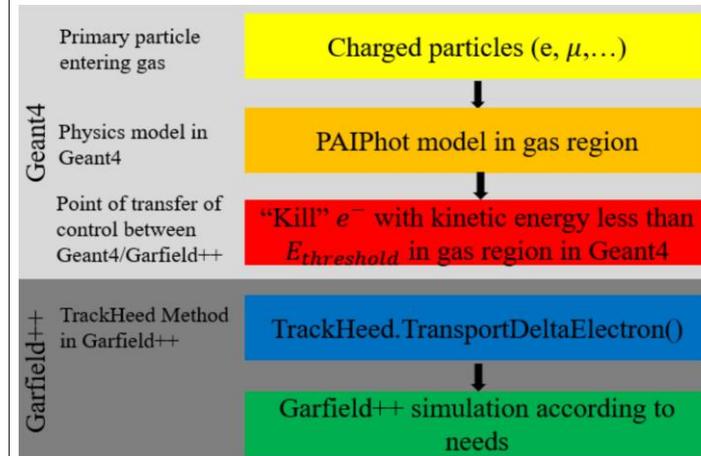
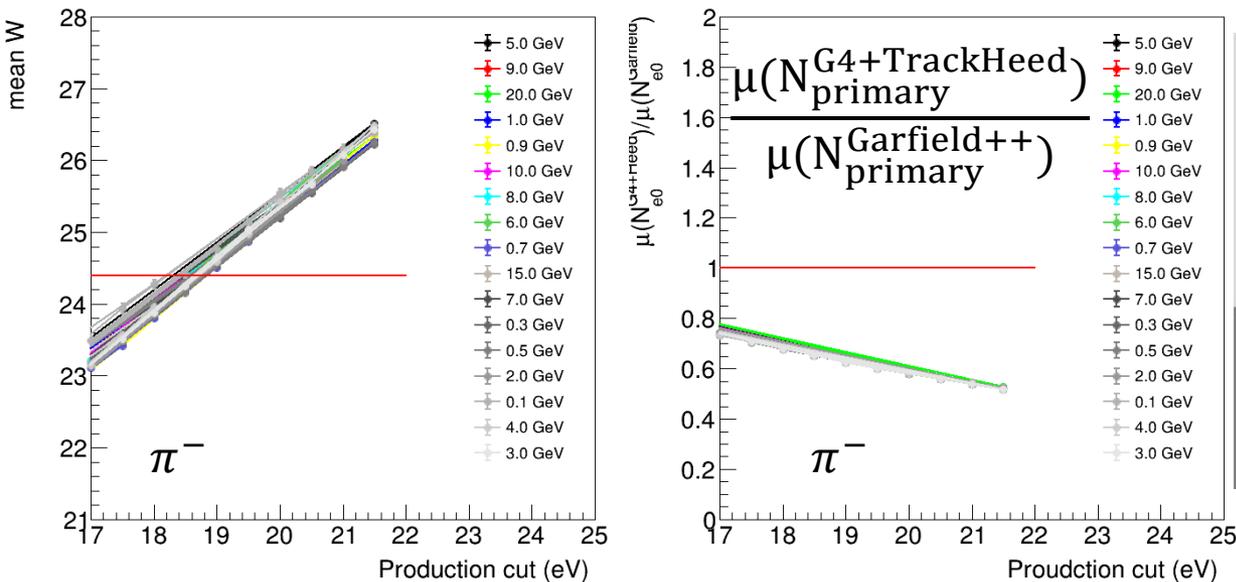


dN/dx Simulation

Previous design:

- Using Geant4 PAI model for ionization simulation, and transfer electron (or photon) with kinetic energy less than E_{transfer} (~ few keV) to TrackHeed for delta electron (or photon) simulation using TransportDeltaElectron() (or TransportPhoton())
- However, after some studies, we find the number of primary electrons generated by Geant4 PAI model is much less than Garfield++ standalone simulation



- The author of the Geant4/Garfield++ interface said this method is designed to get correct energy deposit, but not the number of primary ionization electrons. She also see the deficit of primary ionization electrons from Geant4 PAI simulation.

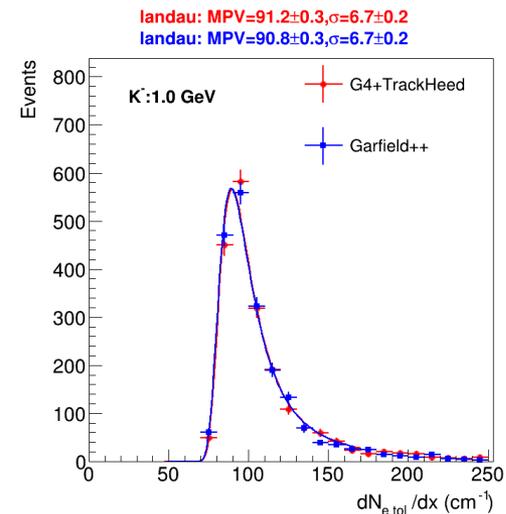
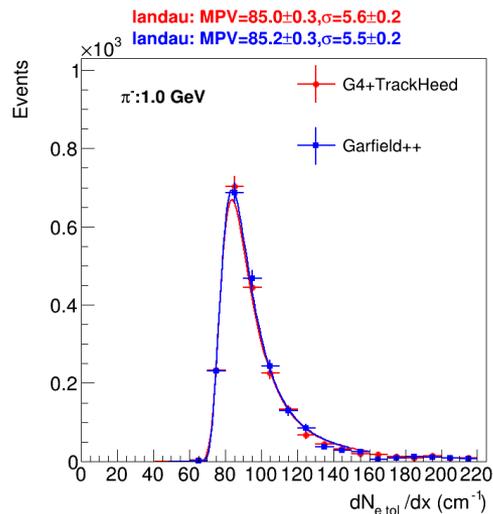
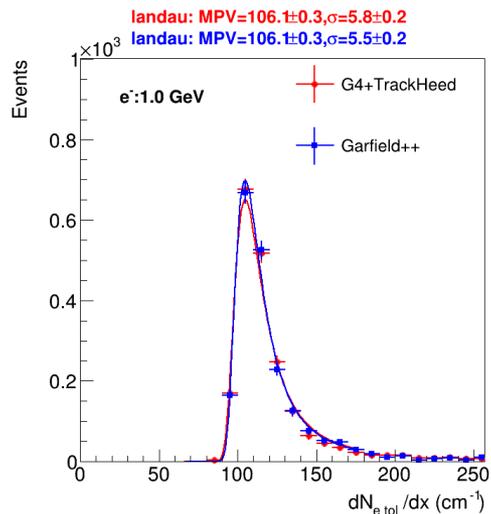
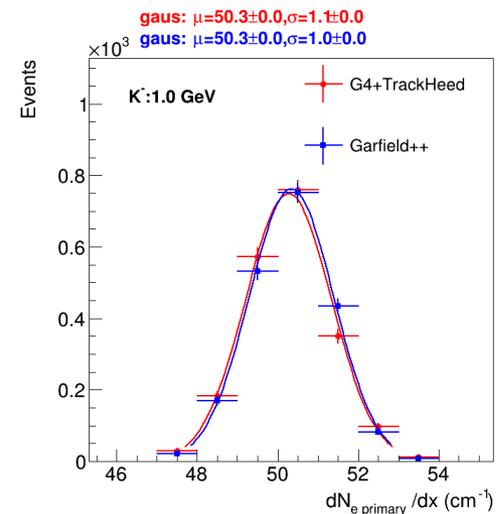
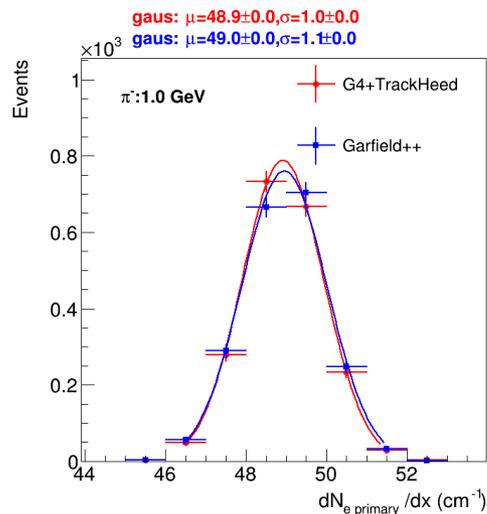
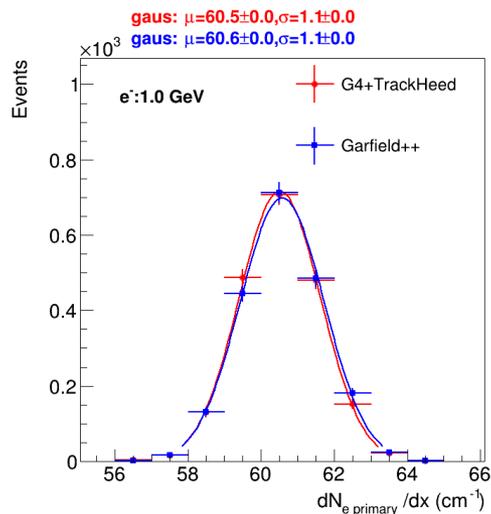
dN/dx Simulation

