

高能物理学术年会, 8月9日

Long-lived neutral scalar searches at FASER

Wei Su

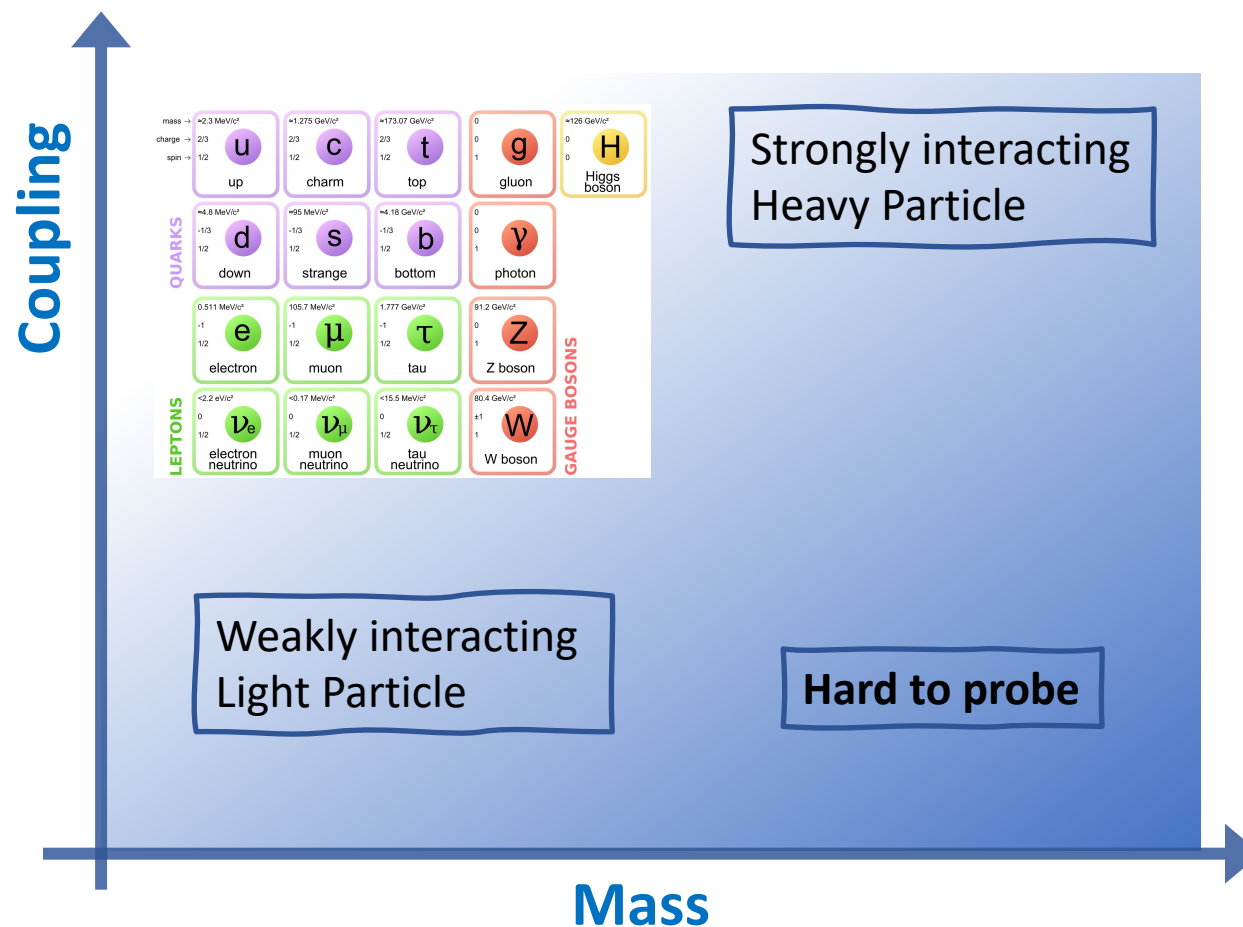
2022.09xxx (F. Kling, S. Li, S. Su, H.Song, WS)



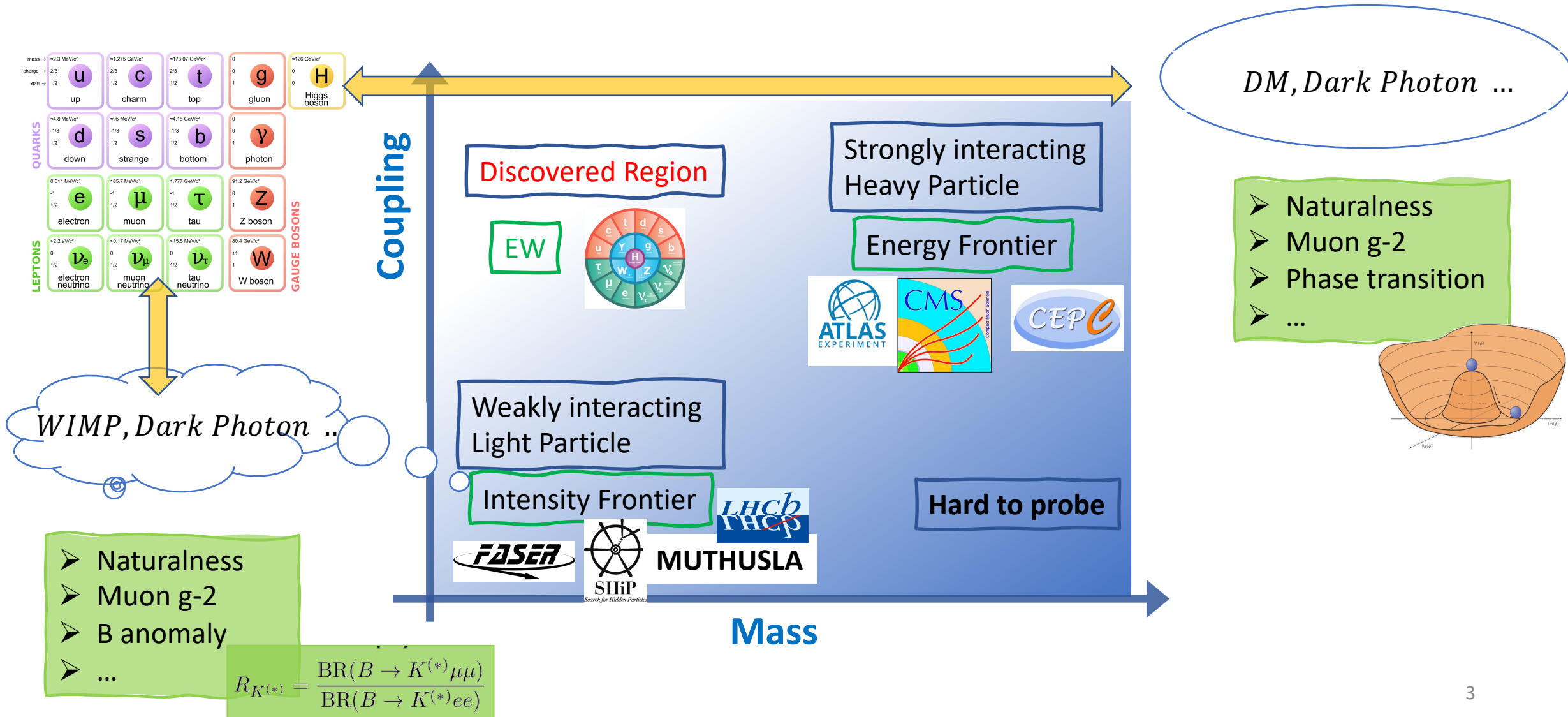
outline

- Motivation: Brief introduction to LLP
- Method: Brief introduction to FASER
- General study
 - Production
 - Decay
 - Constraints
- Case study: 2HDM results

