



Molecular nature of the P_c states

Meng-Lin Du

HISKP, Universität Bonn

In collaboration with V. Baru, F.-K. Guo, C. Hanhart,
U.-G. Meißner, J. A. Oller, and Q. Wang

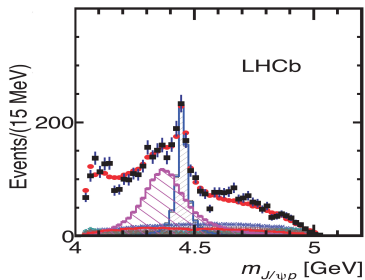
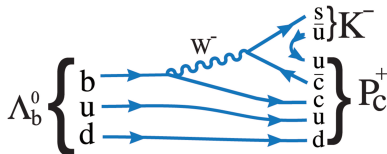
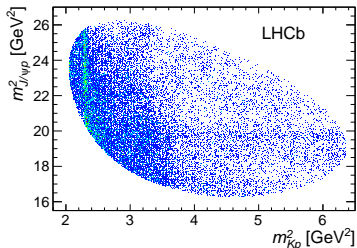
Based on PRL124(2020)072001; in preparation

Wuhan, China
December 12-13 2020

Charmonium-pentaquark states (I)

Observation of exotic structures (P_c) in $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow J/\psi p K^-$

LHCb, PRL 115, 072001 (2015)



$P_c(4380)^+ : M = 4380 \pm 8 \pm 29 \text{ MeV}$

$\Gamma = 205 \pm 18 \pm 86 \text{ MeV}$

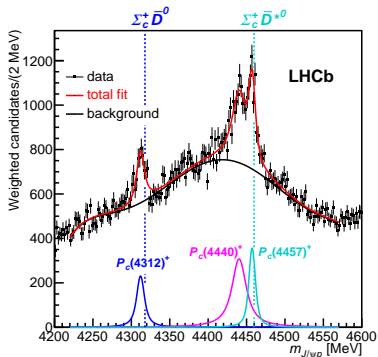
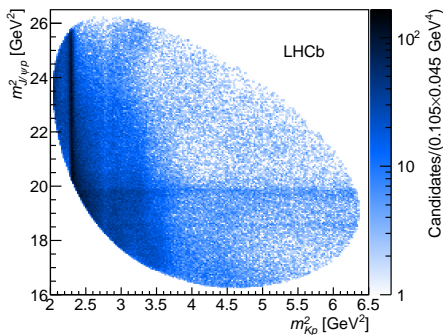
$P_c(4450)^+ : M = 4449.8 \pm 1.7 \pm 2.5 \text{ MeV}$

$\Gamma = 39 \pm 5 \pm 19 \text{ MeV}$

Preferred Parity: Opposite

Charmonium-pentaquark states (II)

LHCb, PRL 122, 222001 (2019)



State	M [MeV]	Γ [MeV]	\mathcal{R} [%]
$P_c(4312)^+$	$4311.9 \pm 0.7^{+6.8}_{-0.6}$	$9.8 \pm 2.7^{+3.7}_{-4.5}$	$0.30 \pm 0.07^{+0.34}_{-0.09}$
$P_c(4440)^+$	$4440.3 \pm 1.3^{+4.1}_{-4.7}$	$20.6 \pm 4.9^{+8.7}_{-10.1}$	$1.11 \pm 0.33^{+0.22}_{-0.10}$
$P_c(4457)^+$	$4457.3 \pm 0.6^{+4.1}_{-1.7}$	$6.4 \pm 2.0^{+5.7}_{-1.9}$	$0.53 \pm 0.16^{+0.15}_{-0.13}$

Charmonium-pentaquark (theoretical)

- ▶ Compact pentaquark Cheng et al., PRD100(2019)054002

$P_c(4312), P_c(4440), P_c(4457): J^P = 3/2^-, 1/2^-, 3/2^-$

- ▶ Compact diquark model Ali et al., JHEP1910(2019)256

$3/2^-$	4240 ± 29
$3/2^+$	4440 ± 35
$5/2^+$	4457 ± 35

- ▶ $P_c(4312)$: virtual state Fernández-Ramírez et al., PRL123(2019)092001

- ▶ K -matrix: $J/\psi p - \Sigma_c \bar{D} - \Sigma_c \bar{D}^*$ Kuang et al., EPJC80(2020)433
 $\hookrightarrow P_c(4312): \Sigma_c \bar{D}, P_c(4457): ?$ **cusp effect**

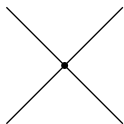
- ▶ Molecule (HQSS) Liu et al., PRL122,242001 (2019)

	Molecule	J^P	M (MeV)		Molecule	J^P	M (MeV)
A	$\bar{D}\Sigma_c$	$\frac{1}{2}^-$	4311.8 – 4313.0	B	$\bar{D}\Sigma_c$	$\frac{1}{2}^-$	4306.3 – 4307.7
A	$\bar{D}\Sigma_c^*$	$\frac{3}{2}^-$	4376.1 – 4377.0	B	$\bar{D}\Sigma_c^*$	$\frac{3}{2}^-$	4370.5 – 4371.7
A	$\bar{D}^*\Sigma_c$	$\frac{1}{2}^-$	4440.3*	B	$\bar{D}^*\Sigma_c$	$\frac{1}{2}^-$	4457.3*
A	$\bar{D}^*\Sigma_c$	$\frac{3}{2}^-$	4457.3*	B	$\bar{D}^*\Sigma_c$	$\frac{3}{2}^-$	4440.3*
A	$\bar{D}^*\Sigma_c^*$	$\frac{1}{2}^-$	4500.2 – 4501.0	B	$\bar{D}^*\Sigma_c^*$	$\frac{1}{2}^-$	4523.2 – 4523.6
A	$\bar{D}^*\Sigma_c^*$	$\frac{3}{2}^-$	4510.6 – 4510.8	B	$\bar{D}^*\Sigma_c^*$	$\frac{3}{2}^-$	4516.5 – 4516.6
A	$\bar{D}^*\Sigma_c^*$	$\frac{5}{2}^-$	4523.3 – 4523.6	B	$\bar{D}^*\Sigma_c^*$	$\frac{5}{2}^-$	4500.2 – 4501.0

- ▶ quantum numbers? line shape? the existence of $P_c(4380)$?

