

# Study of $\phi(2170)$ at BESIII

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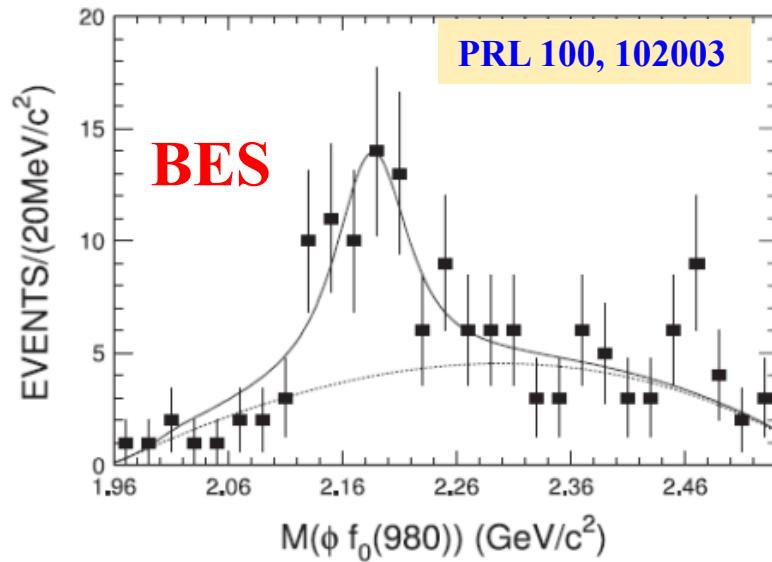
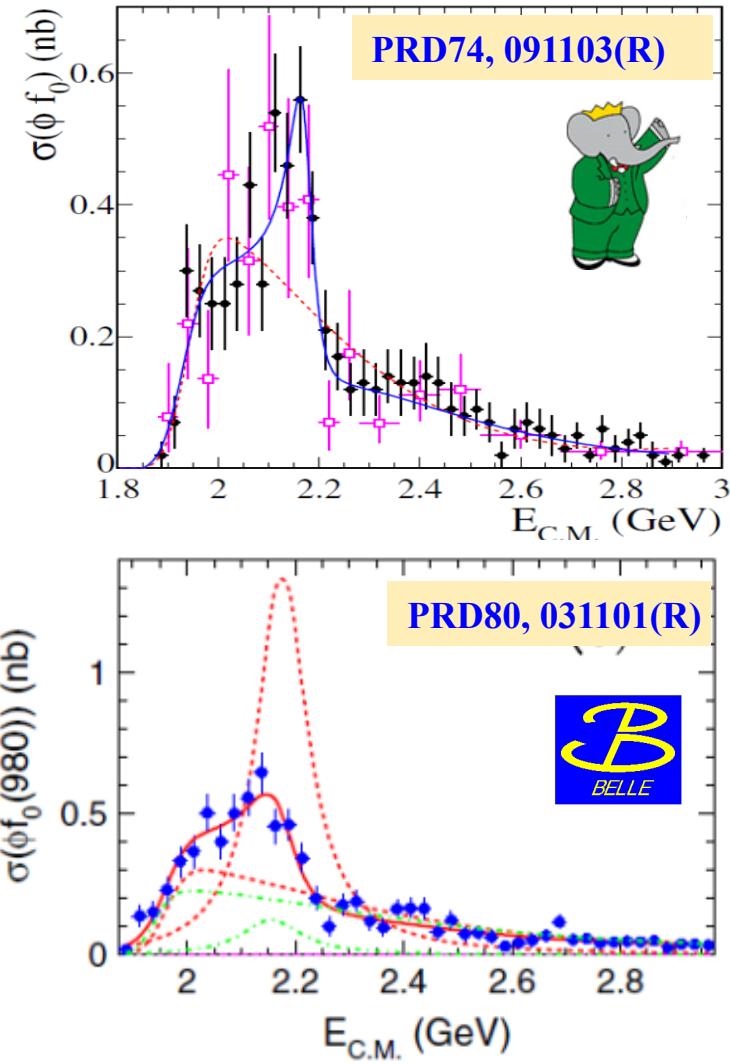
第7届XYZ粒子研讨会

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BESIII

# $\Phi(2170)/Y(2175)$



$$e^+ e^- \Rightarrow \begin{cases} Y(2175) \rightarrow \phi(1020)\pi^+\pi^- & \text{strange,} \\ Y(4260) \rightarrow J/\psi\pi^+\pi^- & \text{charm,} \\ \Upsilon(10860) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S, 2S)\pi^+\pi^- & \text{bottom,} \end{cases}$$

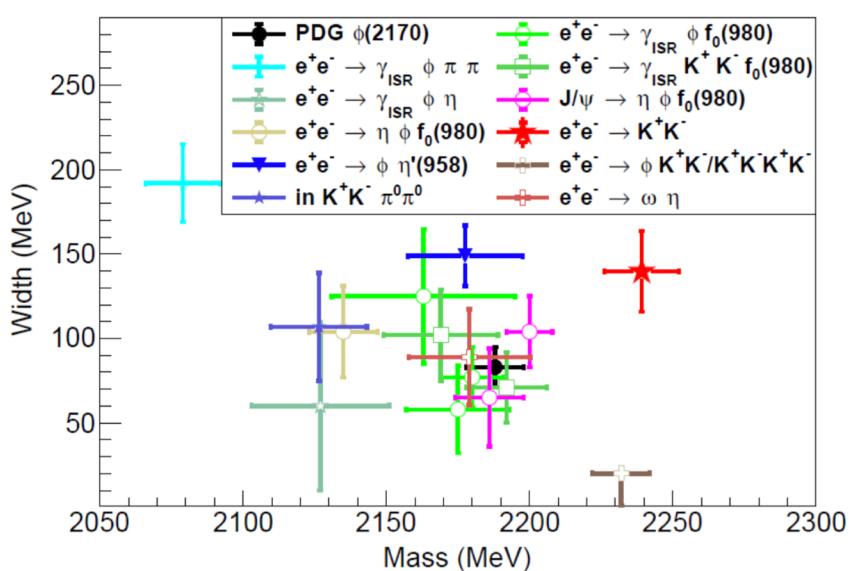
$\Phi(2170)$  as strange analogue of  $Y(4220)$

# The nature $\phi(2170)$

**PDG**

$\phi(2170)$  DECAY MODES

Mode	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )
$\Gamma_1 e^+ e^-$	seen
$\Gamma_2 \phi\eta$	
$\Gamma_3 \phi\pi\pi$	
$\Gamma_4 \phi f_0(980)$	seen
$\Gamma_5 K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^-$	
$\Gamma_6 K^+ K^- f_0(980) \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^-$	seen
$\Gamma_7 K^+ K^- \pi^0 \pi^0$	
$\Gamma_8 K^+ K^- f_0(980) \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0 \pi^0$	seen
$\Gamma_9 K^{*0} K^\pm \pi^\mp$	not seen
$\Gamma_{10} K^*(892)^0 \bar{K}^*(892)^0$	not seen



- Published experimental information
  - ✓ Limited decay modes
  - ✓ Inconsistency on mass & width

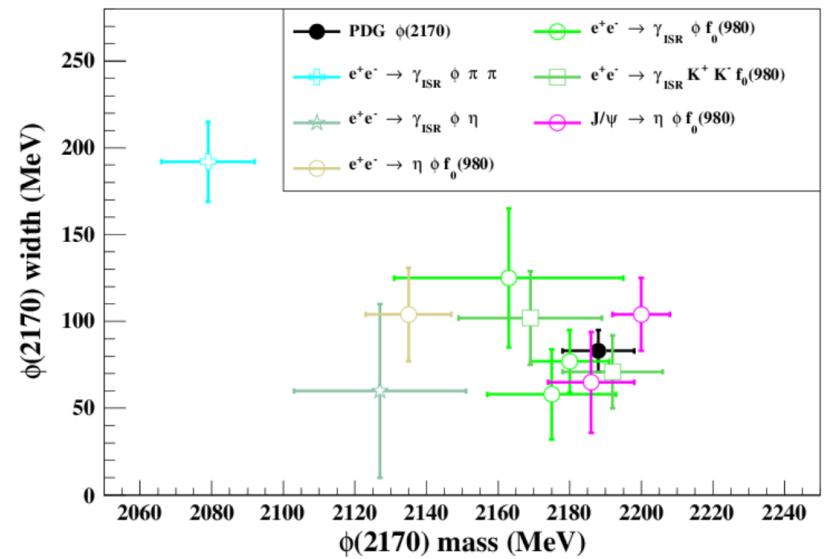
- Theorists explain  $\phi(2170)$  as

- ✓  $s\bar{s}g$  hybrid
- ✓  $2^3D_1$  or  $3^3S_1$   $s\bar{s}$
- ✓ tetraquark
- ✓ molecular state  $\Lambda\bar{\Lambda}$
- ✓  $\phi f_0(980)$  resonance with FSI
- ✓ Three body system  $\phi KK$