Motivation: LLP

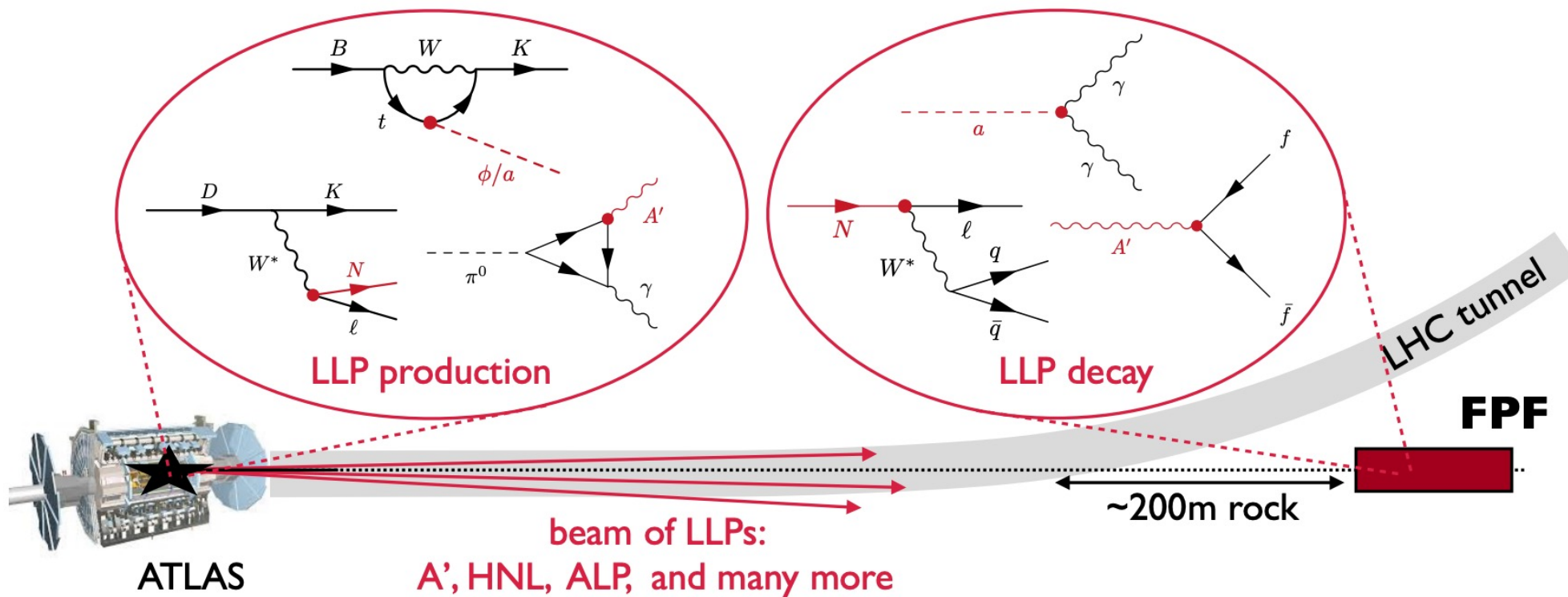


Motivation: LLP



FASER: ForwArd Search ExpeRiment

$pp \rightarrow \text{LLP} + X$, LLP travels ~ 480 m, $\text{LLP} \rightarrow \text{charged tracks} + X$



many hadrons: $10^{17} \pi$, $10^{16} K$, $10^{15} D$, $10^{14} B$ with $E \sim \text{TeV}$

Production

Pion

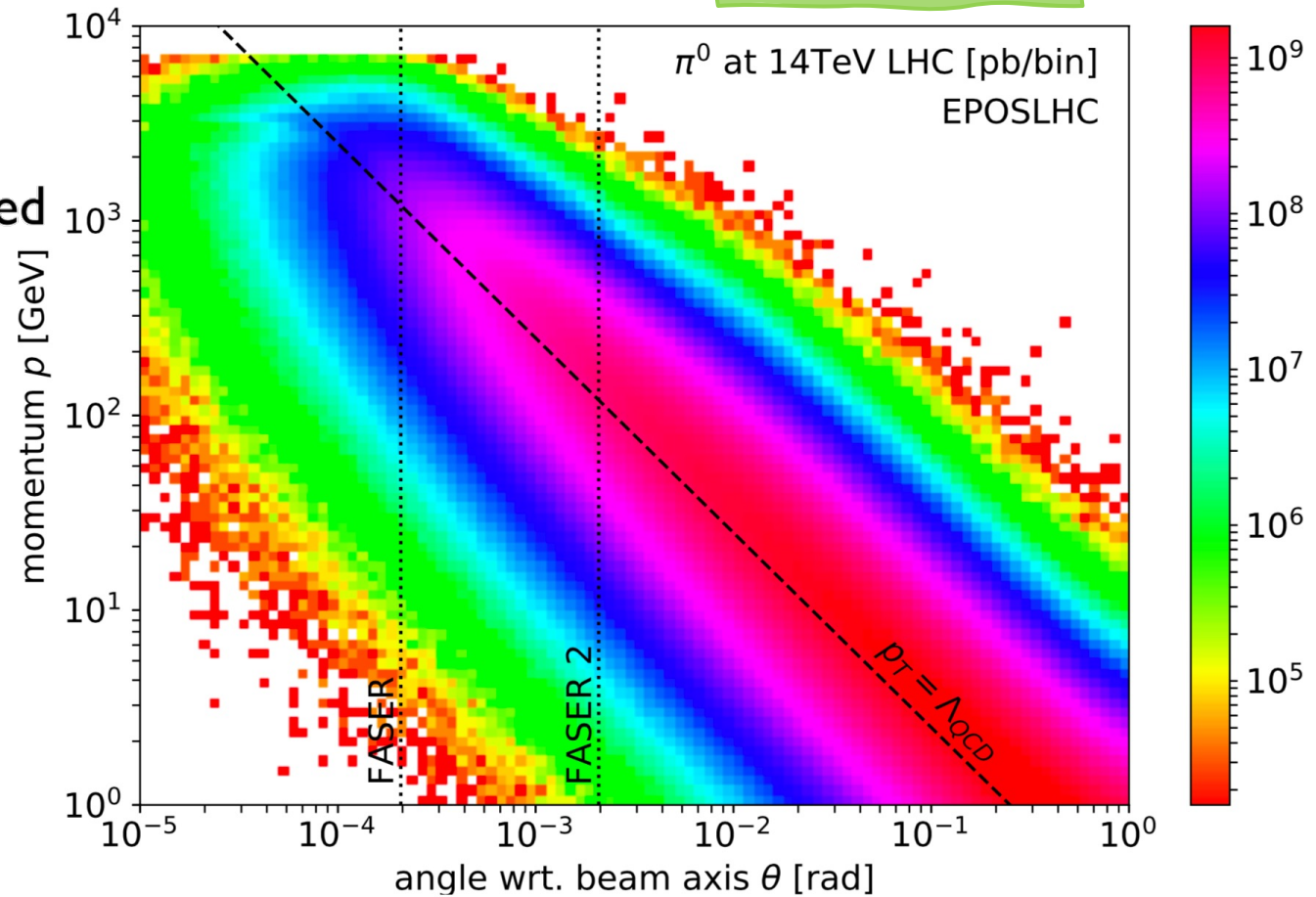
boosted mesons highly collimated

$$p \cdot \theta = p_T \sim \Lambda_{QCD}$$

$$N_\pi = 10^{18} \text{ at } 3000 \text{ fb}^{-1}$$

FASER: radius $R = 10 \text{ cm}$,
length $D = 1.5 \text{ m}$,
FASER 2: radius $R = 1 \text{ m}$,
length $D = 5 \text{ m}$.

FORESEE



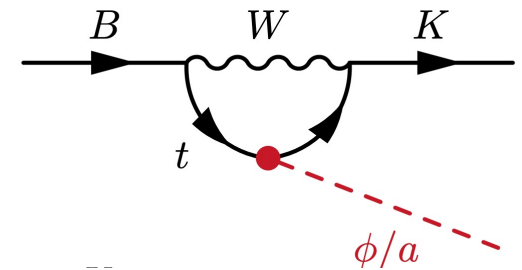
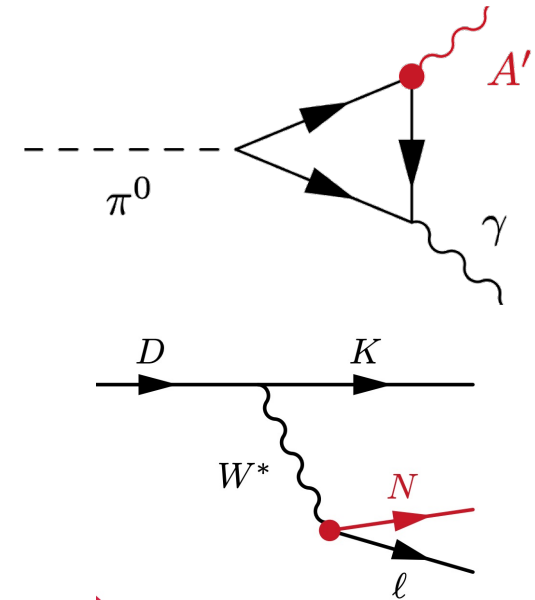
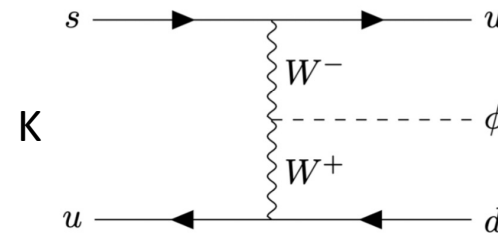
Production: CP even scalar

