

Observation of TeV gamma ray emissions from PeV sources with the LHAASO-WCDA

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Outline

- Introduce
- Significance estimate
- Data and method validation
- Significance of some sources
- LHAASO J1908+0621
- LHAASO J2226+6057

Introduce

Twelve gamma ray sources have been detected **above 100 TeV** by half array of the LHAASO-**KM2A**

Revealing that many **PeVatrons** exist in the galaxy.

LHAASO-**WCDA** turns **more sensitive** than KM2A **at TeV energy range**

source name	R.A. (°)	dec (°)	Significance (σ) above 100 TeV	E_{Max} (PeV)	Flux (\pm error) (CU) at 100 TeV
LHAASO J0534+2202	83.55	22.05	17.8	0.88 ± 0.11	1.00(0.14)
LHAASO J1825-1326	276.45	-13.45	16.4	0.42 ± 0.16	3.57(0.52)
LHAASO J1839-0545	279.95	-5.75	7.7	0.21 ± 0.05	0.70(0.18)
LHAASO J1843-0338	280.75	-3.65	8.5	$0.26^{+0.16}_{-0.10}$	0.73(0.17)
LHAASO J1849-0003	282.35	-0.05	10.4	0.35 ± 0.07	0.74(0.15)
LHAASO J1908+0621	287.05	6.35	17.2	0.44 ± 0.05	1.36(0.18)
LHAASO J1929+1745	292.25	17.75	7.4	$0.71^{+0.16}_{-0.07}$	0.38(0.09)
LHAASO J1956+2845	299.05	28.75	7.4	0.42 ± 0.03	0.41(0.09)
LHAASO J2018+3651	304.75	36.85	10.4	0.27 ± 0.02	0.50(0.10)
LHAASO J2032+4102	308.05	41.05	10.5	1.42 ± 0.13	0.54(0.10)
LHAASO J2108+5157	317.15	51.95	8.3	0.43 ± 0.05	0.38(0.09)
LHAASO J2226+6057	336.75	60.95	13.6	0.57 ± 0.19	1.05(0.16)

•Wider spectral measurements provide more information to determine the nature of the source

Significance estimate

WCDA-1 sensitivity(>1TeV): $8\%I_{crab}$

Most of sources could be observed for one year operation of WCDA

Source	Zen_{min}	Flux($E^{-1}cm^{-2}s^{-1}$)	Significance 1pool ,2pool,3pool
Crab	7	$2.79 * 10^{-13} (\frac{E}{7TeV})^{-2.675-0.082*\log(\frac{E}{7TeV})}$	(60, 250, 416)
LHAASO J1825-1326	42	$1.72 * 10^{-11} (\frac{E}{1.16TeV})^{-2.38}$	(36, 151, 251)
LHAASO J1839-0545	35	$2.0 * 10^{-11} (\frac{E}{0.95TeV})^{-2.54}$	(23.5, 97.9, 162)
LHAASO J1843-0338	32	$9.14 * 10^{-12} (\frac{E}{1.87TeV})^{-2.15}$	(6.32, 26.3, 43.8)
LHAASO J1849-0003	29	$7.66 * 10^{-14} (\frac{E}{2.74TeV})^{-1.97}$	(1.21, 5.0, 8.4)
LHAASO J1908+0621	23	$2.06 * 10^{-12} (\frac{E}{2.06TeV})^{-2.26}$	(18.4, 76.8, 127)
LHAASO J1929+1745	12	$1.28 * 10^{-13} (\frac{E}{1.7TeV})^{-2.59}$	(0.73, *, *)
LHAASO J2018+3651	7	$7 * 10^{-14} (\frac{E}{10TeV})^{-2} \exp(-E/29TeV)$	(21.8, 91.15, 151)
LHAASO J2032+4102	12	$2 * 10^{-14} (\frac{E}{10TeV})^{-3.22}$	(36.9, 154, 256)

*Flux of sources is obtained by looking at the relevant article on the TeVCat website.

Data and method validation

Data:

wcda-1,201906-202002, live time: 190day
Reconstruction of version: Rc

Cut : compactness>16 for Y/P identification

Method :

Background estimation: equal zenith Angle method

Signal calculation : maximum likelihood

SED method : forward unfolding

$$\chi^2 = \sum_i^n \left(\frac{N_i^{obs} - N_i^{sim}}{\sigma_i^{obs}} \right)^2$$

Data and method validation

Signal calculation

Signal model: gaus2D (N_s , position, sigma)

Background model: hist2D obtained by equal zenith angle method

ML:

$$P_i = \frac{\lambda_i^{n_i}}{n_i!} e^{-\lambda_i}$$

$$n_i = n_s + n_b$$

$$\lambda_s = N_s' \frac{n_b^{i'} * \left(\sum_j^n \frac{dP}{d\Omega}(r) * n_b^{j'} \right)}{N_b^2 f_b^2} \frac{dP}{d\Omega}(r) \quad \left(\text{assumption } \frac{n_b^{i'}}{n_b^i} = k \frac{n_s^{i'}}{n_s^i} \right)$$

(*signal model correction*)

$L = \prod P_i$ $\xrightarrow{\text{Minimize } -2\ln L}$ **Get N_s , position, extension**

