



COMPLEMENTARY CONSTRAINTS ON $Zb\bar{b}$ COUPLING AT THE LHC

钱卓妮 @ 2022高能物理学术年会

Work in progress with Fady Bishara

Table of Contents:

- Motivation and Background
- Asymmetric Observable for $gg \rightarrow b\bar{b}\ell^-\ell^+$
- Off-shell: through $m_{\ell\ell}$
- Simulation and Realistic fits
- Systematic Error and Alternative Observable
- Conclusion

Motivation: A persistent discrepancy between Exp. and SM prediction: $Zb\bar{b}$ coupling

L,R $Zb\bar{b}$ Coupling and the SM prediction:

$$\mathcal{L}_{Zb\bar{b}} = \frac{-e}{s_W c_W} Z_\mu (g_L \bar{b}_R \gamma^\mu b_L + g_R \bar{b}_L \gamma^\mu b_R)$$

$$g_{L,SM} = -1/2 + s_W^2/3$$

$$g_{R,SM} = s_W^2/3$$

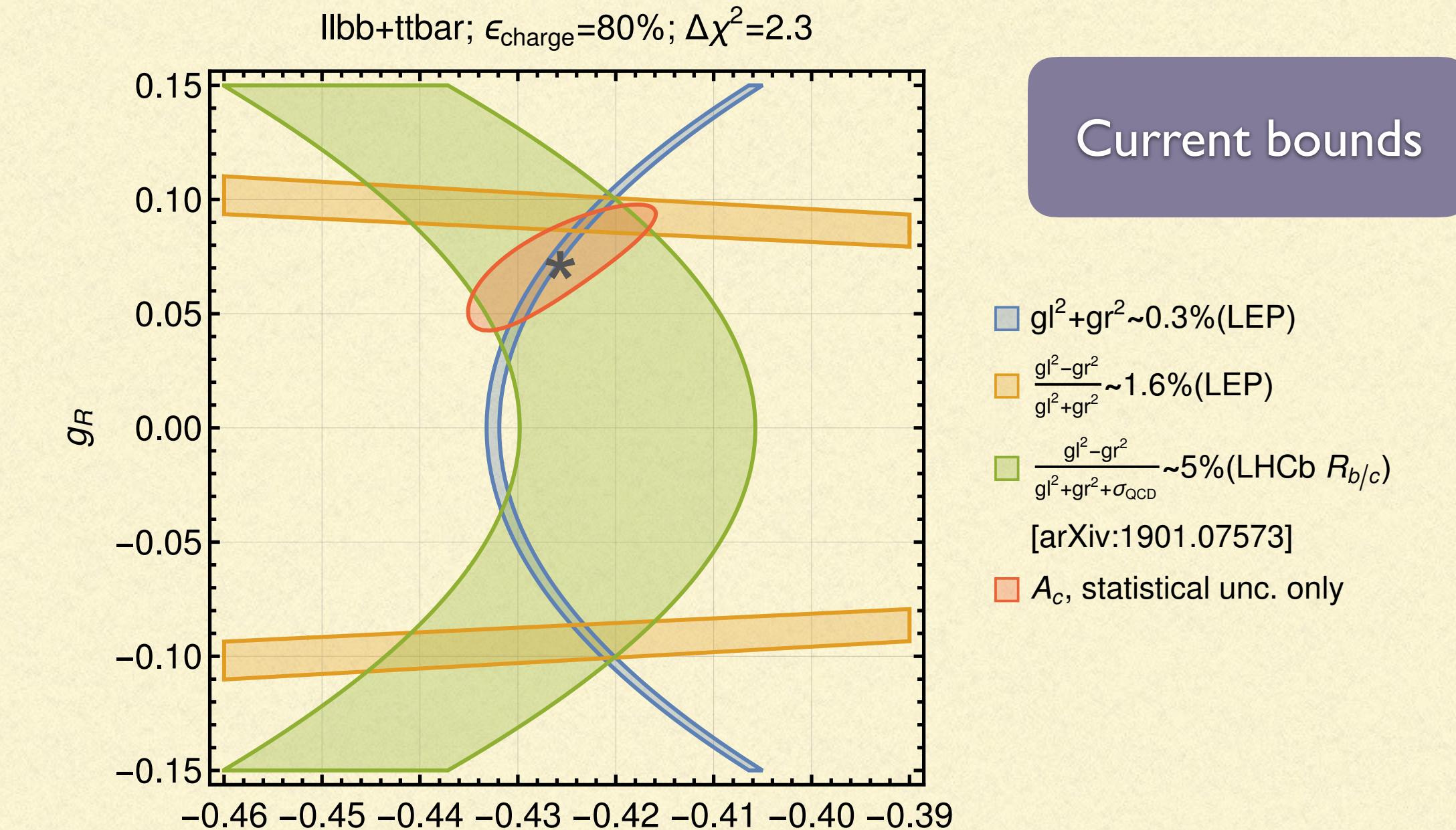
Symmetric / asymmetric observable

$$(LEP) \quad \frac{\sigma_Q^{inc}}{\sigma_q^{inc}} = R_Q \propto (g_{Q,L}^2 + g_{Q,R}^2)$$

$$(LEP) \quad \frac{\sigma^A}{\sigma^{inc}} = A_{FB} \propto \frac{(g_{Q,L}^2 - g_{Q,R}^2)(g_{e,L}^2 - g_{e,R}^2)}{(g_{Q,L}^2 + g_{Q,R}^2)(g_{e,L}^2 + g_{e,R}^2)}$$

$$(Tevatron, LHCb) \quad A_{FB} \propto \frac{(g_{Q,L}^2 - g_{Q,R}^2)}{(g_{Q,L}^2 + g_{Q,R}^2) + \sigma_{QCD}}$$

$$(LHCb) \quad R_{b/c} \propto A_b/A_c$$



$$\begin{aligned} g_L \\ \delta R_Q &\sim g_{Q,L} \delta g_{Q,L} + g_{q,R} \delta g_{q,R} \\ \delta A_{FB}(\text{LEP}) &\sim \frac{4g_{Q,L}^2 g_{Q,R}^2}{g_{Q,L}^2 + g_{Q,R}^2} \left(\frac{\delta g_{Q,L}}{g_{Q,L}} - \frac{\delta g_{q,R}}{g_{q,R}} \right) \\ \delta A_{FB}(\text{LHCb}) &\sim \frac{2}{\sigma_{QCD}} (g_{Q,L} \delta g_{Q,L} - g_{q,R} \delta g_{q,R}) \quad (\text{for } \sigma_{QCD} \gg \sigma_Z), \end{aligned} \quad \boxed{\rightarrow}$$

For small deviation, R_Q and A_{FB} give orthogonal bounds

Motivation: A persistent discrepancy between Exp. and SM prediction: $Zb\bar{b}$ coupling

LEP(2.9σ) SLD(1σ) @ Z-pole: $e^-e^+ \rightarrow Z^* \rightarrow b\bar{b}$
 [hep-ex/0509008], 1407.3792

Tevatron/LHCb: $q\bar{q} \rightarrow Z^* \rightarrow b\bar{b}$
 1504.06888, 1505.02429, 1504.02493, 1901.07573

Future Proposal e^-e^+ collider: 1508.07010, 2107.02134
 HL-LHC processes: 2101.06261 ($gg \rightarrow Zh$)

