

## Generator (MG) + Hands-on

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## Why we need generator

## Why do we need generator?

Physics : a subject based on experiment -> what we learned from middle school.

For experimental high energy physics, there are lots of machines providing different data for us, e.g., LHC, BEPC ...,
-> ok, we collider electron-positron, proton-proton, we have different experiments

For theoretical particle physics, we have SM (EW, QCD)

## Why we need generator




























How to perform measurements, i.e., how do we compare the theory to experiment, or vice versa







```
+ +殳, 2
```




```
-\frac{1}{2}\rho[w+\mu(M\mp@subsup{O}{n}{}\mp@subsup{\phi}{}{-}-\mp@subsup{\sigma}{}{-}-\mp@subsup{\sigma}{\mu}{\prime}H)+W
```










```
+\frac{g}{2\sqrt{}{2}}\mp@subsup{w}{}{+\mu}[[(\mp@subsup{0}{}{0}\mp@subsup{\gamma}{~}{\prime}(1-\mp@subsup{\eta}{}{5})
```








```
-x+(ou
```



```
*)
```



```
-\frac{1}{2}\mp@subsup{m}{w}{}[\mp@subsup{x}{}{+}+x+\mu+x-x-\mu+\frac{1}{\mp@subsup{c}{6}{2}}\mp@subsup{x}{}{0}\mp@subsup{x}{}{0}\mu
```






Generator is the bridge between theory and experiment, the generator is based on the theory, and generate events through the Monte Carlo (MC) method.
Then we can compare the MC events with data, i.e., the measurement.

## Hadron collision

## Before collision



## After collision

What we learned about the collision during high school. Very clear and beautiful idea, no object is destroyed or created. So far so good!


But if we step into the particle physics, we learn about the concept "elementary particle", and collision becomes complicated due to the disappear and creation of particles!


Proton has inner structure, there are all kinds of quarks and gluons inside!

## Hadron collision



Proton rest mass: $0.938 \mathrm{GeV}\left(1.67^{*} 10^{\wedge}-27 \mathrm{~kg}\right)$
Due to the QCD Asymptotic Freedom (2004 Nobel Prize), the quarks and gluons are confined to be a composite proton. When the energy become larger, the confinement is weaker and the components of proton are able to "escape" from the proton and interact with each other.

In the case of proton-proton collision (the LHC) at very high energy, the inner components (say gluon) escape from the incoming proton, carrying a fraction energy, and then interact with another gluon from the other proton.

Q: how do we know how much the energy is carried by the escaping gluon?

N.B.: for lepton collider, e.g., the electron-positron and muon collider, no such scheme due to he leptons are elementary particles and they interact with the energy they have


The deep inelastic collision (1990 Nobel Prize) is used to extract the inner structure of proton.


Parton density functions:

X-axis: the momentum carried by the escaped partons

Y-axis: distribution function

LHAPDF

$$
\begin{array}{ccc}
\int_{a b \rightarrow X}(\hat{s}, \ldots) & f_{a}\left(x_{1}\right) f_{b}\left(x_{2}\right) d x_{1} d x_{2} d \Phi_{F S} \\
\text { Parton level } & \text { Parton density } & \text { Phase space } \\
\text { cross section } & \text { functions } & \text { integral }
\end{array}
$$

Now with the PDF, it's able to predict the cross section of individual process in proton-proton collision by calculation (Monte Carlo method).

## Hadron collision

Hadronization of parton shower particles and further decay

Parton shower: the evolution of the particles from Hard process

Double parton scattering

## Hadron Collider:

- Very "dirty" environment
- But also means extremely rich physics


## Introduction to MadGraph5_aMC@NLO

MadGraph5 aMC@NLO (MG) is the most commonly used generator within CMS.
Advantages:

- Able to handle both LO and NLO level accuracy
- Easy to use, hard scattering process
- Flexible to interface to other generator for parton showering
- Flexible to include new physics model
- Provide many useful things additionally, e.g., you can check the Feynman diagrams
- Update frequently with new features implemented

madgraph
pythiaOnly
powheg
amcatnlo
madgraphMLM
evtgen+pythia
amcatnloFXFX
other generators
- sherpa
- mcfm
- powhegMiNNLO
$\square$ herwig


# The MG is kind of a "standalone" software, you download it and extract, and then it's ready to use... (in case you haven't downloaded it) 

мадарарн
Overview Code Bugs Blueprints Translations Answers
Registered 2009-09-15 by 8 Michel Herquet

## Click on the All downloads and it will list all the versions, here we use MG5 aMC v2.7.3.tar.gz

MadGraph5_aMC@NLO is a framework that aims at providing all the elements necessary for SM and BSM phenomenology, such as the computations of cross sections, the generation of hard events and their matching with event generators, and the use of a variety of tools relevant to event manipulation and analysis. Processes can be simulated to LO accuracy for any user-defined Lagrangian, an the NLO accuracy in the case of models that support this kind of calculations -prominent among these are QCD and EW corrections to SM processes. Matrix elements at the treeand one-loop-level can also be obtained.

