



Precision Higgs measurements

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8th China LHC Physics Workshop

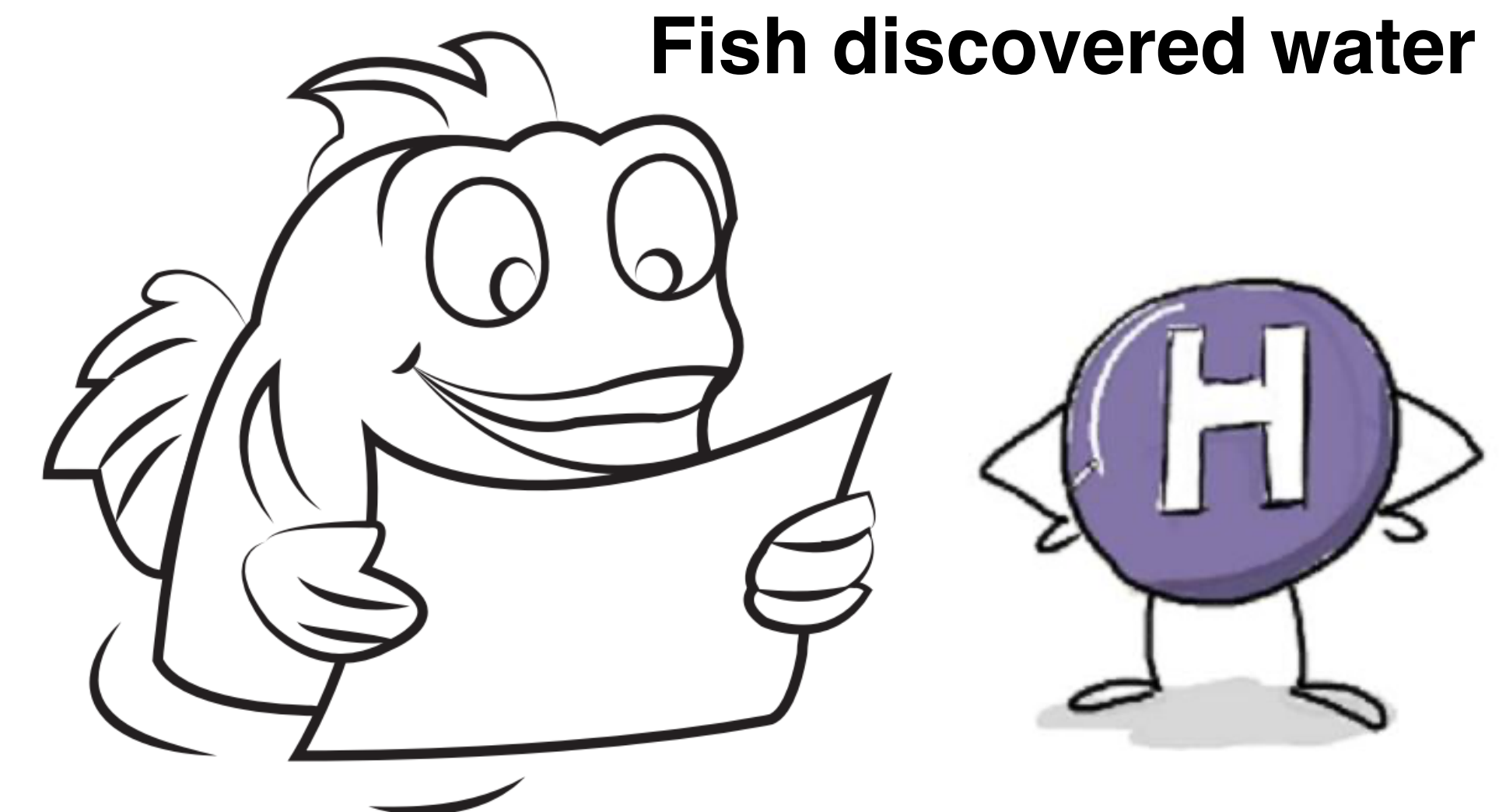
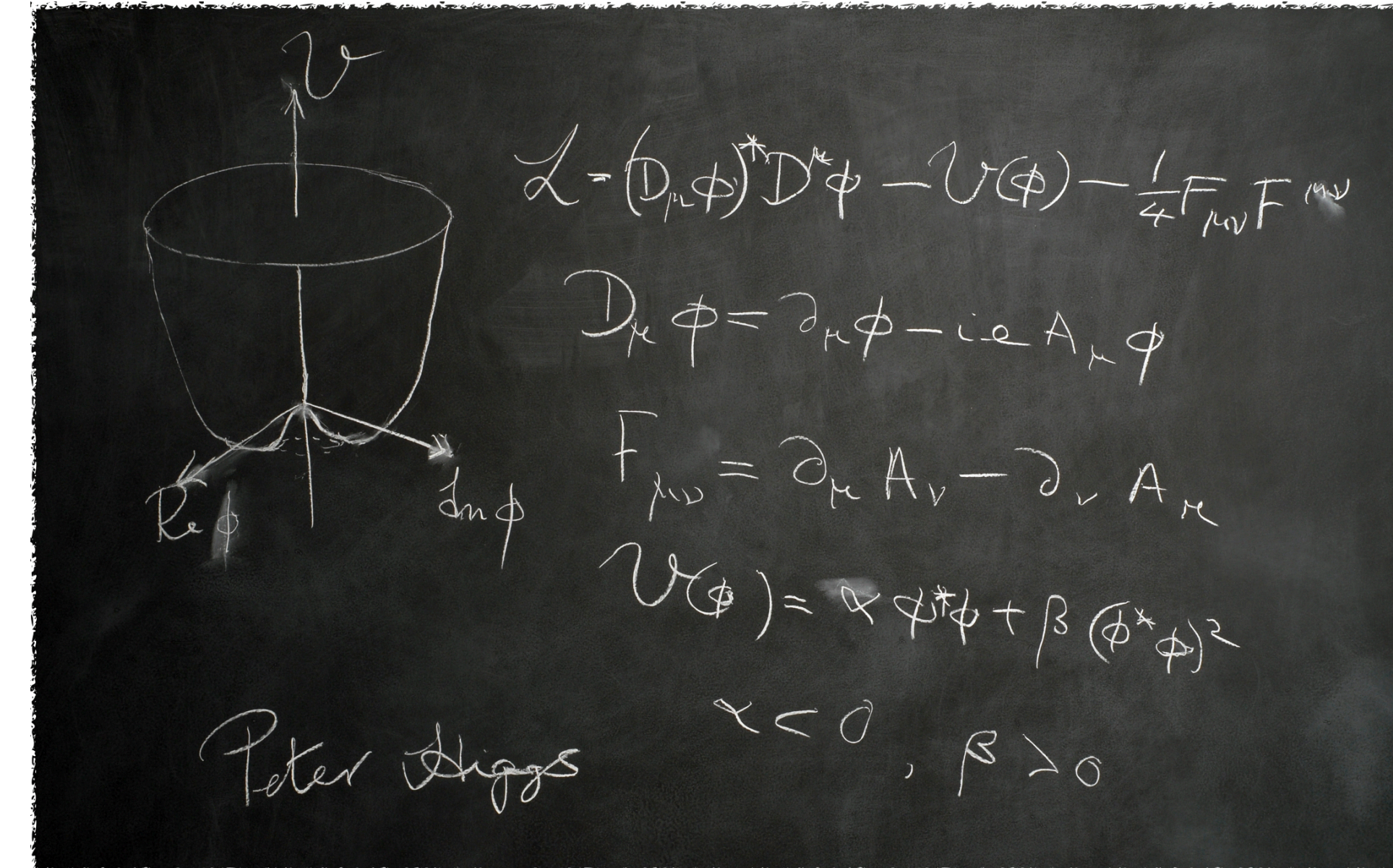
Nanjing Normal University

