

A decorative graphic in the top-left corner consisting of a black and white swirl, resembling a stylized 'S' or a particle path.
$$X \rightarrow Sh \rightarrow \gamma\gamma + 1/2L$$

**Search for X->SH model in the final states of two photons and multiple leptons  
with the ATLAS detector at the LHC**

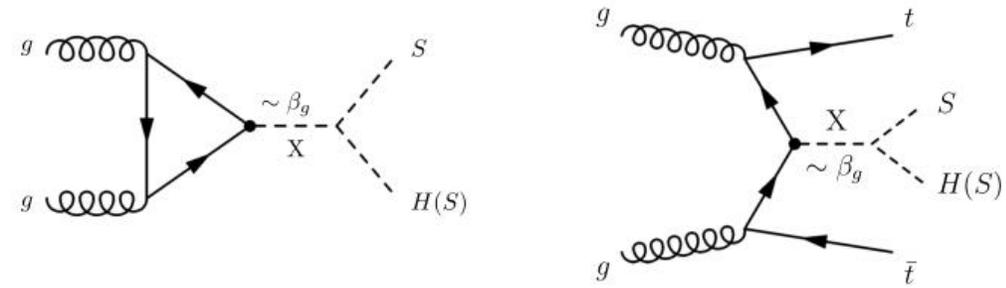
Kaili Zhang, on behalf of multilepton analysis team

IHEP

25/11/2021

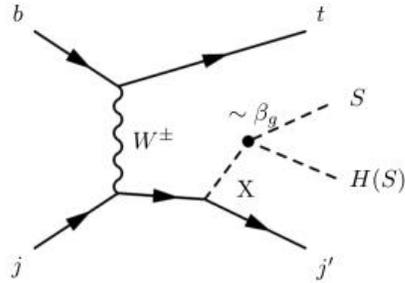
Nanjing, CLHCP2021

# Introduction



(a) Gluon fusion (ggF).

(b) Top pair associated production (ttH).



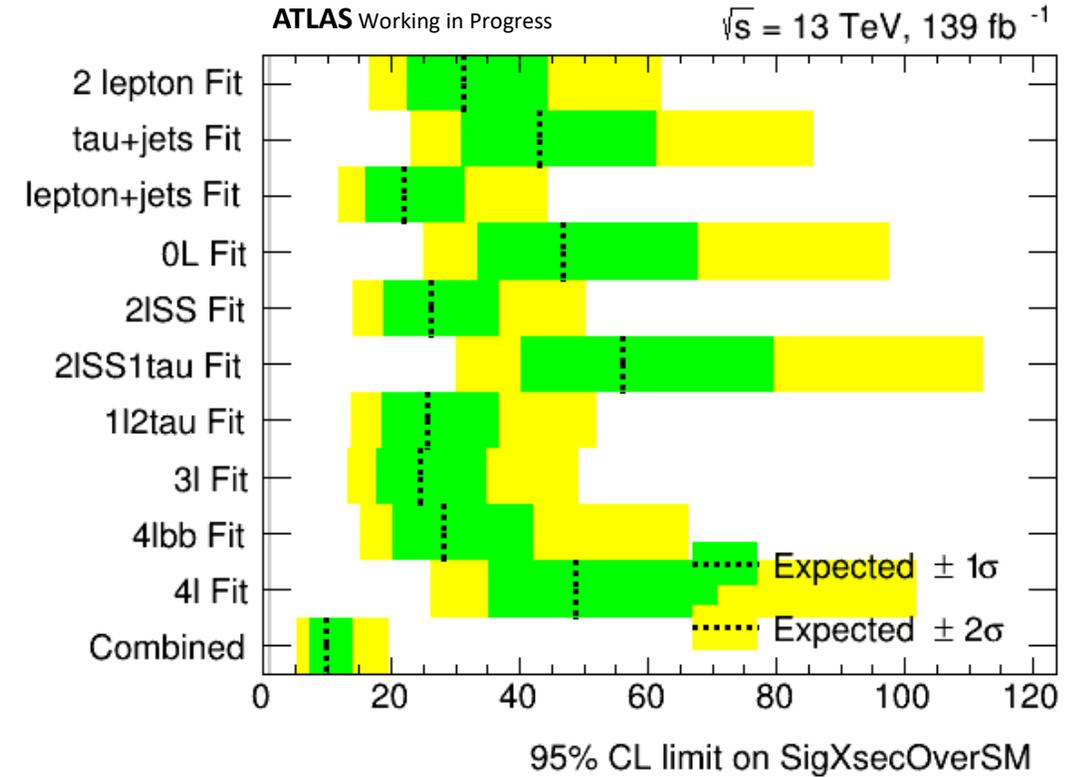
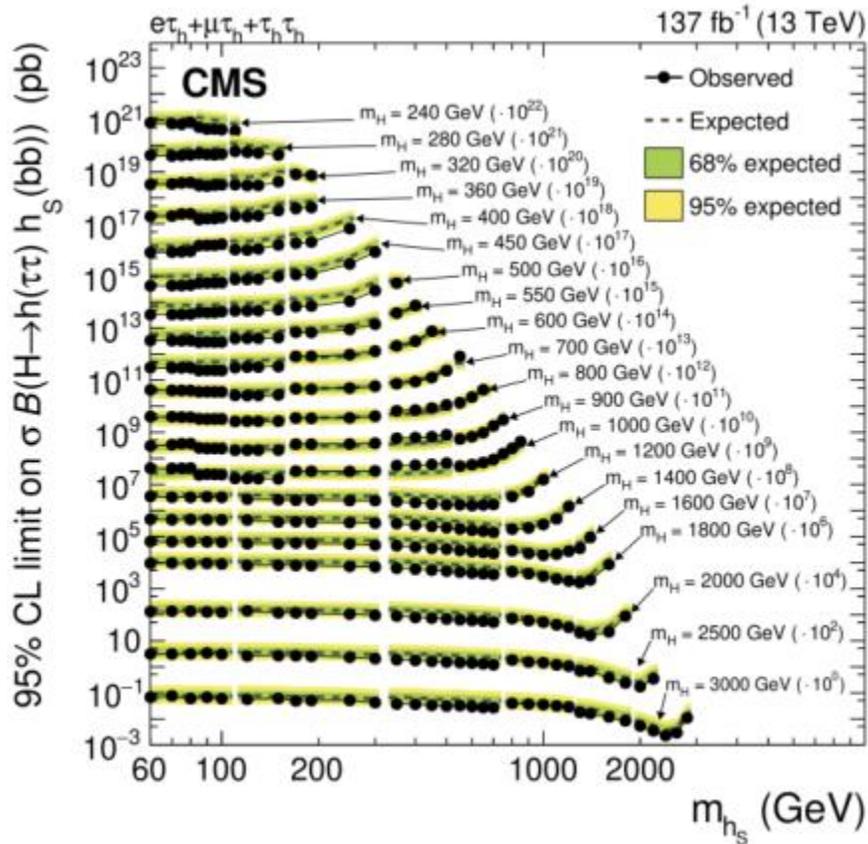
(c) Single top associated production (tH).

- BSM Extended 2HDM+S model
- X → Sh process would be an alternative higgs pair production.
- Heavy cp-even scalar X decay into Higgs + Higgs-like scalar S.
- For  $m_S > m_{125}$ , S would decay into WW and ZZ dominantly.
- **Multilepton** channels benefit from large branch ratio.
- Higgs **diphoton** gives excellent clean spectrum and clear signature.