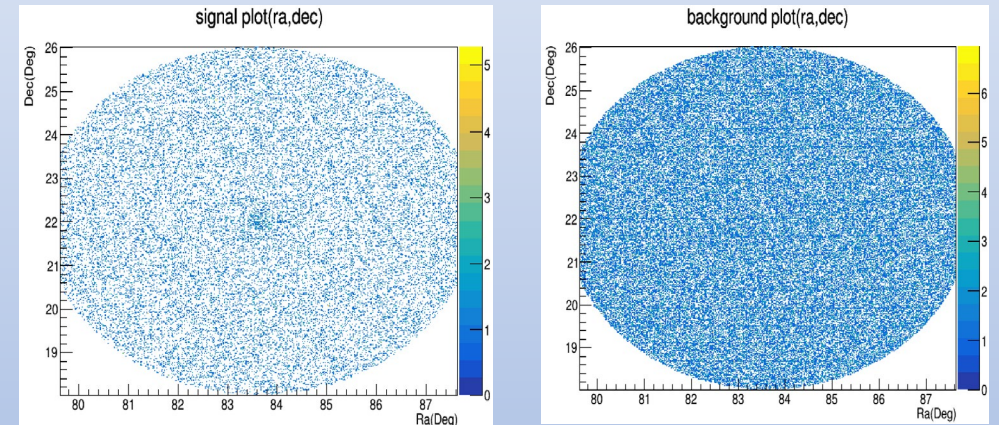
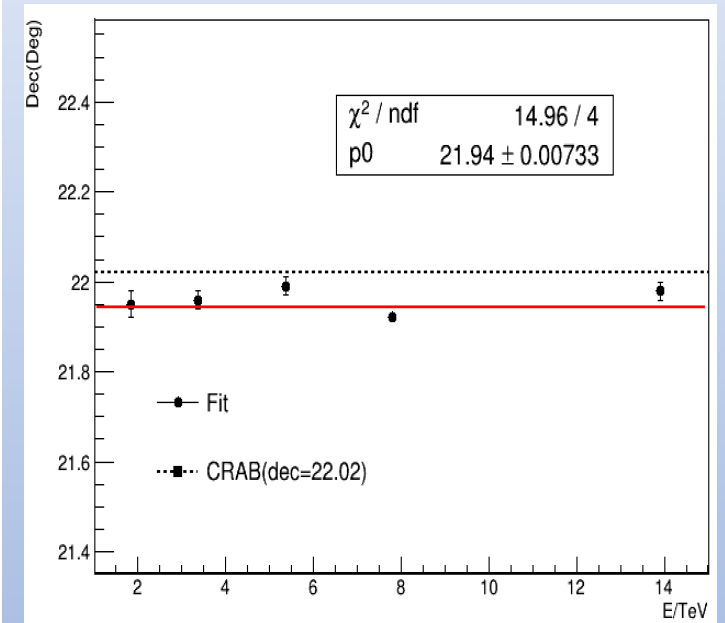
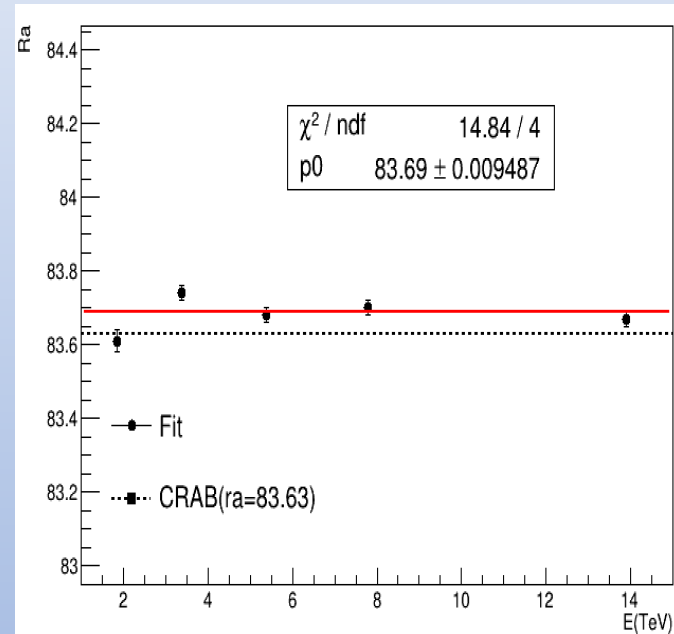
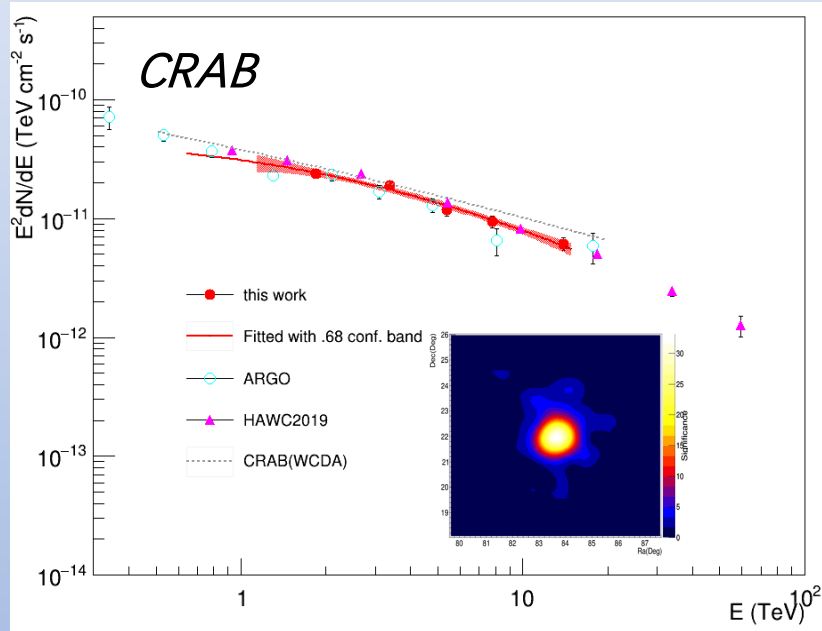


