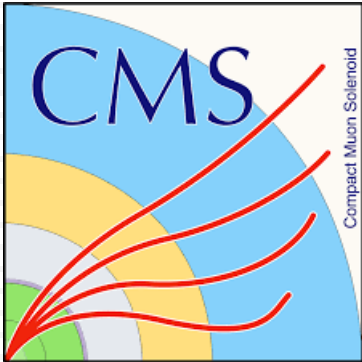


Higgs self-coupling measurements in LHC



Jin Wang

Institute of High Energy Physics, CAS

Thursday, July 15,
2021

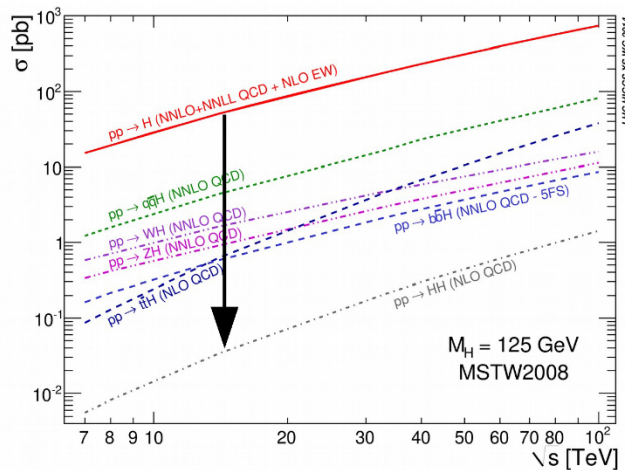
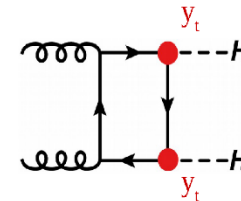
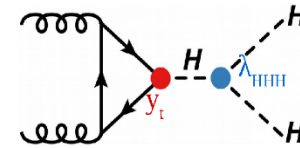
The First Tibet High Energy Physics Forum

Higgs self-coupling and HH production

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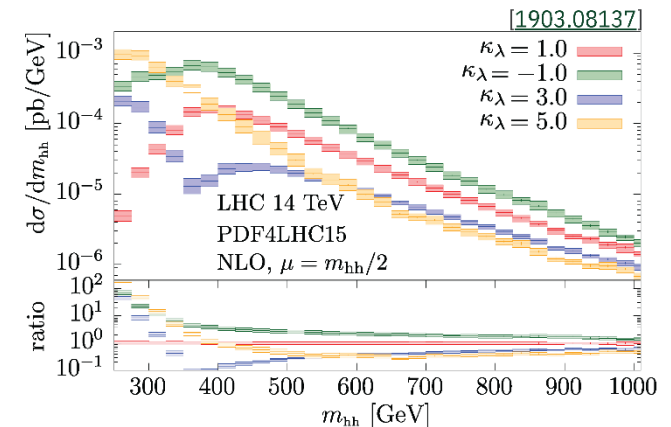
- Higgs self-coupling could be directly accessed by the SM HH production
 - crucial to understand the EW symmetry breaking mechanism

- ◆ **Non-resonant** production: **rare** process of the SM
 - destructive interference
 - $\sigma(gg \rightarrow HH) \approx 0.1\% * \sigma(gg \rightarrow H)$



$\kappa_\lambda = \lambda/\lambda^{SM}$ also dictates signal kinematics:

- BSM contributions can modify the Higgs boson coupling parameters and modify the HH cross section: define $\kappa_\lambda = c_{hhh} = \lambda_{HHH} / \lambda_{HHH}^{SM}$
- BSM resonances Heavy scalar/graviton could also decay to a HH pair



HH decays

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HH decay branching ratio fraction

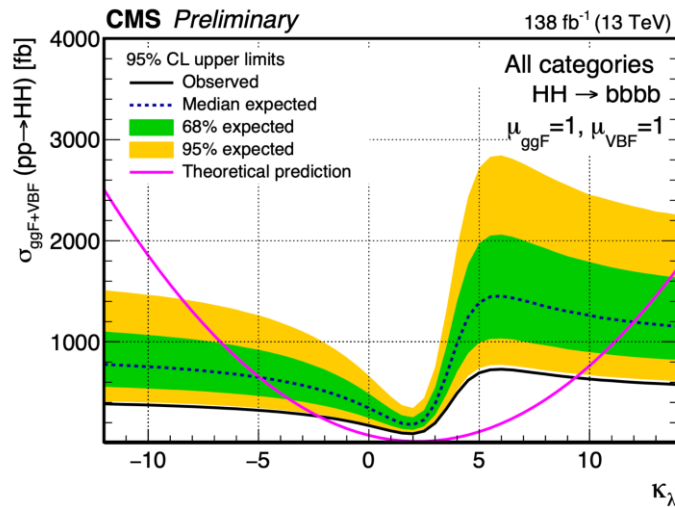
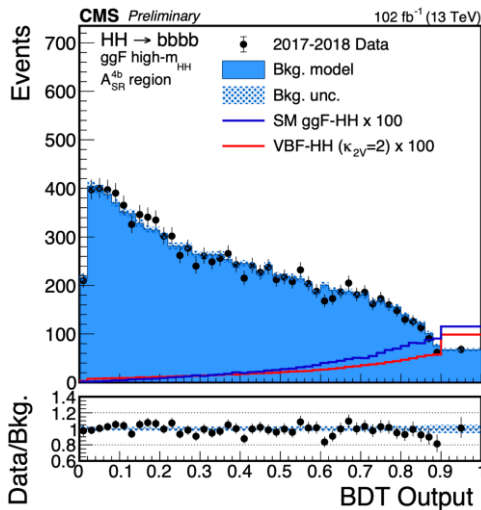
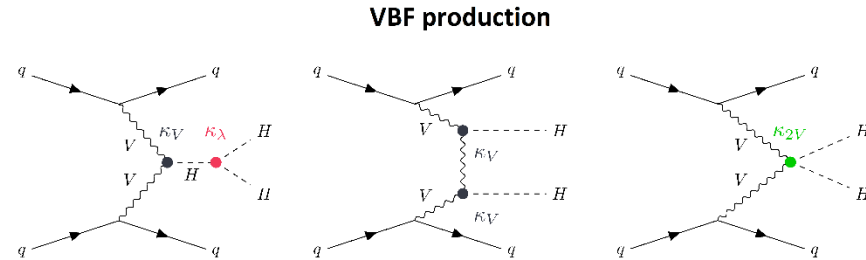
%	bb	WW	$\tau\tau$	ZZ	$\gamma\gamma$
bb	33				
WW	25	4.6			
$\tau\tau$	7.4	2.5	0.39		
ZZ	3.1	1.2	0.34	0.08	
$\gamma\gamma$	0.26	0.1	0.03	0.01	-

