

Near-threshold photoproduction of J/ψ in two-gluon exchange model

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based on: Fancong Zeng, Xiao-Yun Wang*, Li Zhang, Ya-Ping Xie, Rong Wang
and Xurong Chen. *Eur. Phys. J. C* 80 (2020) 1027. (arXiv:2008.13439)

Outline

- 1 motivation
- 2 model formalism
- 3 Numerical results
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Recently, the first measurement of the near-threshold cross-section of the reaction $\gamma p \rightarrow J/\psi p$ has been reported.

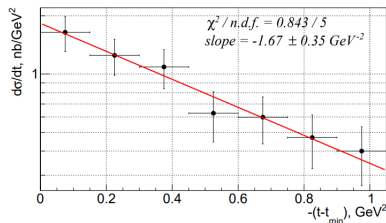
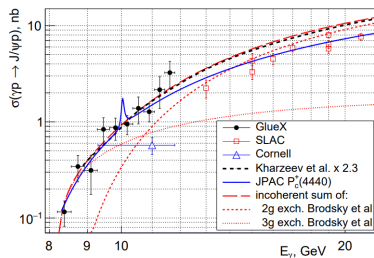


图: GlueX results for the J/ψ total cross-section vs beam energy and differential cross section for J/ψ photoproduction as a function of $-(t - t_{\min})$ for $10.00 < E_\gamma < 11.80$ GeV.

[A. Ali et al. Phys. Rev. Lett. (2019) 123(7), 072001]

The near-threshold photoproduction of $\gamma p \rightarrow J/\psi p$ is a key experimental channel widely discussed to investigate the pentaquark photoproduction. Moreover, the near-threshold photoproduction of J/ψ also plays an important role in probing the nucleon mass structure.

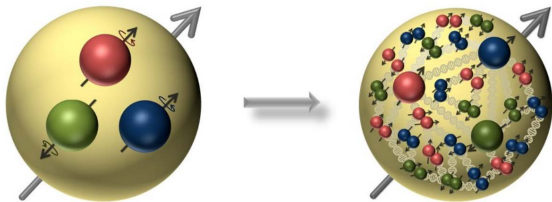


图: Three valence quarks needed to define quantum numbers contribute only 9% of its mass.

Including the photon-gluon fusion model (PGF) has been demonstrated to be applicable to explain the heavy quarkonia photoproduction in a wide energy range.

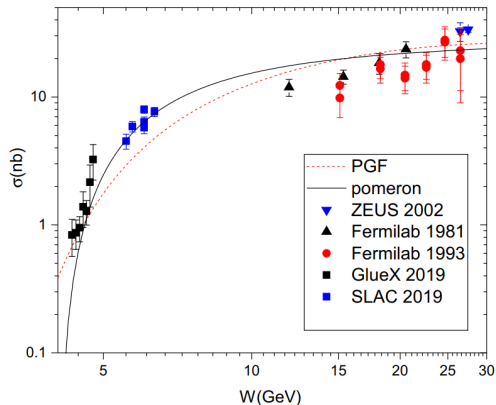
$$\sigma_{\gamma P \rightarrow P J/\Psi} = f \int_{4m_c^2}^{4m_D^2} \frac{d\bar{s}}{\bar{s}} \sigma_{\gamma g \rightarrow c\bar{c}g} \left(x = \frac{\bar{s}}{s}, m_{J/\Psi}^2 \right)$$

The phenomenological pomeron exchange model is used to describe the cross section of $\gamma p \rightarrow V p$.

$$\sigma(\gamma p \rightarrow V p) = \sigma_p \left[1 - \frac{(m_p + m_V)^2}{W_{\gamma p}^2} \right]^2 W_{\gamma p}^\epsilon \quad (1)$$