Fig. Data for fitting

Data and method validation

method validation

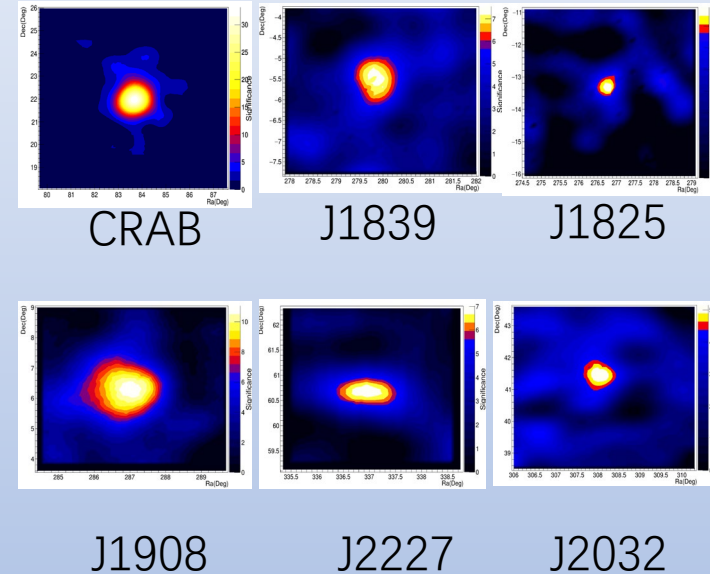
Data:201911-202002,Rc



Significance

Cut: $\text{ndet} > 100$ & $\text{compactness} > 16$

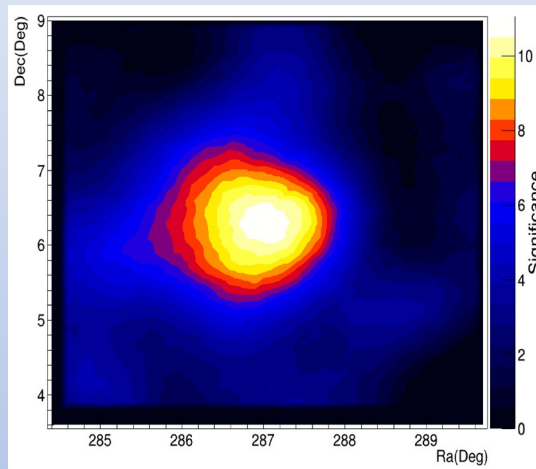
Source	Ra(Deg)	Dec (Deg)	\sqrt{TS}
CRAB	83.67 +/- 0.02	21.97 +/- 0.01	*33.0
J1908+0621	286.72 +/- 0.11	6.23 +/- 0.11	13.1
J2226+6057	336.95 +/- 0.13	60.67 +/- 0.06	7.0
J1839-0545	279.99 +/- 0.13	-5.47 +/- 0.17	7.5
J2032+4102	308.04 +/- 0.06	41.71 +/- 0.03	5.1
J1825-1326	276.83 +/- 0.03	-13.14 +/- 0.04	3.9



- As the statistics increase, some sources are expected to be seen

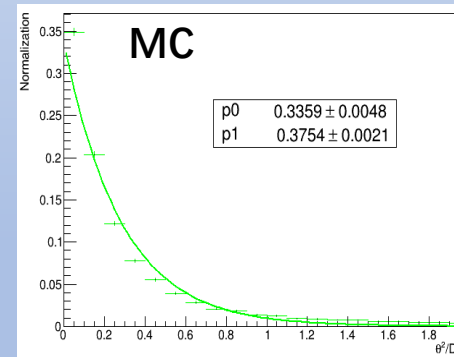
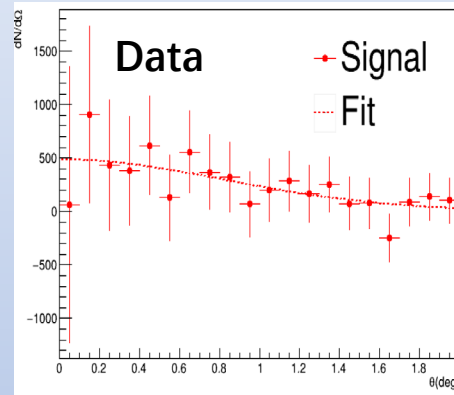
LHAASO J1908+0621

1.Signal

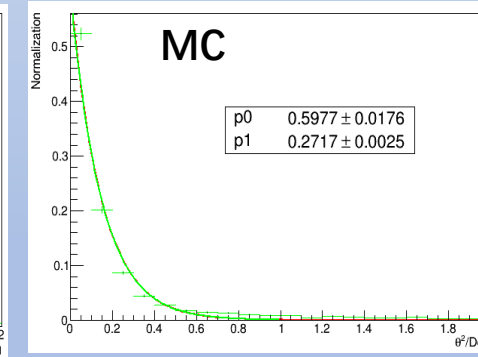
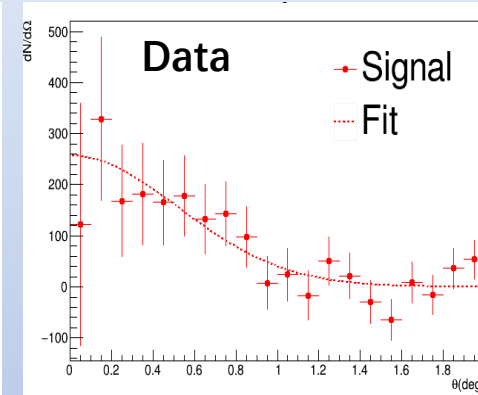


$ndetc > 100, \text{Sqrt}(TS) = 13$

$100 < ndetc < 300$



$300 < ndetc < 500$



$500 < ndetc < 800$

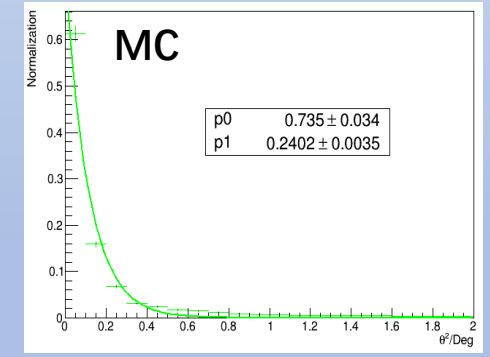
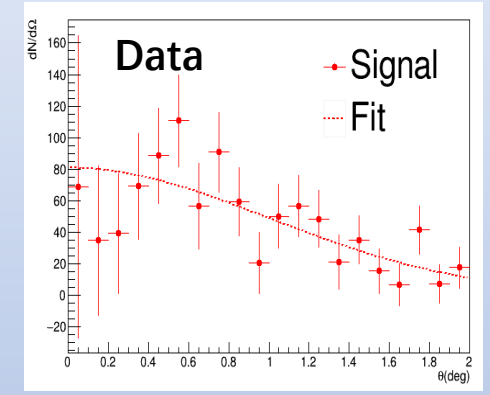
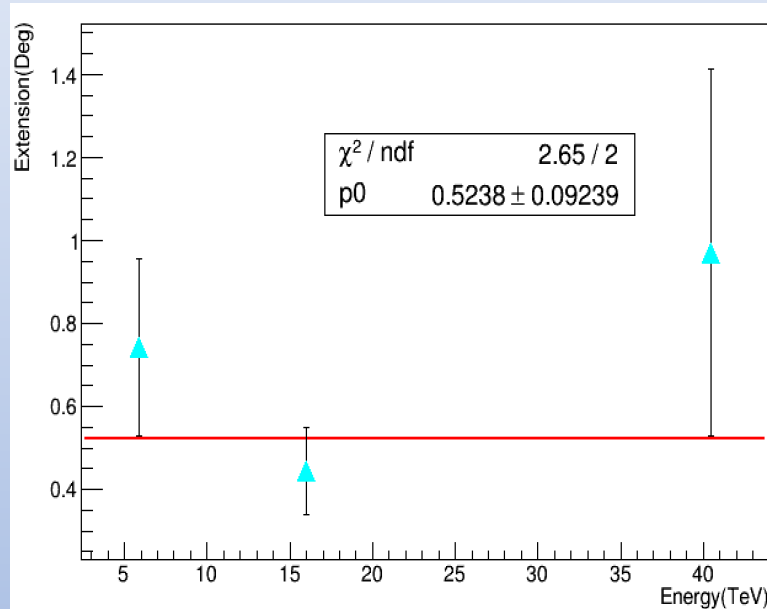


