

Recent Heavy Flavor Results in CMS

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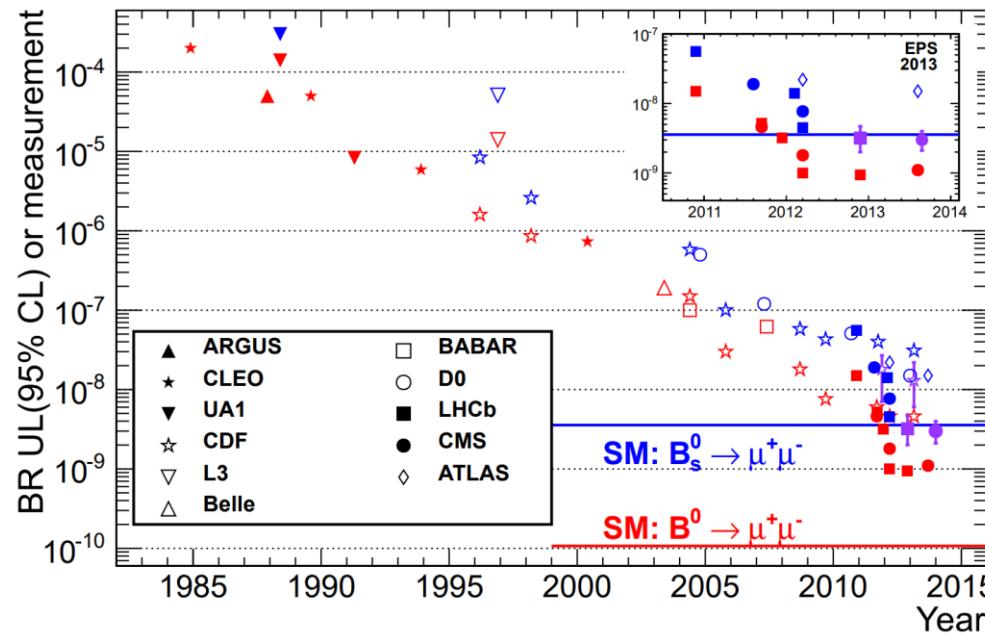
- HF studies in CMS China institutions
- HF result in combination of ATLAS, CMS & LHCb
 - LHC combination of the $B_{(s)}^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ measurements
- Latest HF results in CMS
 - Observation of $B^0 \rightarrow \psi(2S)K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$ & $B_S^0 \rightarrow \psi(2S)K_S^0$
 - Angular analysis of $B^+ \rightarrow K^{*+} \mu^+ \mu^-$
 - **Observation of triple J/ψ production**

HF studies in CMS China institutions

- Several topics on going in CMS China institutions
- PKU:
 - Study of $B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \mu^+ \mu^-$, $B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \mu^+ \mu^-$
- NNU, THU and Fudan
 - Threshold structures in $J/\psi J/\psi$, $J/\psi\psi(2S)$, $J/\psi\gamma$, $\gamma\gamma\cdots$
 - Search for $\eta_b \rightarrow J/\psi J/\psi$ (Gao Xuyang, Nov. 25)
 - Study of $B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi\phi K^+$

Combination of the ATLAS, CMS and LHCb results on $B_{(s)}^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$

- $B_{(s)}^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$: Sensitive to new physics
- SM predication: $B(B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (3.66 \pm 0.14) \times 10^{-9}$



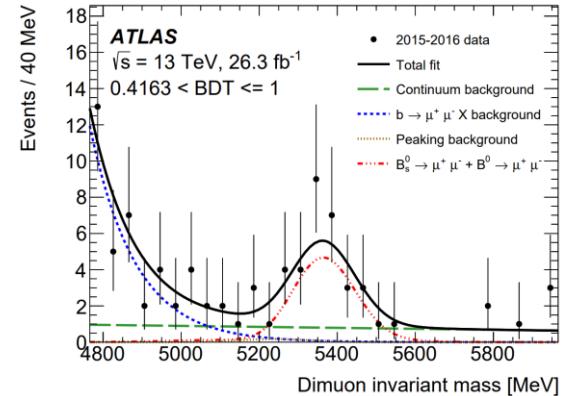
ATLAS-CONF-2020-049, CMS PAS BPH-20-003, LHCb-CONF-2020-002

Combination of the ATLAS, CMS and LHCb results on $B_{(s)}^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$

- ATLAS:

