

## 大模型及天文科学数据处理思考

#### 崔辰州

国家天文科学数据中心

NAOC, CAS

感谢:齐法制、陶一寒、张正德、阿里云、达摩院、之江实验室、Szalay……

### Disclaimer

• I'm not a ML or AI expert



资料提供:齐法制、陶一寒、张正德、阿里云、达摩院、之江实验室、Szalay……

## ChatGPT简要技术回顾

- 为何出圈:不再是传统意义的人机对话系统,而是以自然语言为交互 方式的通用语言处理平台
  - 技术有突破: 基础数据+核心模型+优化算法
  - 应用接地气: 几乎可以完成所有语言相关的功能
  - 效果超预期:相比于先前系统效果产生质的飞跃
- 超出预期的交互体验



- (1) 通用的意图理解能力, (2) 强大的连续对话能力, (3) 智能的交互修正能力,
  - (4) 较强的逻辑推理能力

## ChatGPT简要技术回顾

- ChatGPT是以产品思维驱动的重大集成创新成果
- ChatGPT是OpenAI自2018年以来坚持生成式AI、长期技术积累,量变产 生质变的重大成果,是迈向AGI的阶段性成果
- ChatGPT的集成技术组成
  - ChatGPT的基础模型架构生成式解码器GPT来源于Google于2017年提出的 Transformer
  - ChatGPT的指令学习技术同样来源于Google于2021年提出的指令学习模型FLAN
  - ChatGPT基于人类反馈的强化学习技术来源于OpenAI自己2017年提出的优化算法PPO和2021年提出的基于人类反馈的自动摘要方法

### 大模型的通用性局限

## ① 事实检索性和复杂 计算性任务效果差

## ② 实时性、动态变化 性的任务无法实现

朱自清散文《背影》的第一句是什么? 12<sup>12</sup> =?

明天北京的天气怎么样?

③ 超出模型训练数据 类型的任务无法完成

这个图片中的路牌上写的是什么?

# ASTRONOMY





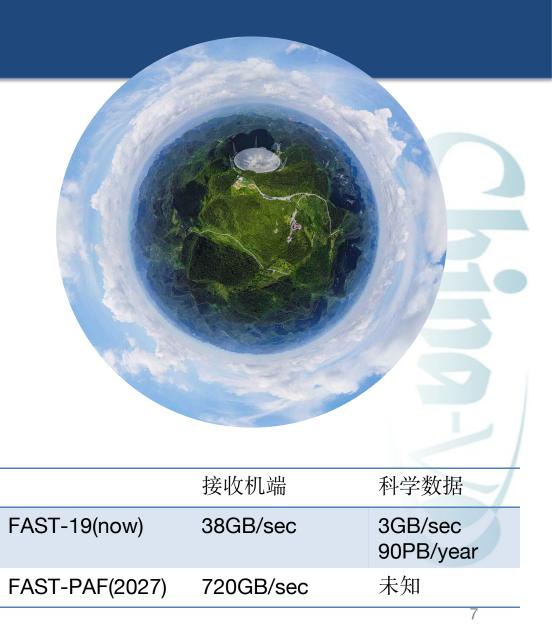
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Sweep

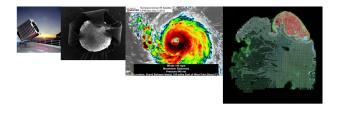
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### Astronomy in the bigdata era

Sky Survey Projects	Data Volume
DPOSS (The Palomar Digital Sky Survey)	3 TB
2MASS (The Two Micron All-Sky Survey)	10 TB
GBT (Green Bank Telescope)	20 PB
GALEX (The Galaxy Evolution Explorer)	30 TB
SDSS (The Sloan Digital Sky Survey)	40 TB
SkyMapper Southern Sky Survey	500 TB
PanSTARRS (The Panoramic Survey Telescope and Rapid Response System)	~ 40 PB expected
LSST (The Large Synoptic Survey Telescope)	~ 200 PB expected
SKA (The Square Kilometer Array)	$\sim$ 4.6 EB expected



