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Searches for light scalar and charged scalar



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Monday, August 30, 2021

Higgs potential and BSM opportunity

Introduction

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- Standard Model (SM) of particle physics is very successful in describing and predicting experimental results
 - discovery of Higgs in 2012: an important piece to complete SM
- Strong evidence that physics beyond SM (BSM) exist
 - neutrino masses, matter–antimatter asymmetry, dark matter, gravity and hierarchy problem etc.
- Many BSM theories predict additional Higgs like bosons
 - Two Higgs doublet models(2HDM) predict extended Higgs sector with neutral CP even (h/H), neutral CP odd (A) and charged Higgs bosons (H[±])
 - Other models (eg. 3HDM) extend to a Higgs triplet that gives doubly charged scalar Higgs
 - 2HDM plus singlet scalar (2HDM +S) or dark matter models predict spin-0, low-mass particles from Higgs exotic decays





BSM Higgs searches in LHC

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- Focus on recent BSM Higgs results from LHC on the following two directions
- Searches for light sector
 - direct searches for low-mass Higgs-like resonance
 - ATLAS: <u>ATLAS-CONF-2018-025</u>, CMS: <u>Phys. Lett. B 793 (2019) 320</u>
 - exotic Higgs decays to low-mass new particles
 - $H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow 4\gamma$: <u>CMS-PAS-HIG-21-003</u>
 - $H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow bb\mu\mu$: <u>ATLAS-CONF-2021-009</u>
 - $H \rightarrow XX/ZX \rightarrow 4l$: <u>ATLAS-CONF-2021-034</u>
- Searches for charged Higgs
 - $H^{\pm} \rightarrow tb$: <u>JHEP 06 (2021) 145</u>
 - $H^{\pm} \rightarrow cb$: <u>ATLAS-CONF-2021-037</u>
 - $H^{\pm} \to cs$: Phys. Rev. D 102 (2020) 072001
 - $H^{\pm} \rightarrow W^{\pm}Z$ and $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow W^{\pm\pm}$
 - ATLAS: JHEP 06 (2021) 146, see also talk by Hanlin XU
 - CMS: <u>Eur. Phys. J. C 81 (2021) 723</u>

Higgs potential and BSM opportunity

$H \rightarrow aa$ searches

- $H \rightarrow aa$ possible in Next-to-MSSM with a as scalar or pseudo scalar
 - extended Minimal SUSY SM (MSSM) by adding singlet field
- A large number of searches at the LHC
 - with many final states

• $a \rightarrow bb, a \rightarrow \tau\tau, a \rightarrow \mu\mu, a \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$



• scanning m_a ranges up to $m_a \le m_h/2$

$$H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow 4\gamma$$

- Final states: 4 isolated photons with mass range $15GeV < m_a < 60GeV$
 - Iow statistics but also very low background contamination
- Boosted Decision Trees (BDT) is explored to separate signal from backgrounds
 - parameterized as a function of m_a
- Signal extracted by fitting $m_{4\gamma}$ spectrum to data
 - background modelled by sidebands with smooth falling shapes
- No significant deviation from the background-only hypothesis is observed



Higgs potential and BSM opportunity



$H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow bb\mu\mu$

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- Final states: two muons with two b-tagged jets
- Main background: ttbar and DY events
 - estimated from control regions
 - DY background reweighted from 0-b-tag region to 2-b-tag signal region
- BDT is trained to separate signal from backgrounds
 - with different $m_{\mu\mu}$ 8GeV windows



$H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow bb\mu\mu$

- Small excess of events above the Standard Model backgrounds
 - observed at an invariant dimuon mass of 52 GeV
 - local (global) significance of 3.3σ (1.7 σ)
- 95% C.L. limits extracted for different signal masses



$H \rightarrow XX/ZX \rightarrow 4l$

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- Dark matter and 2HDM models predicts mediator X
 - searches for $H \to XX/ZX$
- 4 lepton final state is explored
 - different phase spaces with different mass ranges

	Single Z (ZX) analysis	High-mass (HM) analysis	Low-mass (LM) analysis
	$H \rightarrow ZX \rightarrow 4\ell \ (\ell = e, \mu)$	$H \rightarrow XX \rightarrow 4\ell \ (\ell = e, \mu)$	$H \rightarrow XX \rightarrow 4\mu$
Mass range	$15\mathrm{GeV} < m_X < 55\mathrm{GeV}$	$15\mathrm{GeV} < m_X < 60\mathrm{GeV}$	$1 \mathrm{GeV} < m_X < 15 \mathrm{GeV}$