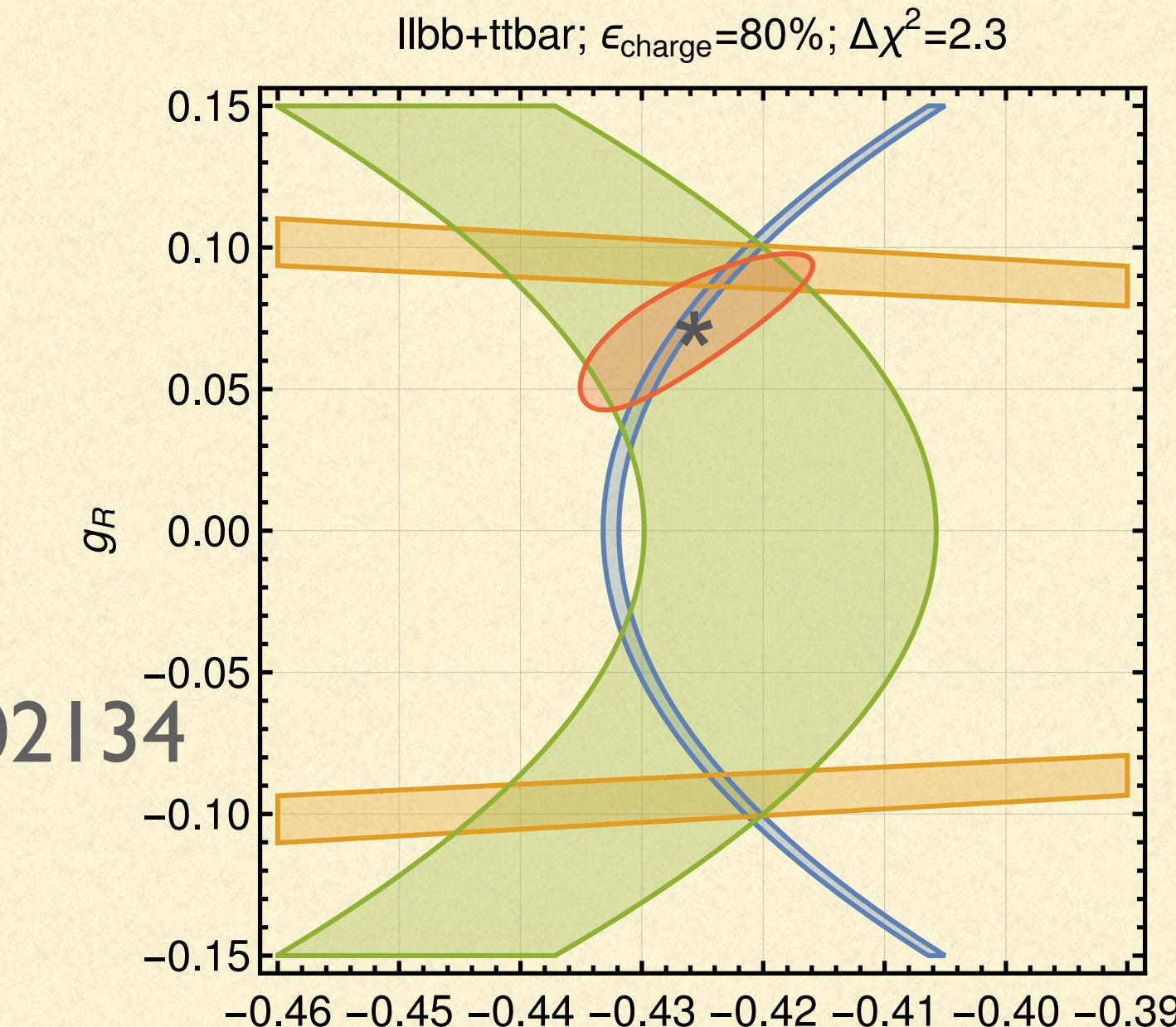
Symmetric / asymmetric observable: $\sqrt{s} \approx m_Z$

$$(\text{LEP}) \quad \frac{\sigma_Q^{inc}}{\sigma_q^{inc}} = R_Q \propto (g_{Q,L}^2 + g_{Q,R}^2)$$

$$(\text{LEP}) \quad \frac{\sigma^A}{\sigma^{inc}} = A_{FB} \propto \frac{(g_{Q,L}^2 - g_{Q,R}^2)(g_{e,L}^2 - g_{e,R}^2)}{(g_{Q,L}^2 + g_{Q,R}^2)(g_{e,L}^2 + g_{e,R}^2)}$$

$$(\text{Tevatron, LHCb}) \quad A_{FB} \propto \frac{(g_{Q,L}^2 - g_{Q,R}^2)}{(g_{Q,L}^2 + g_{Q,R}^2) + \sigma_{\text{QCD}}}$$

$$(\text{LHCb}) \quad R_{b/c} \propto A_b/A_c$$



Current bounds

- $g_L^2 + g_R^2 \sim 0.3\%$ (LEP)
- $\frac{g_L^2 - g_R^2}{g_L^2 + g_R^2} \sim 1.6\%$ (LEP)
- $\frac{g_L^2 - g_R^2}{g_L^2 + g_R^2 + \sigma_{\text{QCD}}} \sim 5\%$ (LHCb $R_{b/c}$)
- [arXiv:1901.07573]
- A_c , statistical unc. only

$$\begin{aligned} \delta R_Q &\sim g_{Q,L} \delta g_{Q,L} + g_{q,R} \delta g_{q,R} \\ \delta A_{FB}(\text{LEP}) &\sim \frac{4g_{Q,L}^2 g_{Q,R}^2}{g_{Q,L}^2 + g_{Q,R}^2} \left(\frac{\delta g_{Q,L}}{g_{Q,L}} - \frac{\delta g_{q,R}}{g_{q,R}} \right) \\ \delta A_{FB}(\text{LHCb}) &\sim \frac{2}{\sigma_{\text{QCD}}} (g_{Q,L} \delta g_{Q,L} - g_{q,R} \delta g_{q,R}) \quad (\text{for } \sigma_{\text{QCD}} \gg \sigma_Z), \end{aligned} \quad \boxed{\Rightarrow}$$

For small deviation, R_Q and A_{FB} give orthogonal bounds

Observable for the $gg \rightarrow b\bar{b}\ell^-\ell^+$ process:

Total cross section: $\propto g_L^2 + g_R^2$

Systematics dominant (>2-3%) and not competitive with LEP (0.3%)

Asymmetric observable:

In the massless fermion limit, for the Z -mediated channel:

$g_L \rightarrow b_L, \bar{b}_R \rightarrow b(-), \bar{b}(+); g_R \rightarrow b_R, \bar{b}_L \rightarrow b(+), \bar{b}(-)$