## Today's Science Environment



The Impact of AstroInformatics

idies

Alex Szalay

🚮 JOHNS HOPKINS

- For a long time science was bimodal, small PI projects vs Big Science
- It is changing again today more in the **middle** 
  - NSF Mid-Scale projects, NIH U01, private collaborations, public-private partnerships (Sloan Digital Sky Survey, PFS, Human Genome ...)
  - Typically: create a unique instrument, use cutting edge technology, take risks, push budgets to the limit (and beyond) to maximize science, generate large amounts (petabytes) of data
  - Enormous fresh energy liberated!
  - At the "sweet spot" for science
  - Do computations on a shoestring
  - Generally: computations will be done opportunistically
  - Al is emeraina everywhere

In this new model there is much more focus on generating (and sharing) novel data

### Agility vs Tenacity

- We see extremely agile changes in the industry (Google, Facebook, Amazon, Microsoft)
- Industry attention span for science is spotty, lasts a few years at most
- Universities cannot compete with the industry in agility faculty hires are for 40 years...
- But we can compete in tenacity and unique high-value data!
- There are more and more midscale projects at Universities (few \$M)
- Using AI to interpret the data, discover new patterns, new phenomena
- This requires the data sets to be "Al-ready"

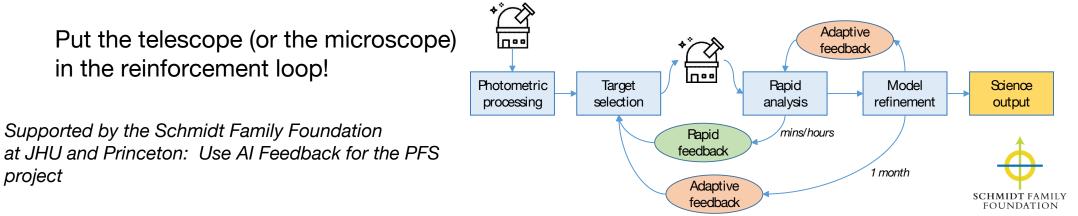
The big breakthroughs will always come from a unique data set (Human Genome, SDSS, ImageNet) -- combined with a disruptive idea

### Computing and Data in the Era of AI

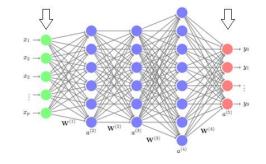
- Hardware used to be the capital investment, scientists mostly wrote their own software
- Today it is the opposite:
  - Hardware became a commodity, available everywhere
  - Today: data sets and software are becoming the capital investment
- Software technologies change every two years, in AI faster
- Code carpentry emerging
- Digital twins
- Codes need to be ARCO (Analysis Ready and Cloud Optimized)
- Software written by graduate students is not good enough
- We need serious software professionals of industrial caliber

### What is Next: Experimental Design by AI?

- Instead of more data, we need **MORE RELEVANT DATA**
- Need to dramatically improve experiment design....
- Artificial Intelligence in large-scale experiments: use Al **before** we collect the data
- Example: Next Generation Astronomical Surveys
  - Observing spectra is 1,000 times more expensive than imaging
  - Use feedback from observed targets and improve target selection via reinforcement learning (active learning)
- Fifth Paradigm: when algorithms make the decisions about our experiments?



If we let AI drive our cars, it can drive our microscopes and telescopes...



### Virtual Observatory (VO)

- Virtual Observatory (VO) is a data-intensively online astronomical research and education environment, taking advantages of advanced information technologies to achieve seamless, global access to astronomical information.
  - 虚拟天文台是通过先进的信息技术将全球范围内的研究资源无缝透明连接在一起形成的数据密集型网络化天文研究与科普教育平台。
- The Virtual Observatory (VO) aims to provide a research environment that will open up new possibilities for scientific research based on data discovery, efficient data access, and interoperability.
- International Virtual Observatory Alliance

--"facilitate the international coordination and collaboration necessary for the development and deployment of the tools, systems and organizational structures necessary to enable the international utilization of astronomical archives as an integrated and interoperating virtual observatory."