MadGraph5_aMC@NLO is the new version of both MadGraph5 and aMC@NLO that unifies the LO and NLO lines of development of automated tools within the MadGraph family. It therefore supersedes all the MadGraph5 1.5.x versions and all the beta versions of aMC@NLO. As such, the code allows one to simulate processes in virtually all configurations of interest, in particular for hadronic and e+e-colliders; starting from version 3.2.0, the latter include Initial State Radiation and beamstrahlung effects.
The standard reference for the use of the code is: J. Alwall et al, "The automated computation of tree-level and next-to-leading order differential cross sections, and their matching to parton shower simulations", arXiv:1405.0301 [hep-ph]. In addition to that, computations in mixed-coupling expansions and/or of NLO corrections in theories other than QCD (eg NLO EW) require the citation of: R. Frederix et al, "The automation of next-to-leading order electroweak calculations", arXiv:1804.10017 [hep-ph]. A more complete list of references can be found here: http://amcatnlo. web.cern.ch/amcatnlo/list_refs.htm

Get Involved

## Report a bug

Ask a question
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## Downloads

> Latest version is 3.3.x

```
MG5_aMC_v2.9.6.tar.gz
```

released on 2021-11-12
(i) All downloads

In the cluster (or in your laptop if you are using linux):
wget https://launchpadlibrarian.net/485276105/MG5 aMC v2.7.3.tar.gz tar zxf MG5_aMC_v2.7.3.tar.gz

| [lum@farm ~]\$ ls MG5_aMC_v2_7_3/ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| aloha | doc | HELAS | INSTĀLL | madgraph | mg5decay | PLUGIN | README | tests | do |
| din | doc.tgz | input | LICENSE | MadSpin | models | proc card.dat | Template | UpdateNotes.txt | VERSION |

[lum@farm ~]\$ ls MG5_aMC_v2_7_3/bin/
mg5 mg5_aMC
We will use "mg5_aMC"

From this slide on, the input command will be start with bullets $\square$

## MG install

```
cd MG5_aMC_v2_7_3/bin/
./mg5_aMC
"Ctrl + d"
```

There will be loading messages, ( you can ignore the updating warning)

```
Loading default model: sm
INFO: load particles
INFO: load vertices
INFO: Restrict model sm with file ../models/sm/restrict_default.dat .
INFO: Run "set stdout level DEBUG" before import for more information.
INFO: Change particles name to pass to MG5 convention
Defined multiparticle p = g u c d s u~ c~ d~ s~
Defined multiparticle j = g u c d s u~ c~ d~ s~
Defined multiparticle l+ = e+ mu+
Defined multiparticle l- = e- mu-
Defined multiparticle vl = ve vm vt
Defined multiparticle vl~ = ve~ vm~ vt~
Defined multiparticle all = g u c d s u~ c~ d~ s~ a ve vm vt e- mu- ve~ vm~ vt~ e+ mu+ t b t~ b~ z w+ h w-
ta- ta+
```

These lines tell you which model is loaded by default (sm), and in this model, how the multiparticles are defined.

## EW and QCD Z $\gamma$

Before moving to the production, let's have a brief feeling on the process we are going to produce. The following analysis is kind of reproducing this work, the VBS Z $\gamma$.


Final state: two leptons, two quarks (will be reconstructed as jets), and a photon. Signal: include only Electroweak coupling, left plot and right plot, but the left plot is what we're really interested in, it's a Vector Boson Scattering (VBS) process QCD Background: those processes with the same final states, but include QCD coupling.

## EW $\mathrm{Z} \gamma$ process official production setup:

import model sm-ckm no b mass
define lep $+=\mathrm{e}+\mathrm{mu}+\mathrm{ta}+$ define lep- = e- mu-ta-
generate $p \mathrm{p}>$ lep+ lep- a j $\mathrm{i} Q C D=0$

Define the model we use and the restriction, e.g., the $b$ quark mass is set to zero here

Define the lepton container lep to include the tau lepton

Generate the process, here " $\mathrm{QCD}=0$ " means the max QCD vertex is 0 . So " $\mathrm{QCD}=0$ " is equal to " $\mathrm{QCD}==0$ ", and " $\mathrm{QCD}=2$ " is euqal to " $\mathrm{QCD}<=2$ ".
If no specific appendix is defined, it will automatically calculate the process with maximum QCD vertex (i.e., always calculate the process with max cross section)

```
MG5 aMC>import model sm-ckm_no b mass
INFO: Restrict model sm with file ../models/sm/restrict_ckm_no_b_mass.dat .
INFO: Run "set stdout_level DEBUG" before import for more information.
Error detected in "import model sm-ckm_no_b_mass"
write debug file MG5 debug
If you need help with this issue please contact us on https://answers.launchpad.net/mg5amcnlo
MadGraph5Error : No such file /home/Documents/MG5 aMC v2 7 3/models/sm/restrict ckm no b mass.dat
```

If you directly "import model sm-ckm_no_b_mass", you will get exception above. This is due to the file define the restriction "sm-ckm_no_b_mass" is missing in the default MadGraph model.
cd ../models/sm/
(4) cp restrict_ckm.dat restrict_ckm_no_b_mass.dat

책 sed -i 's/4.7/0.0/g' restrict_ckm_no_b_mass.dat
[4] cd-
(4)./mg5_aMC
import model sm-ckm_no_b_mass

## EW Z $\gamma$

(1) display multiparticles

## MG5 aMC>display multiparticles

Multiparticle labels:

```
all = g u c d s b u~ c~ d~ s~ b~ a ve vm vt e- mu- ve~ vm~ vt~ e+ mu+ t t~ z w+ h w- ta- ta+
```

l - = e- mu-
$j=g u c d s u \sim c \sim d \sim s \sim b b \sim$
$\mathrm{vl}=\mathrm{ve} \mathrm{vm} \mathrm{vt}$
l+ = e+ mu+
$\mathrm{p}=\mathrm{g} u \mathrm{c} d \mathrm{~s} \mathrm{u} \sim \mathrm{c} \sim \mathrm{d} \sim \mathrm{s} \sim \mathrm{b} \quad \mathrm{b} \sim$
vl~ = ve~ vm~ vt~
(2) define lep+ $=\mathrm{e}+\mathrm{mu}+\mathrm{ta}+$
[a) define lep- = e-mu- ta-
(2) display multiparticles

