

CP-violating
phase ϕ_s measurement
 $B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi \phi$ potential at CEPC

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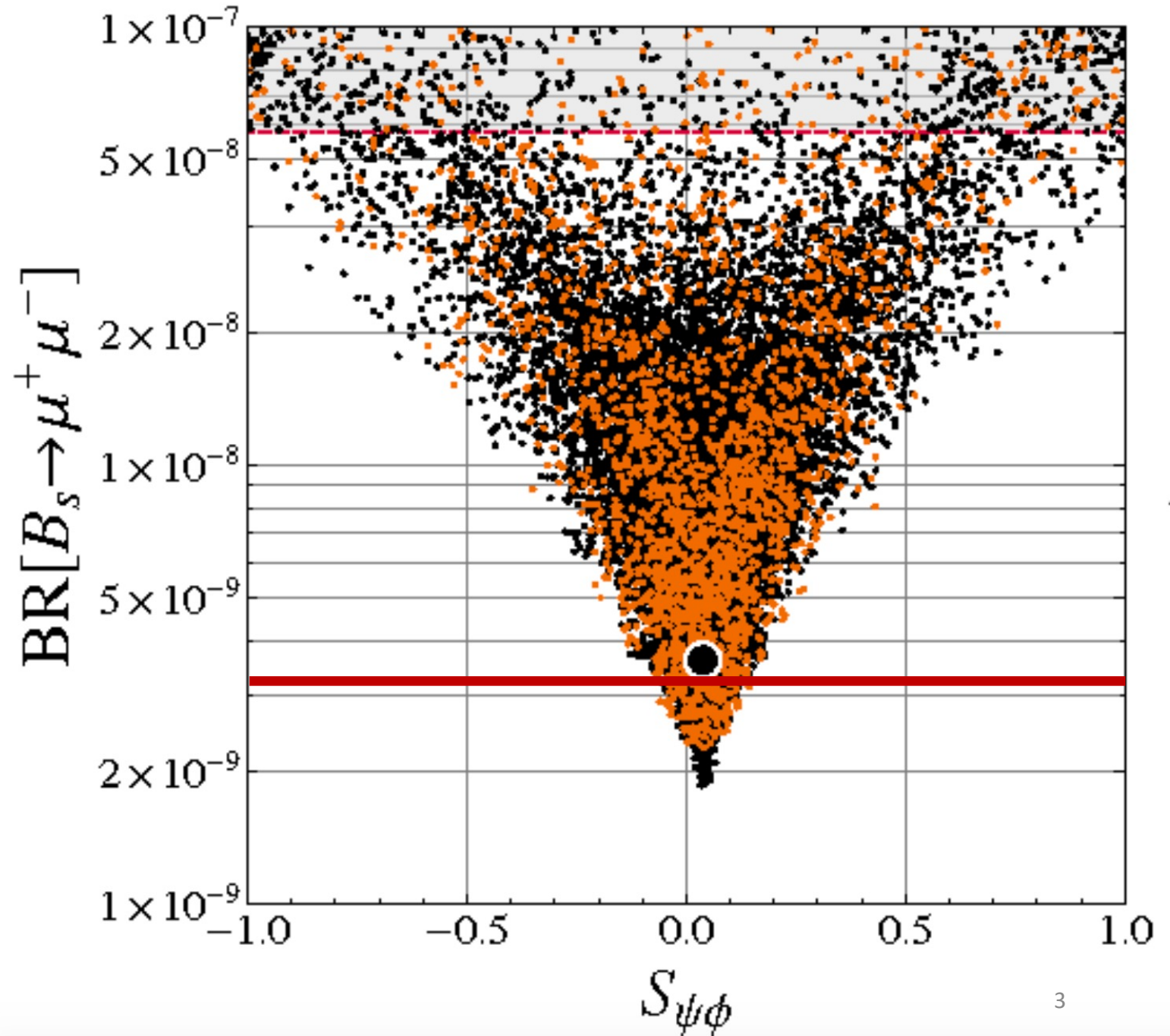
HF white paper discussion 2021/07/21

Introduction

- CP violation arises through a single phase in the CKM quark mixing matrix.
- In neutral B meson decays to a final state the interference between the amplitude for the direct decay and the amplitude for decay after oscillation, leads to a time-dependent CP-violating asymmetry between the decay time distributions of B and anti-B mesons.
- $\Delta\Gamma_S \equiv \Gamma_L - \Gamma_H, \phi_S = -2 \arg(-V_{ts} V_{tb}^* / V_{cs} V_{cb}^*)$
- SM: small CPV phase ϕ_S
- Contributions from physics beyond the SM could lead to much larger values of ϕ_S .

NP prediction

- AC model (0910.1032)
- Red line: measurement
- Large black dot: SM
- Small dots: NP model predictions
- Deviation ~ 0.1



Analysis strategy for real analysis

$$B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi \phi \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- K^+ K^- \quad (e^+ e^- K^+ K^-)$$

Disentangle the CP -even and CP -odd components.

$$\frac{d^4\Gamma(B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi \phi)}{dt d\Omega} \propto \sum_{k=1}^{10} h_k(t) f_k(\Omega).$$

$$h_k(t) = N_k e^{-\Gamma_s t} \left[c_k \cos(\Delta m_s t) + d_k \sin(\Delta m_s t) + a_k \cosh\left(\frac{1}{2} \Delta \Gamma_s t\right) + b_k \sinh\left(\frac{1}{2} \Delta \Gamma_s t\right) \right].$$

- Distinguish B, anti-B: Flavour tagging (tagging power)
- Time resolution

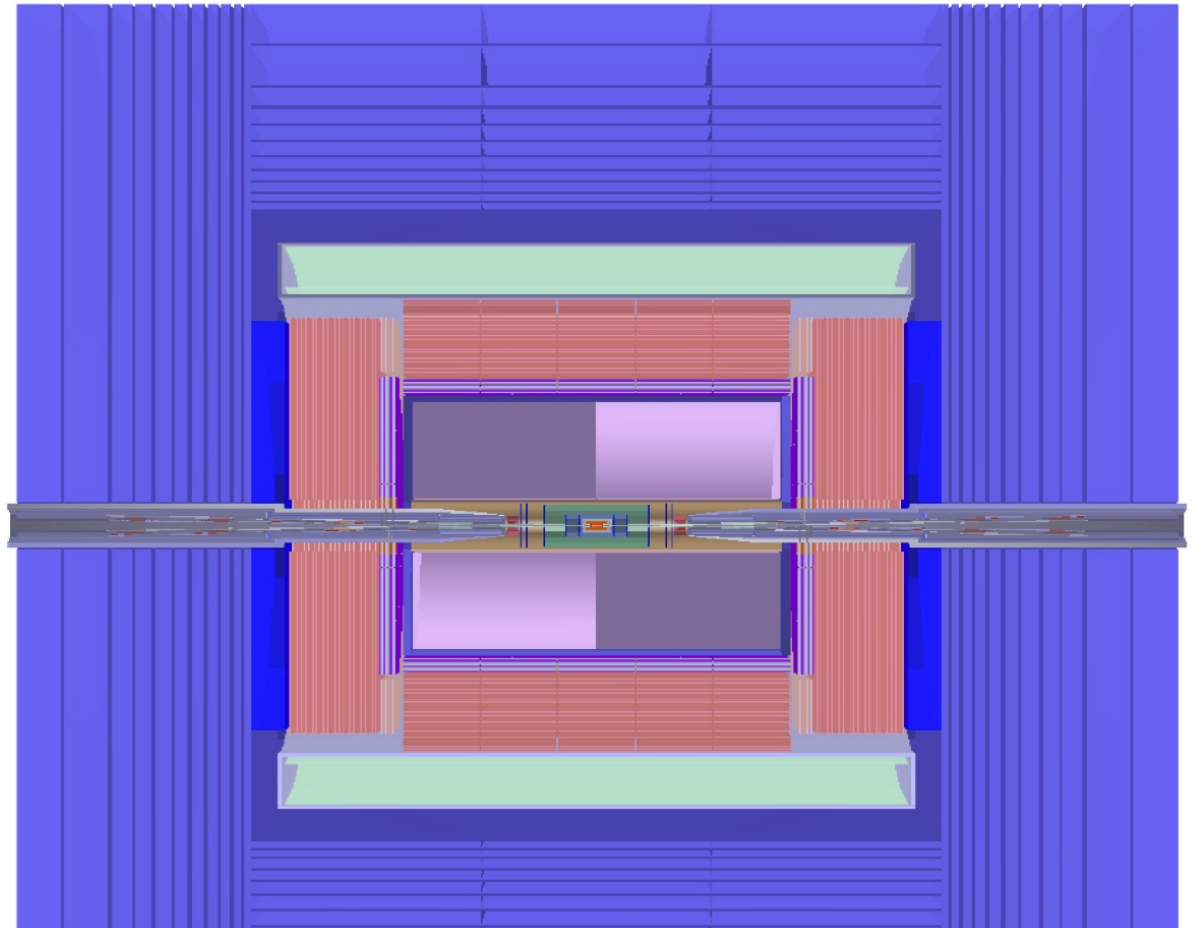
CEPC benchmark detector

CEPC:

circular electron-positron collider

Higgs factory/Z factory

- Excellent vertex reconstruction.
- Good PID!
- Clean environment.
- Huge B production in Z pole run



