

Multilepton Searches for Heavy Neutrino at the Higgs Factory

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Outline

Remarks on seesaw

Heavy N opportunities @ ee

Same-Sign multiple leptons – a probe for Higgs mixing

Y.Gao, K.Wang,
2102.12826

Y.Gao, M.Jin, K.Wang.
1904.12325
A.Das, Y.Gao, T.Kamon
1704.00881

Seesaw and mixings

mixing

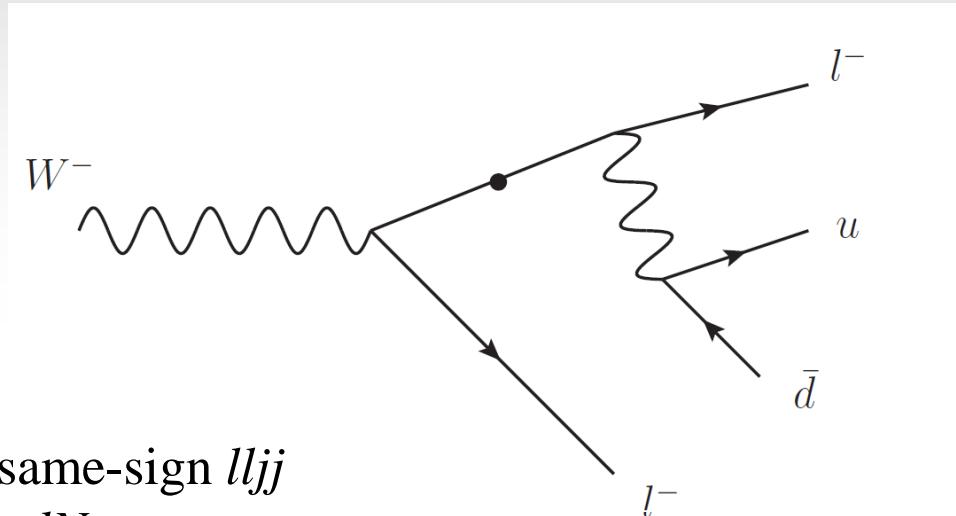
Type -I	$\mathcal{L}_N = -\overline{L} Y_\nu^D \tilde{H} N_R - \frac{1}{2} \overline{(N^c)}_L M_R N_R$	$\frac{y_D v_0}{\sqrt{2} M_R}$
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Type -II	$\Delta \mathcal{L}_{II}^m = -\overline{L^c} Y_\nu i\sigma_2 \Delta_L L$ $\Delta \mathcal{L}_{H\Delta_L} \ni \mu H^T i\sigma_2 \Delta_L^\dagger H$	
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Type -III	$\mathcal{L}_Y = -Y_\Sigma \overline{L} \Sigma_R^c i\sigma^2 H^*$ $\mathcal{L}_T = \frac{1}{2} \text{Tr} [\overline{\Sigma_L} i \not{D} \Sigma_L] - \left(\frac{M_\Sigma}{2} \overline{\Sigma_L^0} \Sigma_R^{0c} + M_\Sigma \overline{\Sigma_L^-} \Sigma_R^{+c} + \text{H.c.} \right)$	$\frac{Y_\Sigma v_0}{\sqrt{2} M_\Sigma}$
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+ hybrids, inverse seesaw, radiative, etc.

Spotting a Majorana heavy N



'smoking' gun same-sign $lljj$
from a $W^{(*)} \rightarrow lN$ system,

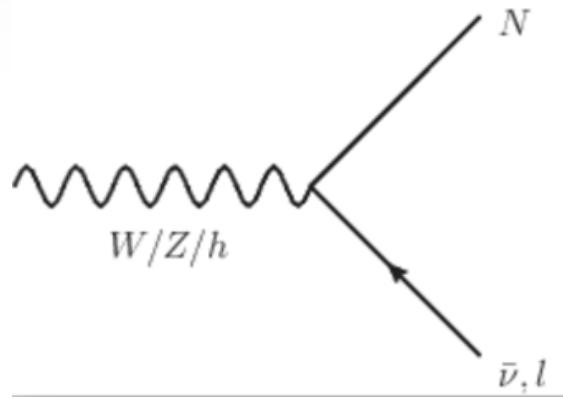
$$m_{ljj} \sim m_N$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_{\text{Int.}} = & - \frac{g}{\sqrt{2}} W_\mu^+ \sum_{\ell=e}^\tau \left(\sum_{m=1}^3 \overline{\nu_m} U_{\ell m}^* + \sum_{m'=1}^n \overline{N_{m'}^c} V_{\ell N_{m'}}^* \right) \gamma^\mu P_L \ell^- \\ & - \frac{g}{2 \cos \theta_W} Z_\mu \sum_{\ell=e}^\tau \left(\sum_{m=1}^3 \overline{\nu_m} U_{\ell m}^* + \sum_{m'=1}^n \overline{N_{m'}^c} V_{\ell N_{m'}}^* \right) \gamma^\mu P_L \nu_\ell \\ & - \frac{g}{2M_W} h \sum_{\ell=e}^\tau \sum_{m'=1}^n m_{N_{m'}} \overline{N_{m'}^c} V_{\ell N_{m'}}^* P_L \nu_\ell + \text{H.c.} \end{aligned}$$