## MG5 aMC>display multiparticles

Multiparticle labels:
all = g u c d s b u~ c~ d~ s~ b~ a ve vm vt e- mu- ve~ vm~ vt~ e+ mu+ t t~ z w+ h w- ta- ta+ $\mathrm{l}-=\mathrm{e}-\mathrm{mu}-$
$j=g u c d s u \sim c \sim d \sim s \sim b b \sim$
vl = ve vm vt
l+ = e+ mu+
lep- = e- mu- ta-
$p=g u$ c d $s u \sim c \sim d \sim s \sim b b \sim$
lep+ = e+ mu+ ta+
$\mathrm{vl} \mathrm{\sim} \mathrm{=} \mathrm{ve~} \mathrm{vm} \mathrm{\sim} \mathrm{vt~}$

## Drell-Yan process

```
INF0: Process b~ b > ta+ ta- a b b~ added to mirror process b b~ > ta+ ta- a b b~
```

INFO: Crossed process found for $b \sim b \sim>e+e-a b \sim b \sim, ~ r e u s e ~ d i a g r a m s . ~$
INFO: Crossed process found for $b \sim b \sim>m u+m u-a b \sim b \sim$, reuse diagrams.
INFO: Crossed process found for $b \sim b \sim>y a+~ t a-a b \sim b \sim, ~ r e u s e ~ d i a g r a m s . ~$
765 processes with 105948 diagrams generated in 120.187 s
Total: 765 processes with 105948 diagrams

The EW Z $\gamma$ process is complicated and we don't have enough time to run it, thus we switch to Drell-Yan process out of pedagogical implication.
( $\times 1$ generate p p > lep+ lep-
15 processes with 30 diagrams generated in 1.309 s Total: 15 processes with 30 diagrams
[4] output DY
Output to directory /data/pku/home/lum/MG5_aMC_v2_7_3/bin/DY done. Type "launch" to generate events from this process, or see /data/pku/home/lum/MG5_aMC_v2_7_3/bin/DY/README Run "open index.html" to see more information about this process.

## Drell-Yan process

"Ctrl + d"
Now in the "bin" path, you will have repository "DY"
1s DY

| bin | Events index.html | madevent.tar.gz | README | Source |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | TemplateVersion.txt

## ls DY/SubProcesses/

| addmothers.f | done | Lhe_event_infos.inc | P1_qq_taptam | run_config.inc | survey.sh |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| cluster.f | dummy_fct.f | makefile | proc_characteristics | run.inc | symmetry.f |
| cluster.inc | epsterms.f | maxconfigs.inc | procdef mg5.dat | setcuts.f | transform.f |
| coupl.inc | finiteterms.f | maxparticles.inc | projectīon.f | setscales.f | transformint.f |
| cuts.f | genps.f | message.inc | randinit | shrinktops.f | unwgt.f |
| cuts.inc | genps.inc | MGVersion.txt | refine.sh | subproc.mg |  |
| dipole.inc | idenparts.f | myamp.f | refine_splitted.sh | subproc.txt |  |
| dipolesub.f | initcluster.f | P1 qq ll | reweight.f | sudakov.inc |  |

In the repository "P1_qq_ll" and "P1_qq_taptam", there are plots (jpg or ps) which are the process Feynman diagrams, you can download them to your local laptop to play around.

## Drell-Yan process



We have used 5-flavor pdf, for each type of parton, there are two intermediator, "virtual photon" and "Z boson", and for each intermediator, the final state could be electron pair, muon pair and tau pair. We have $5^{*} 2^{*} 3=30$ diagrams.

## Drell-Yan process

ls DY/Cards/
delphes_card_ATLAS.dat
delphes_card_CMS.dat
delphes_card_default.dat
delphes_trigger_ATLAS.dat
delphes_trigger_CMS.dat
delphes_trigger.dat
delphes_trigger_default.dat
grid_card.dat
grid_card_default.dat
ident_card.dat
madanalysis5_hadron_card.dat

| madanalysis5_hadron_card_default.dat | pgs_card_TEV.dat |
| :--- | :--- |
| madanalysis5_parton_card.dat | plot_card.dat |
| madanalysis5_parton_card_default.dat | plot_card_default.dat |
| madspin_card_default.dat | proc_card_mg5.dat |
| me5_configuration.txt | pythía8_card_default.dat |
| param_card.dat | pythia_card_default.dat |
| param_card_default.dat | README |
| pgs_card_ATLAS.dat | replace_card1.dat |
| pgs_card_CMS.dat | reweight_card_default.dat |
| pgs_card_default.dat | run_card.dat |
| pgs_card_LHC.dat | run_card_default.dat |

Many cards in this repository, currently we only care about the "proc_card_mg5.dat" and "run_card.dat".
proc card mg5.dat: the particle definition and process we specified in previous steps
run card.dat: kinematics we can further define for the objects

## © 4 cat DY/Cards/run_card.dat

Print out the content, information are formatted in blocks, and with banner at the beginning of each banner.

