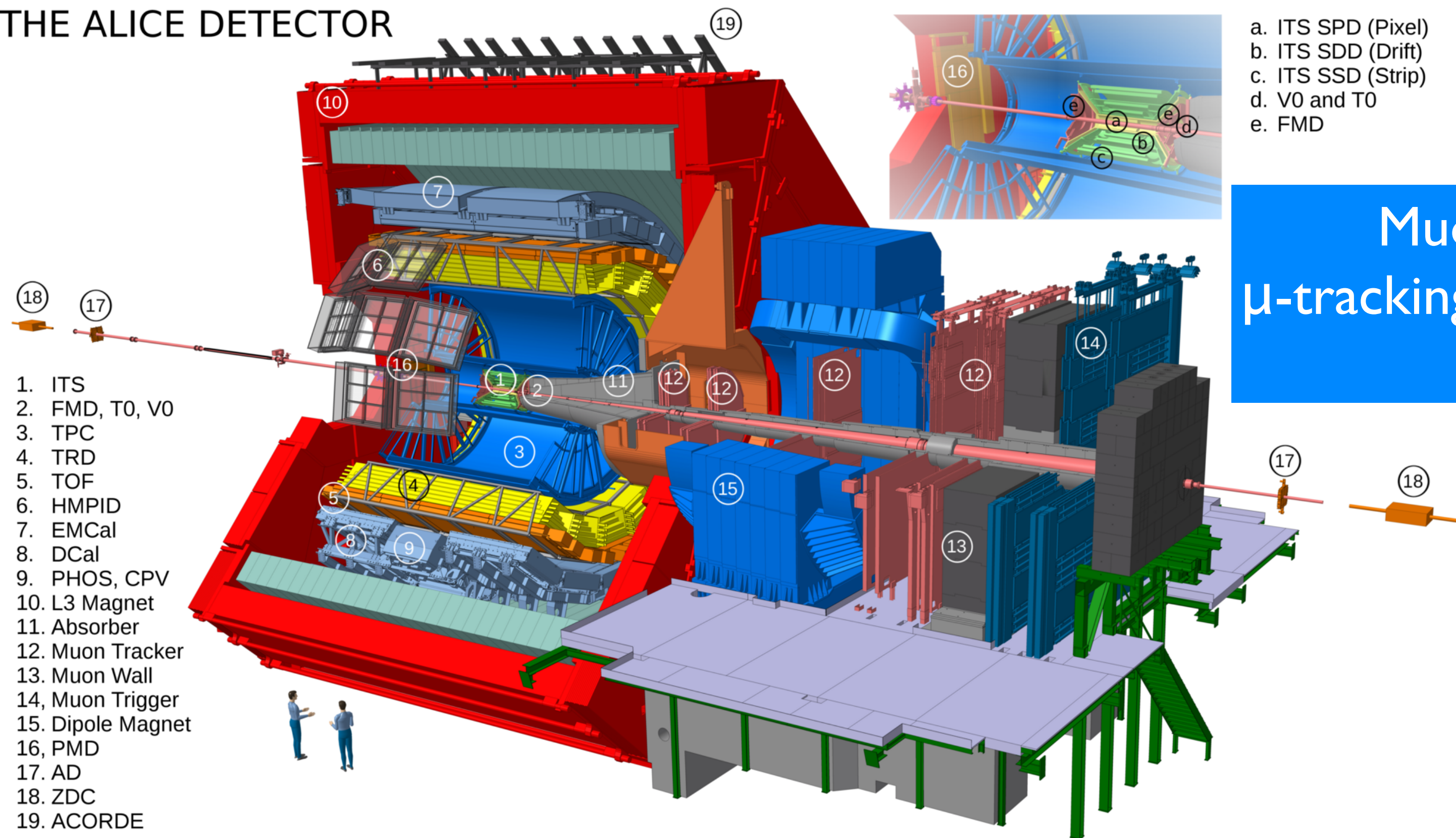


The 6th China LHC Physics Workshop (CLHCP2020)
Nov 6-9, 2020

ALICE Run 2 setup

JINST 3 (2008) S08002
IJMPA 29 (2014) 1430044

THE ALICE DETECTOR



Muon spectrometer
 μ -tracking and trigger chambers
 $-4 < \eta < -2.5$

Central barrel:
vertexing, tracking, PID, EM Calos
 $|\eta| < 0.9$

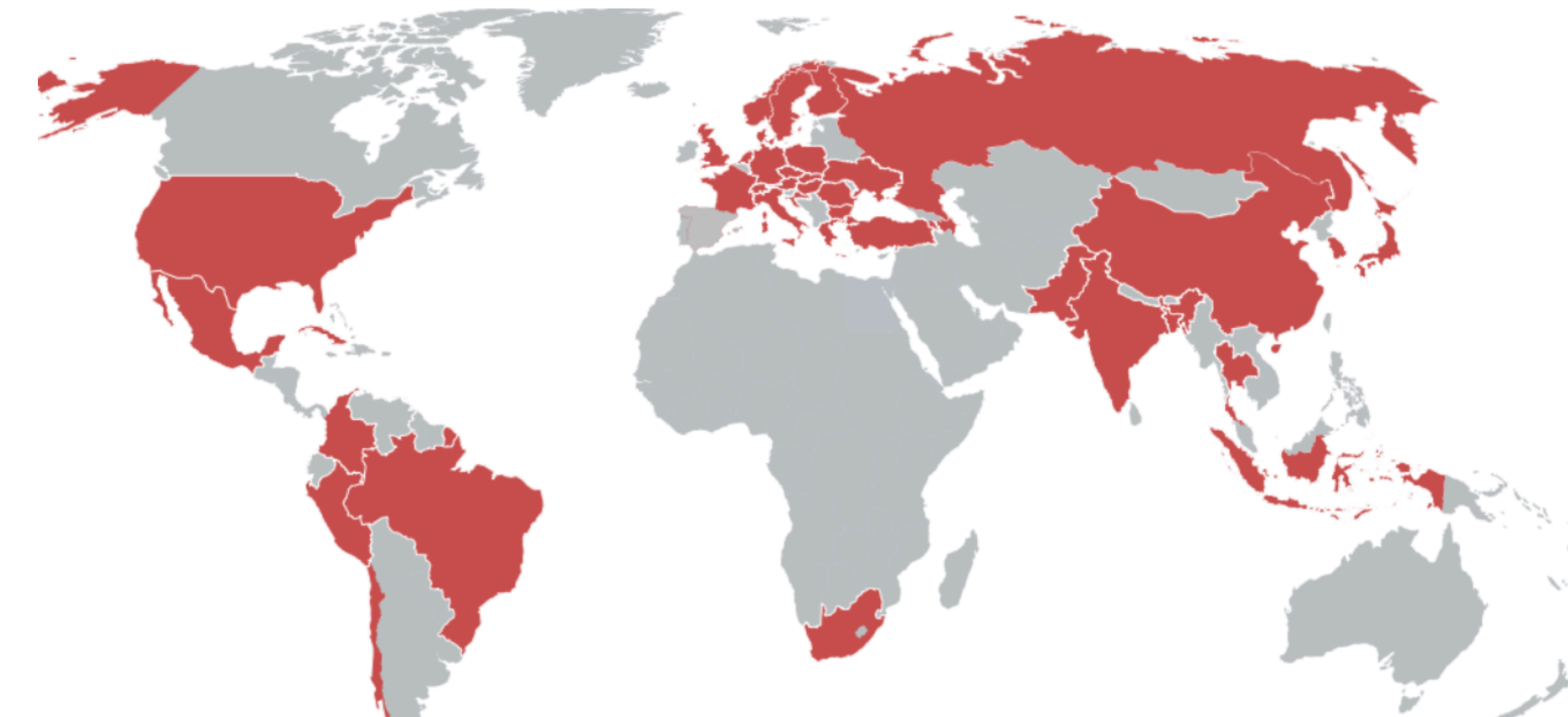
Forward detectors:
multiplicity, trigger, centrality, time zero

- A dedicated heavy-ion experiment at the LHC, excellent PID

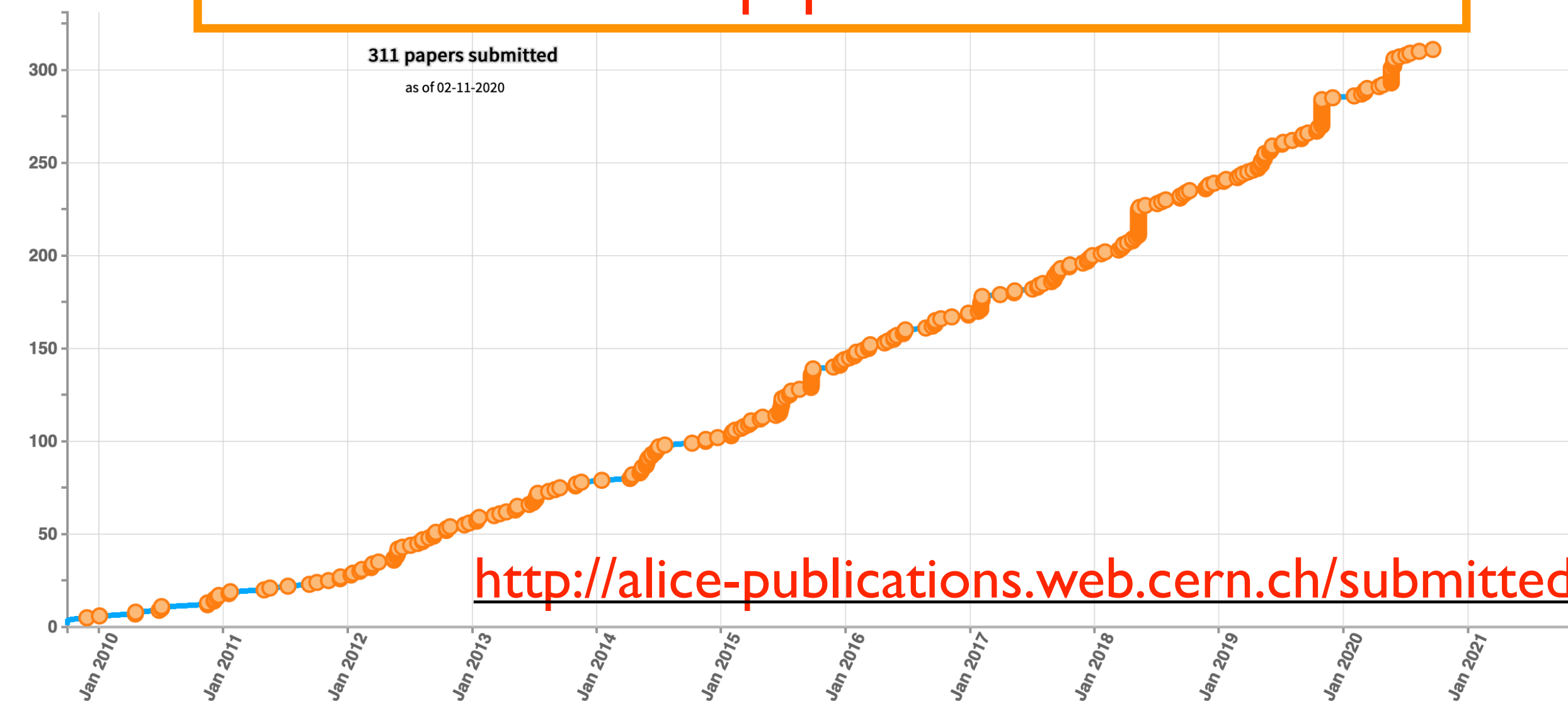
ALICE data (so far...)

System	year(s)	$\sqrt{s_{NN}}$ (TeV)	L_{int}
pp	2009-2013	0.9	200 μb^{-1}
		2.76	100 nb $^{-1}$
		7	1.5 pb $^{-1}$
		8	2.5 pb $^{-1}$
	2015, 2017	5.02	1.3 pb $^{-1}$
	2015-2018	13	36 pb $^{-1}$
pPb	2013	5.02	15 nb $^{-1}$
	2016	5.02	3 nb $^{-1}$
		8.16	25 nb $^{-1}$
Xe-Xe	2017	5.44	0.3 μb^{-1}
Pb-Pb	2010-2011	2.76	75 μb^{-1}
	2015, 2018	5.02	800 μb^{-1}

39 countries, 175 institutes, 1927 members

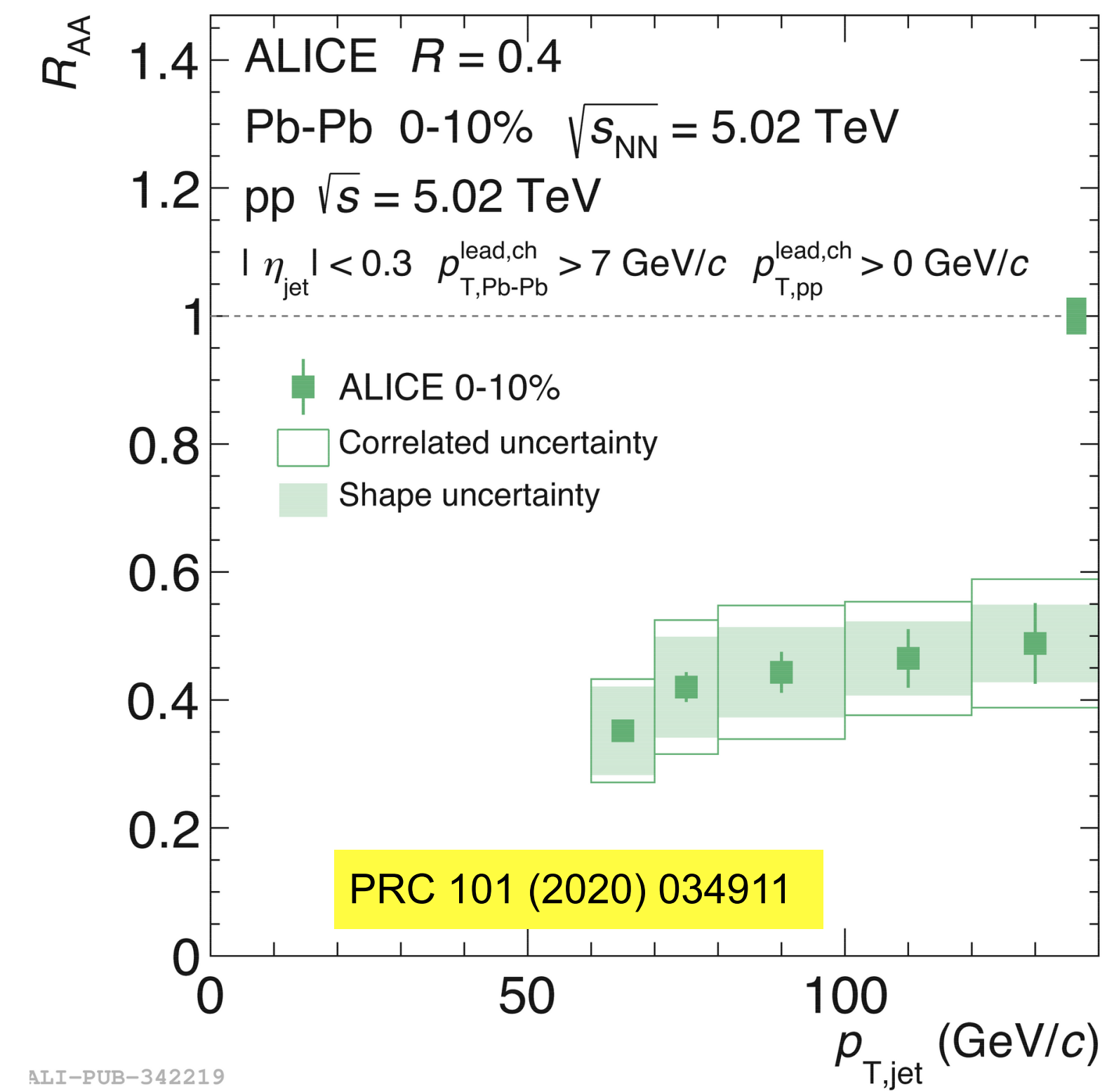


311 papers submitted
34 new papers in 2020

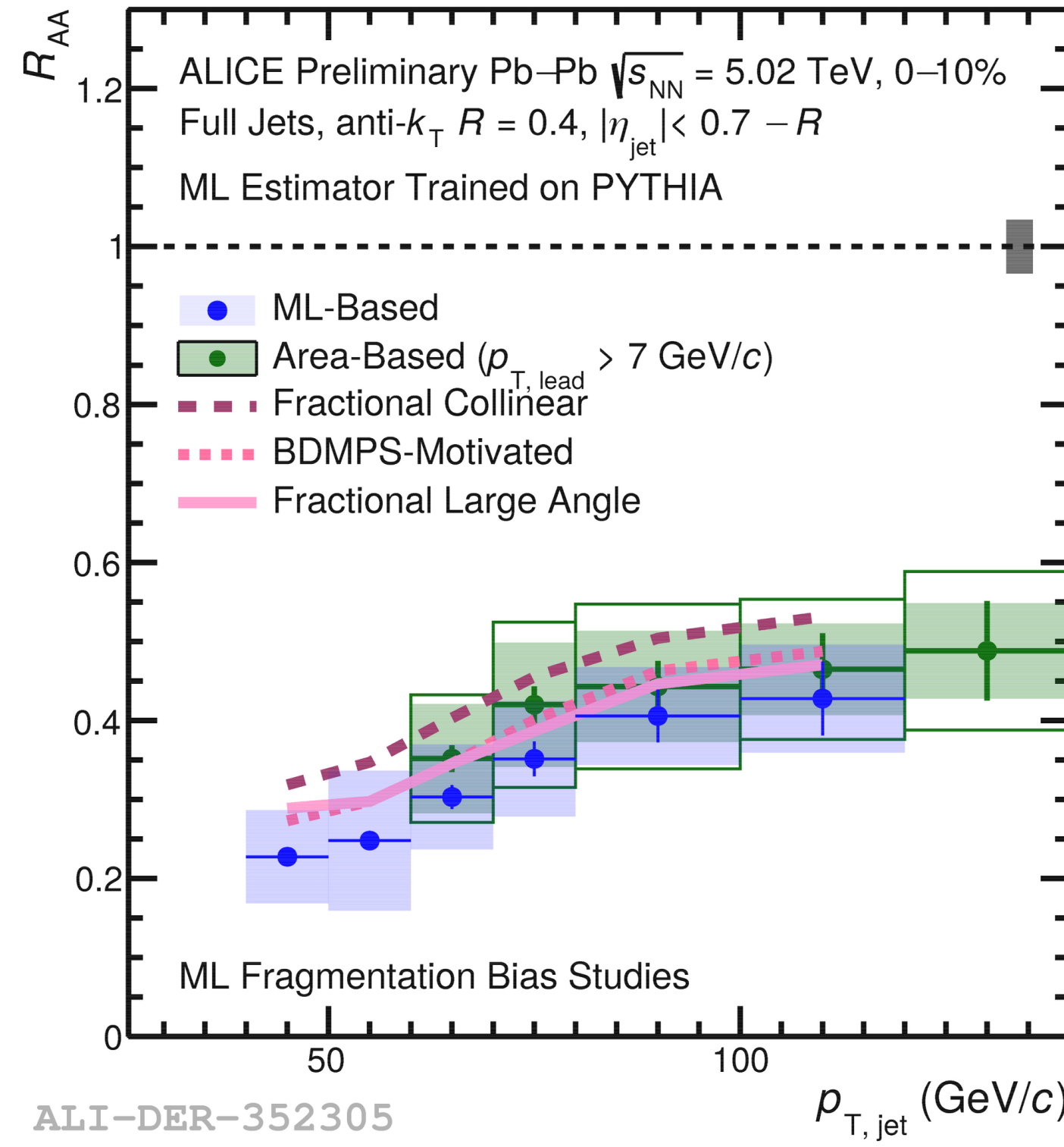
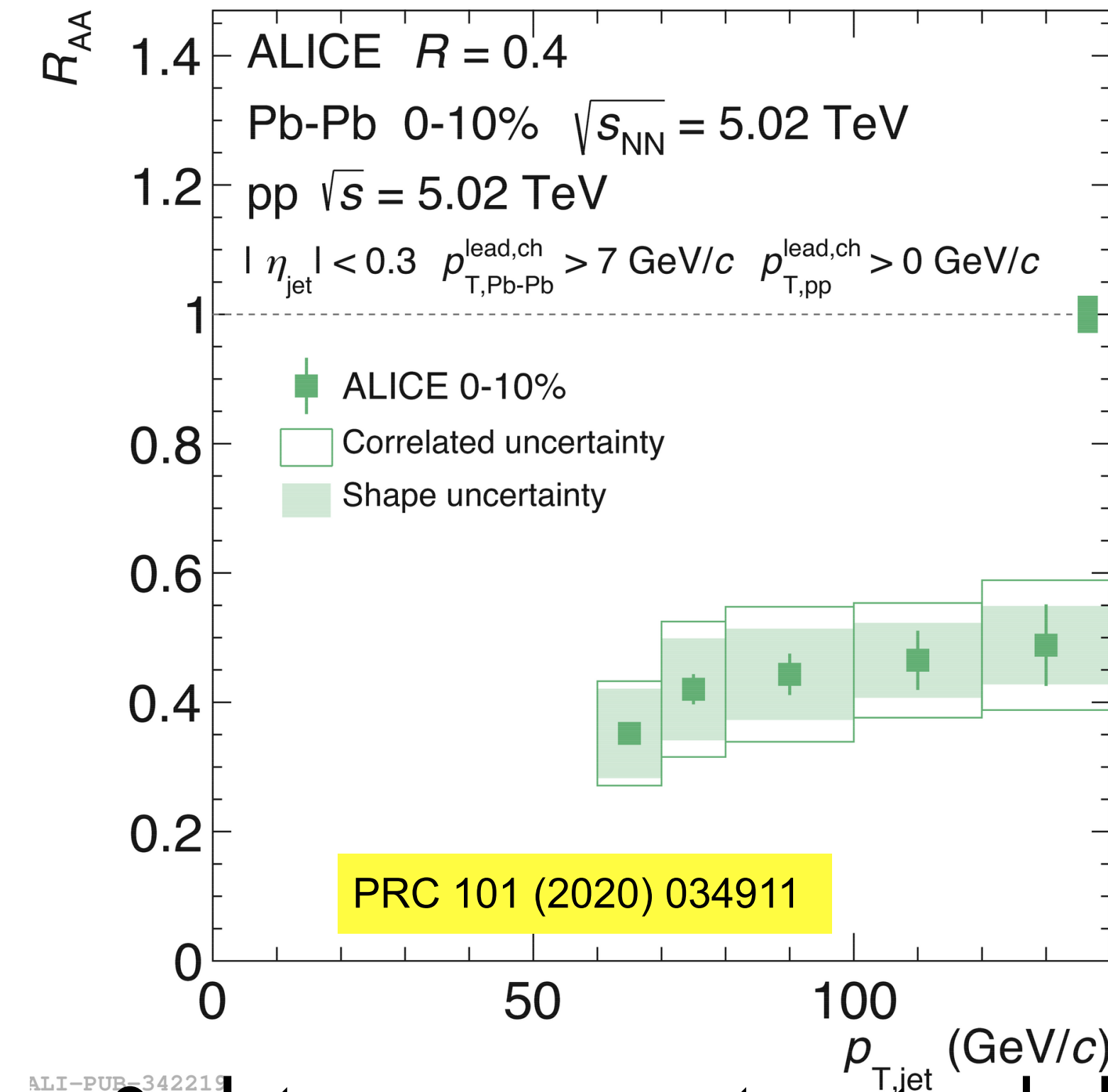


- Harvest of the past 10 years operation
- Large integrated luminosity in **Run 2** allows precise measurements, new observables