Heavy neutrino production

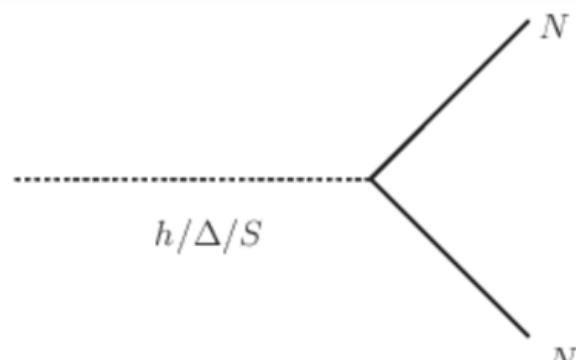
Single N production
via ν -N mixing.

effective couplings $\propto |V_{IN}|^2$



NN pair production
via N_R couplings

\propto scalar mixing $|\sin\alpha|^2$



$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{L} \supset & V(\Phi) + V(S) + \lambda |\Phi|^2 S^2 \\ & + y_N S \bar{N}_R^c N_R + y_D \bar{L} \Phi N_R + c.c.\end{aligned}$$

y_D is suppressed by active ν mass
 y_N is **not**.

Heavy N @ ee : W,Z,h rare decays (via V_{lN})

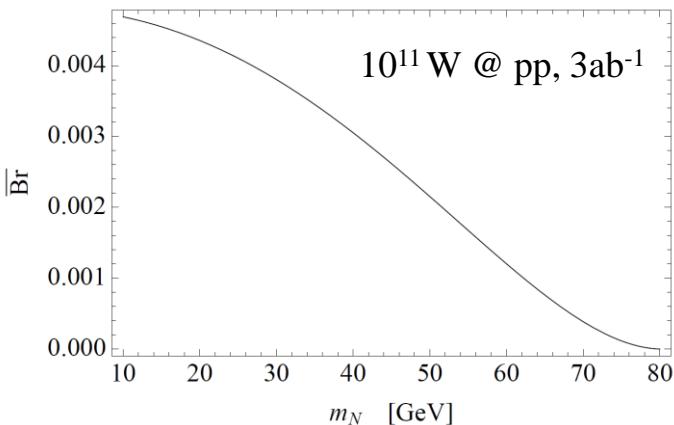
Z decay @ ee

Optimized at Z pole.
 $|V_{eN}|^2$ down to $\sim 10^{-8}$.

W decay @ pp (LNV)

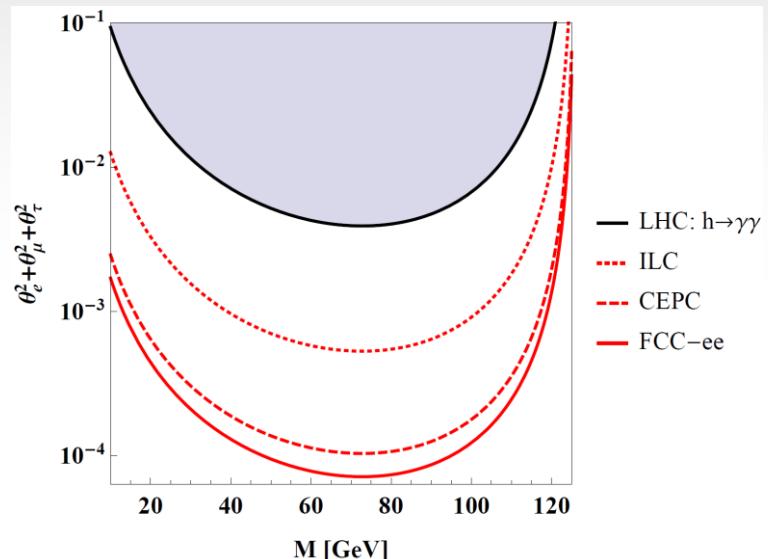
$$W^\pm \rightarrow e^\pm e^\pm \mu^\mp \nu$$

$$Br = \overline{Br} \times |U_{Ne}|^4 / (\sum_\ell |U_{N\ell}|^2)$$



C.O.Diba, C.S.Kim, 1509.05981

$h \rightarrow \nu N @ ee$
S.Antusch, O.Fischer, 1502.05915



@pp, top, VV bkgs are significant.
 $gg \rightarrow h \rightarrow \nu N$ search needs an **ISR kick**
A.Das, Y.Gao, T.Kamon, [1704.00881](#)