November 25, 2022

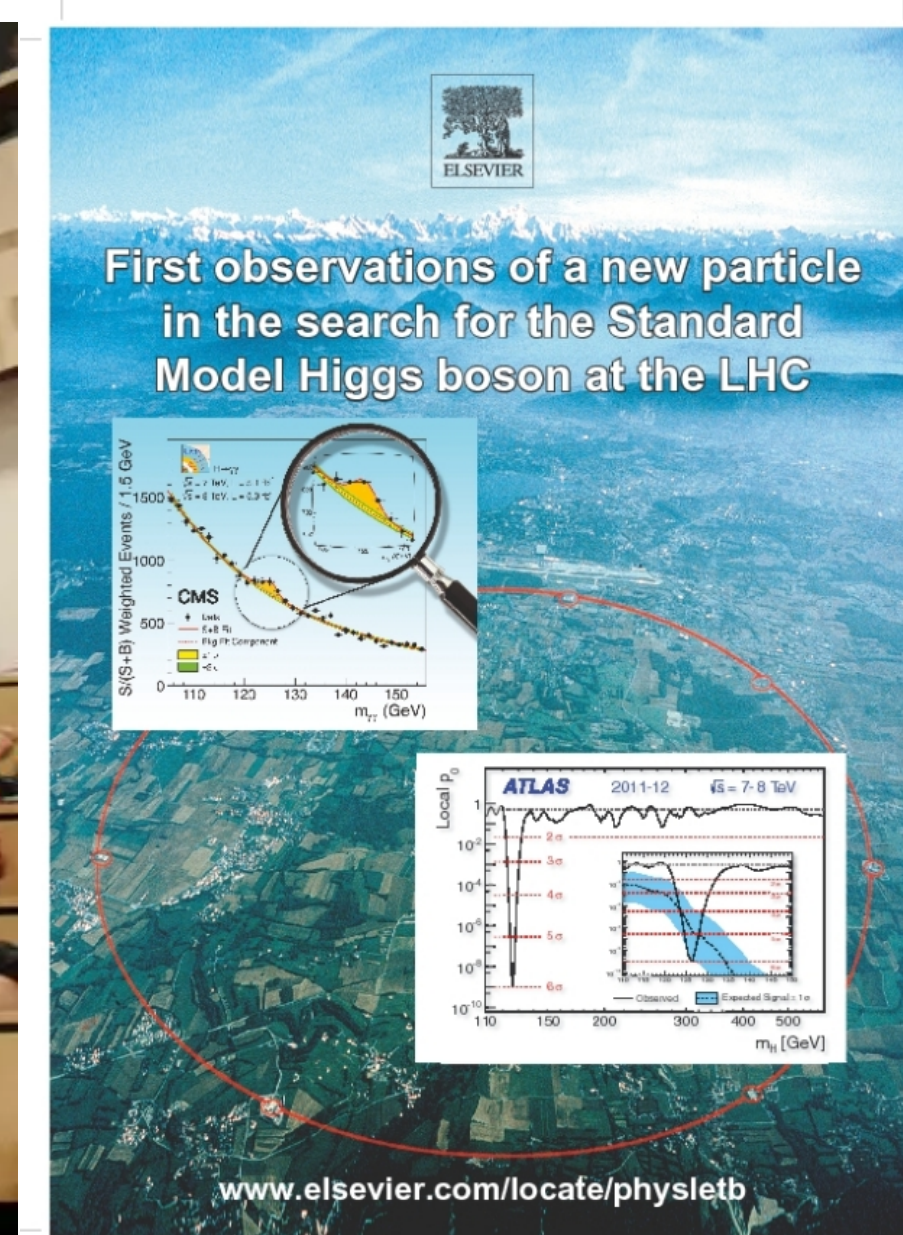


Introduction

- Precision Higgs measurements are important
 - **Higgs boson has a fundamental role in the SM.** We need best experimental & theory knowledge on its properties to address many important physics questions
 - In the lack of direct discoveries, precision Higgs measurements could be **portal to new physics**
- LHC has rich Higgs precision physics programs, **with significant contributions from Chinese groups!**
- Will focus on new results released since CLHCP 2021, in particular those just released at Higgs 2022!
 - Still not able to cover everything interesting due to limited time. Sorry if your favorites are missing!



2012: Higgs boson discovery



2013 Nobel Prize

- Last missing piece of SM found. Opened a new era in particle physics!

2022: 10th anniversary of discovery

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A detailed map of Higgs boson interactions by the ATLAS experiment ten years after the discovery

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[ATLAS Nature paper](#)

