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Effective weak mixing angle($\sin^2 \theta_{eff}^f$) measurement at the CEPC

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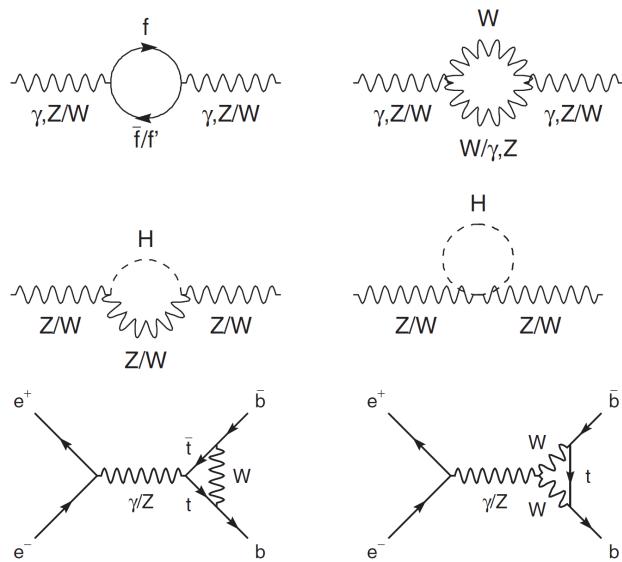
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Electroweak Precision measurements and $\sin^2 \theta_{eff}^f$

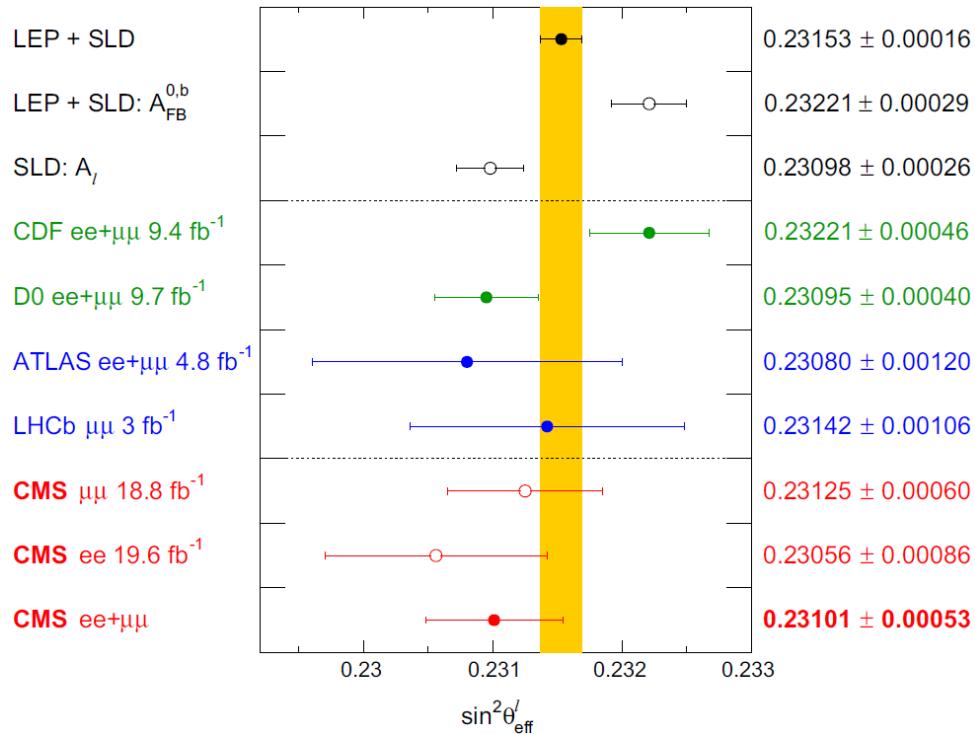
- Key parameter in electroweak sector:
 - $\alpha, G_\mu, M_Z, M_W, \sin^2 \theta_W$
- Effective weak mixing angle:
 - $\sin^2 \theta_{eff}^f = (1 - m_W^2/m_Z^2) * (1 + \Delta\kappa)$
 - $\Delta\kappa$ absorb higher order corrections