# Related Study

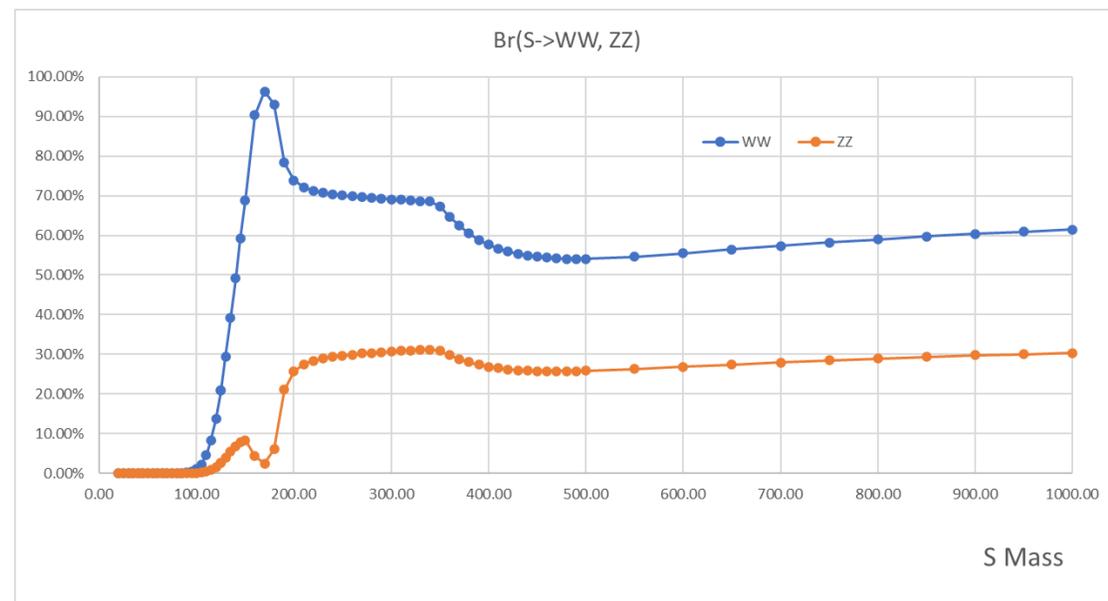
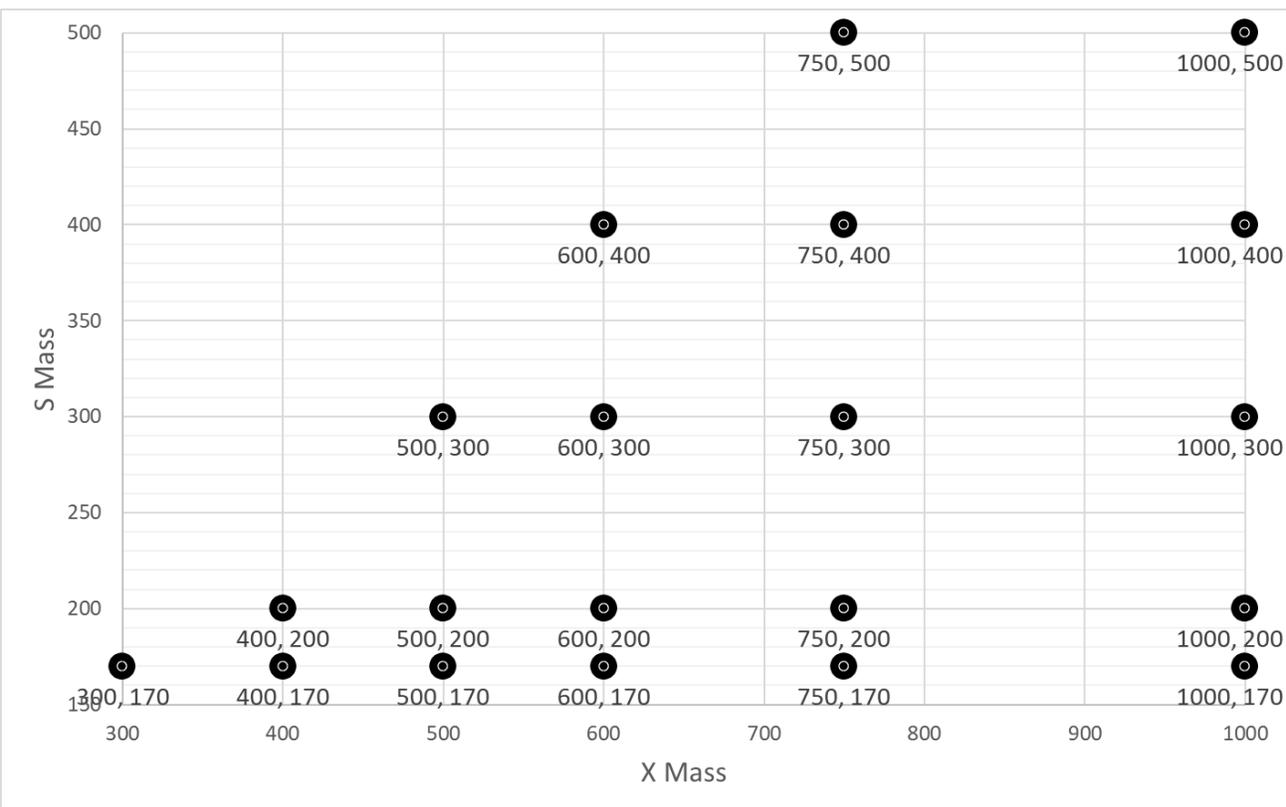
CMS SH- $\rightarrow$ b $\tau$ tau, JHEP 11 (2021) 057

ATLAS HH multilepton, on going



# X-S Mass Grid

- 20 mass points has been chosen:
- S mass from 170 to 500 GeV
- X mass from 300 to 1000 GeV
  - Samples are generated with WW1I, WW2I and ZZ2I. Cross talks are considered.



CERN YR4, (without NLO EW corrections)  
among S[170, 500], WW and ZZ are dominant decays.

- Good event
  - GRL, Pass the trigger, detector DQ.....
- 2 tight photons
  - Diphoton triggers used
    - $\gamma_{1pt} > 35\text{GeV}$ ,  $\gamma_{2pt} > 25\text{GeV}$ ;
  - Tight ID, Tight ISO.
- At least 1 lepton
  - e/muon  $pt > 10\text{ GeV}$ ; PID: medium;
    - Hadronic tau not included.
- B-veto
  - B-77 veto to avoid the overlap.

- Regions defined:
  - WW1l: 1 e/muon + 2 central jets;
    - Central jet:  $pt > 25\text{ GeV}$ ,  $|\eta| < 2.5$ , pass overlap removal;
  - WW2l: 2 same flavor, OS leptons
    - Z-veto,  $|m_{ll} - 91| > 10\text{ GeV}$

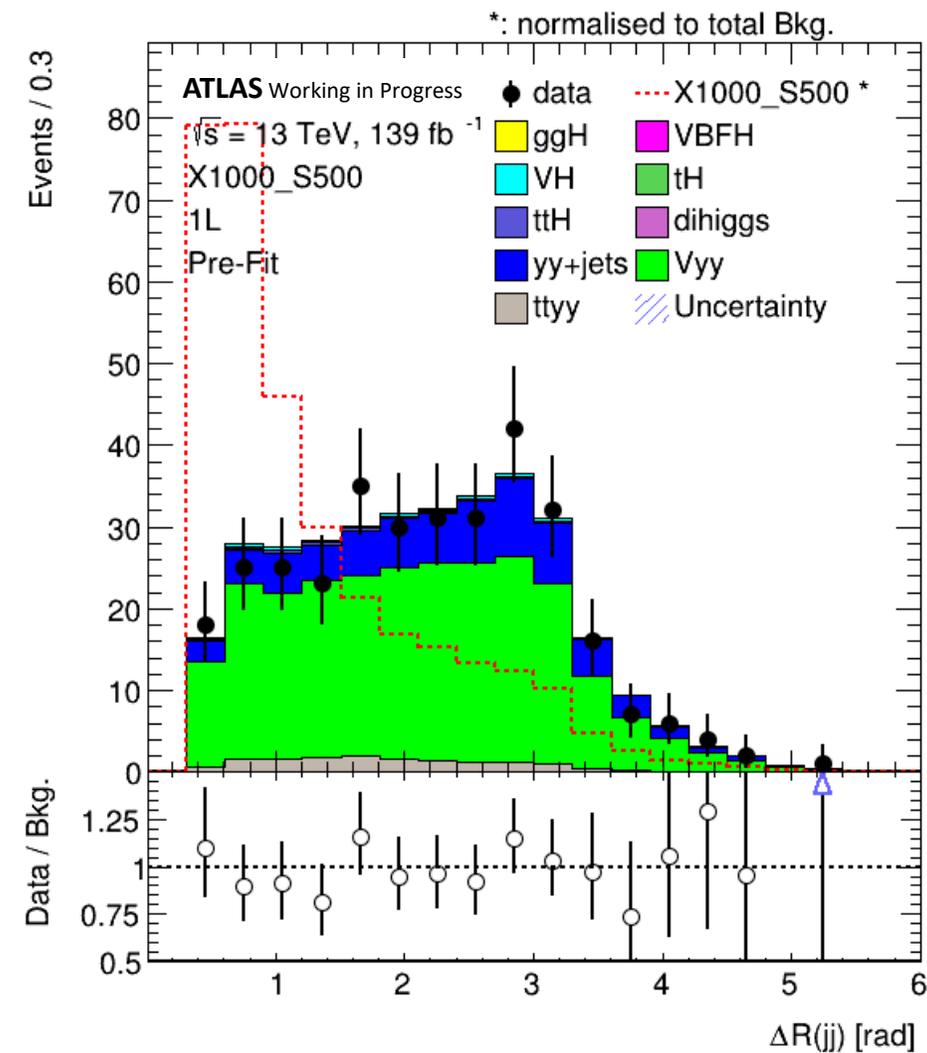
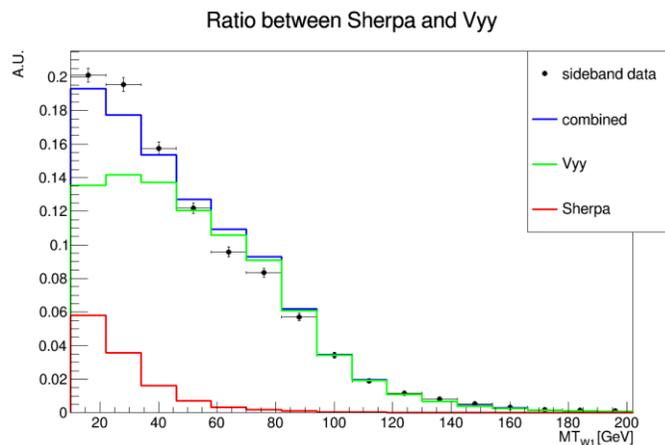
These 2 have enough statistics, use BDT to improve sensitivity.

- WW1e1m: OS 1 electron 1 muon;
- ZZ2l: 2 same flavor, OS leptons
  - In Z peak:  $|m_{ll} - 91| < 10\text{ GeV}$

Limited statistics, used for number counting.