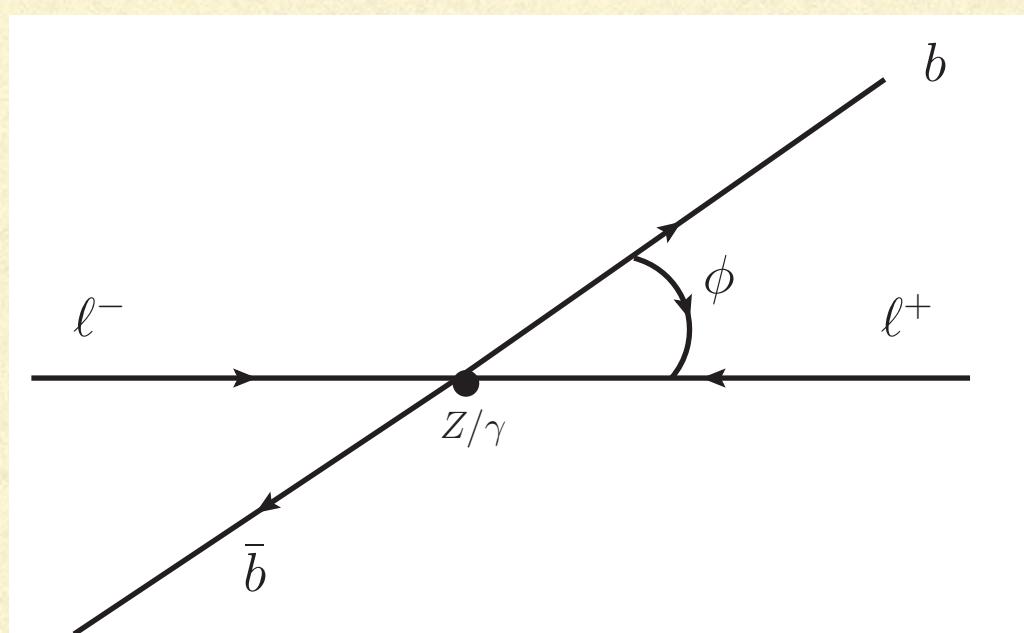
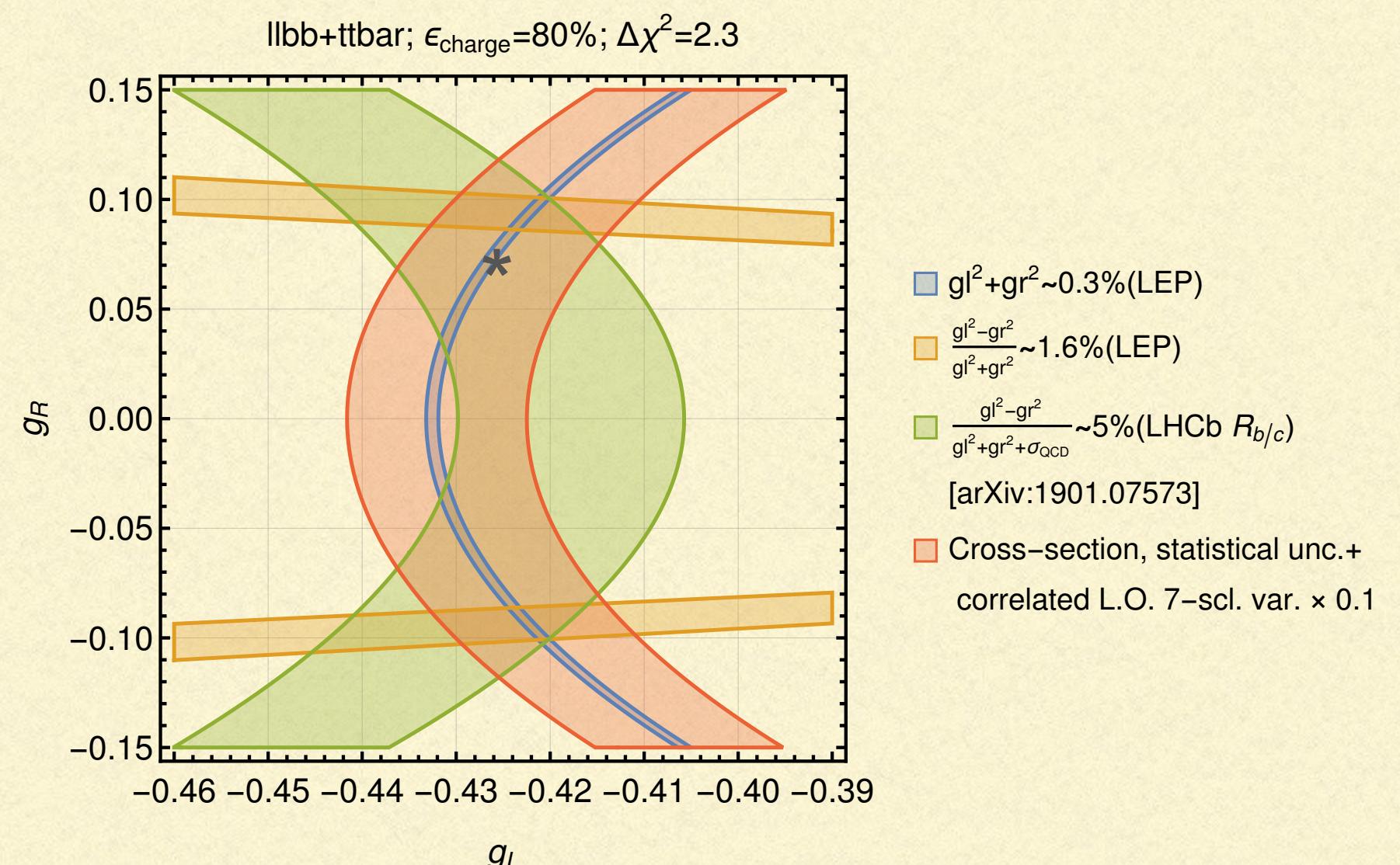
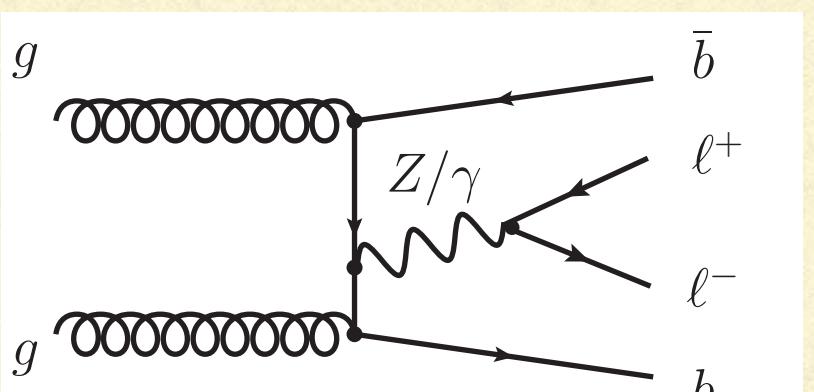
Chirality of the coupling $\{g_L, g_R\}$ corresponds to charge ordering:

$$\mathcal{M}_L^{-+}(b, \bar{b}) = \mathcal{M}_R^{-+}(\bar{b}, b)$$

$\{g_L, g_R\}$ asymmetric term $\Leftrightarrow \{b, \bar{b}\}$ Asymmetric observable:

A_{FB} : whether b/\bar{b} is closer to the ℓ^- (Forward) direction: $sign(\cos \phi)$

Or in Lorentz invariant form $(p_b - p_{\bar{b}})(p_{\ell^-} - p_{\ell_+})$



Observable for the $gg \rightarrow b\bar{b}\ell^-\ell^+$ process:

Polarisation summed $\overline{|\mathcal{M}|^2}(\ell^-\ell^+ \rightarrow Z^*/\gamma^* \rightarrow b\bar{b})$:

$$|\mathcal{M}|^2 = |\mathcal{M}_S|^2(p_b, p_{\bar{b}}, p_{\ell^-}, p_{\ell^+})$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{m_{\ell\ell}^4} + \frac{9/4}{\sin \theta_W^4 \cos \theta_W^4} \frac{(g_{Q,L}^2 + g_{Q,R}^2)(g_{e,L}^2 + g_{e,R}^2)}{(m_{\ell\ell}^2 - M_Z^2)^2 + \Gamma_Z^2 M_Z^2} + \frac{3/2}{\sin \theta_W^2 \cos \theta_W^2} \frac{(m_{\ell\ell}^2 - M_Z^2)(g_{Q,L} + g_{Q,R})(g_{e,L} + g_{e,R})}{m_{\ell\ell}^2((m_{\ell\ell}^2 - M_Z^2)^2 + \Gamma_Z^2 M_Z^2)} \right)$$

$$+ |\mathcal{M}_A|^2(p_b, p_{\bar{b}}, p_{\ell^-}, p_{\ell^+})$$

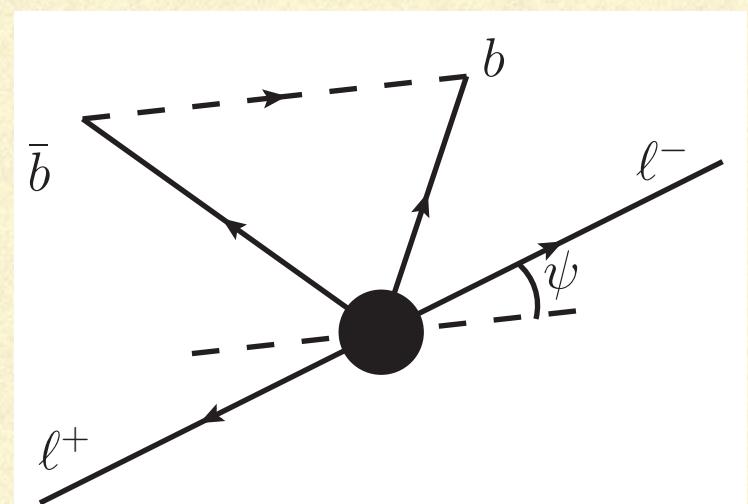
$$\left(\frac{9/4}{\sin \theta_W^4 \cos \theta_W^4} \frac{(g_{Q,L}^2 - g_{Q,R}^2)(g_{e,L}^2 - g_{e,R}^2)}{(m_{\ell\ell}^2 - M_Z^2)^2 + \Gamma_Z^2 M_Z^2} + \frac{3/2}{\sin \theta_W^2 \cos \theta_W^2} \frac{(m_{\ell\ell}^2 - M_Z^2)(g_{Q,L} - g_{Q,R})(g_{e,L} - g_{e,R})}{m_{\ell\ell}^2((m_{\ell\ell}^2 - M_Z^2)^2 + \Gamma_Z^2 M_Z^2)} \right).$$

Similar to the LEP process:

The asymmetric Lorentz invariant coefficient for $\{g_L, g_R\}$ asymmetric term

$$(p_b - p_{\bar{b}}) \cdot (p_{\ell^-} - p_{\ell^+})$$

Define angle in the Z^* ($m_{\ell\ell}$) rest frame: $sign(\cos\psi)$ between $\vec{p}_b - \vec{p}_{\bar{b}}$ and \vec{p}_{ℓ^-}



Through $m_{\ell\ell}$ Analysis:

γ, Z and interference contribution $gg \rightarrow Z b\bar{b}, Z \rightarrow \ell^-\ell^+$

$$\frac{d\sigma_\gamma}{dm_{\ell\ell}} = F(m_{\ell\ell}) \frac{1}{m_{\ell\ell}^4}$$

$$\frac{d\sigma_Z}{dm_{\ell\ell}} = F(m_{\ell\ell}) \frac{9/4}{(\sin \theta_W^2 \cos \theta_W^2)^2} \frac{(g_{Q,L}^2 + g_{Q,R}^2)(g_{e,L}^2 + g_{e,R}^2)}{(m_{\ell\ell}^2 - M_Z^2)^2 + \Gamma_Z^2 M_Z^2}$$