❑ New design:

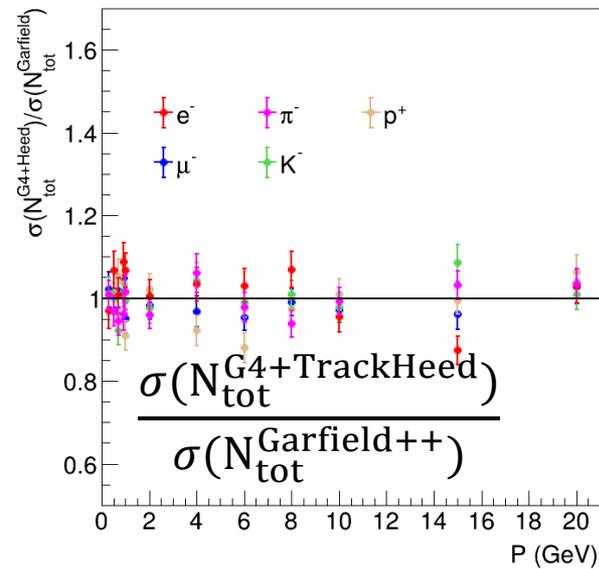
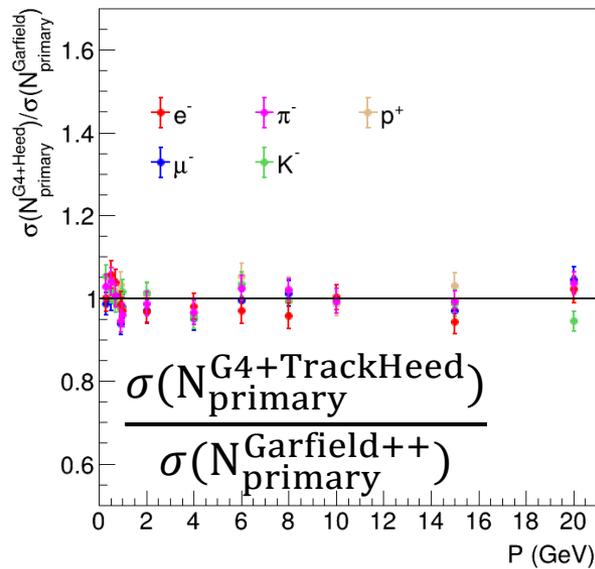
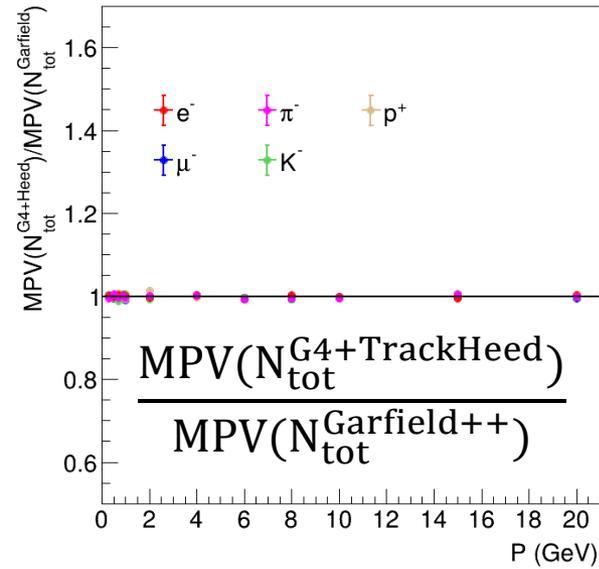
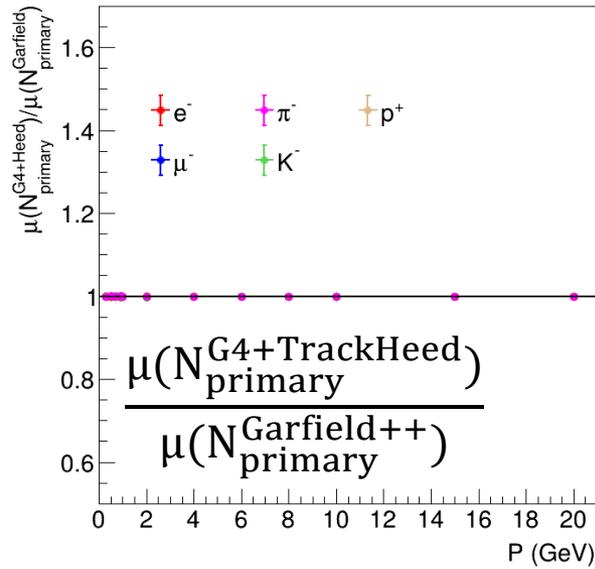
- ❑ Using dE/dx simulation tool interface and develop a tool for ionization simulation using G4Step information
- ❑ For each G4Step, using TrackHeed to do ionization simulation (same as Garfield++)
- ❑ In order to speed by this method, some G4Steps form one track can be merged and do one step ionization simulation
- ❑ In order to use TrackHeed to do one desired step length simulation, one API is added to Heed and HeedTrack (send the change part to author of Garfield++ for comments)
- ❑ The produced ionized electrons are saved in SimTrackerHitCollection (the m_Quality is used to distinguish primary electron (the cluster) and total ionized electron)
- ❑ Updating the kinetic energy of G4Track considering its energy loss in TrackHeed simulation
- ❑ Set MC Particle (just primary) to ionized electron
- ❑ To be finished: using x,y,z of ionized electron to get cell id

dN/dx Simulation

- Gas: 50% He + 50 % C₄H₁₀
- Length: 0.5 m



dN/dx Simulation



Back up

dN/dx Simulation

In DCHFastSimG4Model:

- “kill” electron and photon when its KineticEnergy < **E_transfer** (few keV)
- The information of “killed” electron and photon is saved in SimTrackerHitCollection (the m_Quality is used to distinguish electron or photon)

In DigiGarfieldAlg:

- Using TrackHeed.TransportDeltaElectron() to simulate “killed” electron
- Using TrackHeed.TransportPhoton() to simulate “killed” photon
- ❖ Should the simulation of induced current be done in this algorithm ?
 - Using Garfield++:
 - Slow
 - GaudiHive: need support EDM4HEP read and write
 - Parameterization or sampling:
 - Fast
 - For each ionized electron, parameterizing (or sampling) induced current wave form
- Is it possible to get cell id (or signal wire position) from (x,y,z) ?

Event data model:

- Wave form: collection of TPC hit (m_CellID, m_Quality, m_Time, m_Charge) ?
- Peaks: collection of TPC hit ?

dN/dx Simulation

arXiv:1806.05880v1

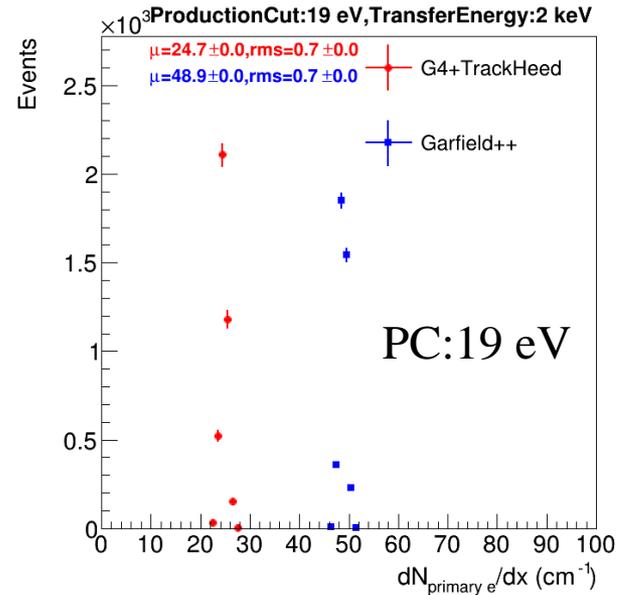
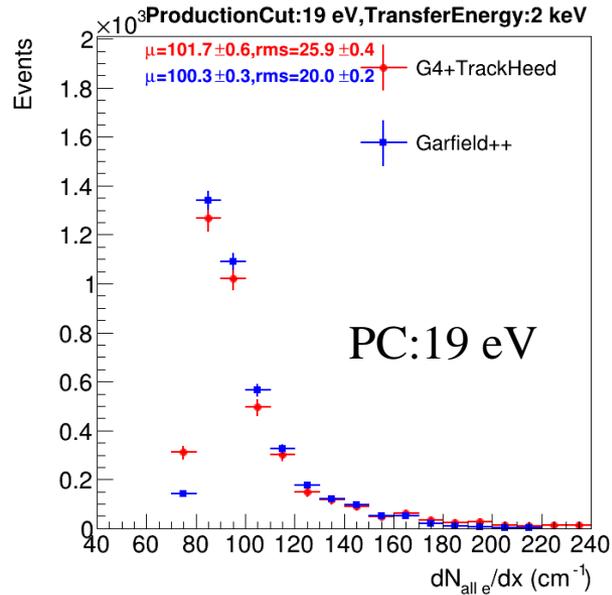


Table 1: Optimal lower production cut values for different ratios production cut (eV)

f	He/isoButane (He)	Ar/CO ₂ (CO ₂)
0	18.71 ± 0.01	20.7 ± 0.01
0.1	18.74 ± 0.01	20.89 ± 0.01
0.2	18.79 ± 0.01	21.11 ± 0.01
0.3	18.84 ± 0.01	21.35 ± 0.01
0.4	18.92 ± 0.01	21.62 ± 0.01
0.5	19.01 ± 0.01	21.88 ± 0.01
0.6	19.17 ± 0.01	22.16 ± 0.01
0.7	19.45 ± 0.01	22.48 ± 0.01
0.8	20.07 ± 0.01	22.75 ± 0.01
0.85	20.86 ± 0.01	-
0.9	21.95 ± 0.01	23.12 ± 0.01
0.95	25.19 ± 0.01	-
1	30.54 ± 0.01	23.48 ± 0.01

Optimized production cut for
2 keV energy threshold

- Simulate 1 GeV π^-
- Gas: 50% He + 50% C₄H₁₀
- TrackHeed:
 - Cluster density: 47.403 cm⁻¹
 - Stopping power (restricted): 2.33135 keV/cm
 - Stopping power (incl. tail): 2.46105 keV/cm
 - W value: 24.3944 eV
 - Fano factor: 0.19
 - Min. ionization potential: 10.55 eV

- The number of all ionized electron looks similar. Try to tune the production cut and transfer energy to see if one can get better agreement
- Number of primary ionized electron has large difference:
 - G4: N_{primary e} is number of electrons whose mother particle is injected particle
 - Garfield++: N_{primary e} equals number of cluster