## Drell-Yan process

\# Number of events and rnd seed
\# Warning: Do not generate more than 1M events in a single run

```
10000 = nevents ! Number of unweighted events requested
0 = iseed ! rnd seed (0=assigned automatically=default))
```

Be careful of the iseed, if " 0 " is set, the system will assign seed automatically. Say student A and student B, they both run the DY process, and use both "iseed=0", the iseed is the same (could also depend on the system) and they will have identical outputs. If student A "launch" (we will discuss later) the DY several times, use "iseed=0" every time, the seed assignment will be handled by MG and the seed will be different.
Change "10000" to "1000".

## Drell-Yan process

The random seed will affect the event production, we need different random seeds.
PKU: start with 100, e.g., 100, 101, 102...
THU: start with 200 , e.g., 200, 201, 202...
BUAA: start with 300
IHEP: start with 400
FDU: start with 500
ZJU: start with 600
NNU: start with 700
SYSU: start with 800
Online: choose the number you like :-)

## Drell-Yan process



```
# Collider type and energy
# lpp: 0=No PDF, 1=proton, -1=antiproton, 2=photon from proton,
3=photon from electron
Collider type and energy
lpp: 0=No PDF, 1=proton, -1=antiproton, 2=photon from proton,

```

| 1 | $=$ | lpp1 ! beam 1 type |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | $=$ lpp2 ! beam 2 type |  |
| 6500.0 | $=$ ebeam1 ! beam 1 total energy in GeV |  |
| 6500.0 | $=$ ebeam2 ! beam 2 total energy in GeV |  |

\# To see polarised beam options: type "update beam_pol"

```

```

\# PDF CHOICE: this automatically fixes also alpha s and its evol. *

```

```

nn23lo1 = pdlabel ! PDF set
230000 = lhaid ! if pdlabel=lhapdf, this is the lhapdf number

```

Collision energy and parton pdf, we will use the defaults.

\section*{Drell-Yan process}
\# Minimum and maximum pt's (for max, -1 means no cut)
\(\# * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *\)
\(10.0=\) ptl \(\quad\) ! minimum pt for the charged leptons
\(-1.0=\) ptlmax \(\quad\) maximum pt for the charged leptons

Since the energy carried in the beam-direction is unknown in the hadron collider, the transverse momentum ( pt ) is commonly used in CMS. Other blocks are similar, the information is written in the banner.
./mg5_aMC
launch DY
You will be asked to modify some files or not, just "Enter" to use the default. After production complete, quit MG.
"Ctrl + d"

\section*{Drell-Yan process}

Generating 10000 events with run name run 01 survey run 01
INFO: compile directory

\section*{compile Source Directory}

Using random number seed offset \(=21\) INFO: Running Survey

How many events will be generated
```

INFO: Running Systematics computation
INFO: Idle: 0, Running: 4, Completed: 0 [ current time: 10h42 ]
INFO: Idle: 0, Running: 3, Completed: 1 [ 58.7s ]
INFO: Idle: 0, Running: 0, Completed: 4 [ 1m 2s ]
INFO: \# events generated with PDF: NNPDF23_lo_as_0130_qed (247000)
INFO: \#Will Compute 145 weights per event.
INF0: \#***************************************************************************
original cross-section: 2634.36976809
scale variation: +17.1% -17.1%
central scheme variation: + 0% -21.7%
PDF variation: +3.04% -3.04%

# dynamical scheme \# 1 : 2514.23 +18% -18% \# \sum ET

# dynamical scheme \# 2 : 2514.78 +18% -18% \# \sum\sqrt{m^2+pt^2}

# dynamical scheme \# 3 : 2061.91 +22% -21.2% \# 0.5 \sum\sqrt{m^2+pt^2}

# dynamical scheme \# 4 : 2634.37 +17.1% -17.1% \# \sqrt{\hat s}

\#***************************************************************************

```

Cross section and related uncertainty information

\section*{Drell-Yan process}
(4) cd DY/Events/run_01
[lum@farm run_01]\$ ls
log_sys_0.txt log_sys_2.txt parton_systematics.log tag_1_MA5_analysis1.log
log_sys_1.txt log_sys_3.txt run_01_tag_1_banner.txt unweighted events.lhe.gz

The "run_01_tag_1_banner.txt" contains the process definition and run_card information, and also the final cross section. The "unweighted_events.lhe.gz" contains information of 1000 events we just generated.
gunzip unweighted_events.lhe.gz


\section*{LHE format}

LHE: The Les Houches Event file format (LHE) is an agreement between Monte Carlo event generators and theorists to define Matrix Element level event listings in a common language.
[14 vi unweighted_events.lhe
1st line: the LHE version
The header block (content between <header> and </header>) includes the process_card, run_card, and other cards defining other parameters in the model we used.
The initial block (right after header block, <init> and </init>) includes energy, pdf and cross section information, this block will appear only one time.

Contents between sequential <event> and </event> corresponding to one event.

PDGID status: - 1 means incoming, 2 means intermediate, 1 means final state particle 4 -vector ( \(\mathrm{px}, \mathrm{py}, \mathrm{pz}\), energy) and mass


Line 693: " 5 " means there are five particles in this event (including incoming and outgoing)
Line 694-698: information of five particles
Block <rwgt> and </rwgt> include weights of event from other pdf. Some events may just have 4 particles, this is due to virtual photon is not in the LHE

\section*{LHE format -> Root format}
cd /data/pubfs/pku_visitor/public_write/generator_resource/CMSSW_10_2_5/src source /cvmfs/cms.cern.ch/cmsset_default.sh cmsenv
cd /YOURPATH/MG5_aMC_v2_7_3/bin ./mg5_aMC
install ExRootAnalysis
```

