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# Trigger studies with UL2016 pre/postVFP & ttbarRes datacard

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## 4tops

### Hopefully no major changes when switching to UL • **UL2016** pre/postVFP are downloaded and ready $\implies$ start from them Today's plots implement missing items from last time Apply needed SFs: Muon ID • No ele ID: select events with == 1 leptons, == 1 muon Tau ID • b tagging (FixedWP scale factors) Evt weight. PU weight, prefiring weight ttbb correction

• Goal is to repeat previous trigger studies

### Introduction

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### **Trigger efficiency studies**

- Compare results for data and MC, extract trigger SF if needed
- Trigger efficiency definition:

$$arepsilon(\mathbf{v}) = rac{\mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{trig+presel}}}{\mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{presel}}} (\mathbf{v})$$

- N.B.: in data, we never have all the events that pass the offline preselection
- In data, events are always collected with a trigger
  - In other words, denominator meaningless for data



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### **Trigger efficiency studies**

- We need an unbiased sample of events
- This should be **collected with a reference trigger** with looser and (if possible) orthogonal criteria
- Then the efficiency definition becomes

$$arepsilon(m{
u}) = rac{\mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{trig}+\mathrm{presel}+\mathrm{reference}}}{\mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{presel}+\mathrm{reference}}}(m{
u})$$

which makes sense for data as well

• Obviously the **reference should be unbiased**, i.e., should not change MC efficiency distribution



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### **Pre-UL results**





- nJets vs  $H_T$  trigger efficiency
- Left: data/MC efficiency ratio; right: corresponding errors
- Add  $H_T > 400 \text{ GeV}$  cut to analysis selection to make trigger efficient
- Use these histograms as trigger efficiency scale factors and uncertainties



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## UL2016 preVFP

### 1D trigger efficiency plots



 Trigger choice: unchanged wrt preUL • OR of: HLT PFHT450 SixJet40 BTagCSV p056 HLT\_PFHT400\_SixJet30\_DoubleBTagCSV\_p056 • HLT PFJet450 • Reference triggers: OR of HLT IsoMu24 HLT\_IsoMu27 Selection: Preselection • == 1  $\ell$ . == 1  $\mu$ Designed to have reference firing



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HL [GeV]

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### 2D plots: checking the reference trigger



- nJets vs  $H_T$  trigger efficiency
- Left: MC/MCtruth efficiency ratio; right: corresponding errors
- ${\, \bullet \,}$  The reference is unbiased in 2D too above 400/500 GeV

### 2D plots: trigger efficiency in data



- nJets vs  $H_T$  trigger efficiency in data
- Left: trigger efficiency; right: corresponding errors
- Decent increase in efficiency in some bins

### 2D plots: trigger efficiency in MC



- nJets vs H<sub>T</sub> trigger efficiency in data
- Left: trigger efficiency; right: corresponding errors
- Efficiency higher in MC

### 2D plots: data/MC efficiency ratio



- nJets vs  $H_T$  data/MC efficiency ratio
- Left: trigger efficiency; right: corresponding errors
- Not very different from previous results
- Somehow bigger errors and a bit more spiky (lower data stats?)



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## UL2016 postVFP

### 1D trigger efficiency plots



 Trigger choice: unchanged wrt postUL • OR of: HLT PFHT450 SixJet40 BTagCSV p056 HLT\_PFHT400\_SixJet30\_DoubleBTagCSV\_p056 • HLT PFJet450 • Reference triggers: OR of HLT IsoMu24 HLT\_IsoMu27 Selection: postselection • == 1  $\ell$ , == 1  $\mu$ Designed to have reference firing



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HL [GeV]

### 2D plots: checking the reference trigger



- nJets vs  $H_T$  trigger efficiency
- Left: MC/MCtruth efficiency ratio; right: corresponding errors
- $\bullet\,$  The reference is unbiased in 2D too above 400/500 GeV

### 2D plots: trigger efficiency in data



- nJets vs H<sub>T</sub> trigger efficiency in data
- Left: trigger efficiency; right: corresponding errors
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### 2D plots: trigger efficiency in MC



- nJets vs H<sub>T</sub> trigger efficiency in data
- Left: trigger efficiency; right: corresponding errors
- Efficiency higher in MC

### 2D plots: data/MC efficiency ratio



- nJets vs  $H_T$  data/MC efficiency ratio
- Left: trigger efficiency; right: corresponding errors
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- Somehow bigger errors and a bit more spiky (lower data stats?)

### Trigger studies in 2018



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- 2018 simulation has the following multijet triggers available:
  - HLT\_PFHT400\_SixPFJet32\_DoublePFBTagDeepCSV\_2p94
  - HLT\_PFHT450\_SixPFJet36\_PFBTagDeepCSV\_1p59
- In 2018 data, two different sets of triggers run, depending on era:
  - 2018 A:
    - HLT\_PFHT380\_SixPFJet32\_DoublePFBTagDeepCSV\_2p2
    - HLT\_PFHT430\_SixPFJet40\_PFBTagDeepCSV\_1p5
  - 2018 B, C and D:
    - HLT\_PFHT400\_SixPFJet32\_DoublePFBTagDeepCSV\_2p94
    - HLT\_PFHT450\_SixPFJet36\_PFBTagDeepCSV\_1p59

#### • Problem: trigger that run in 2018 A are not emulated in MC

### Trigger studies in 2018



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- Not 100% about how to proceed
- An idea (maybe?):
  - When running on MC, ask for the triggers available
  - When running on data, ask for triggers available in different eras
  - When adding together TEfficiency objects for data, reweight each era for it's integrated luminosity
  - Extract trigger SF
  - This should take into account the differences in trigger in 2018 A

### Summary and next step

- 2016 results look similar to what we saw in pre-UL
- Plots a bit more spiky and having bigger uncertainties
  - Most likely due to splitting of data samples

• Plans:

- 2017 is ready: submit jobs and repeat study there
- Is 2017 downloaded? Plan to make studies there asap



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## ttbarRes

autoMCStats 10 1

- File Edit Options Buffers Tools Help imax 6 number of hins imax \* number of processes minus 1 kmax \* number of nuisance parameters shapes \* \* TemplateShapes, root \$PROCESS\$CHANNEL \$PROCESS\$CHANNEL \$SYSTEMATIC observation RSG1000 OCD TThar RSG1000 OCD TThar RSG1888 OCD TThar RSG1000 OCD TThar RSG1000 0CD TThar RSG1888 OCD TTha rate
- Meg provided me with the first nominal templates for ttbar resonance analysis
- I wrote the very first, very preliminary datacard



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### Some checks

- 2 combine -M FitDiagnostics datacard.txt -t -1 -expectSignal 0
   Fitted value is r = 0, as expected
- ③ Putting sum of MC bkg in data\_obs and extracting upper limit with combine -M AsymptoticLimits datacard.txt gives same expected and observed limit
  - Good, as the expected limit is computed under the bkg-only hypothesis
  - ${\scriptstyle \bullet }$  Expected, stat only limit: r < 0.0610
- ④ Adding MC stat uncertainties: r < 0.2363



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