- bbbb: highest branching fraction, large multijet background
- bbWW, bb $\tau\tau$, bbZZ: smaller BR, exploring lepton final states to reject backgrounds
- bb $\gamma\gamma$: very small BR, clean signal extraction due to the narrow $h \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ mass peak
- multilepton(WW+ $\tau\tau$ +ZZ) and WW $\gamma\gamma$: important complementary channels
- ATLAS and CMS are exploring all these final states in LHC Run2

CMS $HH \rightarrow bbbb$ with Run 2 data

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- Recently published results with $HH \rightarrow bbbb$ from CMS (June 2021)
 - measuring both ggF and VBF production of HH
 - reconstruct HH candidate using 4 jets
 - with additional 2 jets for VBF events
 - use dedicated BDTs to separate different signals and backgrounds
 - large multijet background estimated from data and fitted simultaneously in multiple signal regions



observed (expected) results

$$\sigma_{ggF+VBF}^{HH} < 3.6 \text{ (7.3)} \times \sigma_{ggF+VBF}^{HH SM}$$

$$-2.3 \text{ (-5.0)} < \kappa_\lambda < 9.4 \text{ (12.0)}$$

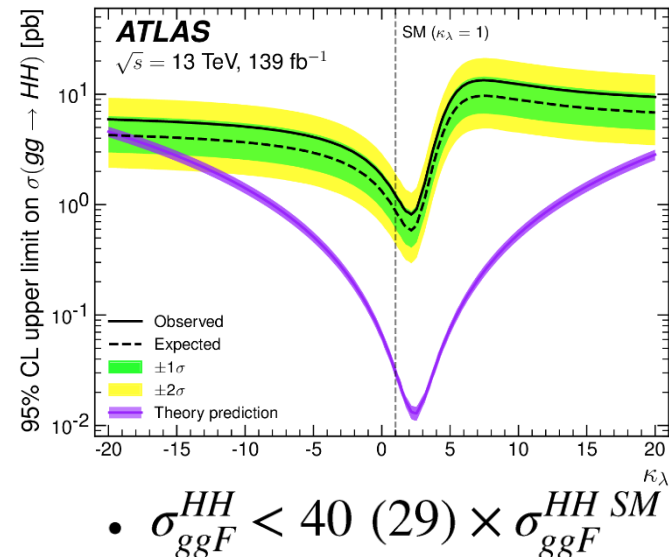
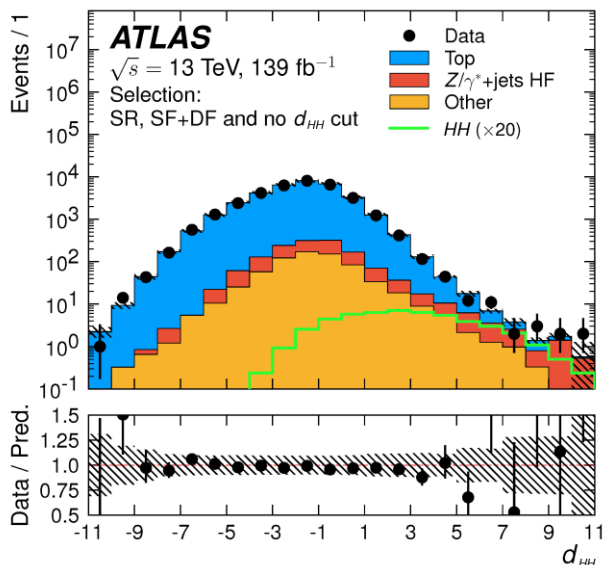
$$-0.1 \text{ (-0.4)} < \kappa_{2V} < 2.2 \text{ (2.5)}$$

[CMS-PAS-HIG-20-005](https://cds.cern.ch/record/2771413/files/CMS-PAS-HIG-20-005)

ATLAS $HH \rightarrow bbWW$ with Run2 data

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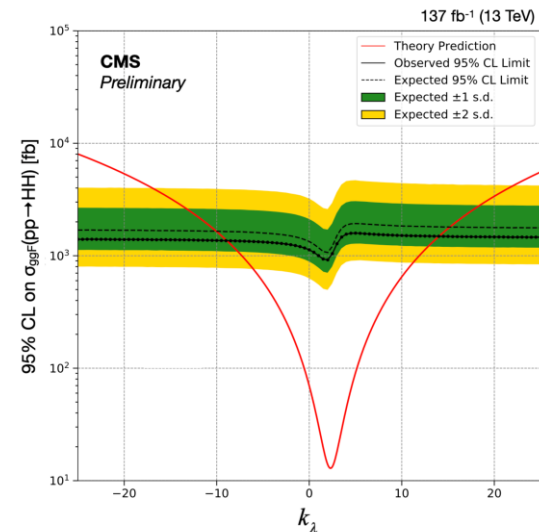
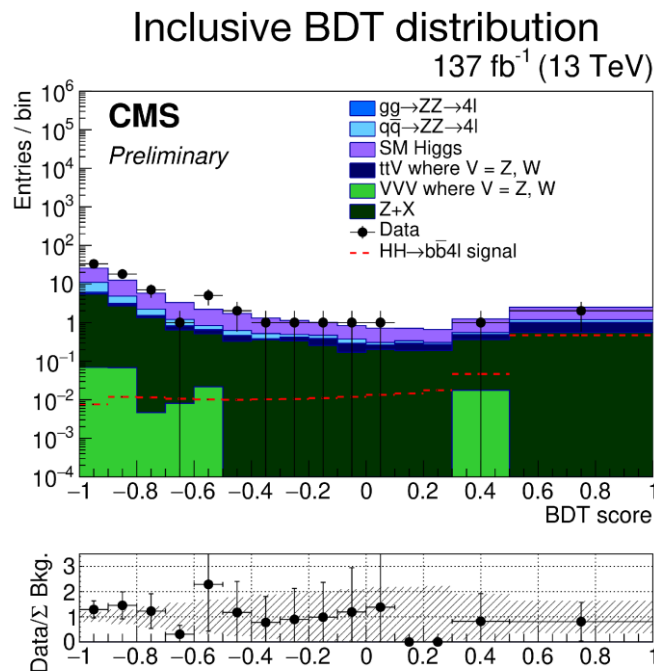
- ATLAS analysis of two b-jets, two leptons and missing transverse energy using 139 fb^{-1} data
 - [Phys. Lett. B 801 \(2020\) 135145](#)
 - targeting mainly ggF $HH \rightarrow bbWW$ but also contains $bb\tau\tau, bbZZ$ signals
 - use multi-class Neural Network(NN) to separate the main signal and backgrounds
 - define discriminant $d_{HH} = \ln\left(\frac{p_{HH}}{p_{top}} + p_{Zll} + p_{Z\tau\tau}\right)$ with p_i as the probability of events belong to class i in the multi-class NN output