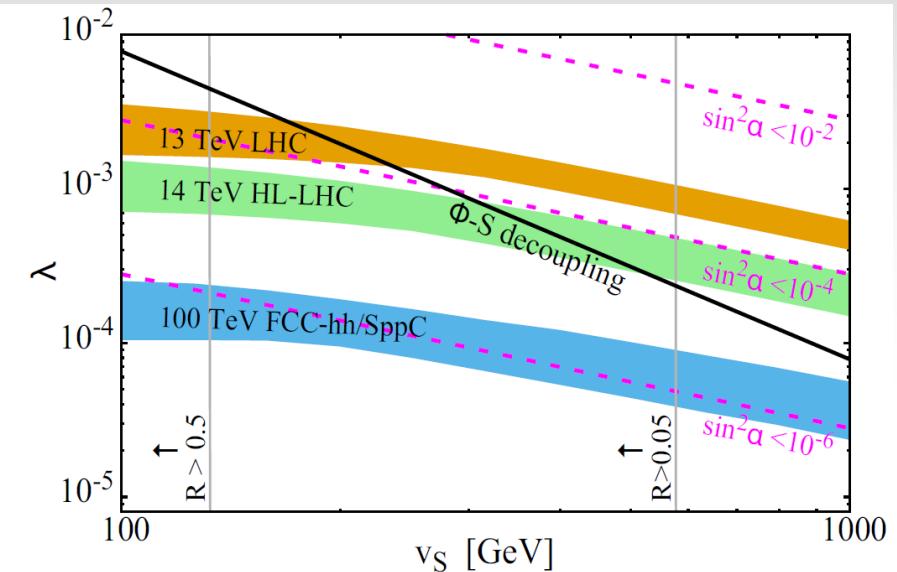
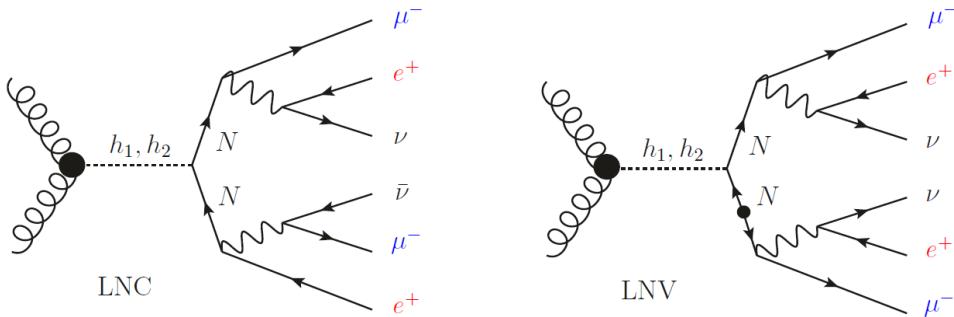
$h \rightarrow l l' + flavor violating decays @ ee$
see Q.Qin, Q.Li, C.-D.Lu, F-S.Yu, S.-H.Zhou,
[1711.07243](#)

Heavy N @ pp : Higgs mixing (with scalar)

- Assuming the Higgs is the only visible scalar.
- Can $h \rightarrow NN$ probe the h - s mixing to tiny levels? -- ‘small coupling’

$$\begin{aligned}\sin^2 \alpha &\ll 1, \\ \lambda \cdot \max(v_S^2, v_\Phi^2) &\ll \min(m_s^2, m_\phi^2).\end{aligned}$$

- Mostly decoupled Φ , S sectors if the mixing terms are small.



pp limit, Y.Gao, M.Jin, K.Wang, 1904.12325

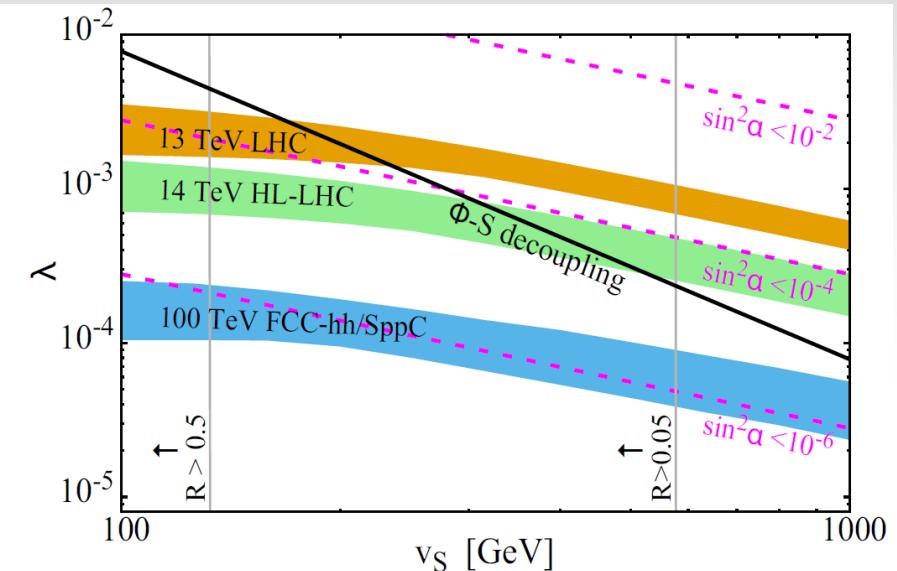
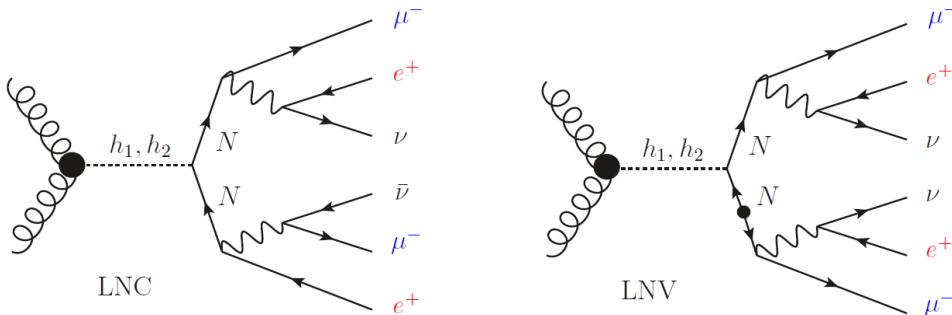
$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{L} \supset V(\Phi) + V(S) + \frac{\lambda}{2} |\Phi|^2 S^2 \\ + y_N S \bar{N}_R^c N_R + y_D \bar{L} \Phi N_R + \text{c.c.}\end{aligned}$$