Production cut

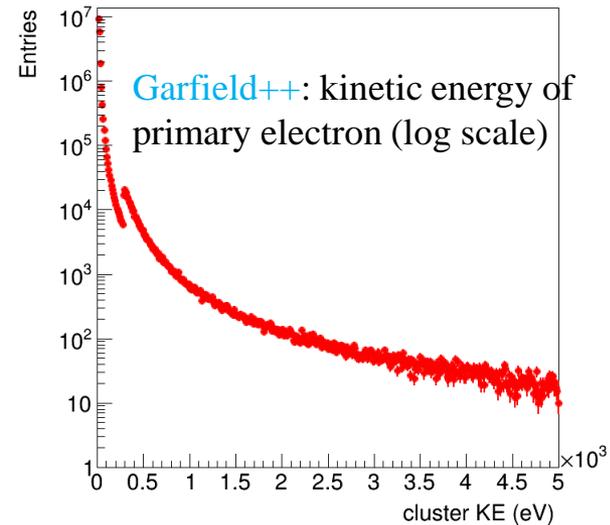
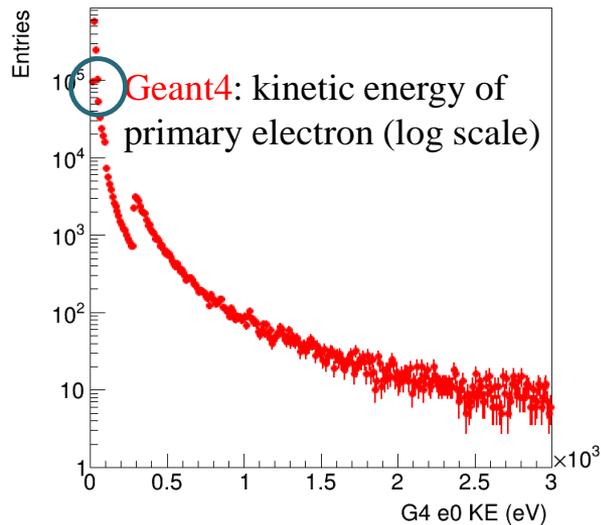
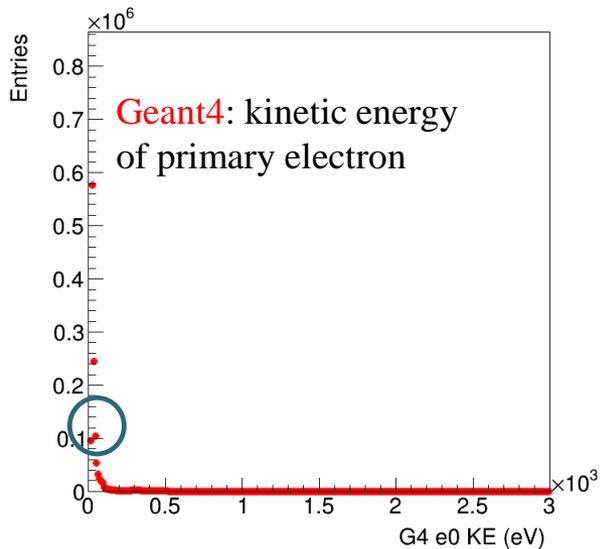
```
G4ProductionCutsTable::GetProductionCutsTable()->SetEnergyRange(fPAIEnergyCut,100*unit::GeV);
G4Region *region = G4RegionStore::GetInstance()->GetRegion("RegionGarfield");
G4ProductionCuts * cuts = new G4ProductionCuts();

// By setting the range to 0 * mm, the actual production cut in RegionGarfield will be same w.
cuts->SetProductionCut(0., G4ProductionCuts::GetIndex("gamma"));
cuts->SetProductionCut(0., G4ProductionCuts::GetIndex("e-"));
cuts->SetProductionCut(0., G4ProductionCuts::GetIndex("e+"));

if (region) {
    region->SetProductionCuts(cuts);
}
```

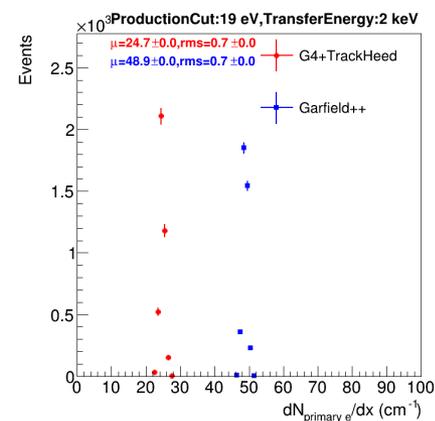
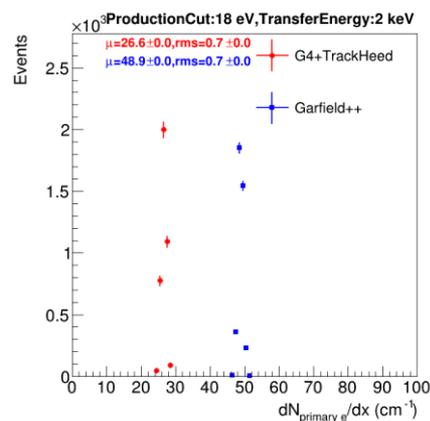
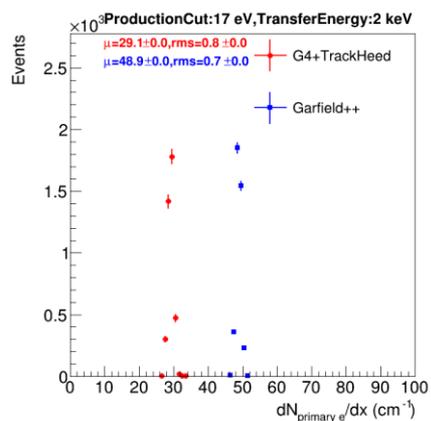
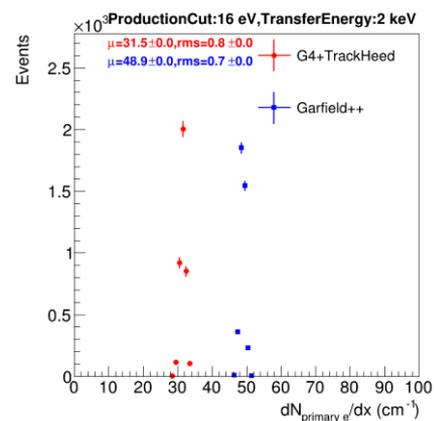
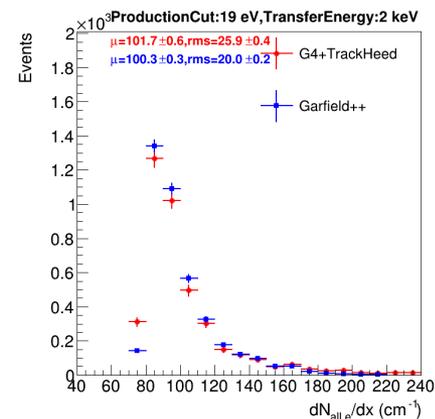
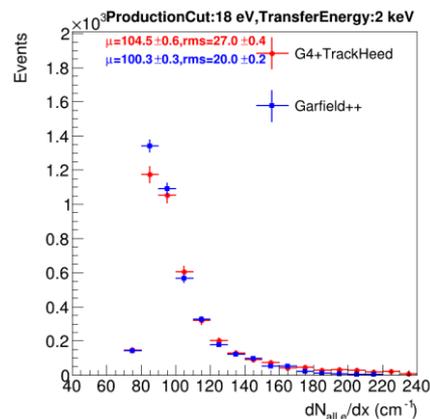
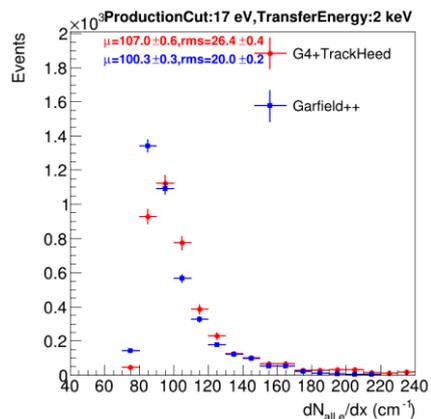
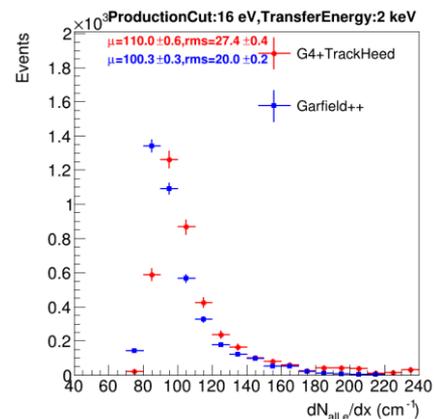
From COMET