Not fully understood

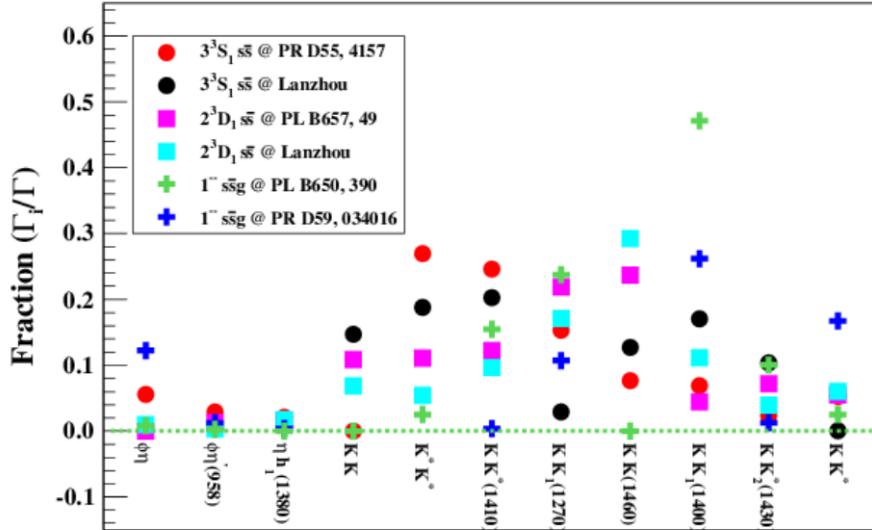
# The nature $\phi(2170)$

$\phi(2170)$	Mass (MeV)	Width (MeV)
$3^3S_1$	2050	378
$2^3D_1$		167.21
		211.9
hybrid		148.7
		155
		120
	2100-2200	
	2500-2600	
$s\bar{s}s\bar{s}$	$2210 \pm 90$	
	$2300 \pm 400$	
	2176	
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda}$		80.1-95
PDG	<b>2188<math>\pm</math>10</b>	<b>83<math>\pm</math>12</b>



- Theory models with similar mass and width.
- Inconsistency on mass and width by experiment.
- Test theory models with decay modes.

# The nature $\phi(2170)$



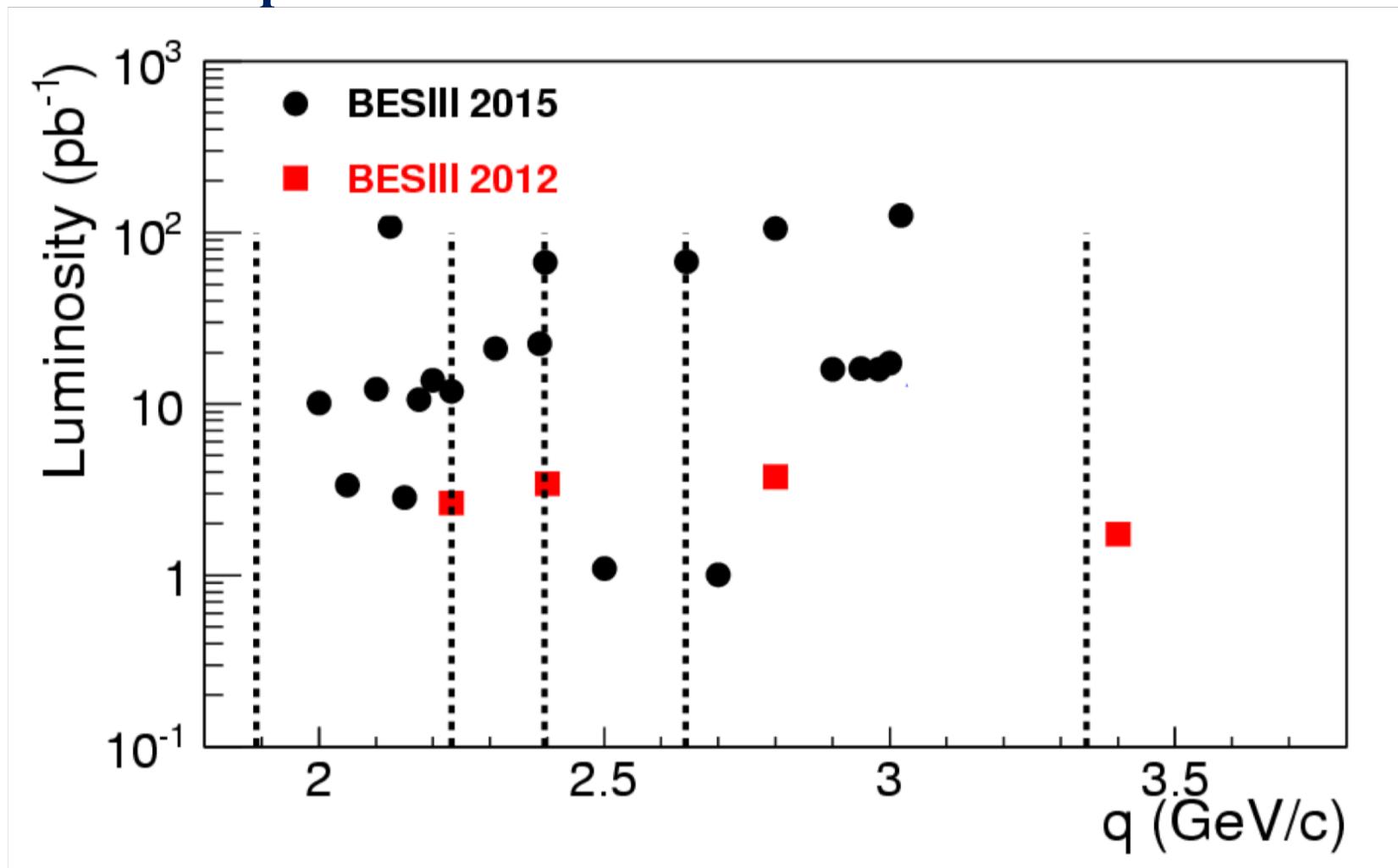
PDG		$\phi(2170)$ DECAY MODES
Mode	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	
$\Gamma_1 e^+ e^-$		seen
$\Gamma_2 \phi\eta$		
$\Gamma_3 \phi\pi\pi$		
$\Gamma_4 \phi f_0(980)$		seen
$\Gamma_5 K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^-$		
$\Gamma_6 K^+ K^- f_0(980) \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^-$		seen
$\Gamma_7 K^+ K^- \pi^0 \pi^0$		
$\Gamma_8 K^+ K^- f_0(980) \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0 \pi^0$		seen
$\Gamma_9 K^{*0} K^\pm \pi^\mp$		not seen
$\Gamma_{10} K^*(892)^0 \bar{K}^*(892)^0$		not seen

Need more data !!!