CMS $HH \rightarrow bbZZ$ with Run2 data

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- ggF $HH \rightarrow bbZZ$ channel with final states of two b-jets and two pairs of opposite-charge leptons ($4\mu, 4e, 2\mu 2e$): [CMS-PAS-HIG-20-004](#)
 - 9 BDTs are trained for each data-taken year and each final state channels to separate signal and backgrounds
 - signal region is defined with $m_{4l} \sim m_H$
 - multi-dimensional binned fit to the BDT distribution in data is performed to extract the signal



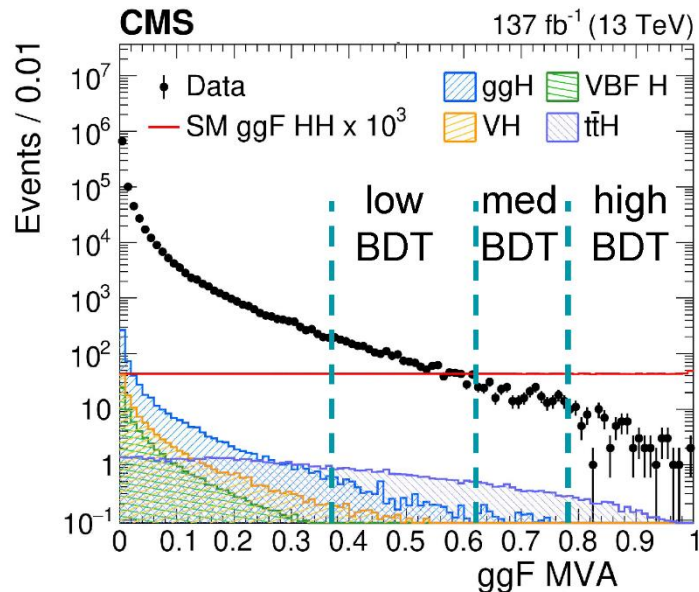
Observed (expected) limits at 95% CL:

- $\sigma_{ggF}^{HH} < 30$ (37) $\times \sigma_{ggF}^{HH SM}$
- -9 (-10.5) $< k_\lambda < 14$ (15.5)

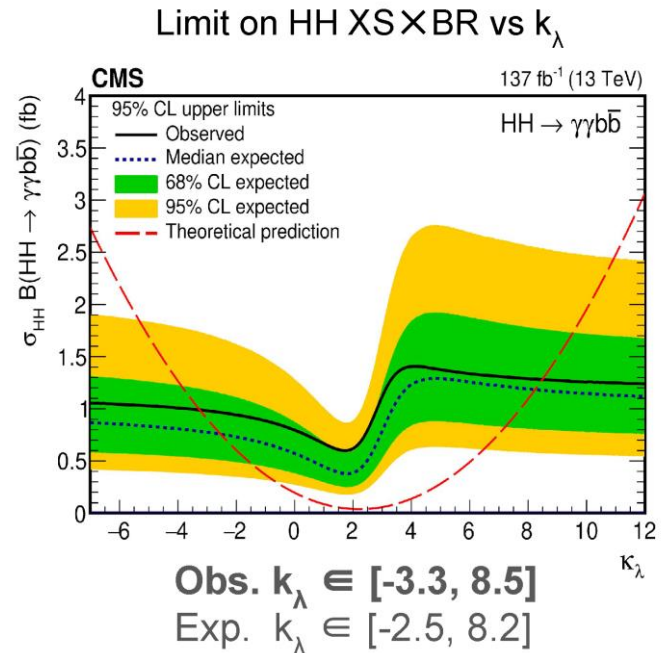
CMS $HH \rightarrow b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$ with Run2 data

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- Targeting both ggF and VBF production of $HH \rightarrow b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$ events
 - MVA strategy to optimize signal and background separation
 - BDT to separate ggF or VBF HH from $\gamma(\gamma)$ +jets events
 - optimized category to maximum Higgs self-coupling sensitivity
 - Deep Neural Network (DNN) to separate HH from $t\bar{t}H(\gamma\gamma)$ events
 - signal extraction from simultaneous fit of $m_{\gamma\gamma}$ and $m_{b\bar{b}}$
- Obs.(exp.) upper limit on HH signal strength $7.7(5.2)\times\text{SM}$



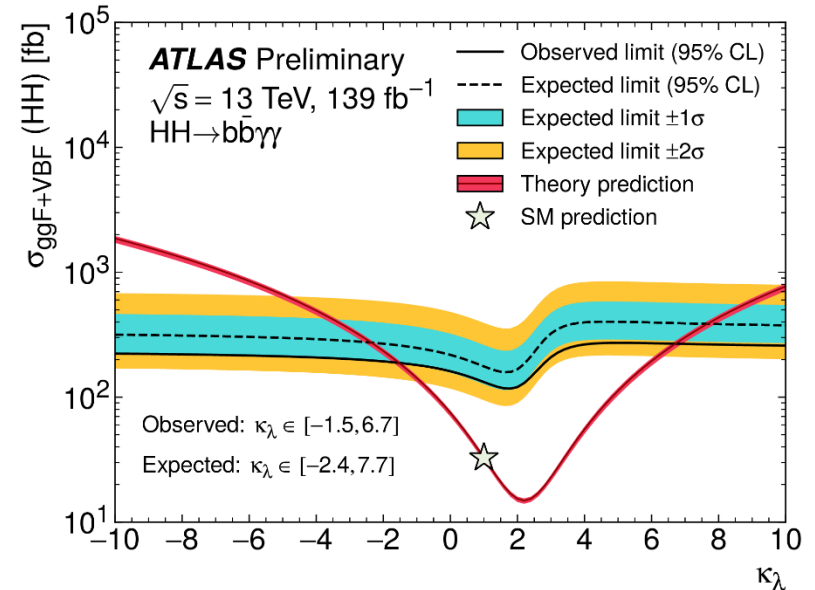
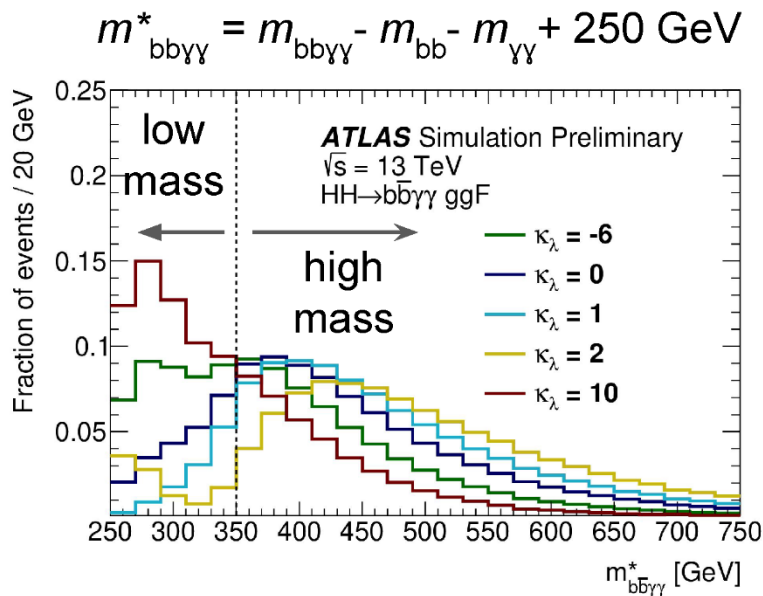
[JHEP 03 \(2021\) 257](#)



