



UL &
nanoAODs

F. Iemmi

Introduction

Electrons

Muon

Taus

Jets

DeepTau SFs

On the switch to UL campaign and nanoAOD data tier

Huiling Hua¹ **Fabio Iemmi**¹ Duncan Leggat²
Hongbo Liao¹ Hideki Okawa² Yu Zhang²

¹Institute of High Energy Physics (IHEP), Beijing

²Fudan University, Shanghai

December 1, 2021



Introduction

UL &
nanoAODs

F. Iemmi

Introduction

Electrons

Muon

Taus

Jets

DeepTau SFs

- It is now **time to switch to UL** campaign (**mandatory** after Moriond 2021)
- To save disk space, we are **considering** switching to **nanoAOD** data tier **too**
 - When using nanoAOD, we could benefit from Duncan's **tWIHEPFramework**
- Huiling, Duncan and me had a group chat to discuss technical details
 - Only major bottleneck seems to be how to integrate CMSSW-based code into tWIHEPFramework (e.g., resolved HOT)
 - But...
- **Question:** first of all, do we have all the information we need in nanoAOD data tier?
- I've been **investigating this**



Information in nanoAOD data tier

UL &
nanoAODs

F. Iemmi

Introduction

Electrons

Muon

Taus

Jets

DeepTau SFs

- At [this link](#) (thanks Duncan!), we can see all the branches saved in nanoAOD for 2016, together with a brief description
- Went through our object definitions to see if that's enough to implement them



Electron ID

Cuts/Equations for MVA (2016 - MVANoIso94XV2)

1

Different from
2017/2018

Tight

Region	MVA value, $10 < e\text{Pt} < 40$	MVA value $e\text{Pt} \geq 40$
$ \eta < 0.8$	$> 3.447 + 0.063(\text{pt} - 25)$	> 4.392
$0.8 \leq \eta < 1.479$	$> 2.522 + 0.058(\text{pt} - 25)$	> 3.392
$1.479 \leq \eta < 2.5$	$> 1.555 + 0.075(\text{pt} - 25)$	> 2.680

VLoose

Region	$e\text{Pt}: 5-10$	$10 < e\text{Pt} < 25$	$e\text{Pt} \geq 25$
$ \eta < 0.8$	> 1.309	$> 0.887 + 0.088(\text{pt} - 25)$	> 0.887
$0.8 \leq \eta < 1.479$	> 0.373	$> 0.112 + 0.099(\text{pt} - 25)$	> 0.112
$1.479 \leq \eta < 2.5$	> 0.071	$> -0.017 + 0.137(\text{pt} - 25)$	> -0.017

VLooseFO

Region	$e\text{Pt}: 5-10$	$10 < e\text{Pt} < 25$	$e\text{Pt} \geq 25$
$ \eta < 0.8$	> -0.259	$> -0.388 + 0.109(\text{pt} - 25)$	> -0.388
$0.8 \leq \eta < 1.479$	> -0.256	$> -0.696 + 0.106(\text{pt} - 25)$	> -0.696
$1.479 \leq \eta < 2.5$	> -1.630	$> -1.219 + 0.148(\text{pt} - 25)$	> -1.219

```
cms.InputTag("electronMVAValueMapProducer:ElectronMVAEstimatorRun2Fall17NoIsoV2RawValues")
```

- nanoAOD provides the “Electron_mvaFall17V2noIso” branch; should be OK



Electron ISO

UL &
nanoAODs

F. Iemmi

Introduction

Electrons

Muon

Taus

Jets

DeepTau SFs

- Relative minisolation is OK

$$\text{ISO}_{\text{mini}}^{\text{rel}} = \frac{\text{ISO}_{\text{mini}}^{\text{rel}}}{p_T^e}$$

- jet p_T ratio **?!**

$$p_T^{\text{ratio}} = \frac{p_T^e}{p_T^{\text{ejet}}}$$

where ejet is the jet containing the electron (or the closest to the electron)

- p_T^{rel} **?!**

$$p_T^{\text{rel}} = \frac{|(\vec{p_T}^{\text{ejet}} - \vec{p_T}^e) \times \vec{p_T}^e|}{|\vec{p_T}^{\text{ejet}} - \vec{p_T}^e|}$$



Electron ISO

```
for(const pat::Jet &j : *jets){  
    pat::Jet jet = j;  
    double dr = deltaR(ele->p4(),jet.p4()); // #include "DataFormats/Math/interface/deltaR.h"  
    for(unsigned int i1 = 0 ; i1 < ele->numberOfSourceCandidatePtrs();i1++){  
        const reco::CandidatePtr &c1s=ele->sourceCandidatePtr(i1);  
        for(unsigned int i2 = 0 ; i2 < jet.numberOfSourceCandidatePtrs();i2++) {  
            const reco::CandidatePtr &c2s=jet.sourceCandidatePtr(i2);  
            if(c2s== c1s){  
                elejet = jet;  
                elejet_mindr = dr;  
                lepjetidx = currjetpos;  
                break; // take leading jet with shared source candidates  
            }  
        }  
        if(lepjetidx >=0)break;// take leading jet with shared source candidates  
    }  
    currjetpos++;  
    if(lepjetidx >=0)break;// take leading jet with shared source candidates  
}
```

- Don't think we can repeat the exercise with nanoAOD (or do we?)

