# **Sci-W ECAL Status for CEPC**

#### Yunlong Zhang

#### State Key Laboratory of Particle Detection and Electronics, China

University of Science and Technology of China

On behalf of CEPC Calorimeter working group

## Brief review of Sci-W ECAL of CEPC

## CEPC ECAL Status

- Super-layer assembly and test
- ➤Calorimeter trial assembly
- ➤Calorimeter cosmic ray test
- Summary and outlook



# **PFA Calorimeter**

- ➤ Challenges
  - ➢ High granularity

➤ ECAL ~10 million channels

- Compact design
- ≻ High power
  - ► ECAL about 100 kW
    - EBU: 80 kW (without power pulsing)
    - ≻ DIF: 20 kW





Big European Bubble Chamber filled with Ne:H $_2$  = 70%:30%, 3T Field, L=3.5 m, X $_0$  $\approx$ 34 cm, 50 GeV incident electron

## Sci-W PFA ECAL of CEPC

- Sampling Calorimeter
  - Sandwich structure
  - Absorber+SD+Electronics
- Absorber
  - Tungsten
- Sensitive Detector
  - Scintillator+SiPM
- Electronics
  - ASIC Chip







## Brief review of Sci-W ECAL of CEPC

## CEPC ECAL Status

### Super-layer assembly and test

## Calorimeter trial assembly

Calorimeter cosmic ray test

Summary and outlook



- All of the super-layers of the ECAL have been assembled
  - $\succ$  16 super-layers were finished. 1 of them is for Japan group.
- The super-layers were tested by cosmic rays before installed into the ECAL structure
  - The 16 super-layers were divided into 5 groups and tested with cosmic rays.
- The prototype of calorimeter has been installed and tested
  The first trial assembly of the prototype of the calorimeter was
  - completed on August 3 in USTC



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#### super-layer assembly

 An installation manual was prepared for the super-layer assembly



#### Installation process

THE REAL PROPERTY. NAME AND

#### **Installation manual**



签

#### super-layer assembly

- There are 16 super-layers in ECAL prototype
- Each super-layer has 2 Ecal Board Units (EBU) and 2 Data InterFace boards (DIF)
- Also has 2 W-Cu alloy plates, W:Cu
  85%:15%, thickness is 3.2 mm ~ 0.73 X<sub>0</sub>
- The aluminum frame is used to support the super-layer



The structure of super-layer



### Super-layer assembly



#### A-side





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## Super-layer assembly



				1000		
<b>東型</b>		編94 編9 ロマ		ek ere		
和层		12	2 V			
Y HE TE EBU		24 \		1		
Y 推控 DIF		24	24			
x 难度 £80		23	1	V		
X 细度 DIF		23	1	1		
板号	管脚编号1	管脚编号2	(0)	(8)	×	RIL
板号	管脚编号 1	管脚编号2	(9)	(0)	o∢ o ×	養往
Y 相应 EBU+DIF	EBU J18 GND	DIF GND FL	<0.1	0. 0	V	2
	FBU U17 C1223 正 (収绌)	DIF SVO A.	<0.15	0.0	V	sv 电器 联络
	EBU C788	DIF 3V3_A TL	<0.15	y. 0	V	3V3A IKIM
				1000		20.000



The super-layer was tested with cosmic rays before installed into the calorimeter



Multi Super-layers cosmic ray test



DAQ

Side





- The noise of each cell in each channel tested by random trigger from DIF boards
  - The pedestal position of different chips is a little different
  - The pedestal position of the same chip is more uniform
  - The pedestal position is very stable with the change of time







Pedestal position stability (3 days)

Pedestal position of each cell in each channel

Pedestal position distribution of each channel

- The readout linearity
  - The high and low gain channel could achieve the upper limit of 10 pC and 100 pC respectively
  - The gain coefficients of high and low gain are about 240 and 8 code/pC respectively, and the ratio of high and low gain is about 30.



Linearity of the high/low gain channel

The high gain channel factor

The low gain channel factor

- LED calibration
  - The LED was put near the SiPM
  - A circuit was designed to drive LED to calibrate SiPM



#### LED light spectrum







SiPM photon electron peak

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- Cosmic ray test
  - Validation mode
  - Evaluate the whole calorimeter system performance, and Prepare for the beam test.







MIPs amplitude







- Abnormal pedestal distribution
  - Some chips have the pedestal shift behavior, and there is no correlation between the pedestal position and time
  - It depends on the "refresh" rate of the chip.
  - We increase the external trigger rate, the pedestal distribution become normal.





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## Calorimeter Trail assembly

- The calorimeter prototype has  $\succ$ 16 super-layers
- The total radiation length is about 23.4  $X_0$
- The adjacent layers are arranged in orthogonal order to ensure the 5 mm granularity
- The gap between two superlayers is smaller than 1 mm
- >There are 12 fans on two sides to dissipate heat





## Calorimeter Trail assembly



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### Calorimeter test

#### First trial assembly and test

#### A muon track in the calorimeter





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#### **Calorimeter test**



- All the super-layers (16) were assembled and tested using cosmic rays to check the performance
- Then, the prototype was trial assembled, and all the superlayers were installed.
- The preliminary test shows that the performance of the prototype is OK
  - The noise, MIPs amplitude, temperature...
- Next step, we will continue to carry out the commissioning of the calorimeter, and strive to carry out a long-term cosmic ray test at the end of this month.

## backup



## **ECAL trigger**



**Validation Mode** 

#### **Absorber parameter**



## **ECAL** prototype









PCB

### **ECAL prototype**



## ECAL test trigger