ATLAS $HH \rightarrow bb\gamma\gamma$ with Run2 data

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- Targeting mainly ggF production of $HH \rightarrow bb\gamma\gamma$ events but VBF events are also considered as signal
 - two different BDTs are trained for events with high/low 4 body mass $m^*(bb\gamma\gamma)$ to improve BSM sensitivity
 - Fit $m_{\gamma\gamma}$ distribution for signal extraction
- Upper limit on signal strength: obs.(exp.) = 4.1(5.5) \times SM



the most stringent limits to κ_λ to date

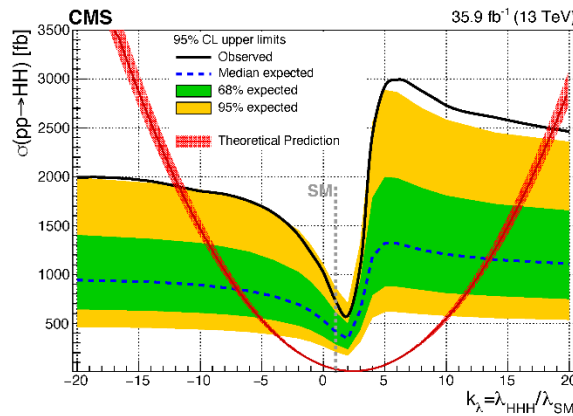
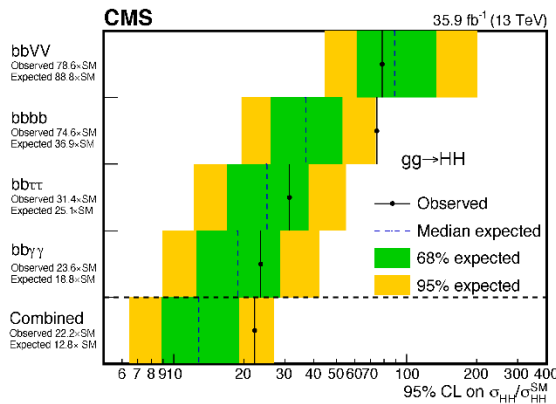
[ATLAS-CONF-2021-016](#)

HH combination

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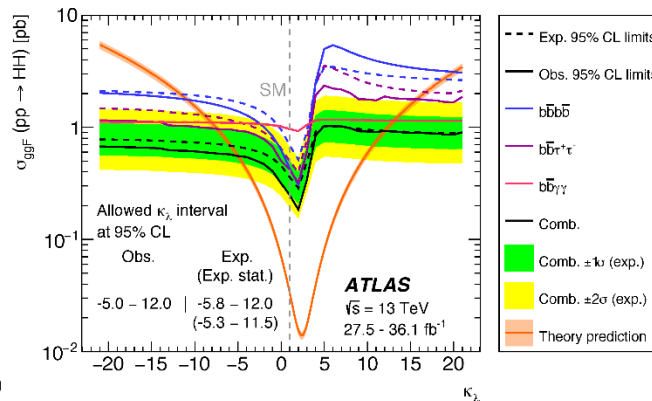
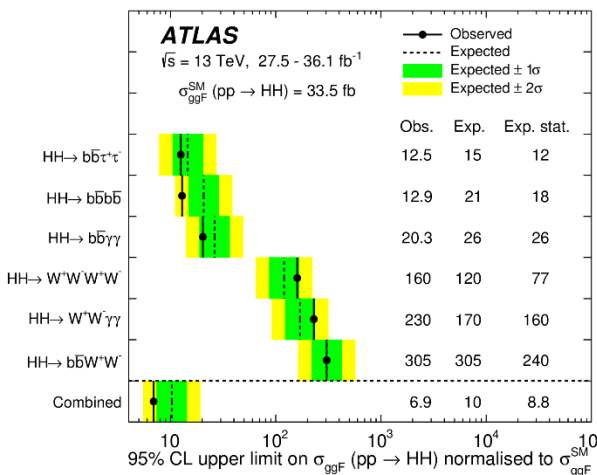
Both ATLAS and CMS have performed HH combination with partial Run2 data

- 27.5-36.1 fb⁻¹ data for ATLAS, 35.9 fb⁻¹ data for CMS
- only consider ggF HH production



Observed (expected) limits at 95% CL:

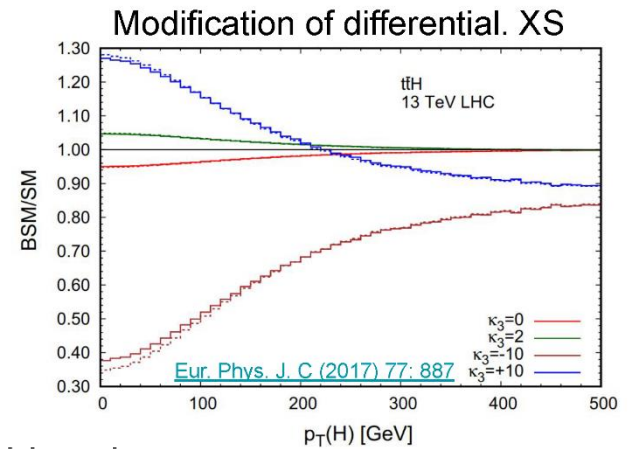
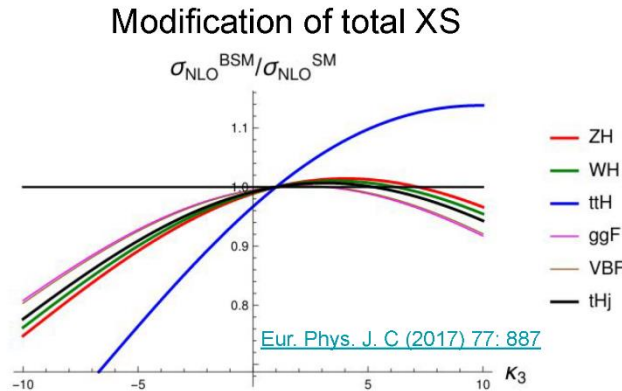
- ATLAS: $\sigma_{ggF}^{HH} < 6.9$ (10) $\times \sigma_{ggF}^{HH SM}$
- CMS: $\sigma_{ggF}^{HH} < 12.8$ (22.2) $\times \sigma_{ggF}^{HH SM}$
- ATLAS: -5 (-5.8) $< \kappa_\lambda < 12$ (12.0)
- CMS: -11.8 (-7.1) $< \kappa_\lambda < 18.8$ (13.6)