$$\mathcal{L} = -\frac{1}{2}m_\phi^2\phi^2 - \sum_f \xi_\phi^f \frac{m_f}{v} \phi \bar{f} f + \xi_\phi^W \frac{2m_W^2}{v} \phi W^{\mu+} W_\mu^- + \xi_\phi^Z \frac{m_Z^2}{v} \phi Z^\mu Z_\mu \\ + \xi_\phi^g \frac{\alpha_s}{12\pi v} \phi G_{\mu\nu}^a G^{a\mu\nu} + \xi_\phi^\gamma \frac{\alpha}{4\pi v} \phi F_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu}.$$

$$K \rightarrow \pi\phi, \eta^{(\prime)} \rightarrow \pi\phi, D \rightarrow X_u\phi, B \rightarrow X_s\phi$$

$$\pi^+ \rightarrow \ell\nu\phi \quad K^+ \rightarrow \ell\nu\phi \quad \Upsilon \rightarrow \phi\gamma$$

meson	quark content	mass (MeV)
$\pi^\pm$	$u\bar{d}$	139.57018 ± 0.00035
π^0	$\frac{u\bar{u}-d\bar{d}}{\sqrt{2}}$ [a]	134.9766 ± 0.0006
η	$\frac{u\bar{u}+d\bar{d}-2s\bar{s}}{\sqrt{6}}$ [a]	547.853 ± 0.024
η'	$\frac{u\bar{u}+d\bar{d}+s\bar{s}}{\sqrt{3}}$ [a]	957.66 ± 0.24



Production: CP even scalar

Main contribution

$$K^\pm: 493.677 \pm 0.016 \text{ MeV/}$$

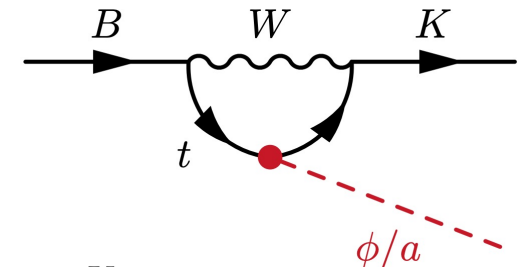
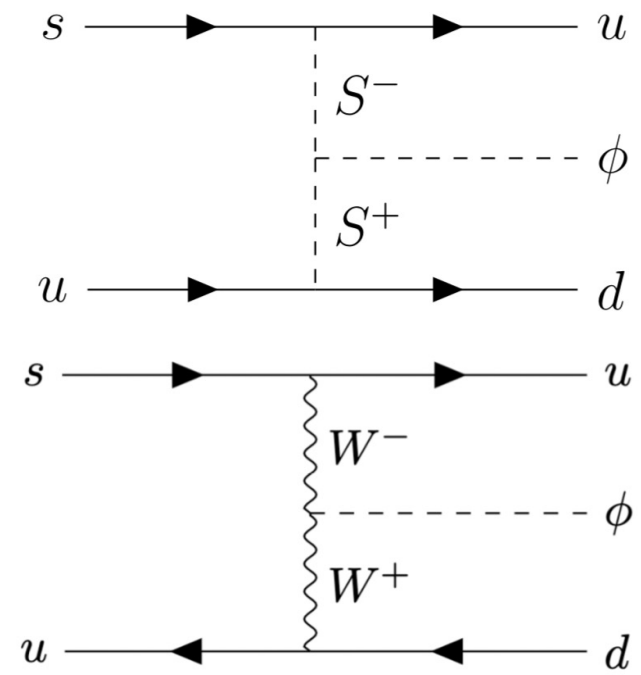
$$K^0: 497.611 \pm 0.013 \text{ MeV/}$$

$$\text{Br}(K^\pm \rightarrow \pi^\pm \phi) = \frac{1}{\Gamma_{K^\pm}} \frac{2p_\phi^0}{m_{K^\pm}} \frac{|\mathcal{M}|^2}{16\pi m_{K^\pm}},$$

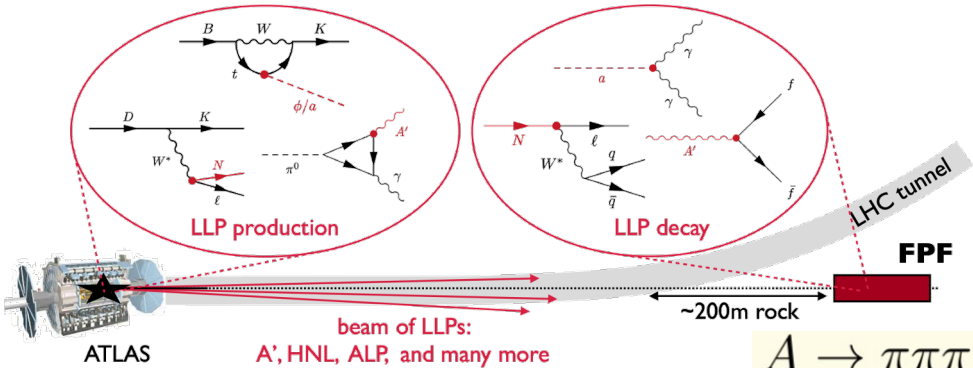
$$\mathcal{M}(K^\pm \rightarrow \pi^\pm \phi) = G_F^{1/2} 2^{1/4} \xi_\phi^W \left[\frac{7\lambda(m_{K^\pm}^2 + m_{\pi^\pm}^2 - m_\phi^2)}{18} - \frac{7Am_{K^\pm}^2}{9} \right] + \frac{\xi_\phi^{ds}}{2v} m_s \frac{m_{K^\pm}^2 - m_{\pi^\pm}^2}{m_s - m_d} f_0^{K^\pm \pi^\pm}(q^2)$$

$$\frac{\text{Br}(B \rightarrow X_s \phi)}{\text{Br}(B \rightarrow X_c e \nu)} = \frac{\Gamma(b \rightarrow s \phi)}{\Gamma(b \rightarrow c e \nu)} = \frac{12\pi^2 v^2}{m_b^2} \left(1 - \frac{m_\phi^2}{m_b^2}\right)^2 \frac{1}{f(m_c^2/m_b^2)} \left| \frac{\xi_\phi^{bs}}{V_{cb}} \right|^2$$

b: 4.18 GeV, B: around 5.3 GeV,



Decay : CP even scalar



Well studied

$A \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
$A \rightarrow e^+e^-$	$H \rightarrow e^+e^-$
$A \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$	$H \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$
$A \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$	$H \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$
$A \rightarrow q\bar{q}$	$H \rightarrow c\bar{c}$
$A \rightarrow gg$	$H \rightarrow s\bar{s}$
	$H \rightarrow gg$

?

$H \rightarrow \pi\pi$
$H \rightarrow KK$
$H \rightarrow \pi\pi\pi\pi$

$A \rightarrow \pi\pi\pi$
$A \rightarrow \eta\pi\pi$
$A \rightarrow \eta'\pi\pi$
$A \rightarrow \eta\eta\pi$
$A \rightarrow KK\pi$
$A \rightarrow \gamma\pi\pi$
$A \rightarrow \eta\eta'\pi$
$A \rightarrow \eta'\eta'\pi$
$A \rightarrow \eta\eta\eta$
$A \rightarrow \eta\eta\eta'$
$A \rightarrow \eta\eta'\eta'$
$A \rightarrow \eta'\eta'\eta'$
$A \rightarrow \eta KK$
$A \rightarrow \eta' KK$

Chiral Perturbativity...