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How about using ee → Zh at Higgs Factory?

NN via Higgs Decay @ ee

1. How small an h - s mixing can CEPC probe?
(sensitivity on $|\sin\alpha|^2$, complementary to $|V_{LN}|^4$)
2. Are LNV (& alikes) events *truly background free*?

10^6 Higgs events @ cleaner ee vs HL but dustier pp

ee : no fake leptons from soft jets, yet lower Higgs count, & extra Z boson

A minimal setup

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta\mathcal{L} \supset & -y_D \bar{L} \tilde{\Phi} N_R - y_S S \overline{N_R^c} N_R + c.c. \\ & + \lambda |\Phi|^2 S^2 + V_S.\end{aligned}$$

SM Higgs-like $\Phi = v_\Phi + \phi$
 S vev gives the N mass $S = v_S + s$
 $m_{N_R} = 2y_N v_S$

$$\begin{array}{c|cc} & \phi & s \\ \hline \phi & m_\phi^2 & \lambda v_\phi v_s \\ s & \lambda v_\phi v_s & m_s^2 \end{array}$$

Small coupling: $\lambda v_\Phi v_S \ll m_h^2, m_s^2$ $\begin{pmatrix} h_1 \\ h_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \alpha & -\sin \alpha \\ \sin \alpha & \cos \alpha \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \phi \\ s \end{pmatrix}$
 & neglecting $|\Phi|^2 S$ terms

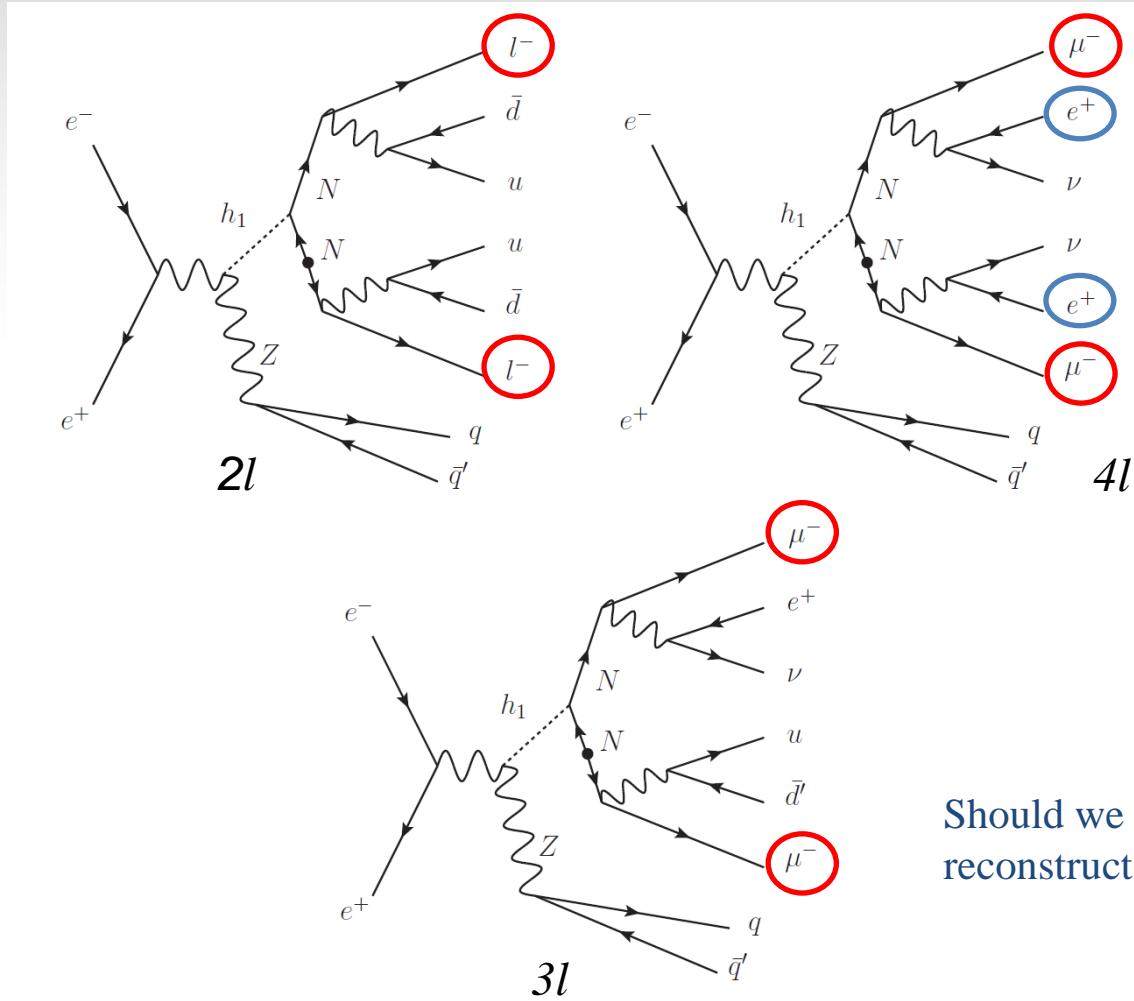
$$\sigma_{\text{sig.}} = (\sigma_{h_1} \cdot \text{BF}_{h_1 \rightarrow NN} + \sigma_{h_2}) \cdot \text{BF}_{\text{sig.}} A_{\text{eff}}$$