Jet R_{AA}

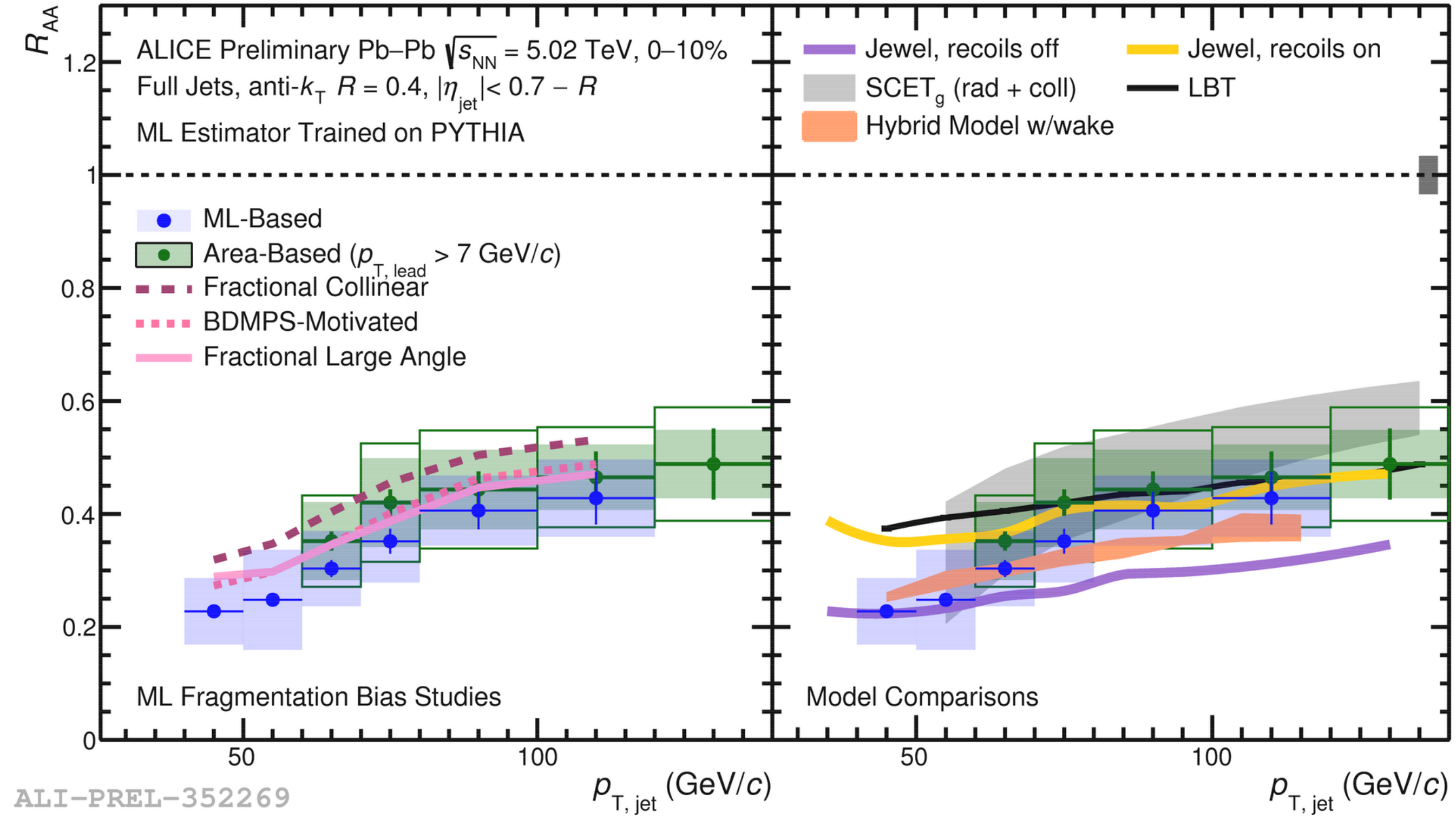
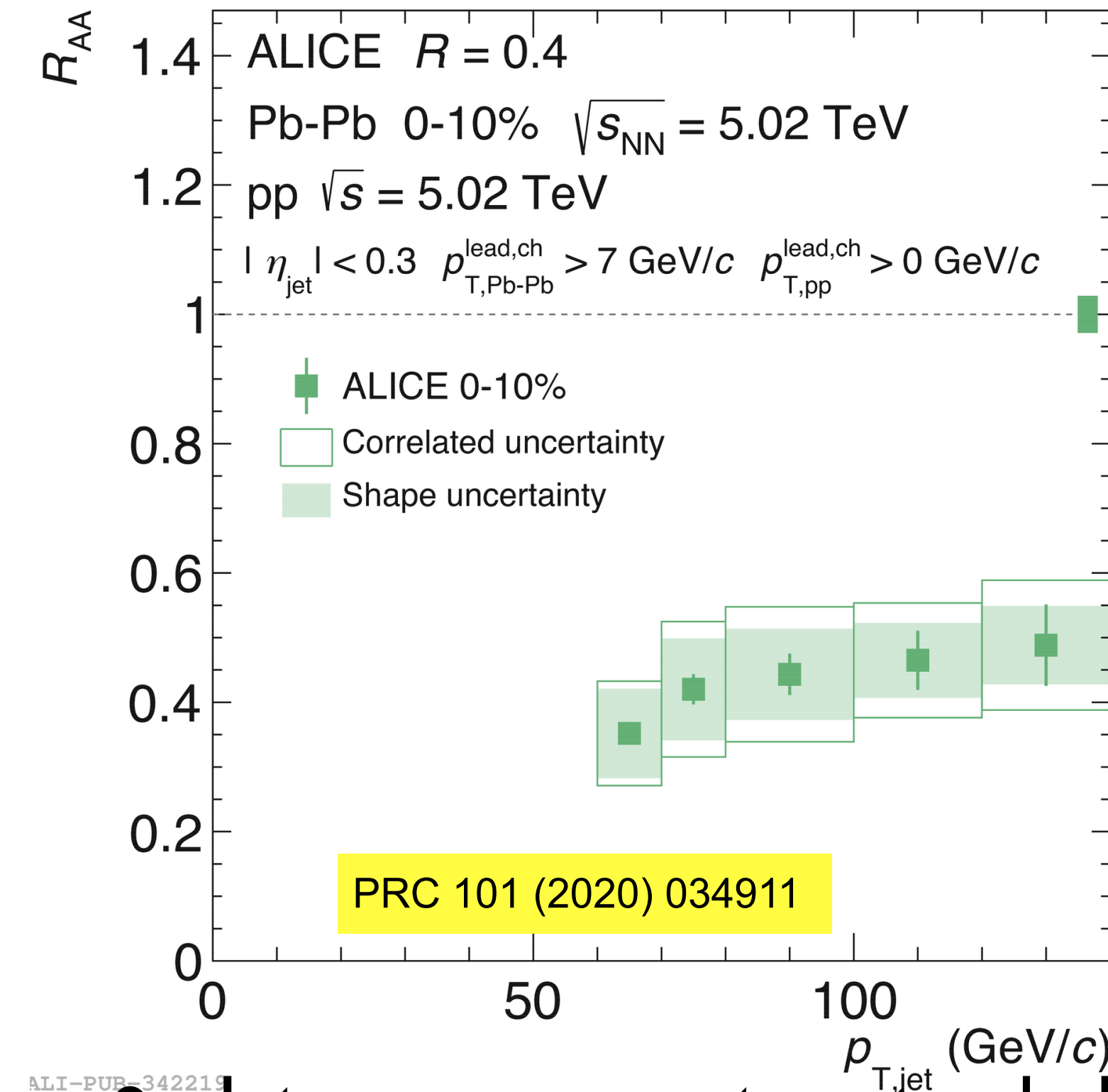


Jet R_{AA}



- Jet measurements extended to lower jet p_T and large R using machine learning (ML)
 - improvements on background subtraction and systematics
- ML training based on PYTHIA fragmentation, fragmentation may differ in HI
 - results affected by assumed fragmentation model for ML training by 10-40%

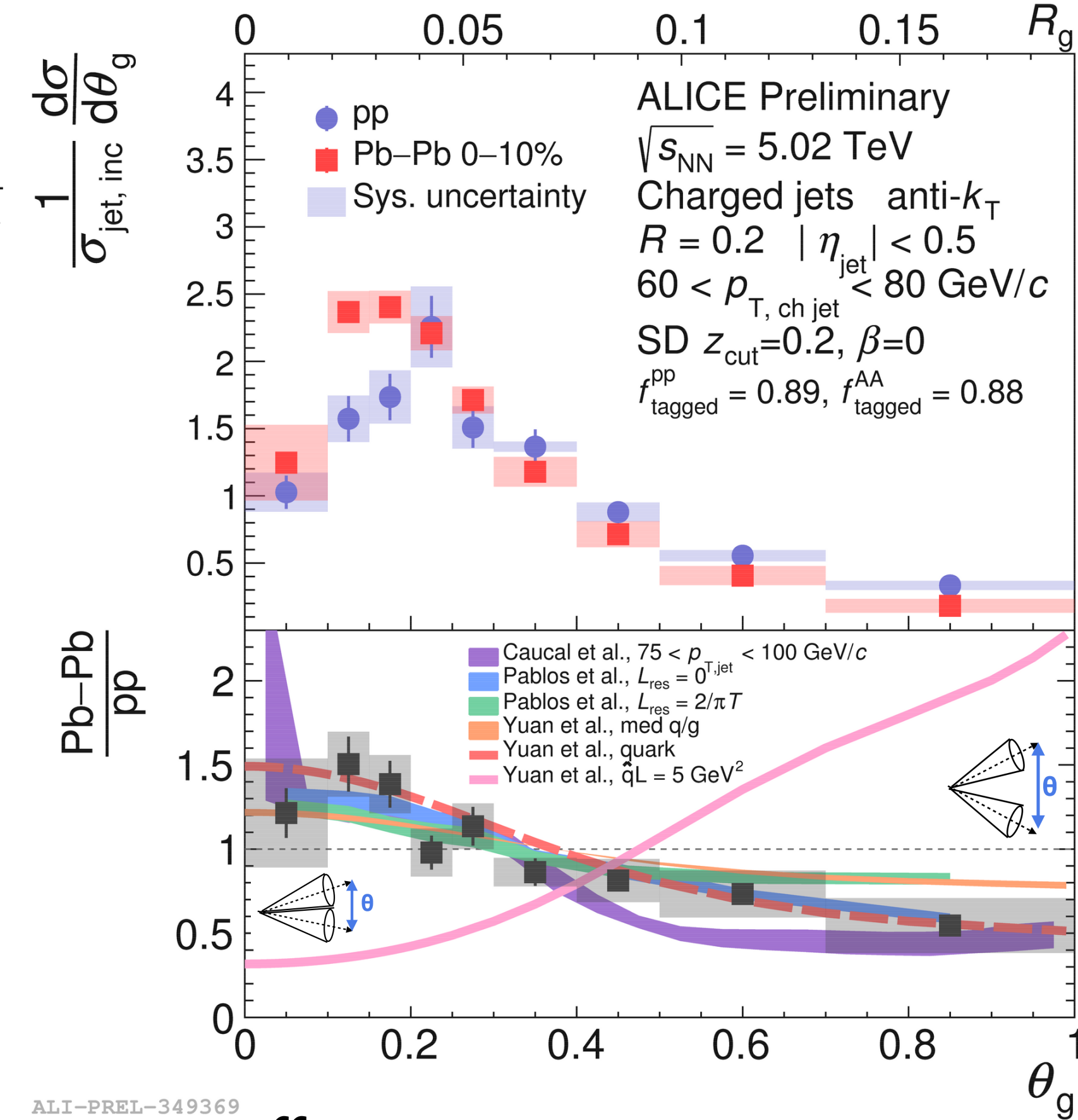
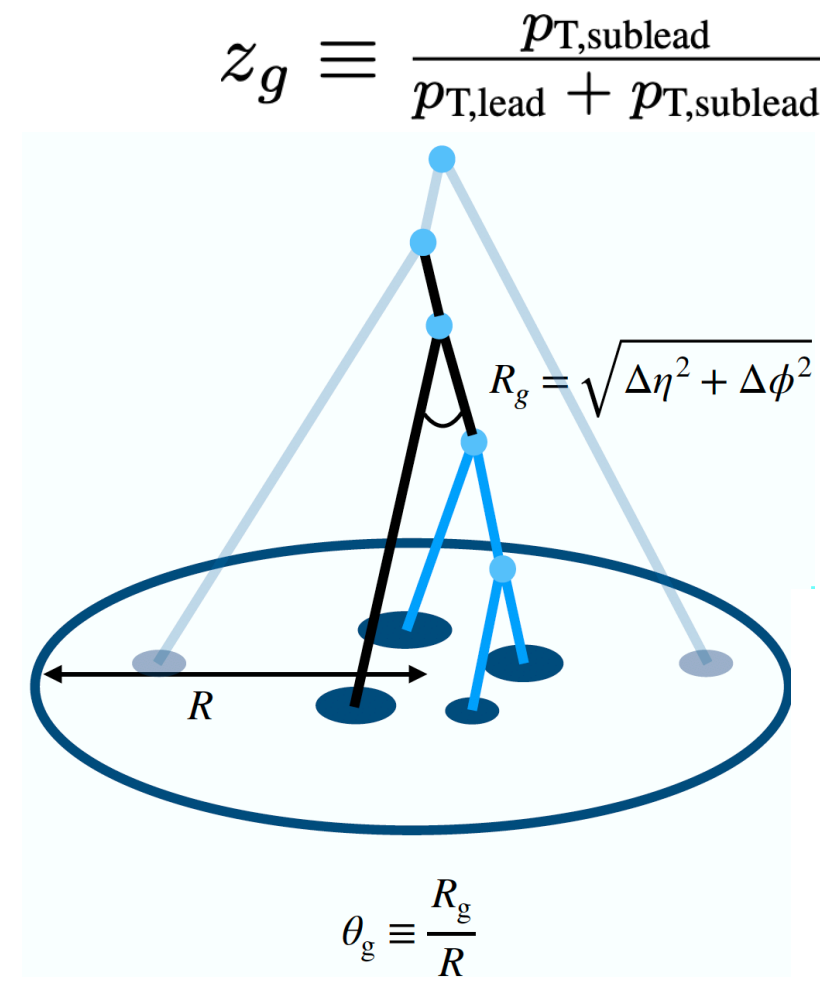
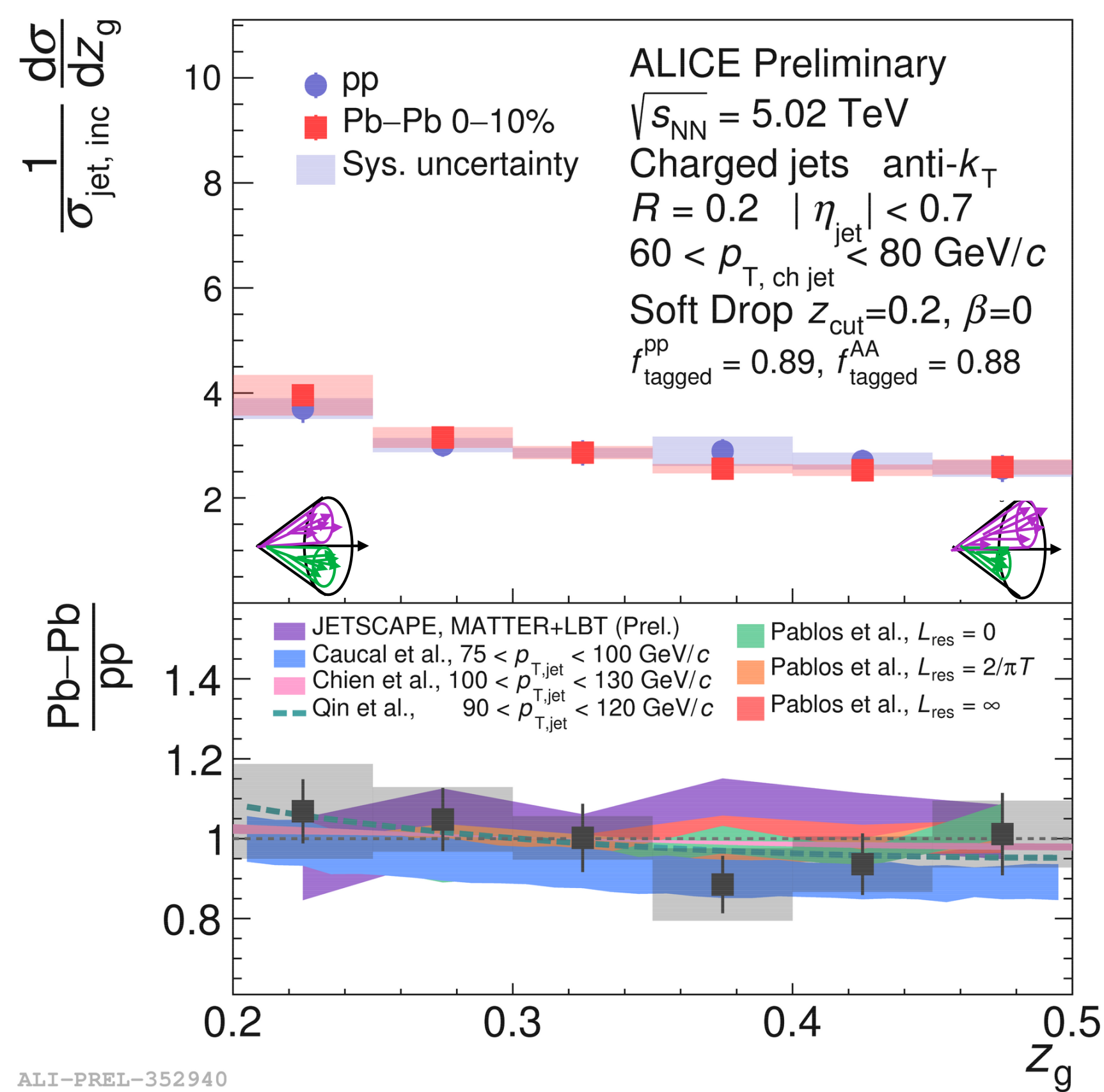
Jet R_{AA}



- Jet measurements extended to lower jet p_T and large R using machine learning (ML)
 - improvements on background subtraction and systematics
- ML training based on PYTHIA fragmentation, fragmentation may differ in HI
 - results affected by assumed fragmentation model for ML training by 10-40%
- Jet R_{AA} can be described by model predictions, with potential discrimination at low p_T

Jet substructure in central Pb-Pb collisions

- Soft drop grooming allows to study medium modified parton shower by removing large angle soft radiation



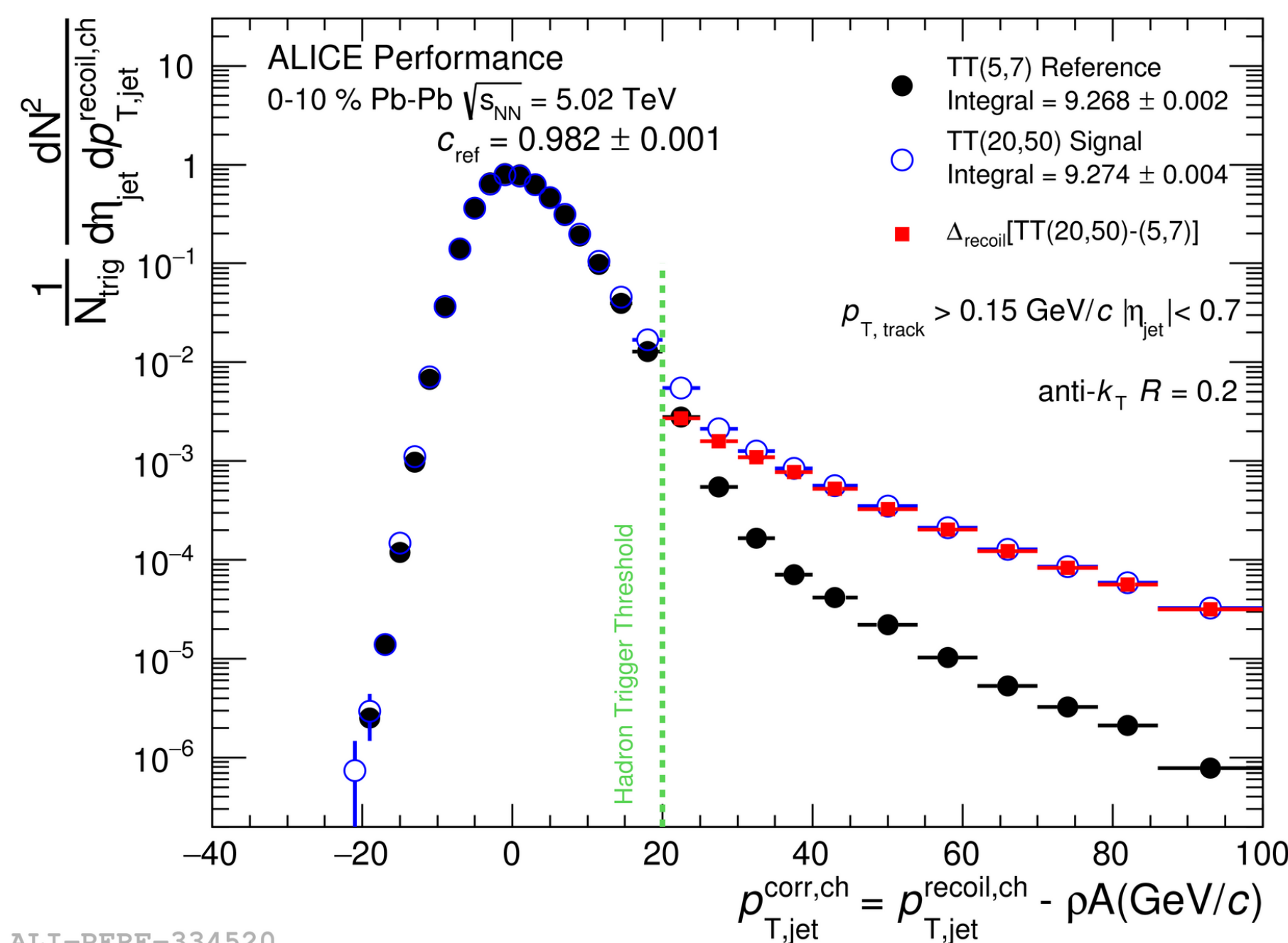
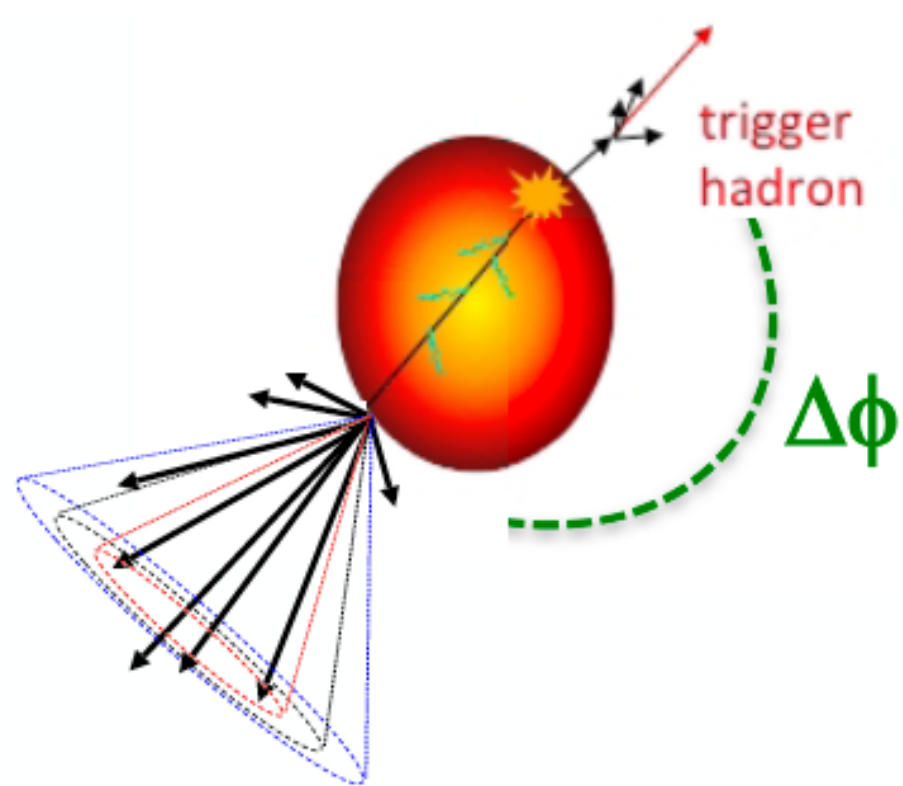
- Results are fully corrected for background and detector effects
 - No significant modification in z_g distribution
 - Modification of $\theta_g \rightarrow$ narrowing jets

Jet acoplanarity via h-jet correlations

- Construct jets recoiling from a high- p_T trigger track and study the correlations between jets and trigger