### China-VO

- Chinese Virtual Observatory (China-VO) is the national VO project in China initiated in 2002 by Chinese astronomical community leading by National Astronomical Observatories, Chinese Academy of Sciences.
- China-VO became a member of the IVOA with the recommendation of Dr. Jim Gray

### China-VO Platform R&D Focuses

- Unified Access to On-line Astronomical Resources and Services
- VO-ready Projects and Facilities
- VO-based Astronomical Research Activities
- VO-based Public Education



# Discover IVOA with ChatGPT

Adrian Damian Bologna 2023

#### ChatGPT

- Why ChatGPT?
  - Large Language Models (LLM)
  - No time/resources to try the other available ones: Bing, Bard, Copilot, etc.
- Why discover IVOA?
  - Multiple uses of ChatGPT
  - "Al is going to give every student a personalized tutor" Sal Khan the founder of Khan Academy

, III

- "Methodology" - series of conversations with ChatGPT about IVOA related subjects: standards, libraries, examples etc.

#### **General Observations**

- Good general grasp of the terms/terminology
- Interesting view of the IVOA:
  - TAP is always associated with IVOA
  - Main applications (Aladin, TOPCAT, STILTS, PyVO) are often mentioned
  - Great exploration tool

#### HOWEVER...

- Knowledge cutoff September 2021.
- It doesn't reference the source of the information
- Main Problem: reliability.

"Our biggest concern was around factuality, because the model likes to fabricate things." - John Schulman (OpenAl co-founder)

#### **Incorrect Answers**

What is pyvo?

Answer:

"Pyvo is a Python package that provides a simple and efficient interface for working with data from the Czech beer culture, including beer styles, breweries, and beer events. It includes data from the Czech Beer Guide, Open Brewery DB, and the Czech Beer Culture website.

With Pyvo, users can easily access and manipulate data related to Czech beer, including information on beer styles, breweries, and events. This package can be useful for beer enthusiasts, researchers, or anyone interested in exploring data related to Czech beer culture.

Pyvo can be installed using pip, the Python package manager, and it is open-source software, released under the MIT license."

Final Thought

ChatGPT and all the new related AI tools and ChatBots offer a novel/disruptive way for exploring and consuming information and we will need to adapt to that.

#### How to Improve?

- ChatGPT feedback (requires a specialist)
  - Not clear how fast the feedback is incorporated but progress is visible
- Better prompts
  - Avoid the GIGO effect.
  - Prompt engineers?
  - Idea is to give context, ask ChatGPT to assume the identity of a profession,
- Better data to train on
  - Use a ChatBot trained with custom data
  - Explosion of tutorials/websites etc.

### Potential of foundation models for Astronomy

- Foundation models mark the beginning of a new era in machine learning and artificial intelligence.
- How can it serve Astronomy
  - Apply LLMs to Astronomy papers, integrate domain knowledge for searching and question answering tasks
  - General representation for different data types (images, spectra, time series, catalogue etc.) for astronomical data analysis tasks
  - To serve as research assistant for more complicated task, e.g. plan for observation, generate report and figures. automatically decompose the task (AutoGPT)
- From VO perspective
  - Make the data ready Standardize the representation for astronomical data of different type and from different sources?

### Related work in Astronomy

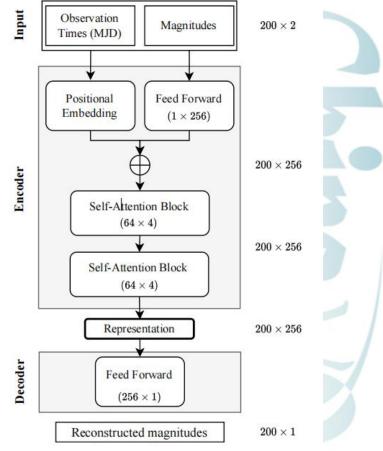
- ASTROMER: A transformer-based embedding for the representation of light curves
  - pre-trained on millions of light curves from different surveys (MACHO, OGLE, ATLAS)
  - representation to create informative light curves embeddings
  - finetuned for solving downstream tasks, e.g. classification of variable stars, predicting physical