- $B(B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (2.8^{+0.8}_{-0.7}) \times 10^{-9}$
- $B(B^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (-1.9 \pm 1.6) \times 10^{-10}$

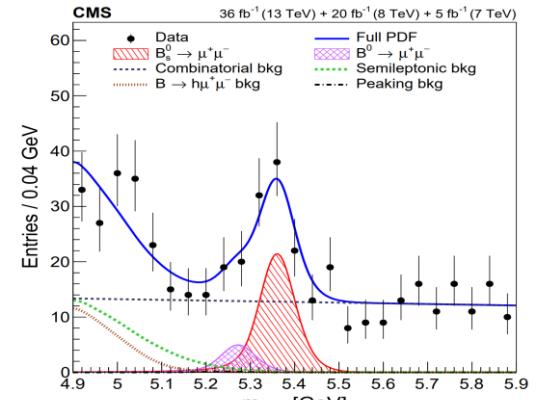
JHEP04(2019)098



- CMS:

- $B(B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (2.9^{+0.7}_{-0.6}(\text{exp}) \pm 0.2(\text{frag})) \times 10^{-9}$
- $B(B^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (0.8^{+1.4}_{-1.3}) \times 10^{-10}$

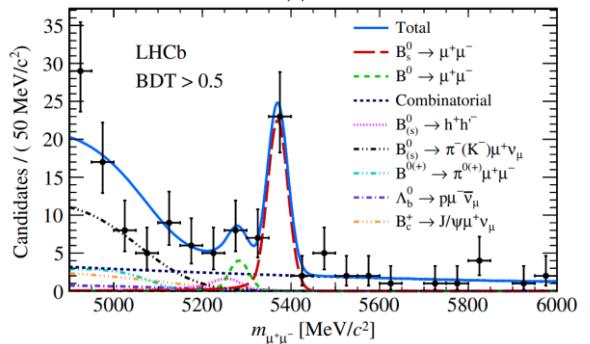
JHEP04(2020)188



- LHCb:

- $B(B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (3.0 \pm 0.6^{+0.3}_{-0.2}) \times 10^{-9}$
- $B(B^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (1.5^{+1.2+0.2}_{-1.0-0.1}) \times 10^{-10}$

PRL188(2017)191801



Combined BF of $B_{(s)}^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$

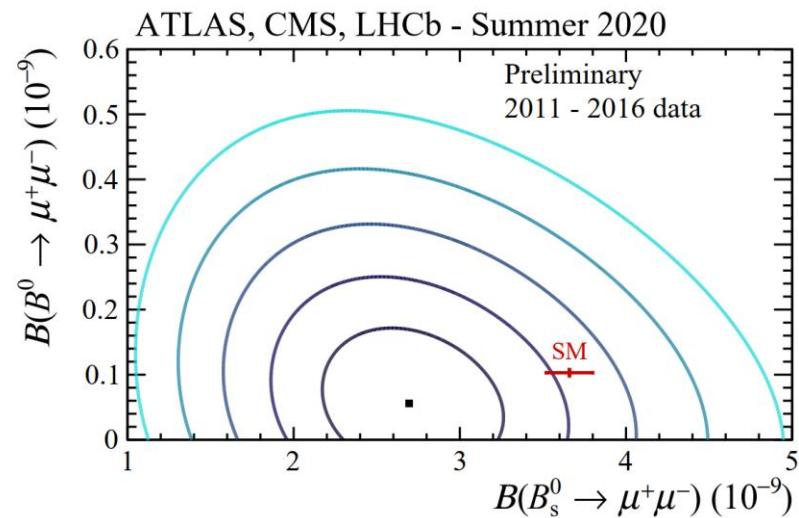
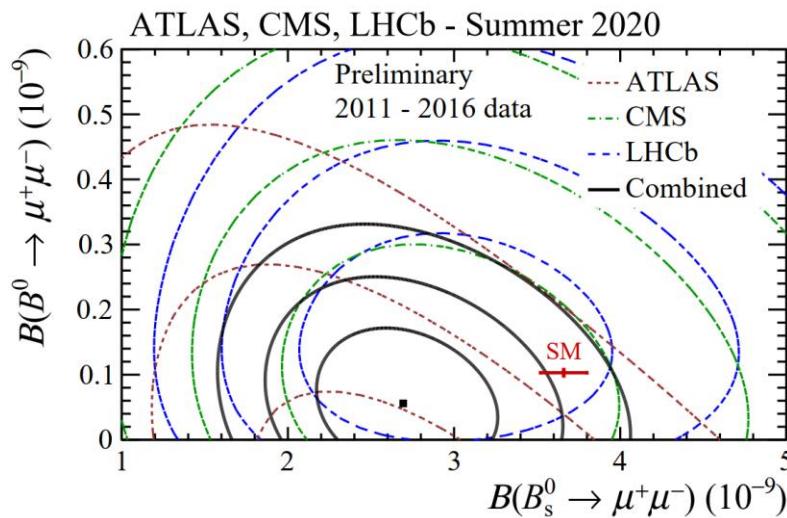
- Combined BF:

$$B(B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (2.69^{+0.37}_{-0.35}) \times 10^{-9}$$

$$B(B^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (0.6 \pm 0.7) \times 10^{-10}$$

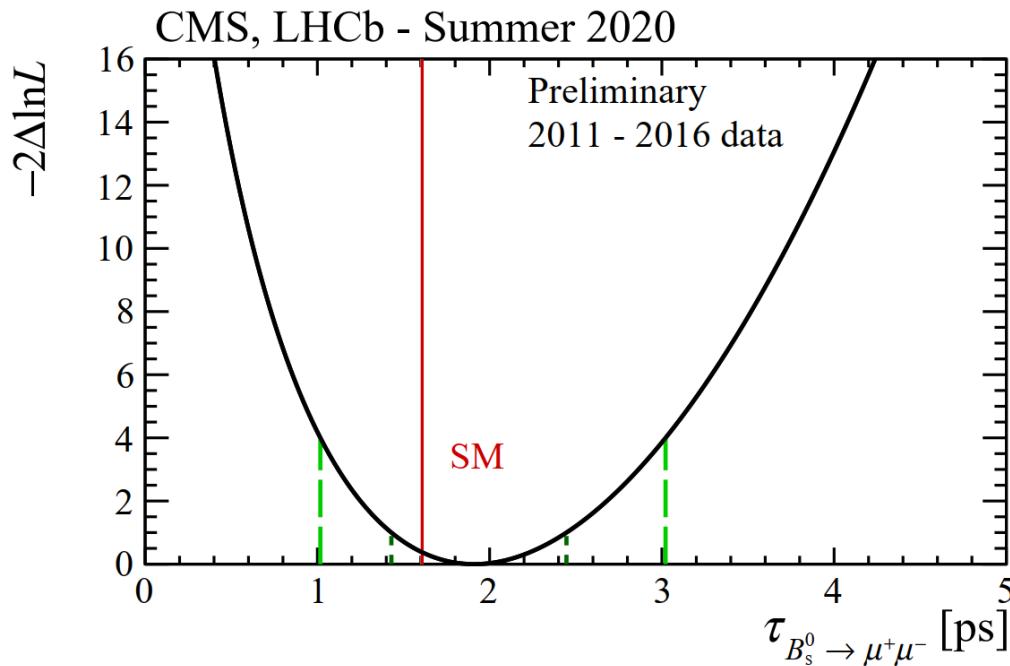
- Ratio of $B^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ and $B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$:

$$R = 0.021^{+0.030}_{-0.025}, R < 0.052 \text{ (0.060) at 90\% (95\%) CL.}$$



Combined lifetime of $B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$

- Combined effective lifetime: $\tau_{B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-} = 1.91^{+0.37}_{-0.35}$ ps.