MG5_aMC>install ExRootAnalysis
Downloading http://madgraph.phys.ucl.ac.be/Downloads/ExRootAnalysis/ExRootAnalysis_V1.1.5.tar.gz
--2021-12-06 12:15:46-- http://madgraph.phys.ucl.ac.be/Downloads/ExRootAnalysis/ExRootAnalysis_V1.1.5.tar
.gz
Resolving madgraph.phys.ucl.ac.be (madgraph.phys.ucl.ac.be)... 130.104.133.249
Connecting to madgraph.phys.ucl.ac.be (madgraph.phys.ucl.ac.be)|130.104.133.249|:80... connected.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
Length: 49641 (48K) [application/x-gzip]
Saving to: 'ExRootAnalysis.tgz'
100%[=====================================================================>> ] 49,641 15 0.3s
2021-12-06 12:15:48 (150 KB/s) - 'ExRootAnalysis.tgz' saved [49641/49641]
compile ExRootAnalysis. This might take a while.
After installation complete, exit MG
"Ctrl + d"

```

\section*{LHE format -> Root format}
© 4 cd DY/Events/run_01/
YOURPATH/MG5_aMC_v2_7_3/ExRootAnalysis/ExRootLHEFConverter unweighted_events.lhe dy.root
```

Warning in [TTree::Bronch](TTree::Bronch): Using split mode on a class: TRootWeight with a custom Streamer
** Reading unweighted_events.lhe
** [\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#] (100.00%)
Exiting. . .

```

You should have root file "dy.root" now.
\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { root -1 dy.root } \\
& \text { _file0->ls() } \\
& \text { LHEF->GetEntries() }
\end{aligned}
\]
\begin{tabular}{rr} 
root [1] & file0->ls () \\
TFile** & dy.root \\
TFile* & dy.root
\end{tabular}

KEY: TTree LHEF;1 Analysis tree

\section*{root [2] LHEF->GetEntries() (long long) 10000}

\section*{LHE format -> Root format}

T2 LHEF->Show(1) -> show the second event


\section*{LHE format -> Root format}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline & Particle.PID \(=-2,2,23,-15,15\) \\
\hline & Particle.Status = -1, -1, 2, 1, 1 \\
\hline & Particle.Mother1 = -1, -1, 0, 2, 2 \\
\hline & Particle.Mother2 = -1, -1, 1, 2, 2 \\
\hline & Particle.ColorLine1 = 0, 501, 0, 0, 0 \\
\hline & Particle.ColorLine2 = 501, 0, 0, 0, 0 \\
\hline & Particle.Px = -0, 0, 0, 11.1661, -11.1661 \\
\hline & Particle.Py \(=0,-0,0,-36.5402,36.5402\) \\
\hline & Particle.Pz = 236.074, -8.71487, 227.359, 179.463, 47.8957 \\
\hline & Particle.E = 236.074, 8.71487, 244.789, 183.494, 61.2946 \\
\hline & Particle.M = 0, 0, 90.7161, 1.777, 1.777 \\
\hline & Particle.PT = 0, 0, 0, 38.2082, 38.2082 \\
\hline & Particle.Eta = 999.9, -999.9, 999.9, 2.25121, 1.0498 \\
\hline & Particle.Phi = 0, 0, 0, -1.27423, 1.86737 \\
\hline & Particle.Rapidity = 999.9, -999.9, 999.9, 2.25015, 1.04896 \\
\hline & Particle.LifeTime \(=0,0,0,0,0\) \\
\hline & Particle.Spin = 1, -1, 0, 1, -1 \\
\hline & Particle size \(=5\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The particle related arrays are with length 5, corresponding to 5 particles. (compare these information with those in slide 25)

\section*{Making plot}
[14 cp/data/pubfs/pku_visitor/public_write/generator_resource/mll.py . Modify the "libExRootPath" in mll.py to your path
(4) python mll.py


Invariant mass of two leptons, this plot include on-shell/off-shell Z contribution, and contribution from virtual photon.

\section*{Home work}

In code mll.py, the invariant mass of two leptons are constructed using
```

for i in range(tree_all.GetEntries()):

```
l1=TLorentzVector \((0,0,0,0)\)
l2=TLorentzVector ( \(0,0,0,0\) )
tree_all. GetEntry(i)
for \(\bar{j}\) in range(tree all. Particle size):
if (abs(tree_all.Particle[j].PID)==11 or abs(tree_all.Particle[j].PID)==13 or abs(tree_all.Particle[j] .PID)==15) and tree_all.Particle[j].Status==1:
if l1.Pt()==0:
l1. SetPtEtaPhiM(tree_all. Particle[j]. PT, tree_all.Particle[j].Eta, tree_all. Particle[j]. Phi, tree_all . Particle[j].M)
else:
l2. SetPtEtaPhiM(tree_all.Particle[j].PT, tree_all.Particle[j].Eta,tree_all.Particle[j].Phi,tree_all .Particle[j].M)
h all. Fill((ll+l2).M())
PID: particle ID, 11 is electron, 13 is muon, 15 is tau

Try to make plots for leptons pt/eta/energy......

\section*{CMS sample production}

CMS production:
LHE -> Generator \& Simulation -> Digitalization \& reconstruction -> AOD -> MINIAOD -> NANOAOD

Keep the LHE file, it will be used in sample production chain.

Part2

\section*{Models}

MG5 loads the SM by default
- Other sm versions (sm_loop, sm-no_bmass,...)

BSM models can be imported (SMEFT, MSSM, 2HDM,...)
- New particles, coupling orders
- Universal FeynRules Output (UFO) model (just a python module!)

MG5_aMC> import model SMEFTsim_topU31_MwScheme_UFO
MG5_aMC> import model SMEFTatNLO
MG5 aMC> convert model ...(convert model to python3)
Automatically downloaded from FeynRules database https://feynrules.irmp.ucl.ac.be
Restriction cards inside model folder: restrict_XYZ.dat
- param_card with e.g. parameters fixed or \(=0\) to simplify model MG5_aMC> import model SMEFTatNLO-XYZ

\section*{Models}

Previously we do with the LO model. Let's try the DY process with NLO model.
```