Physical constants	Experimental uncertainty (relative)
Fermi Constant (G_F)	10^{-7}
Mass of Z (m_Z)	10^{-5}
Mass of W (m_W)	10^{-4}
Effective Weak mixing angle ($\sin^2 \theta_{eff}$)	10^{-3}



$\sin^2 \theta_{eff}^f$ measurement at lepton/hadron collider

- LEP&SLAC (precision~0.1%)
 - LEP: 0.23188 ± 0.00021
 - SLAC: 0.23098 ± 0.00026
 - Statistical dominant
- Tevatron
 - 0.23148 ± 0.00033 (DØ+CDF)
 - Statistic & PDF dominant
- LHC
 - PDF, QCD & systematic dominant
 - Aiming for ~0.00010 in the future



Tevatron:

$$\sin^2 \theta_{eff}^l = 0.23148 \pm 0.00027(\text{stat.})$$

$$\pm 0.00005(\text{syst.})$$

$$\pm 0.00018(\text{PDF})$$

CMS 8TeV:

$$\sin^2 \theta_{eff}^l = 0.23101 \pm 0.00036(\text{stat.})$$

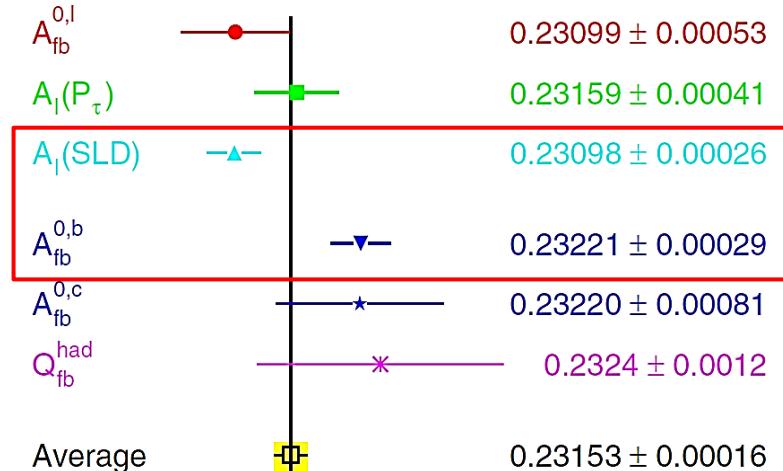
$$\pm 0.00018(\text{syst.})$$

$$\pm 0.00016(\text{theo.})$$

$$\pm 0.00031(\text{PDF})$$

measurement of $\sin^2 \theta_{eff}^f$ in the future

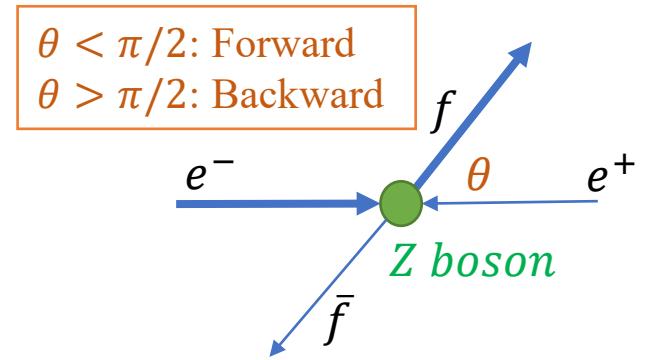
- Measurement before Higgs discovery
 - world average under SM assumption
 - $\sim 0.1\%$ precision good enough for Higgs mass prediction
- Measurement in the future
 - Global test of SM & search for new physics.
 - From $O(0.1\%)$ to $O(0.01\%)$, comparable to current theoretical calculation.
 - Direct comparison between different progresses (leptons, light quarks, heavy quarks ...)
 - Next 10~15 years: LHC, $\Delta \sin^2 \theta_{eff}^l \sim 0.00010$. Limited by PDF, QCD and experimental systematics.