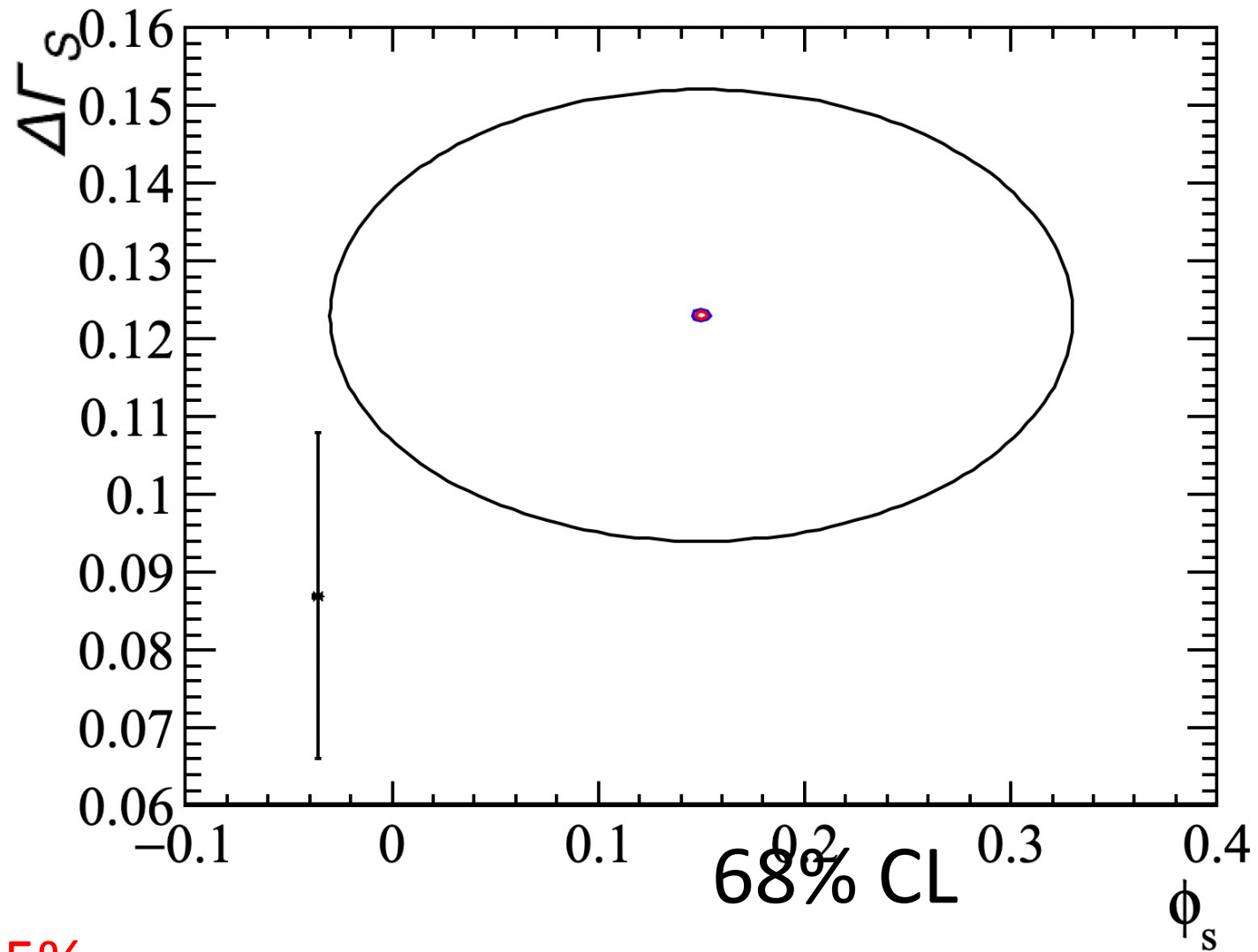
Estimation of $\sigma(\phi_s)$ at CEPC

- $\sigma(\phi_s) \propto 1/\sqrt{N_{\text{Eff}}}$
- $N_{\text{Eff}} \propto N_{b\bar{b}}$
- $N_{\text{Eff}} \propto \text{Efficiency}$
- $N_{\text{Eff}} \propto \text{Tagging power}$
- $\sigma(\phi_s) \propto 1/e^{-\frac{1}{2}\Delta m_s^2 \sigma_t^2}$

Scaling from LHCb
measurement

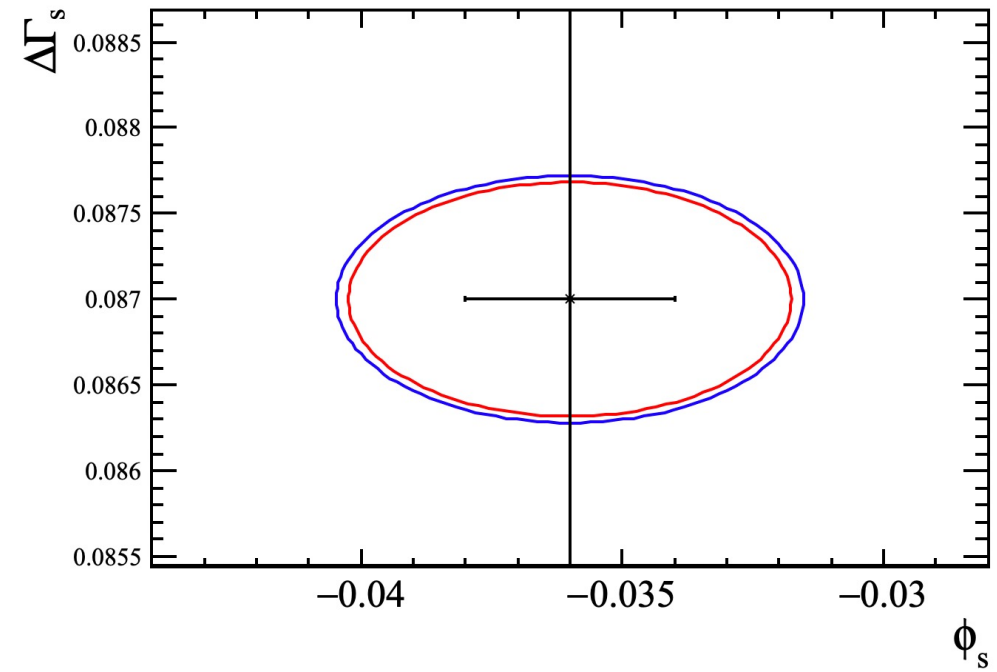
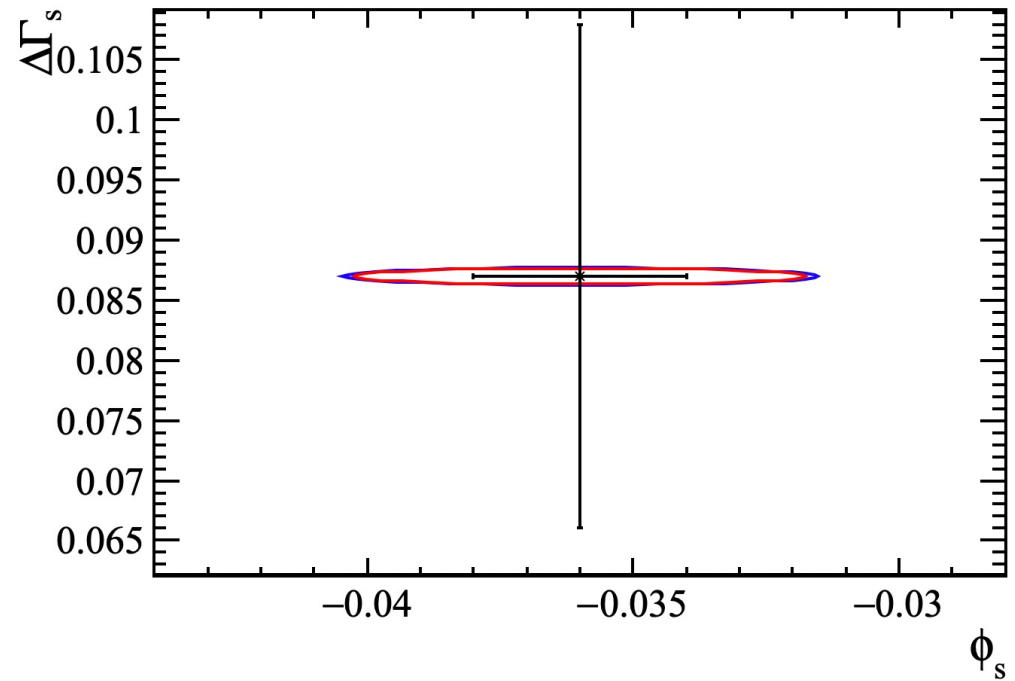
$$\phi_s \sim \Delta\Gamma_s$$