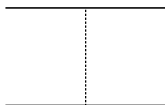
Effective Lagrangian $\Sigma_c^{(*)} \bar{D}^{(*)}$, $J/\psi p$, $\eta_c p$, $\Lambda_c \bar{D}^{(*)}$

- Contact Lagrangian



$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L} = & -C_a \vec{S}_c^\dagger \cdot \vec{S}_c \text{Tr}[\bar{H}_c^\dagger \bar{H}_c] \\ & -C_b i \epsilon_{ijk} (S_c^\dagger)_j (S_c)_k \text{Tr}[\bar{H}_c^\dagger \sigma_i \bar{H}_c] \\ & +C_c \left(S_{ab}^{i\dagger} T_{ca} \langle \bar{H}_c^\dagger \sigma^i \bar{H}_b \rangle - T_{ca}^\dagger S_{ab}^i \langle \bar{H}_b^\dagger \sigma^i \bar{H}_c \rangle \right) \\ & +C_d T_{ab}^\dagger T_{ba} \langle \bar{H}_c^\dagger \bar{H}_c \rangle \end{aligned}$$

- One-pion exchange (OPE)

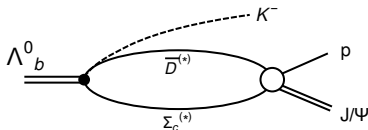


$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_{DD\pi} &= \frac{g}{4} \langle \sigma \cdot u_{ab} \bar{H}_b \bar{H}_a^\dagger \rangle, \\ \mathcal{L}_{\Sigma_c \Sigma_c \pi} &= i \frac{3}{2} g_1 \epsilon_{ijk} \langle \bar{S}_i u_j S_k \rangle. \\ \mathcal{L}_{\Sigma_c \Lambda_c \pi} &= -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} g_3 (S_{ab}^{i\dagger} u_{bc}^i T_{ca} + T_{ab}^\dagger u_{bc}^i S_{ca}^i), \end{aligned}$$

☞ Nonrelativistic superfield for the heavy-quark spin doublets

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{S}_c &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \vec{\sigma} \Sigma_c + \vec{\Sigma}_c^*, \\ \bar{H}_c &= \frac{1}{2} \left(-\bar{D} + \vec{\sigma} \cdot \vec{D}^* \right). \end{aligned}$$

$$\underline{\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow K^- J/\psi p}$$



$$\Rightarrow m_{J/\psi p} \sim 4440 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\hookrightarrow |\mathbf{p}| \sim 810 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\hookrightarrow J/\psi p(S), J/\psi p(D)$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Effective Lagrangian for } \bar{D}^{(*)} \Sigma_c^{(*)} \rightarrow J/\psi p (\eta_c p): J = -\eta_c + \sigma \cdot \psi$$

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{g_S}{\sqrt{3}} N^\dagger \sigma^i \bar{H} J^\dagger S^i - \sqrt{3} g_D N^\dagger \sigma^i \bar{H} (\partial^i \partial^j - \frac{1}{3} \delta^{ij} \partial^2) J^\dagger S^j,$$

⇒

$$\text{channels } \begin{cases} \underline{\Sigma_c^{(*)} \bar{D}^{(*)} (S/D)}, \Lambda_c \bar{D}^{(*)} (S/D) & \rightarrow \alpha, \beta, \gamma \\ J/\psi p (S/D), \eta_c p (S/D) & \rightarrow i, j, k \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Weak production: } S\text{-wave } \Sigma_c^{(*)} \bar{D}^{(*)}.$$

Lippman-Schwinger equations

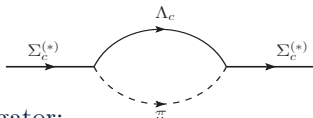
$$U_\alpha^J(E, p) = P_\alpha^J(E, p) - \sum_\beta \int \frac{d\mathbf{q}^3}{(2\pi)^3} V_{\alpha\beta}^J(E, p, \mathbf{q}) G_\beta(E, \mathbf{q}) U_\beta^J(\mathbf{q}),$$

$$U_i^J(E, p) = \sum_\beta \int \frac{d\mathbf{q}^3}{(2\pi)^3} \mathcal{V}_{\beta i} G_\beta(E, \mathbf{q}) U_\beta^J(\mathbf{q}).$$

☞ $\Gamma(\Sigma_c^* \rightarrow \Lambda_c \pi) = 15.0 \text{ MeV}$, $\Gamma(\Sigma_c \rightarrow \Lambda_c \pi) = 1.86 \text{ MeV}$,

$\hookrightarrow \sim \Gamma(P_c)$

☞ The self-energy function $\tilde{\Sigma}_R^{(*)}(s) \sim ig^2 \frac{p^3}{\sqrt{s}}$



☞ Two-body propagator:

$$G_\beta(E, \mathbf{q}) = \frac{m_{\Sigma_c^{(*)}} m_{D^{(*)}}}{E_{\Sigma_c^{(*)}}(\mathbf{q}) E_{D^{(*)}}(\mathbf{q})} \frac{1}{E_{\Sigma_c^{(*)}}(\mathbf{q}) + E_{D^{(*)}}(\mathbf{q}) - E - \frac{\tilde{\Sigma}_R^{(*)}(s)}{2E_{\Sigma_c^{(*)}}(\mathbf{q})}},$$


$s = (E - E_{D^{(*)}}(\mathbf{q}))^2 - \mathbf{q}^2$ is the off-shellness of $\Sigma_c^{(*)}$.

Fit Schemes

☞ The effective potentials

$$V_{\alpha\beta}^J = V_{\text{CT},\alpha\beta}^J + V_{\text{OPE},\alpha\beta}^J + \mathcal{G}_{\alpha\beta}^J,$$

The effective contributions from the $J/\psi p$ and $\eta_c p$ bubble loop ($k \sim 0.9 \text{ GeV}$)

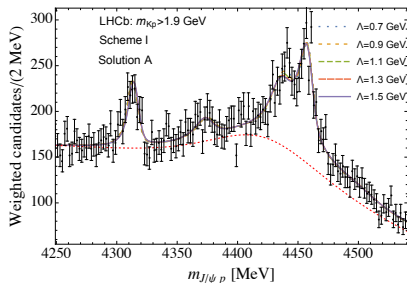
$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{G}_{\alpha\beta}^J &= \sum_i \text{Diagram} \\ &= R_G - \sum_i i \frac{1}{2\pi E} m_{\psi(\eta_c)} m_p g_{\alpha i}^{(I)J} g_{\beta i}^{(I)J} k^{2l_i+1}. \end{aligned}$$


☞ Fit schemes:

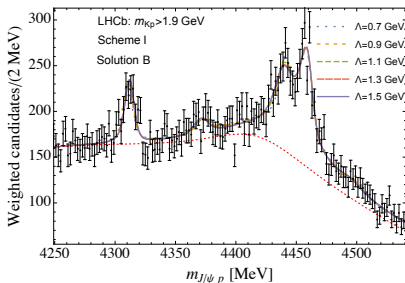
- Scheme I: pure contact potential w/o $\Lambda_c \bar{D}^{(*)}$
- Scheme II: Scheme I + elastic OPE w/o $\Lambda_c \bar{D}^{(*)}$ (+ CT for $\Lambda_c \bar{D}^{(*)}$)
- Scheme III: Scheme II + S-D counter term w/o $\Lambda_c \bar{D}^{(*)}$
↪ coupled channel
- Scheme IV: contact + OPE + S-D counter terms w $\Lambda_c \bar{D}^{(*)}$