MG5_aMC> import model loop_sm-no_b_mass
MG5_aMC> define lep+ = e+ mu+ ta+
MG5_aMC> define lep- = e- mu-ta-
MG5_aMC> generate p p > lep+ lep- QCD=0 QED=2 [QCD]

```

Feynman diagrams: https://qguo.web.cern.ch/qguo/MG5/MG5 aMC v2 7 3/ppllm NLO/


real diagram 1

\section*{Adding another process}
- another "generate" will overlap the first generation

MG5 aMC> generate \(p p>t \mathrm{t} \sim\)
MG5_aMC> add process p p > b b~

\section*{Jet matching}
- Pythia does the parton shower and hadronization. Actually there is double-counting events. Need to "match" the two samples, such as MLM, FxFx...

MG5_aMC> generate \(\mathrm{g} \mathrm{g}>\mathrm{h}\)
MG5 aMC> add process \(\mathrm{g} \mathrm{g}>\mathrm{h} j\)
MG5_aMC> add process \(\mathrm{g} \mathrm{g}>\mathrm{h} \mathrm{j} \mathrm{j}\)

\section*{Decay}
- Interested in only a subset of events with special properties. LO could do as such way.

MG5_aMC> generate \(p\) p \(>\mathrm{W}+, \mathrm{W}+>|+\mathrm{v}|\)
MG5_aMC> generate p p > t t \(\sim,(\mathrm{t}>\mathrm{W}+\mathrm{b}, \mathrm{W}+>\mathrm{j} j),(\mathrm{t} \sim>\mathrm{W}-\mathrm{b} \sim, \mathrm{W}->|-\mathrm{v}| \sim)\)

\section*{Syntax}

Requirement of the presence or absence of particles in Feynman diagrams
- Exclude Feynman diagrams that contain a particular particle.
- MG5_aMC> generate p p > e+e- / Z Links: EZ
- Xsec: \(207.8 \pm 0.49 \mathrm{pb}\)
- Exclude a particle from appearing in the s-channel

- MG5_aMC> generate p p > e+ e- \$ Z Links: ESZ Xsec: \(213.1 \pm 0.58\) pb
- Include only those Feynman diagrams in which a certain particle is present in the s-channel

- Include only those Feynman diagrams with the certain particle to be the intermediate particle
- MG5_aMC> generate p p > Z, Z > e+ e- Links: \(\underline{Z}\) Xsec: \(1421 \pm 1.4\) pb

Be careful of using each of these because they can result in violating gauge invariance or unitarity.
https://www.niu.edu/spmartin/madgraph/madsyntax.html

MG5_aMC> generate p p > e+e-
Links: ppeem Xsec: \(843 \pm 2.1 \mathrm{pb}\)

\section*{Exercise1}
- cd YOURPATH/MG5_aMC_v2_7_3
- cp -r/data/pubfs/pku_visitor/guoqianying/public/cards/ YOURPATH/MG5_aMC_v2_7_3/../

LO:
- ./bin/mg5_aMC ../cards/ppeem_EZ/proc_card.dat
- ./bin/mg5_aMC ../cards/ppeem_ESZ/proc_card.dat
- ./bin/mg5_aMC ../cards/ppeem_SZ/proc_card.dat
- ./bin/mg5_aMC ../cards/ppeem_Z/proc_card.dat
- ./bin/mg5_aMC ../cards/ppeem/proc_card.dat
- \#\#\# sed -i "s/^..* = ptl / 10.0 = ptl /" ppeem*/Cards/run_card.dat
- sed -i "s/^.* = use_syst/ False = use_syst/" ppeem*/Cards/run_card.dat
- ./ppeem_EZ/bin/generate_events
- ./ppeem_ESZ/bin/generate_events
- ./ppeem_SZ/bin/generate_events
- ./ppeem_Z/bin/generate_events
- ./ppeem/bin/generate_events
- mkdir plots
- cd plots
- cp -r/data/pubfs/pku_visitor/guoqianying/public/cards/*.py ./
- cp -r/data/pubfs/pku_visitor/guoqianying/public/cards/*.cc ./

\section*{Exercise1}
- cd YOURPATH/MG5_aMC_v2_7_3
- \(\quad\) cp -r/data/pubfs/pku_visitor/guoqianying/public/cards/ YOURPATH/MG5_aMC_v2_7_3/../

LO:
- cp ../ppeem_EZ/Events/run_01/unweighted_events.Ihe.gz ./ppeem_EZ_unweighted_events.Ihe.gz
- cp ../ppeem_ESZ/Events/run_01/unweighted_events.Ihe.gz ./ppeem_ESZ_unweighted_events.lhe.gz
- cp ../ppeem_SZ/Events/run_01/unweighted_events.Ihe.gz ./ppeem_SZ_unweighted_events.Ihe.gz
- cp ../ppeem_Z/Events/run_01/unweighted_events.Ihe.gz ./ppeem_Z_unweighted_events.lhe.gz
- cp ../ppeem/Events/run_01/unweighted_events.lhe.gz ./ppeem_unweighted_events.lhe.gz
- gunzip *.lhe.gz
- python Ihe.py plotsppeem_unweighted_events
- python Ihe.py plotsppeem_Z_unweighted_events
- python Ihe.py plotsppeem_SE_unweighted_events
- python Ihe.py plotsppeem_EZ_unweighted_events
- python Ihe.py plotsppeem_ESZ_unweighted_events
- root -I -b -q draw_1f.ccl(\"ppeem_unweighted_events\"\\)
- root -I -b -q draw_1f.ccl(\"ppeem_Z_unweighted_events\"\\)
- root -I -b -q draw_1f.ccl(\"ppeem_EZ_unweighted_events\"\\)
- root -I -b -q draw_1f.ccl(\"ppeem_SE_unweighted_events\"\\)