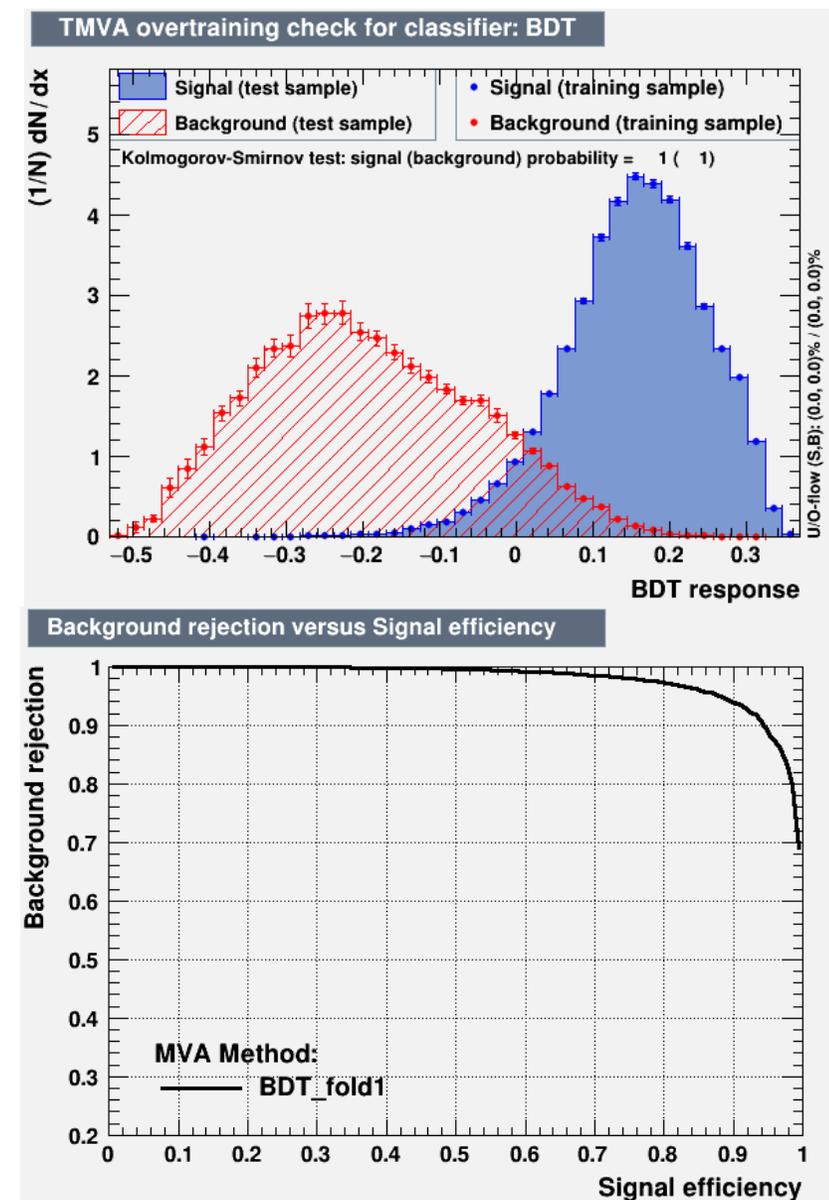
# Sideband Data/MC consistence

- As our limited data yield, we use yy+jets(known as “Sherpa”) and Vyy continuum MC in the BDT training.
- For 1l case the ratio of Sherpa and Vyy are fitted by variable MT\_W.
- For 2l case, Vyy are scaled with MT\_W mass bins.
- After tuning, The discrepancy between data and MC would be acceptable.

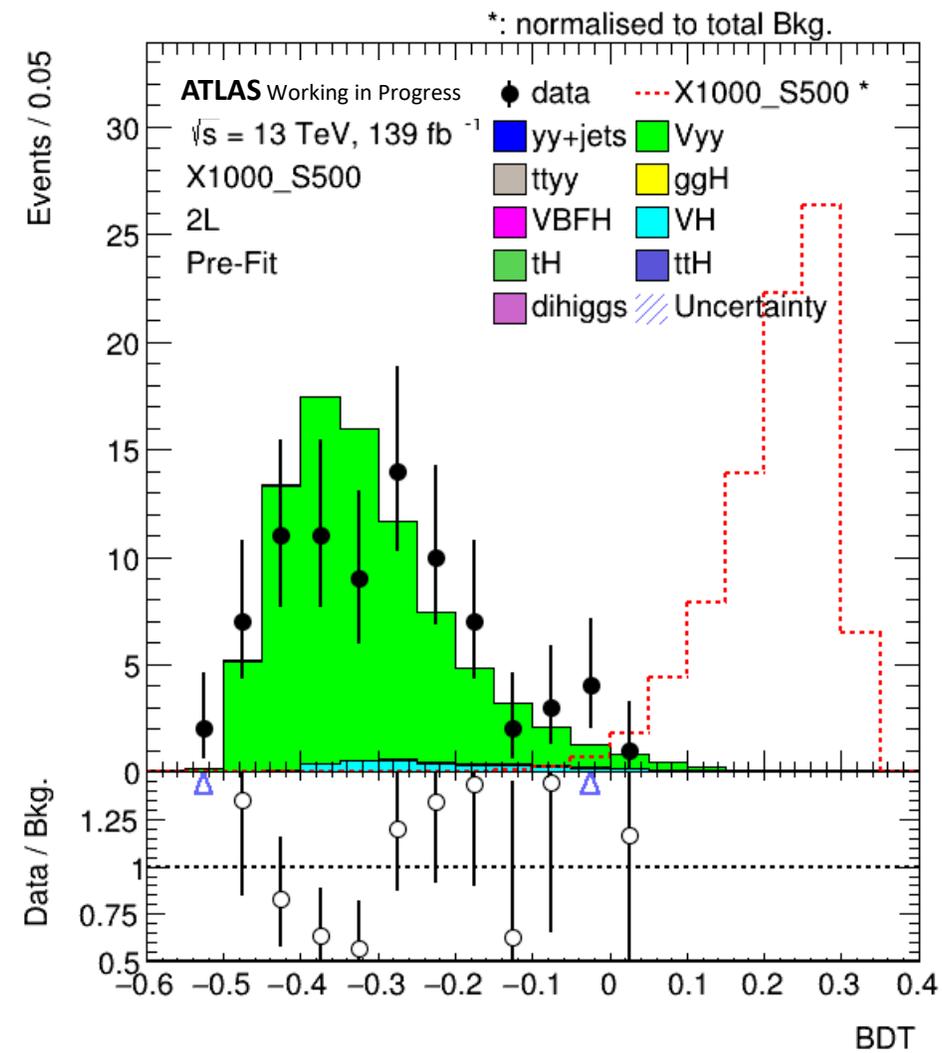
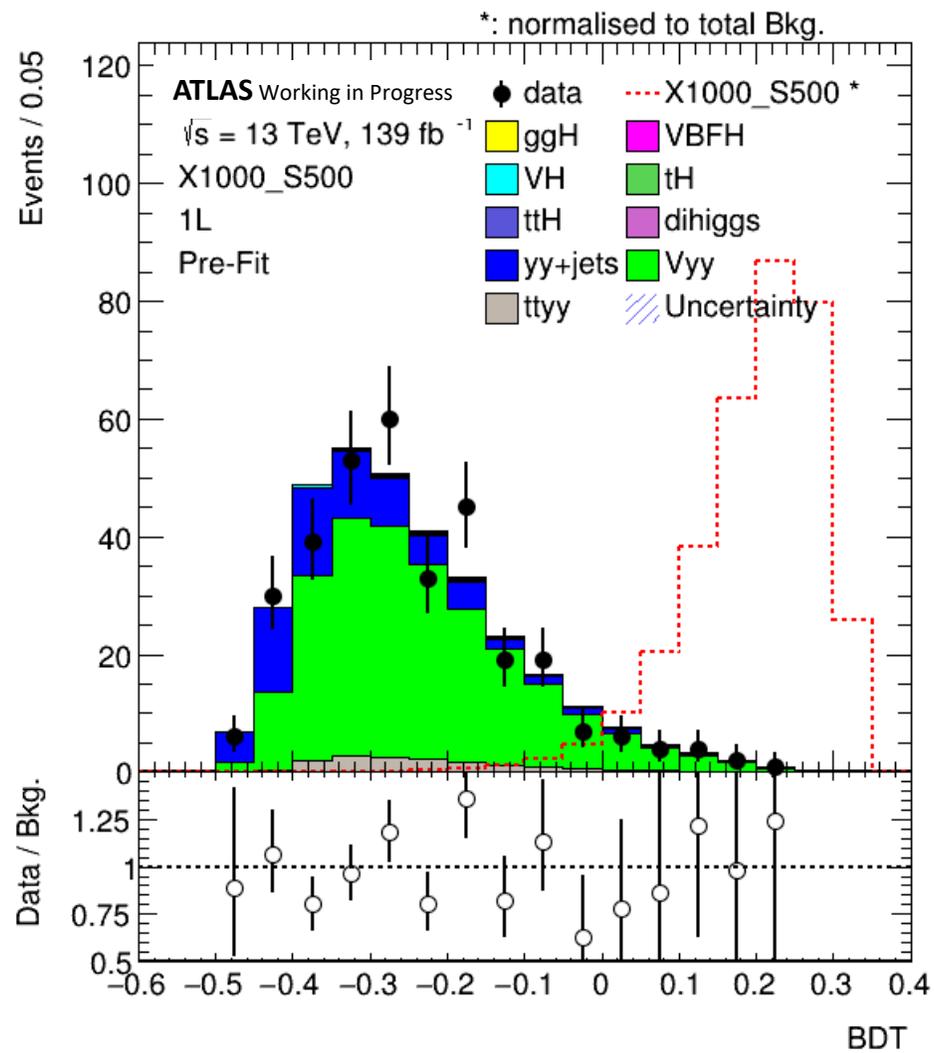