arXiv:1809.01876
arXiv:1612.06538

Scale-ind

Scale > 2/3 GeV

Decay: CP even scalar

$$m_\phi < 2 \text{ GeV}$$

$$H \rightarrow \pi\pi$$

$$H \rightarrow KK$$

$$H \rightarrow \pi\pi\pi\pi$$

$$\Gamma_{\pi\pi} = \frac{3G_F}{16\sqrt{2}\pi m_\Phi} \beta_\pi \left| \xi_\Phi^{gg} \frac{2}{27} (\Theta_\pi - \Gamma_\pi - \Delta_\pi) + \frac{m_u \xi_\Phi^u + m_d \xi_\Phi^d}{m_u + m_d} \Gamma_\pi + (\xi_\Phi^s) \Delta_\pi \right|^2$$

$$\Gamma_{KK} = \frac{G_F}{4\sqrt{2}\pi m_\Phi} \beta_K \left| \xi_\Phi^{gg} \frac{2}{27} (\Theta_K - \Gamma_K - \Delta_K) + \frac{m_u \xi_\Phi^u + m_d \xi_\Phi^d}{m_u + m_d} \Gamma_K + (\xi_\Phi^s) \Delta_K \right|^2$$

$$\Gamma_\pi = \langle \pi\pi | m_u \bar{u}u + m_d \bar{d}d | 0 \rangle, \quad \Delta_\pi = \langle \pi\pi | m_s \bar{s}s | 0 \rangle, \quad \Theta_\pi = \langle \pi\pi | \Theta_\mu^\mu | 0 \rangle$$

Leading order chiral perturbation theory

$$\Gamma_\pi^0 = m_\pi^2,$$

$$\Delta_\pi^0 = 0,$$

$$\Theta_\pi^0 = s + 2m_\pi^2$$

$$\Gamma_K^0 = \frac{1}{2} m_\pi^2,$$

$$\Delta_K^0 = m_K^2 - \frac{1}{2} m_\pi^2,$$

$$\Theta_K^0 = s + 2m_K^2$$

$$m_\phi < 0.5 \text{ GeV}$$

Decay: CP even scalar

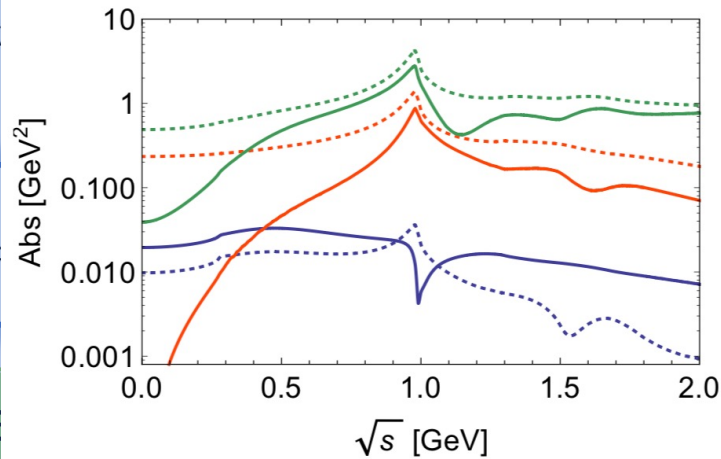
$$m_\phi < 2 \text{ GeV}$$

$$H \rightarrow \pi\pi$$

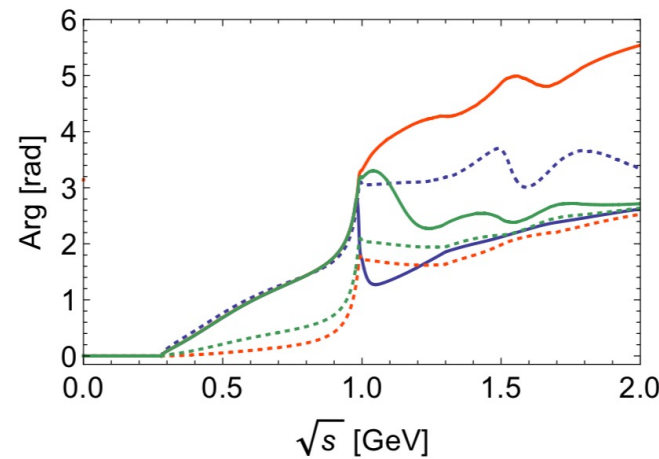
$$H \rightarrow KK$$

$$H \rightarrow \pi\pi\pi\pi$$

Dispersive Analysis



Γ_π
 Γ_K
 Δ_π
 Δ_K
 Θ_π
 Θ_K



$$m_\phi > 0.5 \text{ GeV}$$

Γ_π
 Γ_K
 Δ_π
 Δ_K
 Θ_π
 Θ_K

$$\Gamma_\pi^0 = m_\pi^2,$$

$$\Delta_\pi^0 = 0,$$

$$\Theta_\pi^0 = s + 2m_\pi^2$$

$$\Gamma_K^0 = \frac{1}{2}m_\pi^2,$$

$$\Delta_K^0 = m_K^2 - \frac{1}{2}m_\pi^2,$$

$$\Theta_K^0 = s + 2m_K^2$$

Constraint and 2HDM

Benchmark Scenario

$$\textit{Light } H : \cos(\beta - \alpha) = \frac{1}{\tan \beta}, \quad m_A = m_{H^\pm} = 600 \text{ GeV}, \quad \lambda v^2 = 0 \text{ GeV}^2,$$

$$\textit{Light } A : \cos(\beta - \alpha) = 0, \quad m_H = m_{H^\pm} = 90 \text{ GeV}, \quad \lambda v^2 = 0 \text{ GeV}^2.$$