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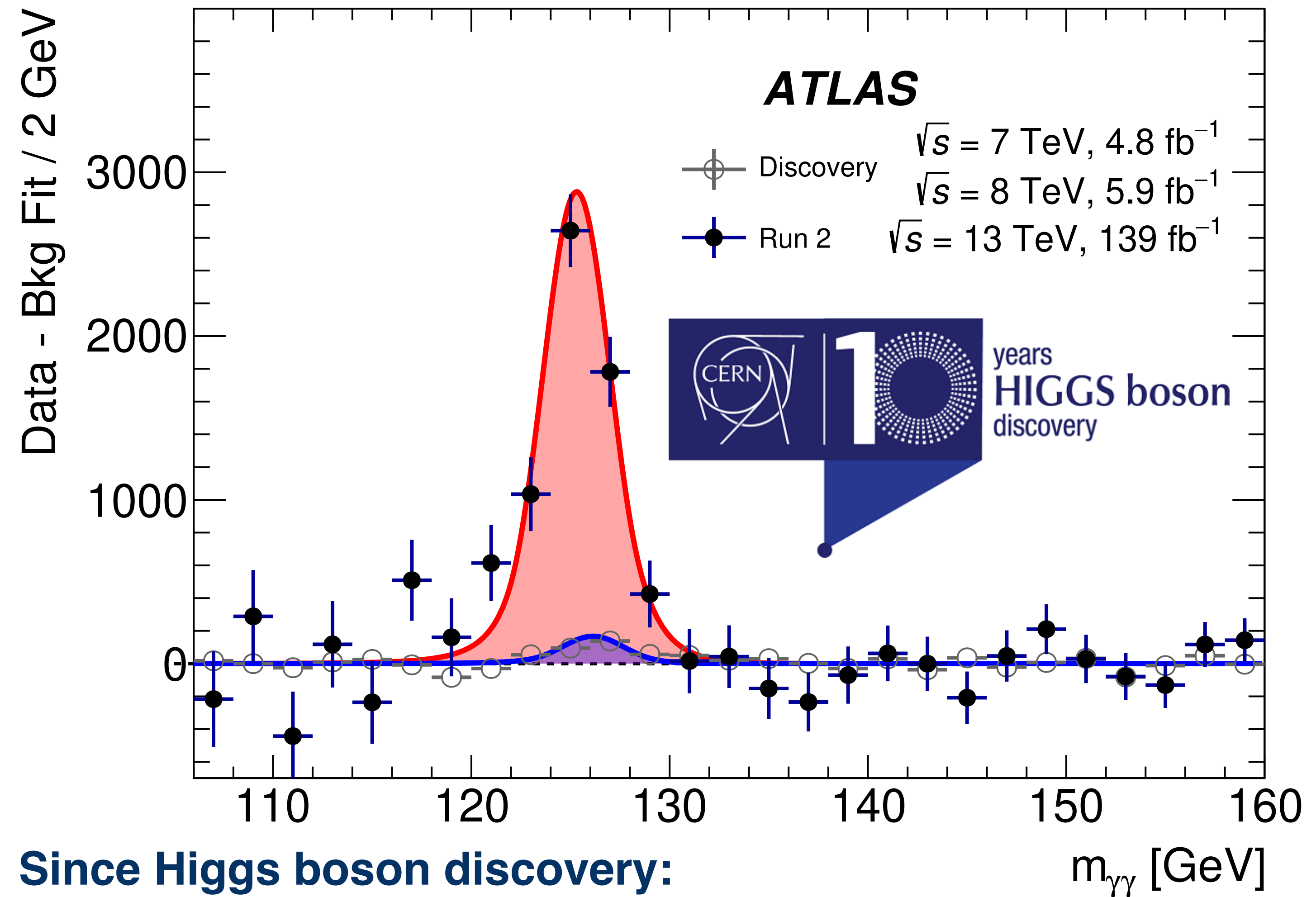
A portrait of the Higgs boson by the CMS experiment ten years after the discovery