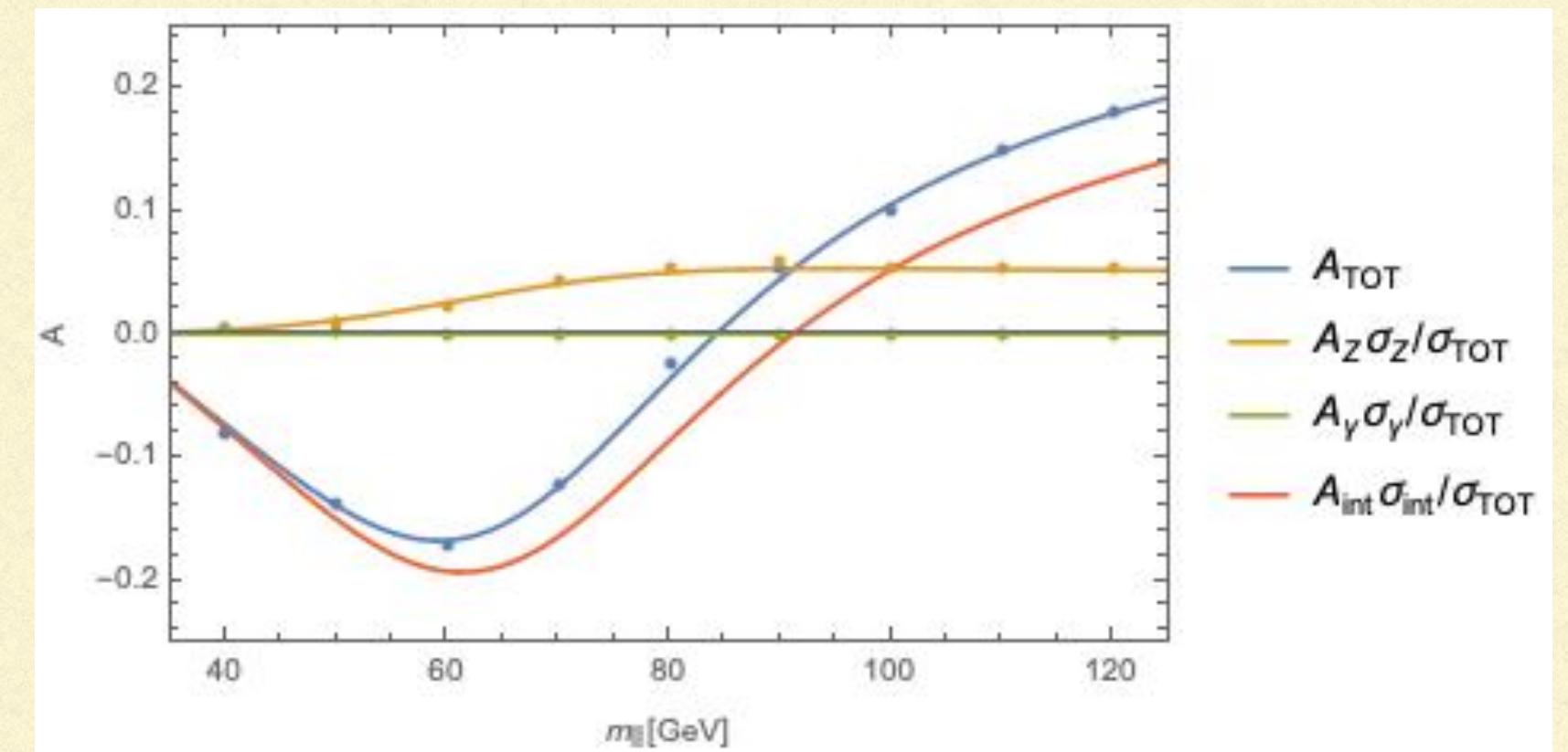
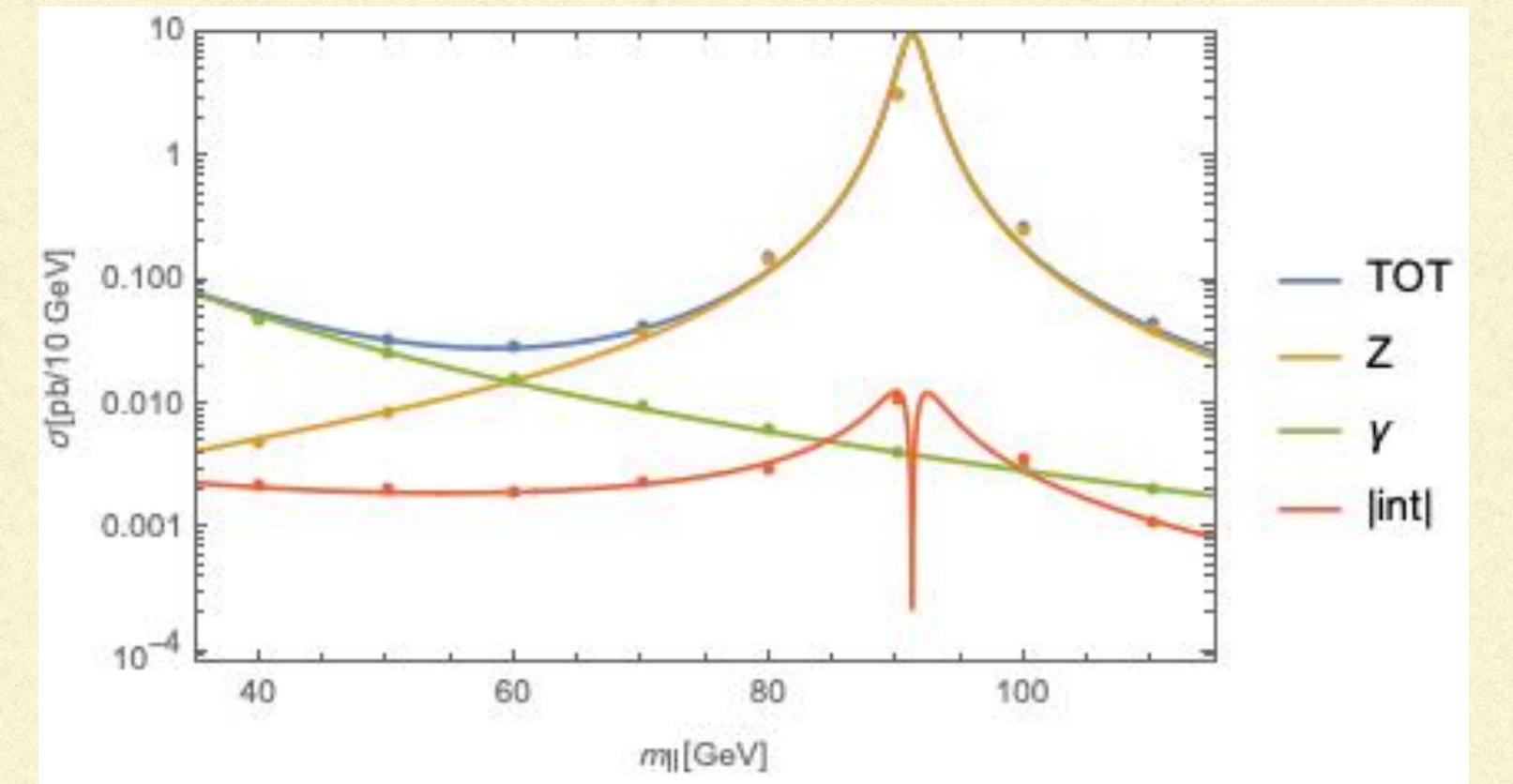
$$\frac{d\sigma_{\text{int}}}{dm_{\ell\ell}} = F(m_{\ell\ell}) \frac{3/2}{\sin \theta_W^2 \cos \theta_W^2} \frac{(m_{\ell\ell}^2 - M_Z^2)(g_{Q,L} + g_{Q,R})(g_{e,L} + g_{e,R})}{m_{\ell\ell}^2 ((m_{\ell\ell}^2 - M_Z^2)^2 + \Gamma_Z^2 M_Z^2)}.$$

$$\frac{d\sigma_\gamma^A}{dm_{\ell\ell}} = 0$$

$$\frac{d\sigma_Z^A}{dm_{\ell\ell}} = G(m_{\ell\ell}) \frac{9/4}{(\sin \theta_W^2 \cos \theta_W^2)^2} \frac{(g_{Q,L}^2 - g_{Q,R}^2)(g_{e,L}^2 - g_{e,R}^2)}{(m_{\ell\ell}^2 - M_Z^2)^2 + \Gamma_Z^2 M_Z^2}$$

$$\frac{d\sigma_{\text{int}}^A}{dm_{\ell\ell}} = G(m_{\ell\ell}) \frac{3/2}{\sin \theta_W^2 \cos \theta_W^2} \frac{(m_{\ell\ell}^2 - M_Z^2)(g_{Q,L} - g_{Q,R})(g_{e,L} - g_{e,R})}{m_{\ell\ell}^2 ((m_{\ell\ell}^2 - M_Z^2)^2 + \Gamma_Z^2 M_Z^2)}$$

$$A(m_{\ell\ell}) = \frac{d\sigma_{\text{tot}}^A}{d\sigma_{\text{tot}}} = \frac{d\sigma_\gamma^A + d\sigma_Z^A + d\sigma_{\text{int}}^A}{d\sigma_\gamma + d\sigma_Z + d\sigma_{\text{int}}},$$