# BDT training

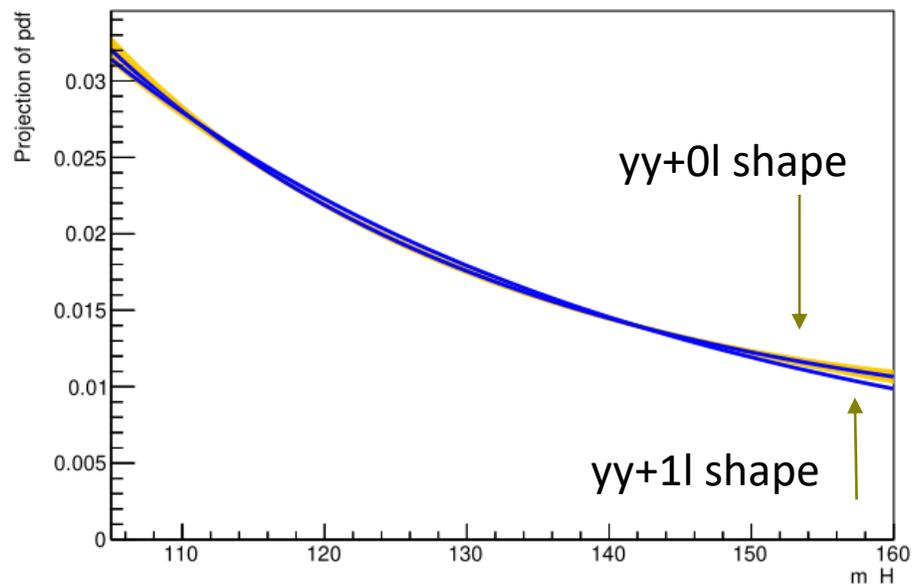
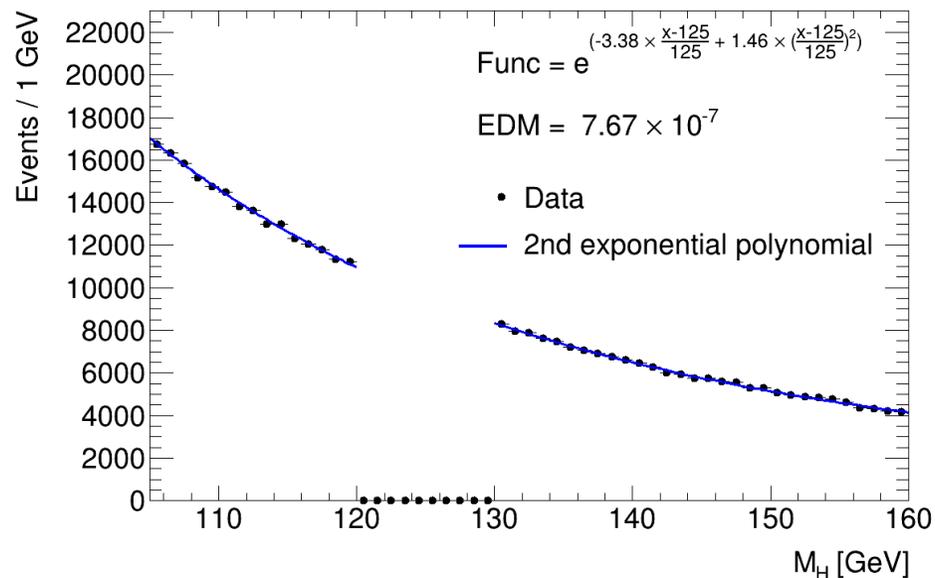
- Signal MC,  $\gamma\gamma$ +jets,  $V\gamma\gamma$ ,  $t\bar{t}\gamma\gamma$ , SM single Higgs and SM diHiggs used.
- 1 lepton 14 variables and 2lepton 11 variables.
- Cross validation method + 4 folds
- Parameterized X mass used
  - 20 signals samples, grouped by their S mass, using their true X mass in the BDT training. While background X mass randomly assigned
  - When applying BDT, background use the same X mass information as signals.
  - In this case, we have 5 individual BDT training but would have all different BDT output for different signals.



# BDT outputs



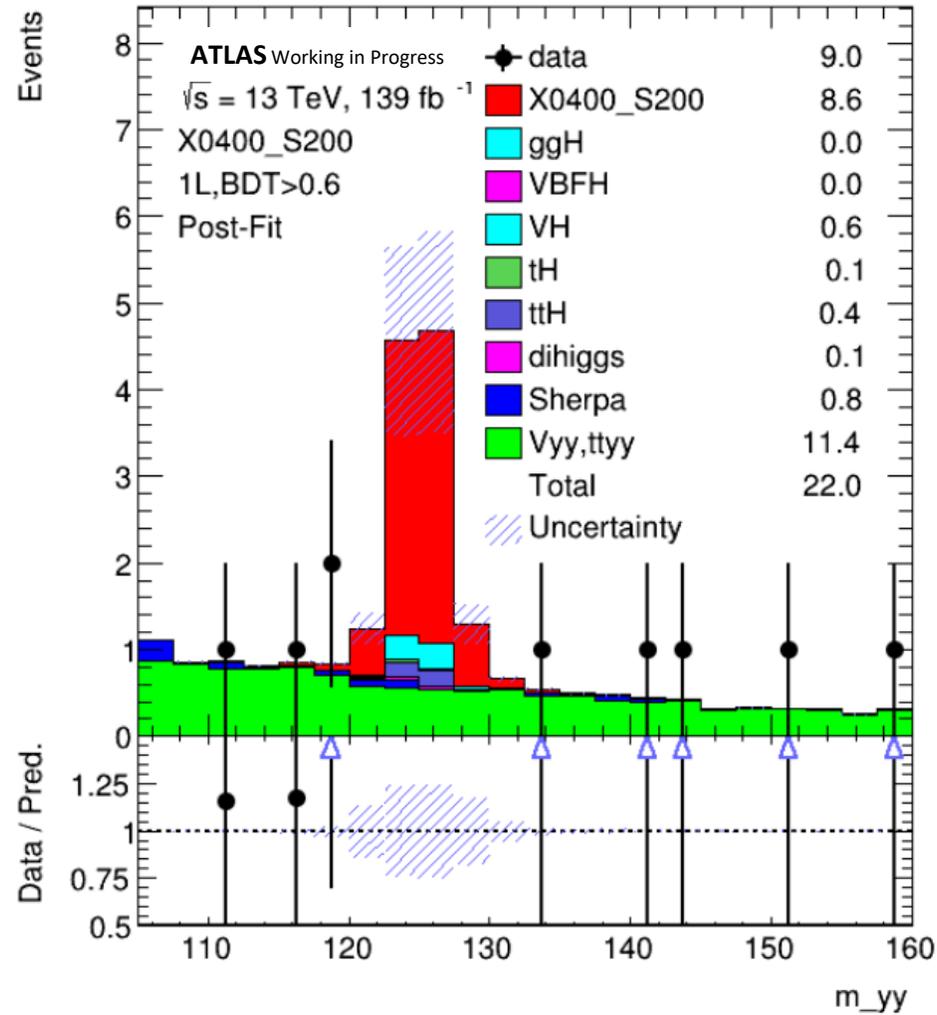
# Background modelling



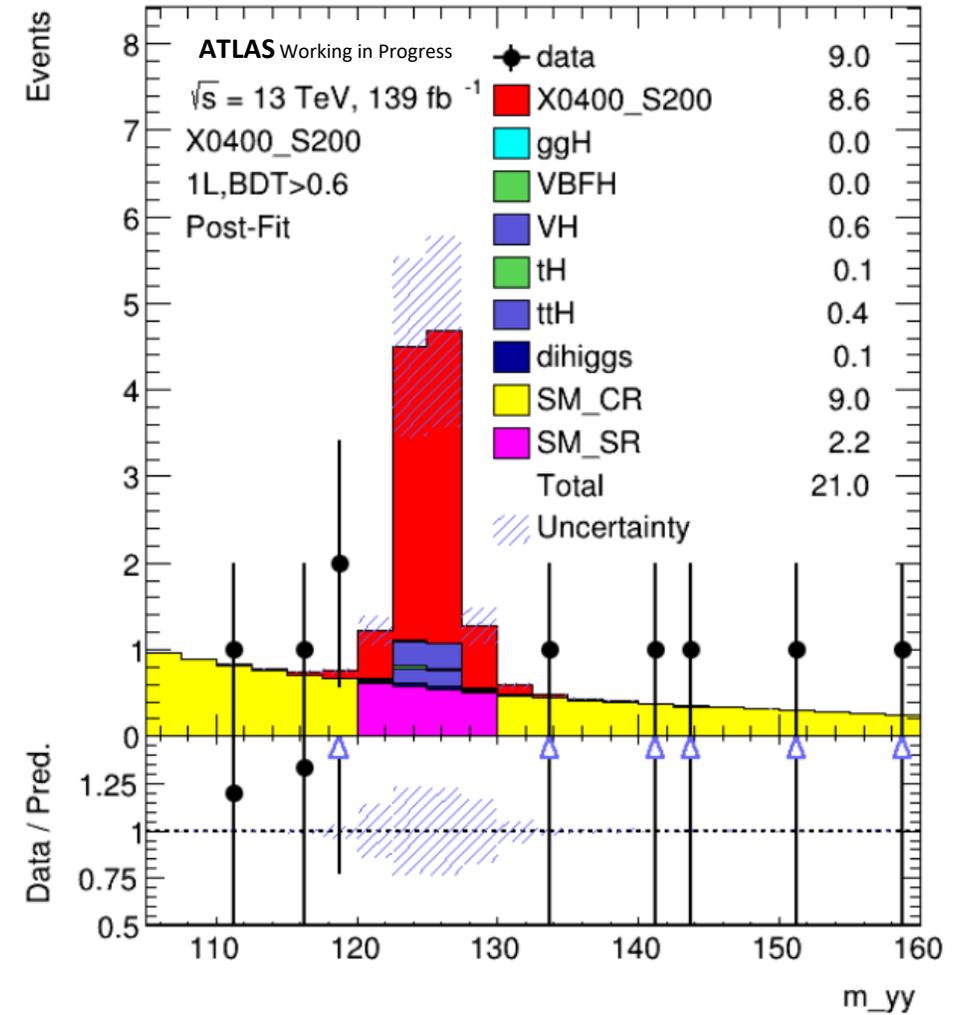
- Use 0 lepton data-side band control region as shape.
  - 2<sup>nd</sup> exponential polynomial function used.
- All the region, 1l and 2l, assumed to share the same shape.
  - Proper reweighting in  $N_{jets}$
  - Using 0l to simulate the multilepton shape is reliable, and the bias could be implemented.
  - Lepton dependance introduced as uncertainty, up to 5%.