$$\Gamma(h_1 \rightarrow NN) = \frac{1}{2} \sin^2 \alpha \cdot \frac{y_N^2 m_{h_1}}{8\pi} \left(1 - \frac{4m_N^2}{m_{h_1}^2}\right)^{3/2}$$

Both $h_1 \rightarrow NN$ branching and $\sigma(h_2)$ scale $\sim |\sin \alpha|^2$
 $h_2 \rightarrow NN$ branching $\sim 100\%$ if $|V_{IN}|^2$ is small

ee@240 GeV: ignore ee \rightarrow Z h_2 as COM energy is limited

NN : Semileptonic, fully leptonic & mixed decays



Should we include a
reconstructable Z ?

$NN@ee : SM backgrounds$

1. Intrinsic backgrounds

Randomly flavored leptons emerges from W/W^* . i.e W & tau decays.

$$\tau^+\tau^-\tau^+\tau^-, \tau^+\tau^-\tau^+\tau^-Z, \tau^+\tau^-W^+W^-.$$

Signal strategy:

2. Missed leptons (& wrong signs)

$$\tau^+\tau^-Z, l^+l^-Z, \tau^+\tau^-l^+l^-Z, l^+l^-l^+l^-Z, l^+l^-W^+W^-$$

up to 2 weak bosons for 240 GeV.

τ decay may yield jets. N decay jets are soft.

Leptonic Z decay may contribute to N_l and SS
 $6\tau, 6l$ channels are not independent.

Assume $Z \rightarrow jj$ (more jets)

Require SS leptons

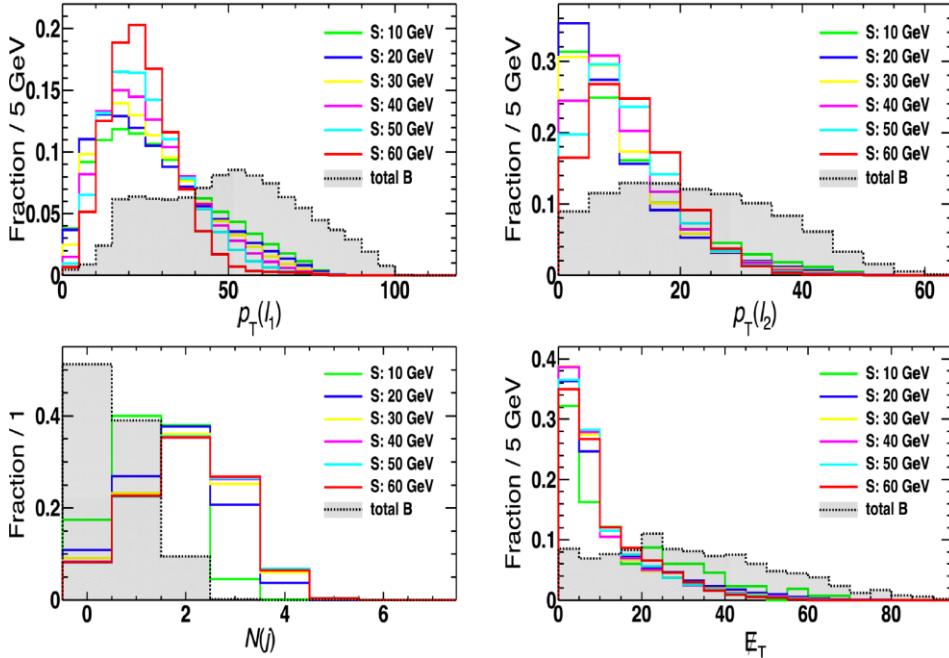
Strict lepton charge & count cuts

Categorize on N_l :