dN/dx Simulation

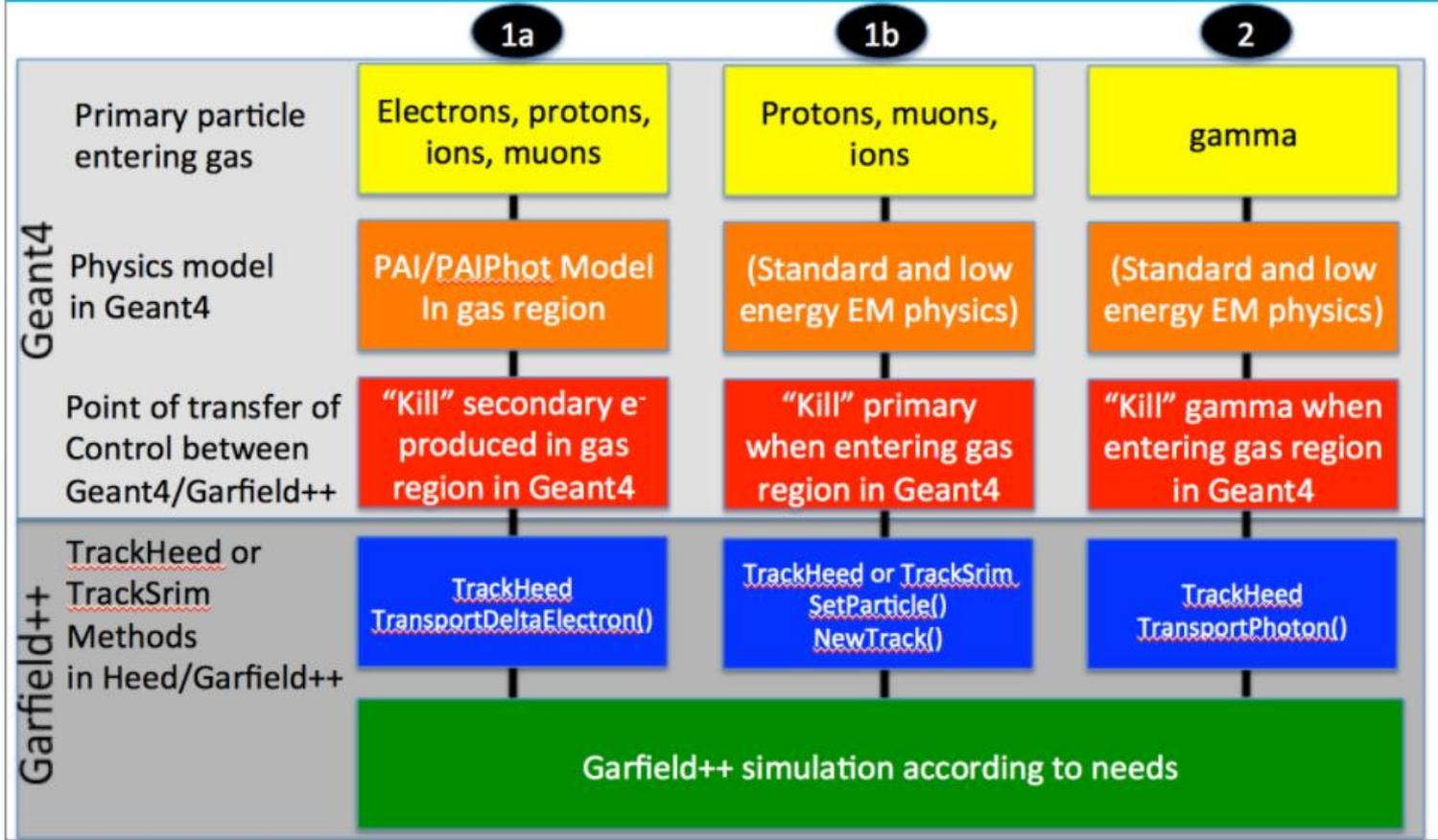


- ❖ Comparing with Garfield++, the first bin (0-10 eV) for Geant4 one seems abnormal !

dN/dx Simulation

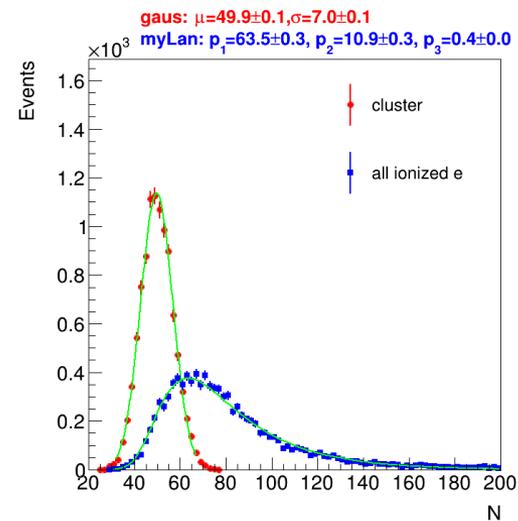
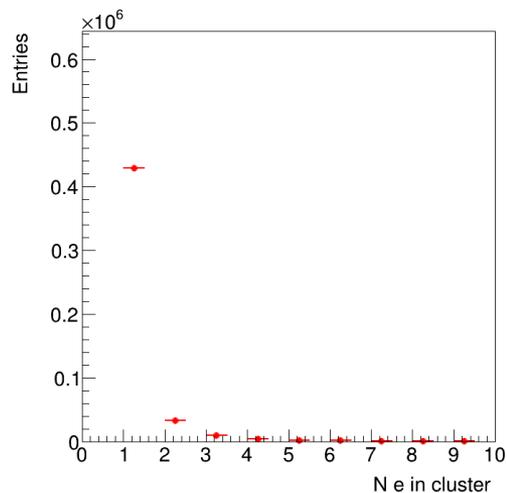
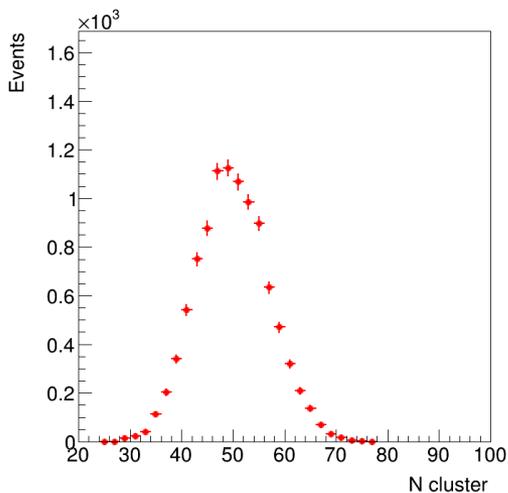
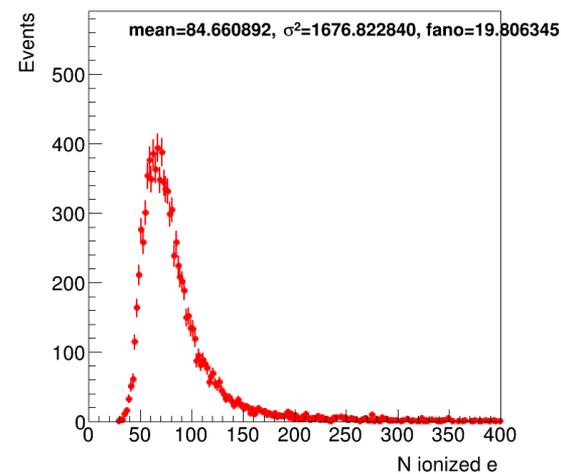
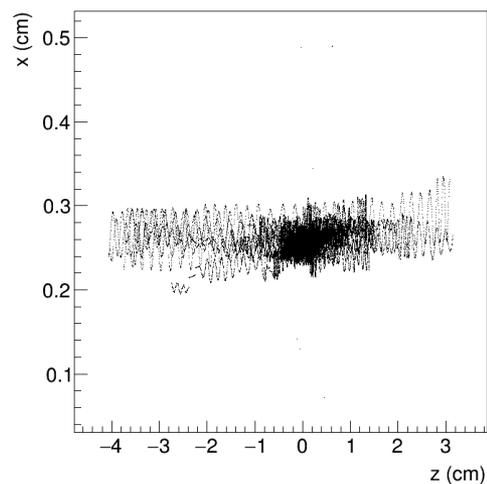
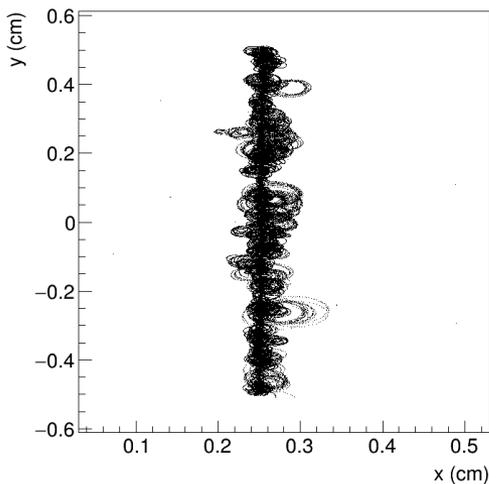