- Dot: SM prediction
 - Black: LHCb(Run 1)
 - Blue: LHCb(HL-LHC)
 - Red: CEPC
- $N_{\text{Eff}} \propto N_{b\bar{b}} \sim \text{Tera-Z}$
 - $N_{\text{Eff}} \propto \text{Efficiency} \sim 100\%$
 - $N_{\text{Eff}} \propto \text{Tagging power} \sim 15\%$
 - $\sigma(\phi_s) \propto 1/e^{-\frac{1}{2}\Delta m_s^2 \sigma_t^2} \quad \sigma_t^2 \sim 10 \text{ fs}$



$$\phi_s \sim \Delta\Gamma_s$$

- Dot: SM prediction
 - Black: LHCb(Run 1)
 - Blue: LHCb(HL-LHC)
 - Red: CEPC
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- Zoomed and move the central value to SM prediction

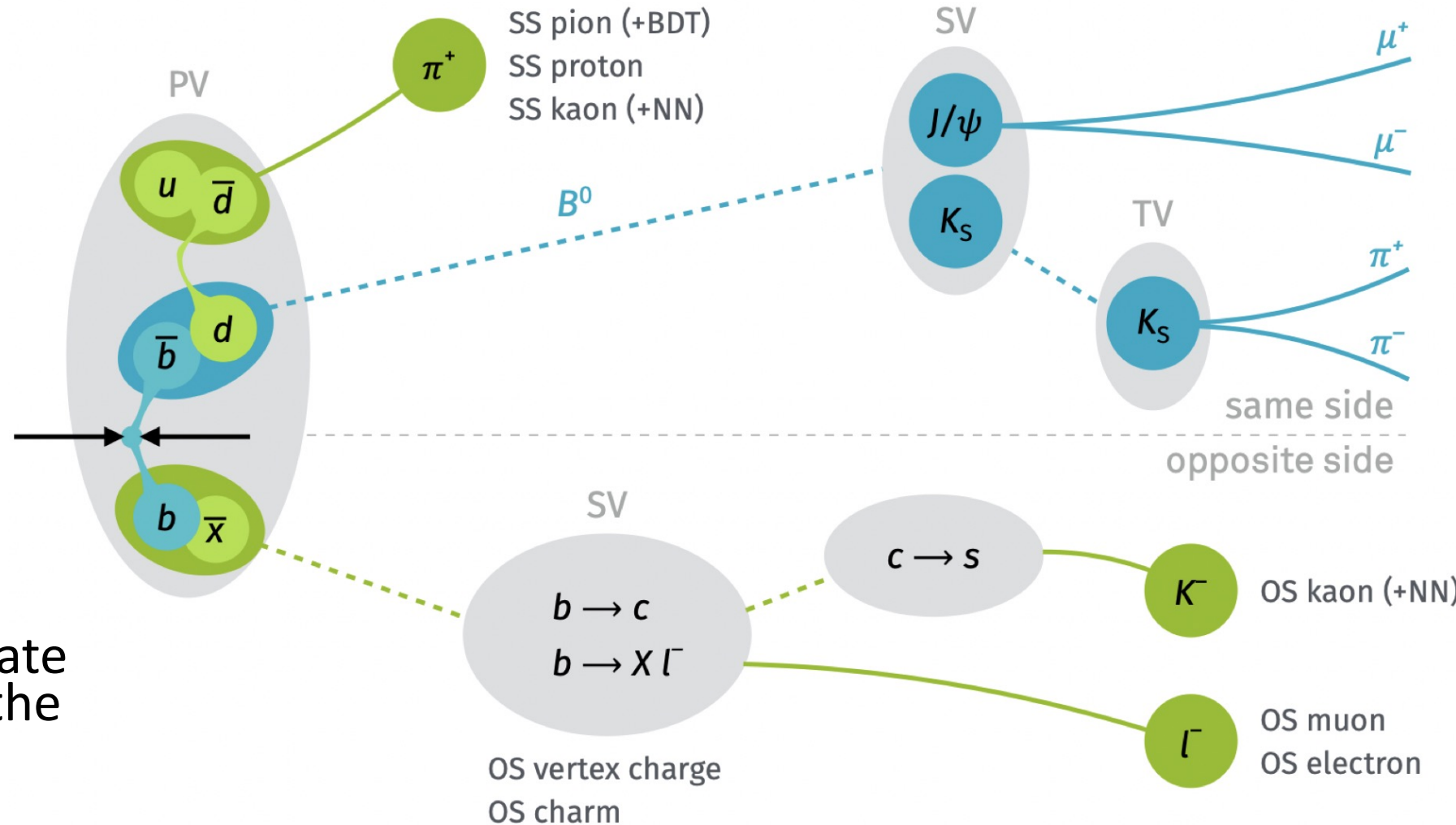


Flavour tagging power

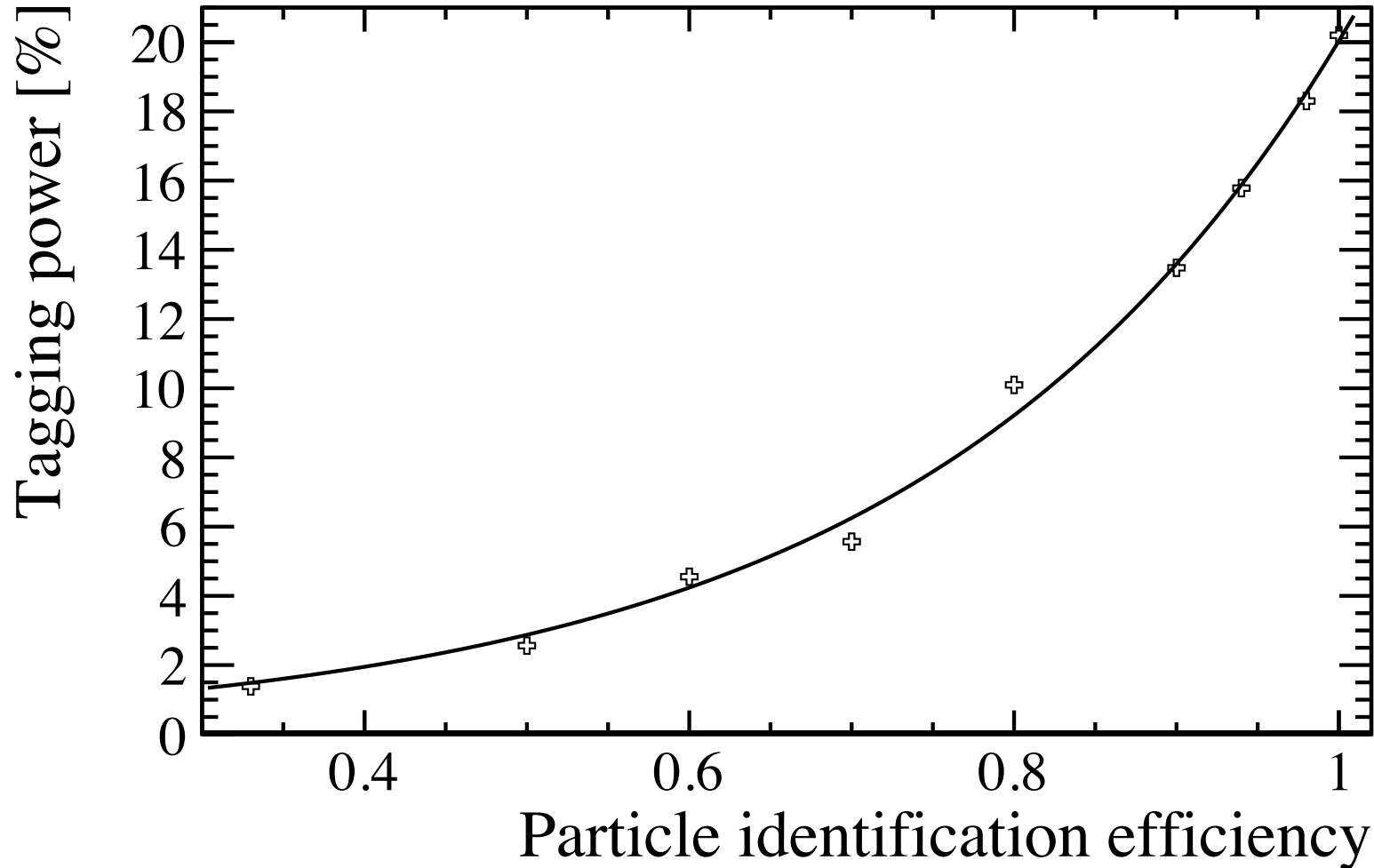
- LHCb: 3~4%
- CEPC: 15%
- B factory: ~30%