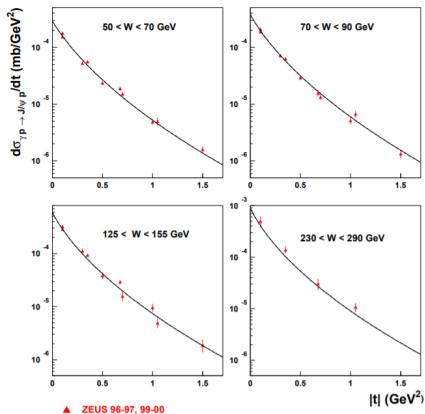
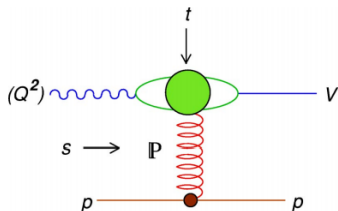
[Y.Xu, Y.Xie, R.Wang, X.Chen, Eur.Phys.J.C **80(3)**, **283(2020)**]

Both models give explanations for the J/Ψ photoproduction near the threshold. Unfortunately, it is difficult for these models to give the differential cross-section at the production threshold.



[Y.Xu, Y.Xie, R.Wang, X.Chen, Eur.Phys.J.C 80(3), 283(2020)]

Soft dipole Pomeron model has a perfect quality of fitting to both the total and the differential cross-sections in the high energy region. However, there is an inconsistency for the differential cross-section near the threshold.



[E.Martynov, E.Predazzi, A.Prokudin, Phys.Rev.D67, 074023(2003).]

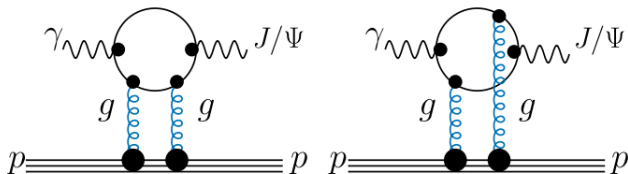
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two-gluon exchange model

The two-gluon exchange model is based on the photon fluctuation into the quark-antiquark pair ($\gamma \rightarrow q + \bar{q}$) and the picture of the double gluon exchange between the nucleon state and the quark-antiquark pair.

In a word, the two-gluon exchanging process is dominant in J/Ψ production near threshold.



The two-gluon exchange amplitude can be written as

$$\mathcal{T} = \frac{i\sqrt{2}\pi^2}{3} m_q \alpha_s e_q f_V F_{2g}(t) \left[\frac{xg(x, Q_0^2)}{m_q^4} + \int_{Q_0^2}^{+\infty} \frac{dl^2}{m_q^2 (m_q^2 + l^2)} \frac{\partial xg(x, l^2)}{\partial l^2} \right].$$

The amplitude is normalized and $\frac{d\sigma}{dt} = \alpha |\mathcal{T}|^2$. In the lowest order, the J/Ψ photoproduction differential cross-section is given as,

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dt} = \frac{\pi^3 \Gamma_{e^+e^-} \alpha_s}{6\alpha m_q^5} [xg(x, m_J^2)]^2 \exp(bt) \quad (2)$$

$x = m_J^2/W^2$ ($W = 4.59\text{GeV}$), the W -dependence of the slope
 $b = \frac{d}{dt} \ln \left[\frac{d\sigma}{dt} \right]$

The $xg(x, m_J^2)$ is the gluon distribution function at $Q^2 = m_J^2$, and in this work it is parameterized using a simple function form $xg(x, m_J^2) = A_0 x^{A_1} (1-x)^{A_2}$. The parameters A_0, A_1, A_2 can be fixed by the experimental data.

The total cross-section is obtained by integrating the differential cross-section over the allowed kinematical range from $|t_0|$ to $|t_1|$,

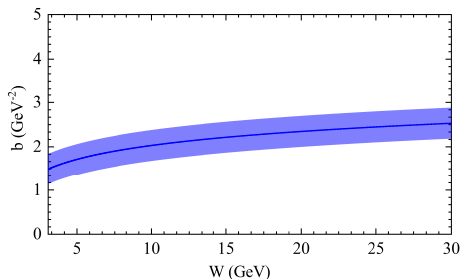
$$\sigma = \int_{|t_0|}^{|t_1|} \frac{\pi^3 \Gamma_{e^+e^-} \alpha_s}{6\alpha m_q^5} [xg(x, m_J^2)]^2 \exp(b(W)t) dt$$

[A.Sibirtsev et al. J. Phys. G **30**, 1427–1444 (2004)]

The exponential slope $b(W)$ has little vary with the energy W .

$$b(W) = b_0 + 0.46\ln(W/W_0)$$

It is precisely because the value of b changes very slowly with energy that even after we consider the error of b , the value of b is still between $1 \sim 2\text{GeV}^2$ near the energy threshold.