Scheme I: pure contact potential $w/o \Lambda_c \bar{D}^{(*)}$

Solution A



Solution B



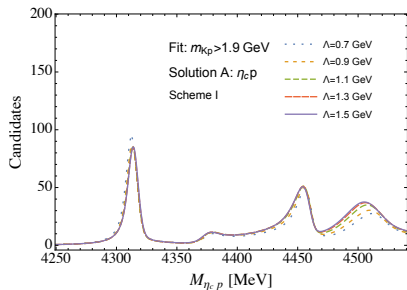
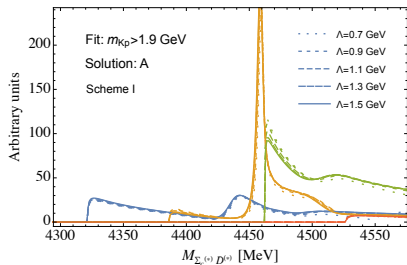
☞ $\Lambda_{\text{soft}} \sim 0.7$ GeV

☞ Cutoff-independent for both solution A and B

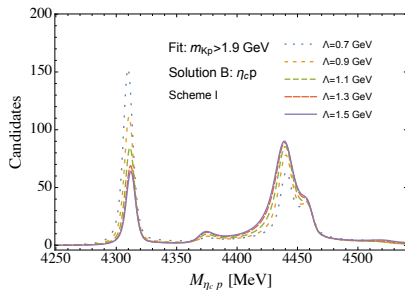
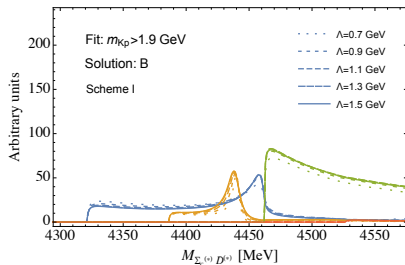
☞ No need for $\Lambda_c \bar{D}^{(*)}$

Scheme I: pure contact potential $w/o \Lambda_c \bar{D}^{(*)}$

Solution A



Solution B



Scheme I: pole positions

	DC ([MeV])	Solution A		Solution B	
		J^P	Pole [MeV]	J^P	Pole [MeV]
$P_c(4312)$	$\Sigma_c \bar{D}$ (4321.6)	$\frac{1}{2}^-$	$4314(1) - 4(1)i$	$\frac{1}{2}^-$	$4312(2) - 4(2)i$
$P_c(4380)^*$	$\Sigma_c^* \bar{D}$ (4386.2)	$\frac{3}{2}^-$	$4377(1) - 7(1)i$	$\frac{3}{2}^-$	$4375(2) - 6(1)i$
$P_c(4440)$	$\Sigma_c \bar{D}^*$ (4462.1)	$\frac{1}{2}^-$	$4440(1) - 9(2)i$	$\frac{3}{2}^-$	$4441(3) - 5(2)i$
$P_c(4457)$	$\Sigma_c \bar{D}^*$ (4462.1)	$\frac{3}{2}^-$	$4458(2) - 3(1)i$	$\frac{1}{2}^-$	$4462(4) - 5(3)i$
P_c	$\Sigma_c^* \bar{D}^*$ (4526.7)	$\frac{1}{2}^-$	$4498(2) - 9(3)i$	$\frac{1}{2}^-$	$4526(3) - 9(2)i$
P_c	$\Sigma_c^* \bar{D}^*$ (4526.7)	$\frac{3}{2}^-$	$4510(2) - 14(3)i$	$\frac{3}{2}^-$	$4521(2) - 12(3)i$
P_c	$\Sigma_c^* \bar{D}^*$ (4526.7)	$\frac{5}{2}^-$	$4525(2) - 9(3)i$	$\frac{5}{2}^-$	$4501(3) - 6(4)i$

☞ * NOT the broad $P_c(4380)$ reported by LHCb in 2015

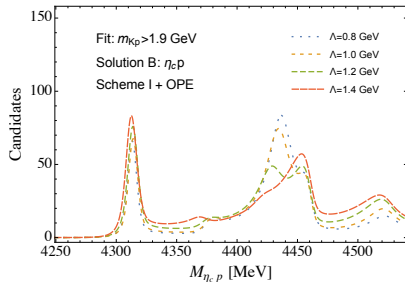
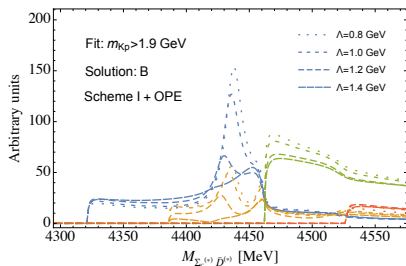
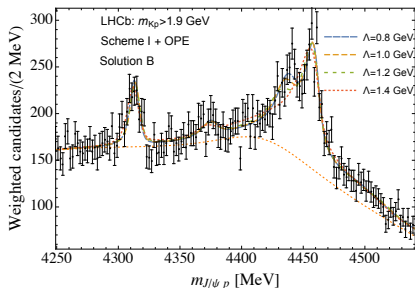
☞ Bound states with respect to the dominant channel (DC)

Scheme II: scheme I + OPE w/o $\Lambda_c \bar{D}^{(*)}$

👉 No solution A

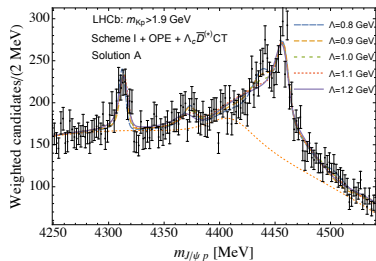
👉 Solution B:
Cut-off dependent

👉 $\Lambda_{\text{soft}} \sim 700$ MeV

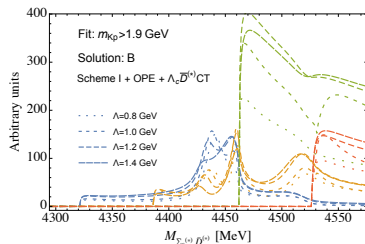
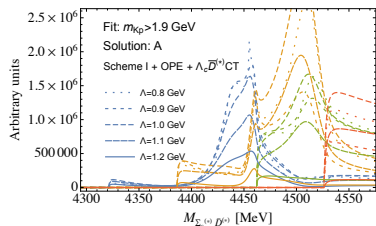
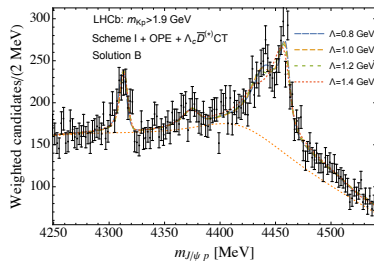