UL &
nanoAODs

F. Iemmi

Introduction

Electrons

Muon

Taus

Jets

DeepTau SFs



Electron IP

UL &
nanoAODs

F. Iemmi

Introduction

Electrons

Muon

Taus

Jets

DeepTau SFs

- **dXY**: we have it

- **dZ**: in BSM we store

```
patElectron_gsfTrack_dz_pv.push_back(el->gsfTrack()->dz(firstGoodVertex.position()));
```

while in nanoAOD we have “dz (with sign) wrt first PV, in cm”. They could be the same thing

- **3D IP significance**: we have it

- **Missing inner hits**: in BSM we store

```
expectedMissingInnerHits.push_back(el->gsfTrack()->hitPattern().numberOfLostHits(reco::HitPattern::MISSING_INNER_HITS));
```

while in nanoAOD we have “number of missing inner hits”, maybe it’s the same?

- **Conversion veto**: we have it in nanoAOD



Muons

UL &
nanoAODs

F. Iemmi

Introduction

Electrons

Muon

Taus

Jets

DeepTau SFs

- **ID:** we have mediumID flag in nanoAOD

- **ISO:** same problems of electrons

- **dZ:** in BSM we store

```
Muon_dz_bt.push_back(mu->muonBestTrack()->dz(firstGoodVertex.position()));  
while in nanoAOD we have "dz (with sign) wrt first PV, in cm"
```

- **dXY:** same thing

- **3D IP significance:** we have it



Hadronic taus

UL &
nanoAODs

F. Iemmi

Introduction

Electrons

Muon

Taus

Jets

DeepTau SFs

- **dZ**: we have it in nanoAOD
- **decayModeFindingNewDMs**: we have it in nanoAOD
- **decayMode**: we have it in nanoAOD
- **vsEle, vsMu & vsJet** discriminators: we have all WPs in nanoAOD



Jets

UL &
nanoAODs

F. Iemmi

Introduction

Electrons

Muon

Taus

Jets

DeepTau SFs

- **Neutral had & EM energy fractions:** we have them in nanoAOD
- **Charged had & EM energy fractions:** we have them in nanoAOD
- **Muon energy fraction:** we have it in nanoAOD
- **Number of constituents:** we have it in nanoAOD
- **Charged multiplicity $?!?$:** can't find it
- **DeepJet score:** we have it in nanoAOD
- **Remark:** in miniAOD, need to rerun on top to get DeepJet score. Do we need all these cuts when using nanoAOD?



DeepTau scale factors

- As an open item, we have the implementation of DeepTau SFs
- Needed ingredients** were to be added in BSM
- Do we have them **in nanoAOD?**

The SFs are meant for the following campaigns:

Year label	MC campaign	Data campaign
2016Legacy	RunIISummer16MiniAODv3	17Jul2018
2017ReReco	RunIIFall17MiniAODv2	31Mar2018
2018ReReco	RunIIAutumn18MiniAOD	17Sep2018 / 22Jan2019
UL2016_preVFP	RunIISummer20UL16*APV	UL2016_MiniAODv1
UL2016_postVFP	RunIISummer20UL16	(HIPM_)UL2016_MiniAODv1
UL2017	RunIISummer20UL17	UL2017_MiniAODv1
UL2018	RunIISummer20UL18	UL2018_MiniAODv1

- Documentation looks like only for miniAOD **!?**

UL &
nanoAODs

F. Iemmi

Introduction

Electrons

Muon

Taus

Jets

DeepTau SFs



Extras: multiISO with LepAware JEC

UL &
nanoAODs

F. Iemmi

Introduction

Electrons

Muon

Taus

Jets

DeepTau SFs

- As ZhangYu pointed out, we are not doing things correctly with lepton ISO inside BSM
- **Not applying JECs correctly** when computing variables used for ISO
- This has **to be fixed** whatever choice we made on data tier & framework!



Conclusions

UL &
nanoAODs

F. Iemmi

Introduction

Electrons

Muon

Taus

Jets

DeepTau SFs

- **Not all the ingredients** we need appear to be **ready** in nanoAOD
- We could lack info for electrons, muons, jets, DeepTau SFs, [...]
- How to deal with this?
 - **Is it really convenient** to switch to nanoAOD?
 - Will it require too much time?
 - Will we have all the ingredients we need?
- Also, let's **remember to fix details on lepton multISO** (I added this item to the Google Doc I recently created)