[S.Chekanov et al., ZEUS. Eur. Phys. J. C **24**, 345–360 (2002).]

The exclusive electroproduction of J/ψ is closely connected J/ψ photoproduction, as in the electron scattering process, the J/ψ vector meson is generated from the virtual photon exchanged between the electron and the hadron.

$$\sigma(ep \rightarrow eJ/\psi p) = \int dk dQ^2 \frac{dN^2(k, Q^2)}{dk dQ^2} \sigma_{\gamma^* p \rightarrow J/\psi p}(W, Q^2), \quad (3)$$

The connection between the cross-section induced by a real photon and that induced by a virtual photon is governed by,

$$\sigma_{\gamma^* p \rightarrow J/\psi p}(W, Q^2) = \sigma_{\gamma p \rightarrow J/\psi p}(W, Q^2 = 0) \left(\frac{M_V^2}{M_V^2 + Q^2} \right)^\eta. \quad (4)$$

[S.R.Klein, Y.P.Xie, Phys. Rev. C **100**(2), 024620 (2019).]

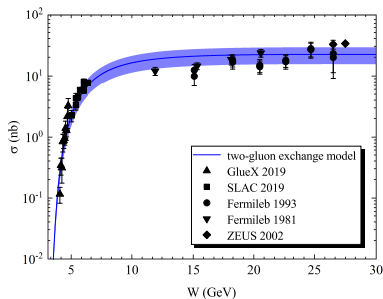
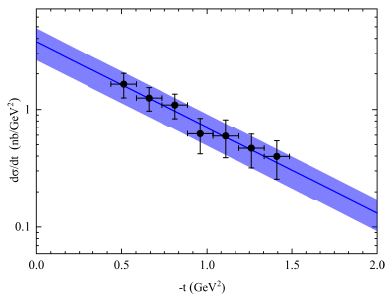
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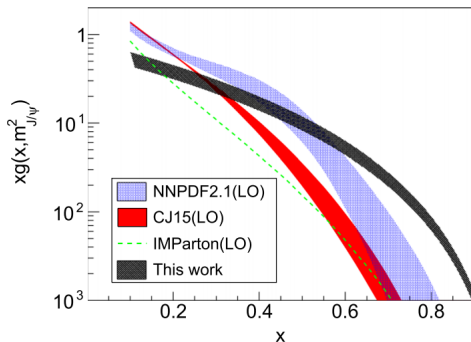
The free parameters A_0, A_1, A_2 are fixed by a global analysis.

A_0	A_1	A_2	$\chi^2/\text{d.o.f.}$
0.71 ± 0.12	-0.00061 ± 0.00045	2.83 ± 0.26	0.20

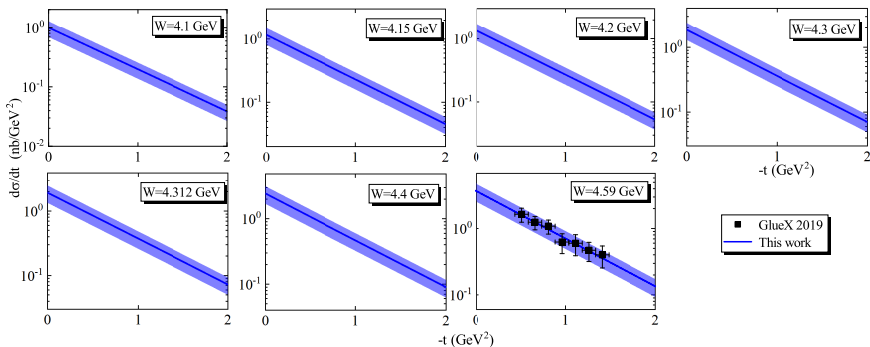
The two-gluon exchange model is valid to describe the J/Ψ photoproduction near the production threshold!