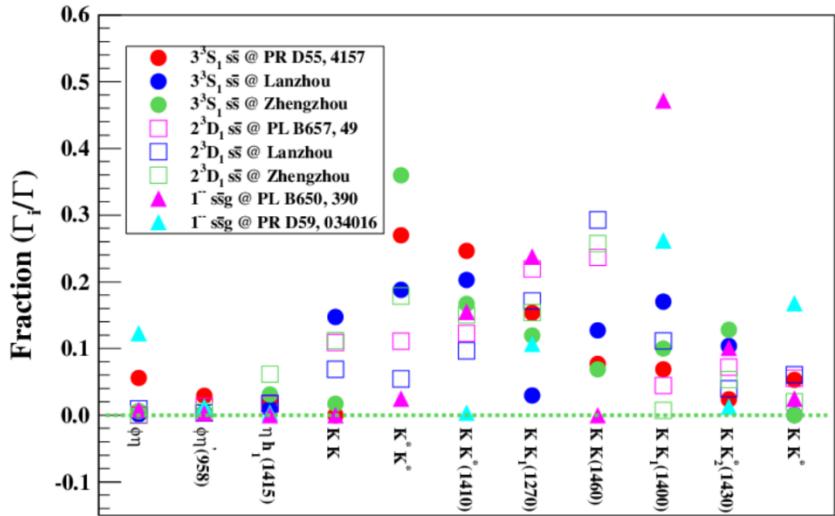
- **KK $\pi\pi$ : benchmark process**
  - ✓ **K\*K\***: s $\bar{s}$ g (forbidden), 3<sup>3</sup>S<sub>1</sub> (favored)
  - ✓ **KK<sub>1</sub>(1400)**: s $\bar{s}$ g (favored)
  - ✓ **KK(1460)**: s $\bar{s}$ g (suppressed), 2<sup>3</sup>D<sub>1</sub> (favored)
- **$\phi\eta$** : 2<sup>3</sup>D<sub>1</sub> (suppressed), tetraquark (favored)
- **$\eta h_1(1380)$** : s $\bar{s}$ g (suppressed)
- **KK**: s $\bar{s}$ g (suppressed)

# Data used in this talk

➤ 650 pb<sup>-1</sup> in 2.0 – 3.08 GeV collected in 2015



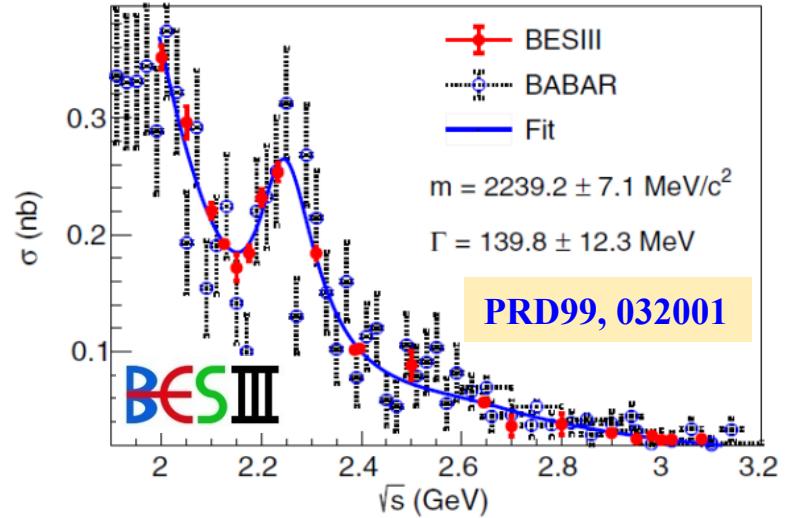
# $e^+e^- \rightarrow K^+K^-$



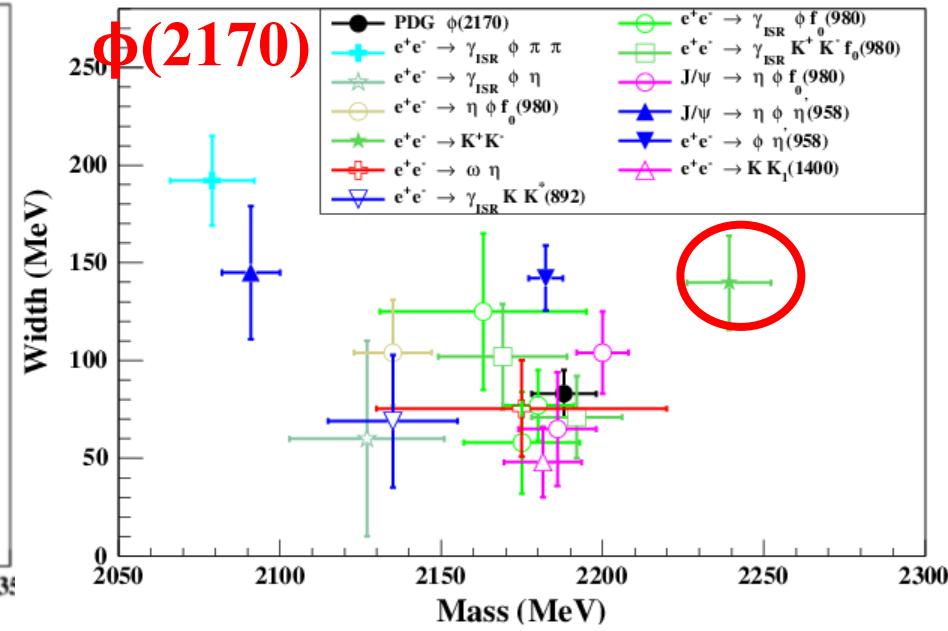
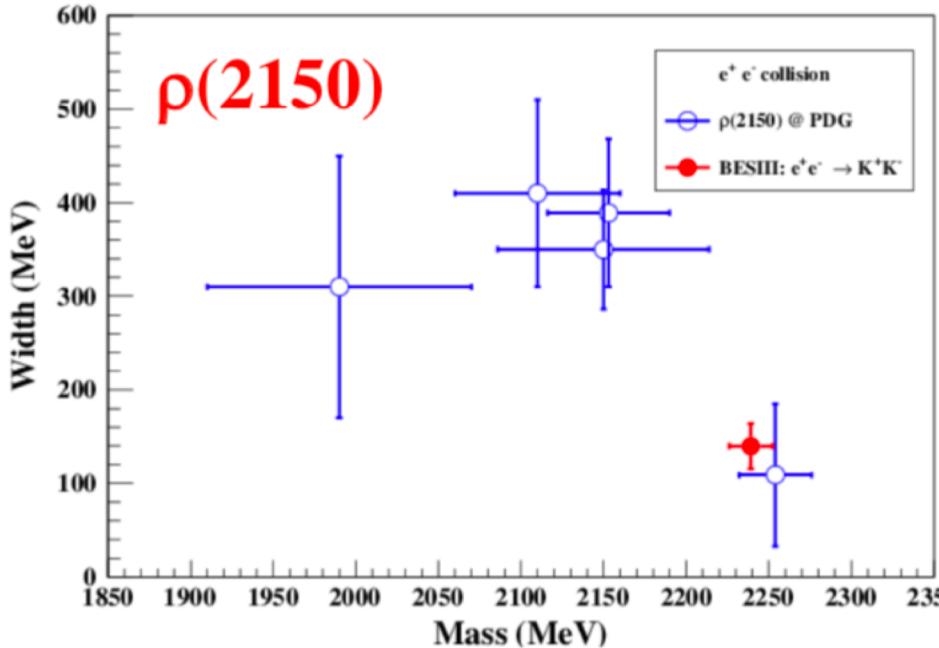
- $K^+K^- @ \phi(2170)$
- ✓ Obvious discrepancy between different theory models
- ✓ isoscalar:  $\omega^*/\phi^*$ ; isovector:  $\rho^*$
- $\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow K^+K^-) @ [2.0-3.08]\text{GeV}$

$\phi(2170)$ decay	This work <b><math>^3S_1\bar{\Lambda}\bar{\Lambda}</math></b>	$^3P_0$ model within $s\bar{s}$ [10]	Data [5]
$KK$	73.8–87.7	...	...
$\phi f_0(980)$	0.25–0.3	<10	Seen
$\omega\sigma$	4.2–4.9		
$K^*K_0^*(800)$	1.8–2.1		
Total	80.1–95		$83 \pm 12$