Higgs self-coupling with single Higgs processes

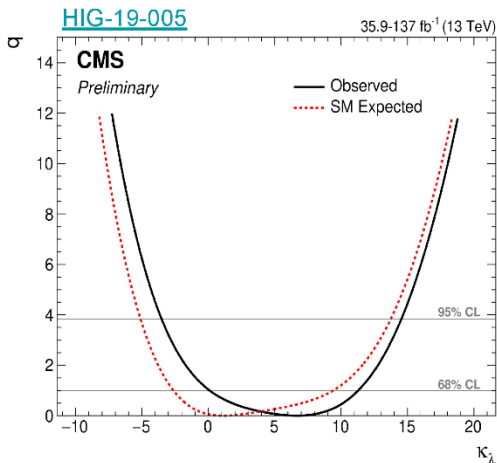
10

- Higgs self-coupling k_λ also affect the single Higgs NLO electroweak corrections

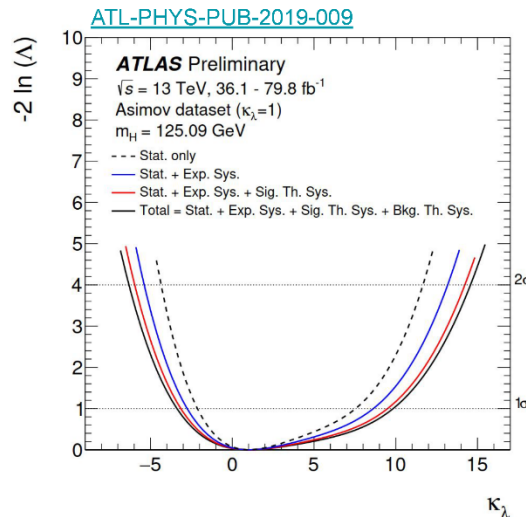


Constrain k_λ from single-H in partial Run 2 comb @ CMS

- Neglected differential effects



ATLAS partially considered the differential info



Constraints on k_λ with single Higgs production:

ATLAS HH+H combination:
 $-2.3 (-5.1) < k_\lambda < 10.3 (11.2)$

CMS single Higgs combination;
 $-3.5 (-5.1) < k_\lambda < 14.5 (13.5)$

HL-LHC projection of HH

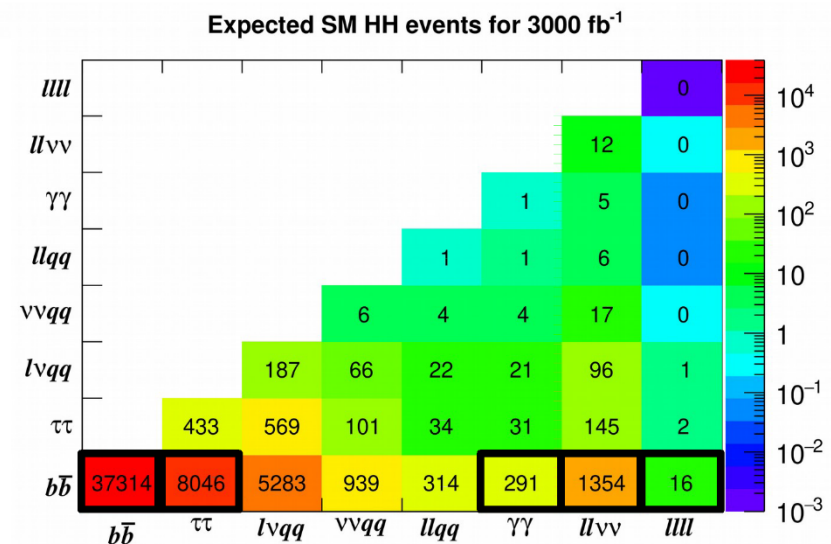
11

- ⊙ Different channels are studied for HL-LHC with projection from Run-2 analyses

- ⊙ ~20% larger cross section, but much more difficult environment

– summary of channels/methods:

	ATLAS	CMS
bbbb	extrapolation	parametric
bb $\tau\tau$	extrapolation	parametric
bbyy	smearing	parametric
bbVV (\rightarrow l ν l ν)		parametric
bbZZ (\rightarrow 4l)		parametric



Combined HH results in HL-LHC

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- Expected **significance** (SM) with and without systematics at HL-LHC

	Statistical-only		Statistical + Systematic	
	ATLAS	CMS	ATLAS	CMS
$HH \rightarrow b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$	1.4	1.2	0.61	0.95
$HH \rightarrow b\bar{b}\tau\tau$	2.5	1.6	2.1	1.4
$HH \rightarrow b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$	2.1	1.8	2.0	1.8
$HH \rightarrow b\bar{b}VV(ll\nu\nu)$	-	0.59	-	0.56
$HH \rightarrow b\bar{b}ZZ(4l)$	-	0.37	-	0.37
combined	3.5	2.8	3.0	2.6
	Combined		Combined	
	4.5		4.0	

[arxiv:1902.00134](https://arxiv.org/abs/1902.00134)

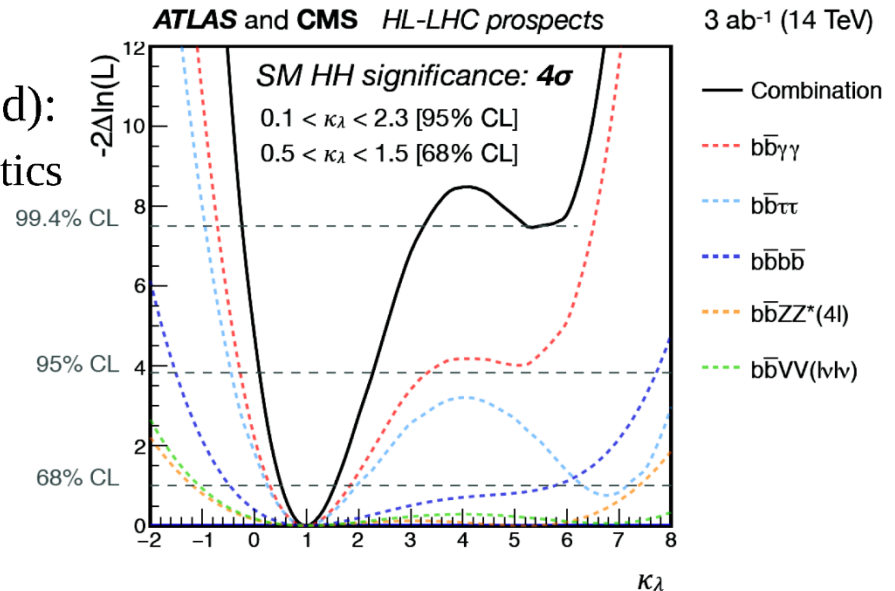
- 4σ expected with ATLAS+CMS!