Scheme I + OPE + CT for $\Lambda_c \bar{D}^{(*)}$

Solution A



Solution B

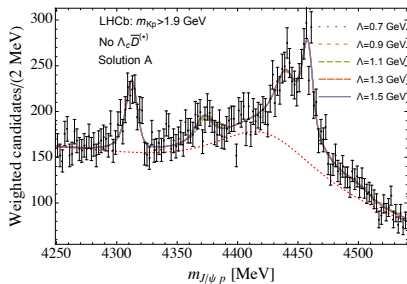


• Cut-off dependent

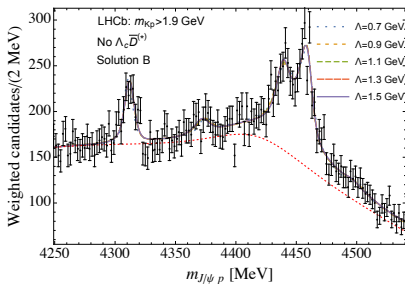
• $\Lambda_{\text{soft}} \sim 900$ MeV $\Lambda_c \bar{D}^{(*)}$

Scheme III: contact + OPE + S-D w/o $\Lambda_c \bar{D}^{(*)}$

Solution A



Solution B



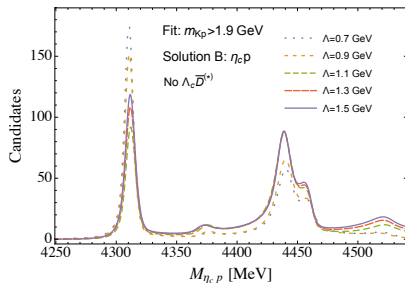
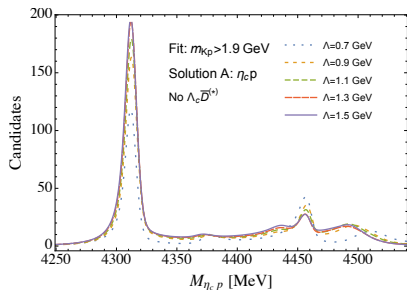
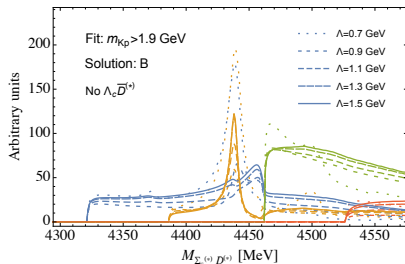
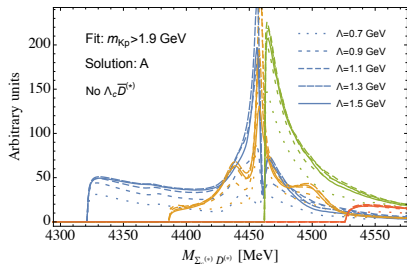
☞ Cutoff-independent for both solution A and B

Scheme III: contact + OPE + S-D w/o $\Lambda_c \bar{D}^{(*)}$

Solution A

$\Lambda_{\text{soft}} \sim 0.7 \text{ GeV}$

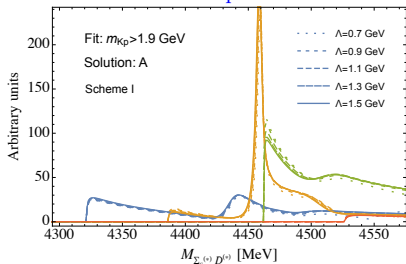
Solution B



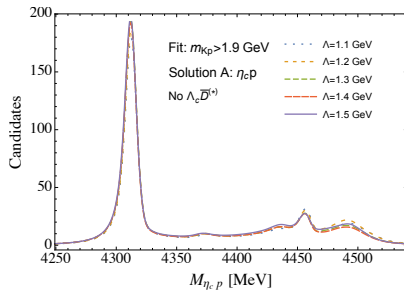
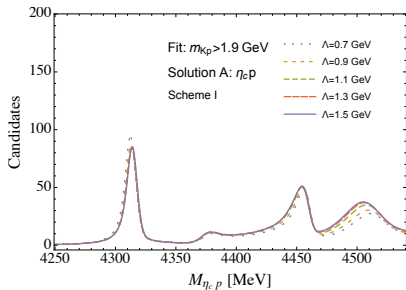
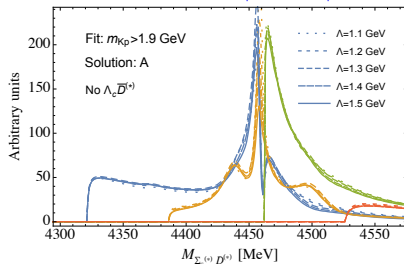
Scheme I vs Scheme III w/o $\Lambda_c \bar{D}^{(*)}$ $\Lambda_{\text{soft}} \sim 0.7 \text{ GeV}$

Solution A

Scheme I: pure contact



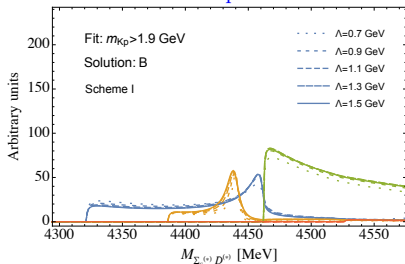
Scheme III: contact + OPE + SD



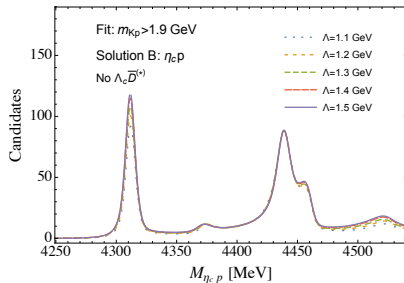
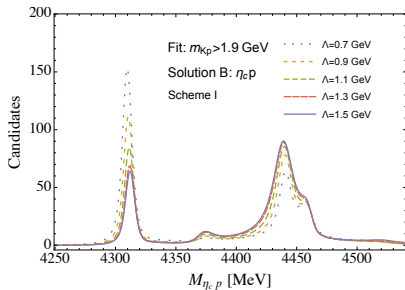
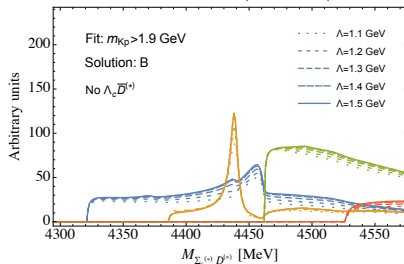
Scheme I vs Scheme III w/o $\Lambda_c \bar{D}^{(*)}$ $\Lambda_{\text{soft}} \sim 0.7 \text{ GeV}$