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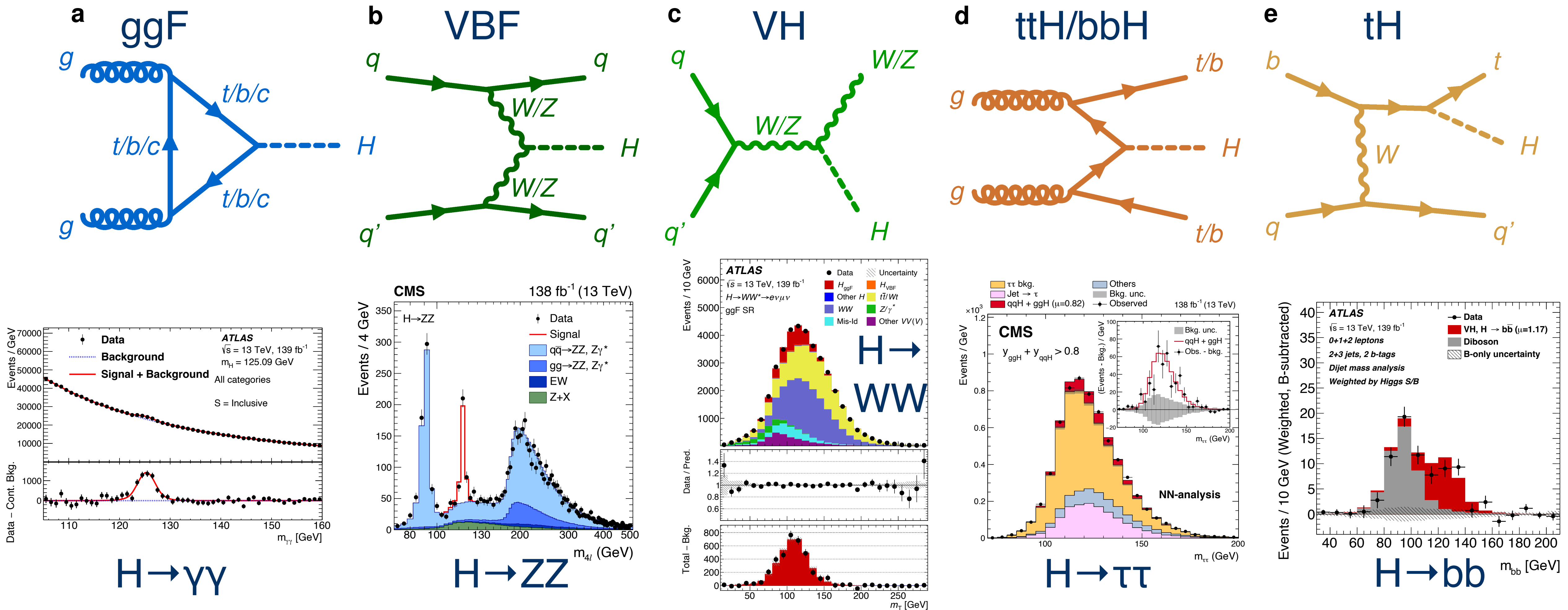
[CMS Nature paper](#)



Since Higgs boson discovery:

- Many, many more Higgs bosons accumulated
- Significant progress on both theory and experimental sides