Fig .Distribution of excess event

LHAASO J1908+0621

2.Extension



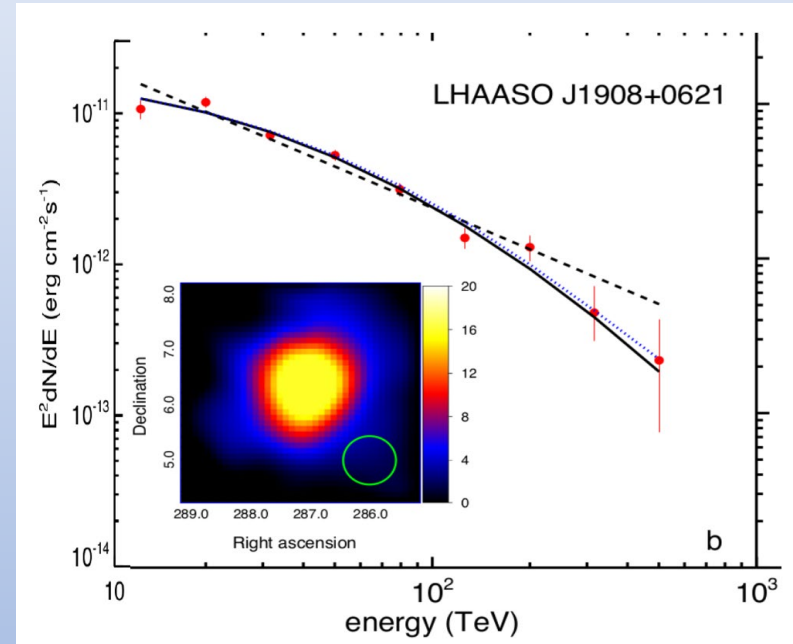
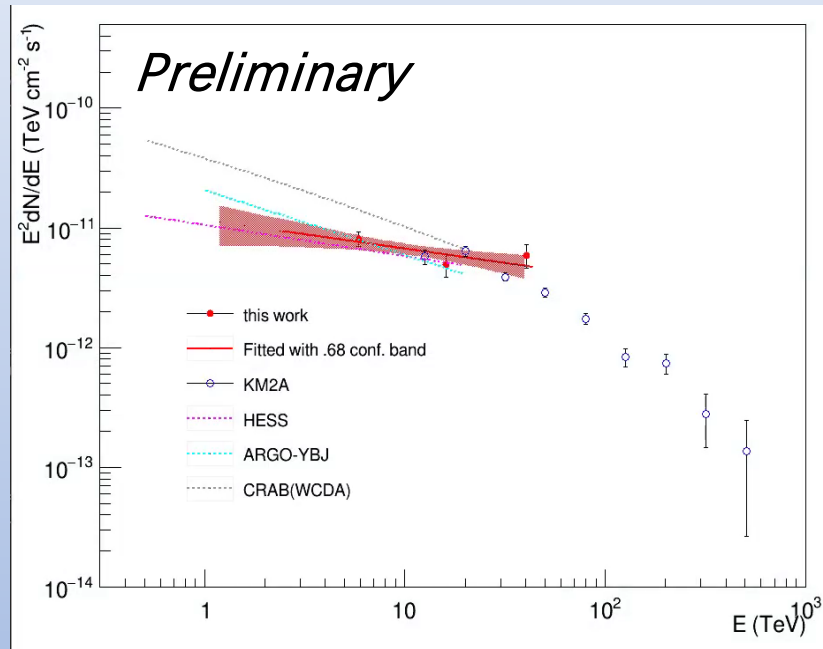
Spatial model : gaussian

Energy/TeV	Sigma(fit)/Deg	Sigma(psf)/Deg	Extension/Deg
5.87	0.83 ± 0.19	0.37 ± 0.01	0.74 ± 0.21
15.98	0.52 ± 0.09	0.27 ± 0.01	0.44 ± 0.10
40.47	1.00 ± 0.43	0.24 ± 0.01	0.97 ± 0.44

Intrinsic extension: 0.52 ± 0.09 deg 0.49 ± 0.22 (Argo)

LHAASO J1908+0621

1.Spectrum



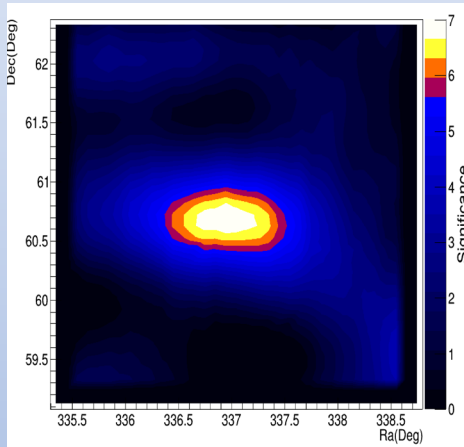
$$f(E) = (1.49 \pm 0.19) * 10^{-13} (E/7)^{-2.24 \pm 0.16}$$

$$f(E) = \alpha \left(\frac{E}{10 \text{ TeV}} \right)^{-a - b \log(E/10 \text{ TeV})}$$