$$\xi_A^f|_{\cos(\beta-\alpha)=0} = 1/\tan \beta,$$

$$\xi_H^V = c_{\beta-\alpha} = 1/\tan \beta,$$

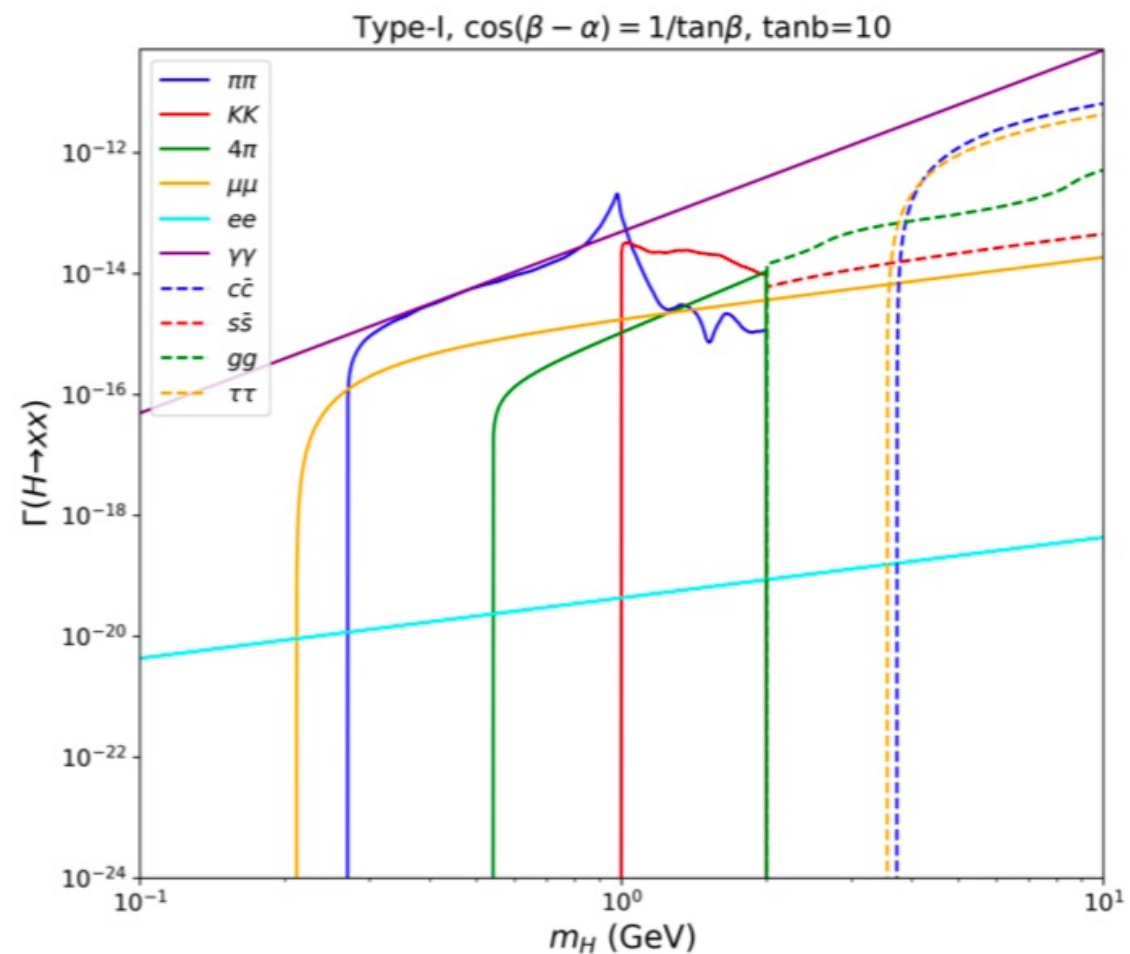
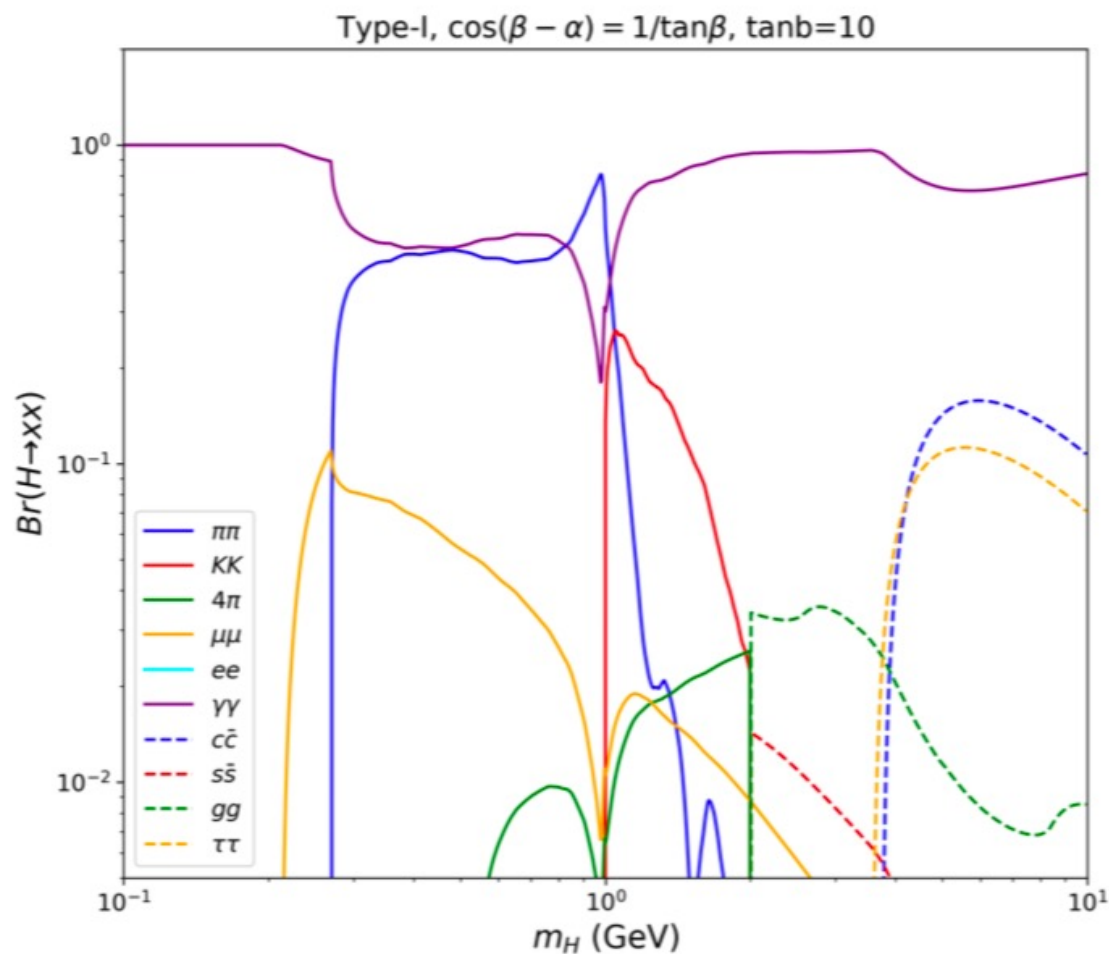
$$\xi_H^f = c_{\beta-\alpha}(1 - s_{\beta-\alpha}) \approx 1/(2 \tan^3 \beta) + \mathcal{O}(c_{\beta-\alpha}^5)$$

Light H is easier to be long lived

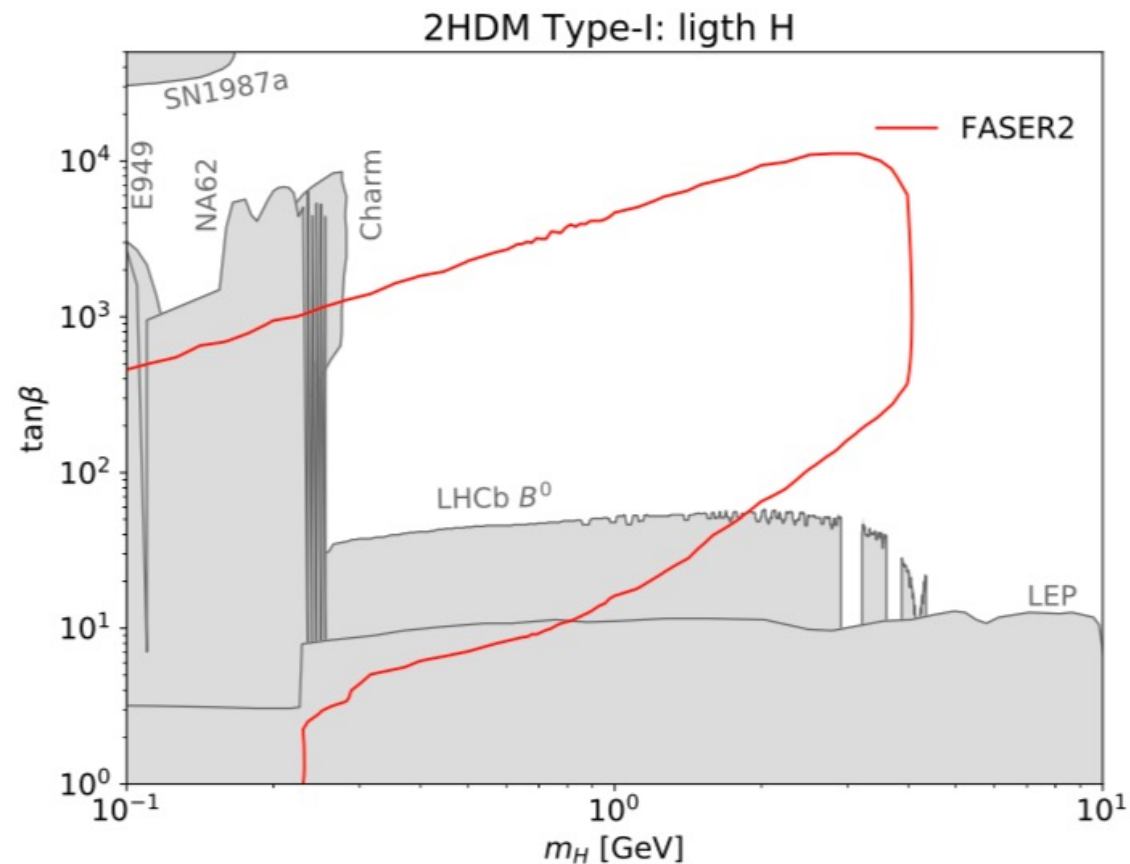
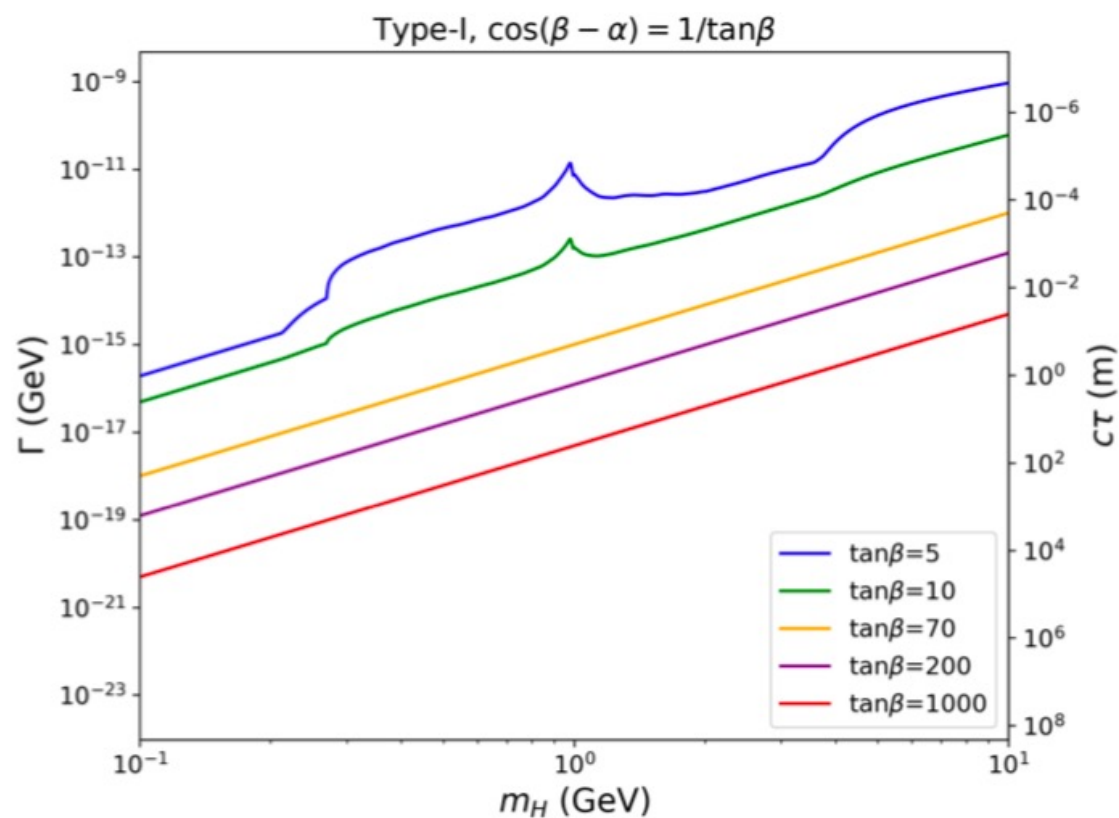
Results: CP even