2-4 visible leptons with
flavor-distinguishable SS pairs

$2l$ channel: SS dilepton +(≥ 3) jets

Y.Gao, K.Wang, 2102.12826



- (i) exactly two leptons, $N(\ell) = 2$ with $p_T(\ell) > 5$ GeV;
- (ii) two leptons have the same sign;
- (iii) veto τ leptons, $N(\tau) = 0$;
- (iv) at least three jets, $N(j) \geq 3$;
- (v) small missing energy, $\cancel{E}_T < 15$ GeV.

		initial	cuts(i-ii)	cuts(iii-iv)	cuts(v)
Sig.	10 GeV	10^3	6.3	0.29	0.18
	20 GeV	10^3	35.9	8.8	6.4
	30 GeV	10^3	72.3	22.6	17.5
	40 GeV	10^3	97.2	32.5	25.3
	50 GeV	10^3	112	37.4	28.8
	60 GeV	10^3	121	40.5	30.2
Bkg.	4τ	1.69×10^4	870	4.6×10^{-2}	7.7×10^{-3}
	${}^\dagger 2\tau Z$	6.80×10^5	2.91×10^3	4.6	0.93
	${}^\dagger 2\ell Z$	1.74×10^6	3.98×10^3	-	-
	$4\tau Z$	93.0	2.0	0.19	5.9×10^{-2}
	$2\tau 2W$	4.42×10^3	63.6	0.92	8.2×10^{-2}
	${}^\dagger 2\ell 2\tau Z$	584	13.8	2.0	0.75
	${}^\dagger 4\ell Z$	862	16.5	2.2	2.1
	${}^\dagger 2\ell 2W$	2.74×10^4	639	11.7	1.2
			lepton cuts	jet cuts	

MG5+Pythia8+[Delphes](#) CEPC card

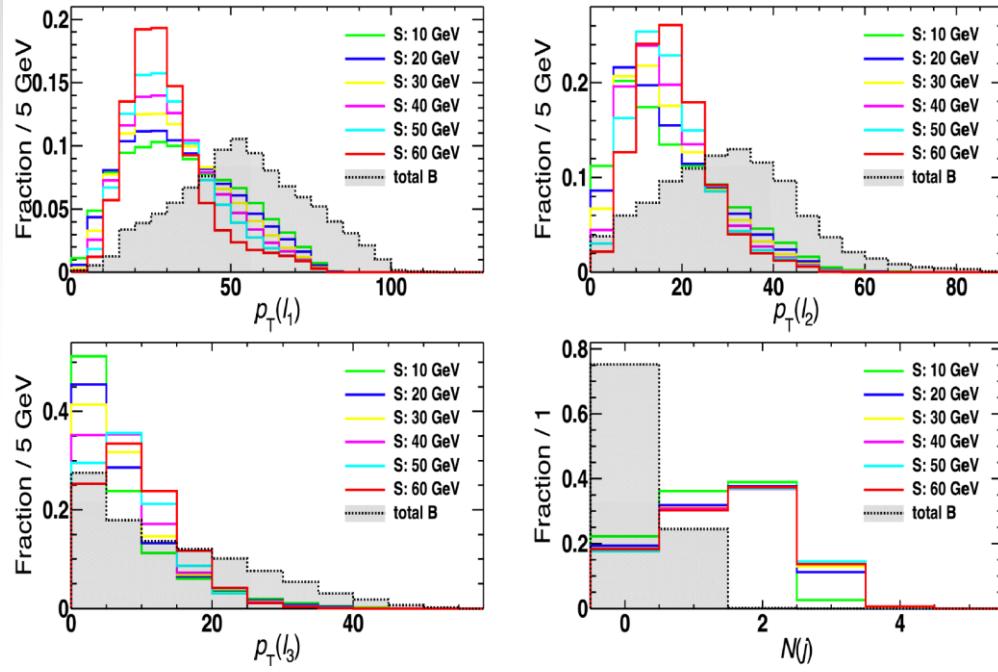
C.Chen, et.al. 1712.09517

Bkg @ 5.6 ab^{-1}

Signal ~10% eff. w lepton cuts
~2% sig. eff. at $N_{\text{bkg}} \sim 1$ level

$3l$ channel: SS dilepton + l' +(≥ 2) jets

Y.Gao, K.Wang, 2102.12826



		initial	cuts(i)	cuts(ii)	cuts(iii-iv)
Sig.	10 GeV	10^3	27.9	5.6	2.3
	20 GeV	10^3	62.7	13.6	6.6
	30 GeV	10^3	85.8	19.9	10.0
	40 GeV	10^3	102	24.9	12.7
	50 GeV	10^3	112	27.3	14.1
	60 GeV	10^3	115	28.2	14.4
Bkg.	4τ	1.69×10^4	614	155	3.8×10^{-2}
	${}^\dagger 2\tau Z$	6.80×10^5	1.30×10^4	350	-
	${}^\dagger 2\ell Z$	1.74×10^6	5.03×10^4	121	-
	$4\tau Z$	93.0	2.1	0.25	7.3×10^{-2}
	$2\tau 2W$	4.42×10^3	27.8	6.9	0.72
	${}^\dagger 2\ell 2\tau Z$	584	46.5	1.1	0.44
	${}^\dagger 4\ell Z$	862	132	0.27	1.4×10^{-2}
	${}^\dagger 2\ell 2W$	2.74×10^4	1.30×10^3	37.8	5.0×10^{-2}
		lepton cuts		jet cuts	