- Measurement of μ (SM signal injected):

- $\sim 25\%$ (30%) without (with) systematics
- $\mu = 0$ (no SM HH signal) excluded at 95% CL

- Measurement of κ_λ :

- 68% CI of 50%
- 2nd minimum excluded at 99.4% CL thanks to the m_{HH} shape information



Summary

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- ⊙ Both ATLAS and CMS are finalizing a range of HH measurements that probe the Higgs self-coupling with full Run2 data
 - ⊙ some of the main channels have their results with full Run2 datasets
 - ⊙ $bbbb, bbWW, bbZZ$ and $bb\gamma\gamma$ channels
 - ⊙ the most stringent limits to k_λ at 95% CL. to date correspond to:
 - ⊙ $-1.5 (-2.4) < k_\lambda < 6.7 (7.7)$ from ATLAS $bb\gamma\gamma$ channel
 - ⊙ limits would be improved by the combination of different HH channels and introducing constraints from single Higgs production
 - ⊙ stay tuned for the full Run2 results !
- ⊙ With HL-LHC the Higgs self-coupling 68% C.L intervals could be constrained at 50% level
 - ⊙ exclude $k_\lambda = 0$ at 95% C.L.
 - ⊙ expect the observation of the HH SM production

Back Up

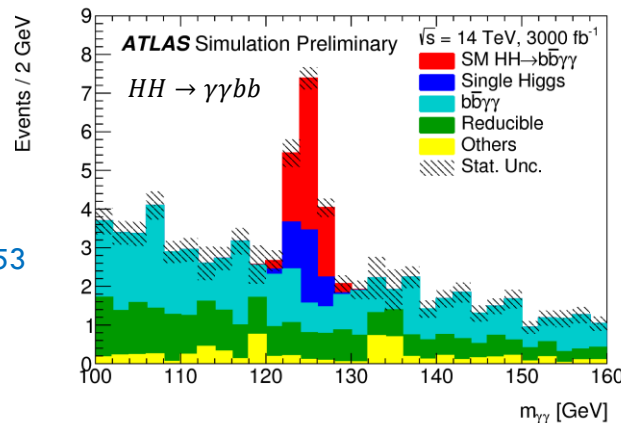
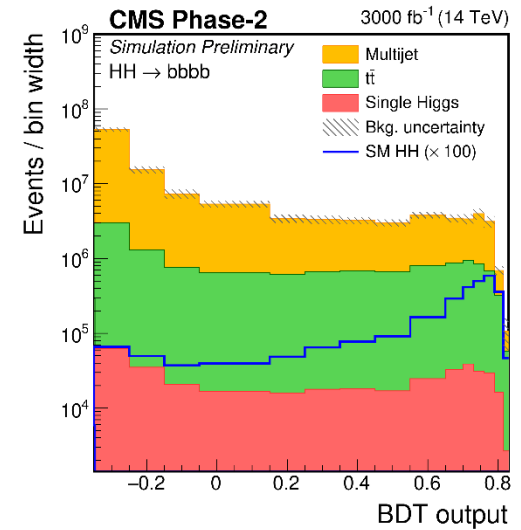
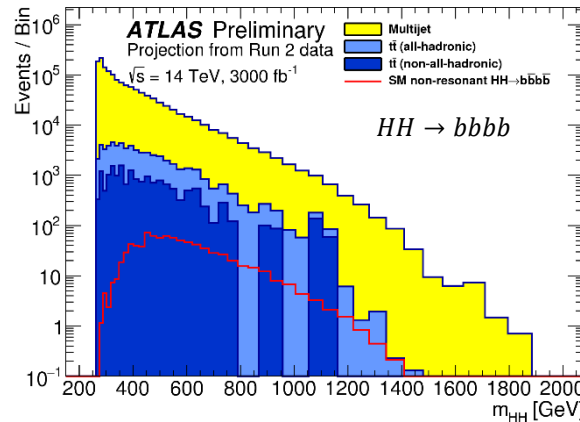
General HH analysis strategy

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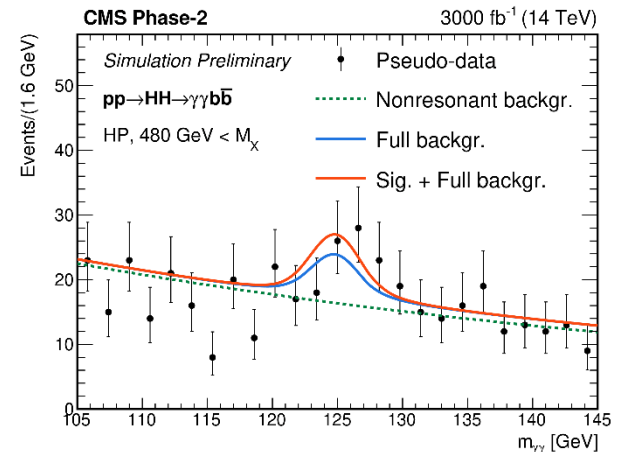
- Analysis strategy
 - develop MVA method to reject background
 - explore m_{HH} and SM Higgs spectrum