Task division Geant4/Garfield++



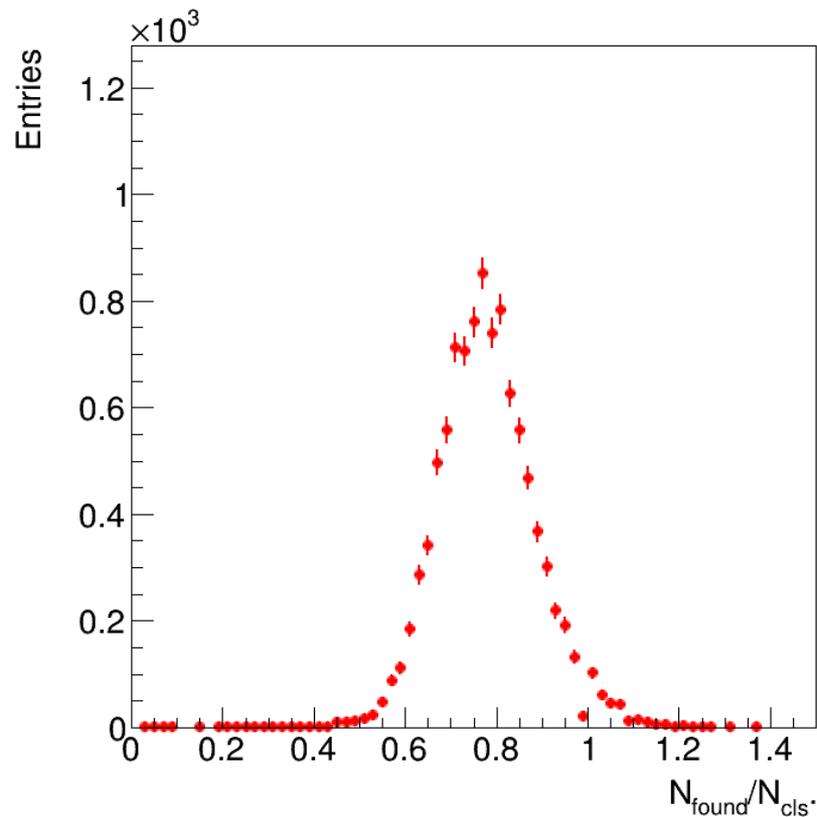
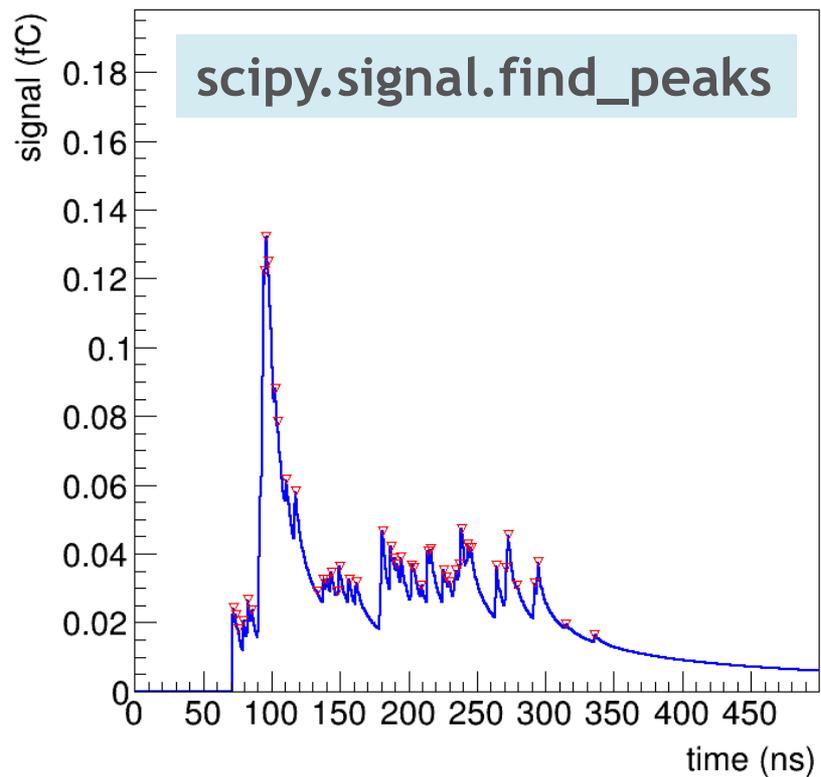
Garfield++ alone