$$a = 2.40, b = 0.47 \text{ VS } \Gamma = 2.89$$

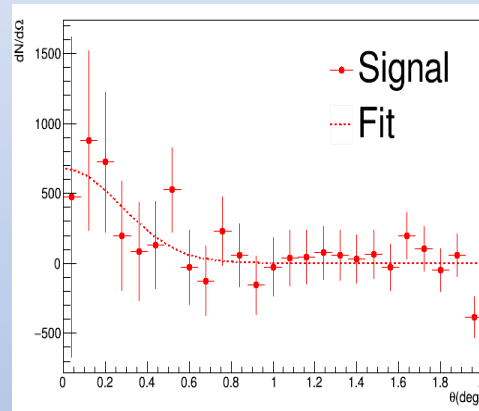
LHAASO J2226+6057

1.Signal

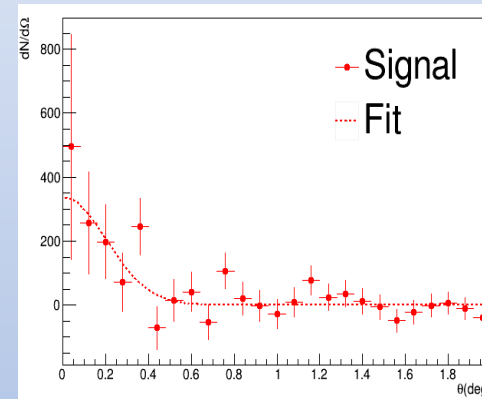


$ndetc > 100, \text{Sqrt}(TS) = 7$

$100 < ndetc < 300$



$300 < ndetc < 500$



$500 < ndetc < 800$

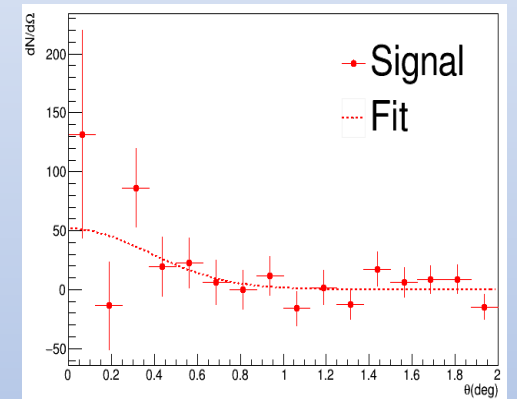
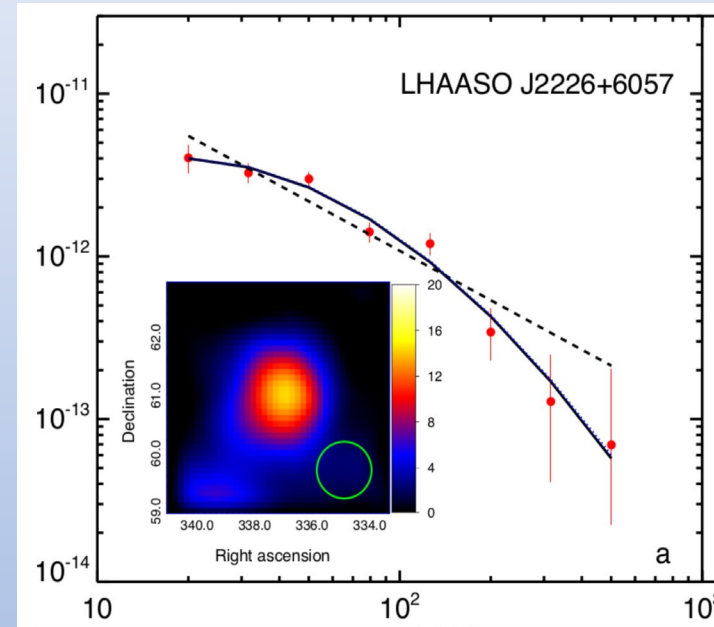
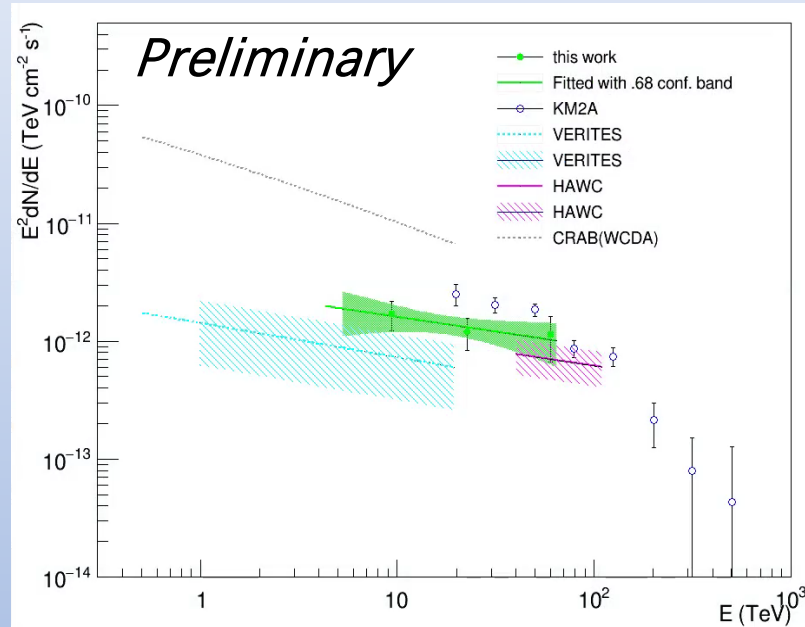


Fig .Distribution of excess event

LHAASO J2226+6057

2.Spectrum



$$f(E) = (0.36 \pm 0.12) * 10^{-13} (E/7)^{-2.25 \pm 0.29}$$

$$f(E) = \alpha \left(\frac{E}{10 \text{ TeV}} \right)^{-a - b \log(E/10 \text{ TeV})}$$