Solution B

Scheme I: pure contact

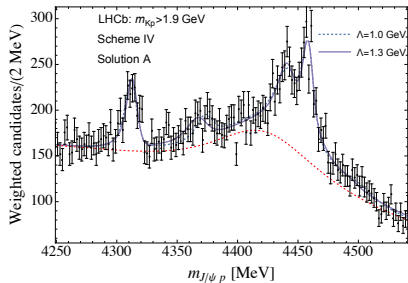


Scheme III: contact + OPE + SD

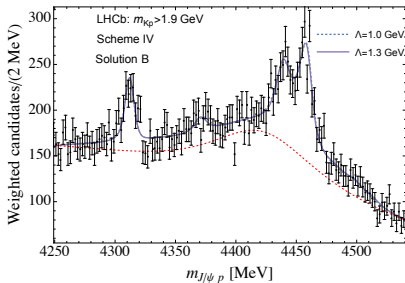


Scheme IV: CT + OPE + SD with $\Lambda_c \bar{D}^{(*)}$ $\Lambda_{\text{soft}} \sim 0.9$ GeV

Solution A



Solution B



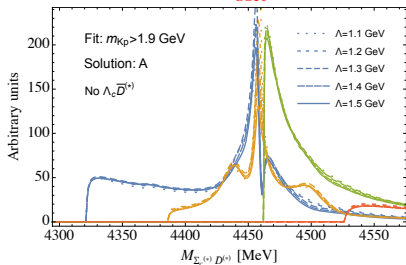
👉 Cutoff-independent for both solution A and B

👉 ? uncertainty

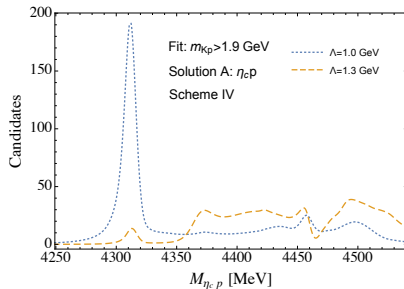
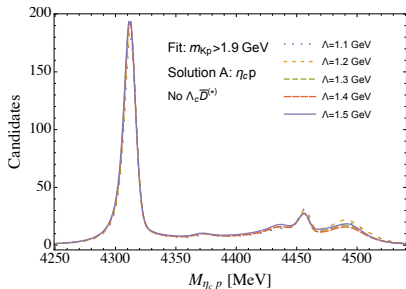
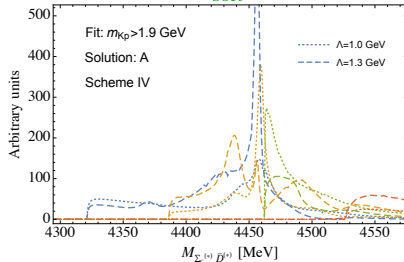
Scheme III w/o $\Lambda_c \bar{D}^{(*)}$ vs Scheme IV w $\Lambda_c \bar{D}^{(*)}$

Solution A

Scheme III: $\Lambda_{\text{soft}} \sim 0.7$ GeV



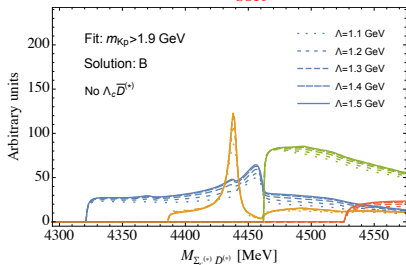
Scheme IV: $\Lambda_{\text{soft}} \sim 0.9$ GeV



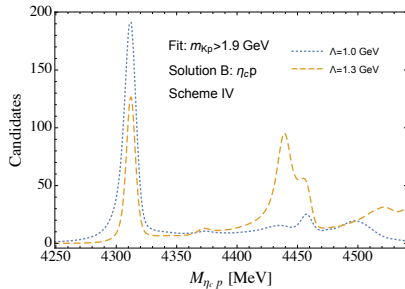
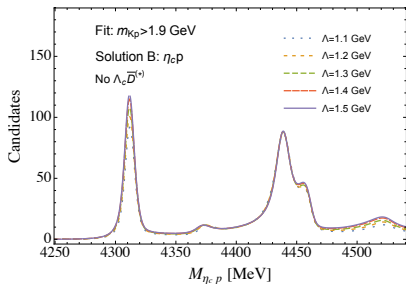
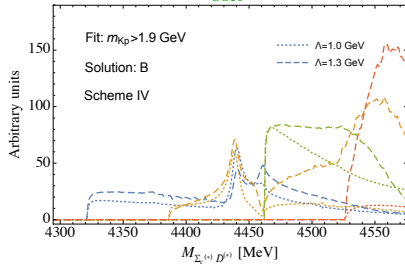
Scheme III w/o $\Lambda_c \bar{D}^{(*)}$ vs Scheme IV w $\Lambda_c \bar{D}^{(*)}$

Solution B

Scheme III: $\Lambda_{\text{soft}} \sim 0.7$ GeV



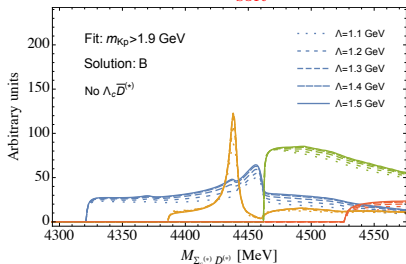
Scheme IV: $\Lambda_{\text{soft}} \sim 0.9$ GeV



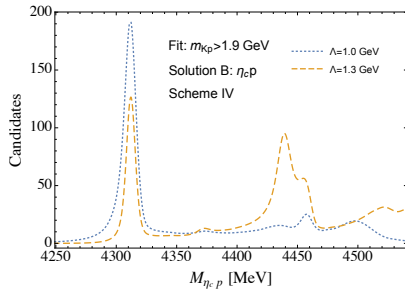
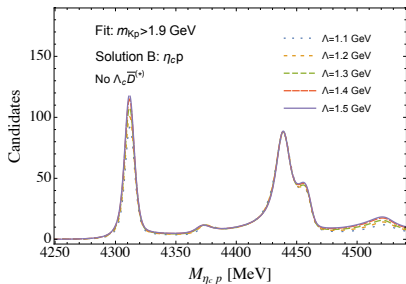
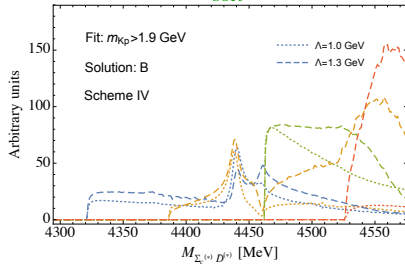
Scheme III w/o $\Lambda_c \bar{D}^{(*)}$ vs Scheme IV w $\Lambda_c \bar{D}^{(*)}$