➔ Access low p_T recoil jets

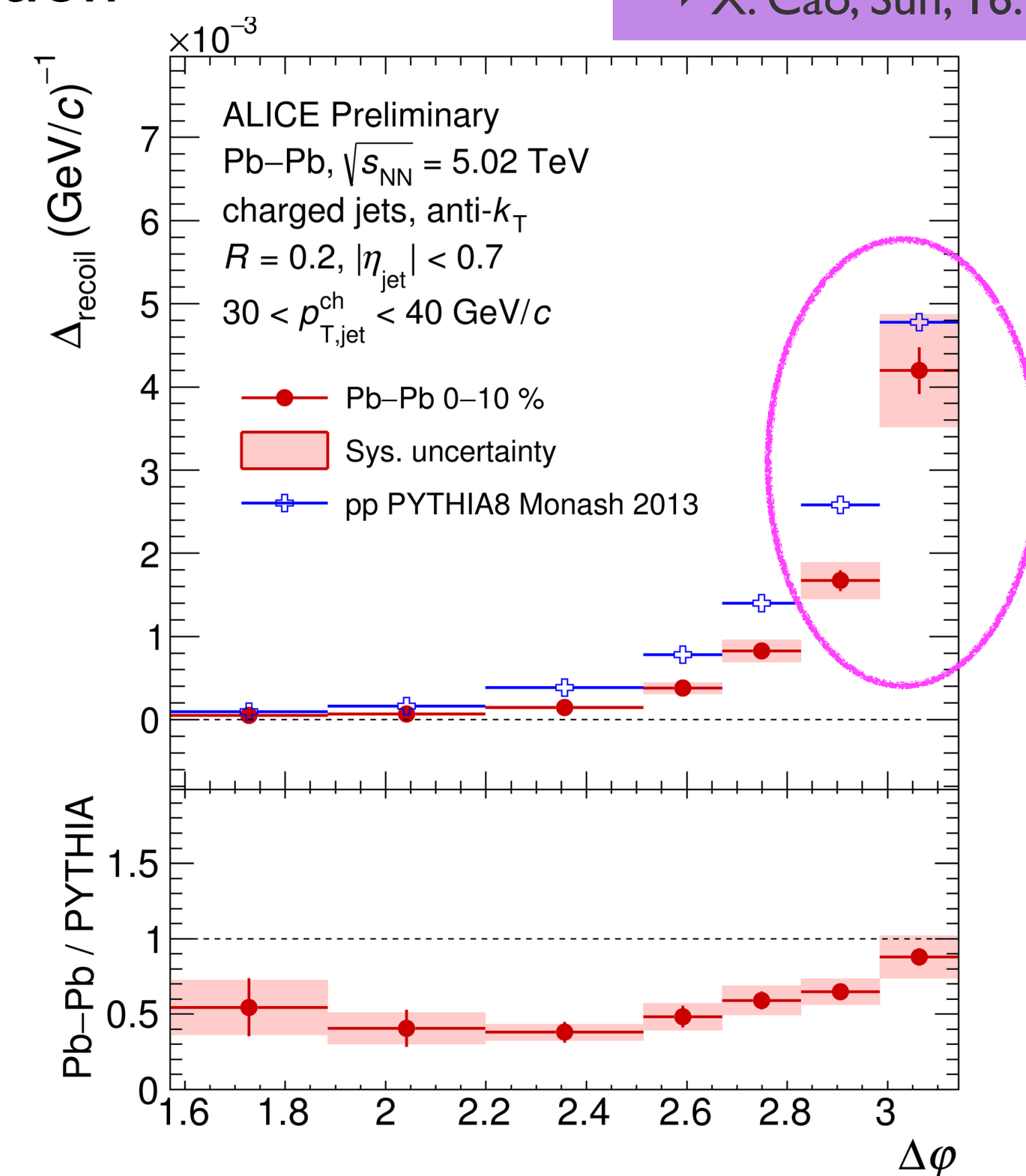
- Acoplanarity sensitive to multiple soft scattering and large-angle deflection



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- First measurement of jet acoplanarity down to low p_T recoil jets

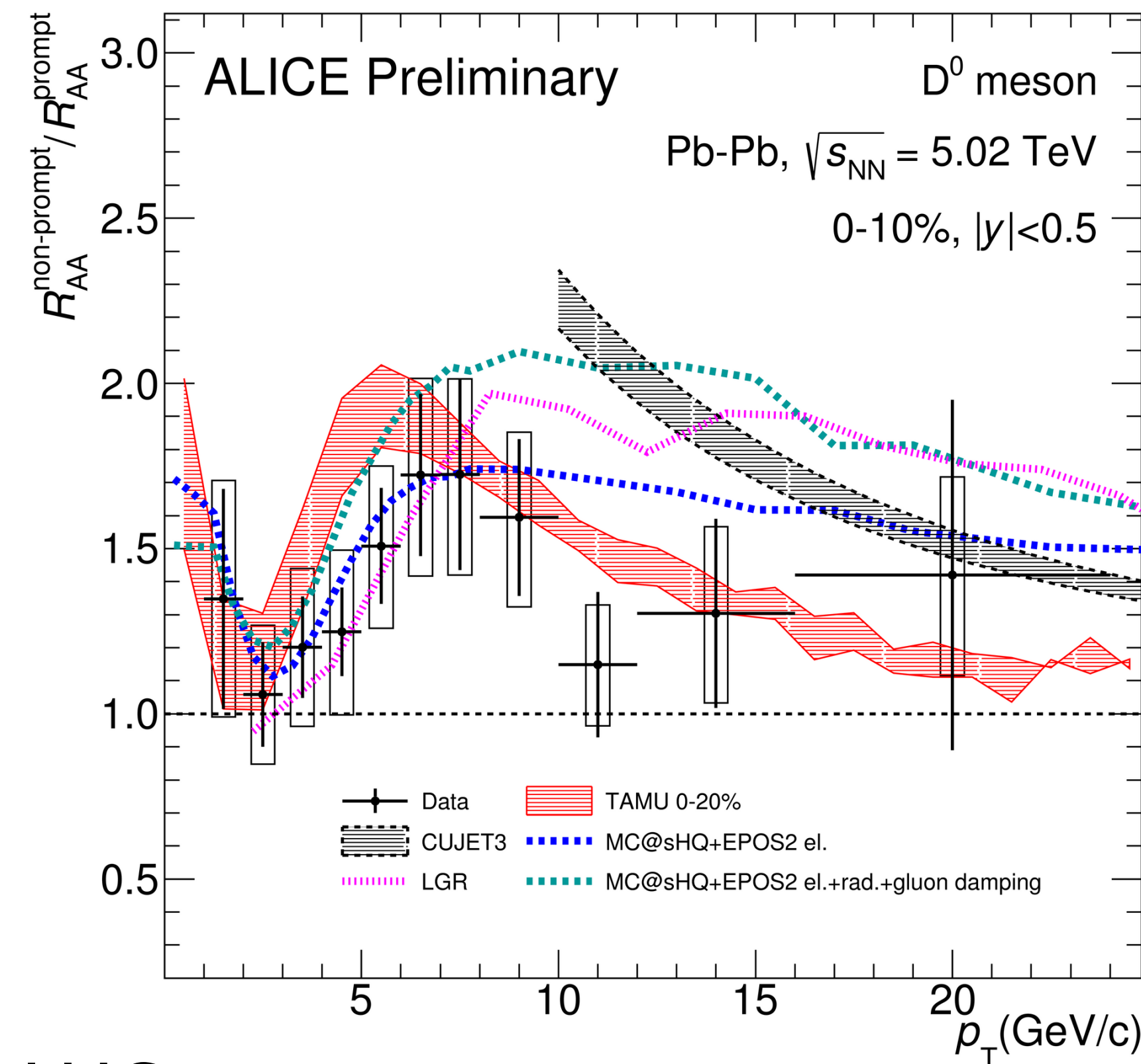
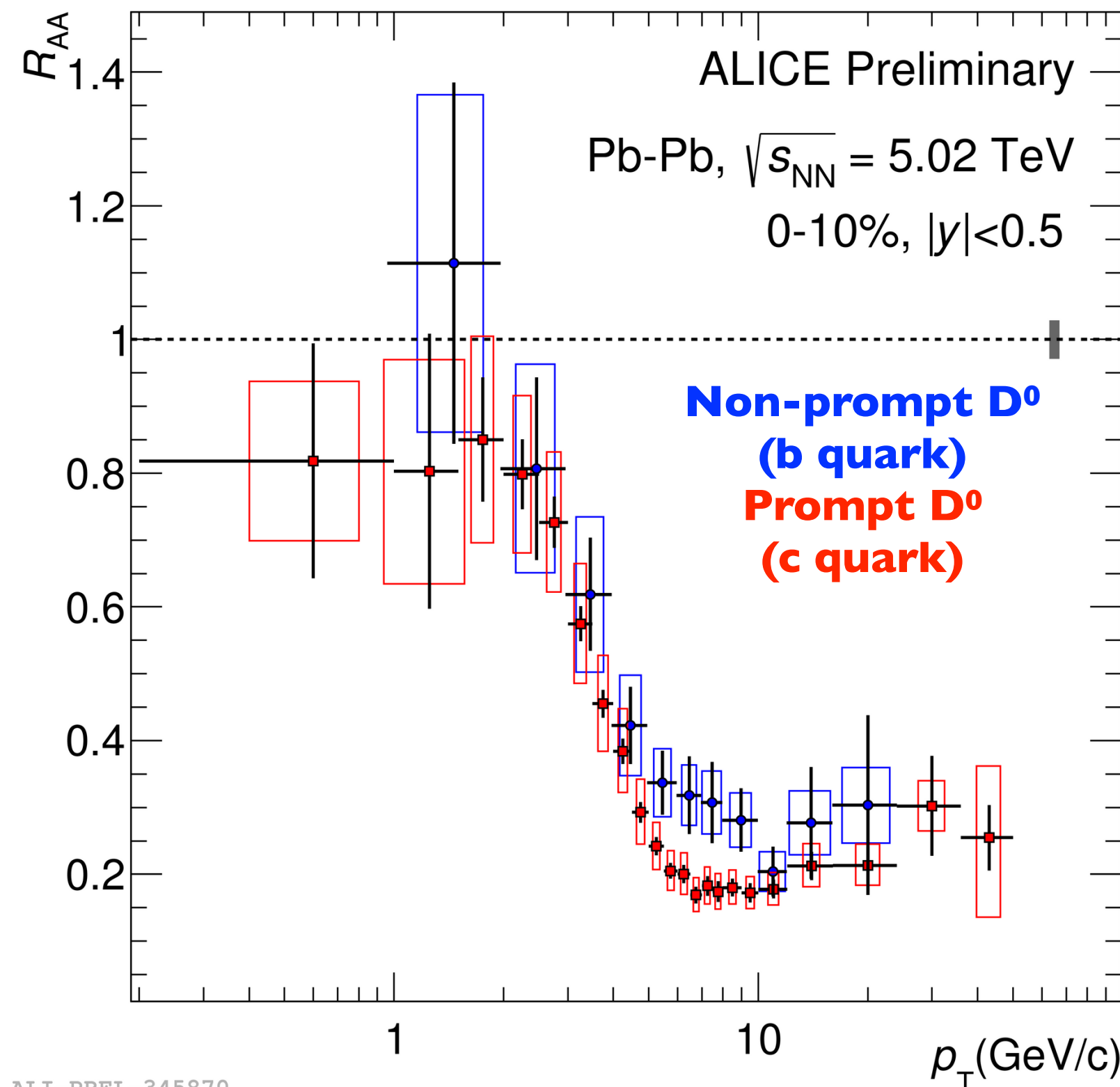
➔ Recoil jets narrower than PYTHIA vacuum expectation



ALI-PREL-353019

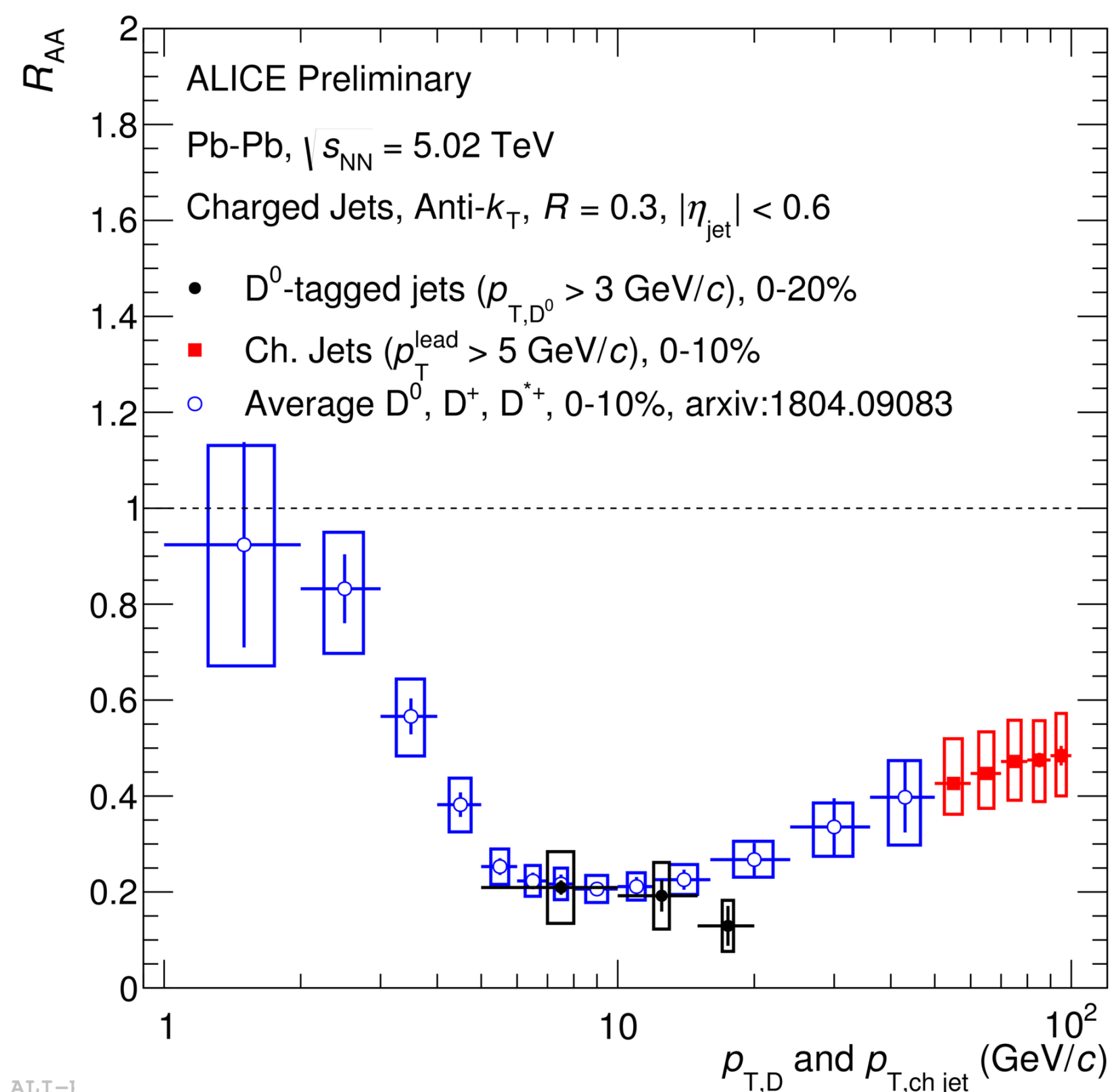
Heavy quark energy loss: R_{AA}

→ X. Peng, Sat, 14:00

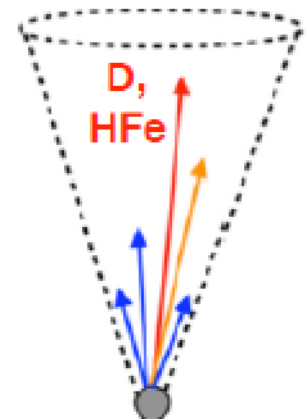


- First measurement of $D^0 R_{AA}$ down to $p_T = 0$ at LHC
- Smaller suppression of D^0 mesons from b than prompt ones at intermediate p_T
- Theoretical models including both collisional and radiative energy loss describe our data
- Consistent with mass dependence of energy loss → dead cone effect ($\Delta E_c > \Delta E_b$)

Heavy flavor jet R_{AA}



ALI-I

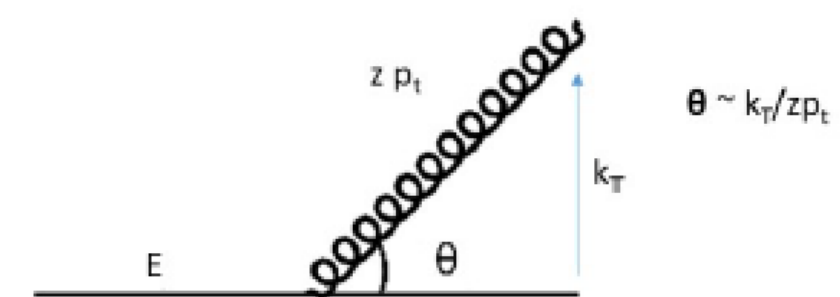
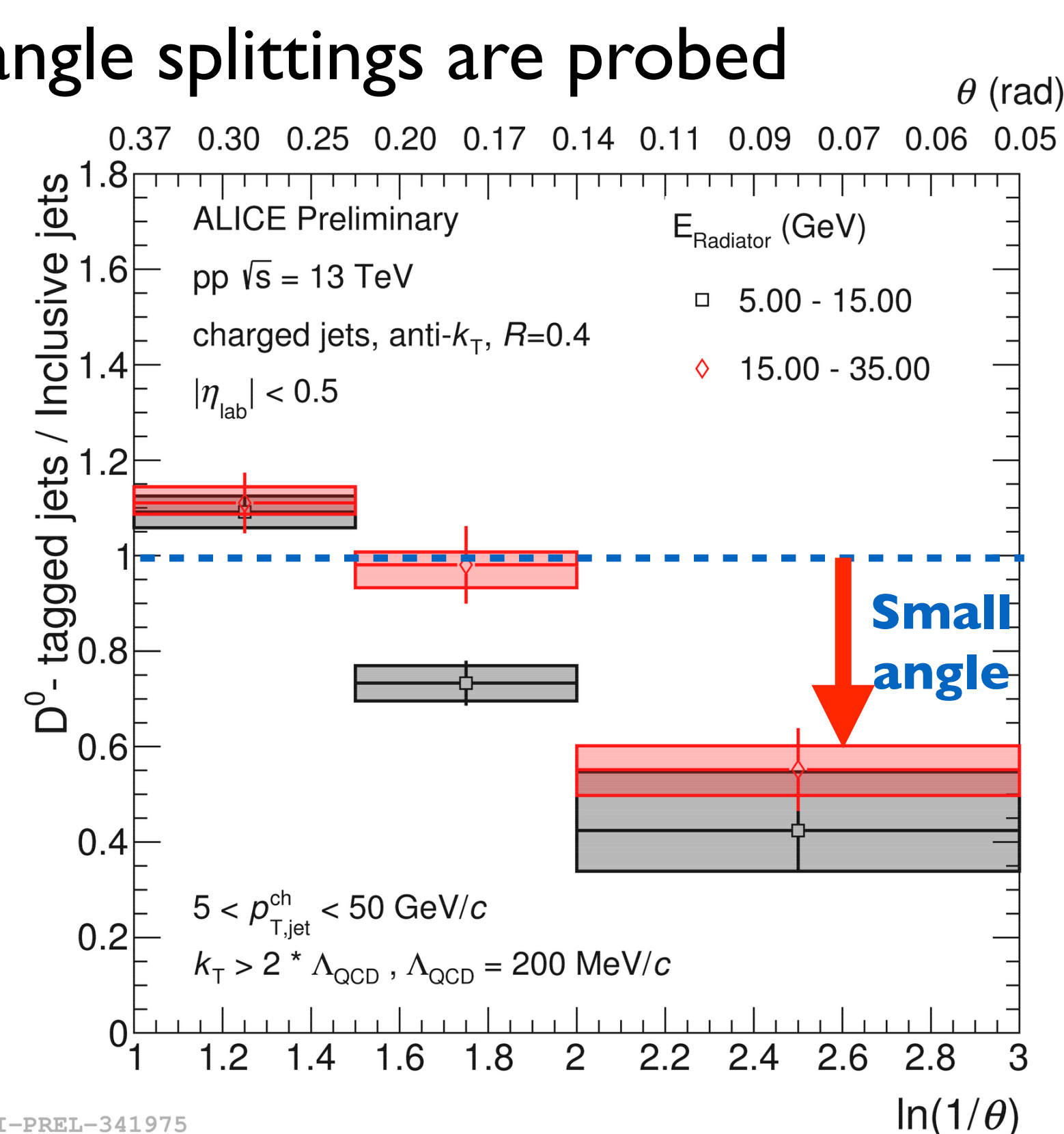
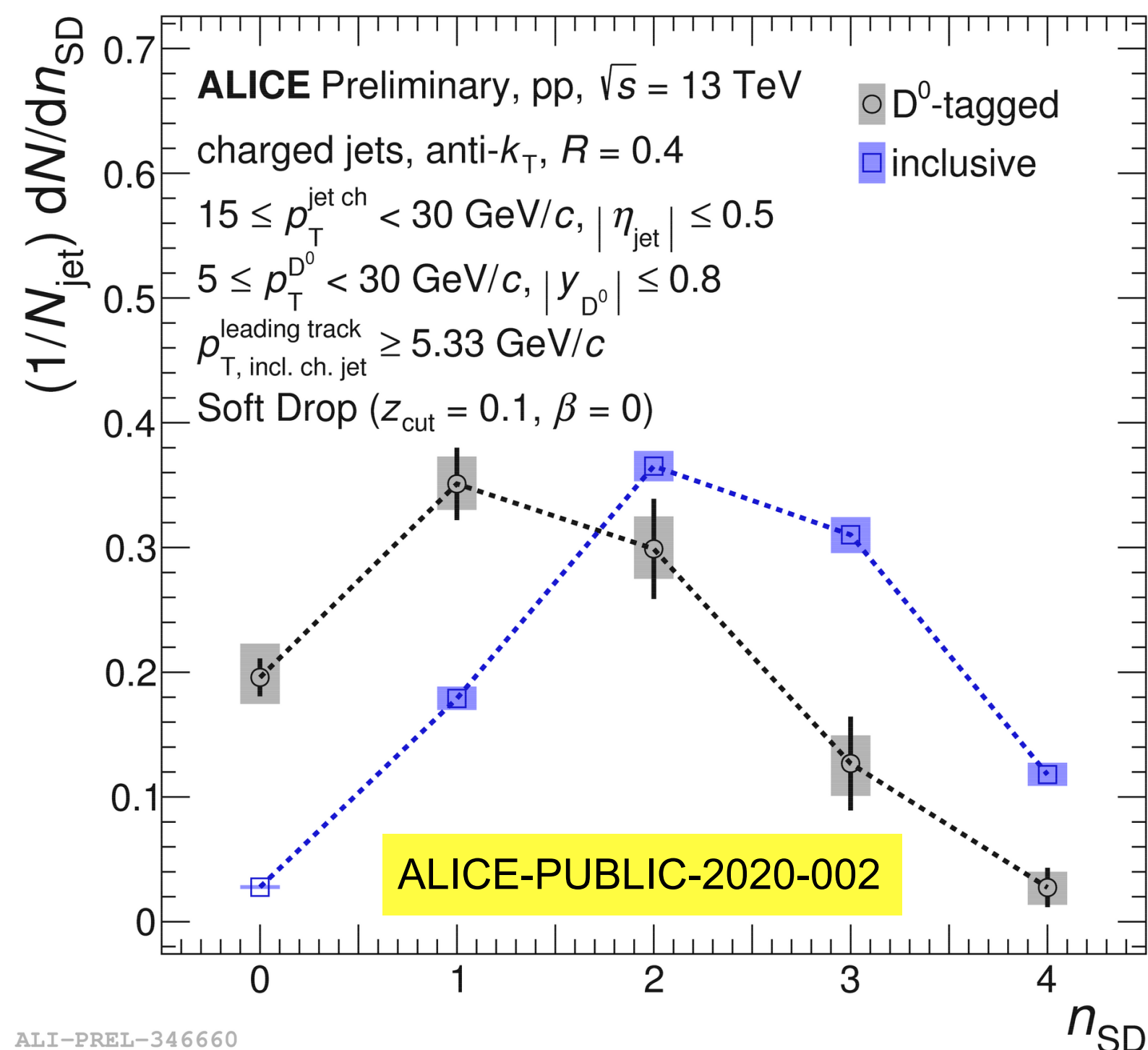


$$R_{AA} = \frac{1}{\langle N_{coll} \rangle} \frac{d^2 N_{AA} / dp_T d\eta}{d^2 N_{pp} / dp_T d\eta}$$

- Jet containing a D meson with $p_T > 3$ GeV/c in 0-20% compared with R_{AA} of D mesons and charged jets in 0-10% collisions
 - ➡ Strong suppression of D^0 -tagged jets with $p_T > 5$ GeV/c
 - ➡ Similar to D meson R_{AA}
 - ➡ Hints of more suppression at low p_T D^0 -tagged jets than inclusive jets at higher p_T
 - ➡ Importance of collisional energy loss for heavy flavor jets
- ➡ Current data is not precise enough to draw conclusion without same kinematical range

D-tagged jet substructure in pp at 13 TeV

- Jet grooming used to count the number of hard splittings in jet fragmentation: n_{SD}
- Groom the jet via iterative declustering until small-angle splittings are probed