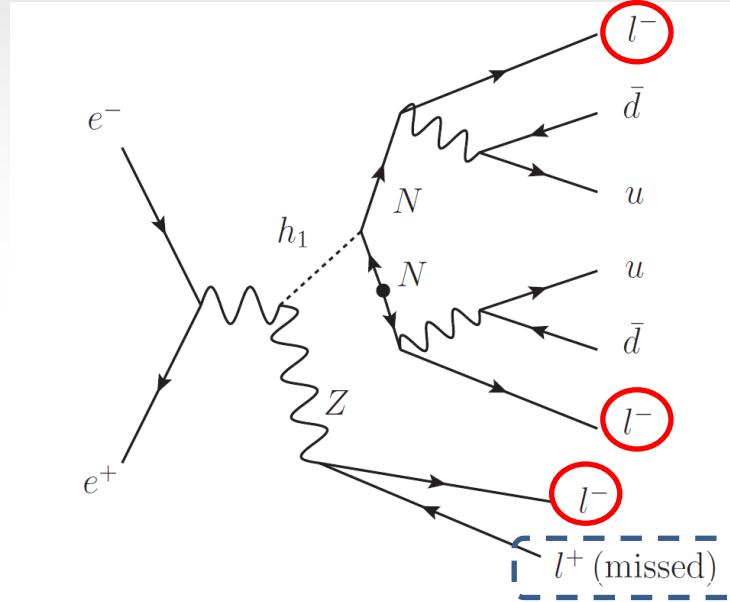
- (i) exactly three leptons $N(\ell) = 3$ with $p_T \geq 5$ GeV;
- (ii) veto OSSF lepton pairs;
- (iii) veto τ leptons, $N(\tau) = 0$;
- (iv) at least two jets, $N(j) \geq 2$.

Bkg @ 5.6 ab^{-1}

O(1%) sig. eff. at $N_{\text{bkg}} \sim 1$ level

3l channel's Bonus: SS trilepton

Z decay yield 'correct'-sign lepton if its 'incorrect'-sign company goes missing



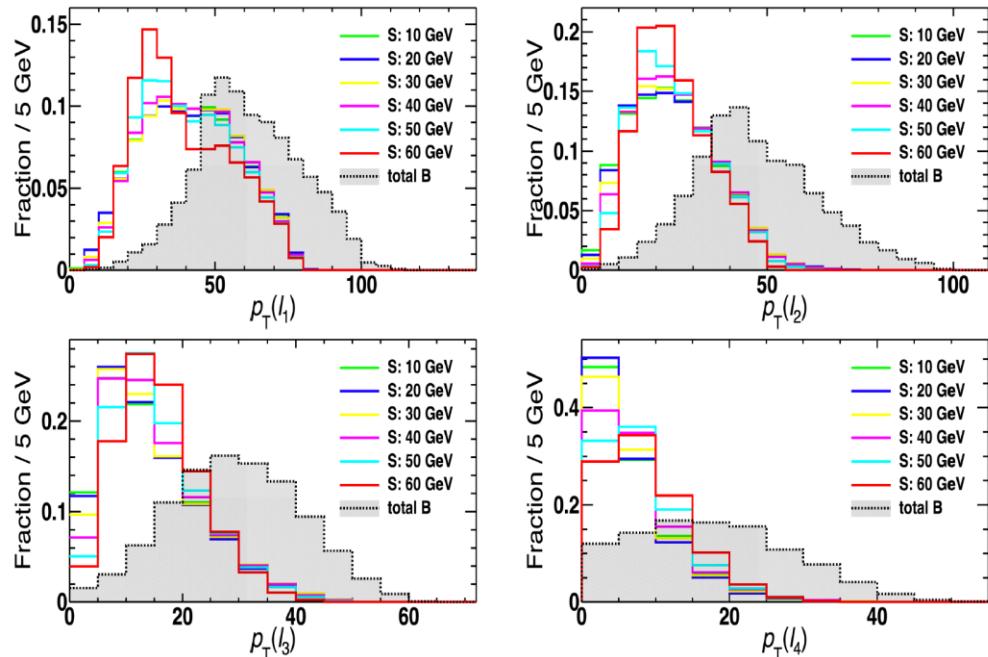
SS-trilepton post- lepton cuts (w/o jet cuts):

SM bkg $\sim 0.1\%$ of $3l$ channel after cut (ii)

Clean channel, yet signal yield is also smaller.