# Mass distribution

Using continuum MC

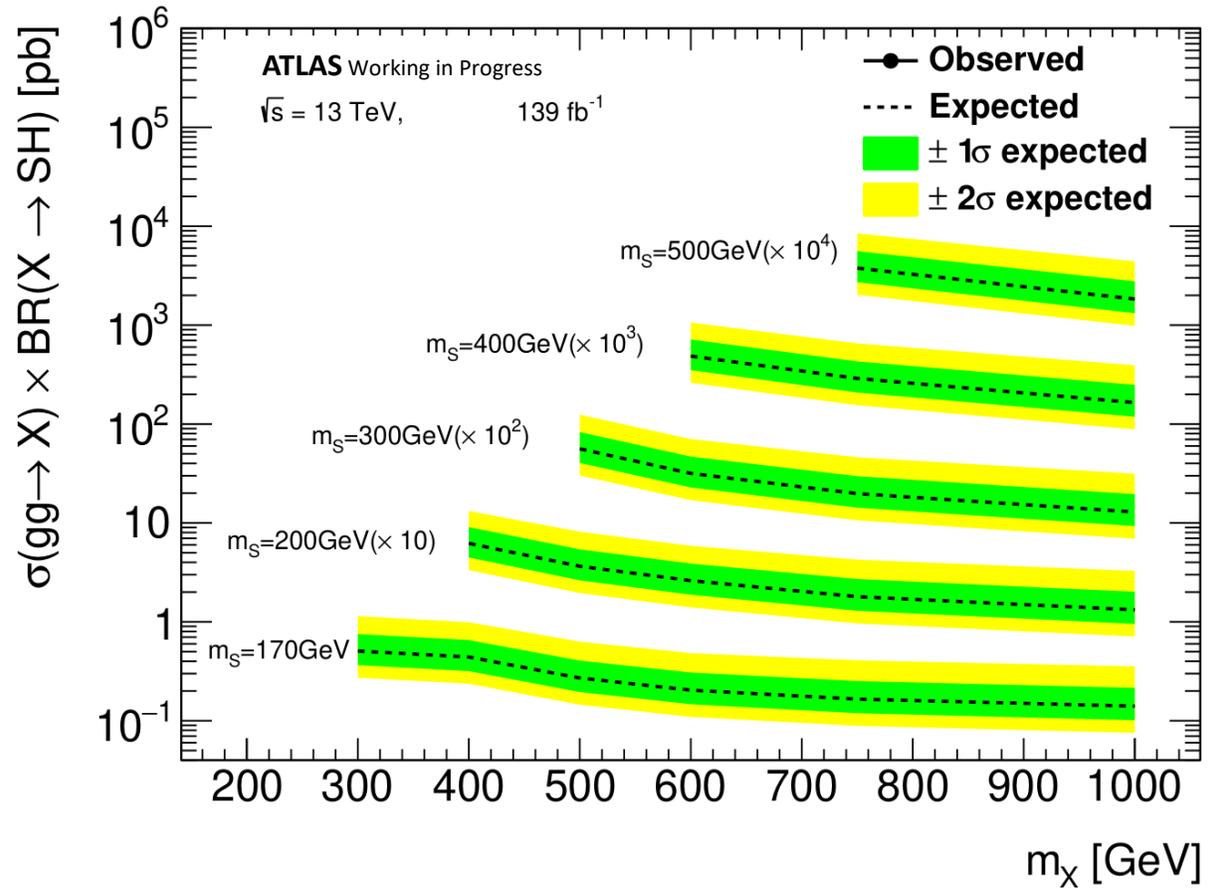


Using shape from 0L shape.



# Stat-only results

POI set to cross section ( $X \rightarrow SH$ ).



	$S_{mass}=170$	200	300	400	500
$X_{mass}=300$	455.39				
$X_{mass}=400$	415.37	611.81			
$X_{mass}=500$	260.57	360.98	535.75		
$X_{mass}=600$	204.50	260.83	309.04	452.33	
$X_{mass}=750$	170.40	178.81	200.69	275.96	349.24
$X_{mass}=1000$	141.30	138.62	132.78	162.42	184.70

Best limit in ( $X1000, S300$ ) for 132.78fb, worst one in ( $X400, S200$ ) for 611.81fb.

Among all 4 regions, 1l channel is dominant.

With only 1lepton category,

Limit: 155fb.

With 1l+2l, without ZZ2l and WW1e1m,

Limit: 139fb.

- Following diHiggs combination scenario, 105 CP NPs introduced.
  - Also for Lumi, theoretic uncertainties and  $\text{Br}(S \rightarrow WW \text{ and } ZZ)$
  - Lepton dependence, and impact for different bkg function form studied in the SS test.
- Statistics dominant
  - No NP has  $>5\%$  impact in the pre-fit yields except for PRW\_dataSF(11%).
  - No  $>5\%$  impact in the post-fit.
  - Importing systematics led (X1000, S300) **12%** worse, to 148fb.

# Summary

- Study on  $X \rightarrow Sh \rightarrow \gamma\gamma + 1/2L$  is done from  $X(300, 1000)$  and  $S(170, 500)$ .
  - Best result could be achieved in  $(X1000, S300)$  for 132fb(stat only) and 148fb(sys).
- Systematics study done.
  - Interpolation to the whole plane, independent POI..... in the plan.
- Will EB soon and targeting Moriond 2022.

Thanks a lot for your attention!

# Backups

$m_X$	300	400	400	500	500	500	600	600	600	600
$m_S$	170	170	200	170	200	300	170	200	300	400
WW1l, DSID	800943	800944	800945	800946	800947	800948	800949	800950	800951	800952
All events	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
No duplicates	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
GRL	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Pass trigger	77.56	82.25	81.14	88.92	88.45	83.35	91.86	91.69	90.37	84.82
Detector DQ	77.56	82.25	81.14	88.92	88.45	83.35	91.86	91.69	90.37	84.82
Has PV	77.56	82.25	81.14	88.92	88.45	83.35	91.86	91.69	90.37	84.82
2 loose photons	58.57	59.26	59.46	60.98	61.10	61.23	63.06	63.11	62.69	62.65
Trigger match	53.29	54.64	54.12	58.45	58.19	55.83	61.60	61.46	60.02	57.10
tight ID	45.04	46.47	46.07	49.67	49.36	47.09	52.24	52.01	50.49	47.84
isolation	36.73	39.99	38.98	44.28	43.61	39.70	47.45	46.98	44.37	40.26
rel. pT cuts	34.16	35.51	34.57	39.95	39.10	35.11	43.62	43.15	39.97	35.50
$m_{yy}$ in [105, 160]GeV	33.81	35.18	34.16	39.51	38.59	34.34	43.21	42.64	39.11	34.43
b-veto	30.75	31.49	30.52	34.97	34.19	30.35	38.03	37.52	34.18	30.19
At least 1lep	19.32	19.81	20.30	21.27	22.71	20.67	21.92	24.46	23.73	20.55
pass WW1l	11.01	13.12	13.85	15.20	16.58	16.11	16.27	18.60	18.92	16.95
WW2l, DSID	800963	800964	800965	800966	800967	800968	800969	800970	800971	800972
All events	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
No duplicates	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
GRL	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Pass trigger	84.51	87.68	87.25	91.92	91.75	89.45	93.83	93.99	93.39	91.03
Detector DQ	84.51	87.68	87.25	91.92	91.75	89.45	93.83	93.99	93.39	91.03
Has PV	84.51	87.68	87.25	91.92	91.75	89.45	93.83	93.99	93.39	91.03
2 loose photons	58.15	57.75	58.43	59.10	58.94	60.23	60.91	60.68	60.45	61.59
Trigger match	53.03	53.45	53.28	56.75	56.22	55.25	59.63	59.21	58.15	56.72
tight ID	45.22	45.74	45.55	48.59	48.07	47.34	50.94	50.69	49.77	48.45
isolation	38.12	39.65	39.06	43.23	42.55	40.57	45.96	45.60	43.99	41.37
rel. pT cuts	35.49	34.90	34.68	38.88	38.01	35.87	42.10	41.73	39.45	36.56
$m_{yy}$ in [105, 160]GeV	34.79	34.22	33.88	38.02	36.96	34.43	41.17	40.68	37.95	34.67
b-veto	33.56	32.74	32.39	36.23	35.17	32.95	39.05	38.65	36.08	32.96
At least 2lep	17.14	18.06	18.12	20.55	20.72	19.45	22.16	23.23	22.35	20.15
pass WW2l	17.01	17.90	17.60	20.34	20.09	18.95	21.90	22.44	21.73	19.76
pass ZZ2l	0.07	0.10	0.43	0.13	0.52	0.40	0.14	0.65	0.46	0.23
WW2l-em	8.46	8.91	8.85	10.17	10.27	9.64	10.96	11.50	11.02	10.03
fall to 1lepton category	11.93	10.51	10.99	11.07	11.14	10.93	11.54	11.82	11.33	10.58
ZZ2l, DSID	800983	800984	800985	800986	800987	800988	800989	800990	800991	800992
All events	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
No duplicates	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
GRL	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Pass trigger	77.68	81.12	80.26	87.03	86.52	81.65	89.98	89.82	88.24	82.69
Detector DQ	77.68	81.12	80.26	87.03	86.52	81.65	89.98	89.82	88.24	82.69
Has PV	77.68	81.12	80.26	87.03	86.52	81.65	89.98	89.82	88.24	82.69
2 loose photons	53.42	53.66	54.13	54.92	55.21	55.79	56.92	57.19	56.96	57.33
Trigger match	48.43	49.46	49.14	52.63	52.49	50.88	55.57	55.65	54.47	52.29
tight ID	40.75	41.91	41.52	44.61	44.41	42.81	46.87	46.93	45.85	43.71
isolation	32.83	35.78	34.68	39.36	38.81	35.77	42.31	42.05	39.74	36.32
rel. pT cuts	30.54	31.61	30.81	35.43	34.77	31.78	38.92	38.53	35.90	32.00
$m_{yy}$ in [105, 160]GeV	29.93	30.98	30.14	34.67	33.94	30.73	38.17	37.69	34.73	30.70
b-veto	25.04	24.53	23.71	26.65	25.77	22.89	28.65	28.14	25.25	21.89
At least 2lep	12.82	12.97	12.87	13.79	13.86	13.75	14.16	14.69	15.67	13.50
pass WW2l	10.13	9.66	6.13	9.94	6.21	5.69	9.99	6.26	6.18	5.16
pass ZZ2l	2.64	3.24	6.68	3.77	7.60	7.99	4.08	8.35	9.40	8.25
WW2l-em	0.07	0.09	0.08	0.09	0.09	0.13	0.11	0.11	0.14	0.11
fall to 1lepton category	8.52	8.06	7.69	8.76	8.32	6.26	9.56	9.20	6.33	5.53

Table 6: Efficiencies in percent for event selection for signals.