- For Bs:
 - OS lepton
 - OS kaon
 - SS kaon

- A naïve algorithm developed to validate the robustness of the estimation



Flavour tagging power

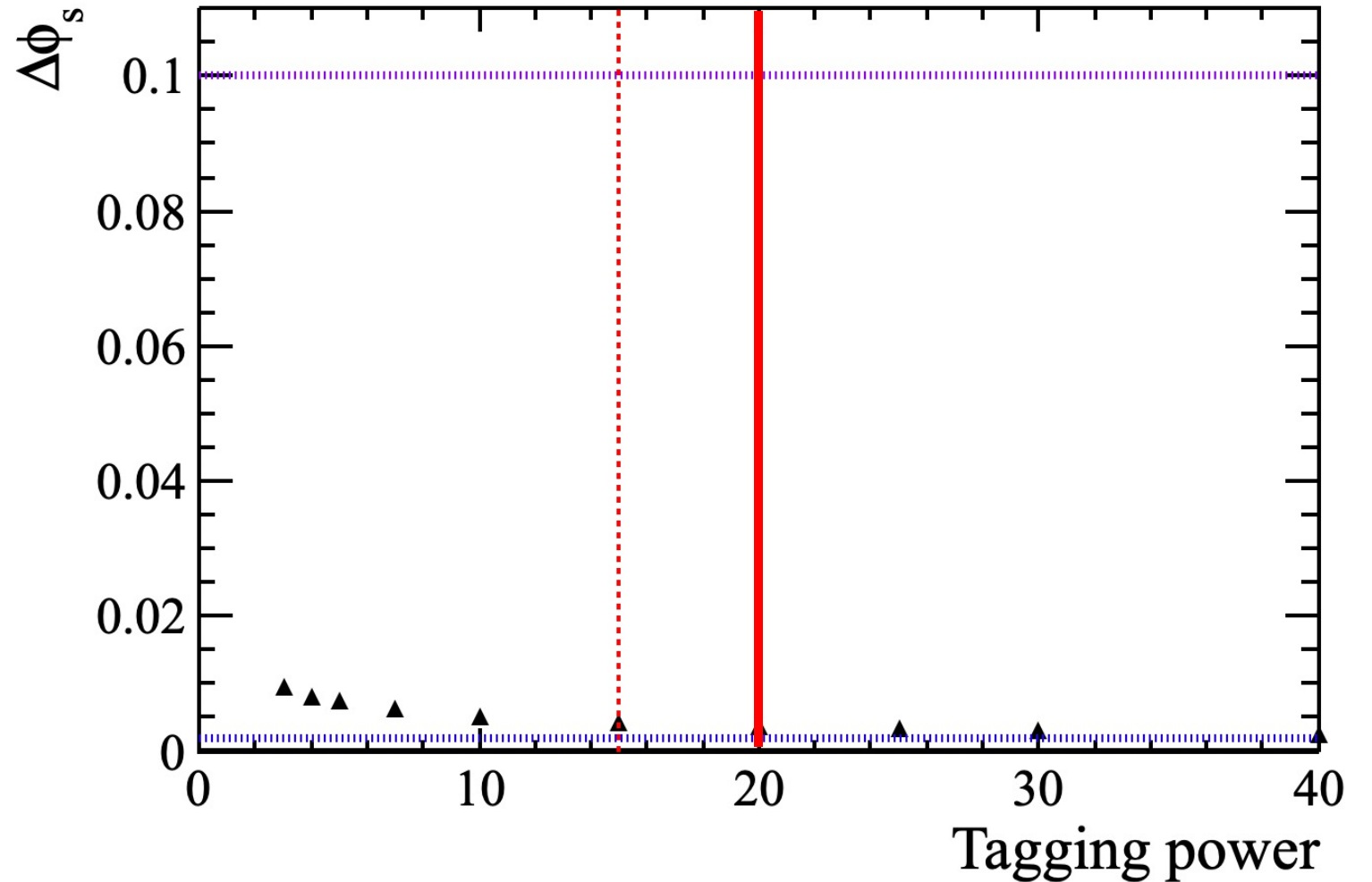


The PID effect to Tagging power:

- The misidentification of p/K/pi is considered.
- PID efficiency = a :
 - The probability of p/K/pi identified correctly = a
 - The probability of p/K/pi identified incorrectly as other particle = $(1-a)/2$.