- root -I -b -q draw_1f.ccl(\"ppeem_ESZ_unweighted_events\"\\)

\section*{Exercise1}
- sed -i "s/^.*= cut_decays / True = cut_decays /" ppeem_Z/Cards/run_card.dat
- ./ppeem_Z/bin/generate_events
- cd plots; cp ../ppeem_Z/Events/run_02/unweighted_events.Ihe.gz ./ppeem_Z_2_unweighted_events.Ihe.gz
- gunzip ppeem_Z_2_unweighted_events.lhe.gz
- python Ihe.py ppeem_Z_2_unweighted_events
- root -I -b -q draw_1f.ccl(\"ppeem_Z_2_unweighted_events\"\\)
- root -l-b -q ./draw_1f_plus.cc
1. \(\mathrm{p} p>\mathrm{e}+\mathrm{e}-\) (all contributions)
2. \(\mathrm{p} p>\mathrm{z}, \mathrm{z}>\mathrm{e}+\mathrm{e}-(\mathrm{z}\) is on-shell)
3. \(\mathrm{p} p>\mathrm{e}+\mathrm{e}-\mathrm{Z} \mathrm{z}\) (forbids s-channel z to be on-shell)
4. \(\mathrm{p} p>\mathrm{e}+\mathrm{e}-\mathrm{z}\) (forbids any z )

From the definition above: process \(1=\) process \(2+\mathrm{F}\)

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & Process 1 & \begin{tabular}{c} 
Process 2 \\
(False =cut_decays)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{c} 
Process 2 \\
(True =cut_decays)
\end{tabular} & Process 3 & Process 4 \\
\hline XS (with default cut) & 843.0 pb & 1420.7 pb & 631.7 pb & 213.1 pb & 207.8 pb \\
\hline contributions & \begin{tabular}{c} 
Onshell Z \\
Offshell Z \\
Virtual photon \\
Interference
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{c} 
Onshell Z \\
(but no cut on the \\
decayed electrons)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{c} 
Onshell Z \\
(with cuts on the \\
decayed electrons)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{c} 
Offshell Z \\
Virtual photon \\
Interference
\end{tabular} & Virtual photon
\end{tabular}

\section*{Exercise1}


\section*{Exercise2}
- cd YOURPATH/MG5_aMC_v2_7_3
- cp -r/data/pubfs/pku_visitor/guoqianying/public/cards/ YOURPATH/MG5_aMC_v2_7_3/../

NLO:
- ./bin/mg5_aMC ../cards/ppllm_NLO/proc_card.dat
- sed -i "s/HERWIG6 = parton_shower/PYTHIA8 = parton_shower/" ppllm_NLO/Cards/run_card.dat
- sed -i "s/^.*= fixed_fac_scale/ True = fixed_fac_scale/" ppllm_NLO/Cards/run_card.dat
- sed -i "s/^.. = fixed_ren_scale/ True = fixed_ren_scale/" ppllm_NLO/Cards/run_card.dat
- sed -i "s/^.*= nevents / 100 = nevents /" ppllm_NLO/Cards/run_card.dat
- sed -i "s/^.*= jetalgo /-1.0 = jetalgo /" ppllm_NLO/Cards/run_card.dat
- sed -i "s/^.*= jetradius / 0.4 = jetradius /" ppllm_NLO/Cards/run_card.dat
- sed -i "s/^.*= ptj / \(5.0=\) ptj /" ppllm_NLO/Cards/run_card.dat
- sed -i "s/^.*= ptgmin / 0.0 = ptgmin /" ppllm_NLO/Cards/run_card.dat
- sed -i "s/^.*hadronize = T /hadronize = F /" ppllm_NLO/Cards/shower_card.dat
- sed -i "s/^.*njmax = \(0 /\) njmax \(=-1.0 / "\) ppllm_NLO/Cards/shower_card.dat
- sed -i "s/extralibs.*/extralibs = stdhep Fmcfio dl \# Extra-libraries (not LHAPDF)/" ppllm_NLO/Cards/shower_card.dat
- sed -i "s/EXTRALIBS.*/EXTRALIBS = stdhep Fmcfio dl \# Extra-libraries (not LHAPDF)/" ppllm_NLO/Cards/shower_card.dat
- ./ppllm_NLO/bin/generate_events
- ./ppllm_NLO/bin/calculate_xsect
- cd YOURPATH/MG5_aMC_v2_7_3
- cp -r/data/pubfs/pku_visitor/guoqianying/public/cards/YOURPATH/MG5_aMC_v2_7_3/../

NLO:
- ./bin/mg5_aMC ../cards/ppllm_NLO/proc_card.dat
- sed -i "s/HERWIG6 = parton_shower/PYTHIA8 = parton_shower/" ppllm_NLO/Cards/run_card.dat
- sed -i "s/^.*= fixed_fac_scale/ True = fixed_fac_scale/" ppllm_NLO/Cards/run_card.dat
- sed -i "s/^.*= fixed_ren_scale/ True = fixed_ren_scale/" ppllm_NLO/Cards/run_card.dat
- \(s \quad\) - \(s\) Final results and run summary:

Process \(p\) p > lep+ lep- QCD=0 QED=2 [QCD]
Run at \(\mathrm{p}-\mathrm{p}\) collider \((6500.0+6500.0 \mathrm{GeV})\)
Total cross section: \(6.835 \mathrm{e}+03+-2.7 \mathrm{e}+01 \mathrm{pb}\)
Scale variation (computed from histogram information): Dynamical_scale_choice 0 (envelope of 9 values):
\(6.835 \mathrm{e}+03 \mathrm{pb}+3.0 \%-6.6 \%\)
ppllm_NLO/Cards/shower_card.dat
- ./ppllm_NLO/bin/generate_events
- ./ppllm_NLO/bin/calculate_xsect

\section*{Additional slides}
```