Simulation and Realistic effects

Benchmark fit $pp \rightarrow b\bar{b}\ell^-\ell^+$ with LO simulation

$$\sigma = A + B(g_L + g_R) + C(g_L^2 + g_R^2)$$

$$\sigma^A = D + E(g_L + g_R) + F(g_L^2 + g_R^2)$$

Parton analysis for 10 GeV bin from 35-125 GeV: σ, σ_A, A

Total Asymmetry contribution

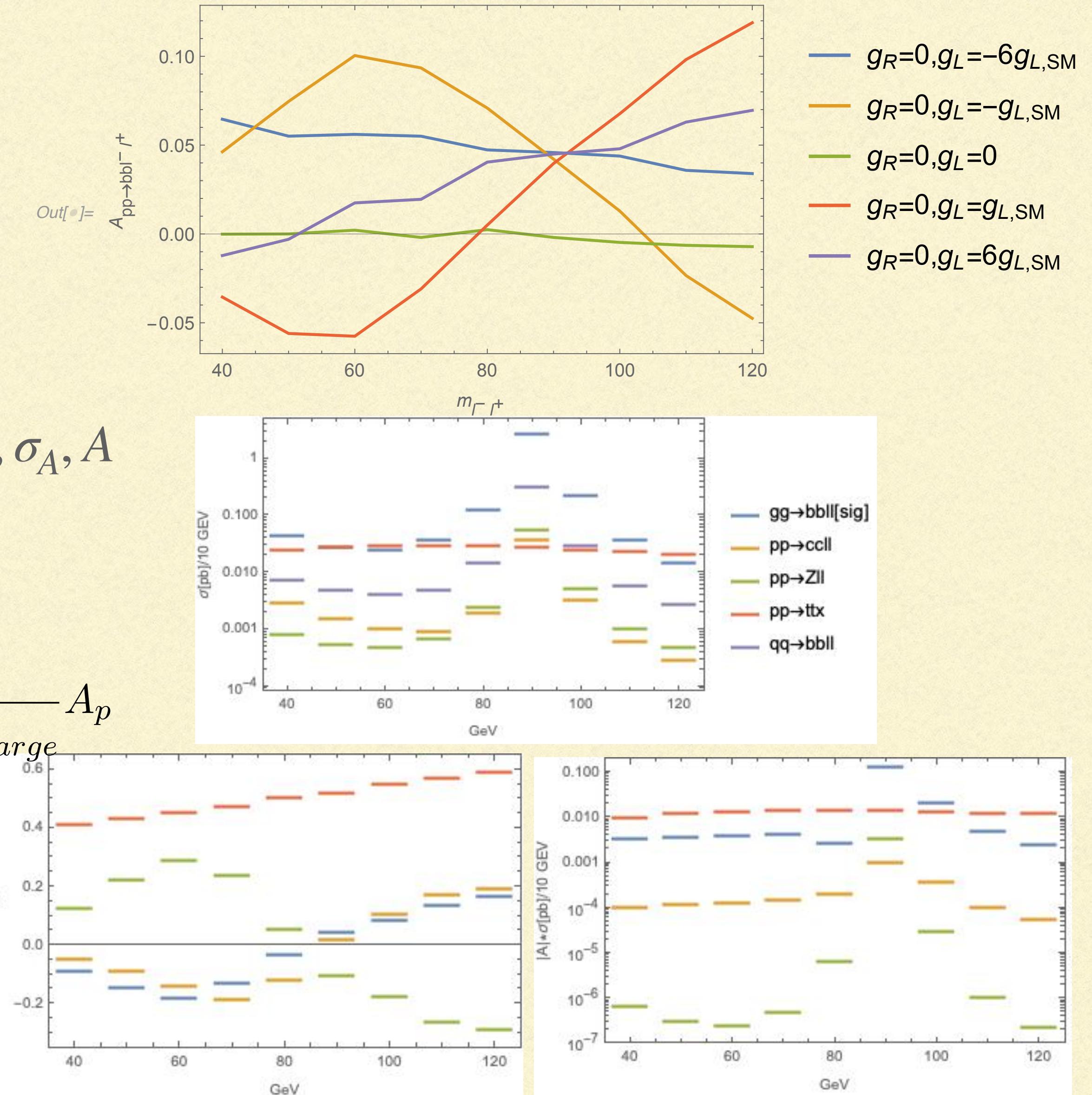
$$A_p = \frac{\sum_c A_c \sigma_c}{\sum_c \sigma_c}$$

(Charge) Tagging efficiency: $A_{obs} = \frac{2\varepsilon_{charge} - 1}{1 - 2\varepsilon_{charge} + 2\varepsilon_{charge}^2} A_p$

Basic Selection Cuts:

$$p_{T,bjet} > 20, p_\ell > 10 \text{ GeV and } |\eta|_{bjet,\ell} < 2.5$$

MET>30 GeV (for reducing $t\bar{t}$ background)



Simulation and Realistic effects

Statistic error and results

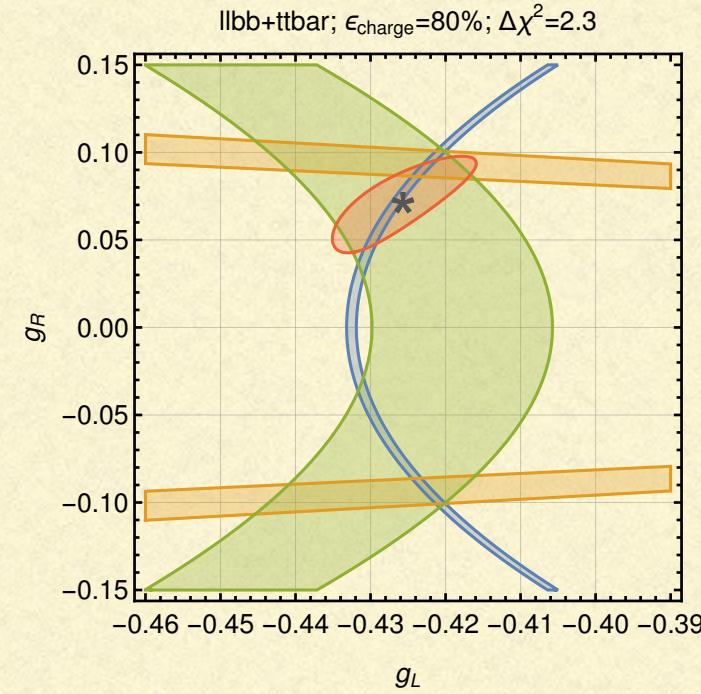
$$(\delta\sigma^{stat})^2 = \frac{(\sigma_{bbZ} + \sigma_{t\bar{t}}^{SF})^2}{N}$$

$$A_{SF} = \frac{\sigma_A^{SF}}{\sigma_{SF}} = \frac{A_{Zb\bar{b}}\sigma_{Zb\bar{b}} + A_{t\bar{t}}\sigma_{t\bar{t}}}{\sigma_{Zb\bar{b}} + \sigma_{t\bar{t}}}$$

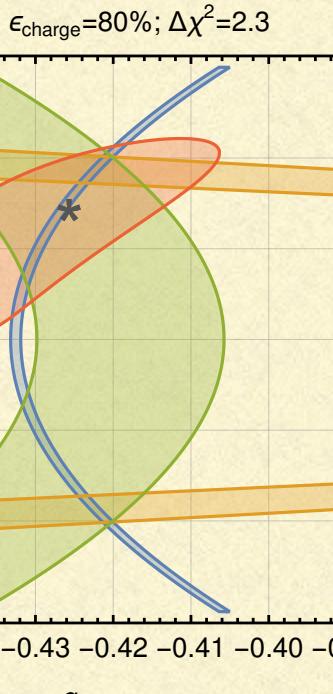
$$(\delta A_{SF}^{stat})^2 = \frac{1 - A_{SF}^2}{N_{SF}}$$

Systematic error: (Higher order correction, PDF, m_b correction, experimental error)

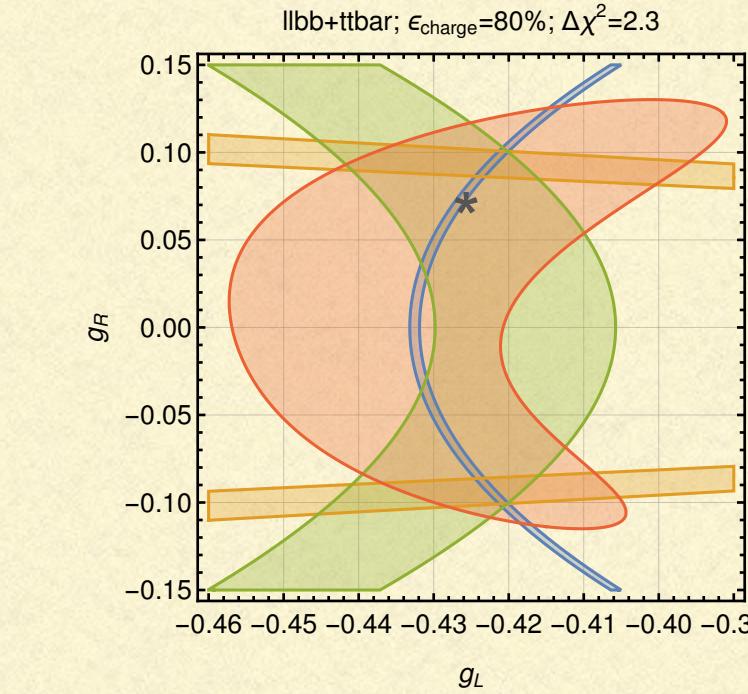
Estimate with LO scale variation (20-30% on $\delta\sigma_{t\bar{t}}$ and $\delta\sigma_{Zb\bar{b}}$)