$$a = 1.84, b = 0.87 \text{ VS } \Gamma = 3.01$$

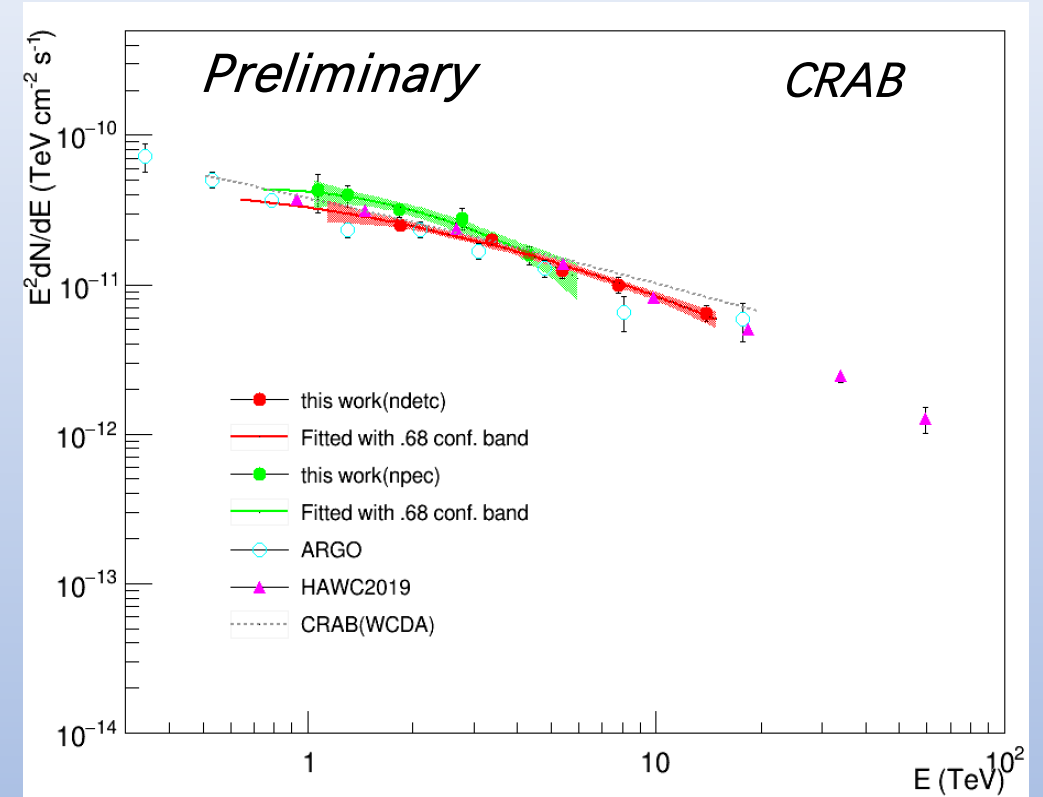
Summary and outlook

- Four sources have been observed around 190 days with more than 5 sigma statistical significance at TeV energy.
- Preliminary Energy spectrum of J1908-0621 and J2227+0607 has been measurement, it's spectral indices is -2.24, -2.25 respectively.
- Next step
 1. Further analysis using data from 20200314 to 20210228 of wcda-1 (another data set : wcda-1 and wcda-2 20201101-20210228)
 2. Extended energy spectrum measurement using NPE parameter

Thanks!

Backup

- Trying using NPE to reconstruct energy spectrum in combination with small PMT
- More accurate spectral analysis with WCDA union data



Backup

天图接收度修正

(a) 假设背景原分布 $dP/d\Omega = C = 1/\Omega$

信号原分布: $dP/d\Omega = 1/2\pi \sigma / \sigma \cdot \text{Exp}(-r \cdot r/2/\sigma/\sigma)$ (也可用非对称高斯)

背景事例数: N_b

信号事例数: N_s

每一个格子背景事例数: $n_b^i = N_b \cdot C \cdot \Delta\Omega_i$

期望观测背景事例数 $n_b^{i'} = N_b' \cdot P_b^{i'}$

每一个格子信号事例数: $n_s^i = N_s \cdot (dP/d\Omega) \cdot \Delta\Omega_i$

期望观测信号事例数 $n_s^{i'} = N_s' \cdot P_s^{i'}$

设探测效率: $\epsilon_s = k_1 \cdot \epsilon_b = k_1 \cdot \frac{N_b'}{N_b} = \frac{N_s'}{N_s}$

(b) 假设不同位置处, $\epsilon_s^i = k_2 \cdot \epsilon_b^i$ 即 $\frac{n_b^{i'}}{n_b^i} = 1/k_2 \cdot \frac{n_s^{i'}}{n_s^i}$

$$\frac{N_b' \cdot P_b^{i'}}{N_b \cdot P_b^i} = 1/k_2 \cdot \frac{N_s' \cdot P_s^{i'}}{N_s \cdot P_s^i} \Rightarrow \frac{N_b' \cdot P_b^{i'}}{(N_b'/\epsilon_b) \cdot P_b^i} = 1/k_2 \cdot \frac{N_s' \cdot P_s^{i'}}{(N_s'/\epsilon_s) \cdot P_s^i} \Rightarrow \frac{N_b' \cdot P_b^{i'}}{N_b \cdot P_b^i} = k_1/k_2 \cdot \frac{P_s^{i'}}{P_s^i} = \frac{n_b^{i'}}{N_b' \cdot P_b^i}$$

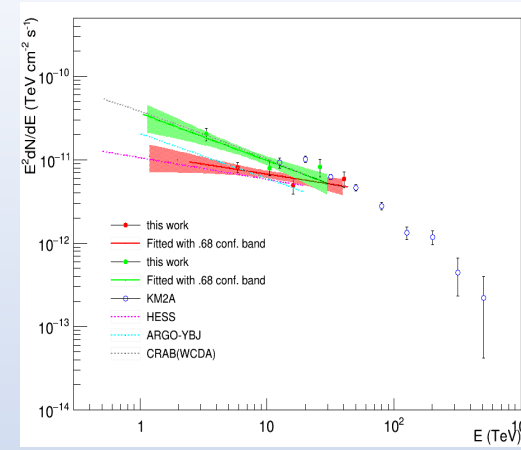
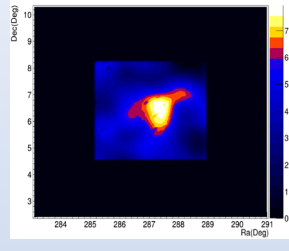
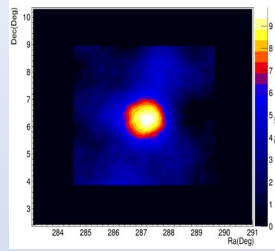
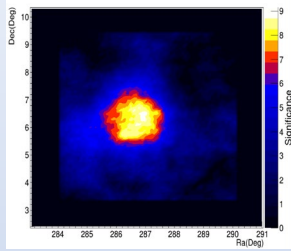
$$k_1 = \frac{\epsilon_s}{\epsilon_b} = \frac{(\sum_i^n n_s^{i'})/N_s}{(\sum_i^n n_b^{i'})/N_b} = \frac{(\sum_i^n n_s^i \cdot \epsilon_s^i)/N_s}{(\sum_i^n n_b^i \cdot \epsilon_b^i)/N_b} = \frac{\sum_i^n P_s^i \cdot \epsilon_s^i}{\sum_i^n P_b^i \cdot \epsilon_b^i} = k_2 \cdot \frac{\sum_i^n P_s^i \cdot \epsilon_b^i}{\sum_i^n P_b^i \cdot \epsilon_b^i} = k_2 \cdot \frac{\sum_i^n P_s^i \cdot \frac{n_b^{i'}}{N_b \cdot P_b^i}}{\sum_i^n P_b^i \cdot \frac{n_b^{i'}}{N_b \cdot P_b^i}} = k_2 \cdot \frac{\sum_i^n P_s^i \cdot n_b^{i'}}{N_b \cdot P_b^i} = k_2 \cdot \frac{\sum_i^n P_s^i \cdot \frac{n_b^{i'}}{P_b^i}}{\sum_i^n n_b^{i'}}$$

可得到 $n_s^{i'} = N_s' \cdot P_s^{i'} = (k_1/k_2) \cdot N_s' \cdot (\frac{n_b^{i'}}{N_b \cdot P_b^i} \cdot P_b^i) = N_s' \cdot \frac{n_b^{i'} \cdot (\sum_j^n \frac{dP}{d\Omega}(r) \cdot n_b^{j'})}{(N_b' \cdot C)^2} \cdot \frac{dP}{d\Omega}(r)$