X	750	750	750	750	750	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
S	170	200	300	400	500	170	200	300	400	500
WW1, DSID	800953	800954	800955	800956	800957	800938	800939	800940	800941	800942
All events	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
No duplicates	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
GRL	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Pass trigger	93.90	93.92	93.60	92.95	90.06	95.70	95.56	95.69	95.69	95.31
Detector DQ	93.90	93.92	93.60	92.95	90.06	95.70	95.56	95.69	95.69	95.31
Has PV	93.90	93.92	93.60	92.95	90.06	95.70	95.56	95.69	95.69	95.31
2 loose photons	66.12	65.98	65.50	64.81	63.87	70.26	70.03	69.93	69.35	68.60
Trigger match	65.35	65.15	64.43	63.04	60.41	69.85	69.62	69.50	68.81	67.87
tight ID	55.30	55.05	54.46	52.80	50.27	59.30	58.99	58.67	58.08	56.94
isolation	51.01	50.75	49.51	46.92	43.19	55.65	55.44	54.89	53.74	51.84
rel. pT cuts	47.92	47.61	46.04	43.00	38.47	53.12	52.95	52.20	50.81	48.79
$m_{yy}$ in [105, 160]GeV	47.57	47.12	45.22	41.89	37.09	52.87	52.51	51.55	49.92	47.62
b-veto	41.45	41.08	39.16	36.33	32.17	45.53	45.14	44.30	42.94	40.86
1lep	21.69	25.62	27.08	24.90	21.87	19.71	25.60	30.14	29.57	27.95
pass WW1	16.62	20.31	22.32	20.98	18.68	15.49	20.95	25.37	25.19	24.01
WW2, DSID	800973	800974	800975	800976	800977	800958	800959	800960	800961	800962
All events	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
No duplicates	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
GRL	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Pass trigger	95.43	95.31	95.49	95.37	94.10	96.61	96.77	96.84	96.88	96.82
Detector DQ	95.43	95.31	95.49	95.37	94.10	96.61	96.77	96.84	96.88	96.82
Has PV	95.43	95.31	95.49	95.37	94.10	96.61	96.77	96.84	96.88	96.82
2 loose photons	63.62	63.33	63.21	62.85	62.67	67.11	67.07	67.16	66.86	66.30
Trigger match	62.94	62.62	62.21	61.51	59.53	66.77	66.70	66.76	66.37	65.70
tight ID	53.72	53.75	53.21	52.64	50.85	57.43	57.28	57.33	56.91	56.27
isolation	49.43	49.29	48.39	47.13	44.22	53.56	53.49	53.36	52.56	51.50
rel. pT cuts	46.18	46.00	44.78	42.90	39.40	50.90	50.75	50.38	49.46	48.15
$m_{yy}$ in [105, 160]GeV	45.32	44.96	43.35	40.95	37.02	50.16	49.81	49.12	47.84	46.02
b-veto	42.79	42.47	41.01	38.49	35.14	46.94	46.63	46.05	44.92	43.22
At least 2lep	23.96	25.67	26.20	24.56	22.24	24.54	28.04	29.91	29.17	28.33
pass WW2	23.65	24.75	25.38	24.11	21.87	24.14	26.97	28.89	28.49	27.84
pass ZZ2l	0.17	0.74	0.63	0.29	0.16	0.22	0.86	0.80	0.42	0.22
WW2-em	11.90	12.65	12.93	12.22	11.08	12.22	13.90	14.75	14.40	14.12
fall to 1lepton category	12.27	12.52	12.14	11.62	10.76	13.54	13.04	12.99	12.88	12.34
ZZ2l, DSID	800993	800994	800995	800996	800997	800978	800979	800980	800981	800982
All events	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
No duplicates	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
GRL	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Pass trigger	92.35	92.38	91.98	90.73	87.54	94.41	94.56	94.45	94.11	93.63
Detector DQ	92.35	92.38	91.98	90.73	87.54	94.41	94.56	94.45	94.11	93.63
Has PV	92.35	92.38	91.98	90.73	87.54	94.41	94.56	94.45	94.11	93.63
2 loose photons	59.89	60.04	59.63	59.11	58.35	63.46	63.58	63.61	63.33	62.62
Trigger match	59.27	59.25	58.55	57.46	55.16	63.09	63.17	63.14	62.80	61.87
tight ID	49.98	50.14	49.17	48.08	45.78	53.39	53.43	53.22	52.85	51.68
isolation	45.90	46.00	44.42	42.29	38.80	49.83	49.88	49.41	48.66	46.80
rel. pT cuts	42.91	42.97	41.25	38.70	34.58	47.48	47.40	46.85	46.02	43.98
$m_{yy}$ in [105, 160]GeV	42.22	42.23	40.22	37.43	33.09	46.95	46.78	45.99	44.92	42.68
b-veto	30.66	30.57	28.53	26.06	22.68	33.10	32.64	31.58	30.64	28.72
At least 2lep	13.68	14.63	17.85	16.51	14.55	12.22	13.08	19.37	19.46	18.42
pass WW2l	9.64	6.18	6.58	5.93	5.20	8.72	5.85	6.76	6.58	6.17
pass ZZ2l	3.95	8.36	11.15	10.48	9.25	3.39	7.12	12.48	12.72	12.14
WW2l-em	0.11	0.13	0.17	0.18	0.16	0.12	0.10	0.20	0.21	0.21
fall to 1lepton category	10.88	10.59	6.77	5.98	5.06	12.07	12.17	7.12	6.21	5.84

Table 7: Efficiencies in percent for event selection for signals.(Continued)

# BDT variables

Following 13 variables are used for WW11 BDT training:

- $\Delta R(j, j)$ , the angular difference between two jets.
- $\Delta R(S)$ , the angular difference between two bosons from  $S$  decay (aka  $\Delta R(V, V)$ ).
- $\Delta R(X)$ , the angular difference between  $H$  and  $S$  from  $X$  decay (aka  $\Delta R(S, H)$ ).
- $\Delta R(\ell\nu)$ , the angular difference between signal lepton and neutrino from  $W$  decay (aka  $\Delta R(\ell, E_T^{\text{miss}})$ ).
- $\Delta\Phi(\gamma\gamma, \ell_1)$ , the polar angle difference between di-photon system and signal lepton.
- $E_T^{\text{miss}}$ , the missing transverse momentum.
- $p_T(\gamma\gamma)$ , the transverse momentum of the di-photon system.
- $p_T(S)$ , the transverse momentum of di-jets+ $\ell$ + $E_T^{\text{miss}}$  system.
- $p_T(jj)$ , the transverse momentum of di-jets system.
- $p_T(\ell_1)$ , the transverse momentum of signal lepton.
- $\Delta m(X, S)$ , the mass difference between reconstructed  $X$  and  $S$  particles.

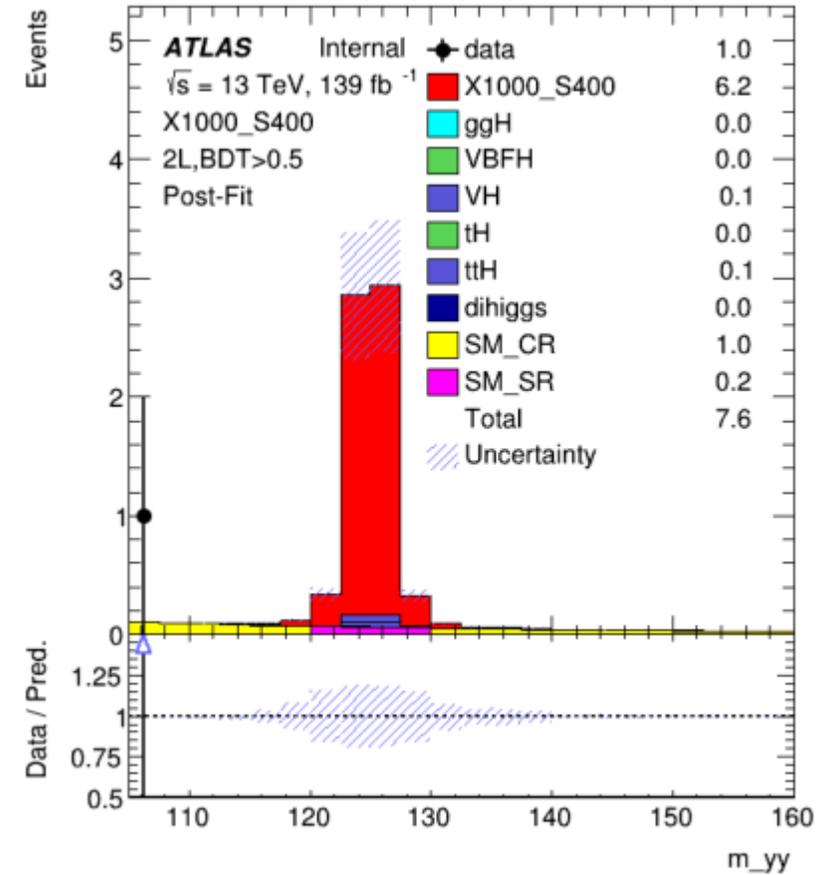
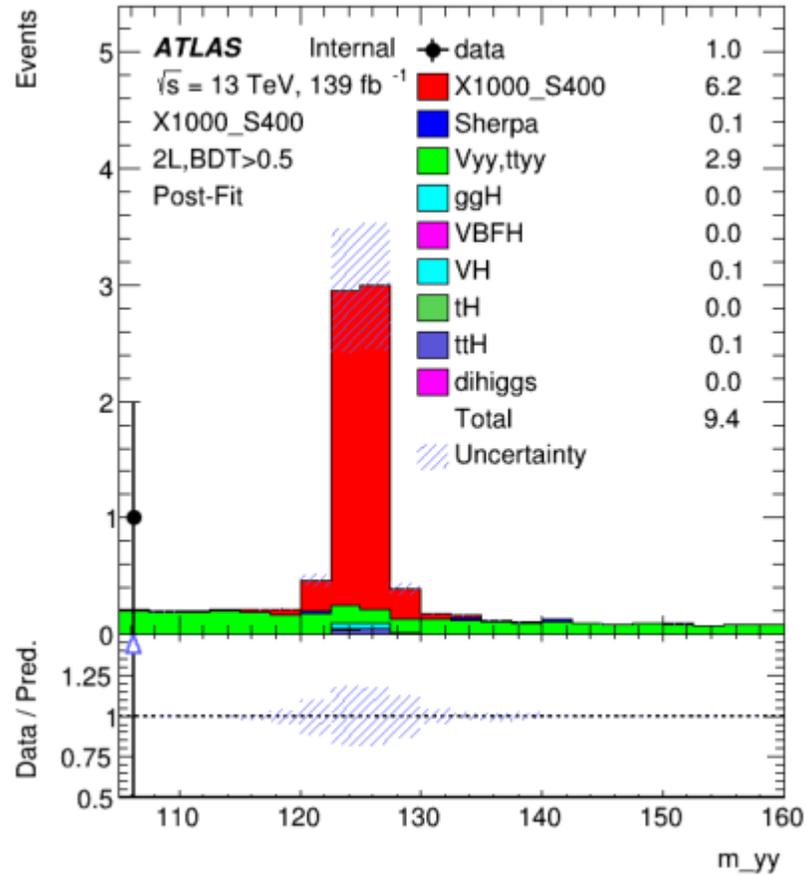
- $m_W(jj)$ , the hadronic  $W$  boson system reconstructed from di-jets which has the closet mass to the  $W$  boson mass.
- $m_T(W_1)$ , the transverse mass of the leptonically decay  $W$  boson (reconstructed from signal lepton and  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$ ).