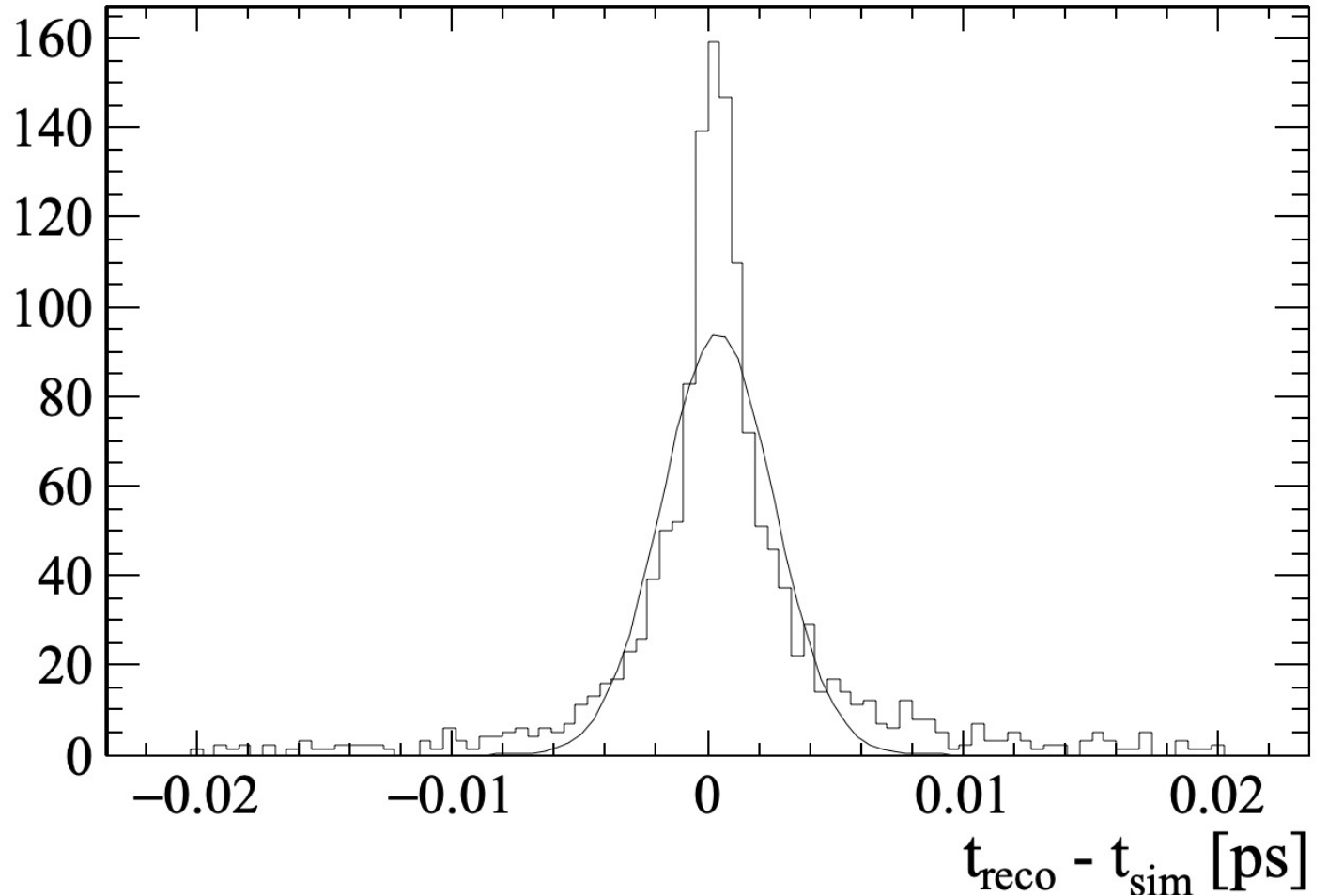
Flavour tagging effect

- Red: 15/20%(CEPC)
- Blue: SM resolution
- Purple: NP deviation



Time resolution

- Vertex reconstruction:
 - find the MC vertex
 - Find the nearest points of the MC vertex on the four track
 - Take the averaged position of the four points
 - To be replaced by a chi2 vertex fit
- Time resolution \sim a few fs

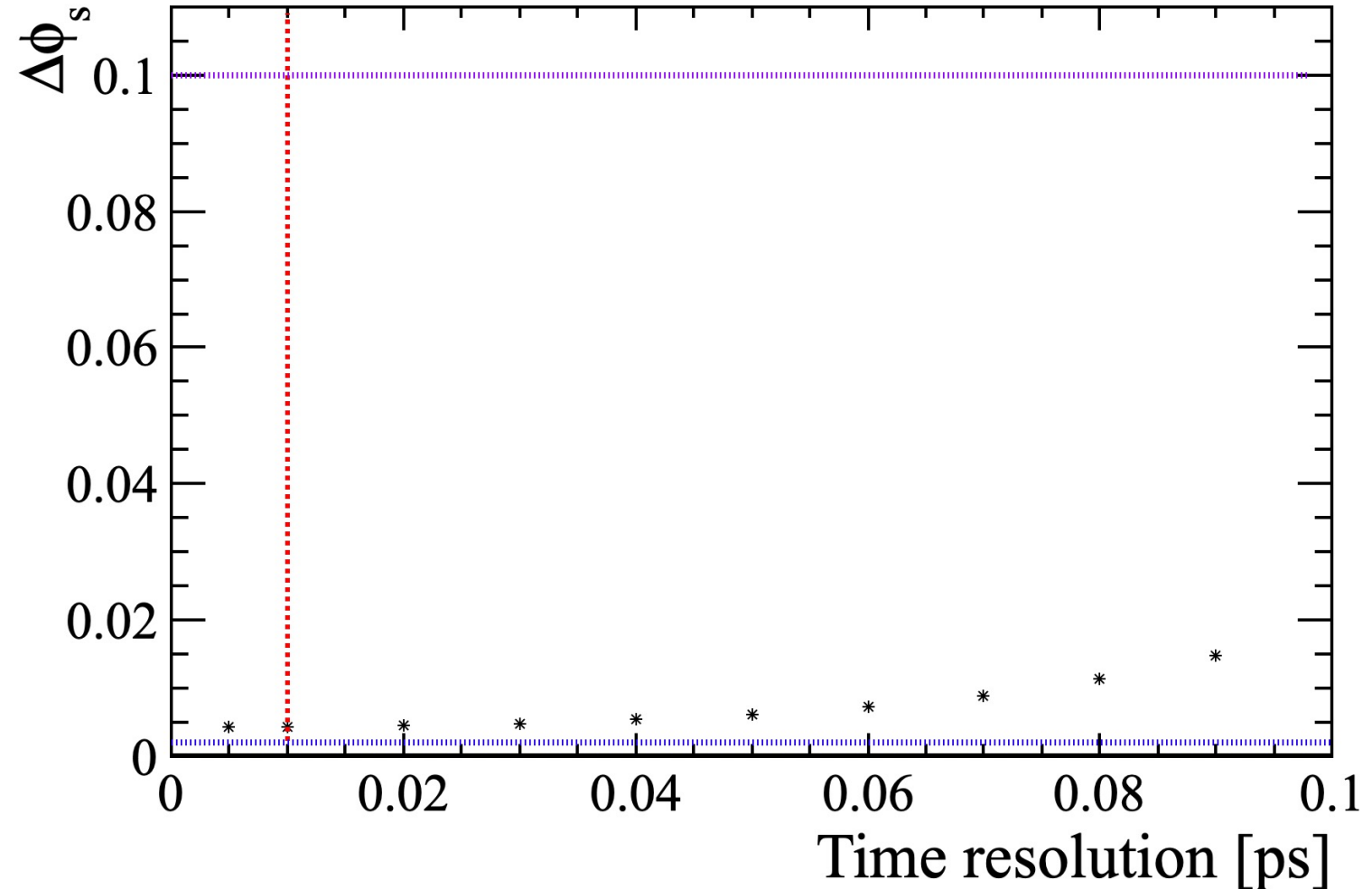


Time resolution effect

- Red: 10fs(CEPC)
- Blue: SM resolution
- Purple: NP deviation

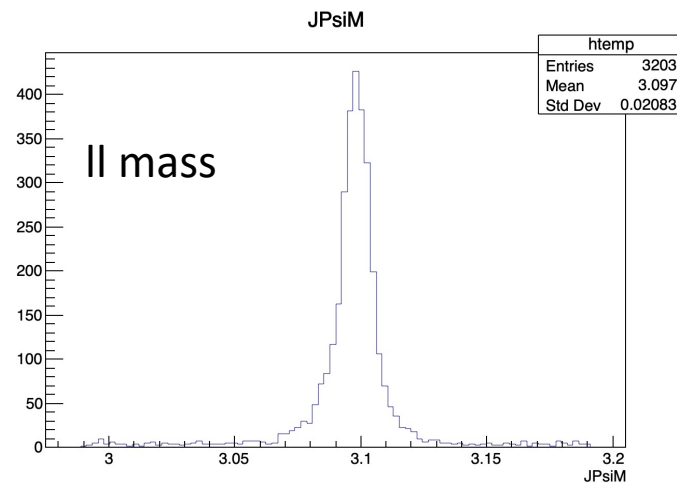
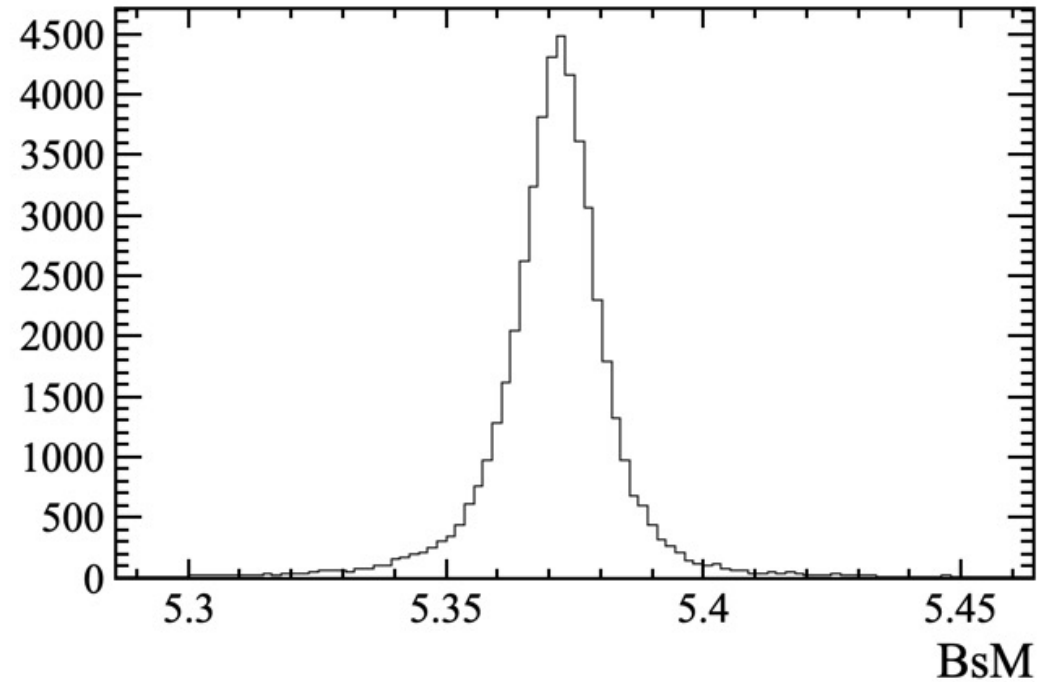
$$\sigma(\phi_s) \propto 1/e^{-\frac{1}{2}\Delta m_s^2 \sigma_t^2}$$