INF0: Process b~ b > ta+ ta- a b b~ added to mirror process b b~ > ta+ ta- a b b~
INFO: Crossed process found for b~ b~ > e+ e- a b~ b~, reuse diagrams.
INFO: Crossed process found for b~ b~ > mu+ mu- a b~ b~, reuse diagrams.
INFO: Crossed process found for b~ b~ > ta+ ta- a b~ b~, reuse diagrams.
7 6 5 ~ p r o c e s s e s ~ w i t h ~ 1 0 5 9 4 8 ~ d i a g r a m s ~ g e n e r a t e d ~ i n ~ 1 2 0 . 1 8 7 ~ s ,
Total: 765 processes with 105948 diagrams

```

Very complicated process, 100k Feynman diagram! Now we have all the process, we need to make a output of the process. Don't quit MG before the output, you will lose what you have run.
[4] output ZA_EW
```

save configuration file to /home/Documents/MG5_aMC_V2_7_3/bin/ZA_EW/Cards/me5_configuration.txt

```
INFO: Use Fortran compiler gfortran
INFO: Use c++ compiler g++
INFO: Generate jpeg diagrams
INFO: Generate web pages
Output to directory /home/Documents/MG5_aMC_v2_7_3/bin/ZA_EW done.
Type "launch" to generate events from this \(\bar{p}\) rocess, or see
/home/Documents/MG5_aMC_v2_7_3/bin/ZA EW/README
Run "open index.html" to see more information about this process.
"Ctrl + d"

Now in the "bin" path, you will have repository "ZA_EW"
ls ZA_EW
\begin{tabular}{lcllll} 
bin ls ZA EW \\
bin & Events & index.html & madevent.tar.gz & README & Source
\end{tabular} TemplateVersion.txt
[4] ls ZA_EW/SubProcesses/
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline addmothers.f & done & The_event_infos.inc & P1_qq_taptamaqq & run_config.inc & survey.sh \\
\hline cluster.f & dummy_fct.f & makefile & proc_characteristics & run.inc & symmetry.f \\
\hline cluster.inc & epsterms.f & maxconfigs.inc & procdef_mg5.dat & setcuts.f & transform.f \\
\hline coupl.inc & finiteterms.f & maxparticles.inc & projectīon.f & setscales.f & transformint.f \\
\hline cuts.f & genps.f & message.inc & randinit & shrinktops.f & unwgt.f \\
\hline cuts.inc & genps.inc & MGVersion.txt & refine.sh & subproc.mg & \\
\hline dipole.inc & idenparts.f & myamp.f & refine_splitted.sh & subproc.txt & \\
\hline dipolesub.f & initcluster.f & P1 qq llaqq & reweight.f & sudakov.inc & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

In the repository "P1_qq_llaqq" and "P1_qq_taptamaqq", there are many plots (jpg and ps) which are the process Feynman diagrams, you can download them to your local laptop to play around.

Besides the process definition, we need to make further requirements on the objects, e.g., the energy, transverse momentum and the angular requirements. These values can be set in "ZA_EW/Cards/run_card.dat"

To make our private sample consistent with the official one, we need use library "LHAPDF" and specify the pdf.

\section*{(4) export}

LD_LIBRARY_PATH=/home/pku/lum/LHAPDF/lib:\$LD_LIBRARY_PATH (4. \({ }^{2}\) export PATH=/home/pku/lum/LHAPDF/bin:\$PATH
(4) cat ZA_EW/Cards/run_card.dat

There are many cuts we need to modify, use "vim" or anyother text editor you like to modify them.

\section*{Exercise1}





\section*{Making plot}


1) \(Z\) boson mass directly from the pdgid 23 and status 2
2) \(Z\) boson mass from the di-leptons reconstruction.
3) pT of leptons (e, muon, tau)
git clone https://github.com/qyguo/lhe_related.git -b noWeight
python lhe.py <input>.lhe <output>.root```