- Cell size 1×1 cm (1 signal wire around by 8 field wires)
- π^- momentum 1 GeV

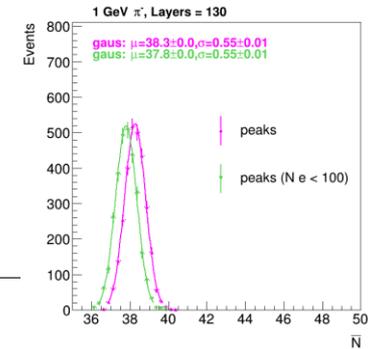
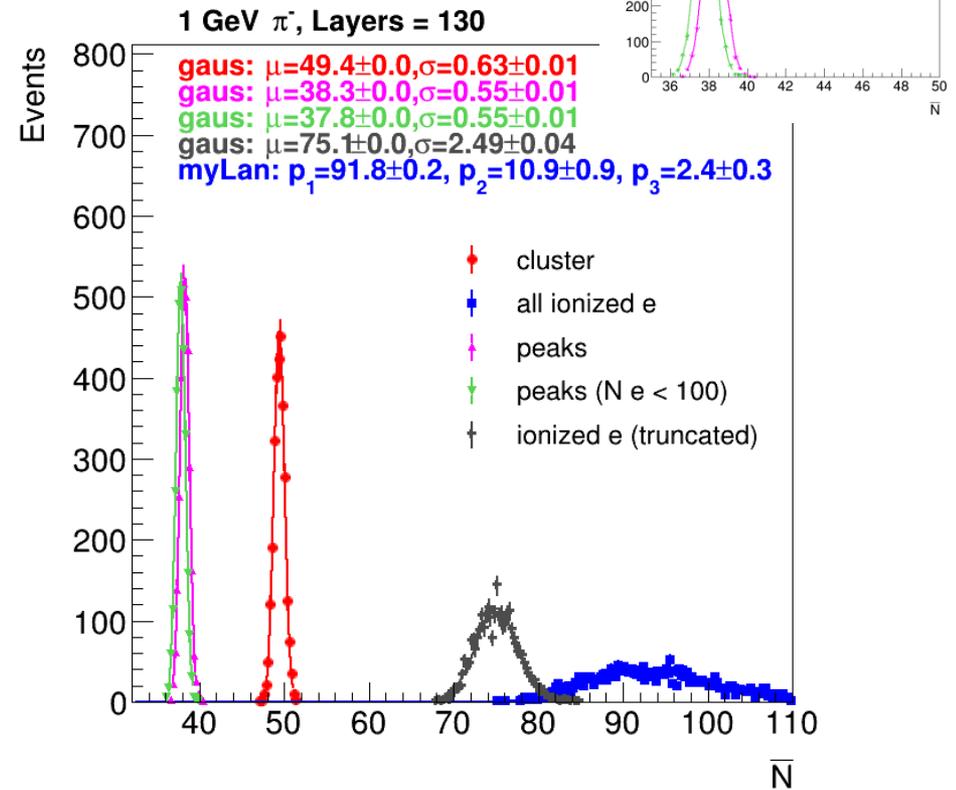
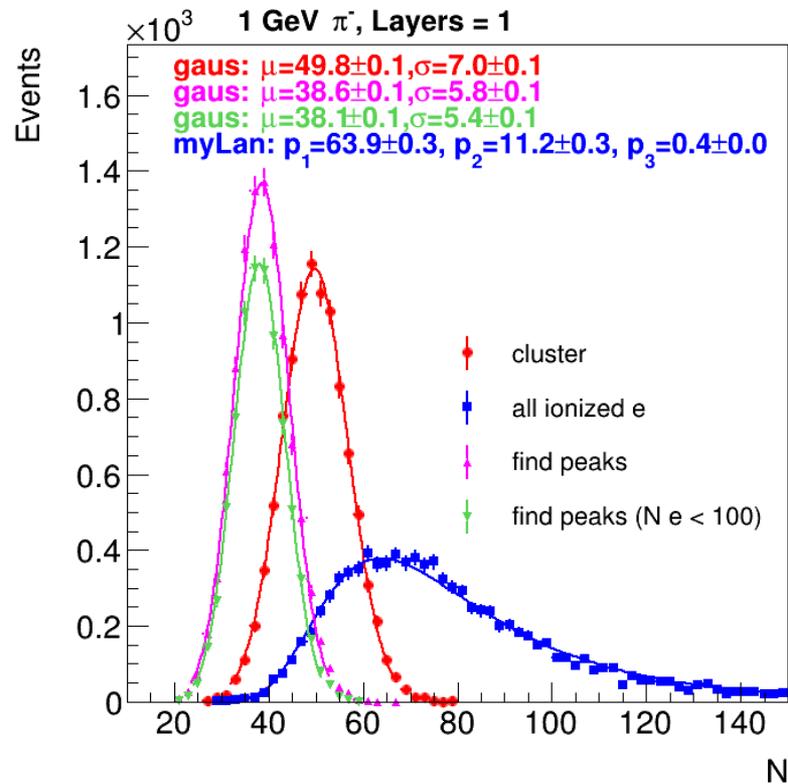


Garfield++ alone

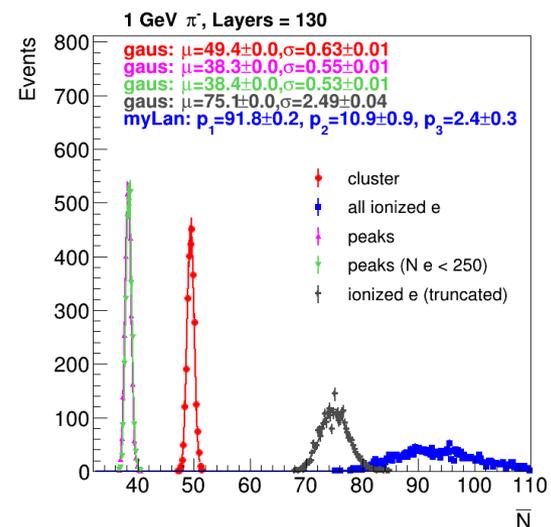
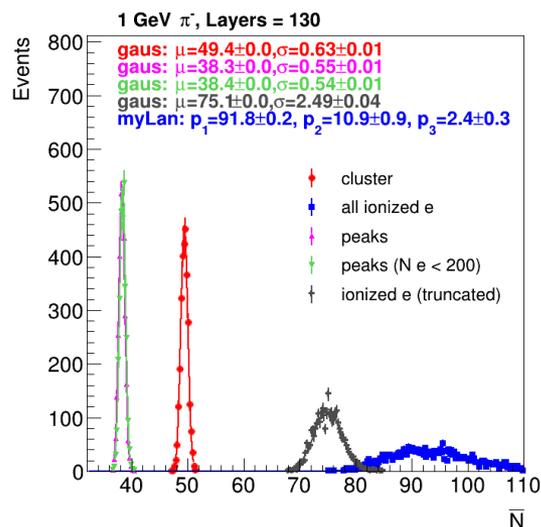
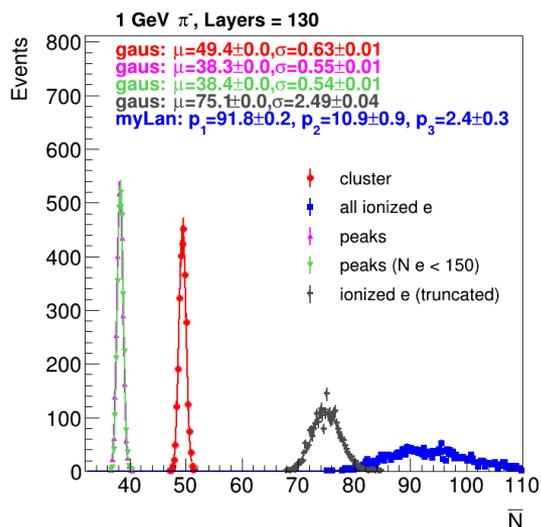
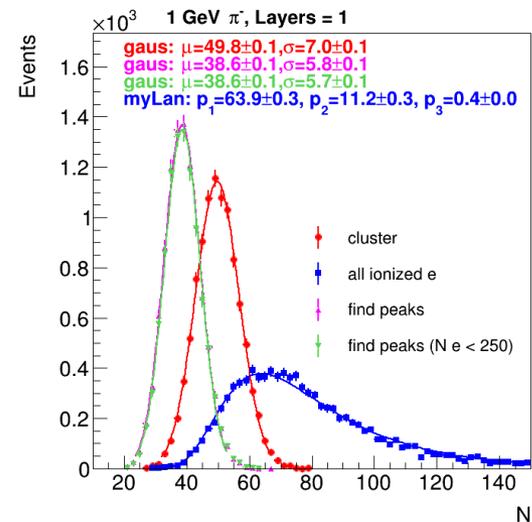
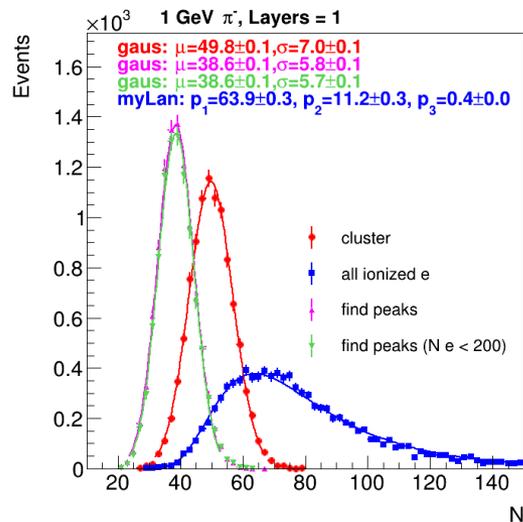
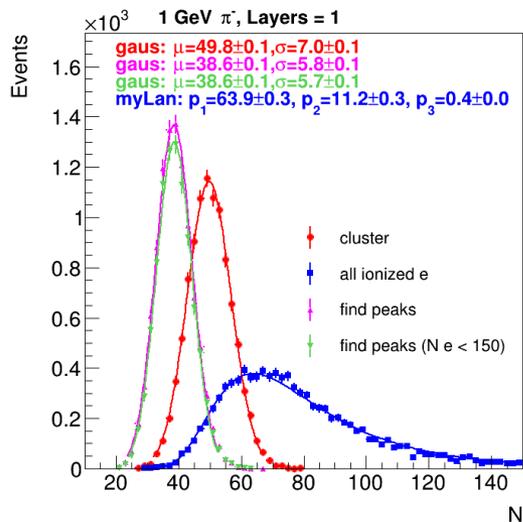
- Simulate drift and avalanche of ionized electrons using Garfield++
- Do peak finding