- $\Delta m_s = 17.8 \times 10^{12} \text{ } \hbar s^{-1}$
- LHCb: $\sigma_t = 50 \text{ fs} \rightarrow 0.67$
- CEPC: $\sigma_t = 10 \text{ fs} \rightarrow 1$

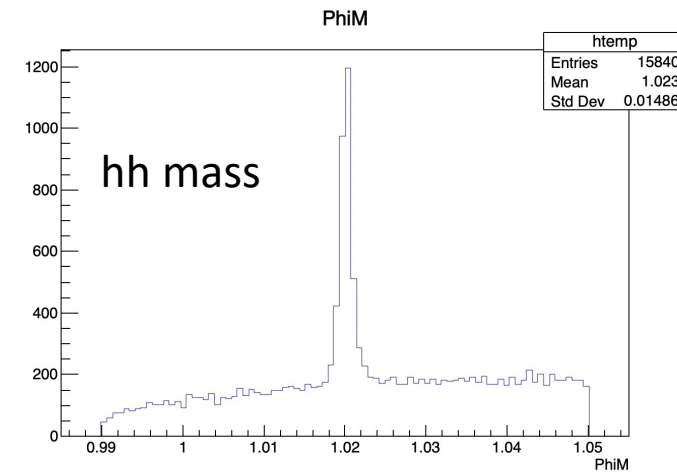


Efficiency:

- Signal Bs reconstruction:
- Four tracks with correct final state PID
- JPsi mass: 3.09 ± 0.1 GeV
- Phi mass: 1.02 ± 0.03 GeV
- Bs mass: 5.3-5.45 GeV
- Acceptance * Reconstruction = 84%



PID not required



PID not required

Background level

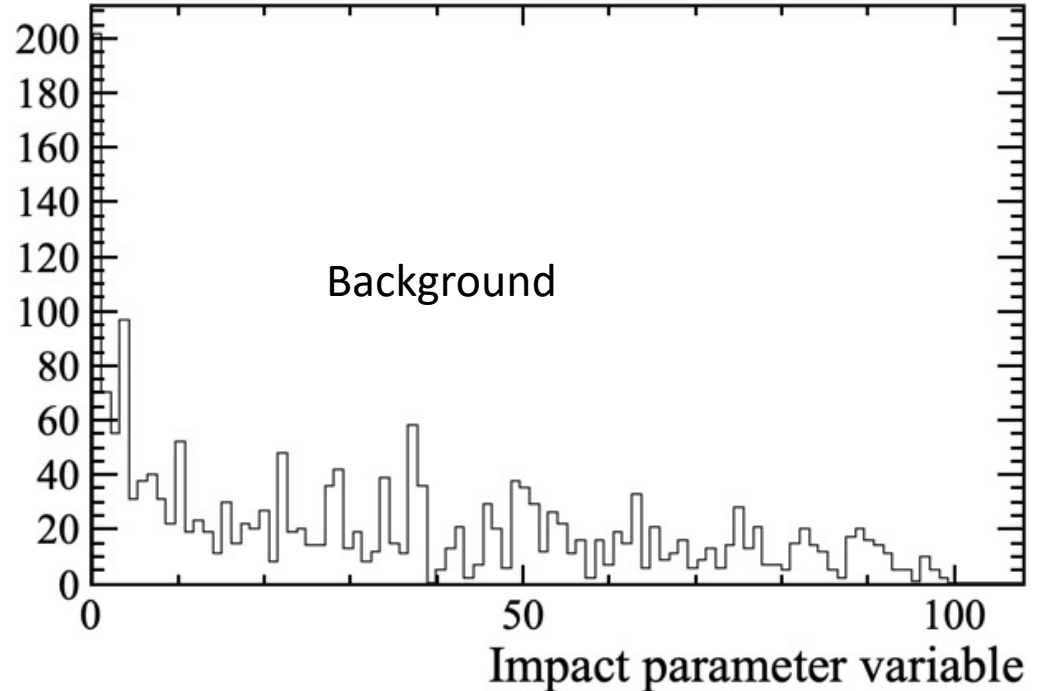
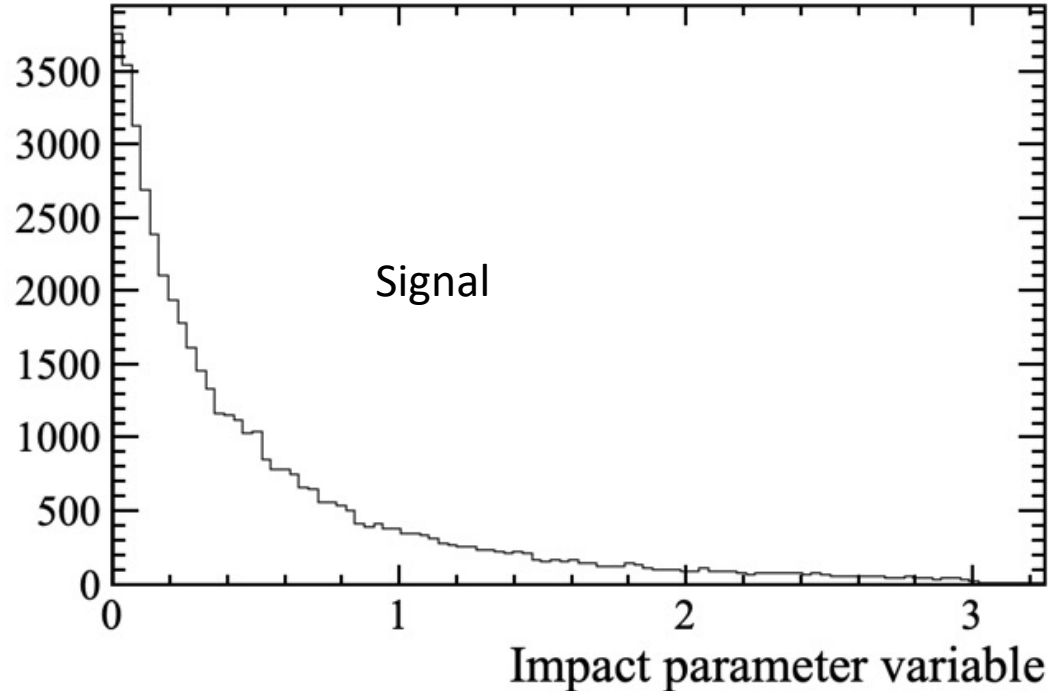
- Backgrounds in $Z \rightarrow b\bar{b}$: 1.7×10^5 times higher than the B_s signal
- How many events will be incorrectly reconstructed?
 - J/ψ invariant mass in $[3.07, 3.14]$ GeV (J/ψ window) : 1.3%
 - h_h invariant mass in $[1.017, 1.023]$ GeV (ϕ window) : 67%
 - Reconstructed B_s in $[5.3-5.45]$ GeV (B_s window) : 4.5%
- Background: $1.7 \times 10^5 \times 1.3\% \times 67\% \times 4.5\% \sim 70$
- The reconstructed background is 70 times higher than the signal.

Background

- With perfect PID:
 - ll invariant mass in [3.07,3.14]GeV (Jpsi window) : 0.4%
 - hh invariant mass in [1.017,1.023]GeV (phi window) : 3.6%
 - Reconstructed Bs in [5.3-5.45]GeV (Bs window) : 4.5%
 - Background: $1.7 \times 10^5 \times 0.4\% \times 3.6\% \times 4.5\% \sim 1.1$
- The background level is suppressed significantly with PID.

Impact parameter information

- Variable:
 - $\text{Max}(\text{Four track impact parameter}) - \text{Min}(\text{Four track impact parameter})$
 - If the four tracks are not from the same vertex, this variable should be large.
 - Could suppress the background. This vertex cut could be replaced by vertex χ^2 .