**PRD96, 074027**



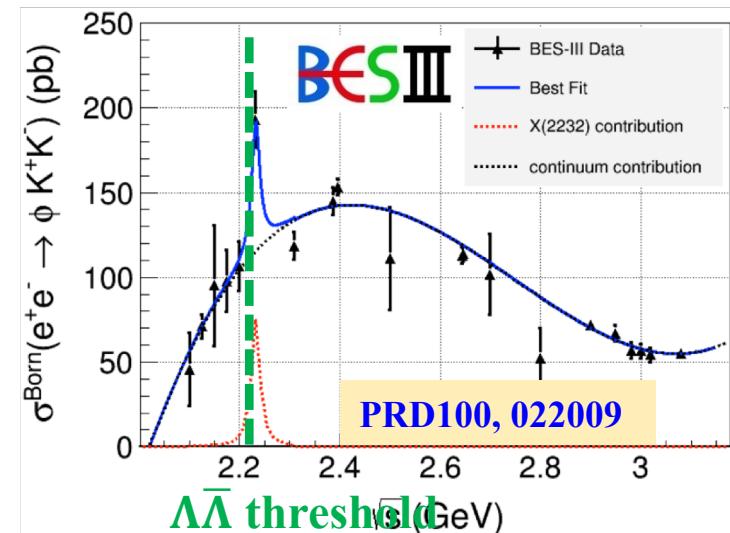
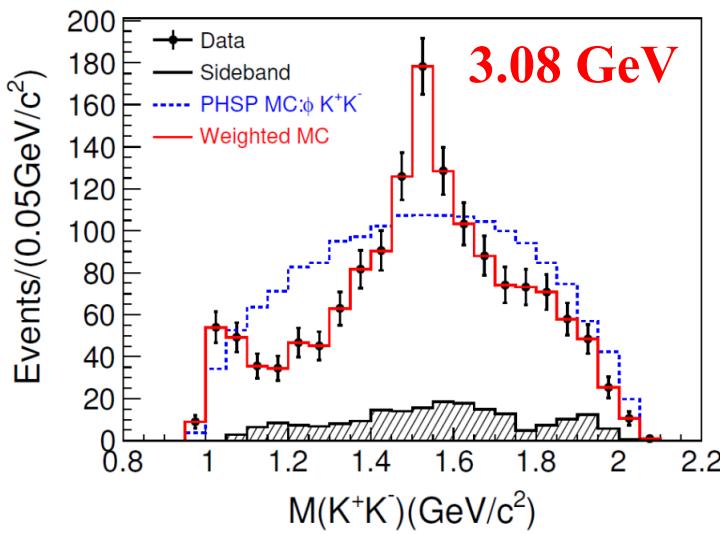
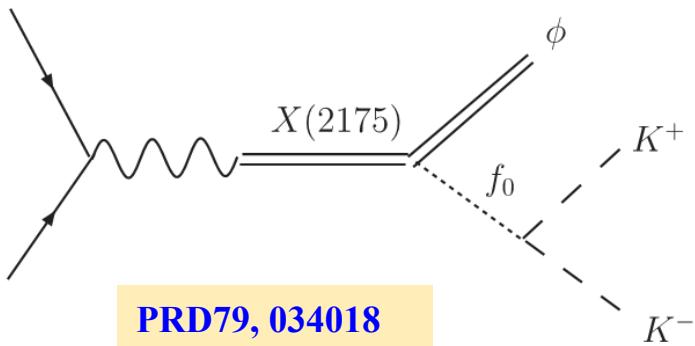
# $e^+ e^- \rightarrow K^+ K^-$



- Large discrepancy with other decay models
- $K^+ K^-$  resonance maybe a  $\rho(2150)$

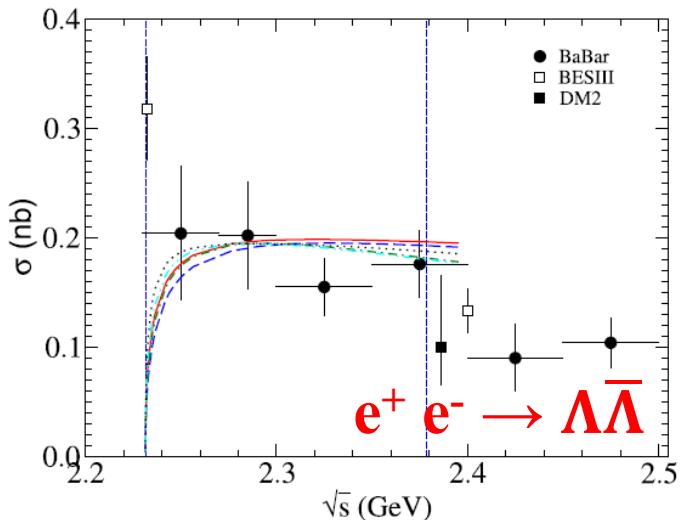
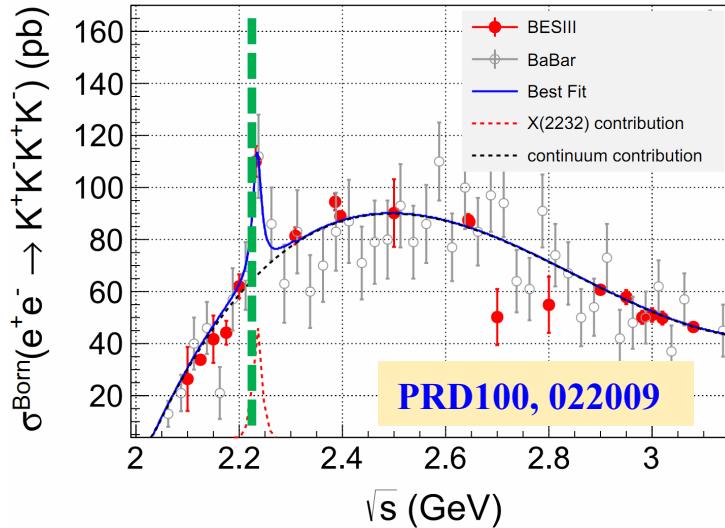
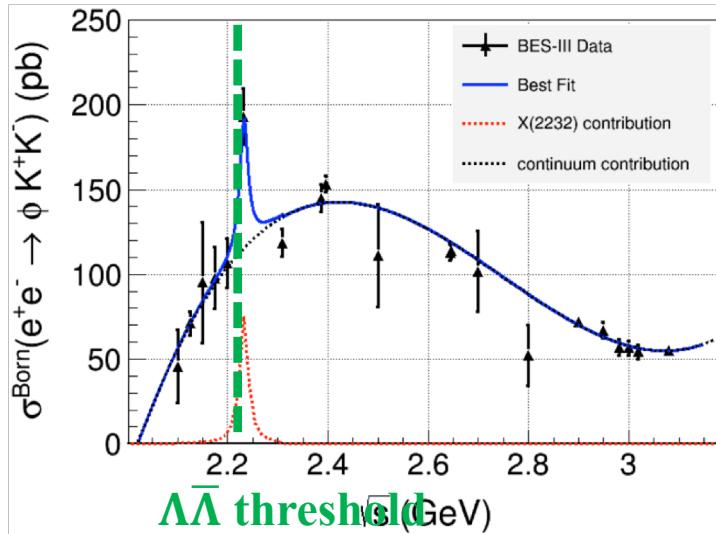
$$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \phi K^+ K^-$$

➤  $\phi(2170)$ : resonant of  $\phi KK$



- A hint for a resonance around  $\Lambda\bar{\Lambda}$  threshold
- ✓ Mass =  $2232 \pm 3.5 \text{ MeV}$
- ✓ Width < 20 MeV
- Three body system  $\phi KK$ ?

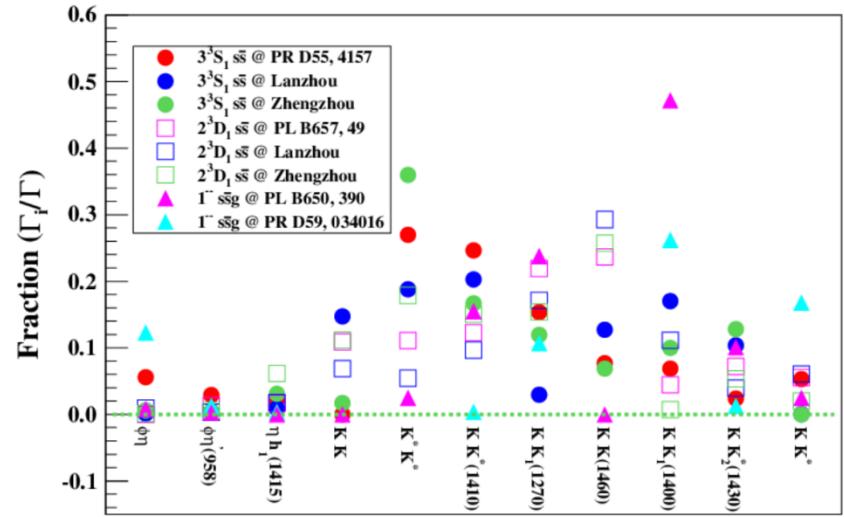
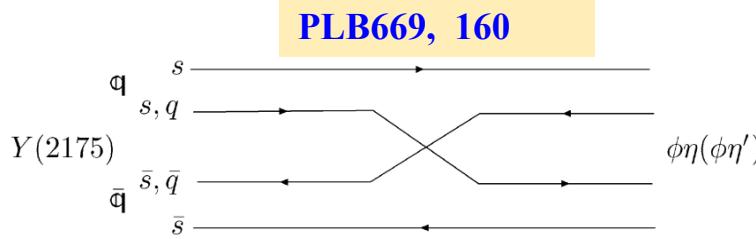
# $e^+ e^- \rightarrow 2(K^+ K^-)$



- $\Phi K^+ K^-$  and  $2(K^+ K^-)$  have similar enhancement around 2.2324 GeV
- $\Lambda\bar{\Lambda}$  threshold ?
- More ideas ?