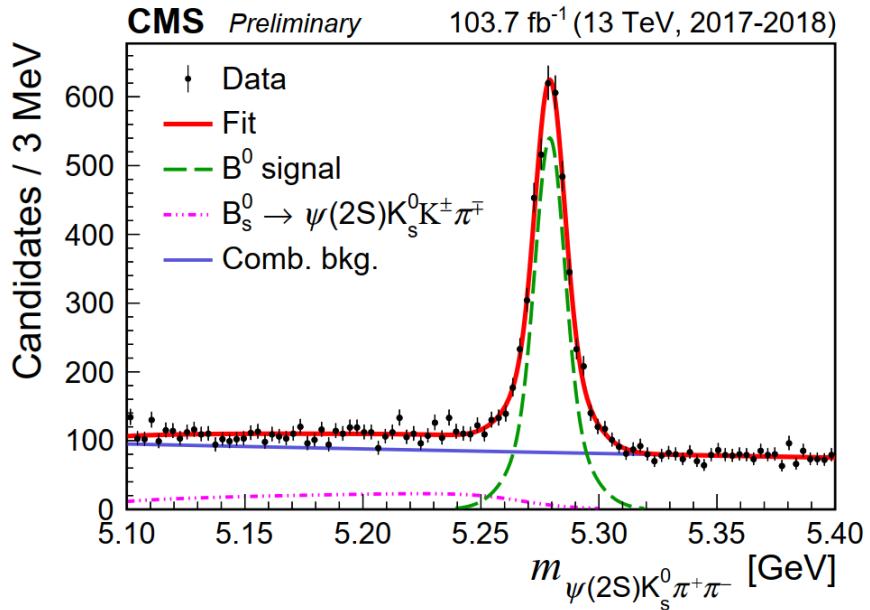
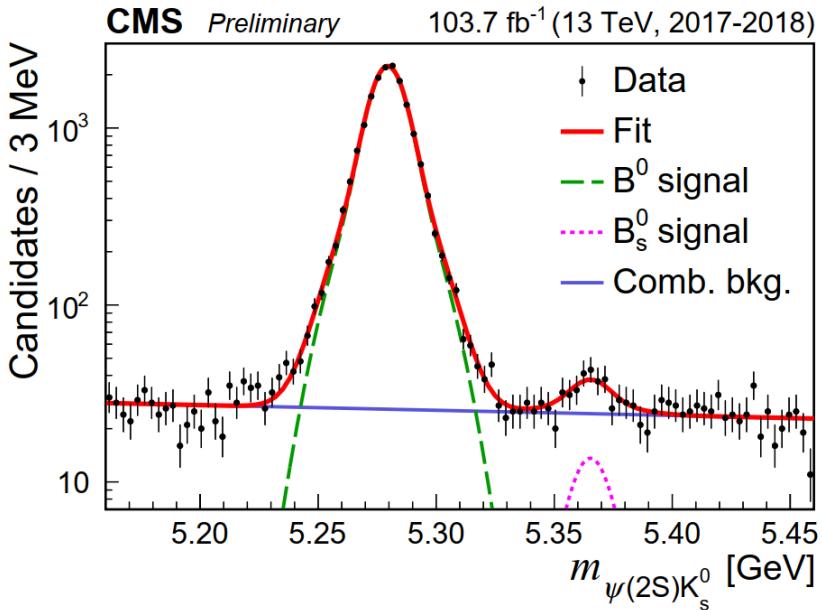


ATLAS-CONF-2020-049, CMS PAS BPH-20-003, LHCb-CONF-2020-002

HF results from CMS

Observation of $B^0 \rightarrow \psi(2S)K_S^0\pi^+\pi^-$ & $B_S^0 \rightarrow \psi(2S)K_S^0$

- Signal yields



- Relative branching fraction measurement

$$R_s \cdot \frac{f_s}{f_d} = \frac{f_s}{f_d} \cdot \frac{\mathcal{B}(B_s^0 \rightarrow \psi(2S)K_s^0)}{\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow \psi(2S)K_s^0)} = (0.69 \pm 0.14 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.02 \text{ (syst)})\%,$$

$$R_{\pi^+\pi^-} = \frac{\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow \psi(2S)K_s^0\pi^+\pi^-)}{\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow \psi(2S)K_s^0)} = (48.0 \pm 1.3 \text{ (stat)} \pm 3.2 \text{ (syst)})\%.$$

Angular analysis of the decay $B^+ \rightarrow K^{*+} \mu^+ \mu^-$

- $B^+ \rightarrow K^{(*)+} l^+ l^-$: sensitive to new physics
- Angular analysis of $B \rightarrow K^* l^+ l^-$: 3.1σ deviation from SM in some result PRL126.161802(2021)
- $R(K^{(*)}) = \frac{B(B^+ \rightarrow K^{(*)} \mu^+ \mu^-)}{B(B^+ \rightarrow K^{(*)} e^+ e^-)}$: $3.1(2.3)\sigma$ deviation from SM arxiv:2103.11769

Angular analysis of the decay $B^+ \rightarrow K^{*+} \mu^+ \mu^-$

- A_{FB} : Forward-backward asymmetry of the muon
- F_L : Longitudinal polarization fraction of the K^{*+}
- Performed in q^2 regions: [1, 8.68], [10.09, 12.86], [14.18, 19] GeV²