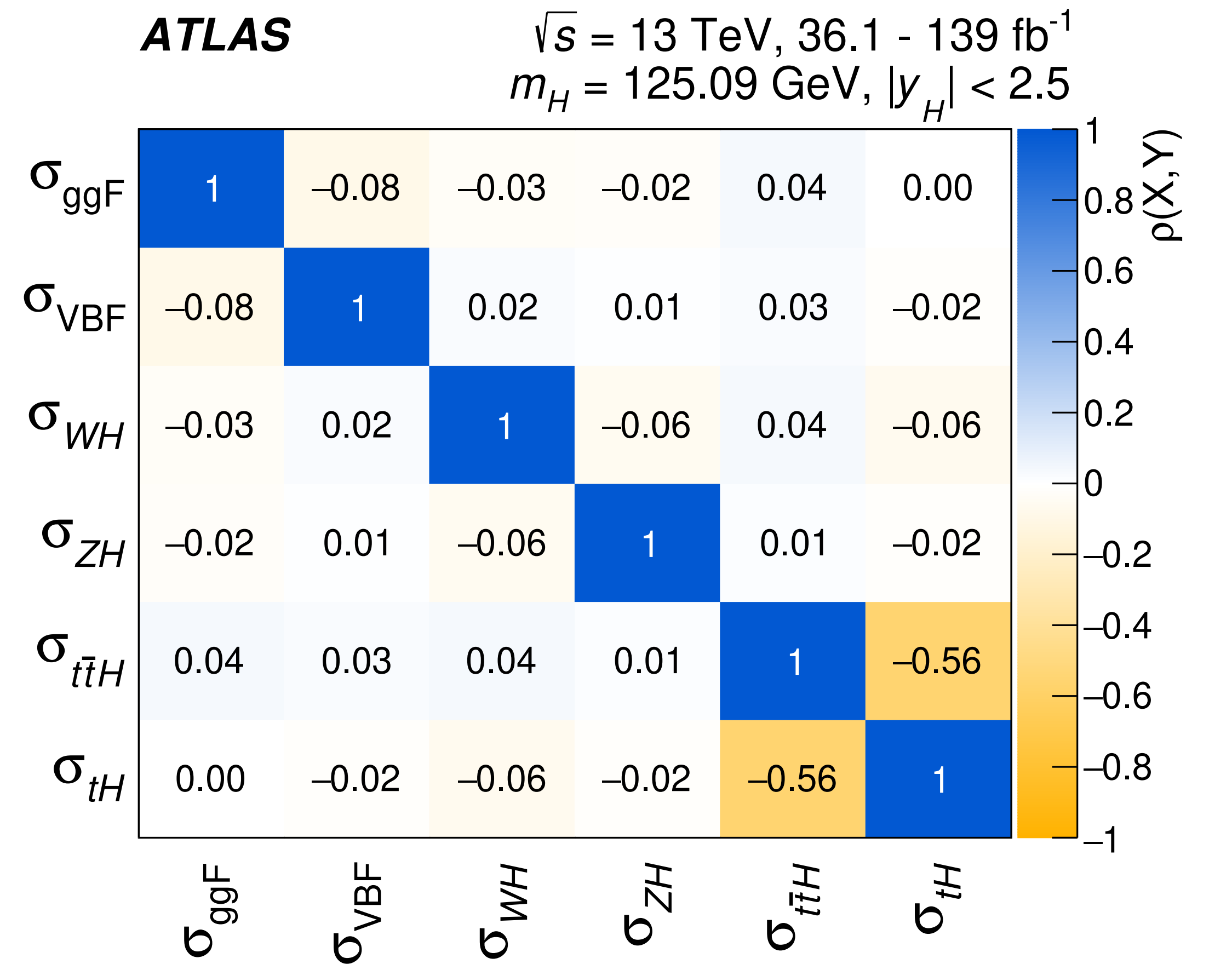
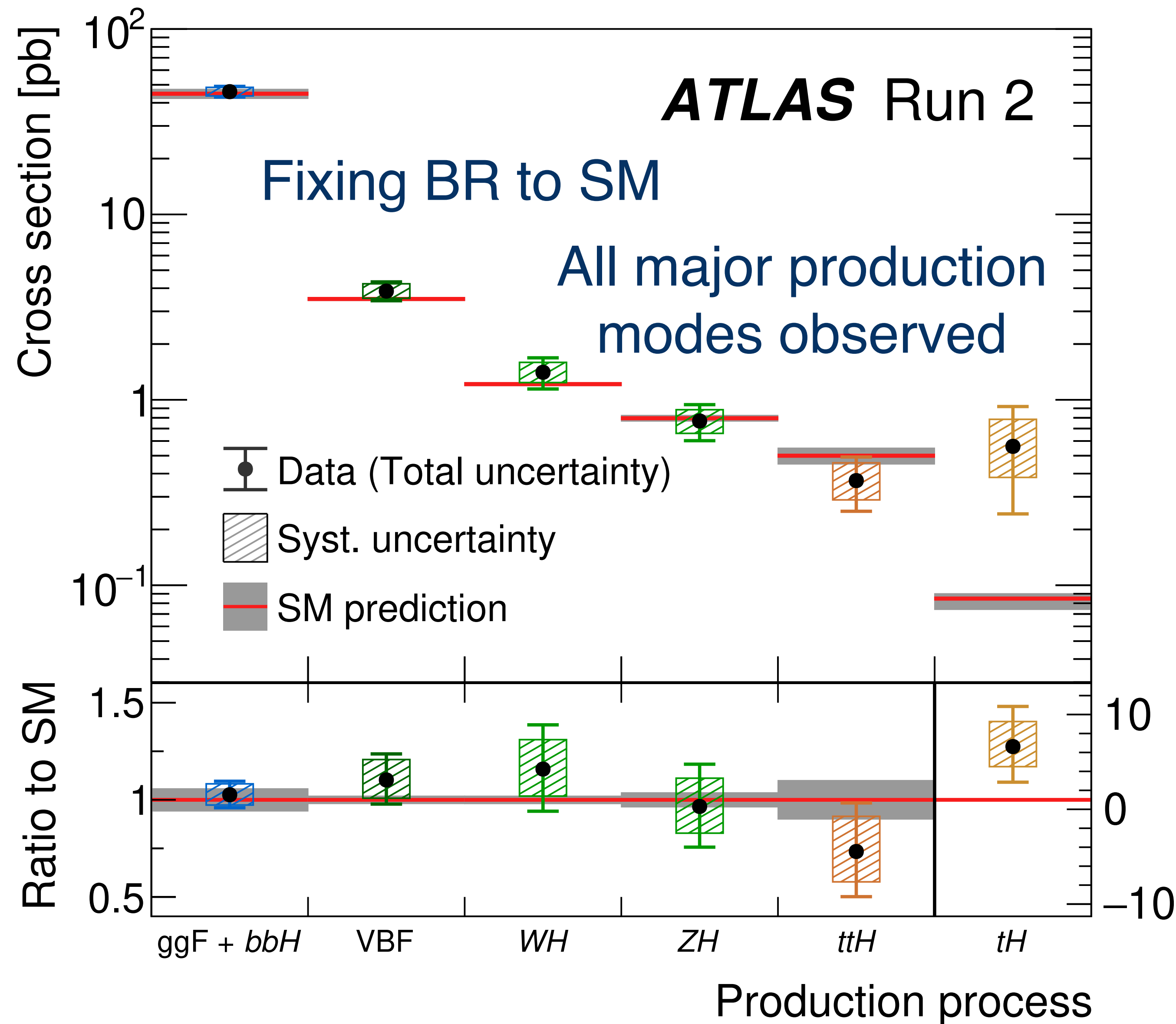
Inclusive signal strength