$$\xi_H^V = c_{\beta-\alpha} = 1/\tan\beta,$$

$$\xi_H^f = c_{\beta-\alpha}(1 - s_{\beta-\alpha}) \approx 1/(2\tan^3\beta) + \mathcal{O}(c_{\beta-\alpha}^5)$$

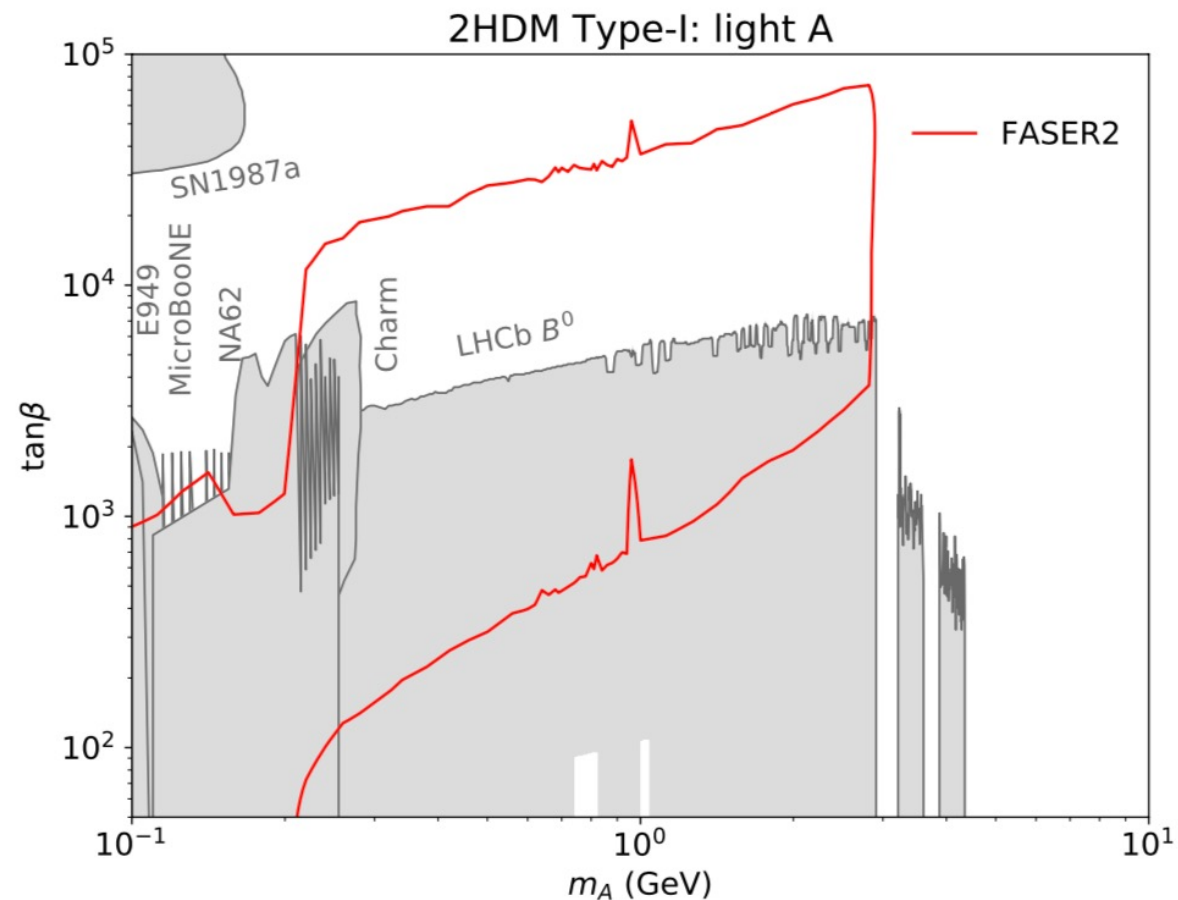
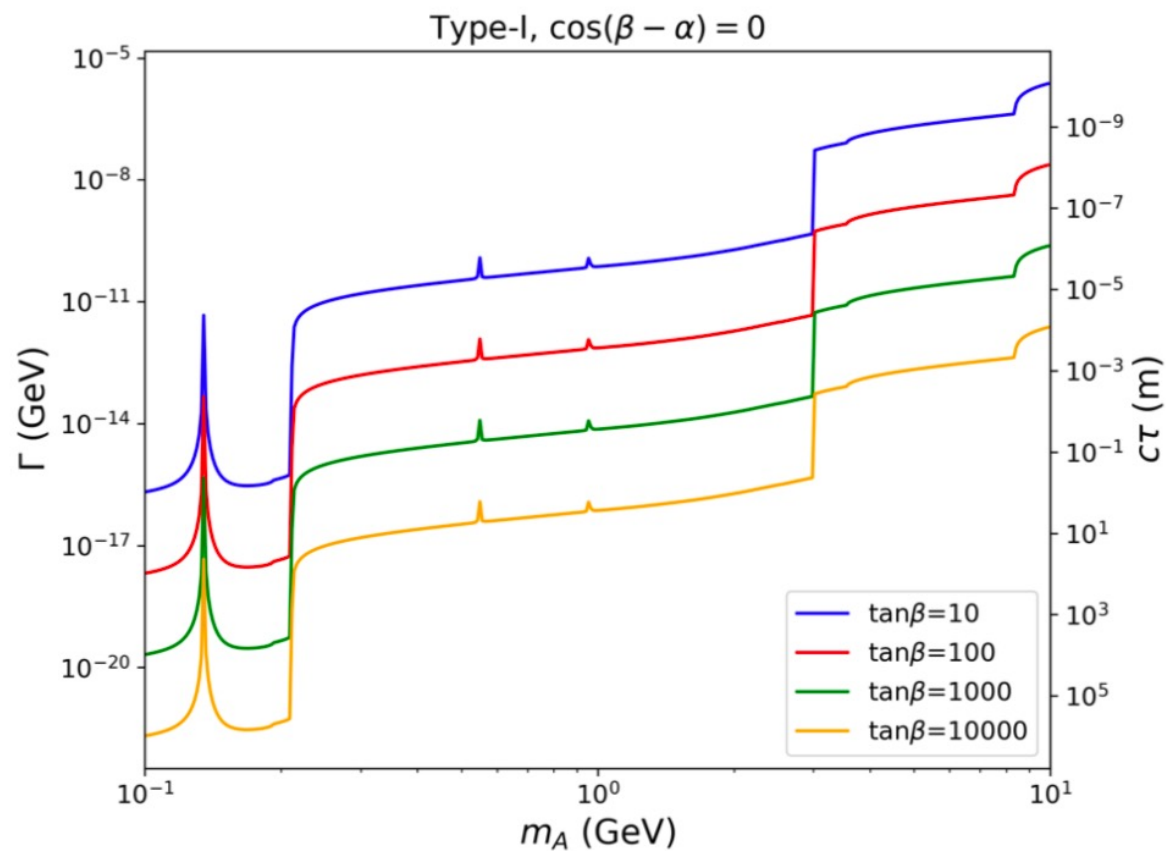