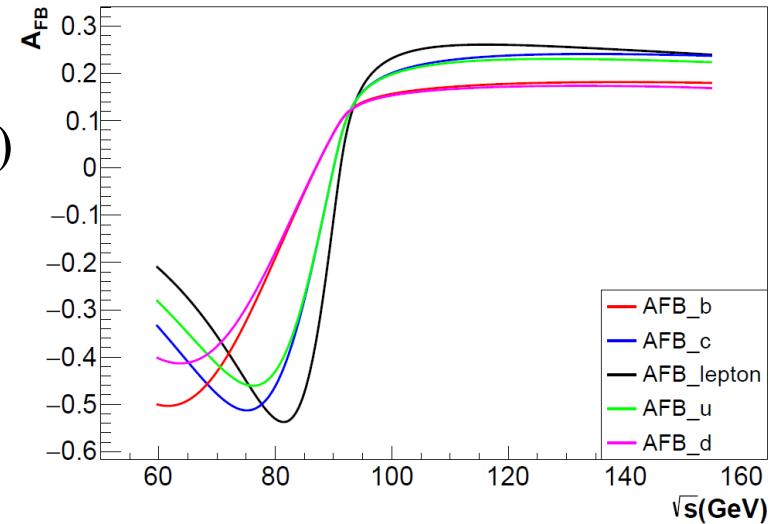
Experimental uncertainty	Theoretical calc. error
~ 0.00030	~ 0.00005

$\sin^2 \theta_{eff}^f$ measurement at the CEPC

- $A_{FB} = \frac{N_F - N_B}{N_F + N_B} = A_{FB}(\sin^2 \theta_{eff})$

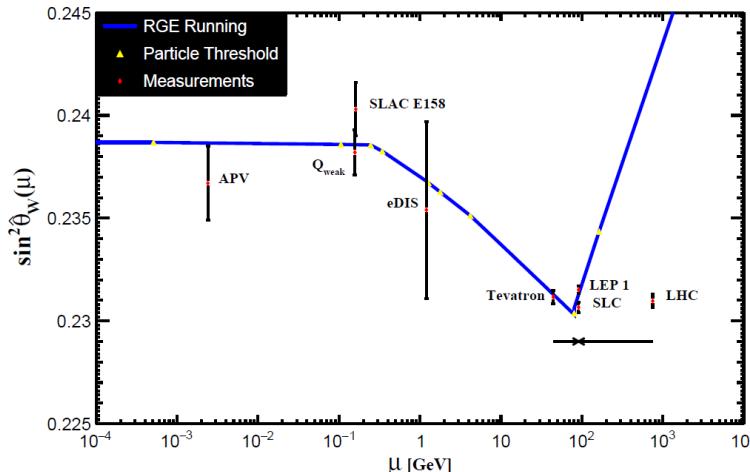


- High luminosity at the CEPC
 - CEPC: 600 billion Z in 2 years (Z period)
- Low systematics



$\sin^2 \theta_{eff}^f$ measurement at the CEPC

- High precision measurement
 - Final precision expected to be $\Delta \sin^2 \theta_{eff} \sim 0.00001$
- Independent measurement via different final states:
 - Each lepton channel, b, c, u+d (light)
- Running weak mixing angle with energy scale($\sin^2 \theta_w (\mu)$)
 - Make measurement at energy scale higher than Z pole for the first time.