Solution B :)

Scheme III: $\Lambda_{\text{soft}} \sim 0.7$ GeV



Scheme IV: $\Lambda_{\text{soft}} \sim 0.9$ GeV



Summary & Outlook

- ☞ Solving Lippmann-Schwinger equation with respect to
 - ▶ Unitarity, three-body cut
 - ↪ width of $\Sigma_c^{(*)}$
 - ▶ Coupled-channels
 - ↪ cut-off independence: OPE \rightarrow SD counter term
 - ▶ Heavy quark spin symmetry
 - ↪ $7 \Sigma_c^{(*)} \bar{D}^{(*)}$ molecular states
- ☞ $\Lambda_{\text{cutoff}} = 1.3 \text{ GeV}$
 - ↪ $\Lambda_{\text{cutoff}} \gg \Lambda_{\text{soft}}$
 - ▶ Solution A is scheme dependent
 - ▶ Solution B is consistent for all cut-off independent schemes
 - $P_c(4440): J^P = 3/2^-, P_c(4457): J^P = \frac{1}{2}^-$ preferred ?
- ☞ Formalism consistent
 - ↪ we can not say much about $\Lambda_c \bar{D}^{(*)}$ interaction without data in this channel.
- ☞ A narrow $P_c(4380)$, different from the broad one reported by LHCb in 2015.

Thank you very much for your attention!

Isospin structures

The isospin wave function of $P_c^{(*)}$

$$P_c^{+(*)} = -\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}}\bar{D}^{(*)0}\Sigma_c^{(*)+} + \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}\bar{D}^{(*)-}\Sigma_c^{(*)++}.$$

The corresponding potential

$$\begin{aligned}V_{\Sigma_c^{(*)}\bar{D}^{(*)}} &= \frac{1}{3}V_{\Sigma_c^{(*)+}\bar{D}^{(*)0}\rightarrow\Sigma_c^{(*)+}\bar{D}^{(*)0}} + \frac{2}{3}V_{\Sigma_c^{(*)++}D^{(*)-}\rightarrow\Sigma_c^{(*)++}D^{(*)-}} \\ &\quad - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{3}V_{\Sigma_c^{(*)+}\bar{D}^{(*)0}\rightarrow\Sigma_c^{(*)++}D^{(*)-}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{3}V_{\Sigma_c^{(*)++}D^{(*)-}\rightarrow\Sigma_c^{(*)+}\bar{D}^{(*)0}} \\ &= 2V_{\Sigma_c^{(*)++}D^{(*)-}\rightarrow\Sigma_c^{(*)++}D^{(*)-}} = -\sqrt{2}V_{\Sigma_c^{(*)+}\bar{D}^{(*)0}\rightarrow\Sigma_c^{(*)++}D^{(*)-}} \\ &= -\sqrt{2}V_{\Sigma_c^{(*)++}D^{(*)-}\rightarrow\Sigma_c^{(*)+}\bar{D}^{(*)0}},\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}V_{\Sigma_c^{(*)+}\bar{D}^{(*)0}\rightarrow\Sigma_c^{(*)+}\bar{D}^{(*)0}} &= 0 \\ V_{\Sigma_c^{(*)++}D^{(*)-}\rightarrow\Sigma_c^{(*)++}D^{(*)-}} &= -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}V_{\Sigma_c^{(*)+}\bar{D}^{(*)0}\rightarrow\Sigma_c^{(*)++}D^{(*)-}} \\ &= -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}V_{\Sigma_c^{(*)++}D^{(*)-}\rightarrow\Sigma_c^{(*)+}\bar{D}^{(*)0}}\end{aligned}$$

Heavy-quark spin symmetry (HQSS)

- ▶ In the limit $\Lambda_{\text{QCD}}/m_Q \rightarrow 0$
 \hookrightarrow strong interactions are independent on heavy-quark spin
- ▶ S -wave $\bar{D}^{(*)}\Sigma_c^{(*)} \Lambda_c \bar{D}^{(*)}$ spin decomposition $|s_Q \otimes j_\ell\rangle$

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} |\Sigma_c \bar{D}\rangle \\ |\Sigma_c \bar{D}^*\rangle \\ |\Sigma_c^* \bar{D}^*\rangle \\ |\Lambda_c \bar{D}\rangle \\ |\Lambda_c \bar{D}^*\rangle \end{array} \right)_{\frac{1}{2}} = \left(\begin{array}{ccccc} \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}} & \frac{\sqrt{2}}{3} & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}} & \frac{5}{6} & -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{3} & 0 & 0 \\ \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} & -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{3} & -\frac{1}{3} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{array} \right) \left(\begin{array}{c} |0 \otimes \frac{1}{2}\rangle \\ |1 \otimes \frac{1}{2}\rangle \\ |1 \otimes \frac{3}{2}\rangle \\ |0 \otimes \frac{1}{2}\rangle' \\ |1 \otimes \frac{1}{2}\rangle' \end{array} \right), \quad (1)$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} |\Sigma_c \bar{D}^*\rangle \\ |\Sigma_c^* \bar{D}^*\rangle \\ |\Sigma_c^* \bar{D}^*\rangle \\ |\Lambda_c \bar{D}^*\rangle \end{array} \right)_{\frac{3}{2}} = \left(\begin{array}{cccc} \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} & -\frac{1}{3} & \frac{\sqrt{5}}{3} & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} & \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{5}{3}} & 0 \\ \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{5}{3}} & \frac{\sqrt{5}}{3} & -\frac{1}{6} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right) \left(\begin{array}{c} |0 \otimes \frac{3}{2}\rangle \\ |1 \otimes \frac{3}{2}\rangle \\ |1 \otimes \frac{5}{2}\rangle \\ |1 \otimes \frac{1}{2}\rangle' \end{array} \right), \quad (2)$$

$$|\Sigma_c^* \bar{D}^*\rangle_{\frac{5}{2}} = |1 \otimes \frac{3}{2}\rangle. \quad (3)$$