Following variables are used for WW21 BDT training:

- $\Delta R(l, j)$ , the angular difference between lepton and jet.
- $\Delta S$ , the angular difference between two bosons from  $S$  decay (aka  $\Delta R(V, V)$ ).
- $\Delta X$ , the angular difference between  $H$  and  $S$  from  $X$  decay (aka  $\Delta R(S, H)$ ).
- $\Delta\Phi(\gamma\gamma, \ell_1)$ , the polar angle difference between di-photon system and leading signal lepton.
- $E_T^{\text{miss}}$ , the missing transverse momentum.
- $p_T(\gamma\gamma)$ , the transverse momentum of the di-photon system.
- $p_T(\ell_1)$ , the transverse momentum of leading signal lepton.
- $p_T(\ell\nu)$ , the transverse momentum of  $\ell_1+E_T^{\text{miss}}$  system.
- $\Delta m(X, S)$ , the mass difference between reconstructed  $X$  and  $S$  particles.
- $m_T^{W_1}$ , the transverse mass of the leptonically decay  $W$  boson (reconstructed from signal lepton and  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$ ).
- $m_{\ell\ell}$ , the invariant mass of di-leptons system.

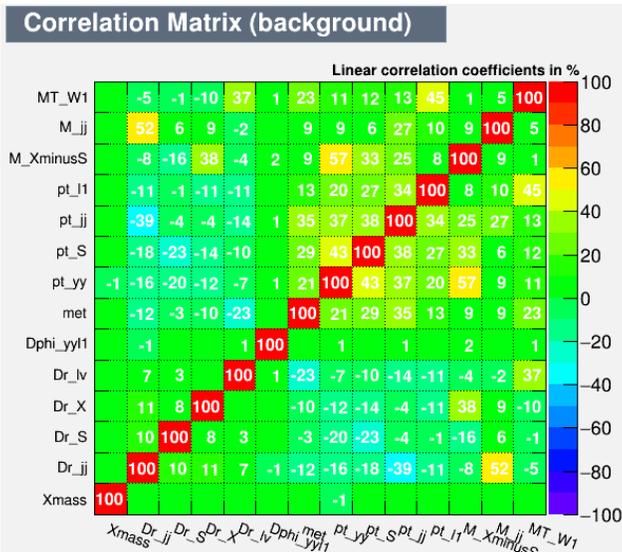
# 2l distribution

For 2l, ww1e1m, zz2l regions, the spectrum is clear.

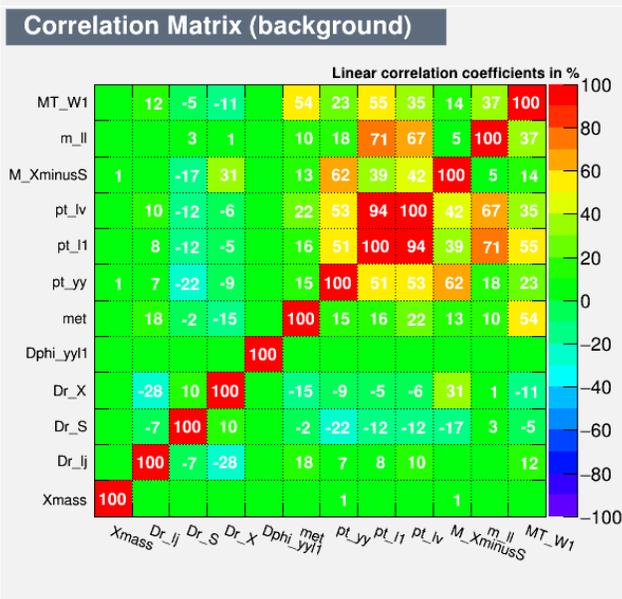
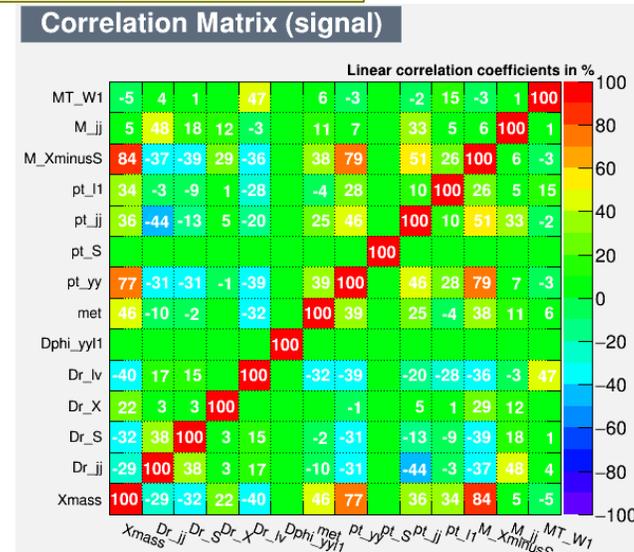


# Variable Correlation

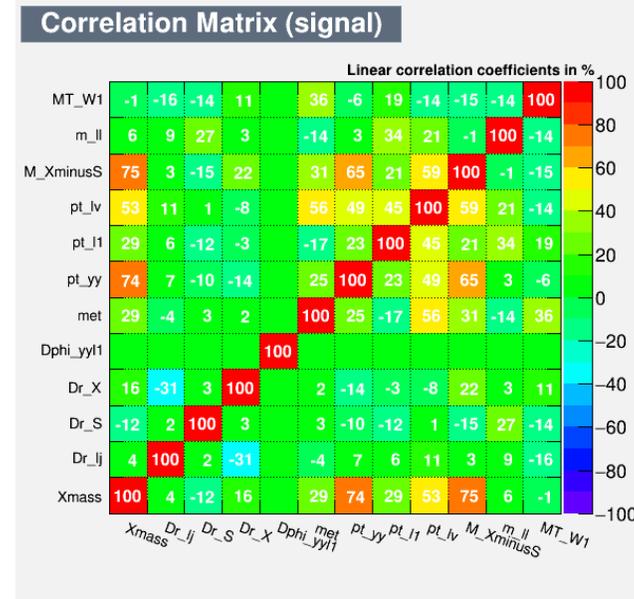
All the variables in the BDT has small correlation compared to  $m_{yy}$ .



1 lepton bkg: S400 signal



2 lepton bkg: S400 signal





## ATLAS Note

ANA-HDBS-2021-23-INT1

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1

## 2 Search for $X \rightarrow SH$ model in the final states of two 3 photons and multiple leptons using $139 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ of 4 proton-proton collision data at $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ recorded 5 with the ATLAS detector at the LHC

6 Yaquan Fang<sup>a</sup>, Kaili Zhang<sup>a</sup>, Zhijun Liang<sup>a</sup>, Bo Liu<sup>a</sup>, Xinchou Lou<sup>a,c</sup>, Qiyu Sha<sup>a</sup>,  
7 Shuiting Xin<sup>a</sup>, Wei-Ming Yao<sup>b</sup>

8 <sup>a</sup>*Institute of High Energy Physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing, China*

9 <sup>b</sup>*Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, USA*

10 <sup>c</sup>*University of Texas at Dallas, USA*

11 This note presents a search for a new heavy scalar particle  $X$  decaying into a Standard Model  
12 Higgs boson and a singlet scalar particle  $S$  using  $139 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of proton-proton collision data at  
13 the centre-of-mass energy of 13 TeV recorded with the ATLAS detector at LHC. The explored  
14  $X$  mass range varies from 300 GeV to 1000 GeV, with the corresponding  $S$  mass range being  
15 from 170 GeV to 500 GeV. This search uses the event signature of two photons from the  
16 Higgs boson decay and one or two leptons ( $e$  or  $\mu$ ) coming from the process of  $S \rightarrow WW/ZZ$ .  
17 The observed (expected) upper limits at the 95% confidence level on the cross-section for  
18  $gg \rightarrow X \rightarrow Sh$  is between  $X$  fb (133 fb) and  $Y$  fb (612 fb).