CMS-PAS-FTR-18-019

fit discriminants



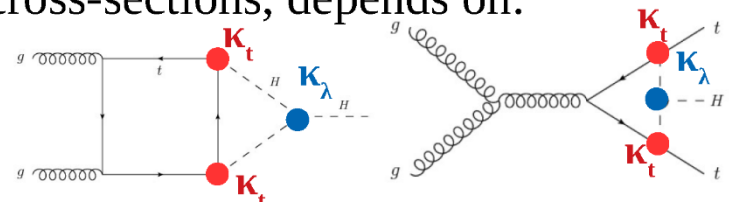
ATL-PHYS-PUB-2018-053



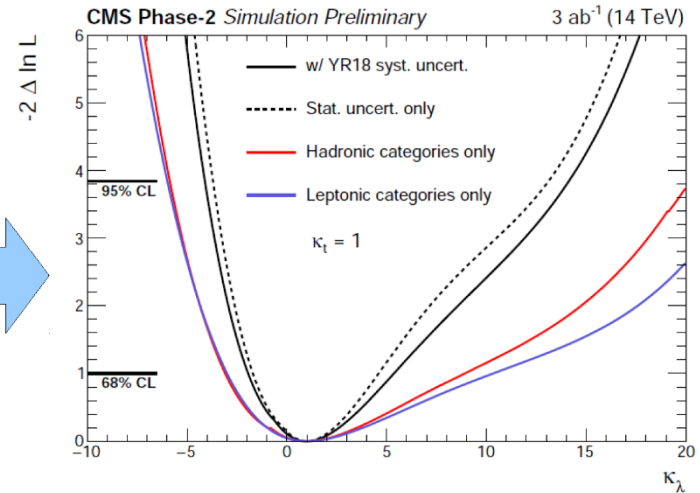
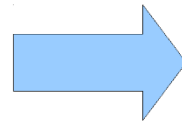
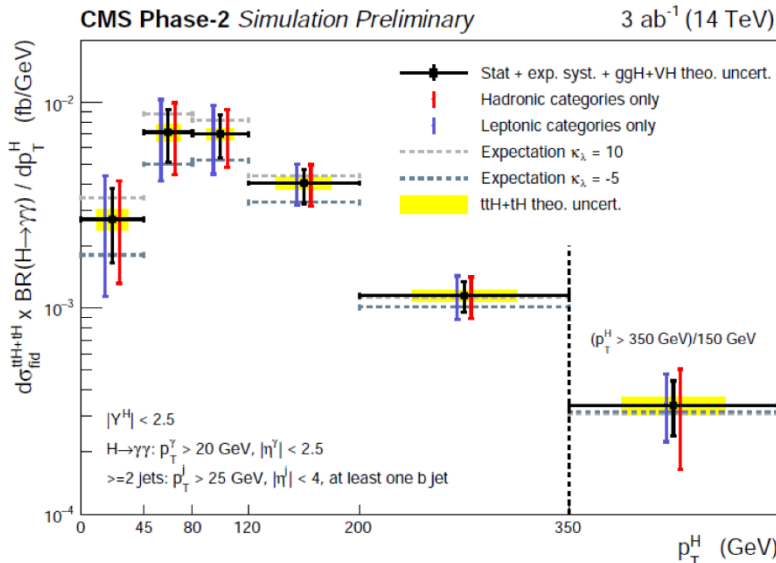
Indirect k_λ probes with single Higgs process

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- ◆ Single-Higgs production: Higgs self-interaction only via **one-loop corrections** (ie two loop-level for ggF)
- ◆ κ_λ -dependent **corrections** to the tree-level cross-sections, depends on:
 - production mode \rightarrow mainly $t\bar{t}H$, tH , VH
 - kinematics properties of the event



- ◆ Method applied to $t\bar{t}H(\rightarrow\gamma\gamma)$ differential cross-section measurement:



- ◆ 68% CI: $-1.9 < \kappa_\lambda < 5.3$ if only κ_λ varied

- ◆ First test with experimental “data”, more channels to be added

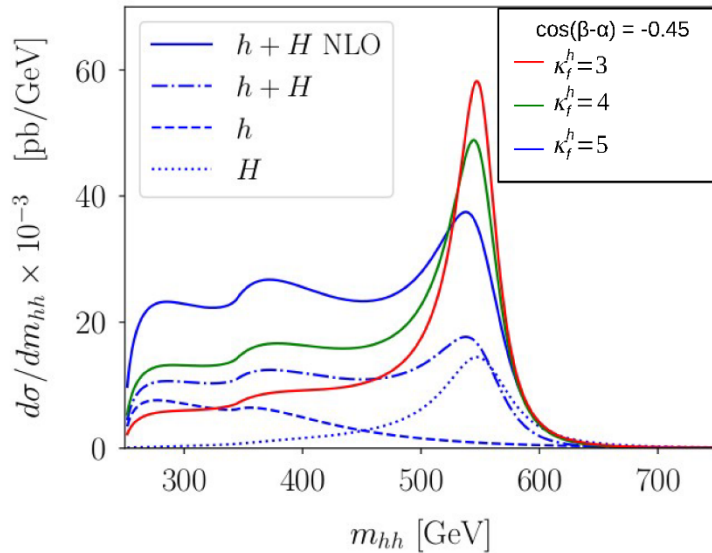
[arxiv:1902.00134](https://arxiv.org/abs/1902.00134)

Implications of the HH measurements

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- ◆ Flavour physics: 2HDM model where flavor symmetry broken at the electroweak scale

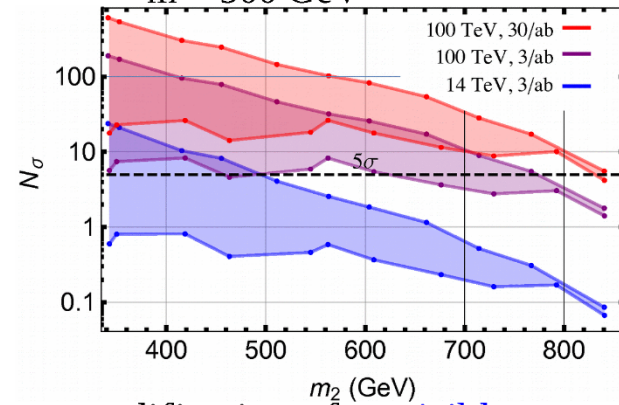
- κ_f^h = enhancement of Higgs Yukawa couplings to fermions



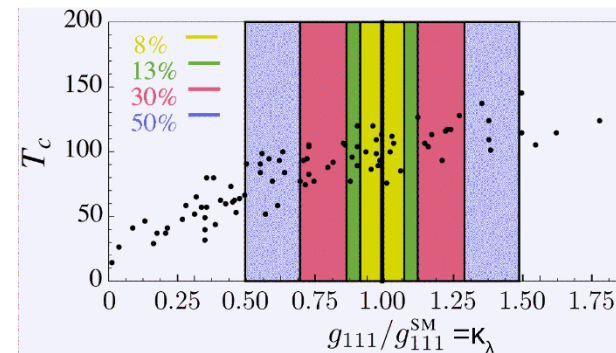
- ◆ Enhancement of the di-Higgs production + change of m_{HH} shape with interference

- ◆ EWK phase transition:

- 1st order possible with additional bosons interacting with the Higgs
- discovery possible at HL-LHC for $m < 500$ GeV