It is found that the gluon distributions determined by different groups are more or less consistent with each other in the low x range of $x < 0.3$. On the other side, our obtained gluon distribution is higher than other predictions when $x > 0.6$.

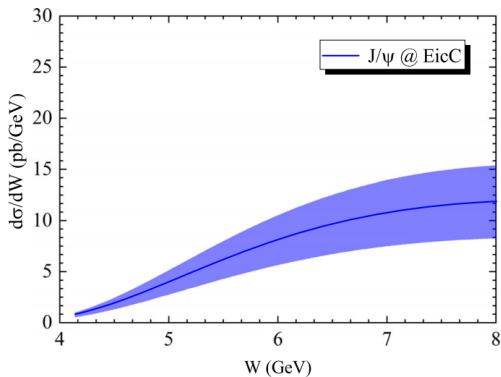


The J/Ψ photoproductions near the threshold at more different energies are predicted by the two-gluon exchange model J/Ψ in the energy range $4.1\text{GeV} < W < 4.6\text{GeV}$.



[Fancong Zeng, Xiao-Yun Wang*, et al. Eur. Phys. J. C 80 (2020) 107227.]

In order to investigate the opportunity of EicC in J/ψ study, we calculate the differential cross-section of J/ψ electroproduction as a function of the c.m. energy of the system. The cross-section is around a dozen of pb, which suggests a high yield rate at the high luminosity EicC.





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Summary

- 1 We have reproduced the total and differential cross-section of the reaction $\gamma p \rightarrow J/\psi p$ near the production threshold with two-gluon exchange model.
- 2 The gluon distribution does not go down quickly when x approaches one.
- 3 On EicC, the low energy EIC, the J/ψ production cross-section is around 10 pb based on our model, hence EicC will be an important and interesting future machine to collect the J/ψ data and to explore the exotic hadrons in the charm sector and the nucleonic mass structure.

Thanks for your attention!

6 results |  cite all **is** Most Recent **Near threshold heavy vector meson photoproduction at LHC and EicC** #1Ye-Ping Xie, [X.P. Gonçalves](#) (Mar 23, 2021)e-Print: [2103.12568](#) [hep-ph] pdf  cite 0 citations**Perturbative QCD Analysis of Near Threshold Heavy Quarkonium Photoproduction at Large Momentum Transfer** #2Peng Sun, [Xuan-Bo Tong](#), Feng Yuan (Mar 22, 2021)e-Print: [2103.12047](#) [hep-ph] pdf  cite 0 citations**Quantum Anomalous Energy Effects on the Nucleon Mass** #3Xiangdong Ji (Unlisted, US and Maryland U., College Park), [Yizhuang Liu](#) (Tsung-Dao Lee Inst., Shanghai and U. Regensburg (main)) (Jan 12, 2021)e-Print: [2101.04483](#) [hep-ph] pdf  cite 7 citations**Gluon Gravitational Form Factors at Large Momentum Transfer** #4[Xuan-Bo Tong](#) (Beijing, Inst. Theor. Phys. and Beijing, GUCAS and LBNL, Berkeley), Jian-Ping Ma (Beijing, Inst. Theor. Phys.), Feng Yuan (LBNL, Berkeley) (Jan 7, 2021)e-Print: [2101.02395](#) [hep-ph] pdf  cite 5 citations**Trace anomaly contribution to hydrogen atom mass** #5Bao-dong Sun (SDU, Qingdao), [Zehao Sun](#) (SDU, Qingdao), Jian Zhou (SDU, Qingdao) (Dec 17, 2020)e-Print: [2012.09443](#) [hep-ph] pdf  cite 3 citations**Mass structure of hadrons and light-front sum rules in t' Hooft model** #6Xiangdong Ji (Maryland U.), [Yizhuang Liu](#) (Tsung-Dao Lee Institute and Regensburg U.), Ismail Zahed (SUNY, Stony Brook) (Oct 13, 2020)e-Print: [2010.06665](#) [hep-ph] pdf  cite 1 citation