Stat. Only

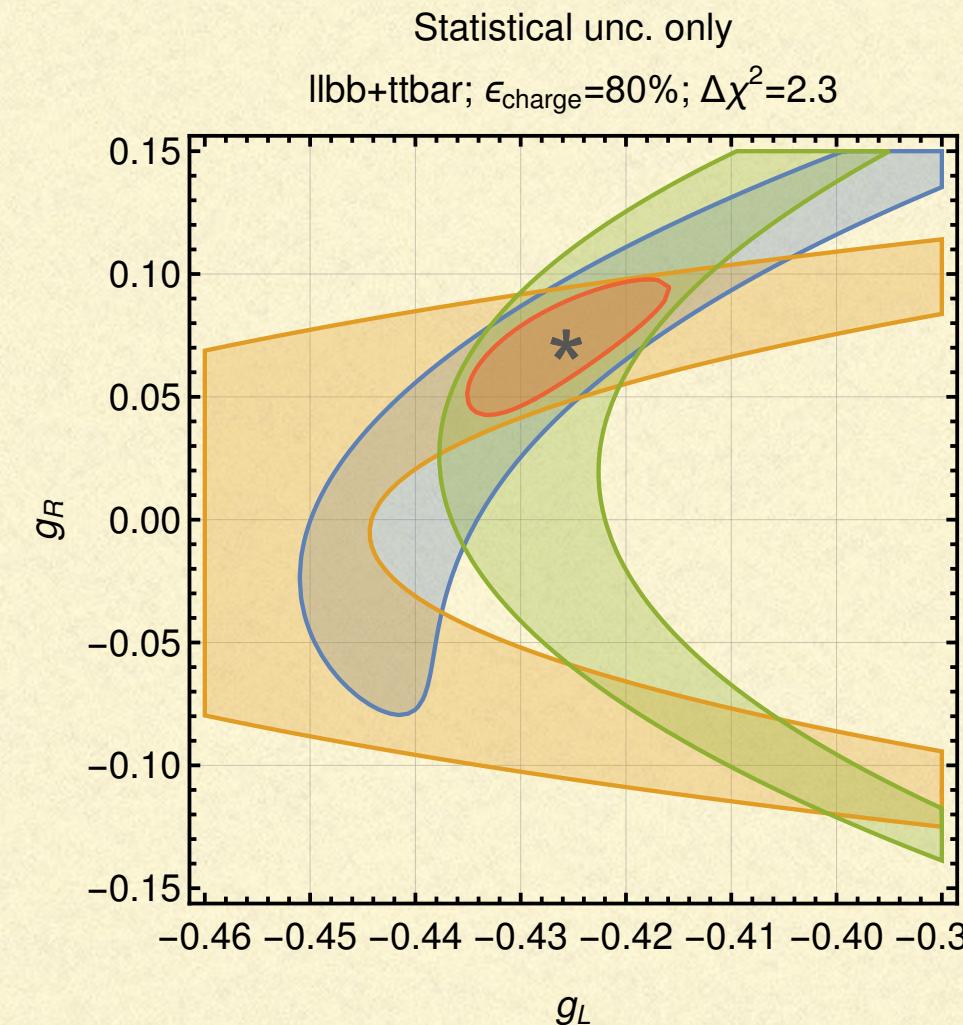


LO Sys/2. Inc



LO Sys. Inc.

$$\chi^2 = \sum_{I=bins} \frac{\left(A_{obs}^I(g_L, g_R) - A_{obs}^{I,SM} \right)^2}{(\delta A_{stat}^I)^2 + (\delta A_{syst}^I)^2}.$$



Low, High, Z-pole bins
give complementary
constraints

Alternative observable: subtracting $t\bar{t}$ (DF)

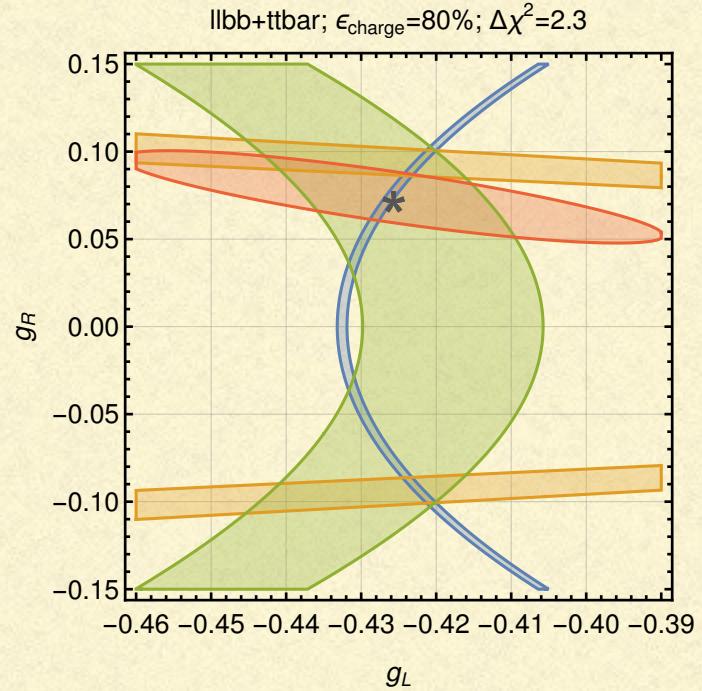
Different flavor $t\bar{t}$ ($b\bar{b}e\mu\nu$: DF) as “sideband” subtraction:
(correlated systematics between $t\bar{t}$ -SF and $t\bar{t}$ -DF)

$$\bar{\sigma} = \sigma_{SF} - \sigma_{DF} \approx \sigma_{bbZ} \quad (\delta\bar{\sigma}^{\text{stat}})^2 = (\delta\sigma_{SF}^{\text{stat}})^2 + (\delta\sigma_{DF}^{\text{stat}})^2 = \frac{\sigma_{SF}^2}{N_{SF}} + \frac{\sigma_{DF}^2}{N_{DF}}$$