NOTE: this is $\overline{\text{MS}}$ scheme defined weak mixing angle.
Effective mixing angle measurement at the CEPC (CEPC workshop, YangZhou)

Estimation on experimental sensitivity

$$S^{phy} = \frac{\partial A_{FB}^{phy}}{\partial \sin^2 \theta_{eff}}$$

sensitivity: $S = S^{phy} * Det$

$$Det = \frac{1}{1 - 2f} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{1}{\epsilon_{tagging}}}$$

- $\epsilon_{tagging}$: overall efficiency of events observation
- f : charge mis-identification probability

Lepton	Quarks
$\epsilon \sim 100\%$ $f \sim 0$	tagging power: $\epsilon * (1 - 2f)^2$ = 0.138 (for b quarks) = 0.283 (for c quarks)

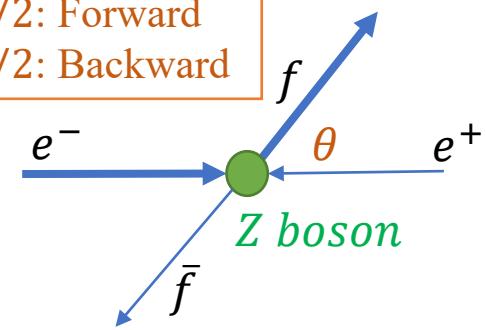
About tagging power research for b quark, you can refer to Cui Hanhua's talk
(will be at Friday, April 16)

Estimation on experimental systematics

- Systematics from efficiency determination:
 - Cancelled out in the ratio-type definition of AFB, no propagation
- Systematics from charge mis-ID estimation:
 - Can be precisely measured from data-driven method
- Systematics can be well controlled at 0.00001 level

$$A_{FB} = \frac{N_F - N_B}{N_F + N_B}$$

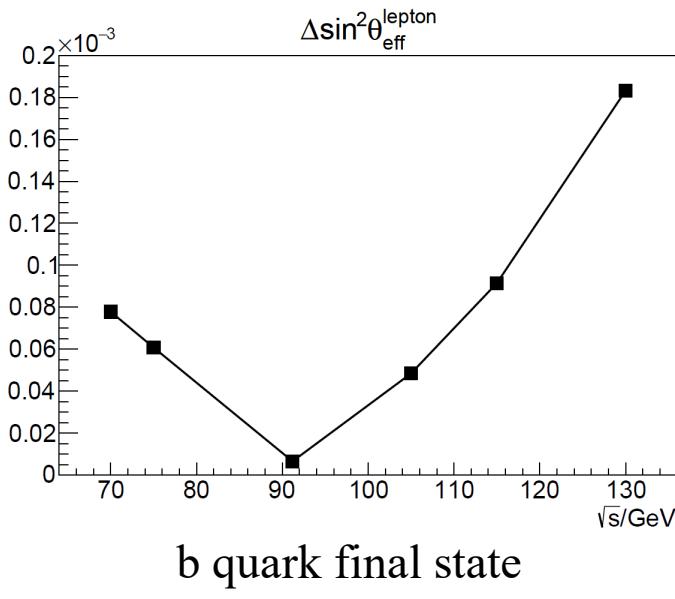
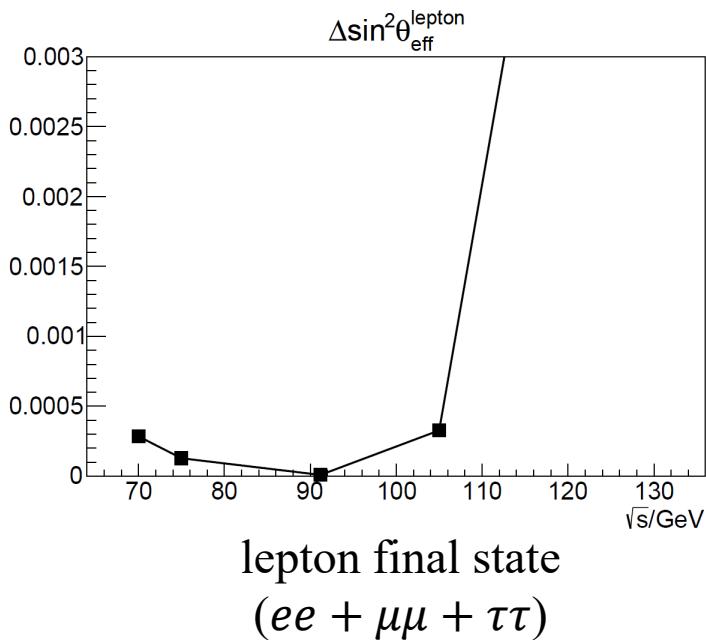
$\theta < \pi/2$: Forward
 $\theta > \pi/2$: Backward