- Main backgrounds: $H \rightarrow ZZ$ and non-resonant ZZ events
 - estimated using MC and data-driven method separately
- Signal extracted from binned-fit to di-lepton masses



Higgs potential and BSM opportunity

$H \rightarrow XX/ZX \rightarrow 4l$

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- Signal extracted from binned fit to di-lepton mass of data
- No significant excess over backgrounds
- Limits extracted for all 3 searches



Charged Higgs searches

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- Extended Higgs sectors with additional SU(2) doublets or triplets predict singly and doubly charged Higgs
- Many searches with different decays of singly charged Higgs are explored at the LHC
- Singly/Doubly charged Higgs bosons decaying into vector bosons



$H^\pm \to t b$

- $H^{\pm} \rightarrow tb$ is the primary decay mode for $m_{H^+} > m_t$
- Final states: lepton+jets with 4 signal regions
 - 5j 3b, 5j ≥4b, ≥6j 3b, ≥6j ≥4b
- Background dominated by top processes
 - estimated from MC
 - with data-based correction to tt+jets background



$H^\pm \to t b$

- Neural Network (NN) classifier is trained to separate signal and backgrounds
 - parameterized as a function of signal masses
- Signal extracted by simultaneous fits of NN outputs in 4 signal regions
- No significant excess observed from data
 - most sensitive channel for low $\tan \beta$



Higgs potential and BSM opportunity

$$H^{\pm} \rightarrow cb$$

- In 3HDM lightest H[±] can be lighter than top quark
 - predominantly decays into cb
- Final states: 1 lepton, 3 b-jet, 1 c-jet
- Main backgrounds: tt+jets
 - modelled using simulation
 - o corrected with a data-driven methods
- Events categorized based on jet and b-jet numbers
 ATLAS Preliminary









$H^\pm \to cb$

- Neural Network (NN) classifier is explored to separate signal from backgrounds
 - parameterized as a function of signal masses
- Signal extracted from binned fit of NN outputs in different signal regions
- Small excess observed at 130GeV
 - local (global) significance of 3σ (2σ)





Higgs potential and BSM opportunity

$$H^{\pm} \rightarrow cs$$

- Light charged Higgs from top decays with final states of 1 lepton and above 4 jets
- Main background from tt events
 - full reconstruction using kinematic fits
- Signal categorized based on c-tag ouputs
- No excess observed from data
 - upper limits extracted assuming $BR(H^{\pm} \rightarrow cs) = 1$









Doubly and singly charged Higgs bosons into vector bosons channel in ATLAS

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 - Target pair and associate production modes where *H*^{±±} predominantly decay to WW
 - Final states: multi-leptons, MET and jets
 - Main backgrounds:
 - SM WZ, non-prompt leptons, electron charge-flip
 - data-driven corrections applied to improve the background modelling
 - Signal selection optimized for each lepton regions and different signal masses







Higgs potential and BSM opportunity

- Limits extracted from profiled likelihood fits for different sigal masses combined all signal categories
- No significant deviations from the Standard Model predictions are observed
- H^{±±} excluded at 95% C.L. up to 350 GeV and 230 GeV for the pair and associated production modes



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- Target VBF singal with mjj > 500 GeV and $|\Delta \eta_{jj}|$ > 2.5 for leading two jets
- Background estimated based on simulation and constraints from three control regions (CRs)
 - o noprompt lepton CR, tZq CR and ZZ CR

- No significant deviation from SM observed
 - s_H range of 0.20 to 0.35 excluded for m_{H_5} of 200 to 1500 GeV



Summary

- A wide range of searches for BSM Higgs at the LHC
 - exotic Higgs decays to low-mass new particles
 - singly and doubly charged Higgs searches
- No significant excess found over SM predictions
- Large parameter space of BSM benchmarks are already excluded
 - significant improvements from optimization of object identification, MVA techniques and background modelling
- More results to come with full Run2 data, and Run3/HL-LHC



Back up

Higgs potential and BSM opportunity

 $H \rightarrow XX/ZX \rightarrow 4l$

CMS-PAS-HIG-19-007



No significant deviation from SM observed \rightarrow strong limits set

Several hundred mass hypotheses considered for both XX and ZX final states; excesses with largest local significance: 2.9 and 3.0σ at m_x of 18.8 and 15.6 GeV, respectively

Limits on production cross-section times branching fraction interpreted in terms of dark-photon and ALP models

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