Contact interactions

- ▶ Contact interaction: **short-range** interaction
- ▶ strong interaction: spin of **light** degrees of freedom

$$\hookrightarrow \Sigma_c^{(*)} \bar{D}^{(*)} \rightarrow \Sigma_c^{(*)} \bar{D}^{(*)}:$$

$$C_{\frac{1}{2}} \equiv \langle s_Q \otimes \frac{1}{2} | \hat{\mathcal{H}}_I | s_Q \otimes \frac{1}{2} \rangle, \quad C_{\frac{3}{2}} \equiv \langle s_Q \otimes \frac{3}{2} | \hat{\mathcal{H}}_I | s_Q \otimes \frac{3}{2} \rangle,$$

$$\hookrightarrow \Sigma_c^{(*)} \bar{D}^{(*)} \rightarrow \Lambda_c \bar{D}^{(*)}:$$

$$C'_{\frac{1}{2}} \equiv \langle s_Q \otimes \frac{1}{2} | \hat{\mathcal{H}}_I | s_Q \otimes \frac{1}{2} \rangle = \langle s_Q \otimes \frac{1}{2} | \hat{\mathcal{H}}_I | s_Q \otimes \frac{1}{2} \rangle'.$$

$$\hookrightarrow \Lambda_c \bar{D}^{(*)} \rightarrow \Lambda_c \bar{D}^{(*)}:$$

$$C''_{\frac{1}{2}} \equiv \langle s_Q \otimes \frac{1}{2} | \hat{\mathcal{H}}_I | s_Q \otimes \frac{1}{2} \rangle',$$

- ▶ $J/\psi p$ ($\eta_c p$) **Heavy-Light** spin decomposition:

$$|J/\psi p\rangle \begin{cases} S\text{-wave} : |1 \otimes \frac{1}{2}\rangle \\ D\text{-wave} : |1 \otimes \frac{3}{2}\rangle \end{cases}, \quad |\eta_c p\rangle \begin{cases} S\text{-wave} : |0 \otimes \frac{1}{2}\rangle \\ D\text{-wave} : |0 \otimes \frac{3}{2}\rangle \end{cases}.$$

- ▶ $\Sigma_c^{(*)} \bar{D}^{(*)} \rightarrow J/\psi p$ ($\eta_c p$):

$$g_S \equiv \langle 1 \otimes \frac{1}{2} | \hat{\mathcal{H}}_I | J/\psi p \rangle_S = \langle 0 \otimes \frac{1}{2} | \hat{\mathcal{H}}_I | \eta_c p \rangle_S,$$

$$g_D k^2 \equiv \langle 1 \otimes \frac{3}{2} | \hat{\mathcal{H}}_I | J/\psi p \rangle_D = \langle 0 \otimes \frac{3}{2} | \hat{\mathcal{H}}_I | \eta_c p \rangle_D$$

Contact potentials

$$V_{C_{\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{1}{2}-}} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{3}C_{\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{2}{3}C_{\frac{3}{2}} & \frac{2}{3\sqrt{3}}C_{\frac{1}{2}} - \frac{2}{3\sqrt{3}}C_{\frac{3}{2}} & \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}C_{\frac{1}{2}} - \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}C_{\frac{3}{2}} & 0 & \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}C'_{\frac{1}{2}} \\ \frac{2}{3\sqrt{3}}C_{\frac{1}{2}} - \frac{2}{3\sqrt{3}}C_{\frac{3}{2}} & \frac{7}{9}C_{\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{2}{9}C_{\frac{3}{2}} & -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{9}C_{\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{9}C_{\frac{3}{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}C'_{\frac{1}{2}} & \frac{2}{3}C'_{\frac{1}{2}} \\ \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}C_{\frac{1}{2}} - \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}C_{\frac{3}{2}} & -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{9}C_{\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{9}C_{\frac{3}{2}} & \frac{8}{9}C_{\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{1}{9}C_{\frac{3}{2}} & -\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}C'_{\frac{1}{2}} & \frac{\sqrt{2}}{3}C'_{\frac{1}{2}} \\ 0 & \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}C'_{\frac{1}{2}} & -\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}C'_{\frac{1}{2}} & C''_{\frac{1}{2}} & 0 \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}C'_{\frac{1}{2}} & \frac{2}{3}C'_{\frac{1}{2}} & \frac{\sqrt{2}}{3}C'_{\frac{1}{2}} & 0 & C''_{\frac{1}{2}} \end{pmatrix},$$

$$V_{C_{\frac{3}{2}}^{\frac{3}{2}-}} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{9}C_{\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{8}{9}C_{\frac{3}{2}} & -\frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}}C_{\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}}C_{\frac{3}{2}} & -\frac{\sqrt{5}}{9}C_{\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{\sqrt{5}}{9}C_{\frac{3}{2}} & -\frac{1}{3}C'_{\frac{1}{2}} \\ -\frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}}C_{\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}}C_{\frac{3}{2}} & \frac{1}{3}C_{\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{2}{3}C_{\frac{3}{2}} & +\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{\frac{5}{3}}C_{\frac{1}{2}} - \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{\frac{5}{3}}C_{\frac{3}{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}C'_{\frac{1}{2}} \\ -\frac{\sqrt{5}}{9}C_{\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{\sqrt{5}}{9}C_{\frac{3}{2}} & \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{\frac{5}{3}}C_{\frac{1}{2}} - \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{\frac{5}{3}}C_{\frac{3}{2}} & \frac{5}{9}C_{\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{4}{9}C_{\frac{3}{2}} & \frac{\sqrt{5}}{3}C'_{\frac{1}{2}} \\ -\frac{1}{3}C'_{\frac{1}{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}C'_{\frac{1}{2}} & \frac{\sqrt{5}}{3}C'_{\frac{1}{2}} & C''_{\frac{1}{2}} \end{pmatrix},$$

$$V_{C_{\frac{3}{2}}^{\frac{5}{2}-}} = C_{\frac{3}{2}}.$$

channels

J^P	<i>S</i> -wave
$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ - \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}^-$	$\Sigma_c \bar{D}, \Sigma_c \bar{D}^*, \Sigma_c^* \bar{D}^*, \Lambda_c \bar{D}, \Lambda_c \bar{D}^*$
$\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ - \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}^-$	$\Sigma_c \bar{D}^*, \Sigma_c^* \bar{D}, \Sigma_c^* \bar{D}^*, \Lambda_c \bar{D}^*$
$\begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ - \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}^-$	$\Sigma_c^* \bar{D}^*$

J^P	<i>D</i> -wave
$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}^-$	$\Sigma_c \bar{D}^*, \Sigma_c^* \bar{D}, \Sigma_c^* \bar{D}_{\frac{3}{2}}^*, \Sigma_c^* \bar{D}_{\frac{5}{2}}^*, \Lambda_c \bar{D}^*$
$\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ - \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}^-$	$\Sigma_c \bar{D}, \Sigma_c \bar{D}_{\frac{1}{2}}^*, \Sigma_c \bar{D}_{\frac{3}{2}}^*, \Sigma_c^* \bar{D}, \Sigma_c^* \bar{D}_{\frac{1}{2}}^*, \Sigma_c^* \bar{D}_{\frac{3}{2}}^*, \Sigma_c^* \bar{D}_{\frac{5}{2}}^*, \Lambda_c \bar{D}, \Lambda_c \bar{D}_{\frac{1}{2}}^*, \Lambda_c \bar{D}_{\frac{3}{2}}^*$
$\begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ - \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}^-$	$\Sigma_c \bar{D}, \Sigma_c \bar{D}_{\frac{1}{2}}^*, \Sigma_c \bar{D}_{\frac{3}{2}}^*, \Sigma_c^* \bar{D}, \Sigma_c^* \bar{D}_{\frac{1}{2}}^*, \Sigma_c^* \bar{D}_{\frac{3}{2}}^*, \Sigma_c^* \bar{D}_{\frac{5}{2}}^*, \Lambda_c \bar{D}, \Lambda_c \bar{D}_{\frac{1}{2}}^*, \Lambda_c \bar{D}_{\frac{3}{2}}^*$