parameters



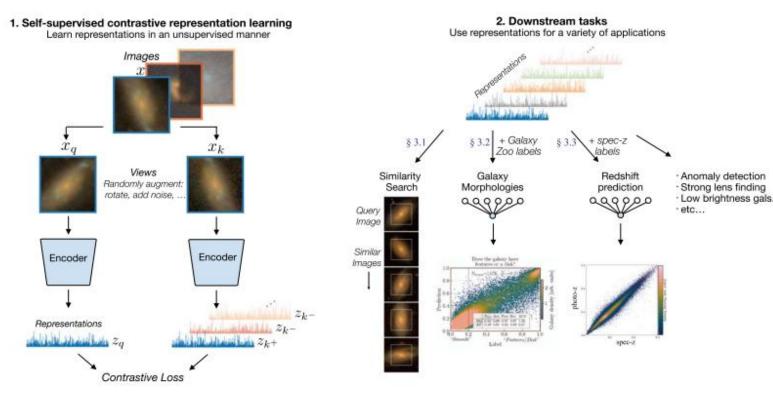
https://www.stellardnn.org/projects/astromer/index.html

C. Donoso-Oliva et al. ASTROMER: A transformer-based embedding for the representation of light curves.



### Related work in Astronomy

- Self-supervised Representation Learning for Astronomical Images
  - multiband galaxy photometry from the Sloan Digital Sky Survey (SDSS) to learn image representations



#### Md Abul Hayat et al. Self-supervised Representation Learning for Astronomical Images.

### Related work in Astronomy

- Towards Galaxy Foundation Models with Hybrid Contrastive Learning
  - 552k labelled and 1.34m unlabelled galaxies from five telescopes and four Galaxy Zoo campaigns
  - ML-friendly galaxy datasets for major Galaxy Zoo (<u>https://github.com/mwalmsley/galax</u> <u>y-datasets</u>)

Name	Method	PyTorch Dataset	Published	Downloadable	Galaxies
Galaxy Zoo 2	gz2	GZ2	<b>~</b>	<b>~</b>	~210k (main sample)
GZ Hubble*	gz_hubble	GZHubble	<b>~</b>	<b>V</b>	~106k (main sample)
GZ CANDELS	gz_candels	GZCandels		<ul> <li>Image: A start of the start of</li></ul>	~50k
GZ DECaLS GZD-5	gz_decals_5	GZDecals5	<ul> <li></li> </ul>	<b>V</b>	~230k (GZD-5 only)
GZ Rings	gz_rings	GZRings	$\boxtimes$	<u>&lt;</u>	~93k
GZ DESI	gz_desi	GZDesi	$\boxtimes$	WIP	WIP
CFHT Tidal*	tidal	Tidal		<ul> <li>Image: A start of the start of</li></ul>	1760 (expert)

Mike Walmsley et al. Towards Galaxy Foundation Models with Hybrid Contrastive Learning

### Call for AI Proposals

G	Н	1	
1 1、姓名	2、所在单位	3、研究方向	4、对天文领域大模型的设想和需求(包括拟开展应用的科研场景、功能设想、所使用的相关科研数据等)
2 沈世银	上海天文台	星系天文学	结合图像,光谱数据的星系物理(结构,形成和演化)性质研究;结合光谱及时域数据的星系中心活动星系
3 宋子豪	之江实验室	谱线分析	天文通用观测数据的目标识别分割,观测光谱发射线认证
4 王赫	中国科学院大学·国	引力波天文学	期待阿里可以开发的大模型,特点特性在于1广泛支持多模态数据上,比如要适用性非常广,模态类型丰富
5 王楠	中科曙光	人工智能基础设施	大模型大规模训练扩展,相比小模型的硬件加速比和硬件利用率
6 姚嵩	上海天文馆(上海利	光学夜天文观测,天文	天文学概念解释,知识图谱梳理,专业文献整理、解读,论文优化,常用公式和算法介绍以及程序编写,科
7 李观	中国科学院计算机网	可视化,可视分析	无
8 王磊	上海天文馆	星系团	天文科普场馆智能助手。内容包括:天文知识问答,天文馆展项讲解
9 左肖雄	国家天文台	天文信息技术	数据分类,观测助手
10 朱文白	中国科学院国家天文	射电天文;射电望远镜	暂无
11 钱磊	中国科学院国家天文	射电天文	公式推导,自动生成标准格式实验报告,识图
12 崔辰州	国台	VO	尚不是很清楚
13 邵务俊	国家天文台	天文信息技术	文献数据挖掘
14 张颜荣	广州大学	脉冲星	脉冲星搜寻,消除射电干扰
15 谢海闻	长春人造卫星观测动	望远镜控制	迅速了解前沿天文研究对观测数据的需求,以推进望远镜技术的研究
16 王赫	中国科学院大学	引力波天文学	1. 支持多模态(如时域、频域、时频域等)2. 开放 API 接口,允许科研人员开发科研插件(可接入不同领域
17 梁博	国科大杭州高等研究	引力波参数反演(主要	利用大规模模型进行数据的压缩,在GW领域其实光数据集的生成可能都需要100W,哪怕利用目前最好的单
18 田海俊	杭州电子科技大学	天文信息学、天体物理	1. 基于欧空局盖亚(Gaia)卫星数据,系统性搜寻银河系内星团、星协、星流等性质相识的子结构。2. 基于
19 支挥	中国科学院国家天文	望远镜控制	基于大模型的目标源提取(图像分割)其余不太了解,想学习一下
20 吴明磊	山东工商学院	恒星低质量光谱	想了解如何获取恒星光谱的连续谱
01			