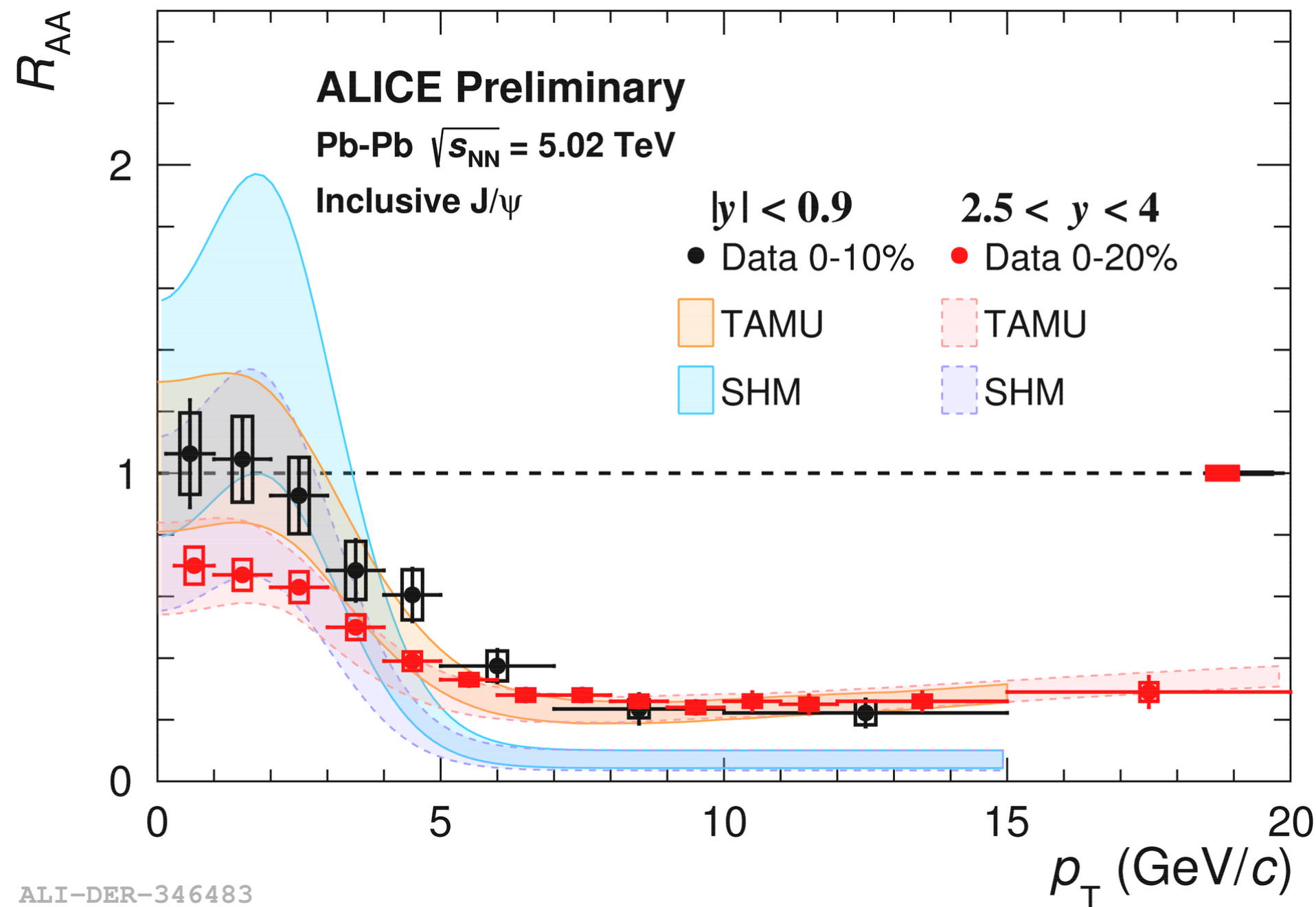


- Less hard splittings for charm jets than inclusive ones → harder fragmentation for heavy quarks
 - First direct measurement of the dead cone (suppression of emissions from a radiator within $\theta < m_q/E_q$)
- ➔ Significant suppression of radiation in D-tagged jets towards small angles

R_{AA} of quarkonia

→ X. Bai, Fri, 17:50

J/ψ



- J/ψ suppression reduced at low p_T

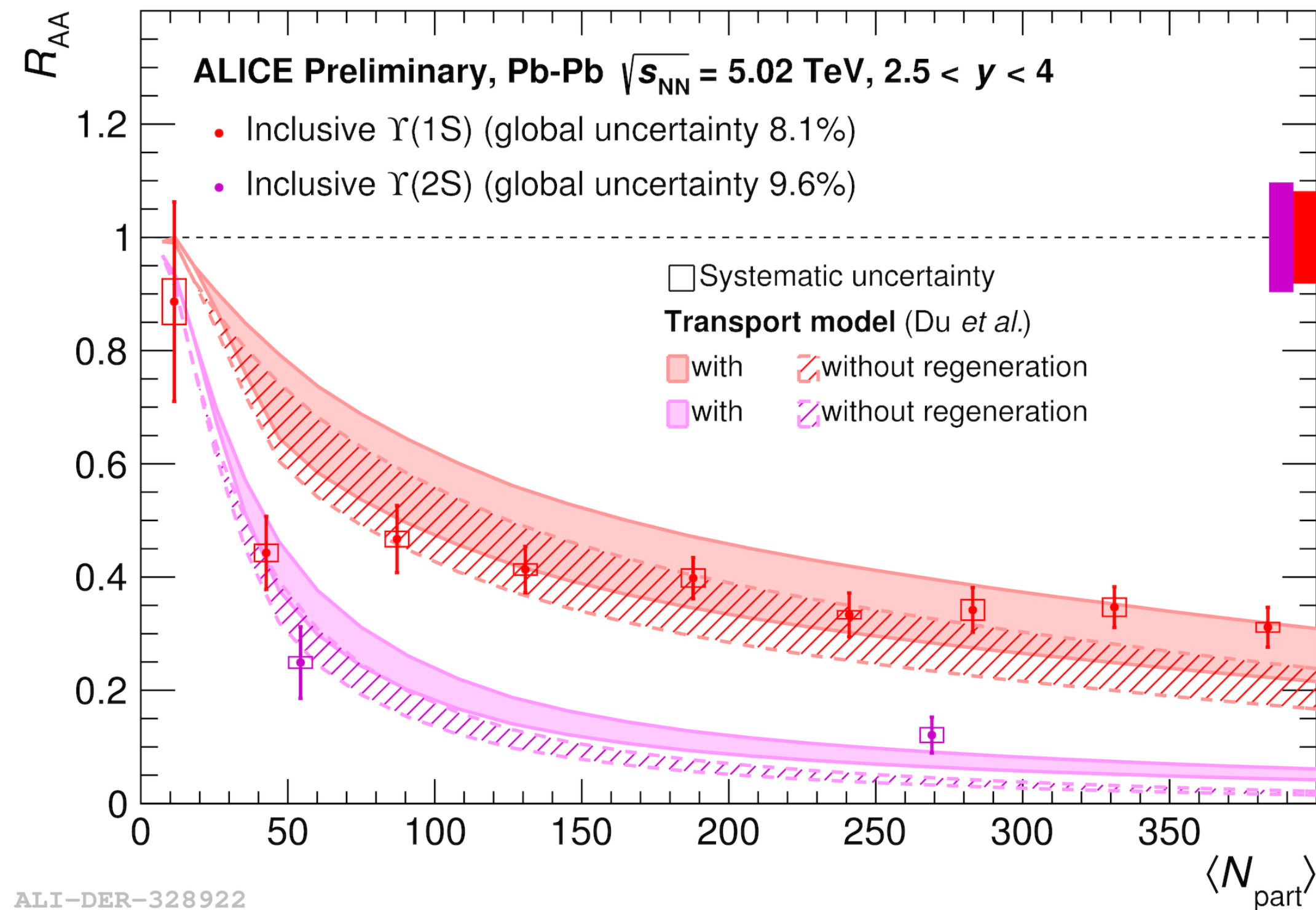
⇒ $c\bar{c}$ regeneration

- Reduced suppression from forward to central rapidities at low p_T

⇒ Larger $c\bar{c}$ cross section at mid-rapidity (regeneration probability)

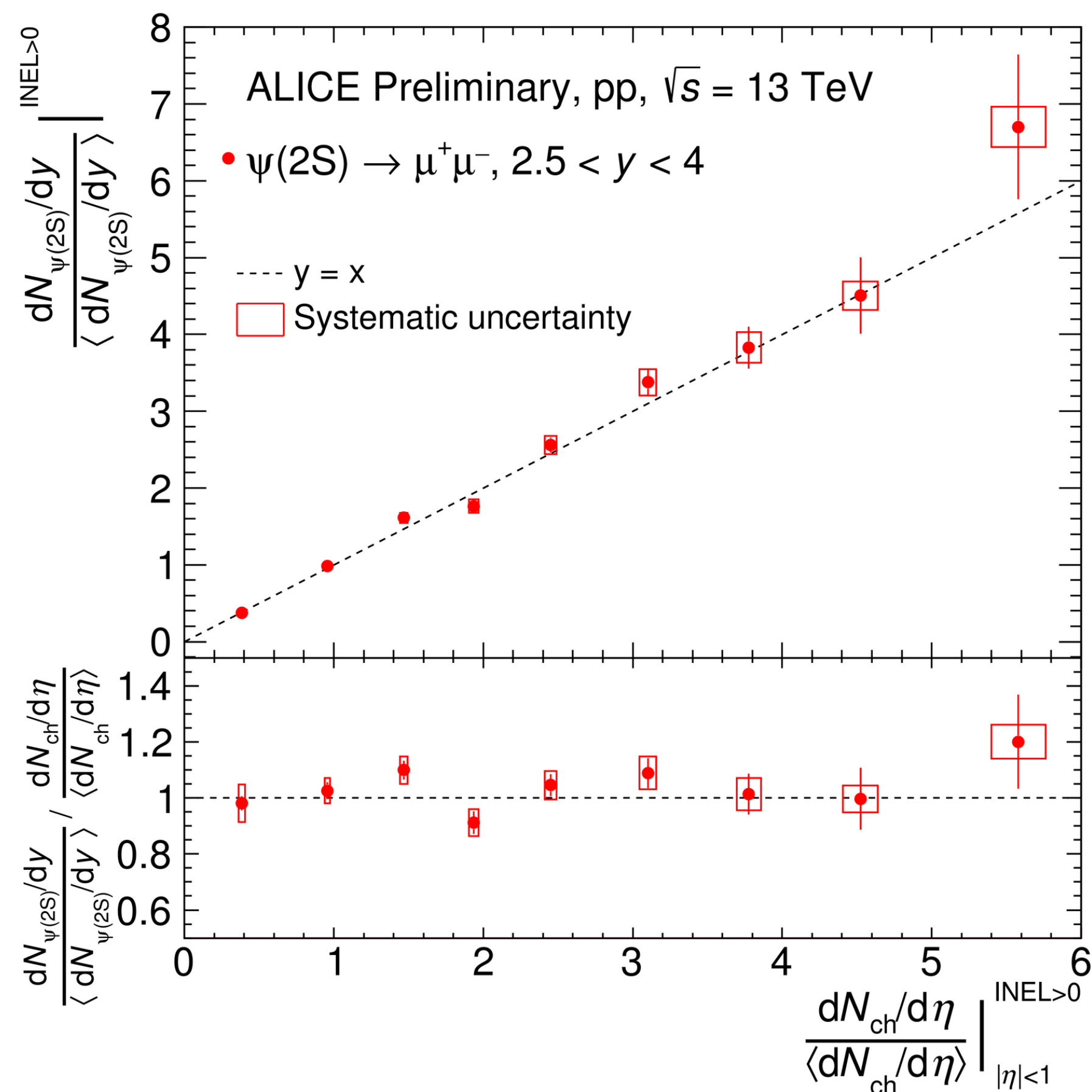
- Stronger suppression of $\Upsilon(2S)$ compared to $\Upsilon(1S)$

$\Upsilon(1S), \Upsilon(2S)$

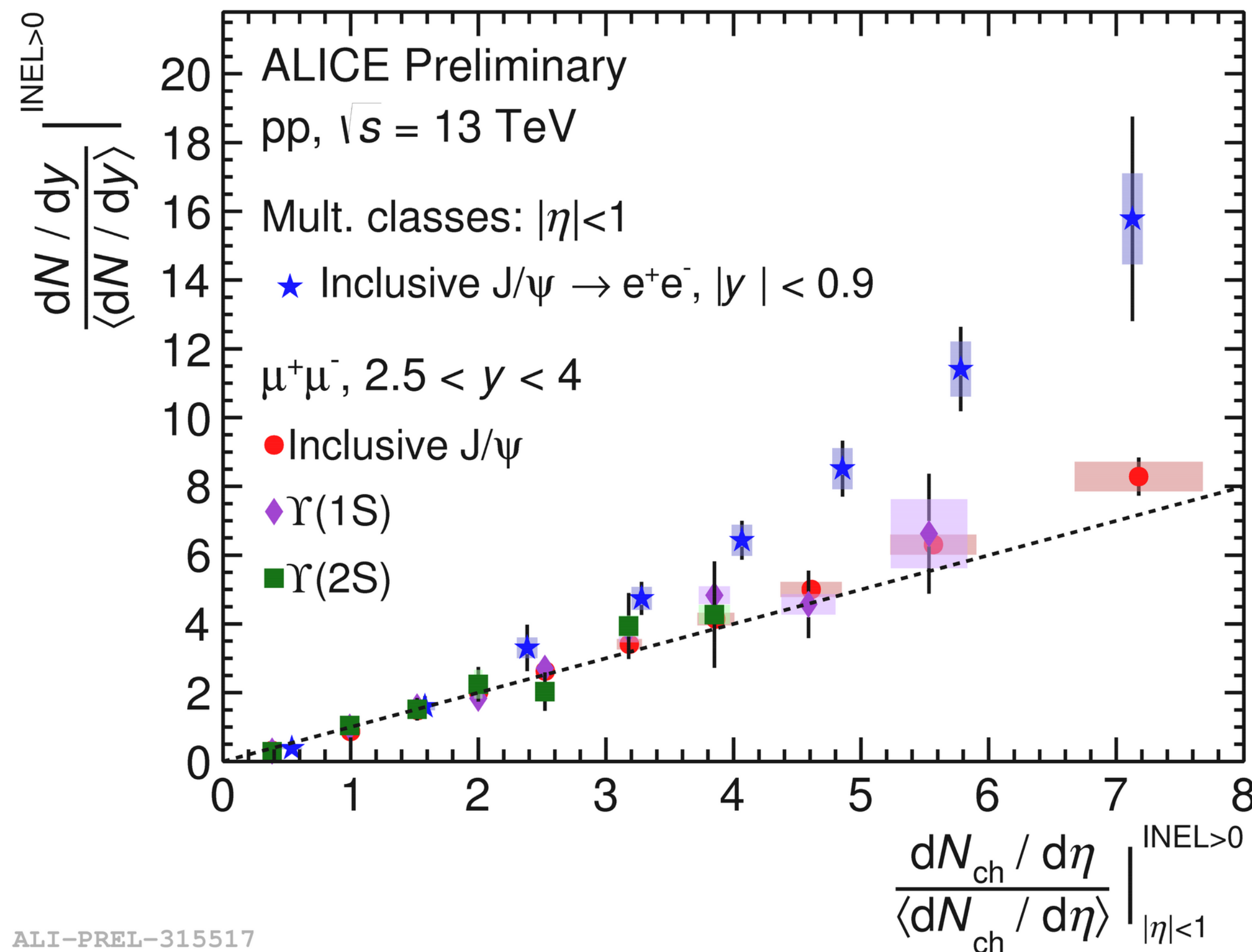


Multiplicity dependent quarkonia production

→ Y. Ding, Sat, 15:12



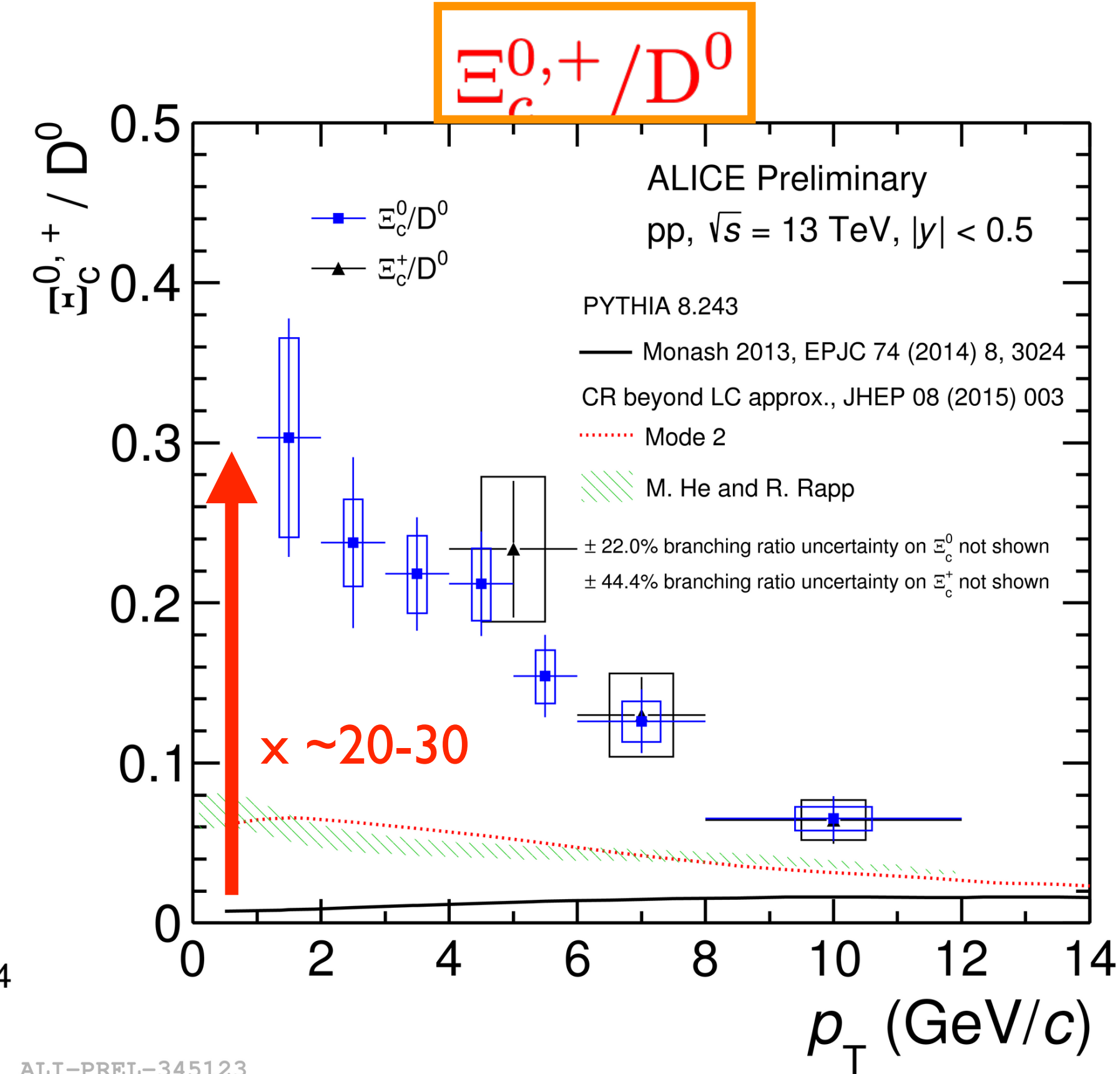
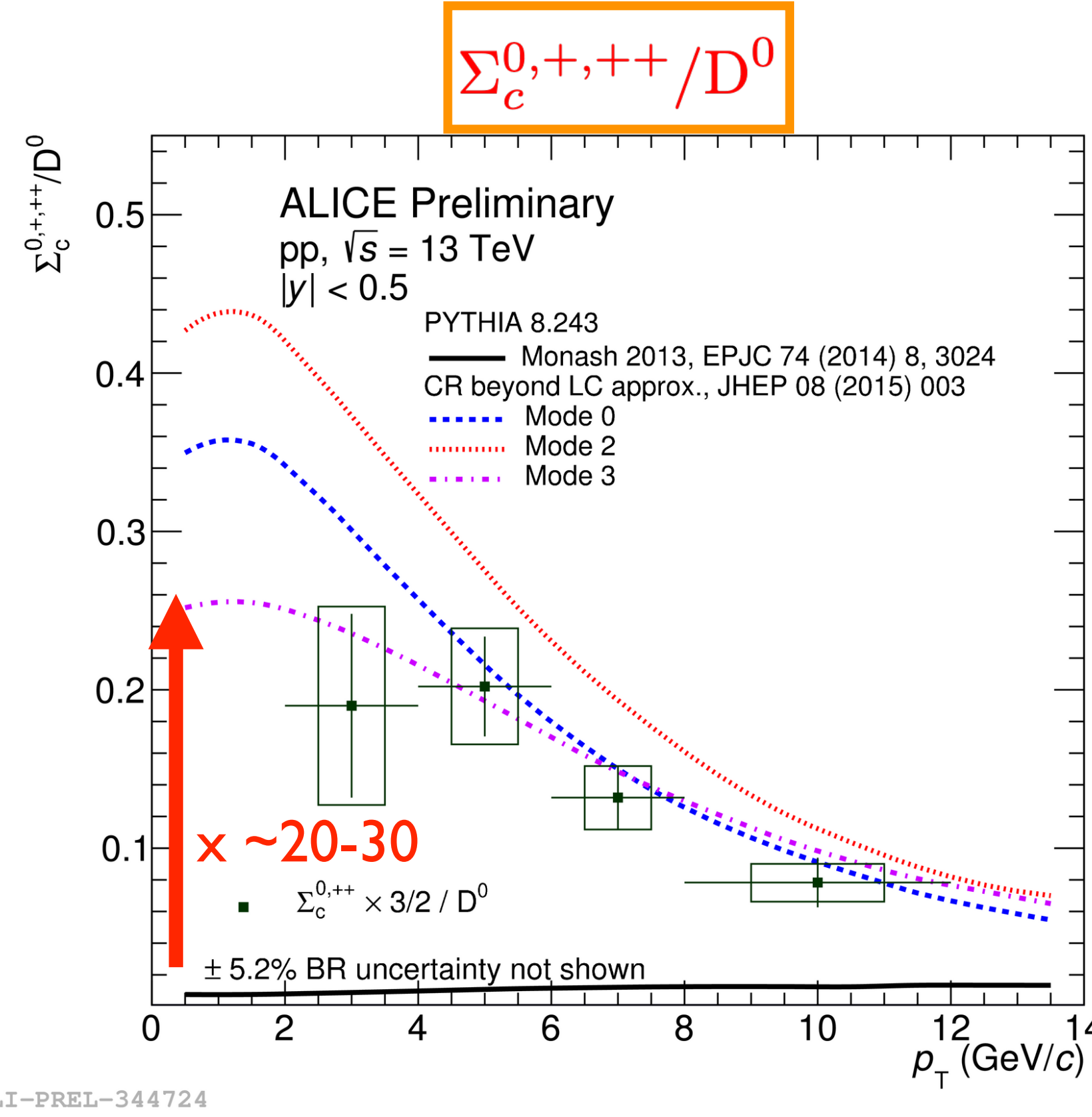
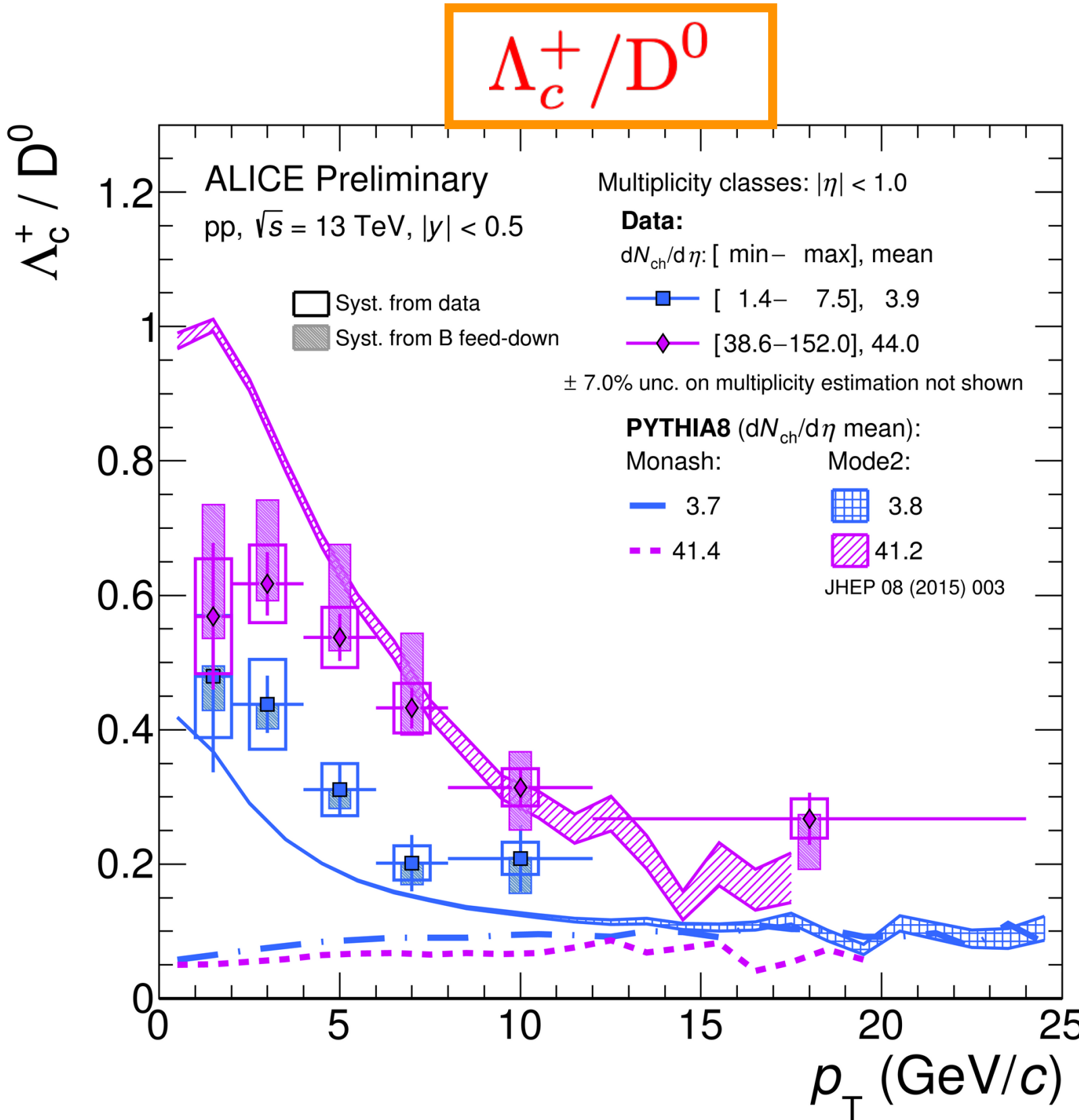
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ALI-PREL-315517