# $e^+e^- \rightarrow \Phi\eta$ and $\Phi\eta'$

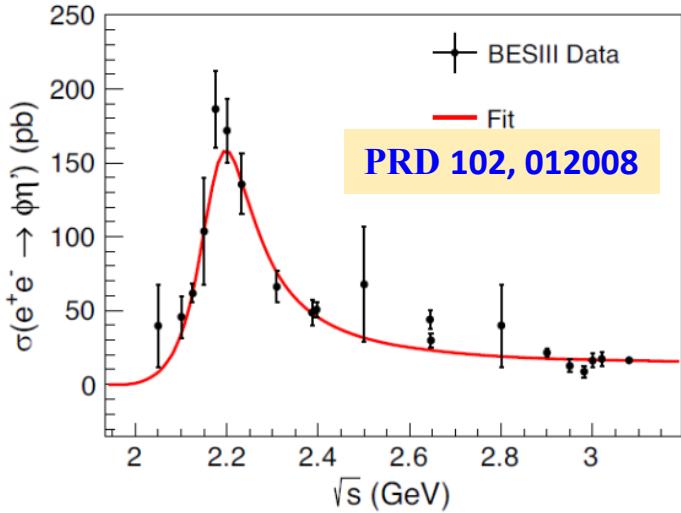
- $\Phi\eta$  and  $\Phi\eta'$  modes: isoscalar
  - ✓  $\Phi^*$  and  $\omega^*$  (OZI suppressed)
  - ✓ useful to measure parameters
- Tetraquark favorites  $\Phi\eta$  and  $\Phi\eta'$



- $1^-$   $s\bar{s}g$  hybrid has large  $\Gamma_{\Phi\eta}$  and smaller  $\Gamma_{\Phi\eta'}$

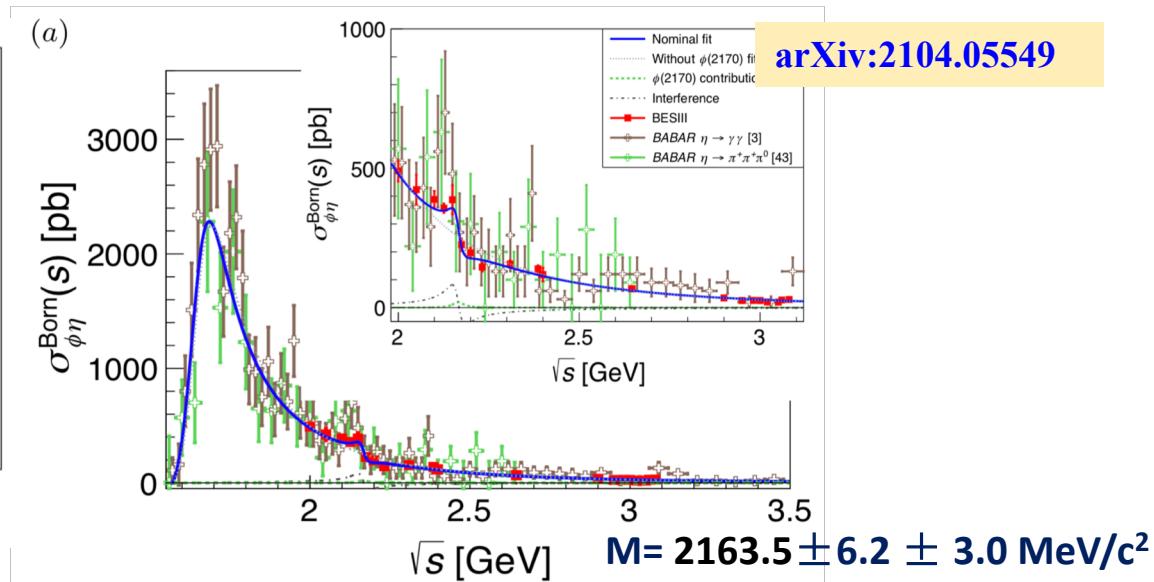
$1^-$ $s\bar{s}g$	alt	2.2GeV	standard	IKP	Ding
<b>PRD59, 034016</b>					PLB650,390
$\Phi\eta$	2	19	11	3	1.2
$\Phi\eta'$	0.01	2	0.1	0.02	0.4
$\text{Br}(\Phi\eta)/\text{Br}(\Phi\eta')$	200	9.5	110	150	3

# $e^+e^- \rightarrow \phi\eta$ and $\phi\eta'$

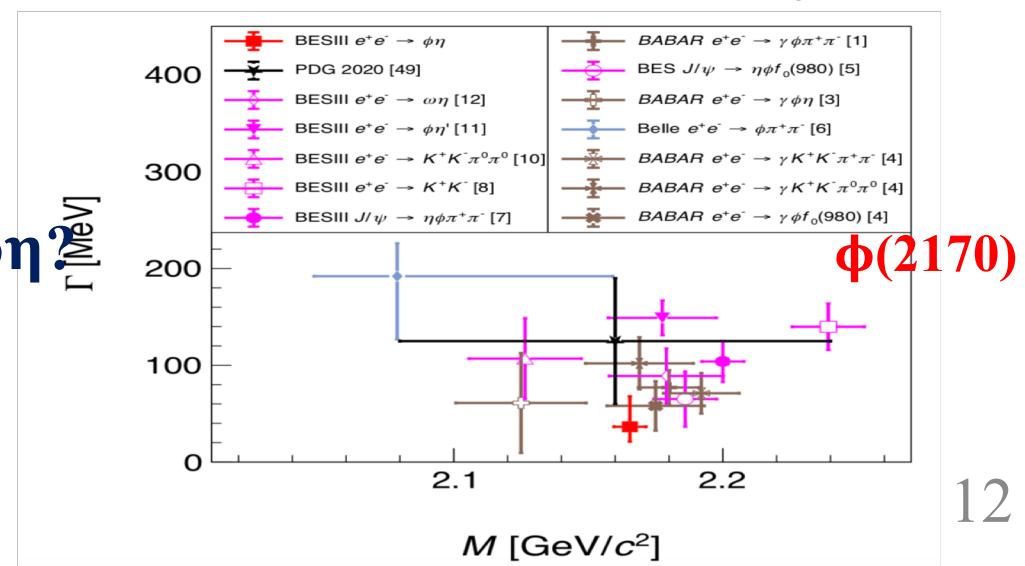


$$M = 2177.5 \pm 4.8 \pm 19.5 \text{ MeV}/c^2$$

$$\Gamma = 149.0 \pm 15.6 \pm 8.9 \text{ MeV}$$



➤  $\phi(2170)$  @ $\phi\eta'$  and  $\phi\eta$ ?



# $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \phi\eta$ and $\phi\eta'$

➤  $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \phi\eta$  and  $\phi\eta'$

- ✓ Br·  $\Gamma_{e^+ e^-}(\phi\eta)$ :  $0.23^{+0.37}_{-0.06}$  eV
- ✓ Br·  $\Gamma_{e^+ e^-}(\phi\eta')$ :  $7.1 \pm 0.7$  eV

$$\frac{\text{Br } [\phi(2170) \rightarrow \phi\eta] \cdot \Gamma_{ee}}{\text{Br } [\phi(2170) \rightarrow \phi\eta'] \cdot \Gamma_{ee}} = 0.03^{+0.02}_{-0.01}$$

➤ If we observed  $\phi(2170)$  in  $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \phi\eta', \phi(2170)$  as an  $1^- s\bar{s}g$  ?