4l channel: two SS dileptons +(≥ 1) jets

Y.Gao, K.Wang, 2102.12826



- (i) exactly four leptons, $N(\ell) = 4$ with $p_T(\ell) \geq 5$ GeV;
- (ii) exactly two electrons with the same charges; exactly two muons with the same charges; electrons and muons have opposite charges; i.e. exactly $e^\pm e^\pm \mu^\mp \mu^\mp$ lepton pairs;
- (iii) veto τ leptons, $N(\tau) = 0$;
- (iv) at least one jet, $N(j) \geq 1$.

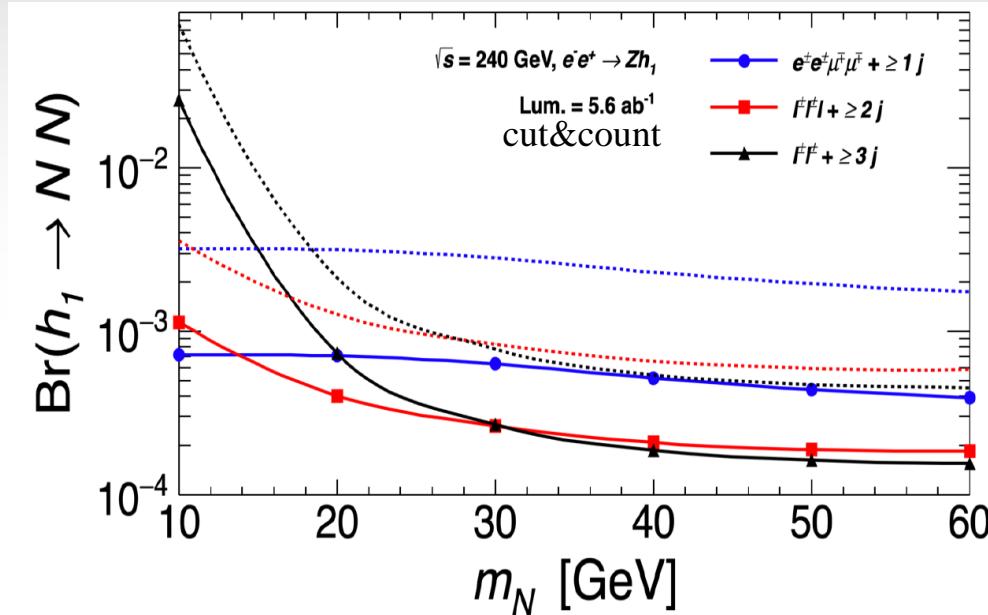
		initial	cuts(i)	cuts(ii)	cuts(iii-iv)
Sig.	10 GeV	10^3	15.9	1.1	0.71
	20 GeV	10^3	17.5	1.1	0.72
	30 GeV	10^3	22.1	1.3	0.80
	40 GeV	10^3	26.8	1.5	0.98
	50 GeV	10^3	30.1	1.8	1.2
	60 GeV	10^3	32.1	2.1	1.3
Bkg.	4τ	1.69×10^4	58.4	6.8	-
	${}^\dagger 2\tau Z$	6.80×10^5	2.26×10^3	9.6	-
	${}^\dagger 2\ell Z$	1.74×10^6	7.28×10^4	-	-
	$4\tau Z$	93.0	0.45	6.4×10^{-3}	2.8×10^{-3}
	$2\tau 2W$	4.42×10^3	1.3	0.17	-
	${}^\dagger 2\ell 2\tau Z$	584	13.8	1.0×10^{-2}	3.2×10^{-3}
	${}^\dagger 4\ell Z$	862	116	7.8×10^{-4}	-
	${}^\dagger 2\ell 2W$	2.74×10^4	217	-	-

$N_\ell=4$ Two SS
dileptons jet
cuts
(for sensitivity)

~10 bkg events
w two SS dileptons
@ 5.6 ab^{-1}

lofty cost: sig. eff ~ 0.1%

Mixing angle reach @ ee (CEPC)



$2l, 3l$ wins over $4l$

$$|\sin \alpha \cdot y_S|^2 = \text{BR}(h_1 \rightarrow NN) \cdot 16\pi \frac{\Gamma_{h_1}}{m_{h_1}} \left(1 - \frac{4m_N^2}{m_{h_1}^2}\right)^{-3/2}$$

ee @ 240 GeV, 5.6ab⁻¹:

$|\sin \alpha|^2 < 10^{-4}$ sensitivity
 for $y_S \sim O(1)$
 comparable to HL-LHC

Summary

1. Heavy N as a good probe for Higgs - seesaw scalar mixing $|\sin\alpha|^2 @ ee$
2. $|\sin\alpha|^2 \sim 10^{-4}$ for CEPC @ 240 GeV, 5.6 ab^{-1} , comparable to HL-LHC
Type equation here.
3. SS dilepton bkg not neglectable. Lofty loss on signal if assuming $N_{\text{bkg}} < 1$.
4. $Z \rightarrow ll$ yield a bonus SS trilepton signal @ ee