Conclusion

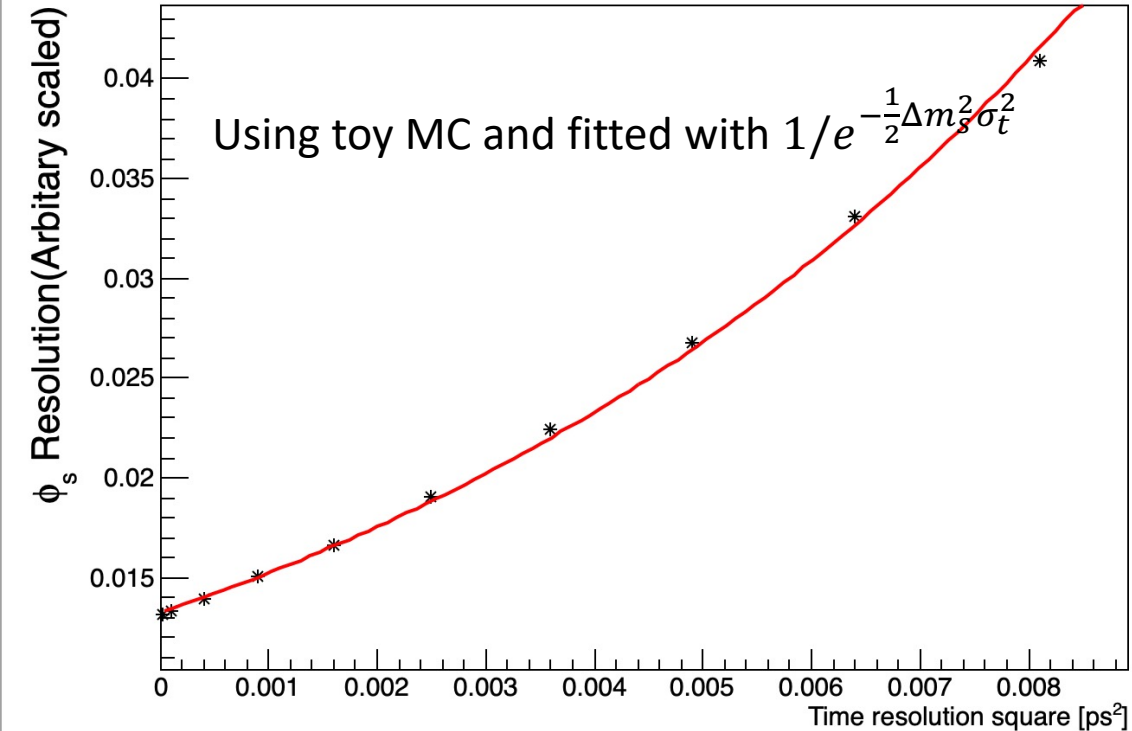
- Study of CPV-phase is promising at CEPC.
 - Competitive with LHCb(HL-LHC).
 - Powerful to test new physics model.
 - Promising to reach SM accuracy.
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- The PID dependent of tagging power is studied.
 - Time resolution is studied with full simulation, a vertex reconstruction algorithm is needed (Will have it soon).
 - Acceptance * efficiency $\sim 84\%$ is studied with full simulation. The background level could be suppressed significantly with PID and vertex cut. The dependence will be studied.

References

- [1] https://cds.cern.ch/record/2630496/files/Parkes_ICHEP_U2_070718_vFinal.pdf
- [2] <https://arxiv.org/pdf/1612.05140.pdf>
- [3] CEPC CDR
<https://arxiv.org/abs/1811.10545>
<https://arxiv.org/abs/1809.00285>
- [4] PDG

Backups

- Validation of $\sigma(\phi_s) \propto 1/e^{-\frac{1}{2}\Delta m_s^2 \sigma_t^2}$



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$b\bar{b}$ statistics at LHCb and CEPC

- **LHCb**

- Luminosity at HL-LHC: 300 fb^{-1} [1]
- $b\bar{b}$ cross-section at LHCb at 13 TeV: $144 \mu\text{b}$ [2]
- Total statics: 43.2×10^{12}

- **CEPC**

- Z production at Z pole: 10^{12} Z [3]
- $b\bar{b}$ branching fraction: 15.2% [4]
- Total statics: 0.152×10^{12}

$b\bar{b}$ statistics at LHCb(run 1) for cross check

- **LHCb**

- Luminosity at LHC: 0.37 fb^{-1}
- $b\bar{b}$ cross-section at LHCb at 7 TeV: $72 \mu\text{b}$
- Total statics: 26.64×10^9

- **CEPC**

- Z production at Z pole: $10^{12} \text{ Z}^{[3]}$
- $b\bar{b}$ branching fraction: $15.2\%^{[4]}$
- Total statics: 0.152×10^{12}

Reconstruction efficiency

- Acceptance * Reconstruction * Trigger
- LHCb: 20%
- CEPC: 100%
- Full-simulation is needed for more detailed study. (on going)

Reconstruction for efficiency and tagging study

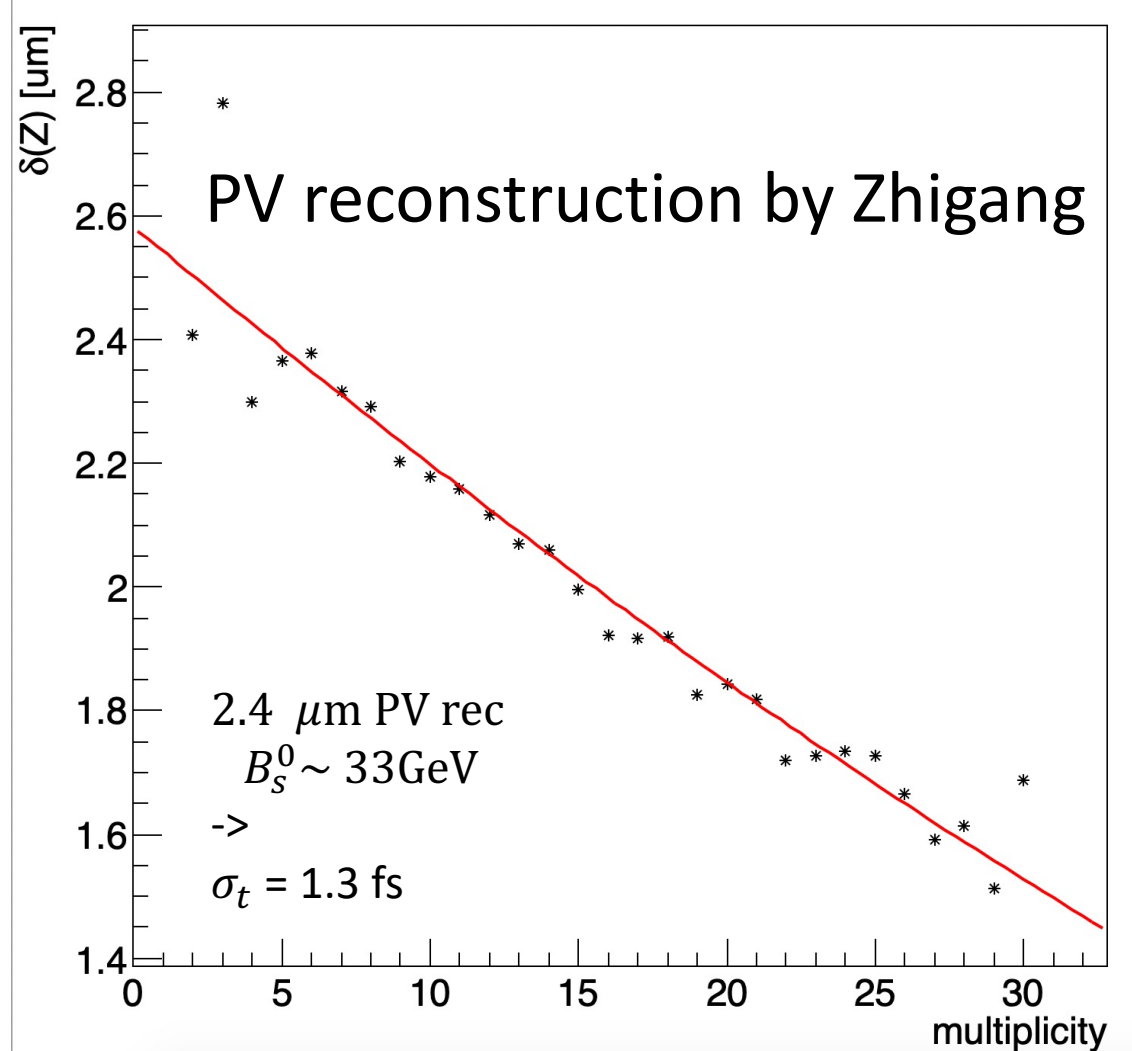
- A fast reconstruction processor is developed
 - Choose a B_s^0 in the event and force it to decay as: $B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi(\rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) \phi(\rightarrow K^+ K^-)$ using Pythia.
 - Read all the long-lived charge particle p, K, pi, mu, e in the MCParticles.
 - Smear the momentum of the MCParticles, randomly let the particles to get wrong pid, and create reconstructed particle.