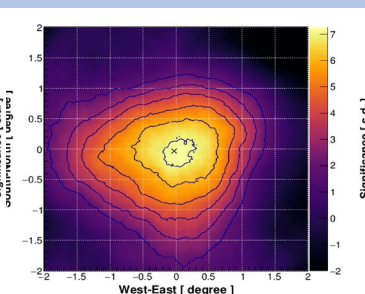
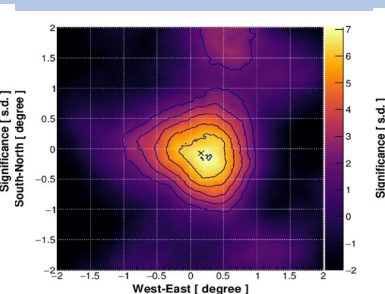
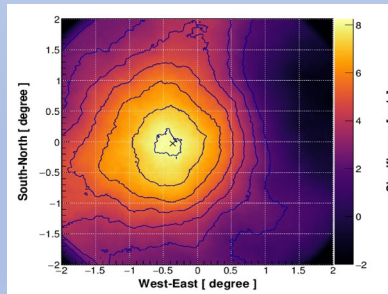
注意拟合区域内 $\frac{dP}{d\Omega}(r)$ 不需要归一! 另外对bin依赖也减弱(依赖于统计量, $n_{bin}/n_{bin_all} > 30\%$)!

Backup

1.J1908(ra=287.05 dec=6.35)



ndetc(1)	Energy(TeV)	Ra(deg)	Dec(deg)	\sqrt{TS}	Excess	sigma
100-300		286.54 +/- 0.15	6.21 +/- 0.15	11.11	4652.99 +/- 811.55	1.10 +/- 0.12
300-500		287.17 +/- 0.11	6.28 +/- 0.10	8.62	642.01 +/- 121.64	0.60 +/- 0.09
500-800		287.10 +/- 0.17	6.30 +/- 0.17	7.74	324.87 +/- 78.17	0.85 +/- 0.13

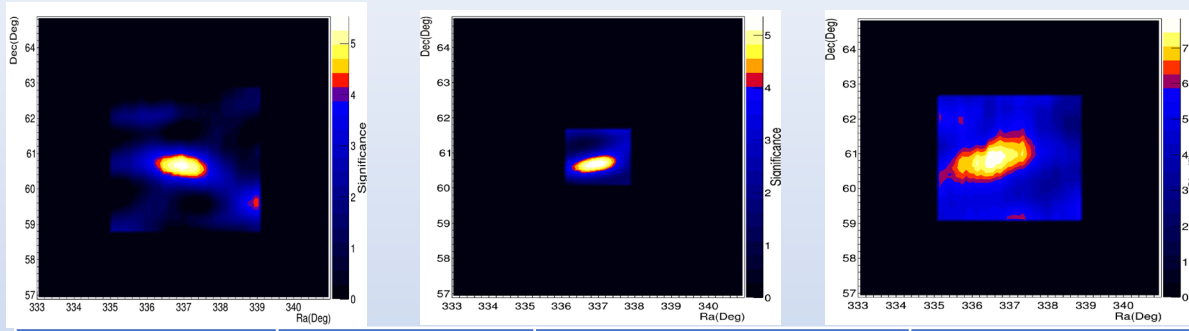


excess[npoint]={2494.71,499.986,296.062};
 error[npoint]={0.140396*2494.71,0.208858*499.98
 6,296.062*0.220652};

8.23 s.d. at (-0.47,-0.01) 7.06 s.d. at (0.31,-0.13) 7.26 s.d. at (0.09,-0.17)

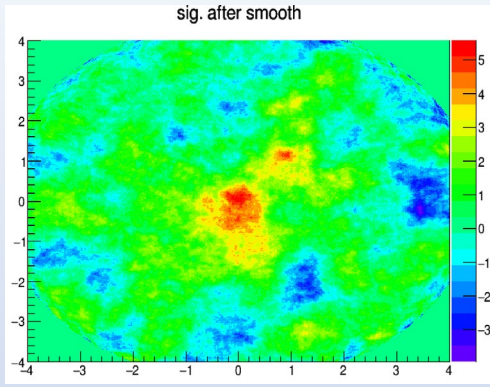
Backup

1.J2226(ra=336.996 dec=60.8769)

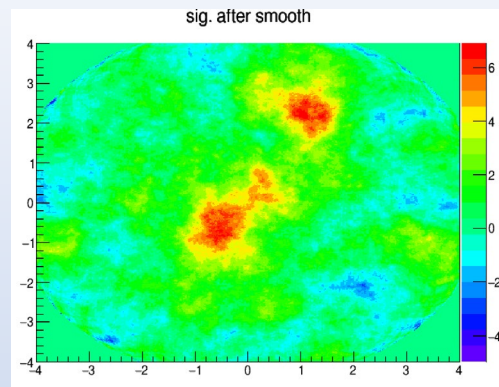


ndetc(1)	Energy(TeV)	Ra(deg)	Dec(deg)	\sqrt{TS}	Excess	sigma
100-300		336.95 +/- 0.20	60.64 +/- 0.08	4.84	469.01 +/- 130.20	0.30 +/- 0.06
300-500		337.07 +/- 0.15	60.70 +/- 0.06	4.85	113.54 +/- 34.09	0.20 +/- 0.04
500-800		336.76 +/- 0.27	60.88 +/- 0.13	3.90	55.47 +/- 22.91	0.31 +/- 0.10