$1^- s\bar{s}g$	alt	2.2GeV	standard	IKP	Ding
PRD59, 034016					PLB650,390
$\phi\eta$	2	19	11	3	1.2
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# $e^+ e^- \rightarrow KK\pi\pi$

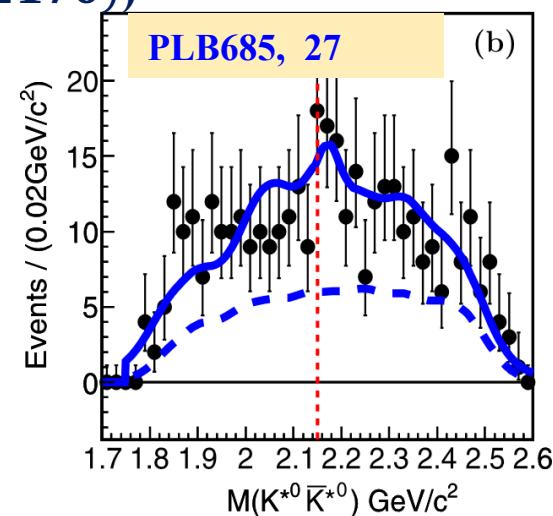
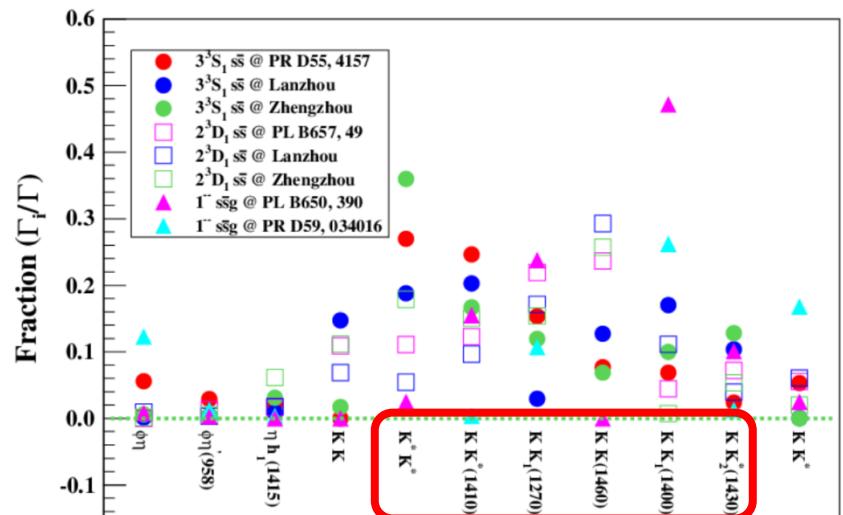
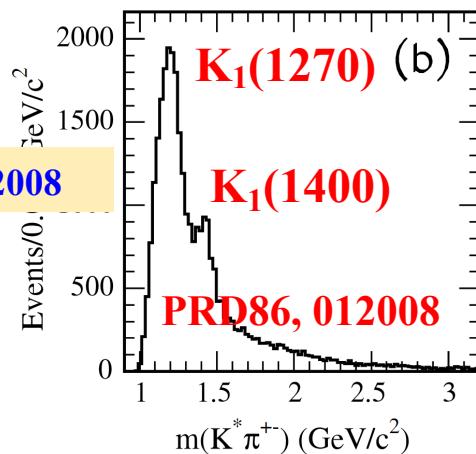
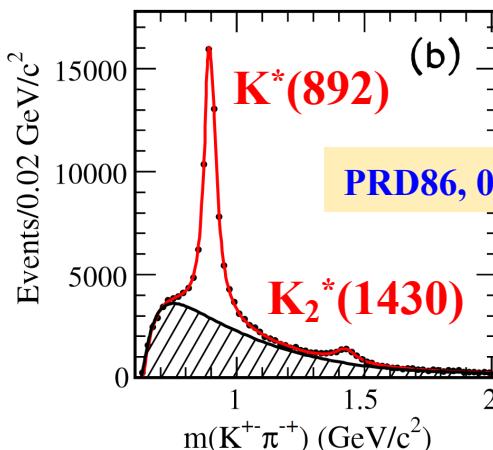
➤  $e^+ e^- \rightarrow KK\pi\pi$ : important to distinguish  $\phi(2170)$  theory models

- ✓  $K^* K^*$ :  $s\bar{s}g$  (unfavored),  $3^3S_1$  (favored)
- ✓  $KK_1(1400)$ :  $s\bar{s}g$  (favored)
- ✓  $KK(1460)$ :  $s\bar{s}g$  (unfavored),  $2^3D_1$  (favored)

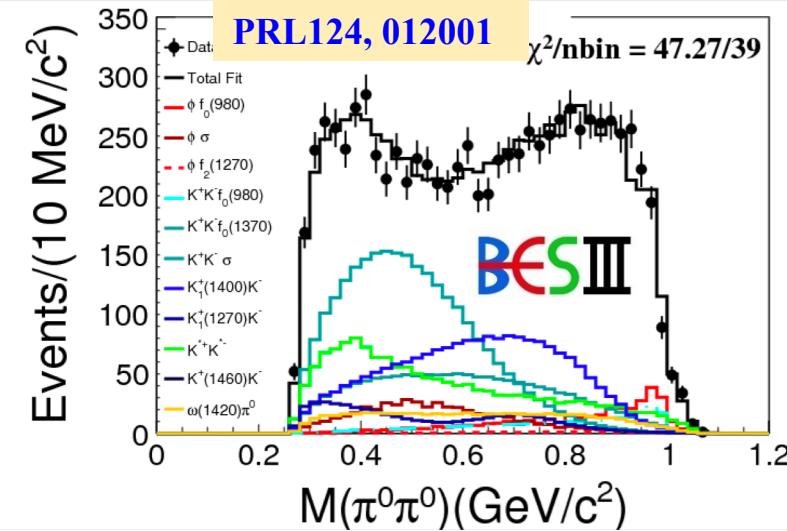
➤ BaBar:  $K^*(892)$ ,  $K_2^*(1430)$ ,  $K_1(1270)$  and  $K_1(1400)$

➤  $J/\psi \rightarrow \eta \phi(2170) \rightarrow \eta K^* K^*$

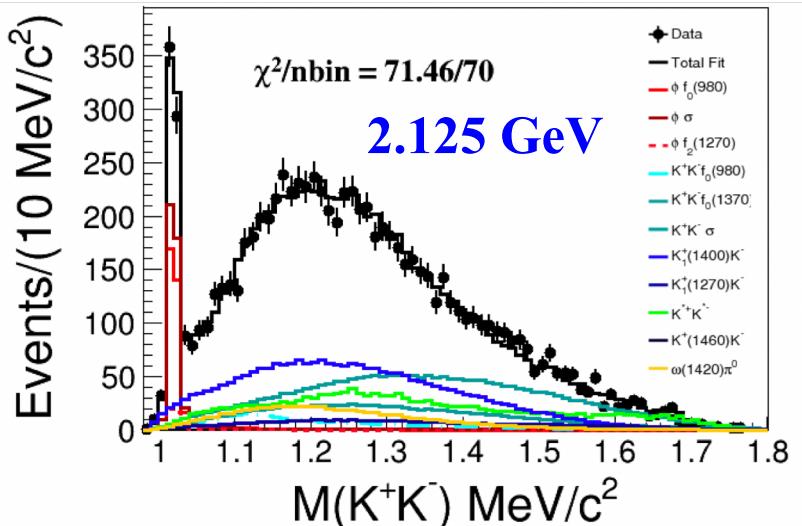
- ✓ BES: 58M  $J/\psi$ , an upper limit of  $Br(J/\psi \rightarrow \eta \phi(2170))$ .