- $\psi(2S)$ production at forward rapidity compatible with linear dependence on multiplicity at mid rapidity
- No indication of 2S/1S state modification for both charmonium and bottomonium

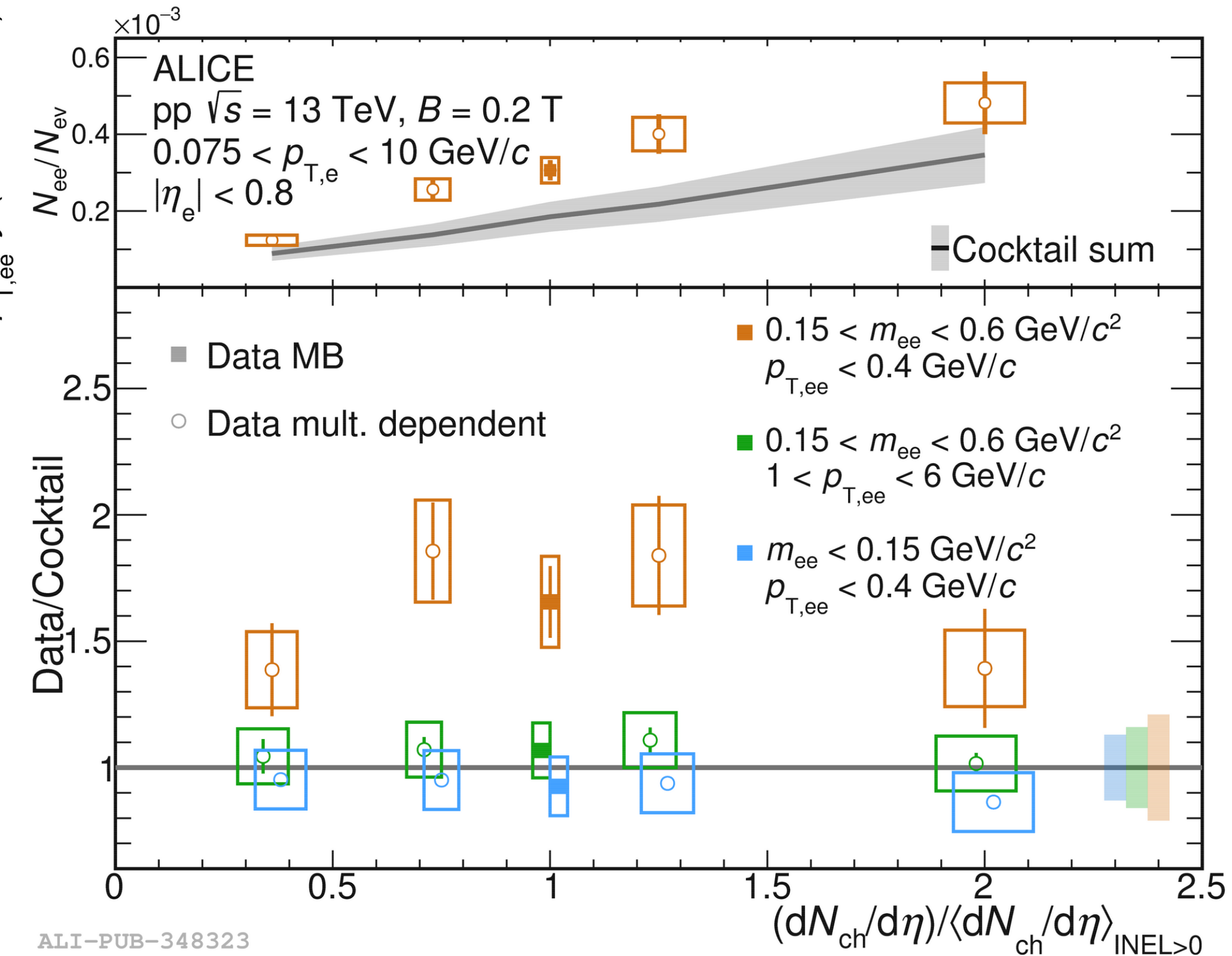
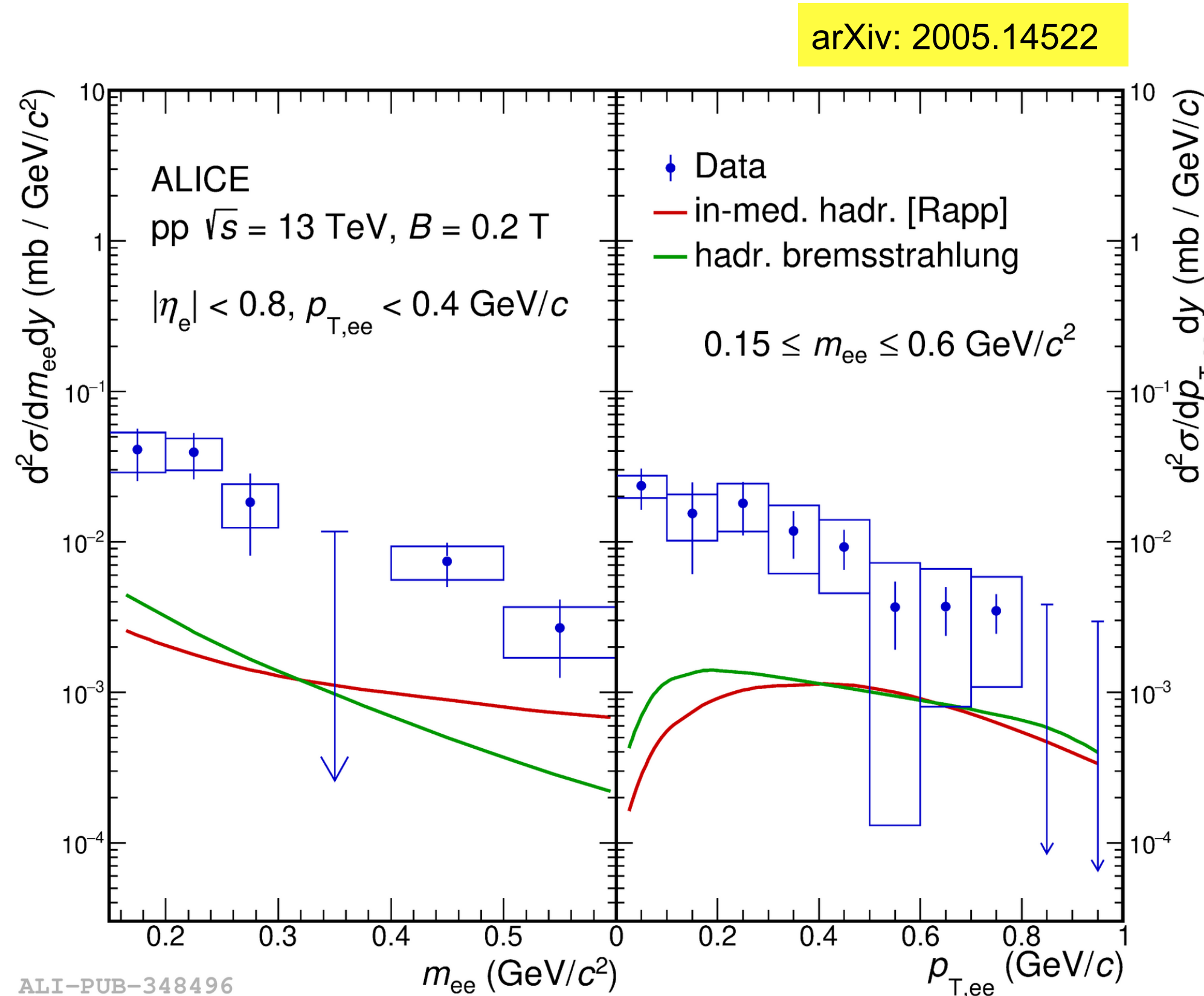
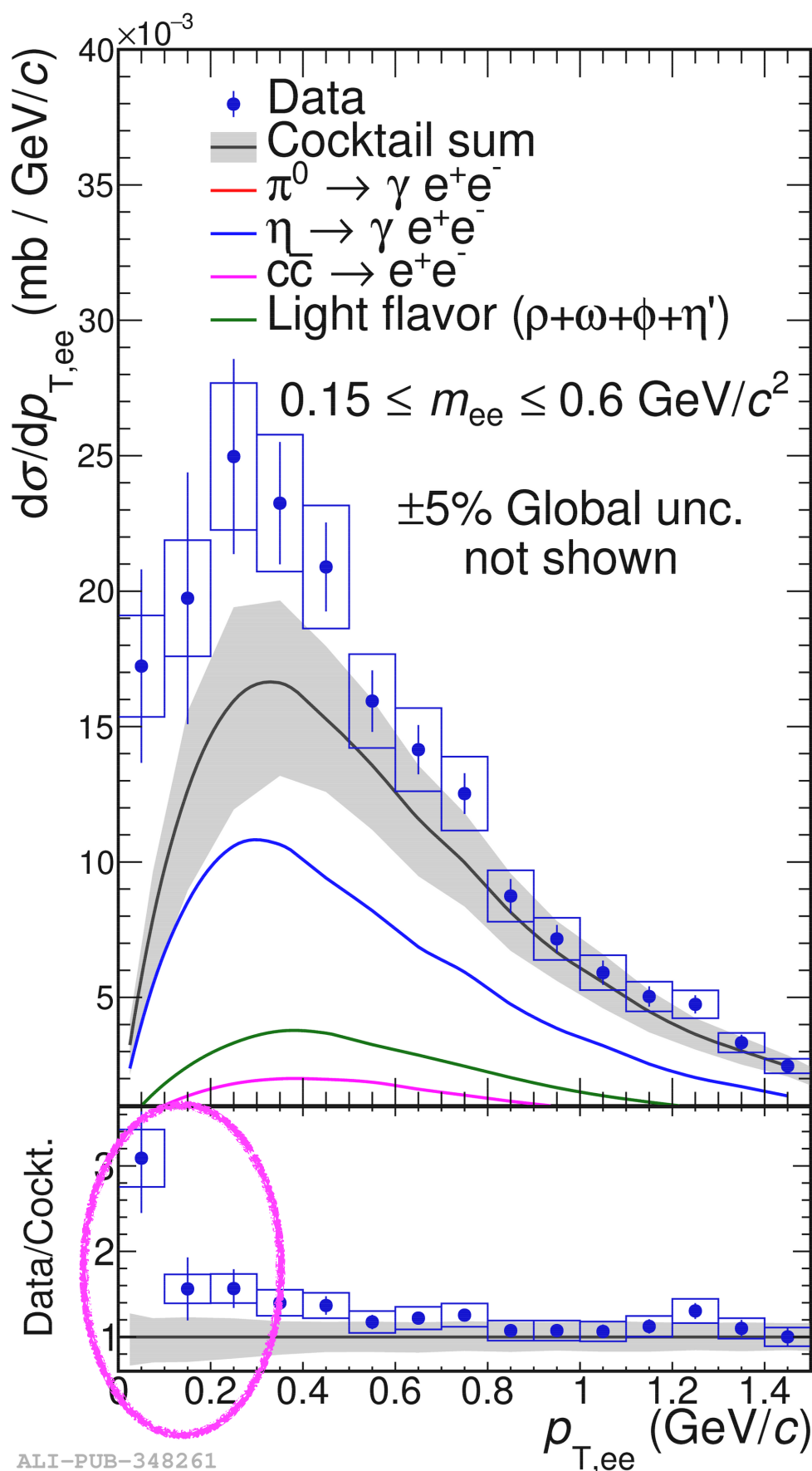
Heavy quark hadronization



- Multiplicity dependent baryon/meson ratio observed
- Enhancement of baryon to meson ratios in charm sector at low p_T
- Baryon to meson ratio well described by PYTHIA including color reconnection but not for $\Xi_c^{0,+}$

→ J. Zhu, Sat, 14:18
→ T. Chen, Fri, 17:32

Low-mass dielectron production in pp

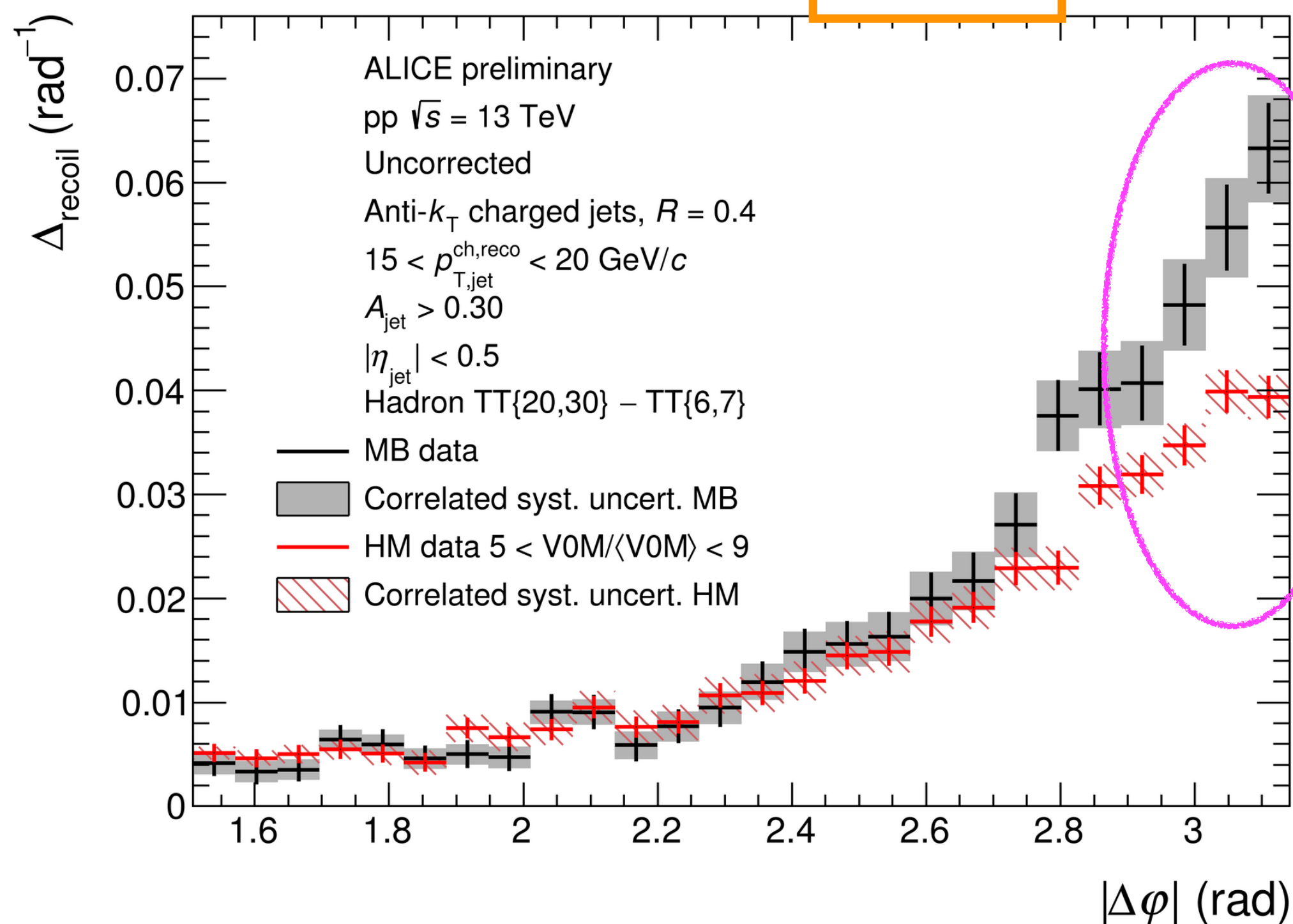


- Hint of excess observed in the mass region ($0.15 < m_{ee} < 0.6$ GeV/c²) at low p_T
- Excess yields can't be described by thermal radiation or hadronic bremsstrahlung
- No significant multiplicity dependence

Search for jet quenching in HM pp

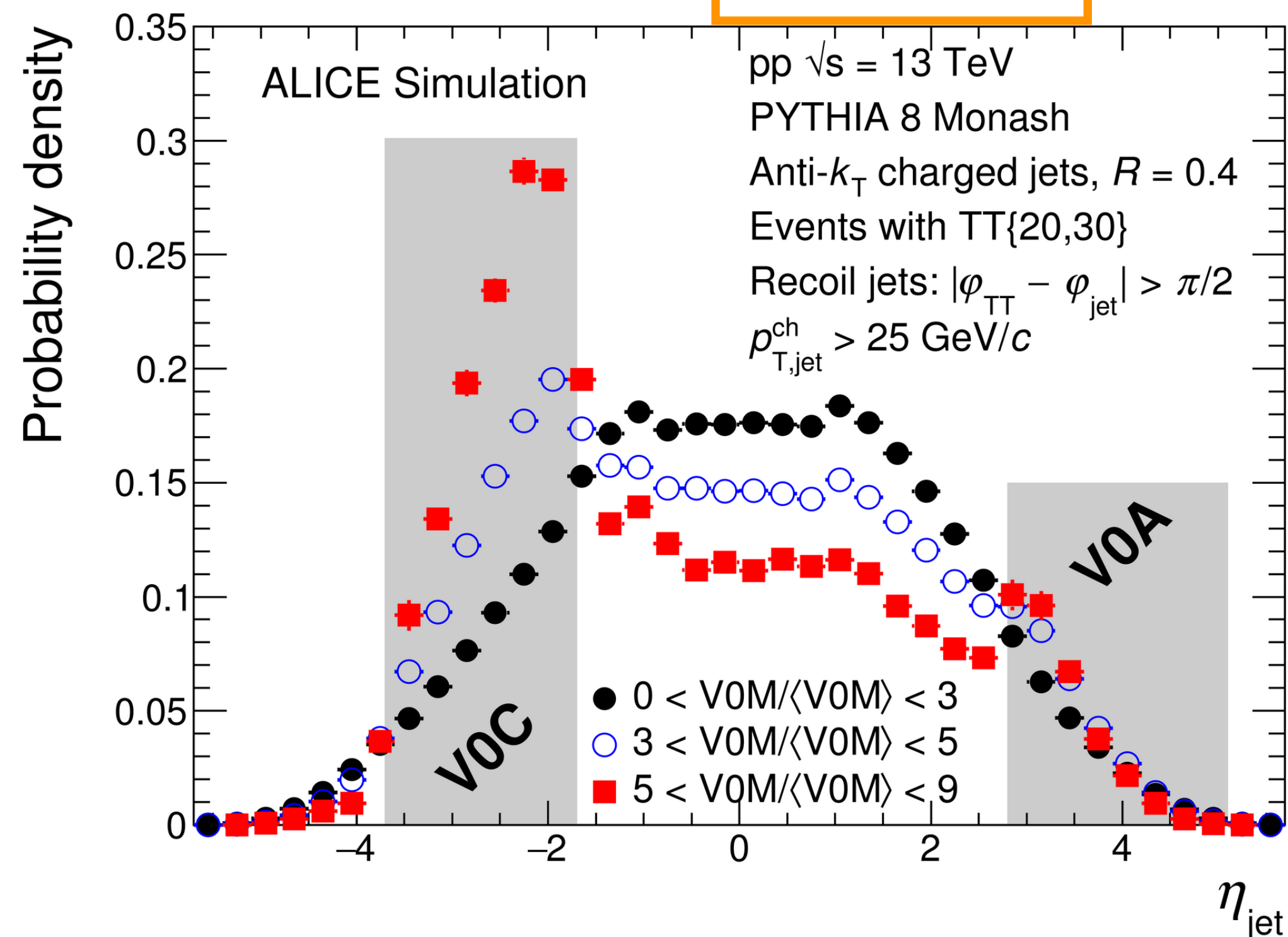
- Significant suppression and acoplanarity in HM with respect to MB \rightarrow jet quenching?
- Investigate the effect using PYTHIA

Data

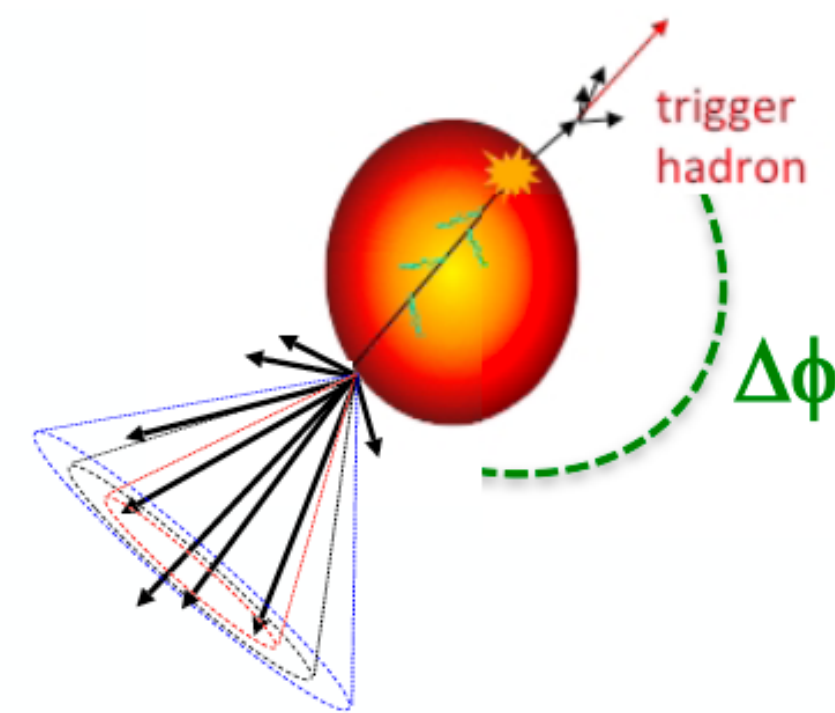


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PYTHIA 8



ALI-SIMUL-347697



- HM requirement biases towards multi-jet final states

\rightarrow Important for all studies of high multiplicity events in small collision systems