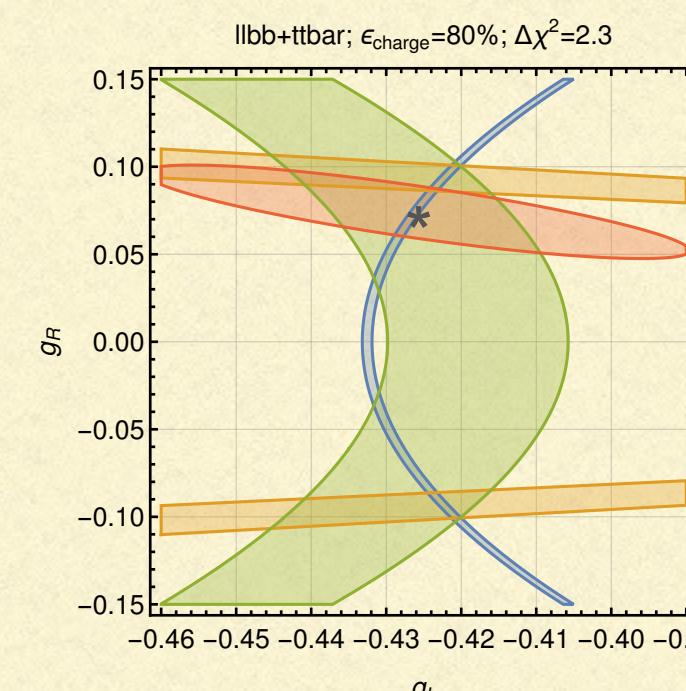
$$\bar{A} = \frac{\bar{\sigma}^A}{\bar{\sigma}} = \frac{(\sigma_{SF}^+ - \sigma_{DF}^+) - (\sigma_{SF}^- - \sigma_{DF}^-)}{(\sigma_{SF}^+ + \sigma_{SF}^-) - (\sigma_{DF}^+ + \sigma_{DF}^-)} \approx A_{Zb\bar{b}}$$

$$(\delta\bar{A}^{\text{stat}})^2 = \frac{1}{N_{Zbb}} \frac{\sigma_{Zbb}(1 - A_{Zbb}^2) + \sigma_{t\bar{t}}(2 - 4A_{t\bar{t}}A_{Zbb} + 2A_{Zbb}^2)}{\sigma_{Zbb}}$$

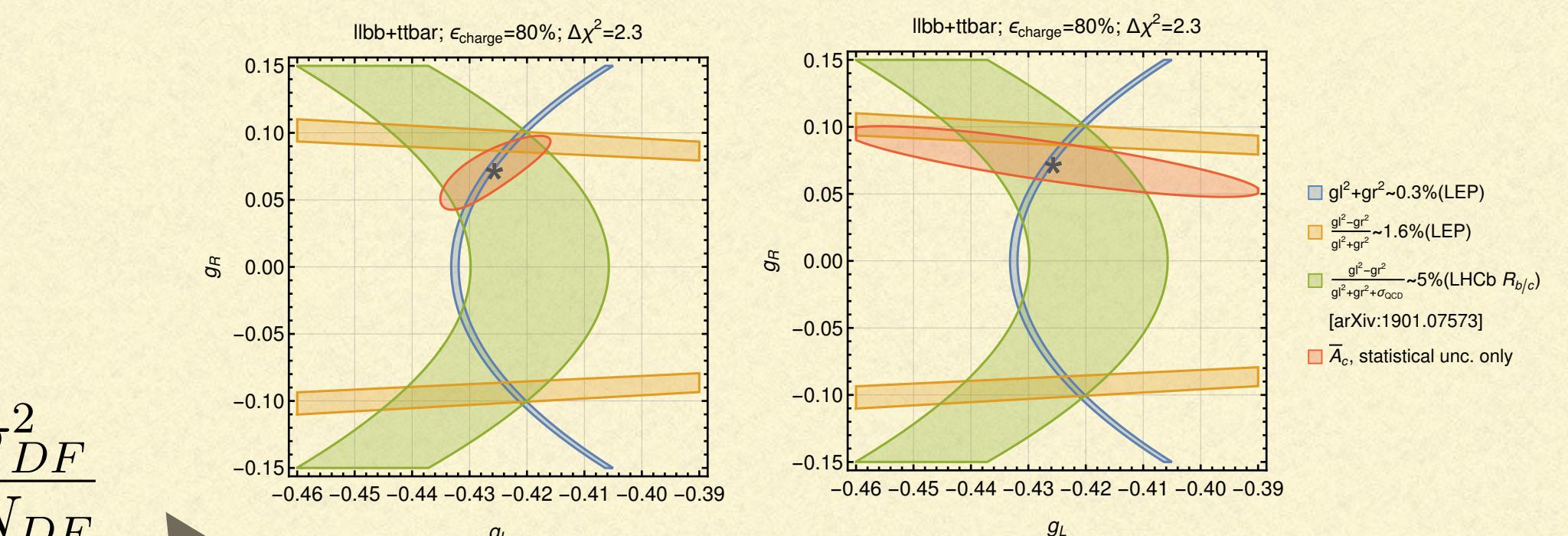
$$\delta\bar{\sigma}^{\text{sys}} \approx \delta\sigma_{bbZ}^{\text{sys}} \gg \delta\bar{\sigma}^{\text{stat}} \quad \delta\bar{A}^{\text{sys}} = \delta A_Z^{\text{sys}}$$



Stat. Only

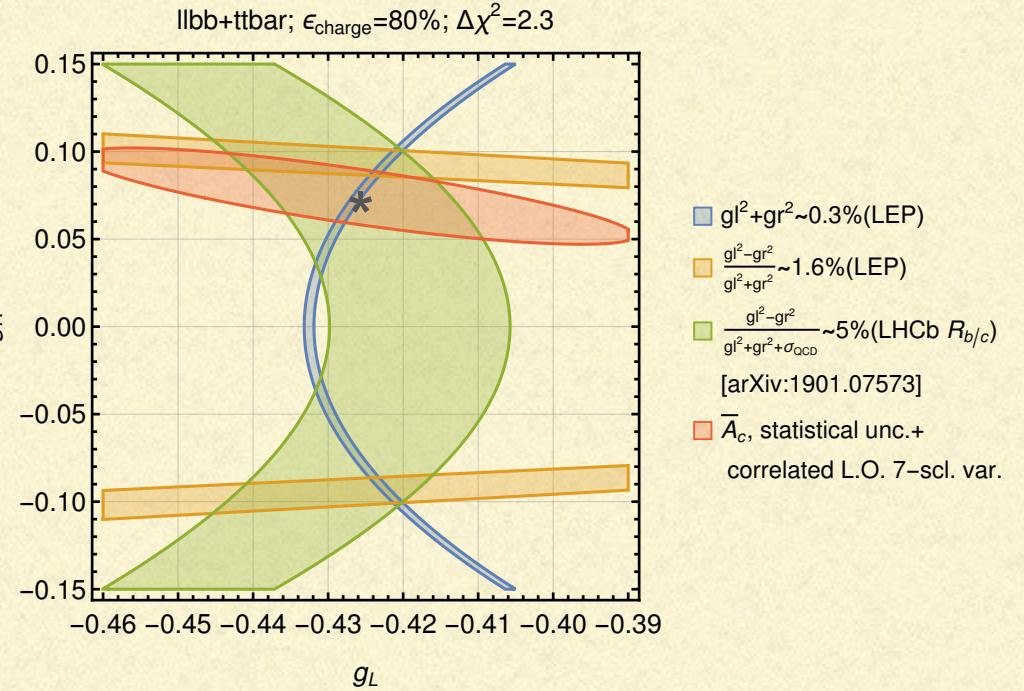


LO Sys/2. Inc



Worsened statistic

Improved systematics



LO Sys. Inc.

Conclusion

- The $Zb\bar{b}$ coupling measurement: at LEP a persistent anomaly
- Challenge at Hadron collider (Tevatron, LHCb, LHC)
- Asymmetric observable $\mathcal{O}_{[b,\bar{b}]}$ provide orthogonal information
- $b\bar{b}\ell^-\ell^+$ study at LHC provides complimentary probe through $m_{\ell\ell}$ spectra
- Systematics as dominant source of error: $t\bar{t}(\text{DF})$ subtraction
- Independent and competitive HL-LHC constraints