

t + jets + MET

*b*/*c*-jet tagging at CEPC



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#### Outline

- Why t + jets + MET
- A sample analysis in SUSY
- Jet tagging at CEPC

# Interests in heavy flavors

15	EF03	EW Physics: Heavy flavor and top quark physics	
16	EF03.1	Rare B decay channel study, e.g. b->sll, b->c I nu and so on	
17	EF03.2	Z and Higgs flavor violating decay	
18	EF03.3	Tau in the Jet: Bc->Tauv	
19	EF03.4	Lepton in the Jet: B/C meson Leptonic decay	
20	EF03.5	Pi–0: Z–>tautau, Br(tau–>X)	
21	EF03.6	MET at Jet: leptonic decay of Heavy Flavor Mesons, Bs->Phi+vv	
22	EF03.7	CKM phi_s measurement, Bs->JPsi phi	Mingrui Zhao
23	EF03.8	ttbar threshold scan	
24	EF03.9	ttbar top-EW couplings, EFT interpretation	
25	EF03.10	top FCNC	Peiwen Wu

48	EF10	BSM: Dark Matter at colliders	
49	EF10.1	Dark Matter: mono-V/H/Scalar (should be in EF08 or here?)	Shu Li
50	EF10.2	Dark Matter: Dijet + Missing Energy	Zhao Li
51	EF10.3	Dark Matter: top + jet + Missing Energy	Peiwen Wu
52	EF10.4	Dark Matter: Dark QCD Search	Mengchao Zhang
53	EF10.5	Dark Matter: Higgs portal	Xin Shi

Why t + jets + MET

- *tt* : important SM backgrounds
  producing leptons, jets, MET
- Searches for pure flavor SUSY squarks
- $t\overline{t} + MET$  : pair production of  $\tilde{t}_{1,2}$
- t + MET: single production of  $\tilde{t}_{1,2}$





#### Mixed flavor mediators

- SUSY: flavor mixing may exist in squarks
  - Reducing the current bounds on  $\tilde{t}_{1,2}$
  - Interplay between  $MET + t\bar{t} \& c\bar{c}$
- Other BSM:
  - dark matter S: a real scalar
  - mediator  $\psi$ : a vector-like fermion
  - DM couplings: right-handed  $\{c_R, t_R\}$





# A sample analysis at LHC

arXiv: 1808.07488

#### Flavour-violating decays of mixed top-charm squarks at the LHC

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# **CEPC** potential

Advantages



- cleaner QCD background: helpful for jet identification
- electron beams: full re-construction of 3-D  $\vec{p}$  for final states
- better tagging capability of *b*, *c*-flavor jets
- Challenges
  - $\sqrt{s}$ ~240 GeV
  - heavy BSM mediators are produced off-shell, indirect detection

# *b*/*c*-jet tagging at CEPC

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particles identified by ARBOR. It combines more than 60 discriminant variables to calculate the *b*-likeliness  $(L_B)$  and *c*-likeliness  $(L_C)$  using a Boosted Decision Tree [16] method. Compared with the *b*-jet tagging, *c*-jet tagging is particularly challenging as charm hadrons have shorter lifetimes than bottom hadrons and therefore suffers more from backgrounds from light-quark and gluon jets. Benefiting from the high precision vertex system, the CEPC detector provides reasonable separation of *c*-jets from other flavor jets. Figure 10.13 shows the *b*-jet tagging efficiencies for different rejections of background jets, measured from a  $Z \rightarrow q\bar{q}$  sample of the Z factory operation. For this sample, *b*-jets can be tagged with an efficiency of 80% and a purity of 90%. Similarly, an efficiency of 60% and a purity of 60% can be achieved for the *c*-jet tagging. Purities can be improved by tightening the tagging requirements at the expense of reduced efficiencies. Figure 10.14 is a demonstration of the *b*/*c*-likeliness distributions of the *b*, *c* and gluon jets from the  $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}/c\bar{c}/gg$  decays, showing good separations between jets of different flavors.



Figure 10.13: Efficiencies for tagging *b*-jets versus rejection of background jets, determined from an inclusive  $Z \rightarrow q\bar{q}$  sample at the Z factory operation.

# Signals, Backgrounds

- signal:  $(t \rightarrow bl\nu) + j + MET$ 
  - 1 isolated  $\ell(e, \mu)$  + jets + MET
- BG: 1 or 2  $\ell$  from
  - $W \to \ell \bar{\nu}_{\ell}$
  - $Z \to \ell \overline{\ell}$
  - $\tau \to \ell \bar{\nu}_{\ell} \nu_{\tau}$

#### typical BGs:

- $t\bar{t}$ ,  $t\bar{t}W$ ,  $t\bar{t}Z$ , tWZ
- *tW*, *tZ*, *WW*, *WZ*, *ZZ*
- W/Z + jets

#### Summary

- *t* + *jets* + *MET* are present in BSM models
  requiring better *b/c*-jet tagging
- CEPC are advantageous for jet-tagging
  more potential for BSM searches
- Strategies/details to be analyzed for specific BSM models