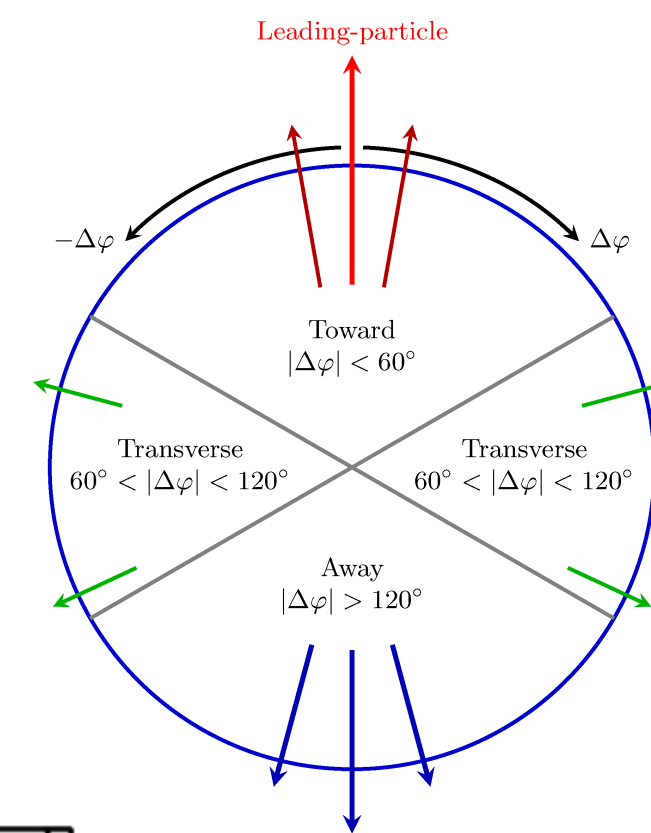
A jet-free multiplicity estimator: R_T

A new variable R_T is proposed

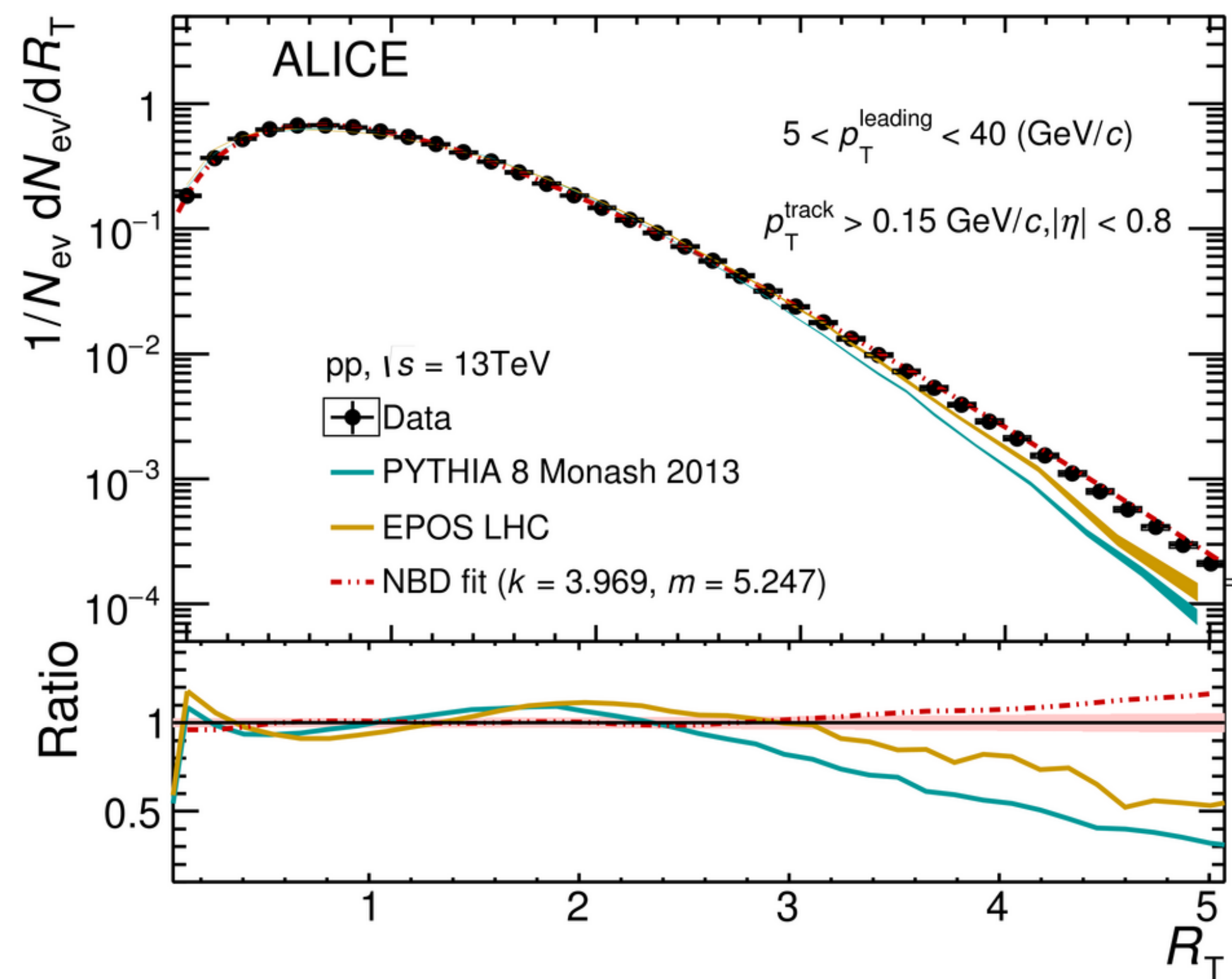
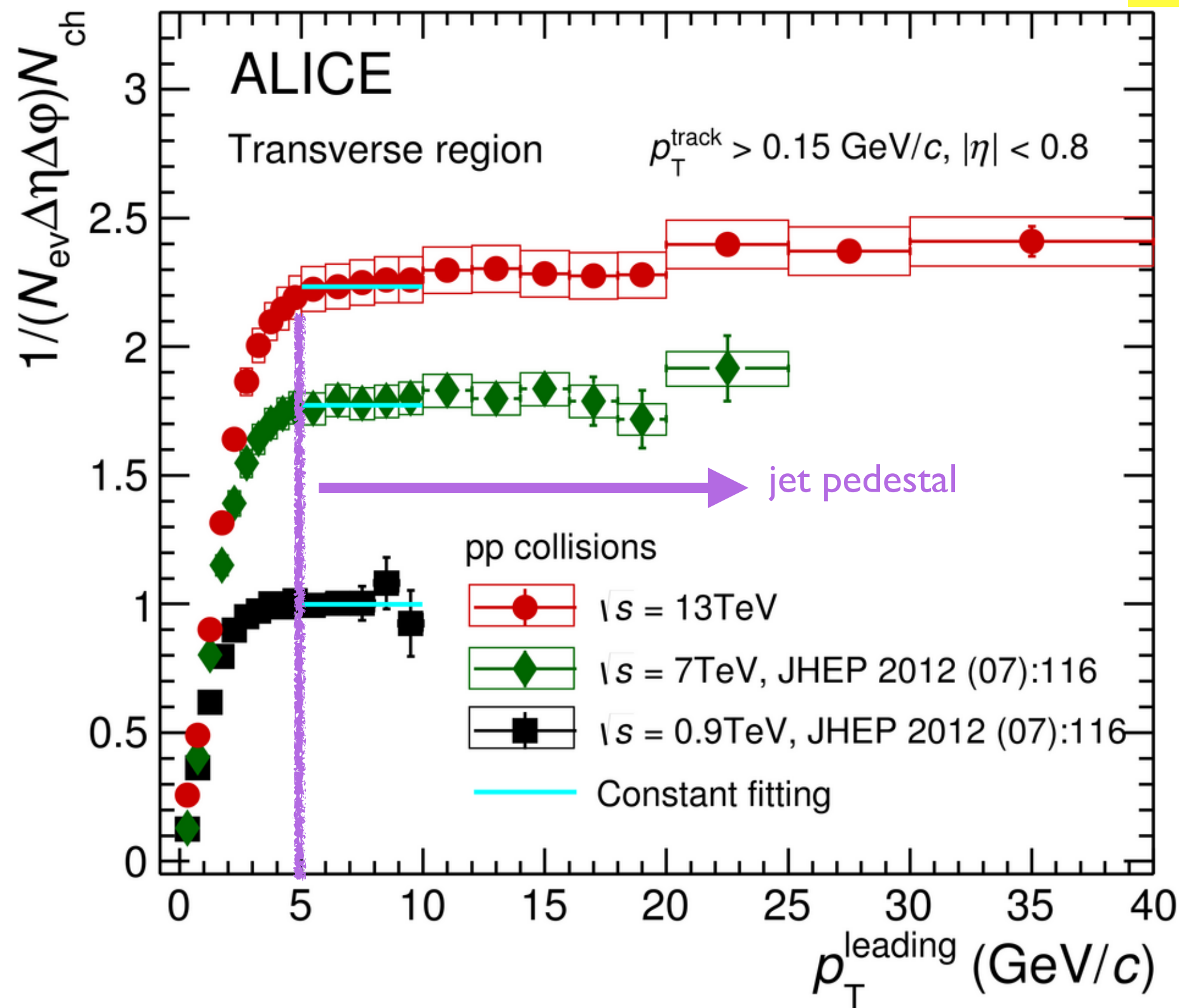
$$R_T = \frac{N_{inclusive}}{\langle N_{inclusive} \rangle}$$

- not influenced by the initial hard parton scattering
- can discriminate among soft and hard events

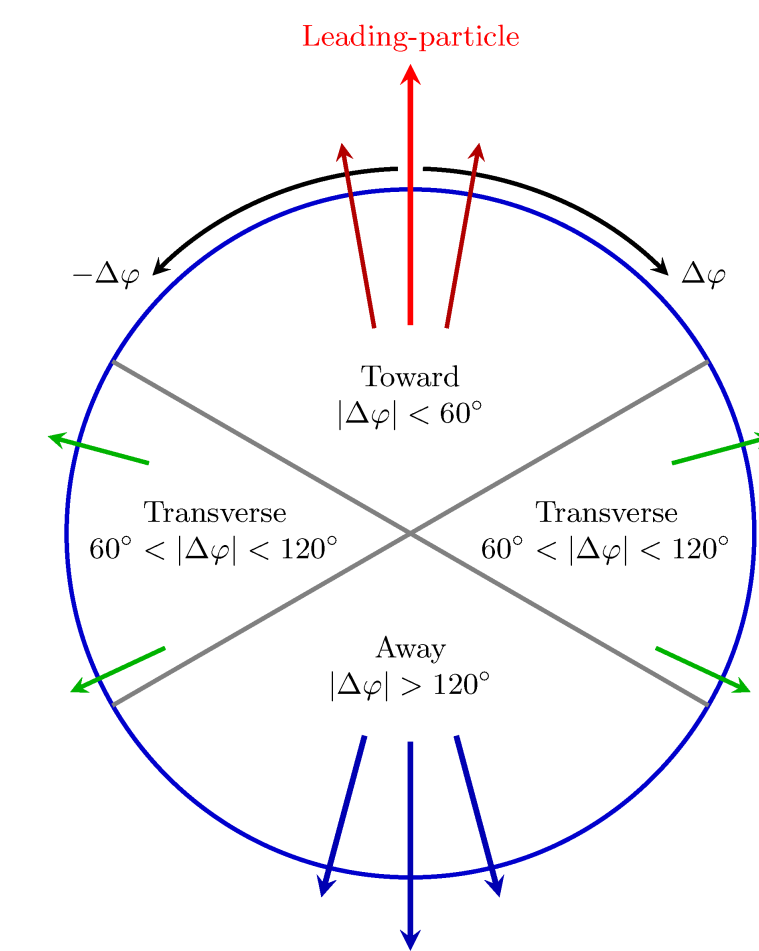
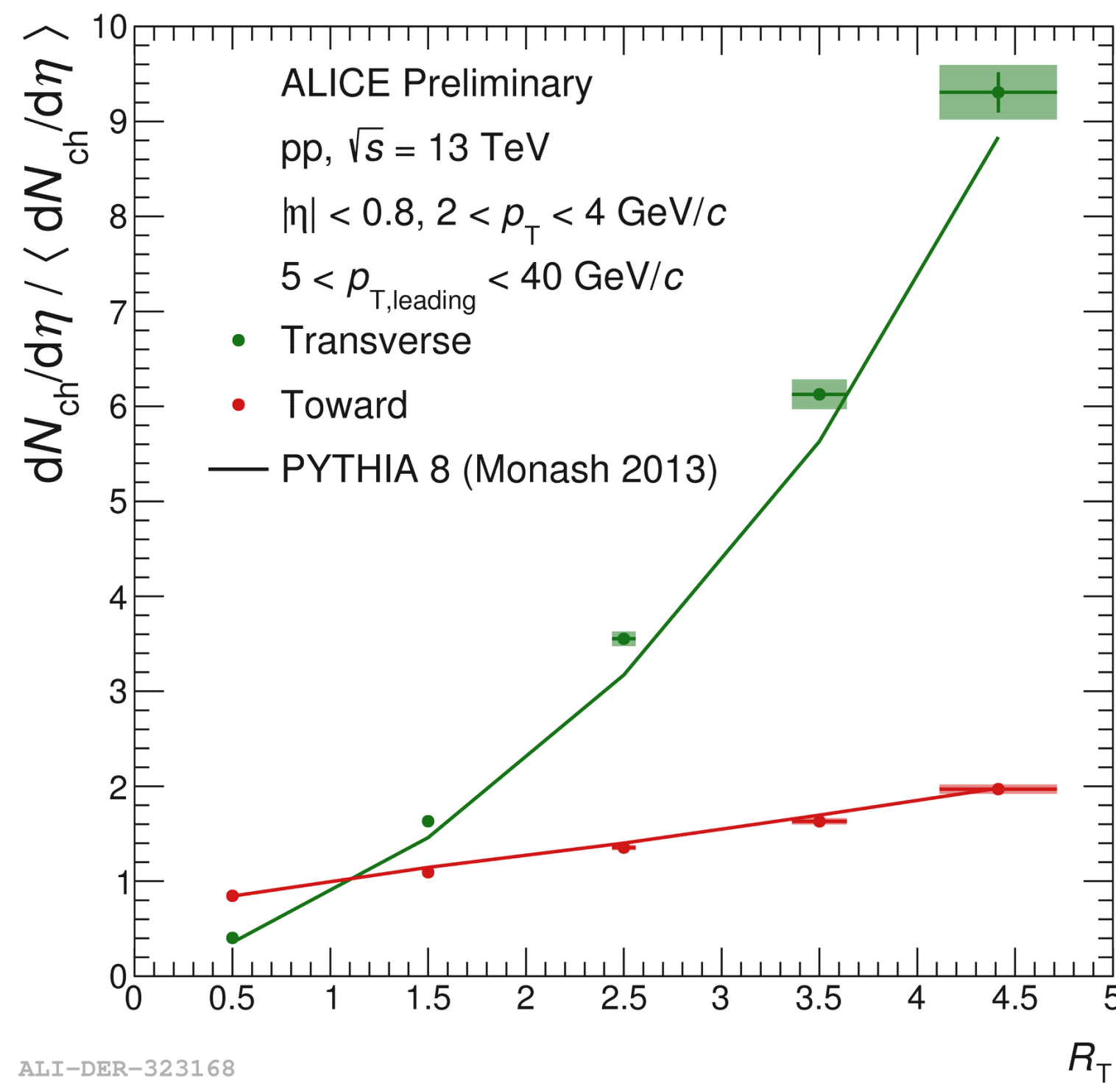
► Define the relative **transverse activity classifier** R_T in the jet pedestal region (JHEP 20 (2020) 192)



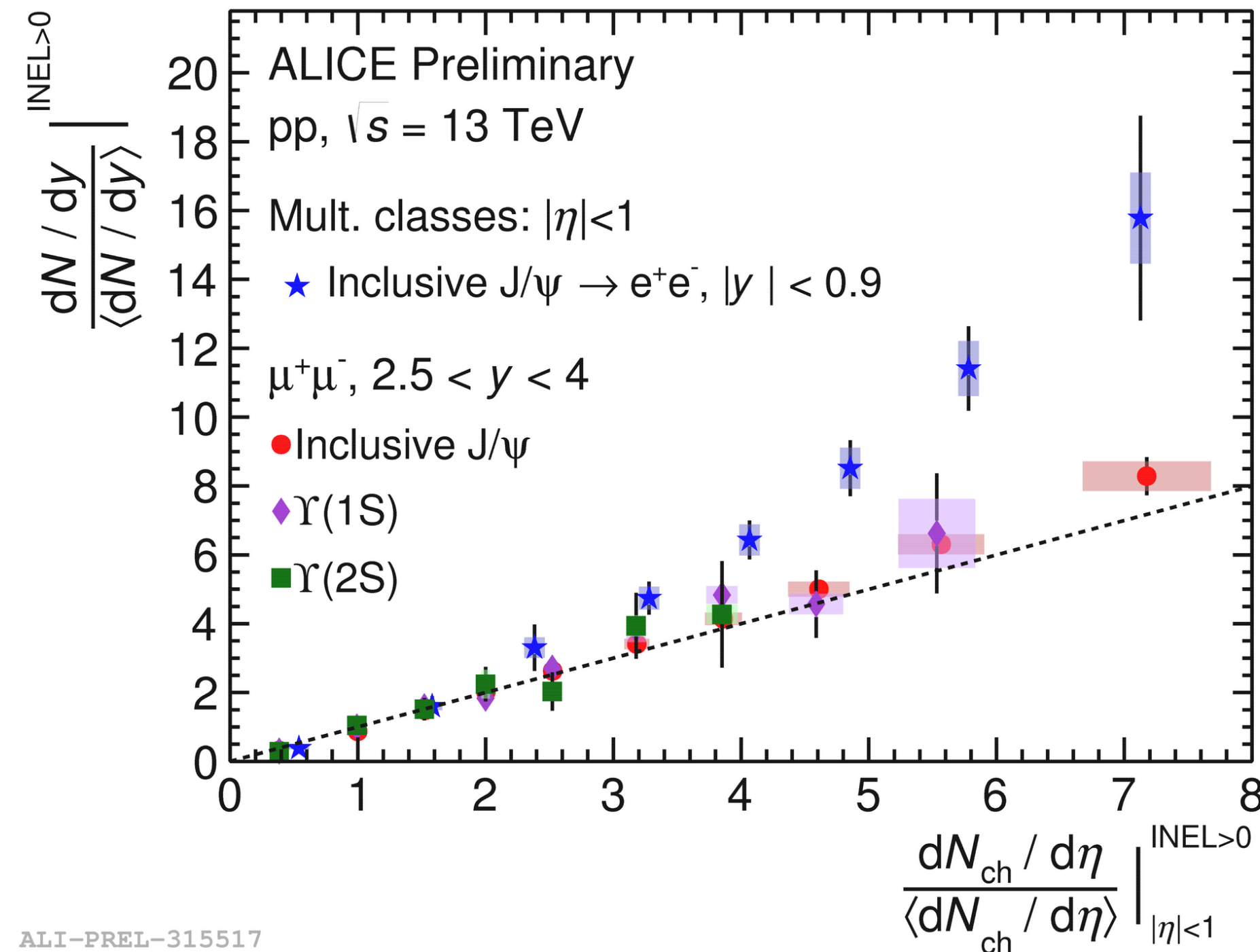
JHEP 20 (2020) 192



R_T dependent charge particle density

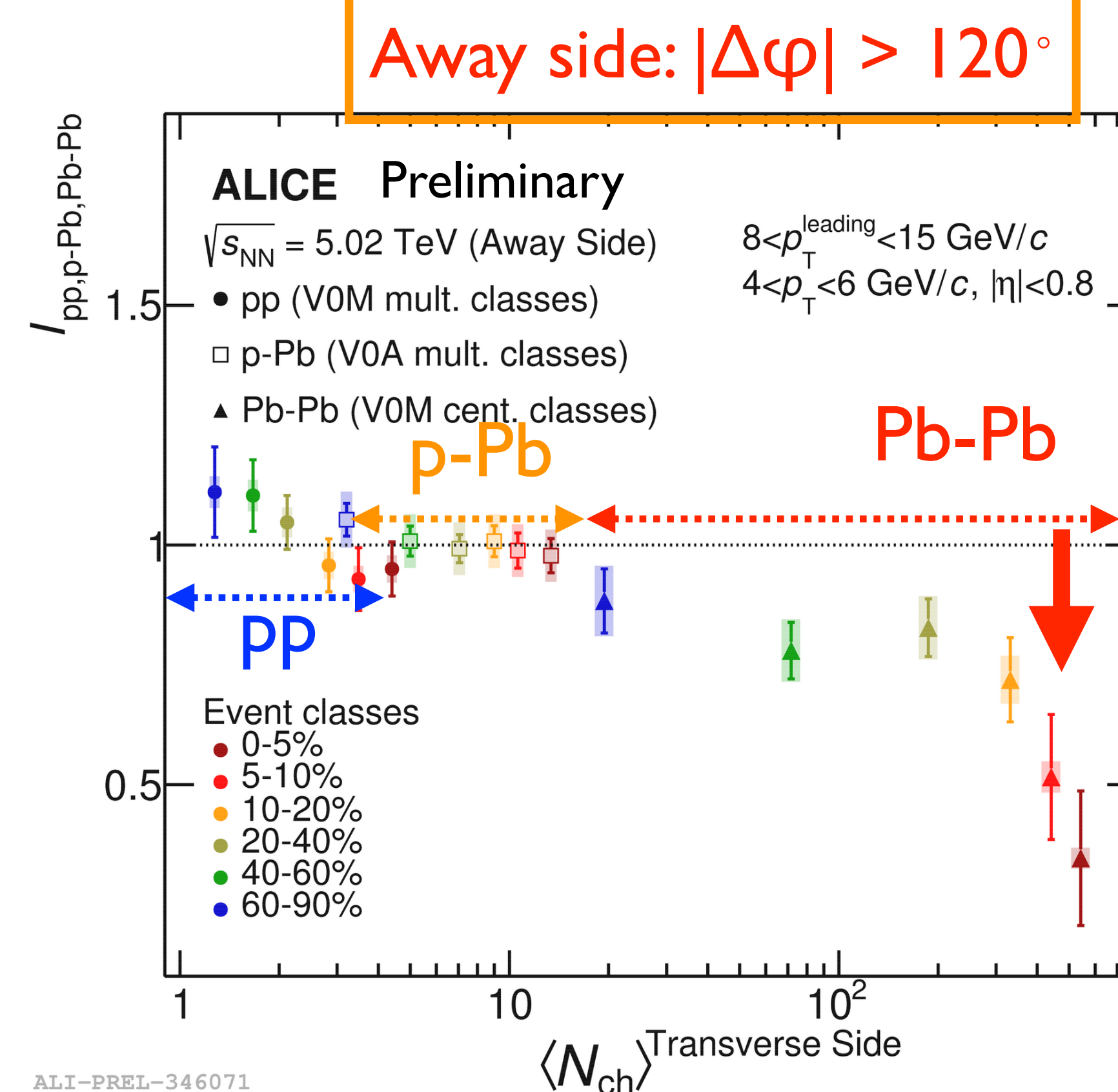
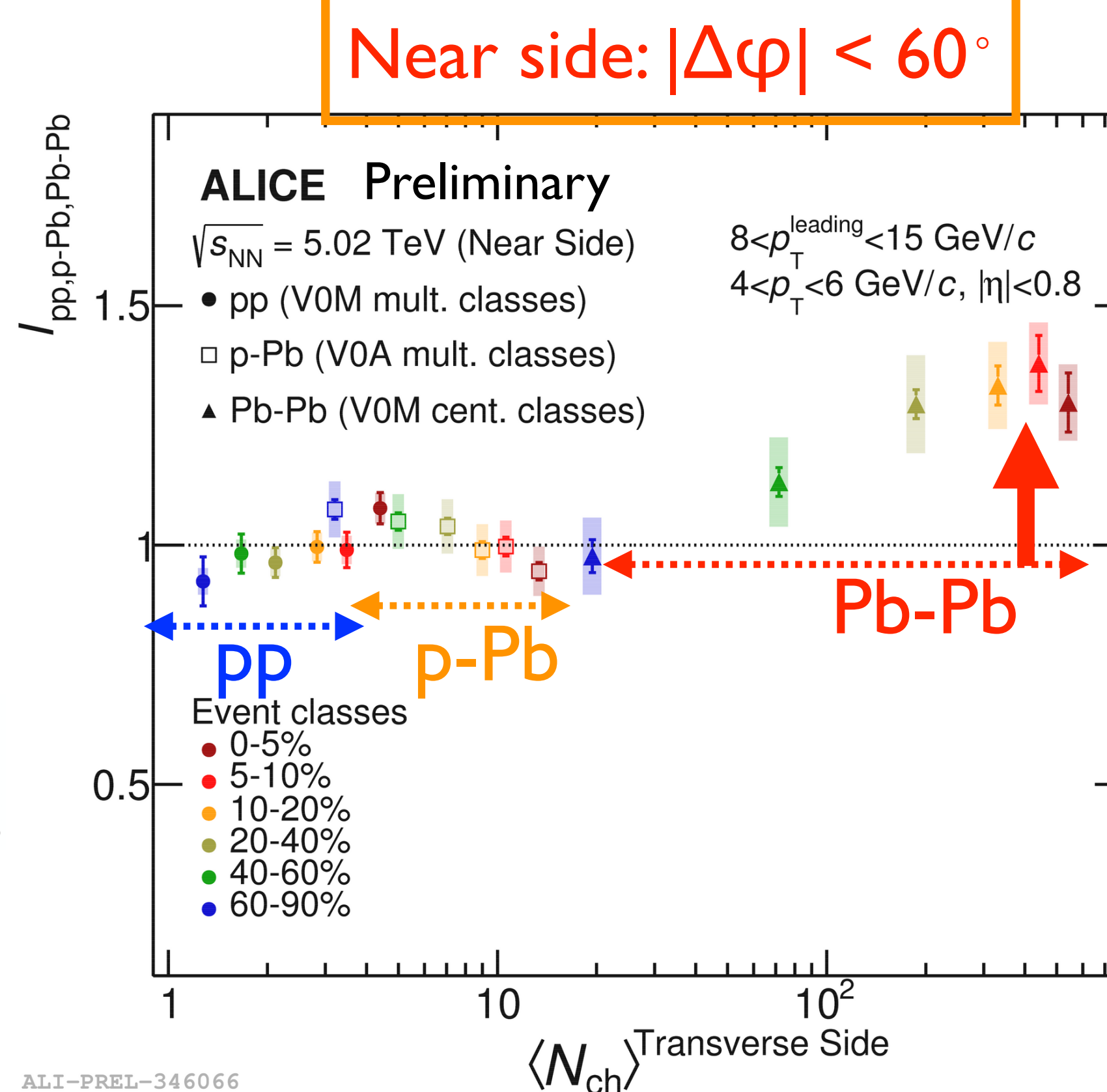
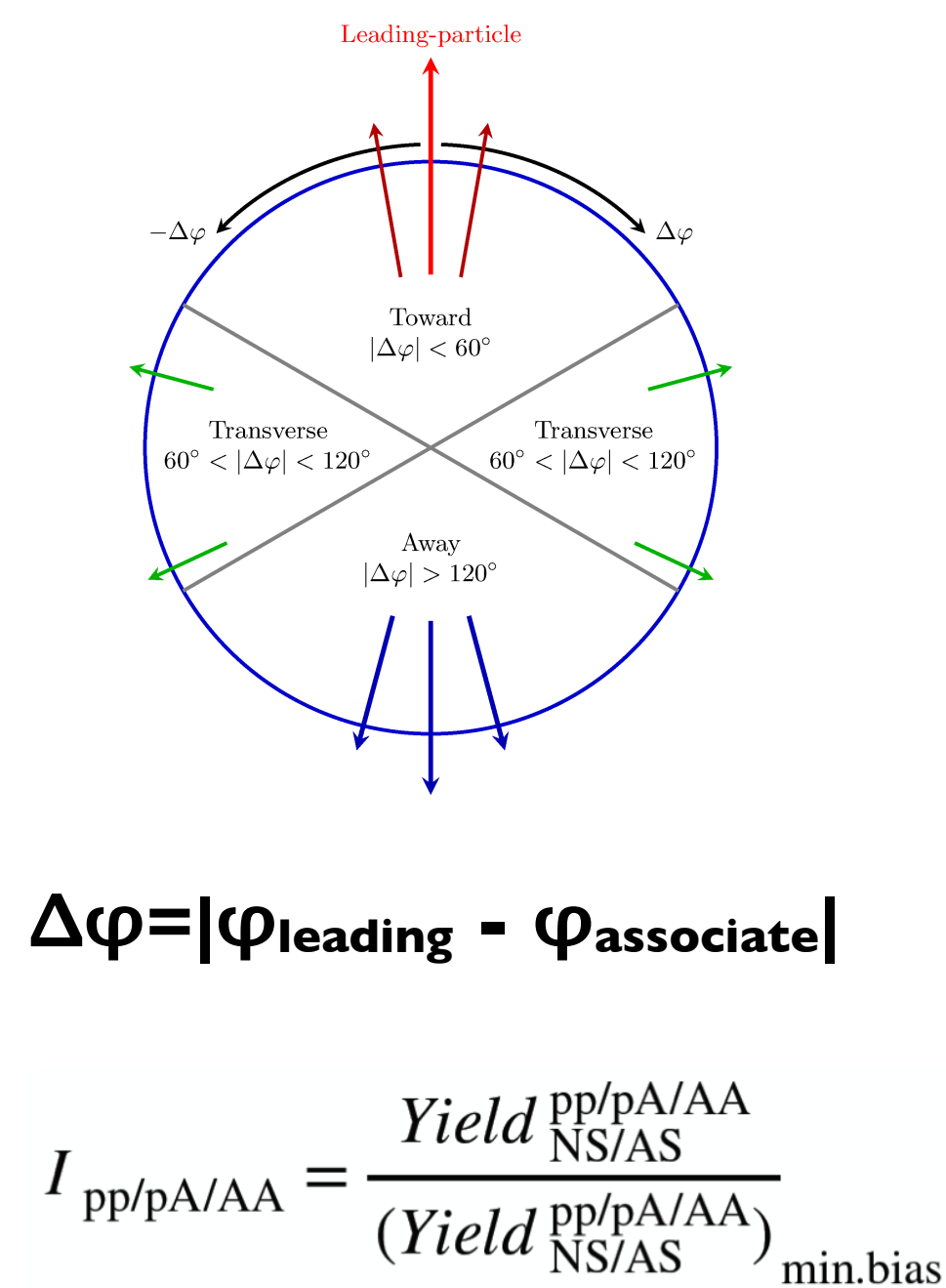


$$R_T = \frac{N_{\text{inclusive}}}{\langle N_{\text{inclusive}} \rangle}$$



- Yield vs R_T in transverse region rising more quickly than in toward region
 - ➡ clean separation among soft (UE) and hard part (jet) of the events
- Using R_T as event classifier explains the behavior observed using mid-y based multiplicity estimator
 - ➡ no autocorrelation effects at play!