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{\Gamma} \frac{d^3\Gamma}{dcos\theta_K dcos\theta_\ell dq^2} = & \frac{9}{16} \left\{ \frac{2}{3} \left[F_S + 2A_S \cos\theta_K \right] (1 - \cos^2\theta_\ell) \right. \\ & + (1 - F_S) \left[2F_L \cos^2\theta_K (1 - \cos^2\theta_\ell) \right. \\ & + \frac{1}{2} (1 - F_L) \left(1 - \cos^2\theta_K \right) (1 + \cos^2\theta_\ell) \\ & \left. \left. + \frac{4}{3} A_{FB} (1 - \cos^2\theta_K) \cos\theta_\ell \right] \right\}. \end{aligned}$$

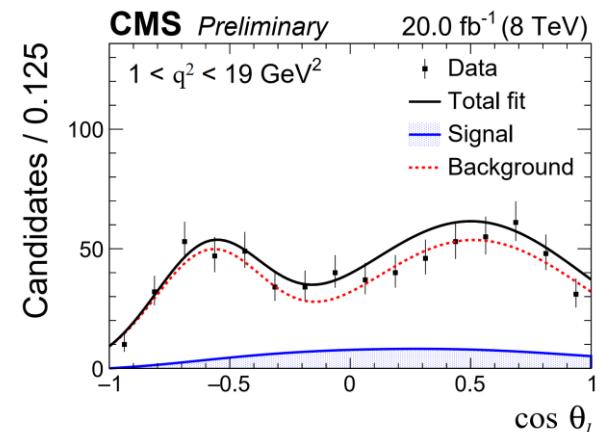
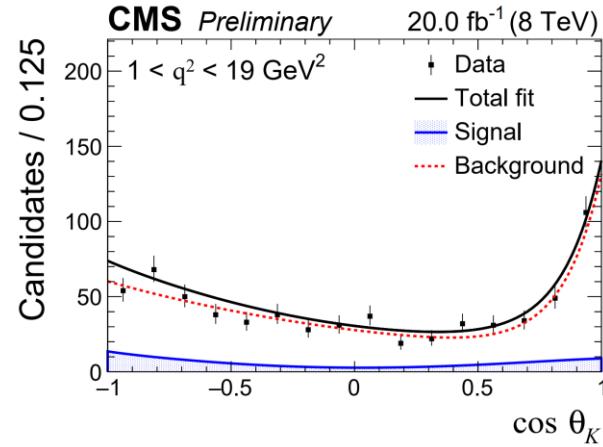
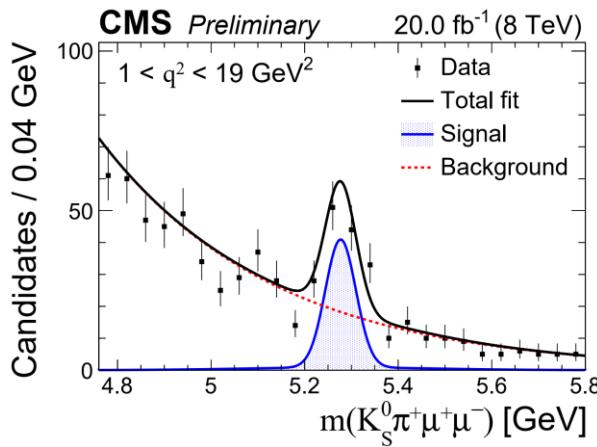
$$\begin{aligned} \text{pdf}(m, \cos\theta_K, \cos\theta_\ell) = & Y_S S^m(m) S^a(\cos\theta_K, \cos\theta_\ell) \epsilon(\cos\theta_K, \cos\theta_\ell) \\ & + Y_B B^m(m) B^{\theta_K}(\cos\theta_K) B^{\theta_\ell}(\cos\theta_\ell). \end{aligned}$$

