

# Weekly Report

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# Signal leakage

- ❖ Some of the events may fail 3l channel but satisfy 2l channel
- ❖ Remove the third lepton how many signal would pass 2lss criterion

# 3l selection

## Preselection

- Trilepton type
- Total charge =  $\pm 1$
- Single, di-lepton trigger && event trigger match
- Lepton Loose Quality:
  - **ID:** `isLoose` or `isLooseLH`
  - **Isolation:** `FCLoose`(electron) or `PflowLoose`(Muon)
  - $p_T^{\ell_0} > 10 \text{ GeV}$  &&  $p_T^{\ell_1} > 15 \text{ GeV}$  &&  $p_T^{\ell_2} > 15 \text{ GeV}$
- **Tau Veto:** # of `taus` through RNN = 0
- **charged BDT Loose && Ambiguity Type Cut** (require good quality electron and suppress photon)
- **b jets veto:** # of b-jets = 0
- **Jet multiplicity:** # of jets  $\geq 1$
- **Lepton Tight Quality:** the SS pair should pass tight quality, no requirement for the opposite sign
- **Low Mass Veto:** the invariant mass of any SFOS pair should be larger than 12 GeV
- **Z Mass Veto:** the invariant mass of any SFOS pair should exclude Z Mass region by at least 10 GeV

# 3l selection

## Object Definition

	Electron			Muon		
	<i>Loose</i>	<i>Tight</i>	<i>Anti-Tight</i>	<i>Loose</i>	<i>Tight</i>	<i>Anti-Tight</i>
$p_T$	$p_T > 10 \text{ GeV}$			$p_T > 10 \text{ GeV}$		
$ \eta $	$ \eta  < 2.5 \ \&\& \ (1.37 <  \eta  < 1.52)$			$ \eta  < 2.5$		
$d_0/\sigma(d_0)$	$d_0/\sigma(d_0) < 5$			$d_0/\sigma(d_0) < 3$		
$ z_0 \sin(\theta) $	$ z_0 \sin(\theta)  < 0.5 \text{ mm}$			$ z_0 \sin(\theta)  < 0.5 \text{ mm}$		
<b>ID</b>	<u>LooseLH</u>	<u>TightLH</u>	<b>Fail</b> the tight quality	Loose	Tight	<b>Fail</b> the tight quality
<b>Isolation</b>	<u>FCLoose</u>	<u>FCTight</u>		<u>PflowLoose</u>	<u>PflowTight</u>	

Refer to the group twiki

# Training study

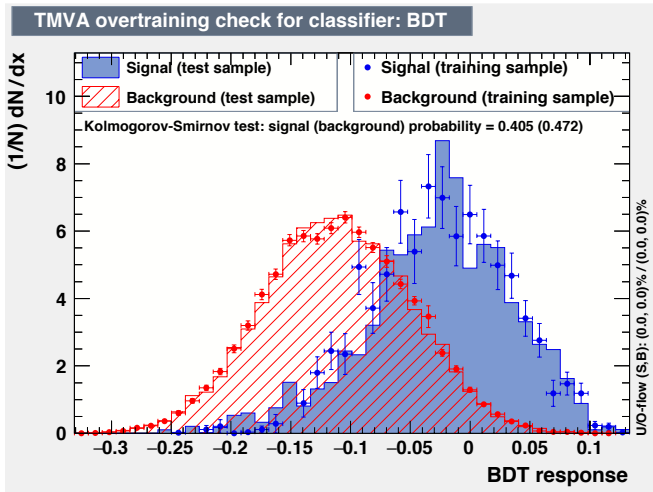
- ❖ Option 1 : train HH vs diboson, but regard lepton flavor as a variable
- ❖ Option 2 : train HH vs diboson for each lepton channel:
  - ◇ ee , eu , uu
  
- ❖ Control
  - ◇ Option 1
    - ◇ Training sample ee\_a , eu\_a , uu\_a
    - ◇ Test sample ee\_b , eu\_b , uu\_b
  - ◇ Option 2
    - ◇ Training sample ee\_a+eu\_a+uu\_a
    - ◇ Test sample ee\_b+eu\_b+uu\_b
  - ◇ In this case training and testing events are not mixed