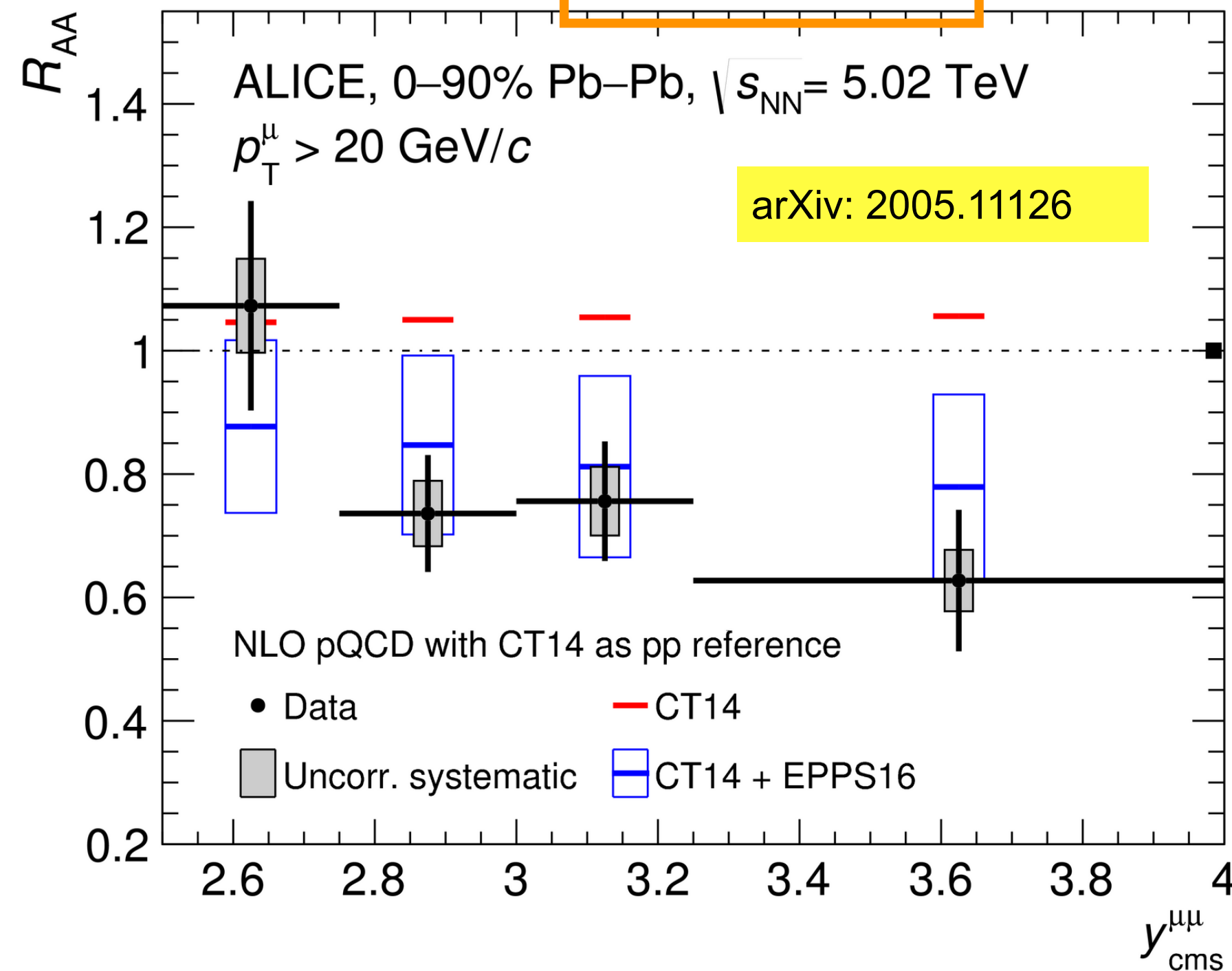
Jet quenching in small collision systems?



- Using multiplicity in transverse region as event activity classifier to better separate soft and hard processes
 - No enhancement (suppression) observed for Near (Away) side in pp and p-Pb collisions
- ➔ No indication of jet quenching in small collision systems

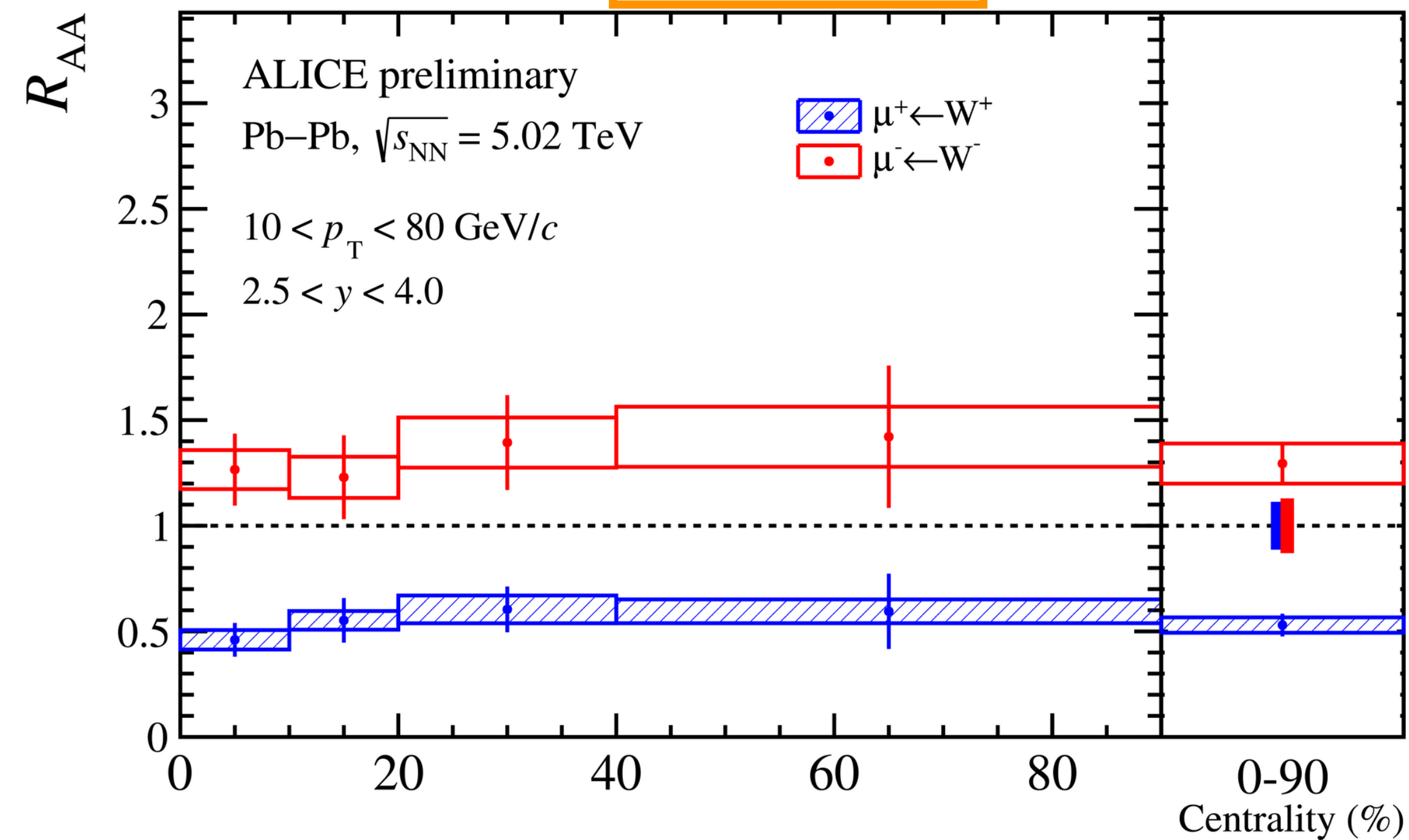
Probing nPDFs with forward W and Z bosons

Z bosons



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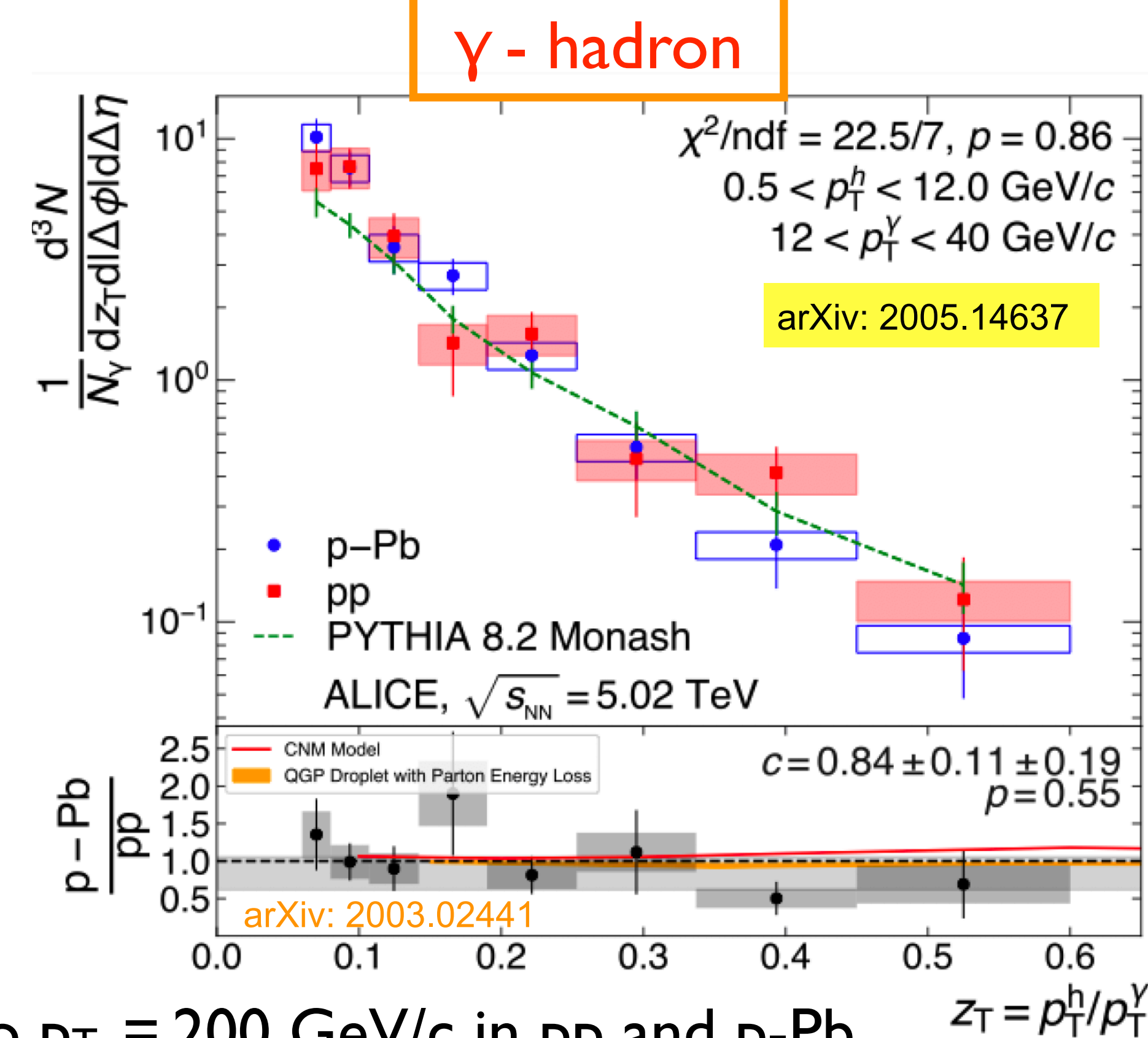
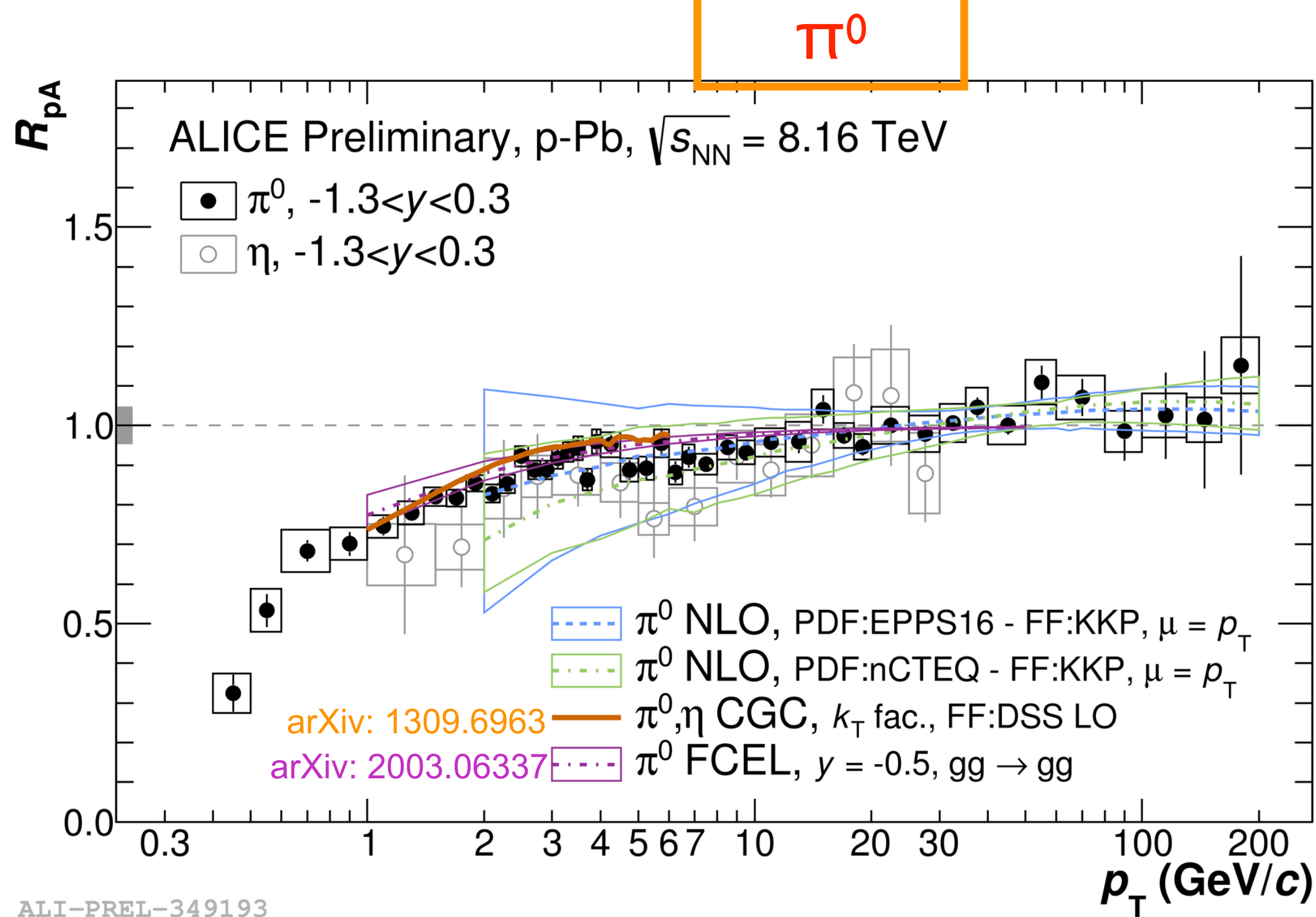
W bosons



ALI-PREL-350693

- Color neutral probes (Z,W) used to study initial state effects with Pb-Pb (shown) and p-Pb
- Z boson R_{AA} consistent with theoretical calculation including nPDFs (EPPS16)
- Strong deviation of Z boson R_{AA} at large rapidity with respect to free-nucleon PDF calculation
- No centrality dependence of W boson R_{AA}

Probing CNM effects with π^0 and γ -hadron correlations



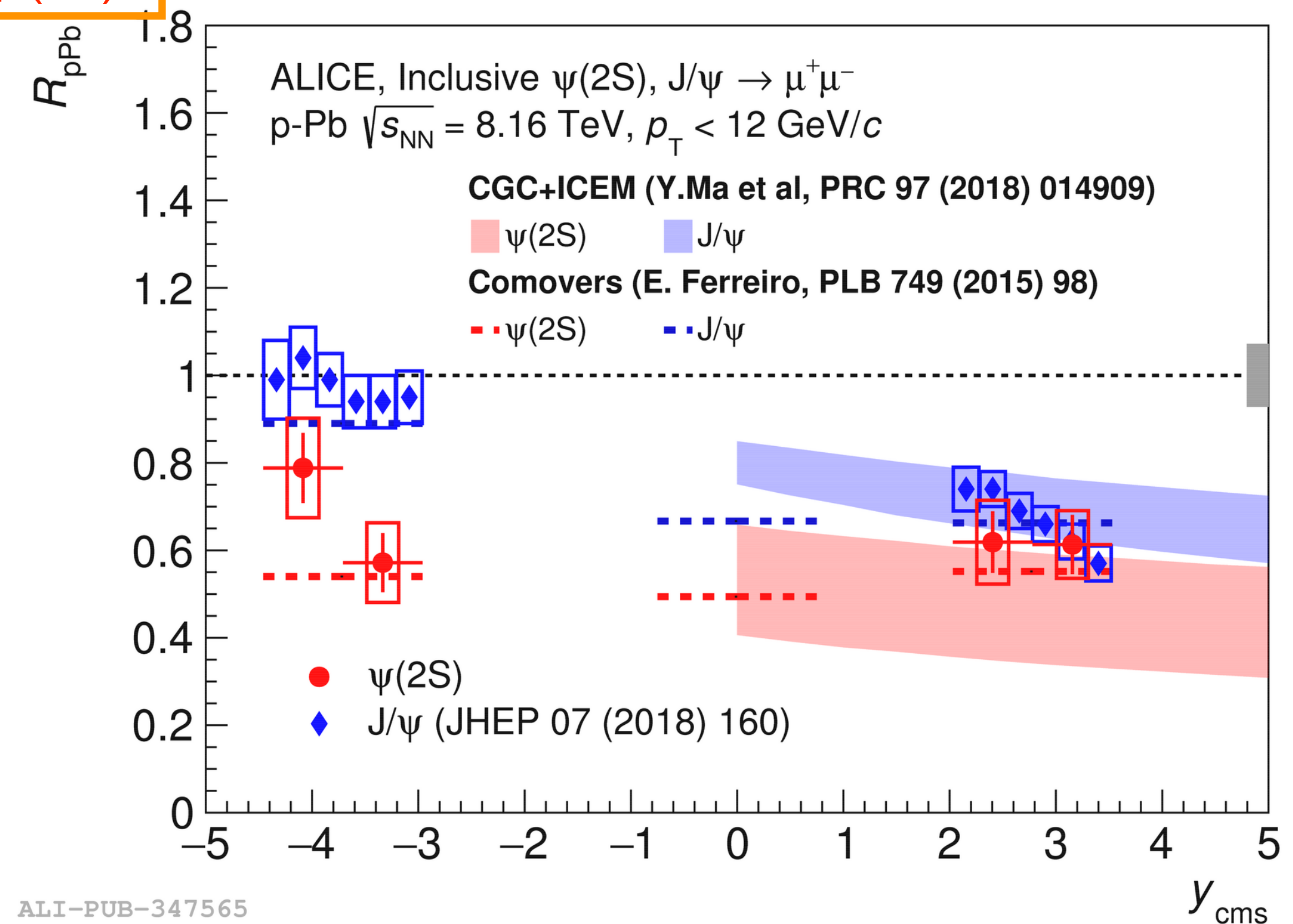
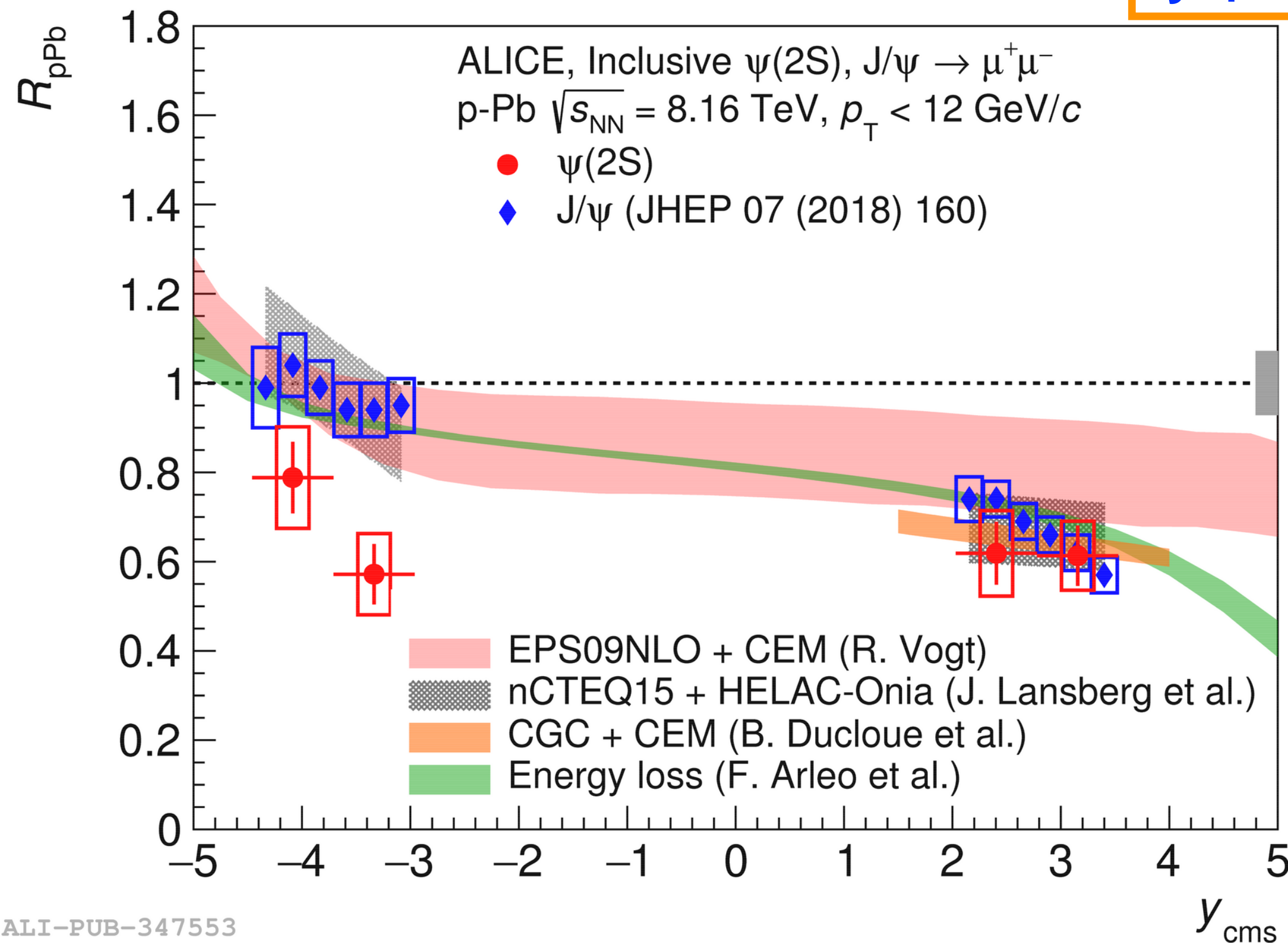
- First measurement of neutral meson production up to $p_T = 200$ GeV/c in pp and p-Pb
- Described by both nPDFs (EPPS16) and CGC (T. Lappi)
- Isolated photon-hadron correlations to study jet fragmentation properties
- no significant CNM effect observed

Probing CNM effects on charmonia

$J/\psi, \psi(2S)$

arXiv: 2003.06053

→ X. Bai, Fri, 17:50

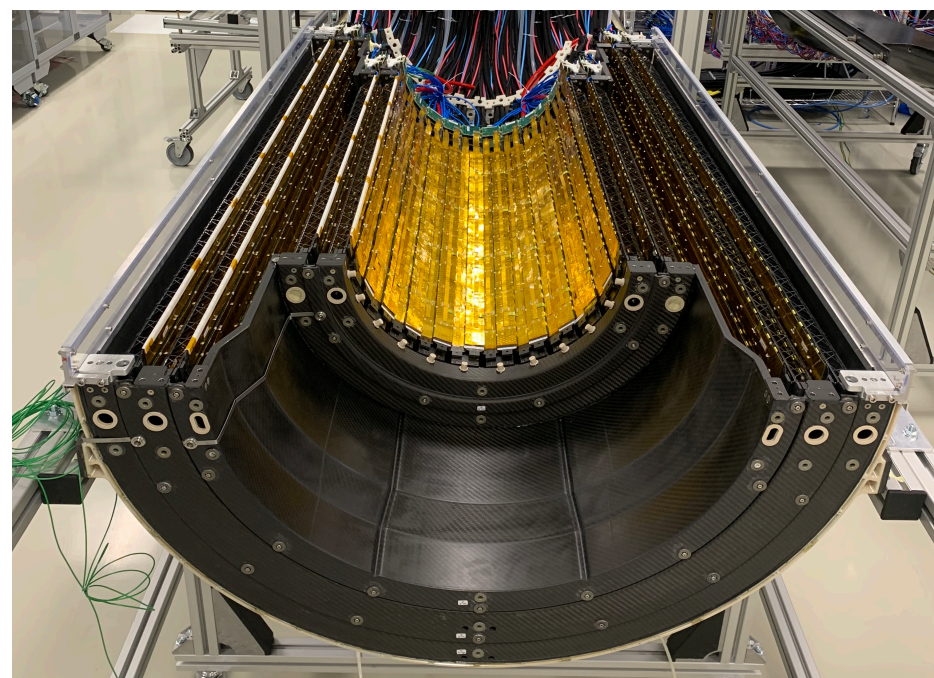


- Significant modification of the production in the p-going direction, in line with model predictions
- Stronger suppression for $\psi(2S)$ with respect to J/ψ in the Pb-going direction → final state effect?