Results: A_{FB} measurement

Consider 1 month statistics at each energy point
 $(\sim 6e11/24 Z \text{ events} \text{ at } Z \text{ pole})$

Only statistical uncertainty considered



Energy scale	70 GeV	75 GeV	91.19 GeV	105 GeV	115 GeV	130 GeV
$\Delta \sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}$ from lepton final state	0.000028	0.000013	0.000001	0.000033	0.00385	0.00766
$\Delta \sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}$ from b quark final state	0.000008	0.000006	<0.000001	0.000005	0.000009	0.000018

Summary

- Estimation on effective weak mixing angle according to 1 month data collection

Overall precision at Z pole	Precision in lepton/quark comparison	Precision at off Z pole
$\Delta \sin^2 \theta_{eff} \sim 0.00001$	$\Delta \sin^2 \theta_{eff} \sim 0.00001$	$\Delta \sin^2 \theta_{eff} \sim 0.00010$

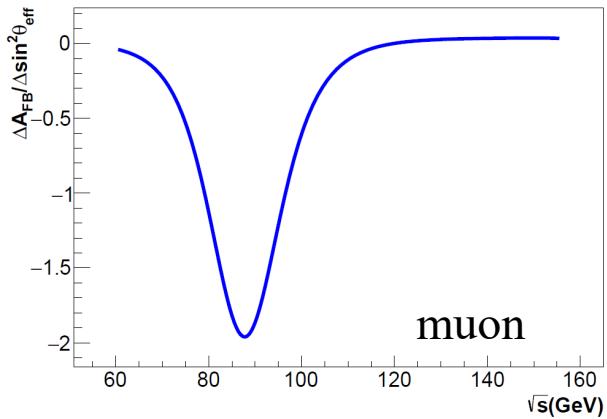
- CEPC features
 - Large statistics
 - Low systematics

Thanks

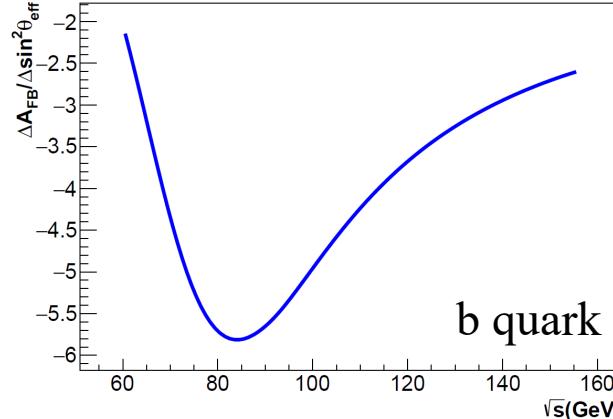
Backups

Sensitivity of AFB to $\sin^2 \theta_{eff}$

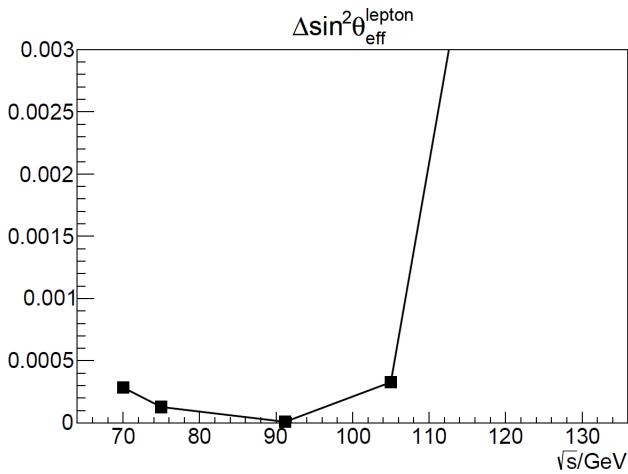
$$sensitivity = S_{phy} := \frac{\Delta A_{FB}}{\Delta \sin^2 \theta_{eff}}$$