### NAOC – Alibaba Cloud Partnership



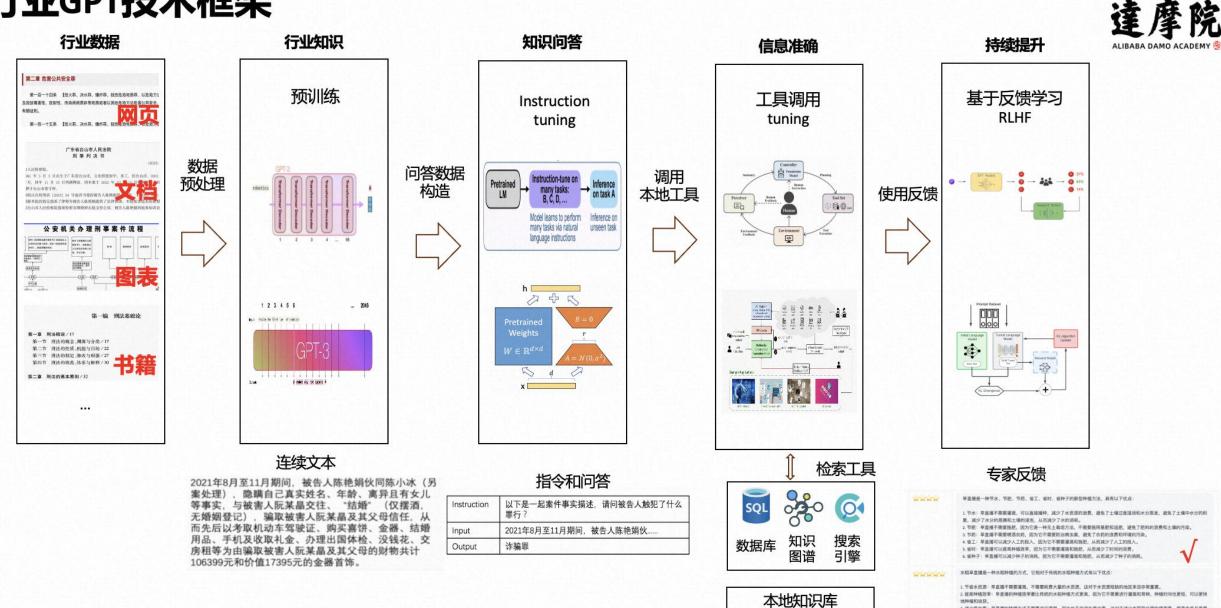




NAOC · (-) 阿里云

探索未知的价

### 行业GPT技术框架



3.减少病虫害:单直播的种植方式不需要进行灌溉,因此也不会溢生疾虫害,这对于减少衣药和化肥的使用量,提高衣产品质量

4. 适应性更广:草直播的种植方式适应性更广。因为它不需要进行灌溉,所以可以在更加干草和贫瘠的土地上种植水和人力对于

有很大的好处.