# Training study

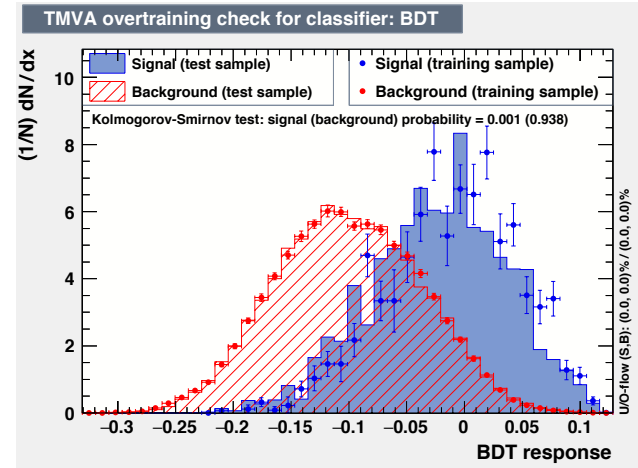
- ❖ In principle the lepton flavor information has been labeled, there should be big difference.
    - ◇ Some pro & cons
      - ◇ Option 1 : certain classify on lepton flavor, smaller error on the model
      - ◇ Option 2 : more statistics, and corr
  
  - ❖ However this example may not good enough to demonstrate
    - ◇ Lepton flavor isn't sensitive for HH vs diboson
    - ◇ Also the distribution not vary a lot for different option
- >The models Look almost same

```
1 : n_mindR_l1j      : 1.369e-01
2 : m_l2j            : 1.277e-01
3 : n_mindR_l2j      : 1.120e-01
4 : m_ll             : 4.577e-02
5 : Mt_nojets        : 3.864e-02
6 : m_all            : 3.559e-02
7 : eta_sublepton    : 3.457e-02
8 : eta_leadinglepton : 2.915e-02
9 : n_MET            : 1.176e-02
10 : channel          : 1.712e-03
```

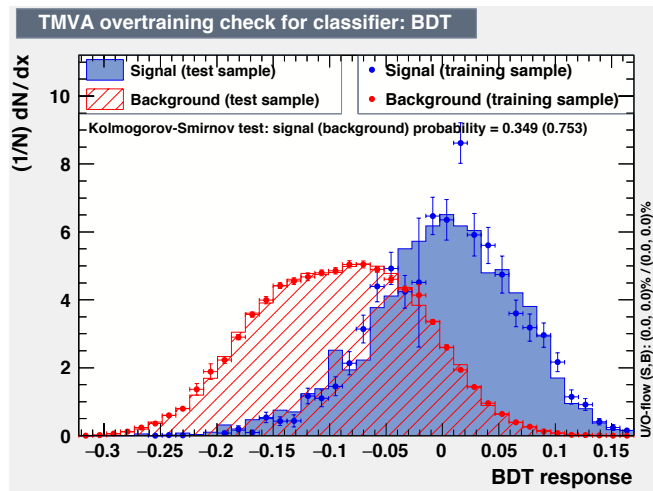
# BDT distribution



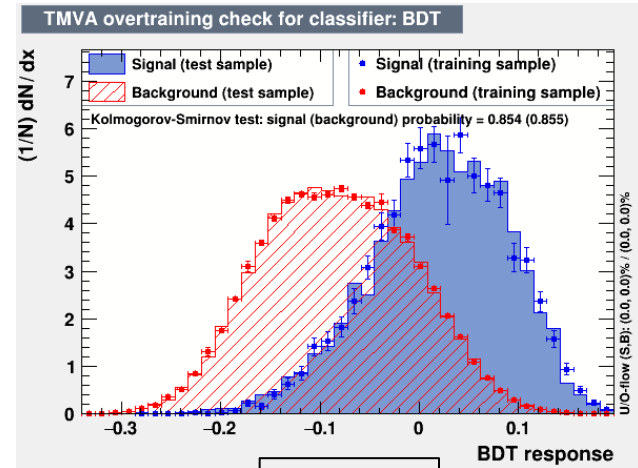
ee



uu



eu



ee



## ❖ yields

Option 1	ee	eu	uu	total
hh	0.117	0.401	0.203	0.721
diboson	90.466	389.923	165.967	646.356
significance				0.0283

Option 2	total
hh	0.734
diboson	653.537
significance	0.0287