RCs of Meson Decays with Lattice Method

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Background

lattice-setup

Meson decays could provide the calculation of some basic parameters of the Standard Model, like the CKM matrix elements. The $|V_{ud}|$ could be derived from the π_{e3} decays, while the $|V_{us}|$ from the $K_{\ell 3}$ decays.

Ensemble m_{π} [MeV] LT a^{-1} [GeV] N_{conf} N_r $\Delta t/a$ 24D141.2(4)24641.015461024832D141.4(3)32641.015322048832D-fine143.0(3)32641.37871102410

With the uncertainty reaching $\sim 1\%$, the electroweak(EW) Radiative Corrections (RCs) becomes non-negligible.

Introduction

Among various EWRCs, the electroweak radiative corrections involving the axial-vector current become important and ultimately dominate the theoretical uncertainties. The relevant Feynman diagram to the axial γW -boson box contribution $\Box_{\gamma W}^{VA}$ is shown below.



48I	135.5(4) 48 96	1.730	28	1024	12
64I	135.3(2) 64 128	2.359	62	1024	18

Table 1: Ensembles used in this work.

Numerical results



Figure 1: γW -box diagrams.

Methodology

We perform the first realistic lattice QCD calculation of the γW -box correction to the pion semileptonic decay.

- For small Q^2 , lattice QCD can determine $M_H(Q^2)$.
- For large Q^2 , we utilize the operator product expansion.

Computations for this work were carried out on the Blue Gene/Q (BG/Q) Mira computer at the Argonne Leadership Class Facility and Tianhe 3 prototype at Chinese National Supercomputer Center in Tianjin.

Figure 2: $M_{\pi}(Q^2)$ as a function of Q^2 .

 $\delta = 0.0334(10)_{\text{LECs}}(3)_{\text{HO}} \to 0.0332(1)_{\gamma W}(3)_{\text{HO}}$ $|V_{ud}| = 0.9739(28)_{\text{exp}}(5)_{\text{th}} \to 0.9740(28)_{\text{exp}}(1)_{\text{th}}$

Conclusion

- The uncertainty of the theoretical prediction for the pion semileptonic decay rates is reduced by a factor of 3.
- For Kaon decays, the application could give the LECs of ChPT with reasonable uncertainty estimate.
- The technique presented in this work can be straightforwardly generalized to a lattice calculation of the nucleon

We use five lattice QCD gauge ensembles with multiple lattice spacings and volumes at the physical pion mass to control the continuum and infinite-volume limits.

- γW -box corrections.
- This work has been published on Phys. Rev. Lett. 124, 192002 (2020) and Phys. Rev. D 103, 114503 (2021).



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