Time resolution effect

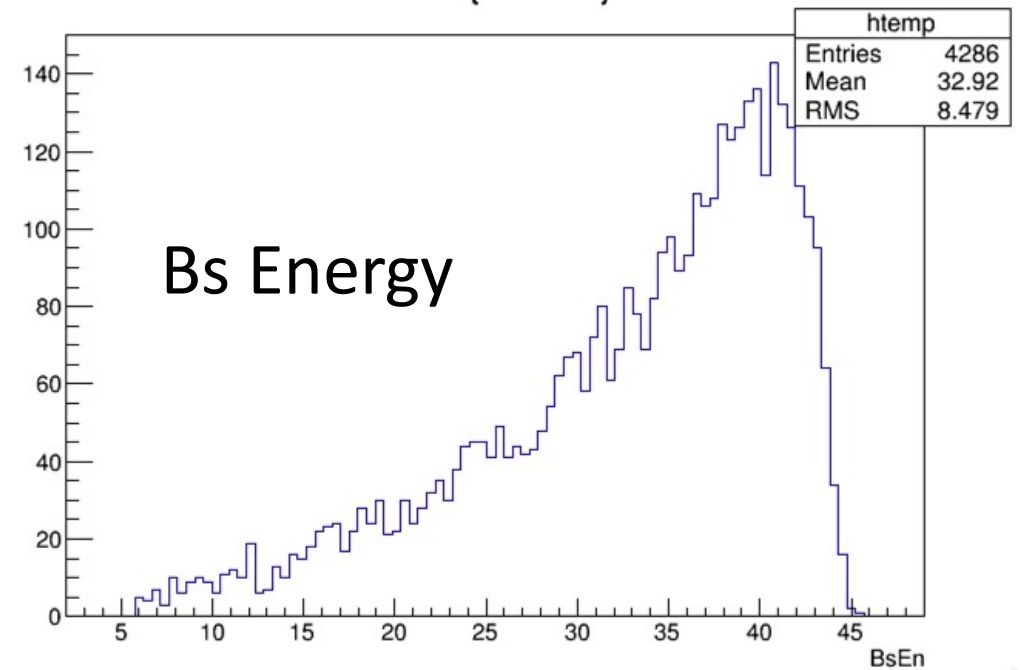
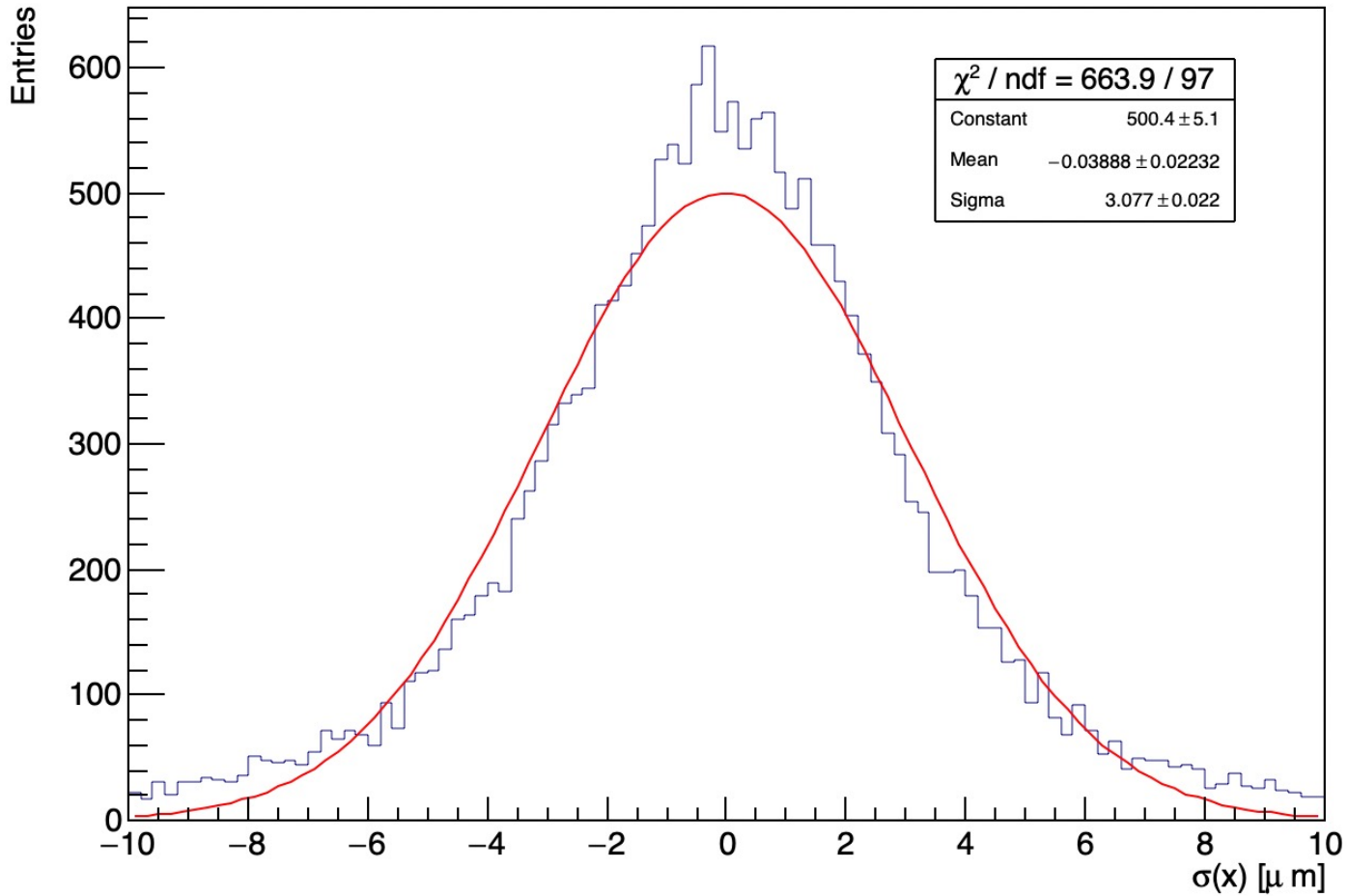
$$\sigma(\phi_s) \propto 1/e^{-\frac{1}{2}\Delta m_s^2 \sigma_t^2} \quad (\text{see backup})$$

- $\Delta m_s = 17.8 \times 10^{12} \hbar s^{-1}$
- LHCb: $\sigma_t = 50 \text{ fs} \rightarrow 0.67$
- CEPC: $\sigma_t = 10 \text{ fs} \rightarrow 1$

- Conservative assumption that the SV reconstruction is 10 times worth than PV reconstruction.



SV reconstruction by Yongfeng



Summary on effective stat

	LHCb	CEPC	LHCb(Run 1)
$b\bar{b}$ statics	$43.2 * 10^{12}$	$0.152 * 10^{12}$	$26.64 * 10^9$
Acceptance * trigger * Reconstruction	5%	100%	5%
$Br(b\bar{b} \rightarrow Bs)$	10% * 2(b and anti-b)	10% * 2	10% * 2
$Br(Bs \rightarrow J\psi \Phi)$ * $Br(J\psi \rightarrow ll)$ * $Br(\Phi \rightarrow KK)$	0.001 * 0.06 * 0.5	0.001 * 0.12 (ee channel) * 0.5	0.001 * 0.06 * 0.5
$Bs \rightarrow J\psi(-\rightarrow ll)\Phi(-\rightarrow KK)$ stat			8000 consist with paper
Flavour tagging	4%	15%	4%
Time resolution	0.67	1	0.67
Total effective statics	$0.23 * 10^6$	$0.27 * 10^6$	144