# $e^+e^- \rightarrow K^+K^-\pi^0\pi^0$



process	Significance (2.1250 GeV)	Significance (2.3960 GeV)
$\phi f_0(980)$	>8.0 $\sigma$	>8.0 $\sigma$
$\phi \sigma$	>8.0 $\sigma$	—
$\phi f_2(1270)$	5.0 $\sigma$	—
$\phi f_0(1370)$	—	6.9 $\sigma$
$K^{*+}(892)K^{*-}(892)$	>8.0 $\sigma$	>8.0 $\sigma$
$K^+(1460)K^-$	>8.0 $\sigma$	6.4 $\sigma$
$K_0^{*+}(1430)K^{*-}(892)$	>8.0 $\sigma$	7.5 $\sigma$
$K_2^{*+}(1430)K^{*-}(892)$	—	6.4 $\sigma$
$K_1^+(1400)K^-$	>8.0 $\sigma$	>8.0 $\sigma$
$K_1^+(1270)K^-$	>8.0 $\sigma$	>8.0 $\sigma$
$K^{*+}(892)K^-\pi^0$	—	5.4 $\sigma$
$K^+K^-f_0(980)$	6.2 $\sigma$	>8.0 $\sigma$
$K^+K^-\sigma$	>8.0 $\sigma$	>8.0 $\sigma$
$K^+K^-f_0(1370)$	>8.0 $\sigma$	7.4 $\sigma$
$\omega(1420)\pi^0$	>8.0 $\sigma$	5.2 $\sigma$



- A PWA for multi-energy points
- @ [2.0, 2.644]GeV
- There is no significant signal of  $e^+e^- \rightarrow KK^*(1410)$
- Extract Born cross section of intermediate states

$$e^+ e^- \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0 \pi^0$$

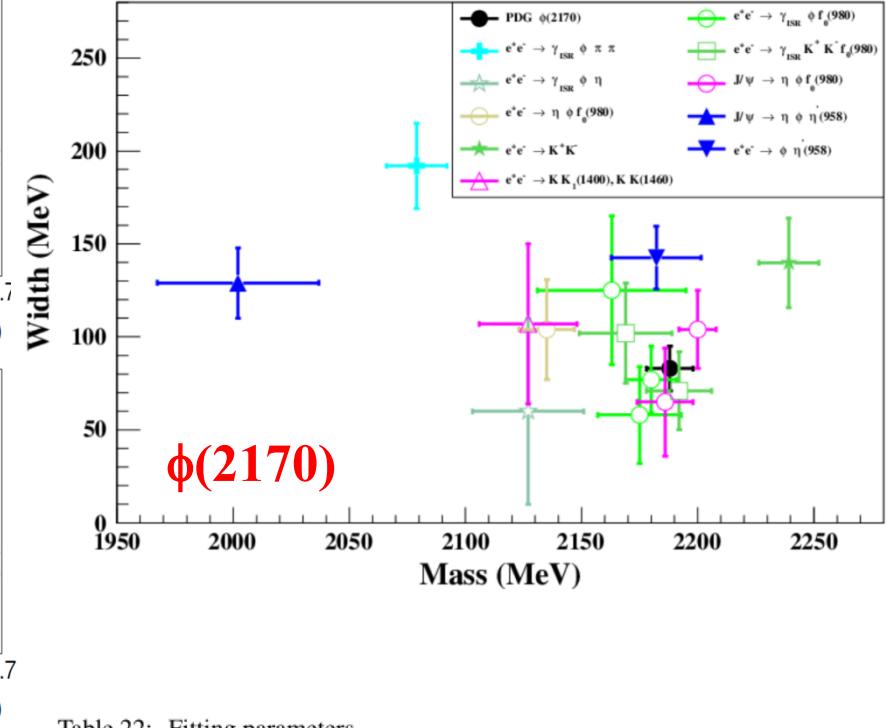
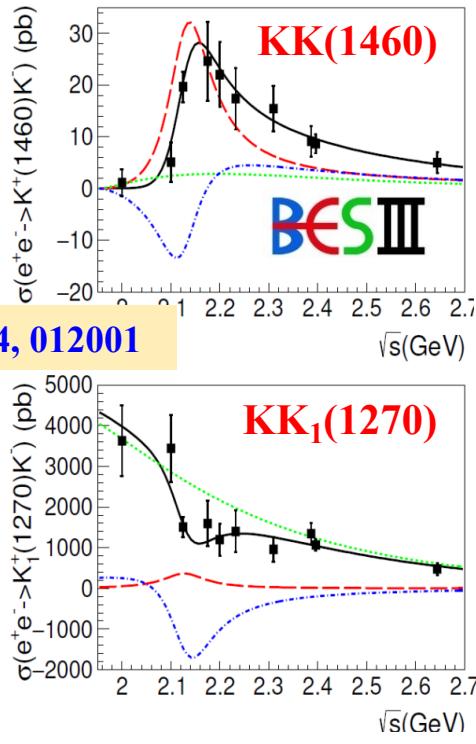
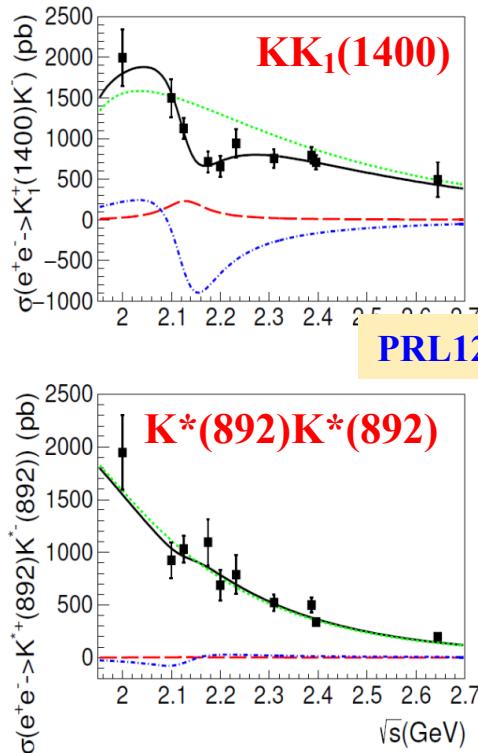


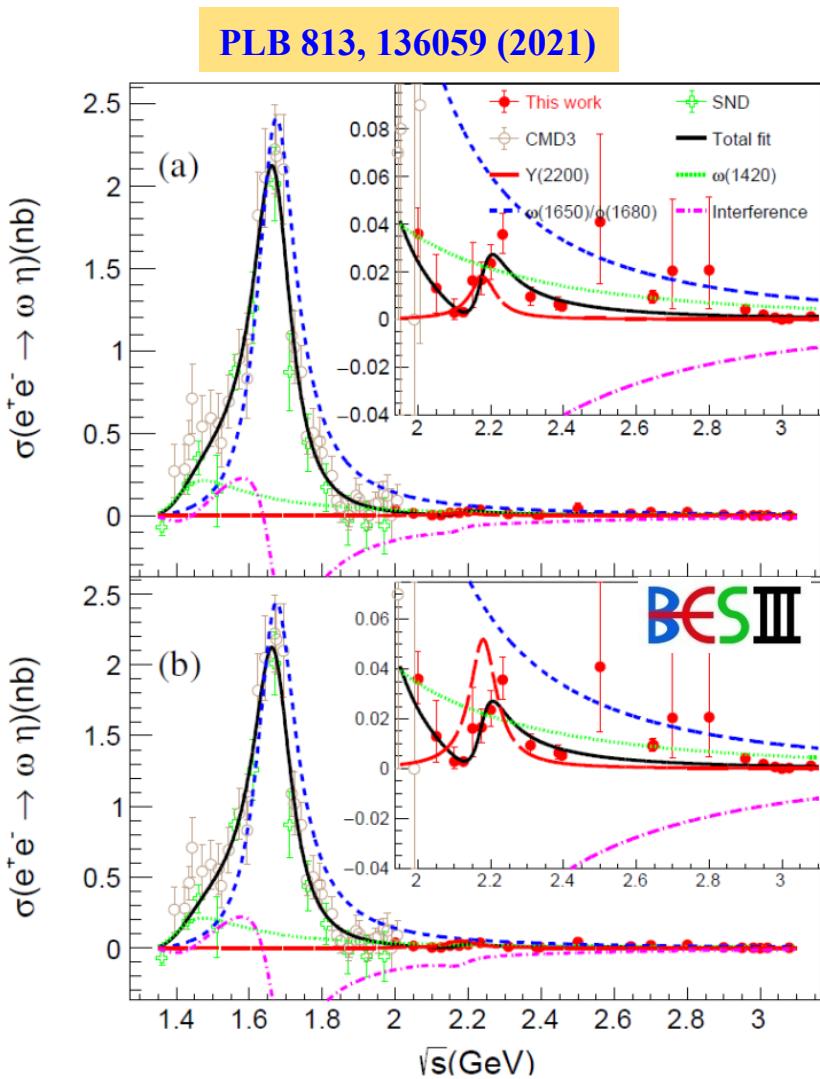
Table 22: Fitting parameters.

channel	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow K_1^+(1400)K^-$		$e^+ e^- \rightarrow K_1^+(1460)K^-$		$e^+ e^- \rightarrow K_1^+(1270)K^-$		$e^+ e^- \rightarrow K^{*+} K^{*-}$	
Mass ( MeV/ $c^2$ )			2126.5 $\pm$ 16.8					
Width (MeV)			106.9 $\pm$ 32.1					
	Solution1	Solution2			Solution1	Solution2		
$\mathcal{B}_R \Gamma^{e^+ e^-}$ (eV)	7.6 $\pm$ 3.7	152.6 $\pm$ 14.2			1.0 $\pm$ 1.3	4.7 $\pm$ 3.3	98.8 $\pm$ 7.8	0.04 $\pm$ 0.2
$\phi$ (rad)	3.7 $\pm$ 0.4	4.5 $\pm$ 0.3			5.6 $\pm$ 1.5	4.0 $\pm$ 0.2	4.5 $\pm$ 0.1	5.8 $\pm$ 1.9
Significance( $\sigma$ )	4.8		4.5		1.4		1.2	

➤  $\phi(2170) \rightarrow K K_1(1400)$  and  $K K(1460)$ : Yes ?