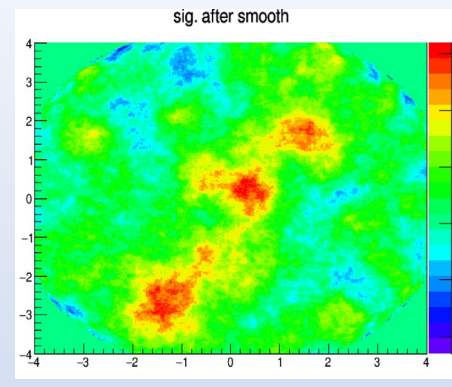
Ndetc>100&&compactness>15



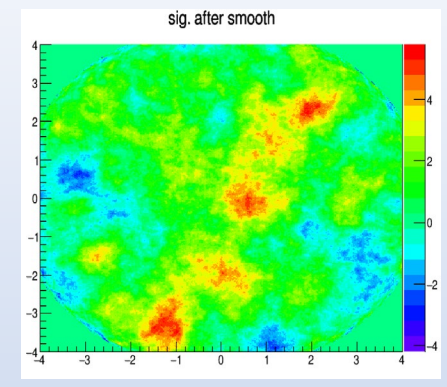
J1825-1326



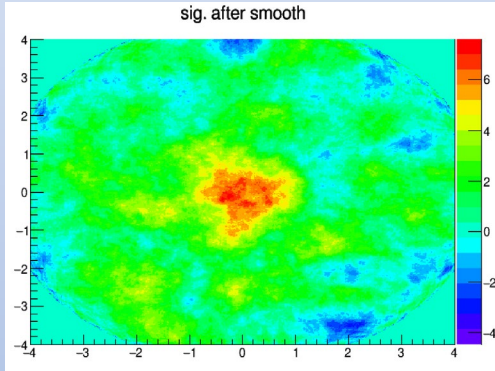
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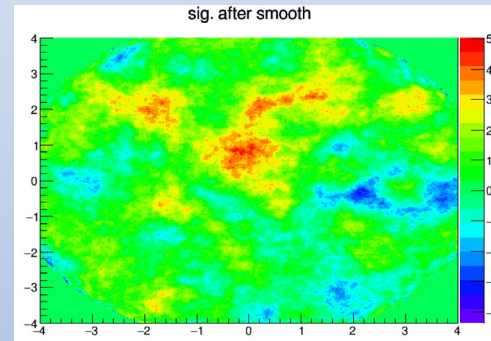
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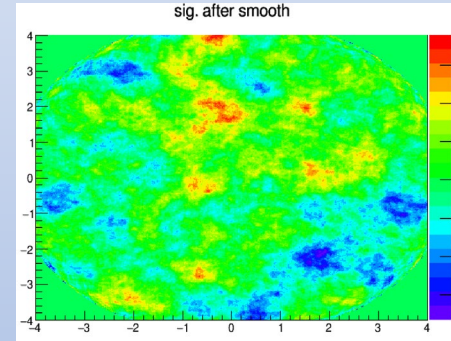
J1849-0003



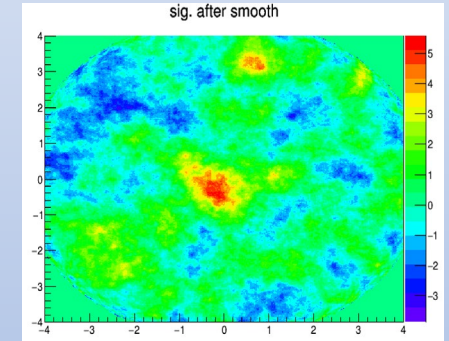
J1908-0621



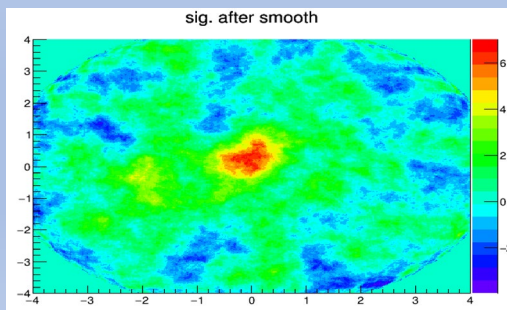
J1929+1745



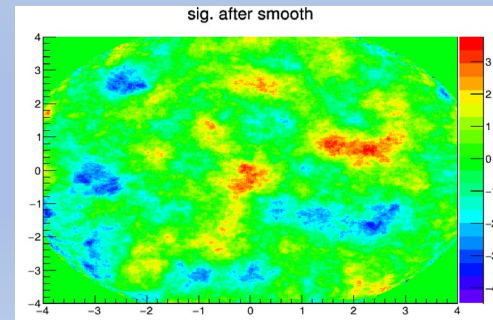
J1956+2845



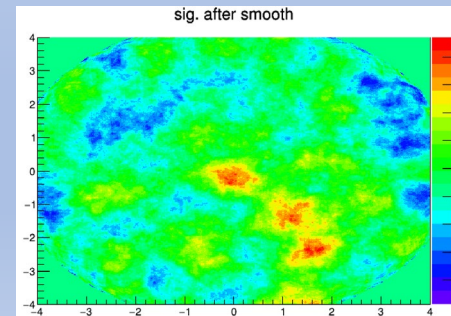
J2018+3651



J2032+4102



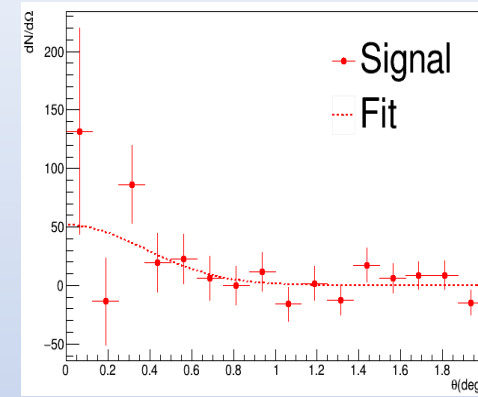
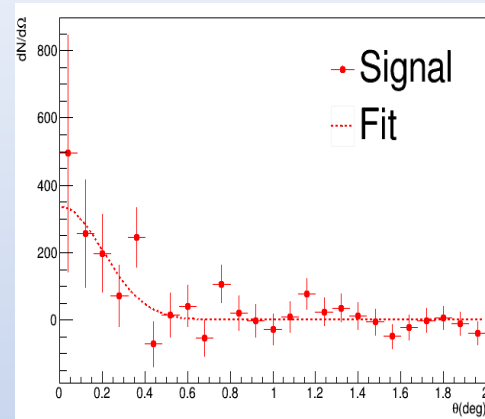
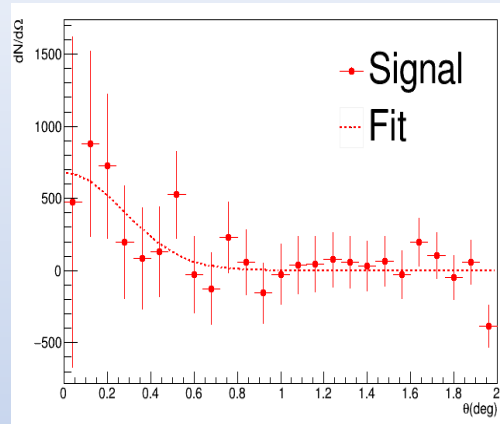
J2108+5157



J2226+6057

Backup

J2226



2.75063e-01 1.71967e-01

2.01864e-01 5.93262e-02

3.72661e-01 1.28904e-01