Garfield++ alone

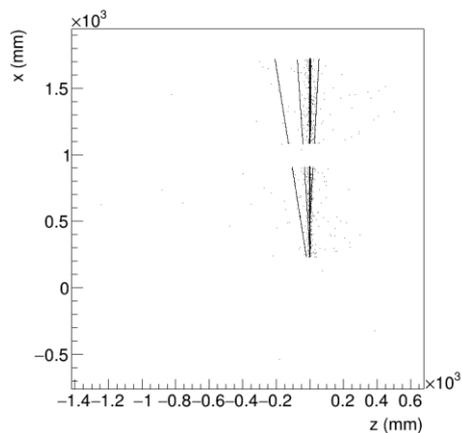


Garfield++ alone

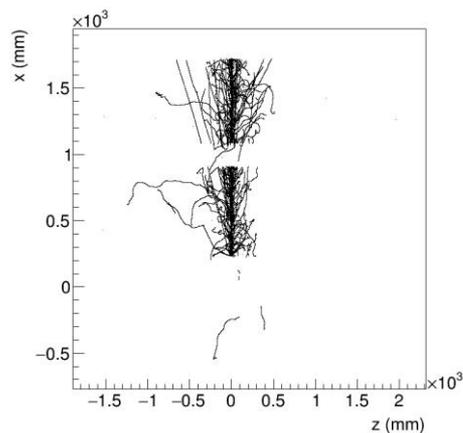


Geant4 + Garfield++

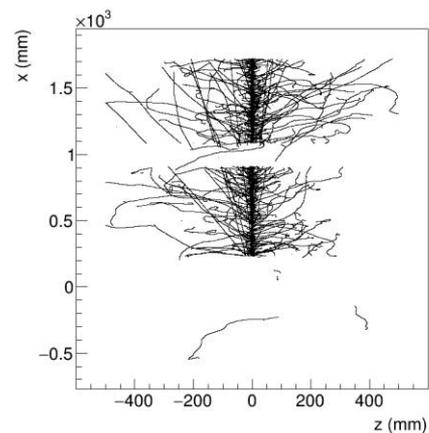
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- Transfer energy threshold: 500 eV
- π^- momentum 1 GeV



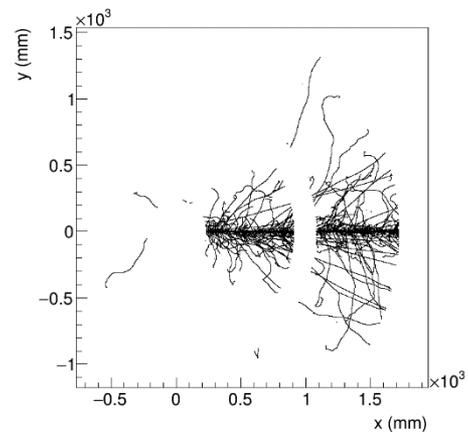
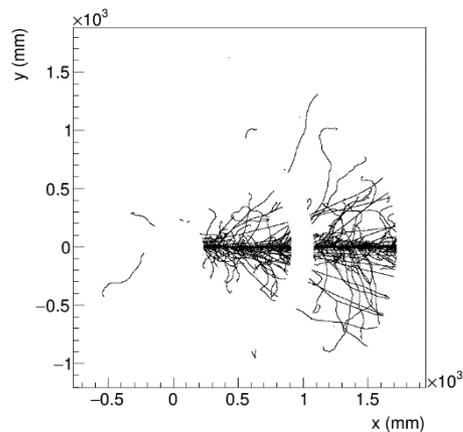
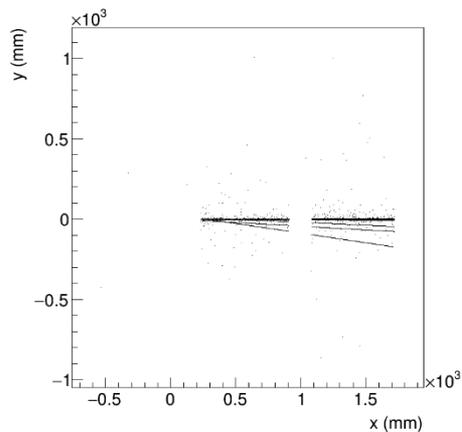
G4 e primary



G4 e secondary



All electrons



Geant4 + Garfield++

- Production cut: 19.01 eV
- Transfer energy threshold: 500 eV
- 1 GeV π^-