提高水稻的产量和稳定性有很大的好处。









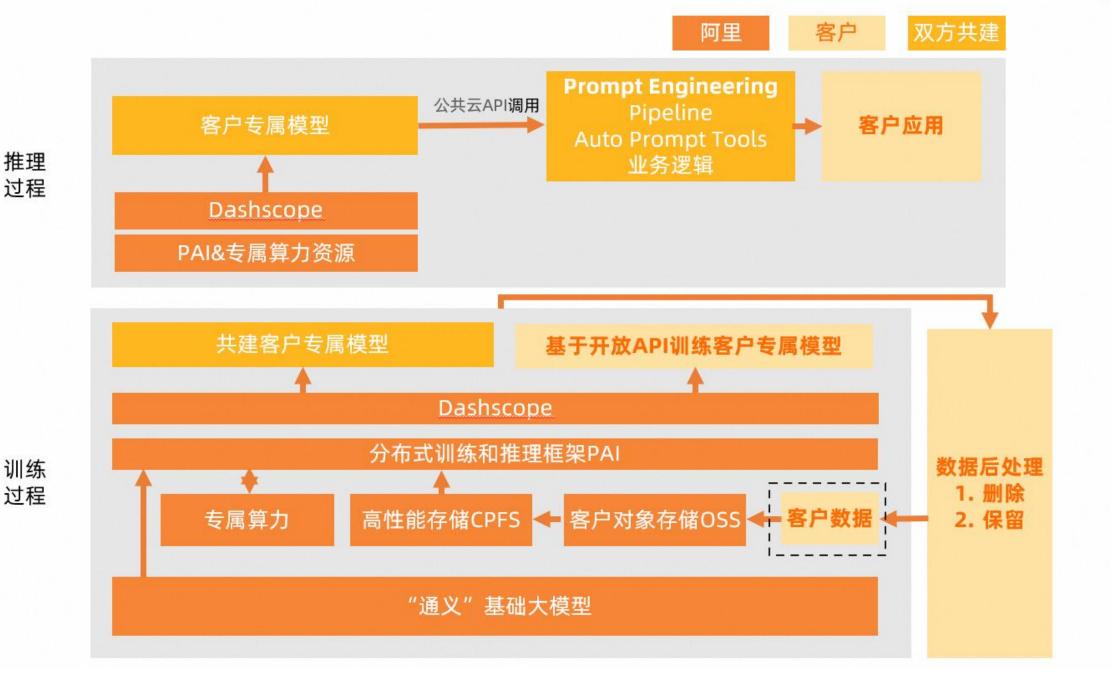




- 算力资源,8张A800卡,支撑模型训练,数张A10卡,支撑模型服务
- 专家团队,提供业务咨询和流程设计
- 专家团队,提供和协助处理文档/问答/反馈数据
- 专家团队,确定使用场景
- 应用开发团队,本地系统对接和前端服务开发等