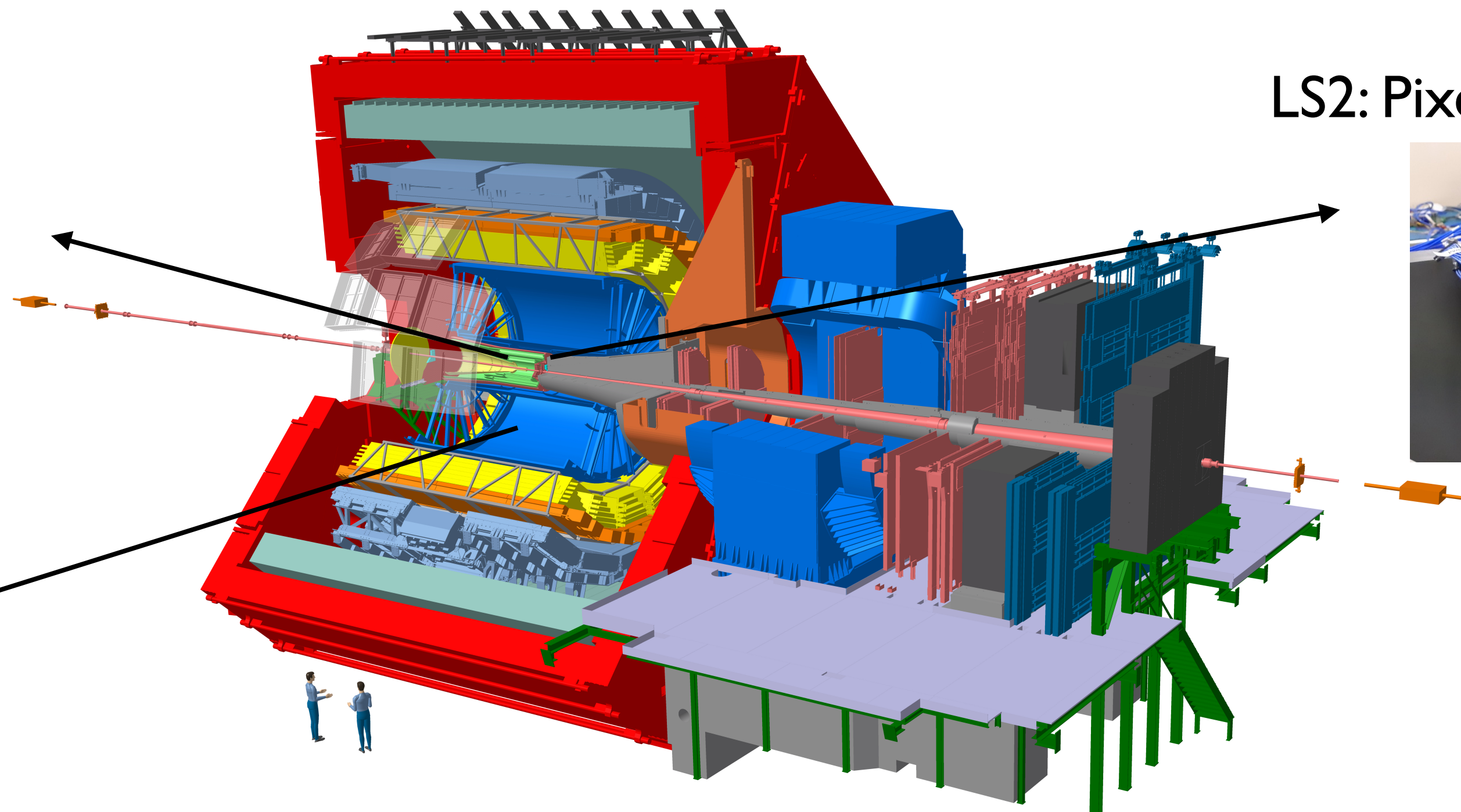
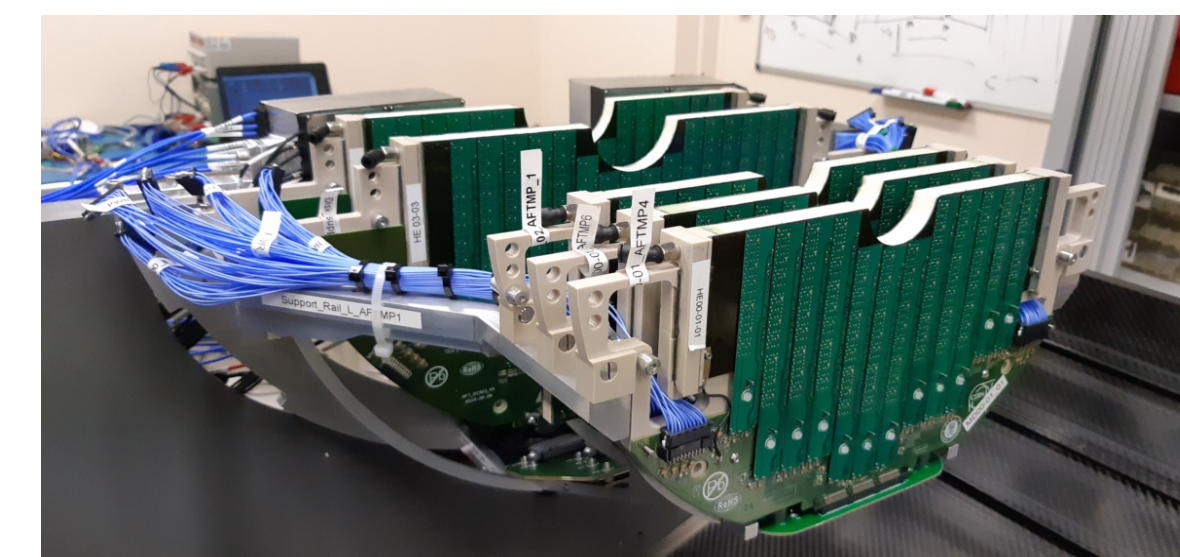
ALICE upgrade for Run 3

→ Z.Yin, Mon, 9:25

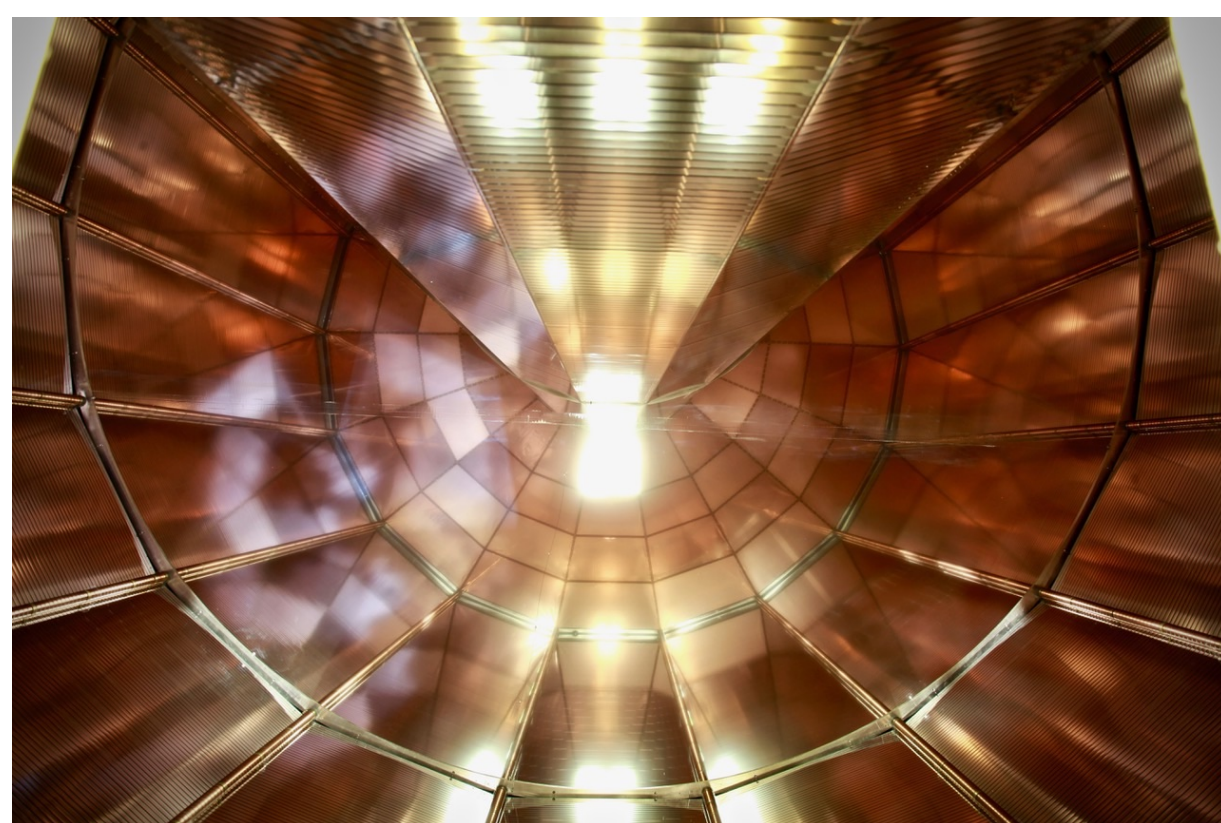
LS2: All-pixel Inner Tracking System



LS2: Pixel Muon Forward Tracker



LS2: GEM-based TPC readout



- Improved tracking resolution down to low p_T
 - ➔ thinner, more granular
- Access low S/B “untriggerable” signals
 - ➔ x 50 faster readout

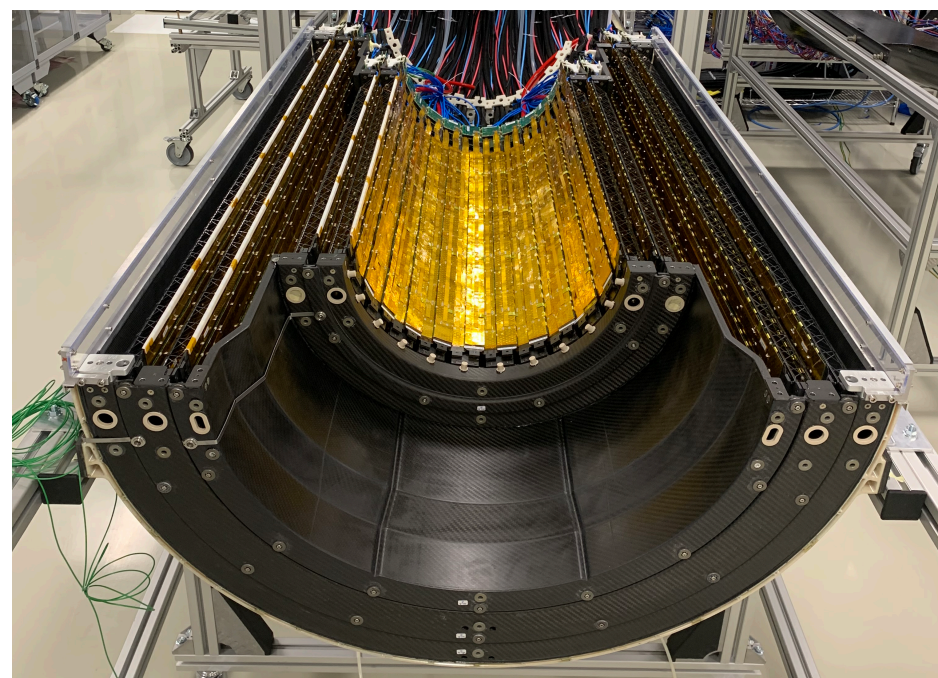
... and much more:

- Fast Interaction Trigger
- New Online-Offline system
- Readout upgrade of MUON, TOF, EMCAL, PHOS

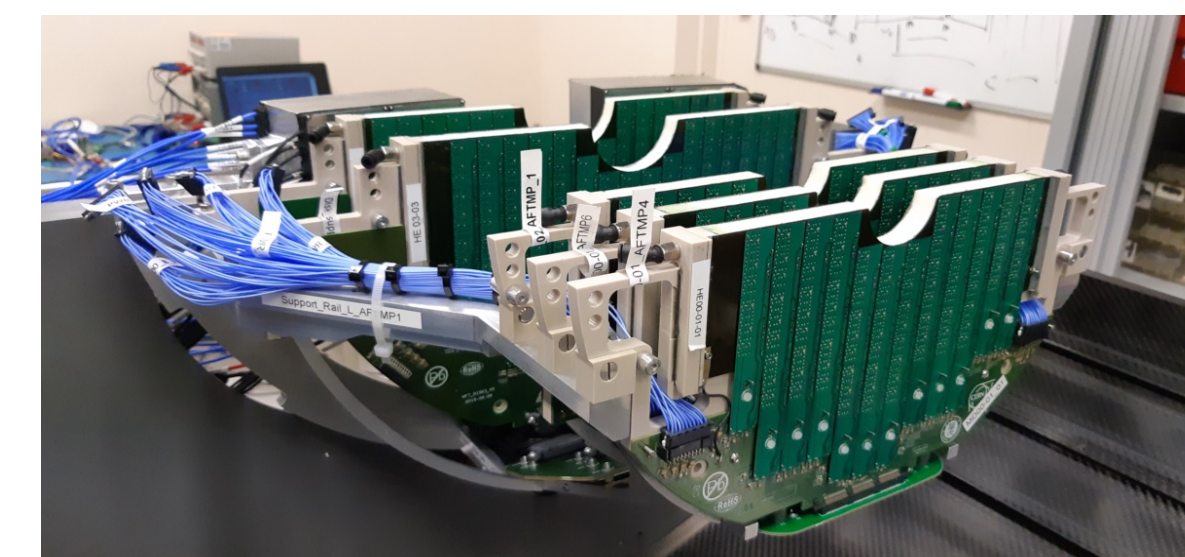
ALICE upgrade for Run 3 and proposals for Run 4

→ Z.Yin, Mon, 9:25

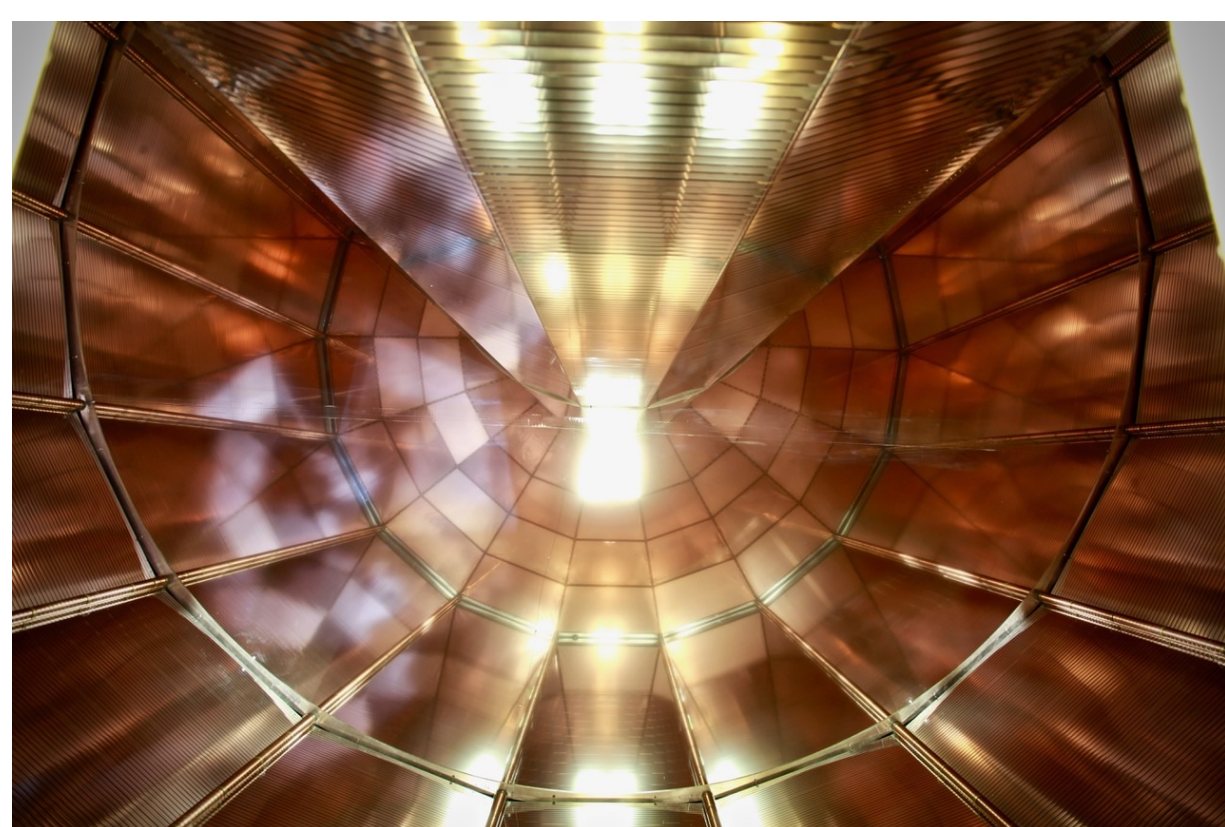
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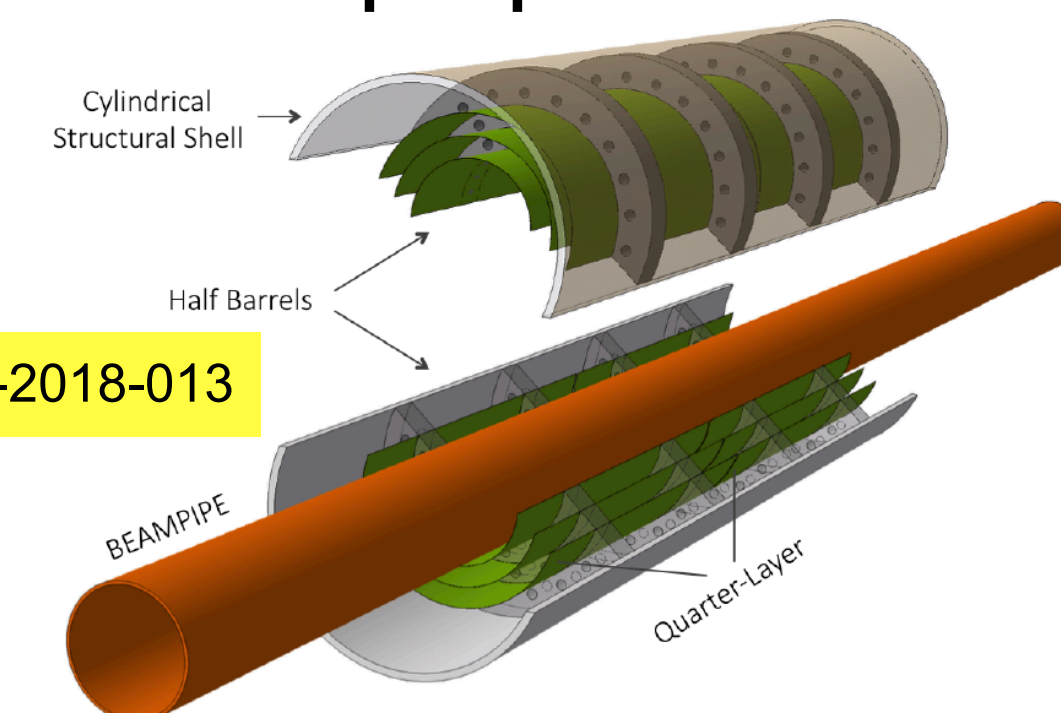


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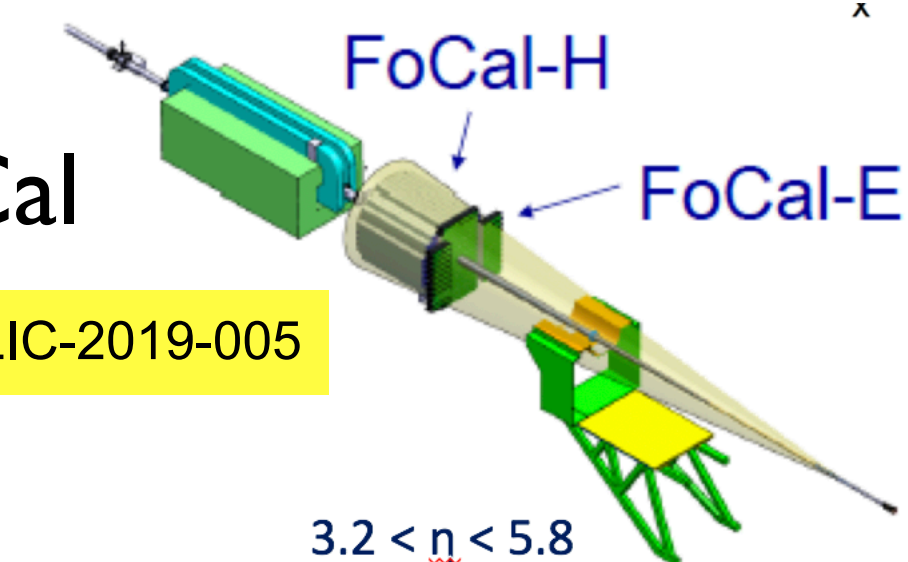
LS3: proposed ITS3



ALICE-PUBLIC-2018-013

LS3: proposed FoCal

ALICE-PUBLIC-2019-005



Summary

- Large number of results based on full Run 2 data sample
 - More precision, extending to low p_T , more differential, new analysis
- Detailed insight on the QGP properties
 - Heavy quark interactions, hadronization, jet modifications...
- Rich QCD research program in small collision systems
- Major LS2 upgrade on track in view of restart in 2021

Enjoy the conference with new results!

For all results please see:

<http://alice-publications.web.cern.ch/submitted>

http://alice-figure.web.cern.ch/preliminary_fig_pub

Backup