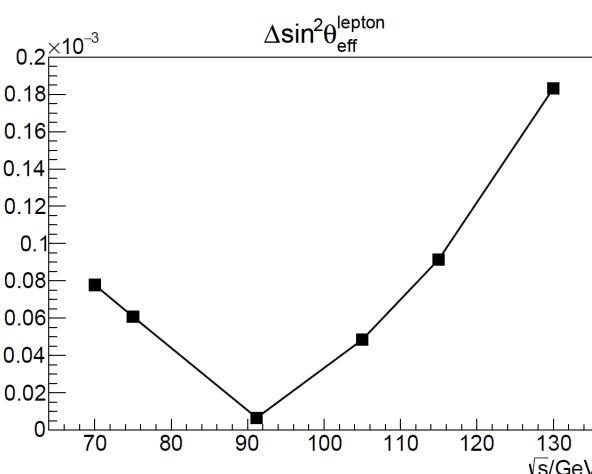
muon



b quark



lepton final state
($ee + \mu\mu + \tau\tau$)



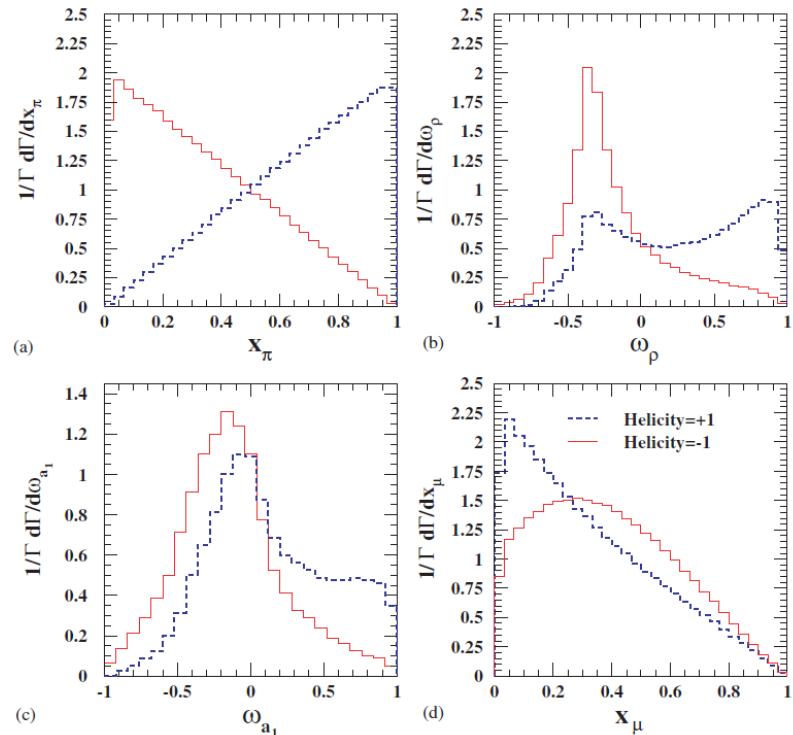
b quark final state

A_{FB}^b :
Sensitive to
 $\sin^2 \theta_{eff}$ at Z pole
and off Z pole

Measurement for Tau: polarization

$$P_\tau := \frac{\sigma^+ - \sigma^-}{\sigma^+ + \sigma^-}$$

- Tau polarization method
 - Extract weak mixing angle from polarization asymmetry
 - Tau is the only lepton that can measure the polarization
- Theory of the measurement
 - For different tau decay mode, define a kinematic variable ω .
 - Fit spectrum to get P_τ .
 - $P_\tau = P_\tau(\cos \theta) = P_\tau(\sin^2 \theta_{eff}, \cos \theta)$
(θ is the scattering angle of tau)



Results: P_τ measurement

- One month's statistics at Z pole
($3e^{11}/24$ Z boson)
 - Statistical error $\sim 0.5 * 0.01\%$
- Systematical error needs to be estimated in the future.