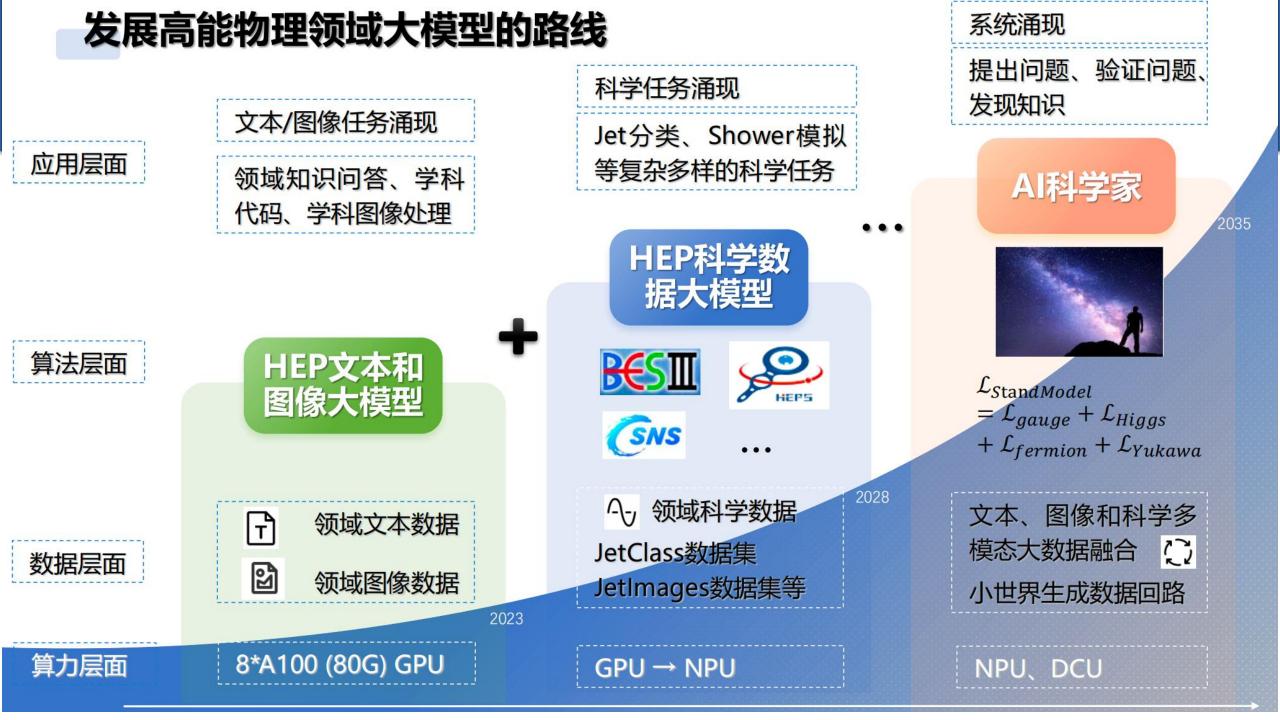
### 客户专属模型&行业模型数据安全保障



(-)阿里云

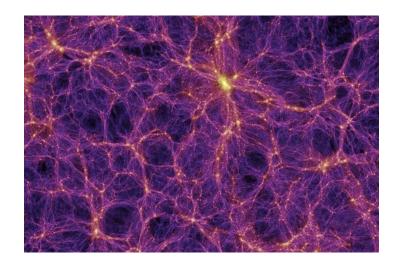
数据

安全屋

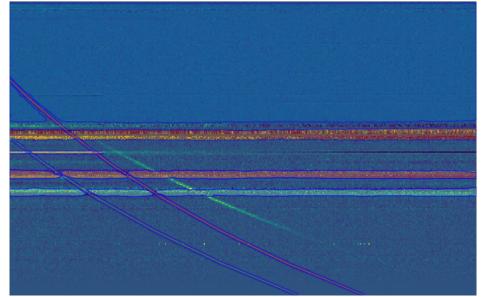




- Large Language Model(ChatGPT, LLaMA)
  - Chatbot for education
  - Research assistant (papers, proposals)
  - Citizen science (astronomical objects labeling)
  - Autonomous agents("find pulsar signals in dataset abc-203")
  - Time series data processing(light curve)
- AIGC(GAN, Diffusion Models)
  - Simulations: generate galaxy photos for public science; generate FAST observing data for verifications?
  - Faster and cheaper cosmological simulations of galaxy formation
- Few-shot learning(SAM, I-JEPA)
  - FRB/PSR search
  - HI Source Finding
  - Foreground Removal



ZHEJIANG LAB



segment-anything.com/demo<sup>28</sup>

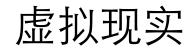
## 大模型通用能力的拓展

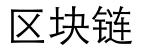
- 大模型与外部信息交互:
  - 模型之间的交互:不同的大模型专注不同领域的能力,通过模型之间的交互可以实现所有能力的整合,从而拓展大模型的通用能力
  - 模型与工具的交互:检索、数学计算等任务无需通过大模型实现,若能让大模型学会使用工具,则可以极大地拓展大模型的通用能力
  - 模型与环境交互:大模型通过学会与虚拟环境或者物理环境进行交互,实现大模型从感知到行为的通用能力

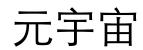


### 科研助手 VS. 原始创新

### What's the next?







### 人工智能



### Who is the final winner?

IT giants, Scientists, Nvidia, ...?

### Thank You!