- ✓ Dots: BESIII data
- ✓ Black curves: fit results
- ✓ Red long-dashed:  $\phi(2170)$
- ✓ Green shot-dashed:  $1/s^n$
- ✓ Blue dash-dotted: interference

# $e^+e^- \rightarrow \omega\eta$



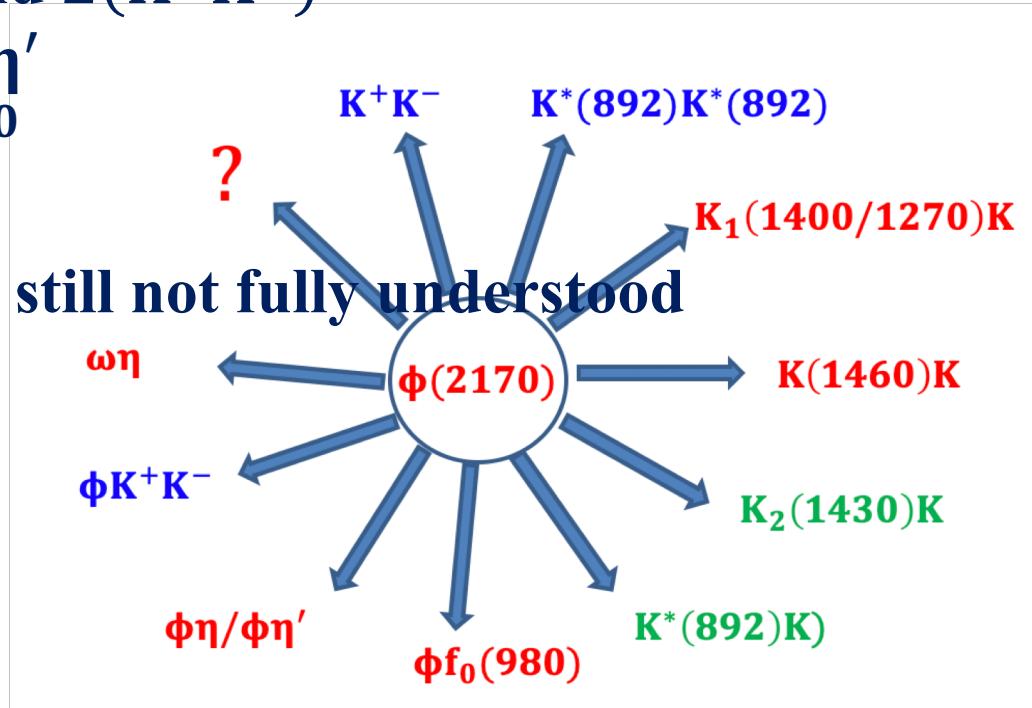
- The  $\eta$  has  $s\bar{s}$  component
- ✓ Isospin zero:  $\omega^*$  and  $\phi^*$
- ✓  $\phi(2170) \rightarrow \omega\eta$ : Yes ?

parameters	solution I	solution II
$m_{Y(2180)}(\text{MeV}/c^2)$	$2179 \pm 21$	
$\Gamma_{Y(2180)}(\text{MeV})$	$89 \pm 28$	
$\Gamma^{ee} \cdot B^{\omega\eta}(\text{eV})$	$0.50 \pm 0.16$	$1.50 \pm 0.44$
$\varphi$	$2.7 \pm 0.3$	$1.9 \pm 0.2$
significance		$6.1\sigma$

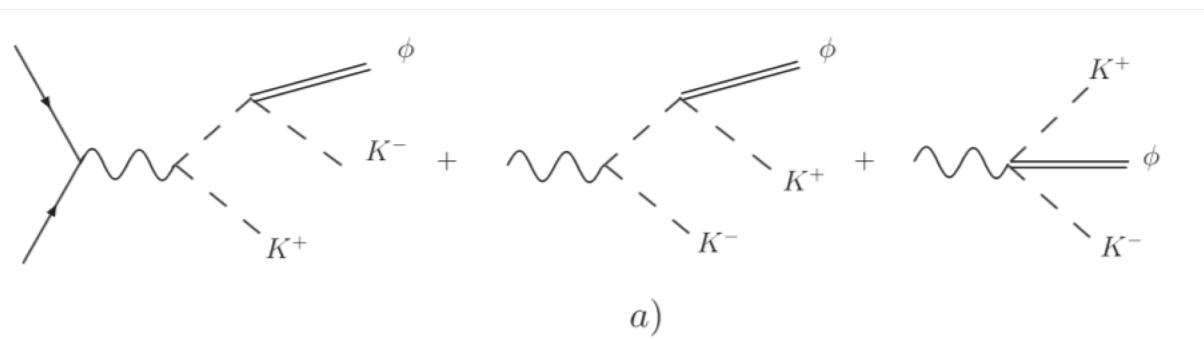
PDG	Mass	Width
$\omega(2205)$	$2205 \pm 30$	$350 \pm 90$
$\omega(2290)$	$2290 \pm 20$	$375 \pm 35$
$\omega(2330)$	$2330 \pm 30$	$435 \pm 75$

# Summary and outlook

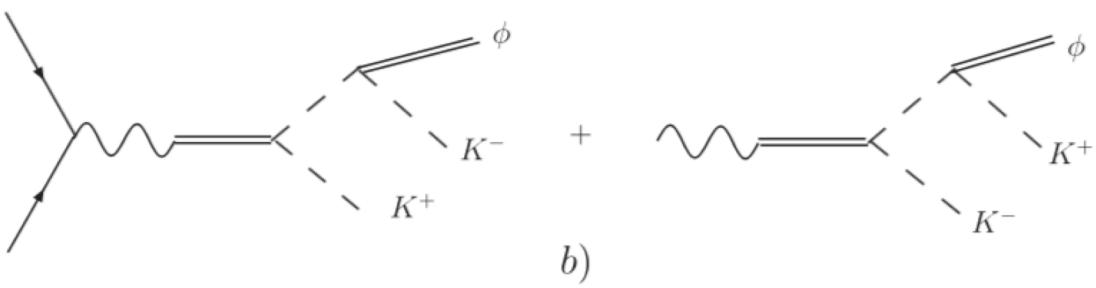
- Compared with  $c\bar{c}$  and  $b\bar{b}$ ,  $s\bar{s}$  is a terra incognita
- Lots of progress in study  $\phi(2170)$  at BESIII
  - ✓  $e^+e^- \rightarrow K^+K^-$
  - ✓  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \phi K^+K^-$  and  $2(K^+K^-)$
  - ✓  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \phi\eta$  and  $\phi\eta'$
  - ✓  $e^+e^- \rightarrow K^+K^-\pi^0\pi^0$
  - ✓  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \omega\eta$
- Aspects of  $\phi(2170)$  are still not fully understood



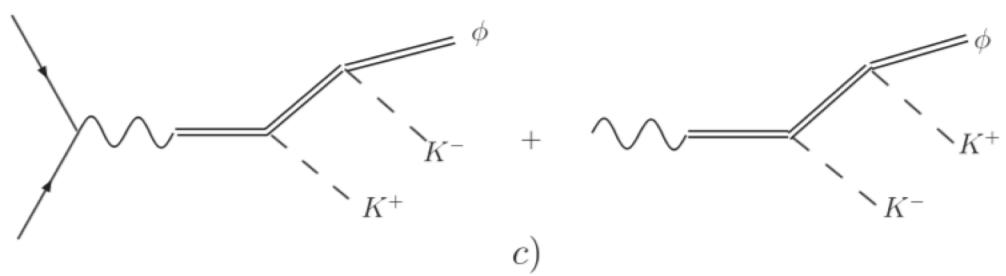
# Back up



*a)*



*b)*



*c)*