Results: CP even



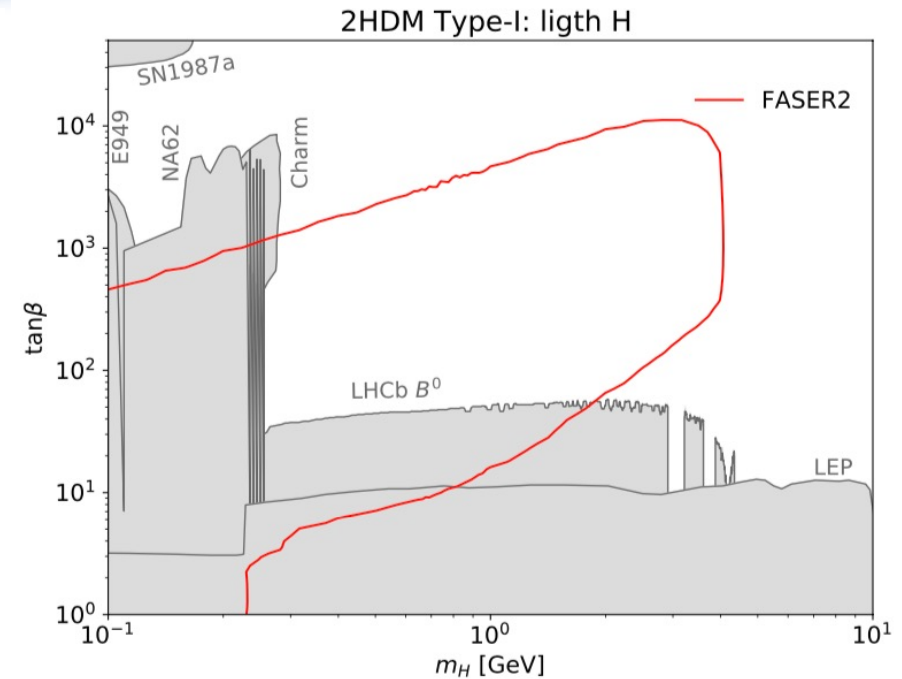
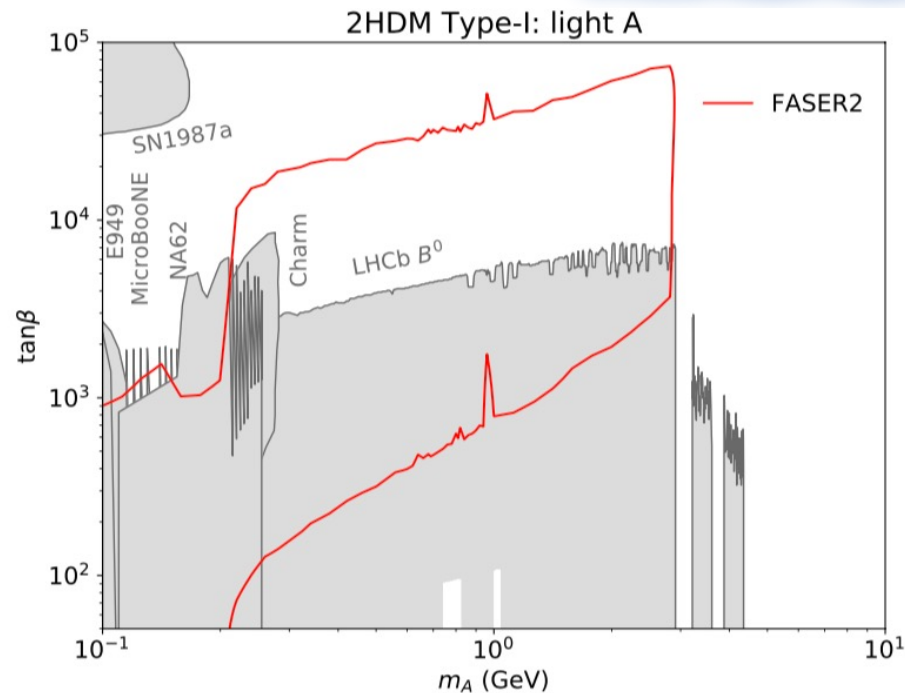
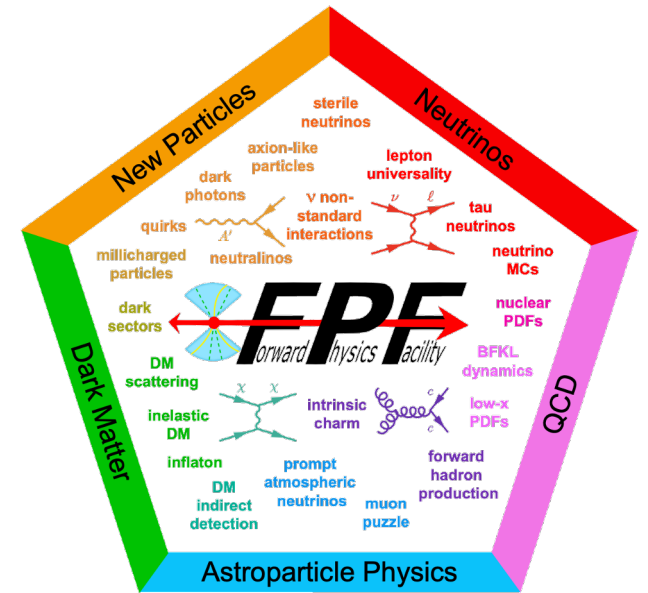
Results: CP odd