- modification of κ_λ visible at HL-LHC or HE-LHC



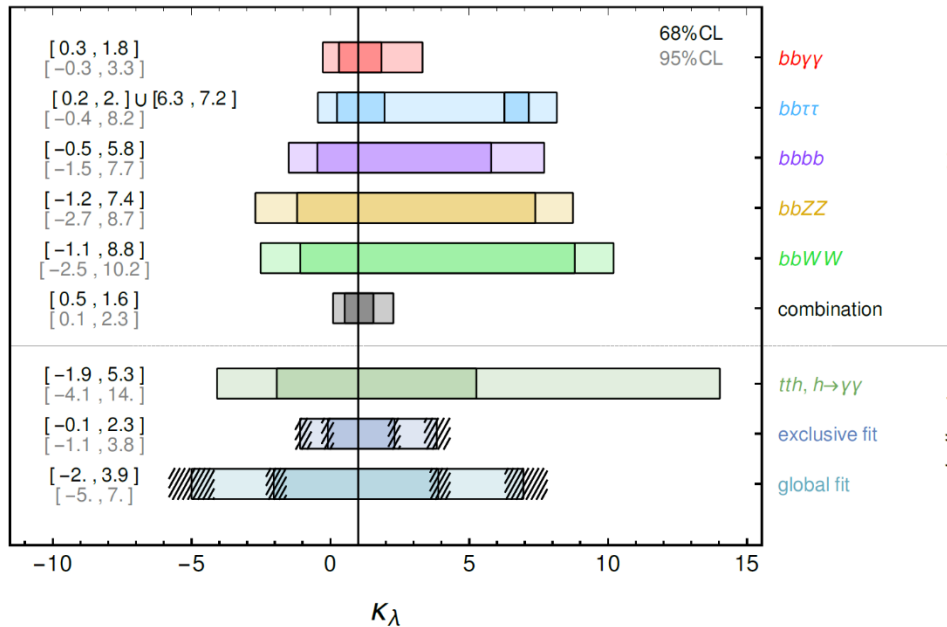
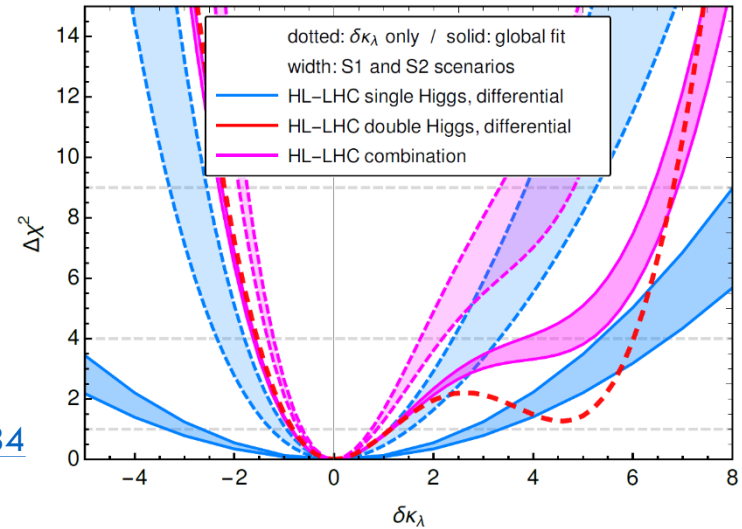
arxiv:1902.00134

Indirect k_λ probes with single Higgs process

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- Global fits of single Higgs and double Higgs results
 - vary only k_λ (dash line)
 - EFT framework (solid line)

[arxiv:1902.00134](https://arxiv.org/abs/1902.00134)



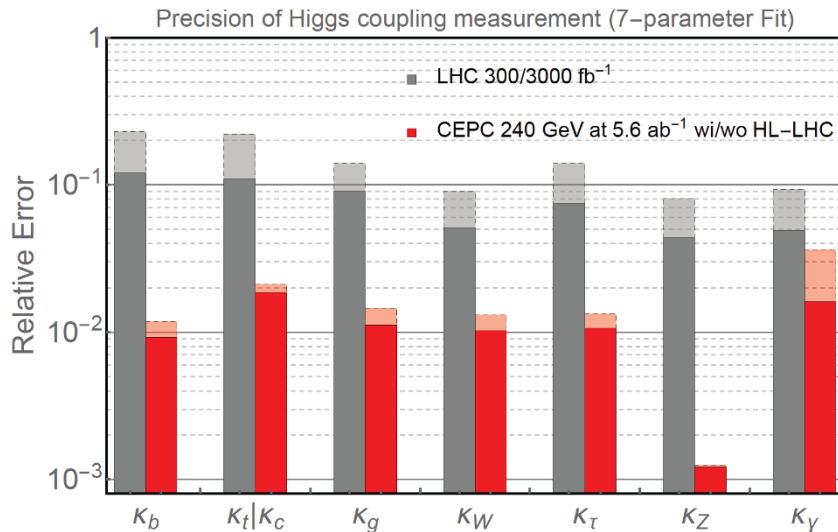
expected constraint on k_λ with HL-LHC

Lepton collider vs hadron collider

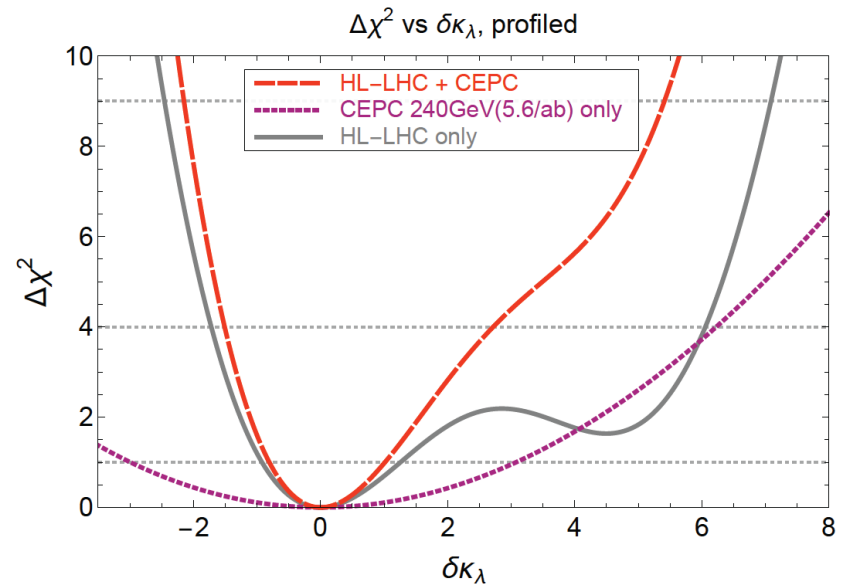
19

- Future lepton collider like CEPC will be practically free of systematic uncertainties
 - an order of magnitude or more improvement in precision in most Higgs measurements and many electroweak observables
 - search for potential unknown decay modes that are impractical at hadron colliders

[CEPC CDR Volume II \(Physics and Detector\)](#)



more precise coupling measurements



complementary k_λ constraints