Next-leading order (NLO) effective Lagrangian

$$\begin{aligned}
\mathcal{L}_{\text{NLO}} = & -D_a^{SS} \left(\partial^i \vec{S}_{ab}^\dagger \cdot \vec{S}_{ba} \langle \partial^i \bar{H}_c^\dagger \bar{H}_c \rangle + \vec{S}_{ab}^\dagger \cdot \partial^i \vec{S}_{ba} \langle \bar{H}_c^\dagger \partial^i \bar{H}_c \rangle \right) \\
& -D_b^{SS} i \epsilon_{jik} \left(\partial^\ell S_{ab}^{j\dagger} S_{ba}^k \langle \partial^\ell \bar{H}_c^\dagger \sigma^i \bar{H}_c \rangle + S_{ab}^{j\dagger} \partial^\ell S_{ba}^k \langle \bar{H}_c^\dagger \sigma^i \partial^\ell \bar{H}_c \rangle \right) \\
& -D_b^{SD} i \epsilon_{jik} \left[\partial_i S_j^\dagger S_k \langle \partial_\ell \bar{H}^\dagger \sigma_\ell \bar{H} \rangle + \partial_\ell S_j^\dagger S_k \langle \partial_i \bar{H}^\dagger \sigma_\ell \bar{H} \rangle - \frac{2}{3} \partial_\ell S_j^\dagger S_k \langle \partial_\ell \bar{H}^\dagger \sigma_i \bar{H} \rangle \right. \\
& \left. + S_j^\dagger \partial_i S_k \langle \bar{H}^\dagger \sigma_\ell \partial_\ell \bar{H} \rangle + S_j^\dagger \partial_\ell S_k \langle \bar{H}^\dagger \sigma_\ell \partial_i \bar{H} \rangle - \frac{2}{3} S_j^\dagger \partial_\ell S_k \langle \bar{H}^\dagger \partial_\ell \sigma_i \bar{H} \rangle \right] \\
& + \frac{4}{3} \sqrt{2} D_c^{SD} \left[\partial^i S_{ab}^{i\dagger} T_{ca} \langle \partial^j \bar{H}_c^\dagger \sigma^j \bar{H}_b \rangle + \partial^j S_{ab}^{i\dagger} T_{ca} \langle \partial^i \bar{H}_c^\dagger \sigma^j \bar{H}_b \rangle - \frac{2}{3} \partial^j S_{ab}^{i\dagger} T_{ca} \langle \partial^j \bar{H}_c^\dagger \sigma^i \bar{H}_b \rangle \right. \\
& - \partial^i T_{ca}^\dagger S_{ab}^i \langle \partial^j \bar{H}_b^\dagger \sigma^j \bar{H}_c \rangle - \partial^j T_{ca}^\dagger S_{ab}^i \langle \partial^i \bar{H}_b^\dagger \sigma^j \bar{H}_c \rangle + \frac{2}{3} \partial^j T_{ca}^\dagger S_{ab}^i \langle \partial^j \bar{H}_b^\dagger \sigma^i \bar{H}_c \rangle \\
& \left. + S_{ab}^{i\dagger} \partial^i T_{ca} \langle \bar{H}_c^\dagger \sigma^j \partial^j \bar{H}_b \rangle + S_{ab}^{i\dagger} \partial^j T_{ca} \langle \bar{H}_c^\dagger \sigma^j \partial^i \bar{H}_b \rangle - \frac{2}{3} S_{ab}^{i\dagger} \partial^j T_{ca} \langle \bar{H}_c^\dagger \sigma^i \partial^j \bar{H}_b \rangle \right. \\
& \left. - T_{ca}^\dagger \partial^i S_{ab}^i \langle \bar{H}_b^\dagger \sigma^j \partial^j \bar{H}_c \rangle - T_{ca}^\dagger \partial^j S_{ab}^i \langle \bar{H}_b^\dagger \sigma^j \partial^i \bar{H}_c \rangle + \frac{2}{3} T_{ca}^\dagger \partial^j S_{ab}^i \langle \bar{H}_b^\dagger \sigma^i \partial^j \bar{H}_c \rangle \right] \\
& + D_d^{SS} \left(\partial^i T_{ab}^\dagger T_{ba} \langle \partial^i \bar{H}_c^\dagger \bar{H}_c \rangle + T_{ab}^\dagger \partial^i T_{ba} \langle \bar{H}_c^\dagger \partial^i \bar{H}_c \rangle \right)
\end{aligned} \tag{4}$$

NLO contact potential

$$V_{\text{NLO}}^J(p, p') = \begin{pmatrix} (p^2 + p'^2)V_{SS}^J & p'^2 V_{SD}^J \\ p^2 (V_{SD}^J)^T & 0 \end{pmatrix}.$$

$$V_{SD}^{\frac{1}{2}} = -\frac{128}{3} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{D_b^{SD}}{4\sqrt{6}} & 0 & -\frac{D_b^{SD}}{8\sqrt{30}} & -\frac{1}{8}\sqrt{\frac{3}{10}}D_b^{SD} & \frac{D_c^{SD}}{8\sqrt{3}} \\ -\frac{D_b^{SD}}{12\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{D_b^{SD}}{8\sqrt{6}} & \frac{D_b^{SD}}{6\sqrt{10}} & -\frac{D_b^{SD}}{8\sqrt{10}} & -\frac{D_c^{SD}}{24} \\ \frac{D_b^{SD}}{48} & -\frac{D_b^{SD}}{16\sqrt{3}} & \frac{7D_b^{SD}}{48\sqrt{5}} & \frac{D_b^{SD}}{8\sqrt{5}} & -\frac{D_c^{SD}}{24\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{D_c^{SD}}{8\sqrt{3}} & 0 & \frac{D_c^{SD}}{8\sqrt{15}} & \frac{1}{8}\sqrt{\frac{3}{5}}D_c^{SD} & 0 \\ -\frac{D_c^{SD}}{24} & \frac{D_c^{SD}}{8\sqrt{3}} & -\frac{D_c^{SD}}{6\sqrt{5}} & \frac{D_c^{SD}}{8\sqrt{5}} & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Scheme I: pure contact potentials w/o $\Lambda_c \bar{D}^{(*)}$