$$\xi_A^f|_{\cos(\beta-\alpha)=0} = 1/\tan\beta$$



Summary

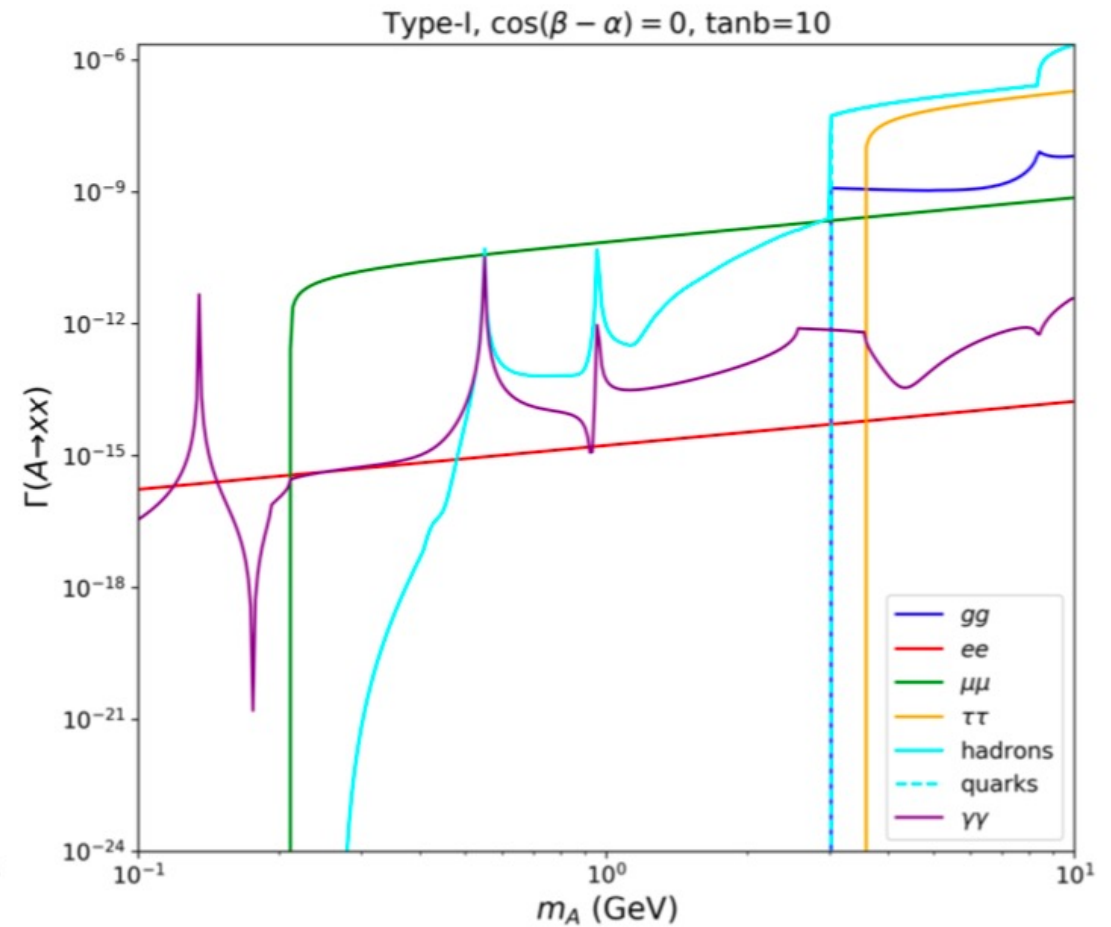
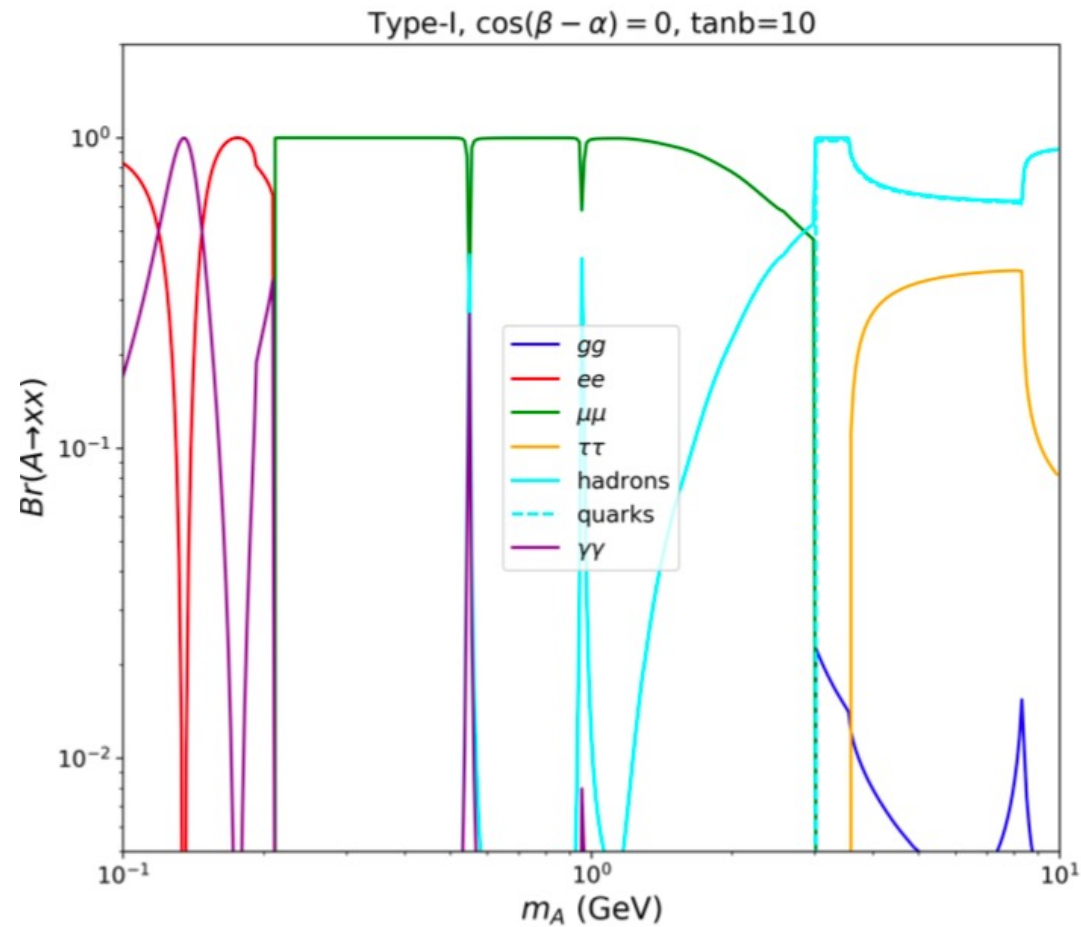
- General study
 - Production
 - Decay
 - Constraints
- Case study: 2HDM results



Thanks !

Results: CP odd

$$\xi_A^f|_{\cos(\beta-\alpha)=0} = 1/\tan\beta$$



Decay: CP even scalar

$$m_\Phi < 2 \text{ GeV}$$

$$H \rightarrow \pi\pi$$

$$H \rightarrow KK$$

$$H \rightarrow \pi\pi\pi\pi$$

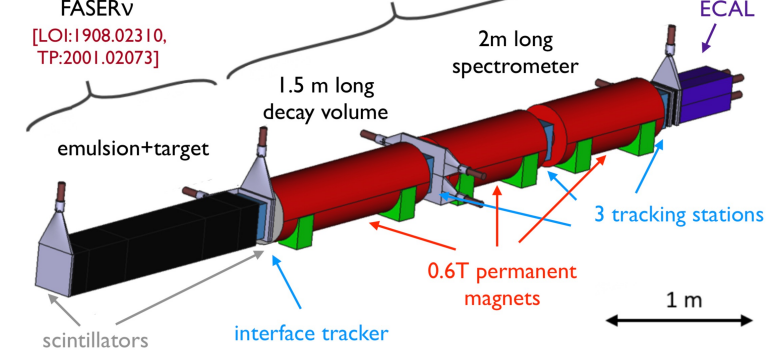
$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L} &\supset \frac{\Phi}{v} \left(\xi_\Phi^g \frac{\alpha_s}{12\pi} G_{\mu\nu}^a G^{a\mu\nu} - \xi_\Phi^u m_u \bar{u}u - \xi_\Phi^d m_d \bar{d}d - \xi_\Phi^s m_s \bar{s}s \right) \\ &= -\frac{\Phi}{v} \left\{ \xi_\Phi^g \left[\frac{2}{27} \Theta_\mu^\mu - \frac{2}{27} (m_u \bar{u}u + m_d \bar{d}d + m_s \bar{s}s) \right] + (\xi_\Phi^u m_u \bar{u}u + \xi_\Phi^d m_d \bar{d}d + \xi_\Phi^s m_s \bar{s}s) \right\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Theta_\mu^\mu = -\frac{9\alpha_s}{8\pi} G_{\mu\nu}^a G^{a\mu\nu} + m_u \bar{u}u + m_d \bar{d}d + m_s \bar{s}s.$$

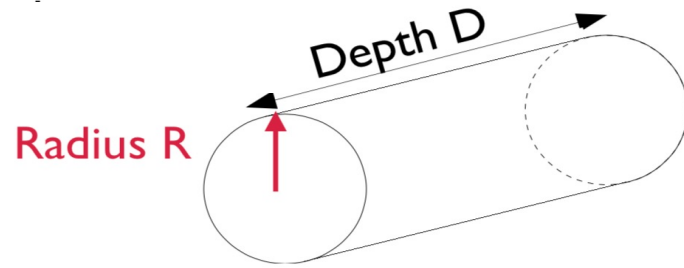
$$\Gamma_\pi = \langle \pi\pi | m_u \bar{u}u + m_d \bar{d}d | 0 \rangle, \quad \Delta_\pi = \langle \pi\pi | m_s \bar{s}s | 0 \rangle, \quad \Theta_\pi = \langle \pi\pi | \Theta_\mu^\mu | 0 \rangle$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Gamma_{\pi\pi} &= \frac{3G_F}{16\sqrt{2}\pi m_\Phi} \beta_\pi \left| \xi_\Phi^{gg} \frac{2}{27} (\Theta_\pi - \Gamma_\pi - \Delta_\pi) + \frac{m_u \xi_\Phi^u + m_d \xi_\Phi^d}{m_u + m_d} \Gamma_\pi + (\xi_\Phi^s) \Delta_\pi \right|^2 \\ \Gamma_{KK} &= \frac{G_F}{4\sqrt{2}\pi m_\Phi} \beta_K \left| \xi_\Phi^{gg} \frac{2}{27} (\Theta_K - \Gamma_K - \Delta_K) + \frac{m_u \xi_\Phi^u + m_d \xi_\Phi^d}{m_u + m_d} \Gamma_K + (\xi_\Phi^s) \Delta_K \right|^2 \end{aligned}$$

FASER: Detector



$pp \rightarrow \text{LLP} + X$, LLP travels ~ 480 m, $\text{LLP} \rightarrow \text{charged tracks} + X$



FASER: radius $R = 10$ cm, length $D = 1.5$ m, luminosity $L = 150 \text{ fb}^{-1}$,
FASER 2: radius $R = 1$ m, length $D = 5$ m, luminosity $L = 3 \text{ ab}^{-1}$.