θ_K : angle between K_S^0 and direction opposite to B^+ , in K^{*+} rest frame

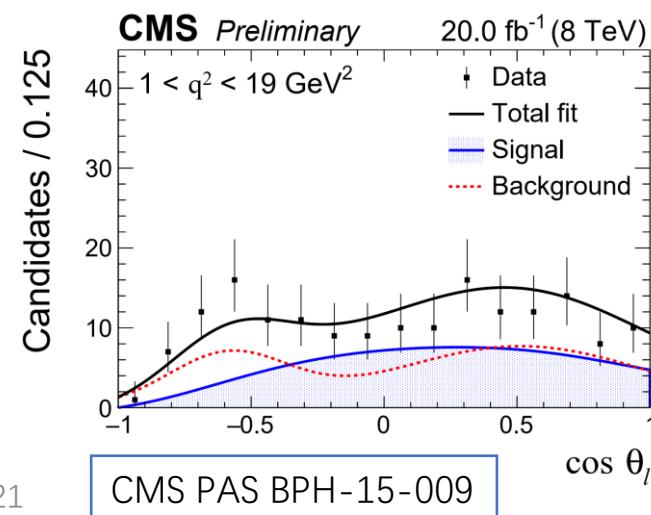
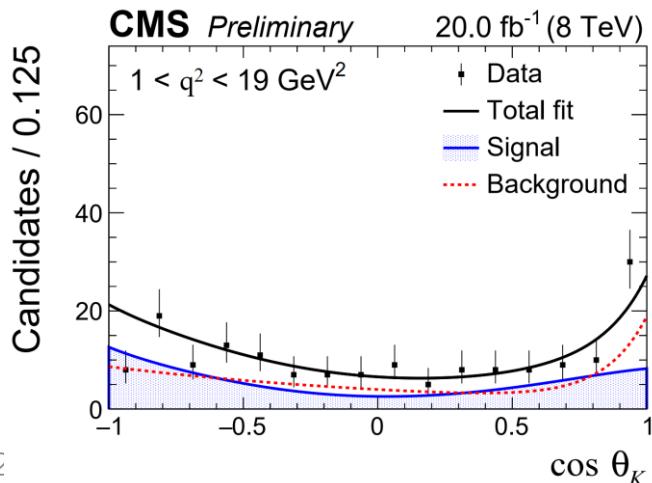
θ_ℓ : angle between μ^+ and direction opposite to B^+ , in $\mu^+\mu^-$ rest frame

Angular analysis of the decay $B^+ \rightarrow K^{*+} \mu^+ \mu^-$

- 3D fit in [4.7, 5.8] GeV of all three q^2 regions

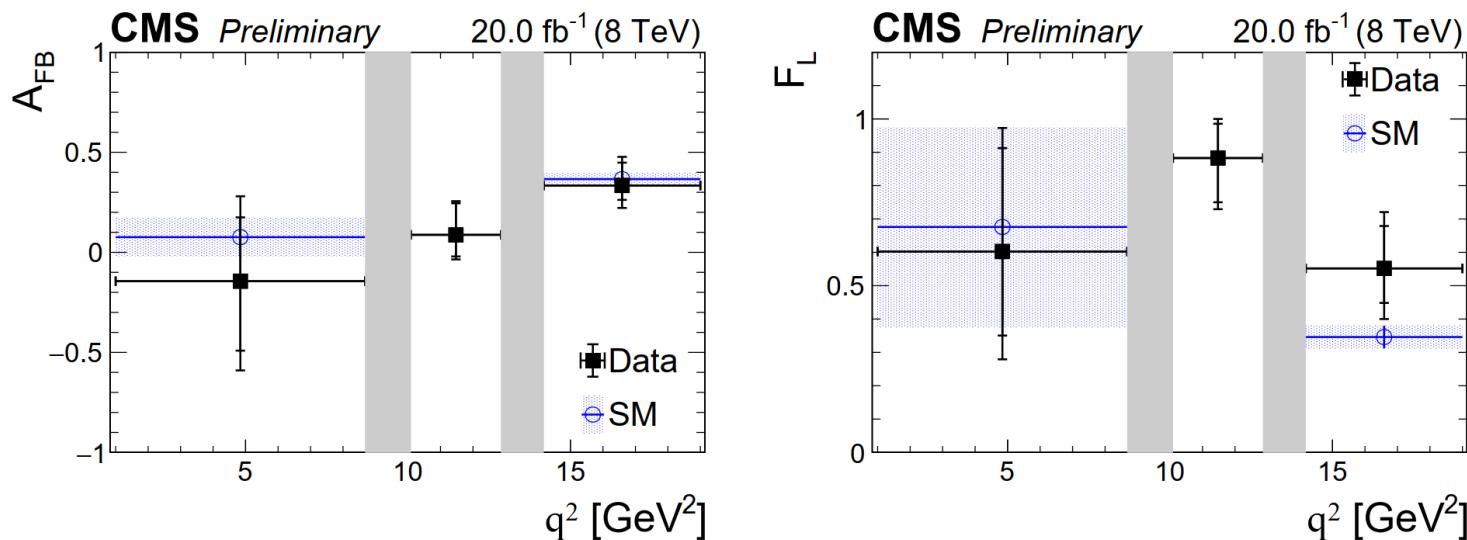


- Angular variables in B^+ signal region



Angular analysis of the decay $B^+ \rightarrow K^{*+} \mu^+ \mu^-$

- Measured A_{FB} and F_L
 - A_{FB} : Forward-backward asymmetry of the muon
 - F_L : Longitudinal polarization fraction of the K^{*+}