## List of contributions

Yaquan Fang  
Kaili Zhang

Contact editor, optimisation, supervision of IHEP students  
Contact editor, optimization, plots production, signal/background  
estimation, systematics and limit setting

Zhijun Liang  
Bo Liu

Analysis Optimization for BDT and supervision of Bo Liu  
Analysis Strategy and editor of the note

Xinchou Lou

Statistics and supervision of Shuiting Xin

Qiyu Sha

signal sample preparation

Shuiting Xin

Preparation of Samples

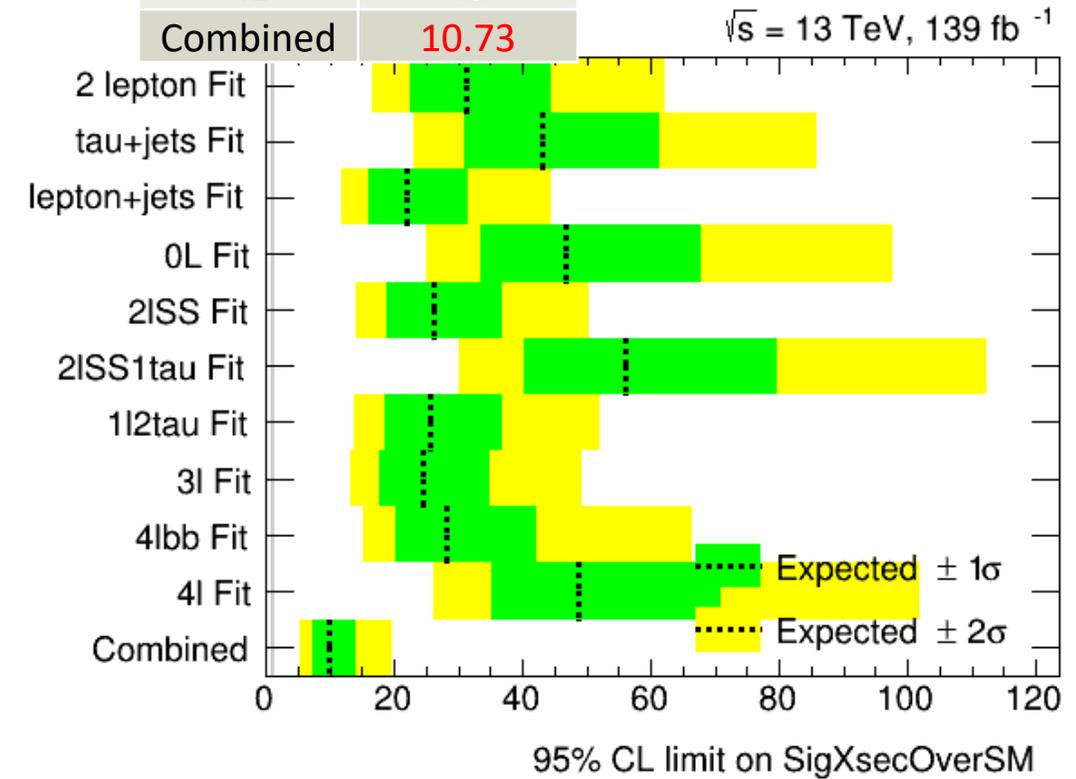
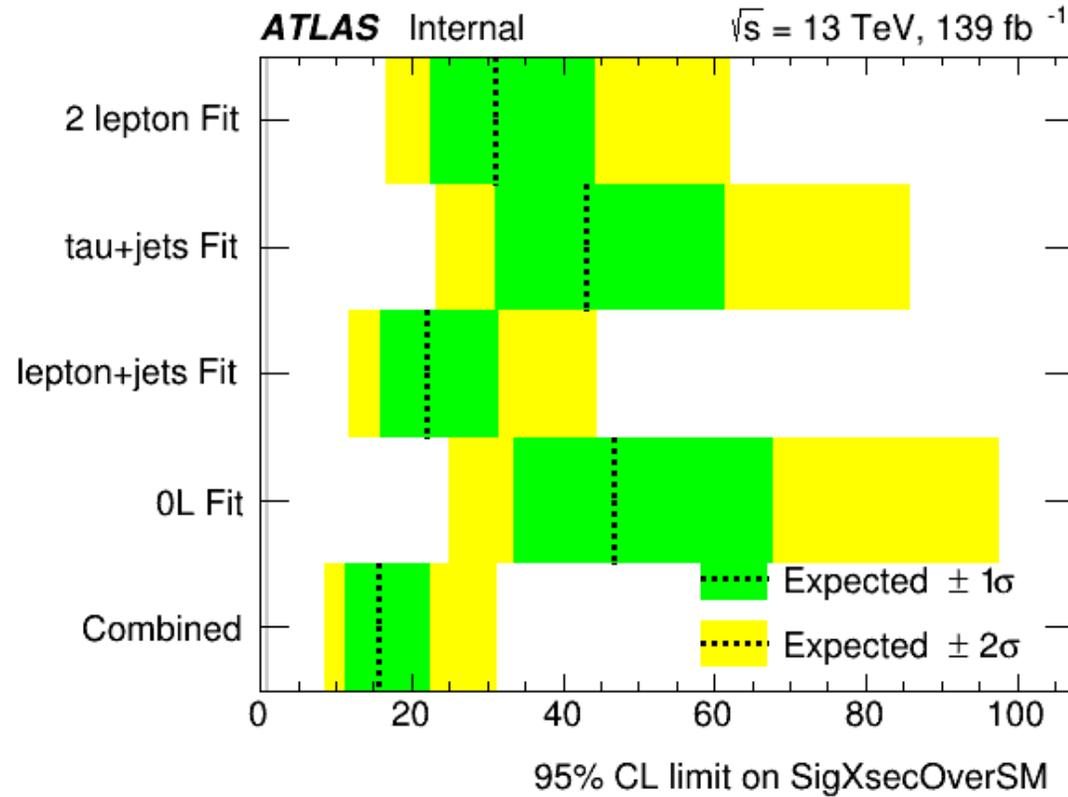
Wei-Ming Yao

the optimization of BDT analysis and editor of the note

# Dihiggs multilepton:

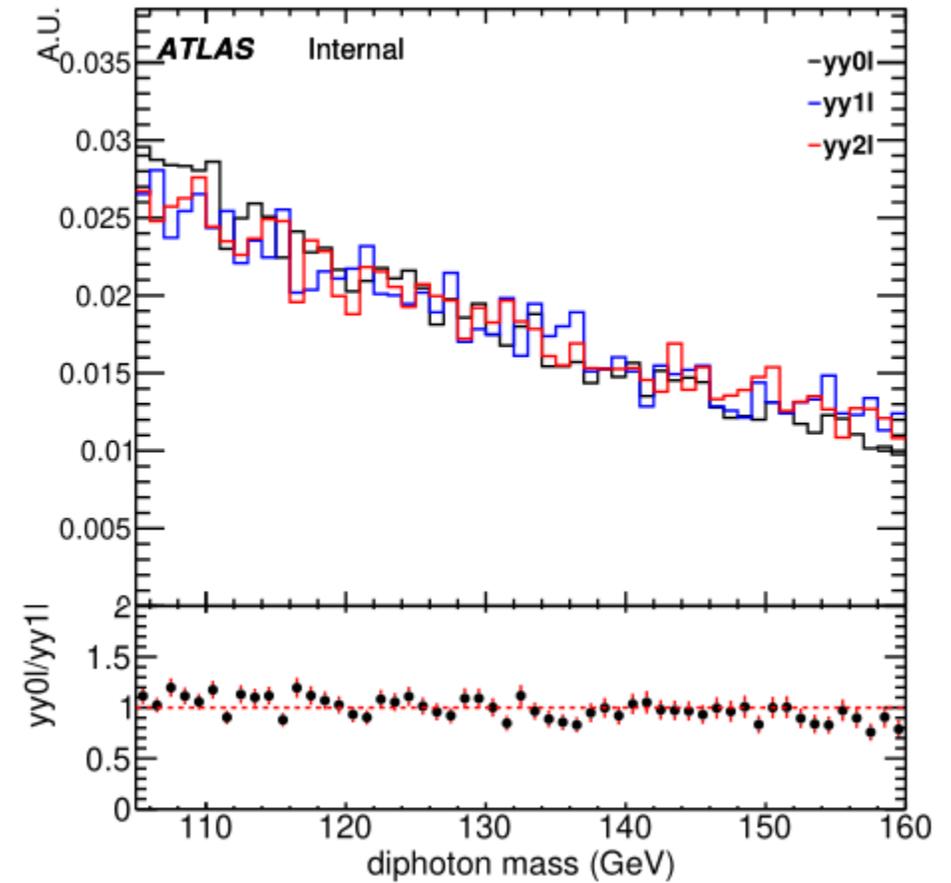
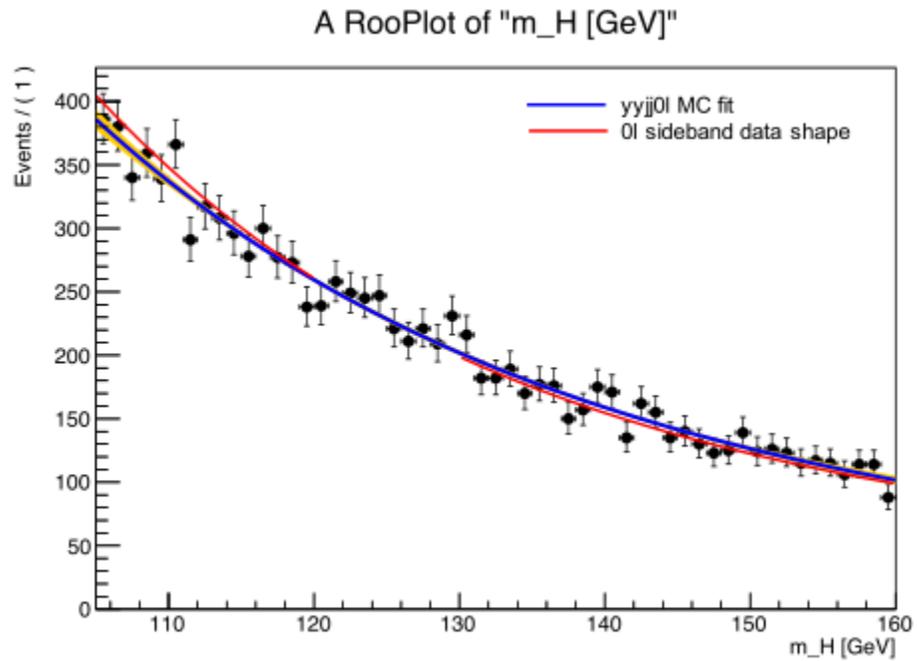


Channels	Upper limit	Channels	Upper limit
Yy+2 lepton	33	3L	25
Yy+Lepton+jets	23	2LSS	26
Yy+Tau+jets	42	1L2tau	26
YY+0L	47	4Lbb	28
Combined	<b>15.69</b>	2LSS1tau	56
		4L	49
		Combined	<b>10.73</b>



Total multi lepton: 8.40.

# Background modelling



# 2l lepton dependance

the derivation between 0l and 2l:

[105, 160]: 3.29%

[120, 130]: 0.65%