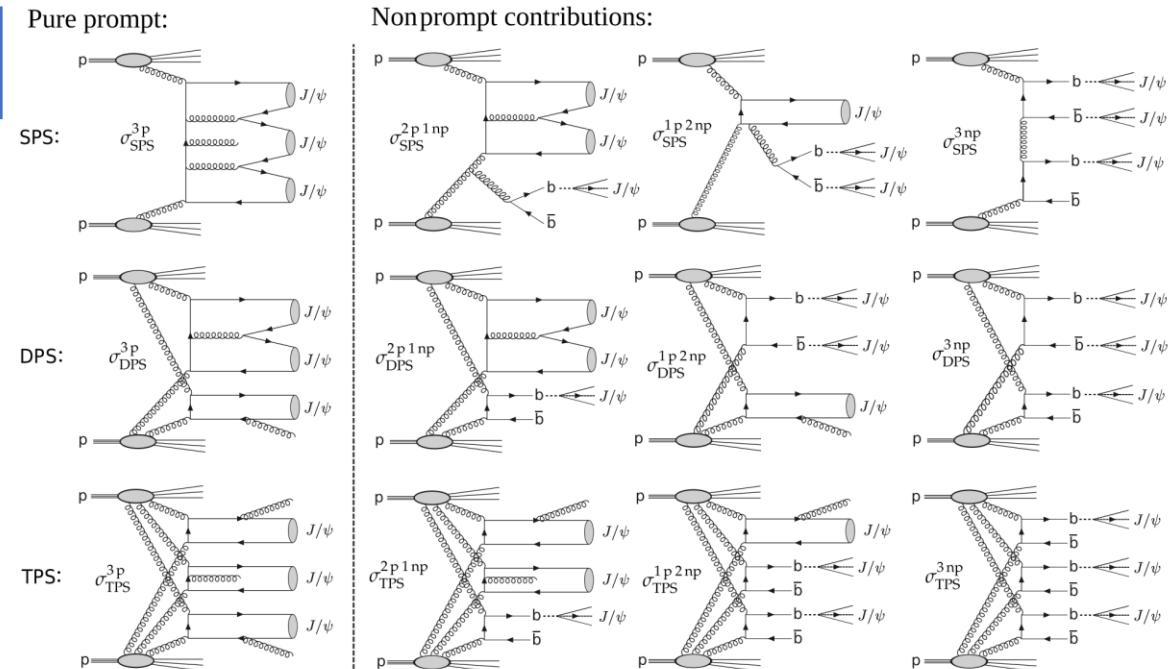
q^2 (GeV^2)	Signal yield	A_{FB}	F_L
1.00 – 8.68	22.1 ± 8.1	$-0.14^{+0.32}_{-0.35} \pm 0.17$	$0.60^{+0.31}_{-0.25} \pm 0.13$
10.09 – 12.86	25.9 ± 6.3	$0.09^{+0.16}_{-0.11} \pm 0.04$	$0.88^{+0.10}_{-0.13} \pm 0.05$
14.18 – 19.00	45.1 ± 8.0	$0.33^{+0.11}_{-0.07} \pm 0.05$	$0.55^{+0.13}_{-0.10} \pm 0.06$
1.00 – 19.00	90.0 ± 13.5	$0.17^{+0.10}_{-0.06} \pm 0.08$	$0.71^{+0.11}_{-0.09} \pm 0.06$

Observation of triple J/ψ production

- Multi-parton hard scattering at high p_T/M is useful to probe parton features/characteristics of the proton
- Single Parton Scattering, Double Parton Scattering
 - Studied in experiments and theory
- Triple Parton Scattering – predicted in theoretical study

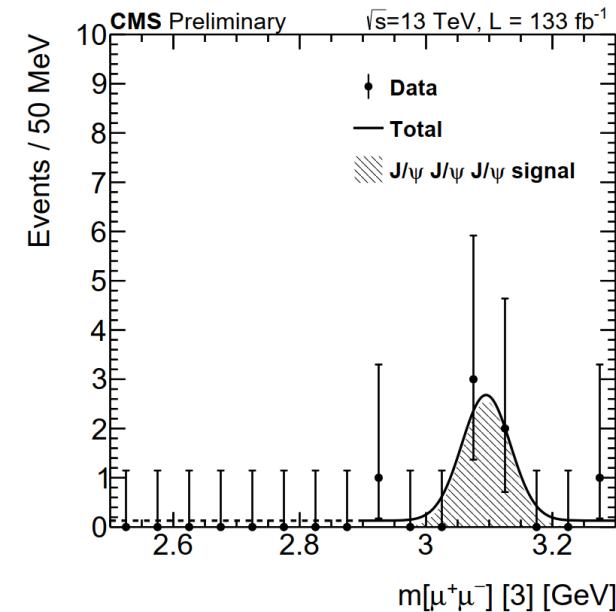
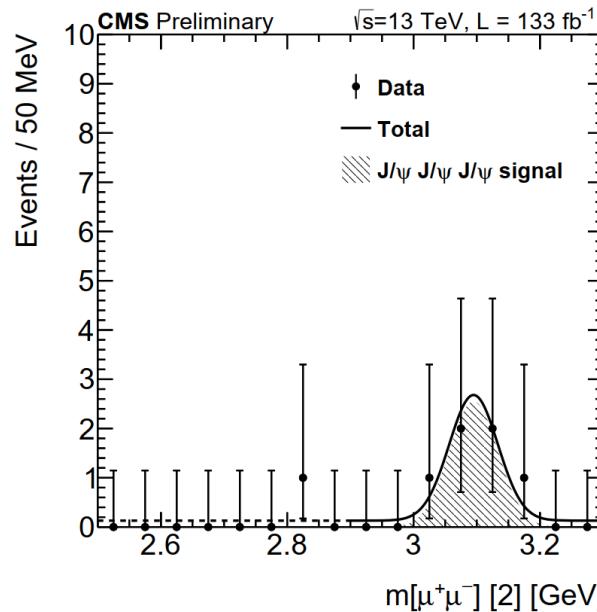
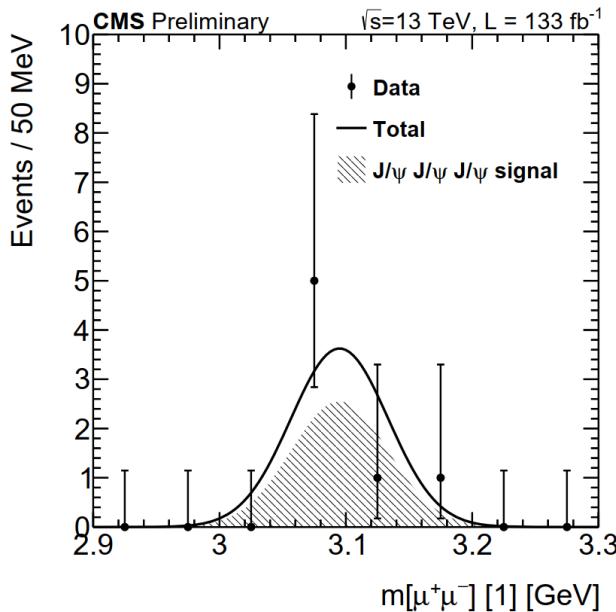
Phys. Rev. Lett. 122, 192002 (2019)
Huasheng Shao, Yujie Zhang

Feynman diagram
of triple J/ψ



Observation of triple J/ψ production

- $N_{sig}^{3J/\psi} = 5^{+2.6}_{-1.9}$, Significance $>5\sigma$
- Production from: SPS ($\sim 6\%$), DPS ($\sim 74\%$),
and TPS ($\sim 20\%$, first observation in experiment)
- $\sigma(pp \rightarrow J/\psi J/\psi J/\psi X) = 272^{+141}_{-104}(stat) \pm 17(syst)\text{fb}$



arXiv:2111.05370, submitted to Nature Physics

Observation of triple J/ψ production

- ✓ Observation of $3J/\psi$ production (first time) at CMS
- New approach to study TPS/DPS
- Opportunity to explore possible structures in $2J/\psi, 3J/\psi$ final states in future
 - Study using $2J/\psi, J/\psi\psi(2S)$ ongoing at CMS
 - Gu Jinjing's talk on Nov. 25

Summary

- Several HF topics on going in different China institutions in CMS
- Recent HF results at CMS and a combined result are presented

Thanks