ATLAS $\mu = 1.05 \pm 0.06 = 1.05 \pm 0.03(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.03(\text{exp.}) \pm 0.02(\text{bkg. th.}) \pm 0.04(\text{sig. th.})$

CMS $\mu = 1.002 \pm 0.057 = 1.002 \pm 0.029(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.033(\text{syst.}) \pm 0.036(\text{sig. th.})$

All major production modes @LHC observed

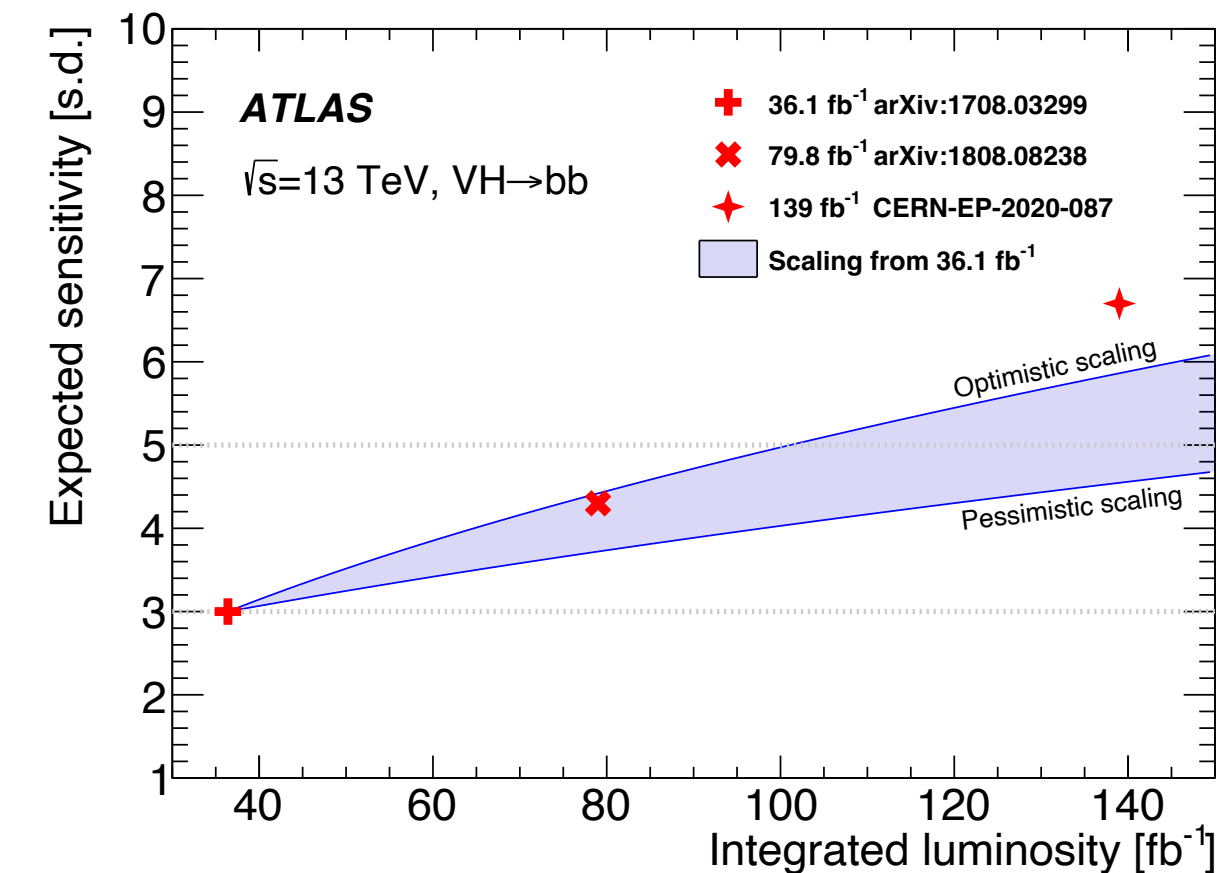
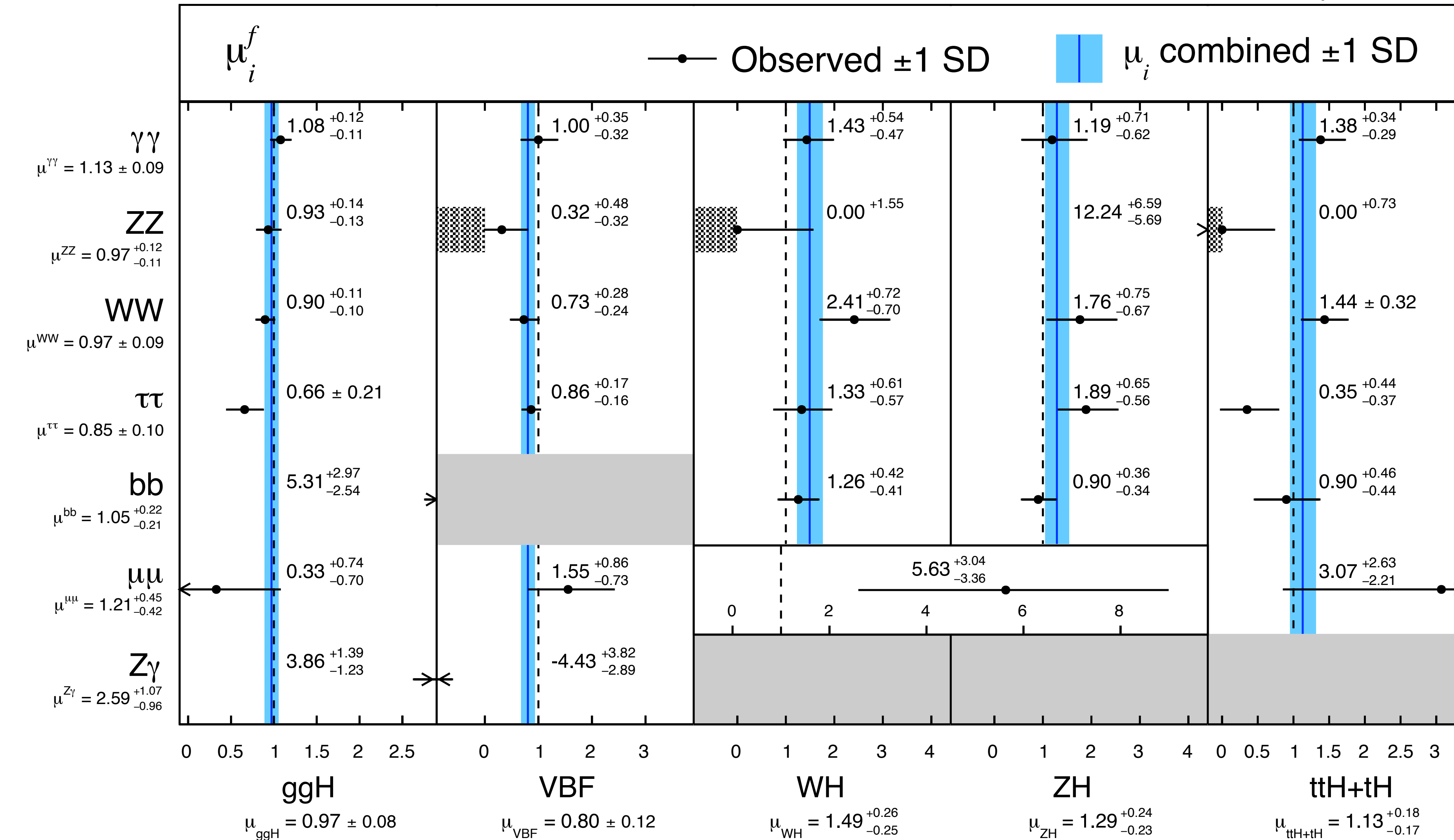


- $\sigma(ggF)$ measured with $\sim 7\%$ precision, approaching 5% uncertainty on **N³LO** calculation in QCD
- VBF precision 15%, $\sim 20\%$ for $\sigma(WH/ZH)$ and $\sigma(ttH)$
- Probing tH mode: interesting for BSM scenario

Higgs boson productions x decays

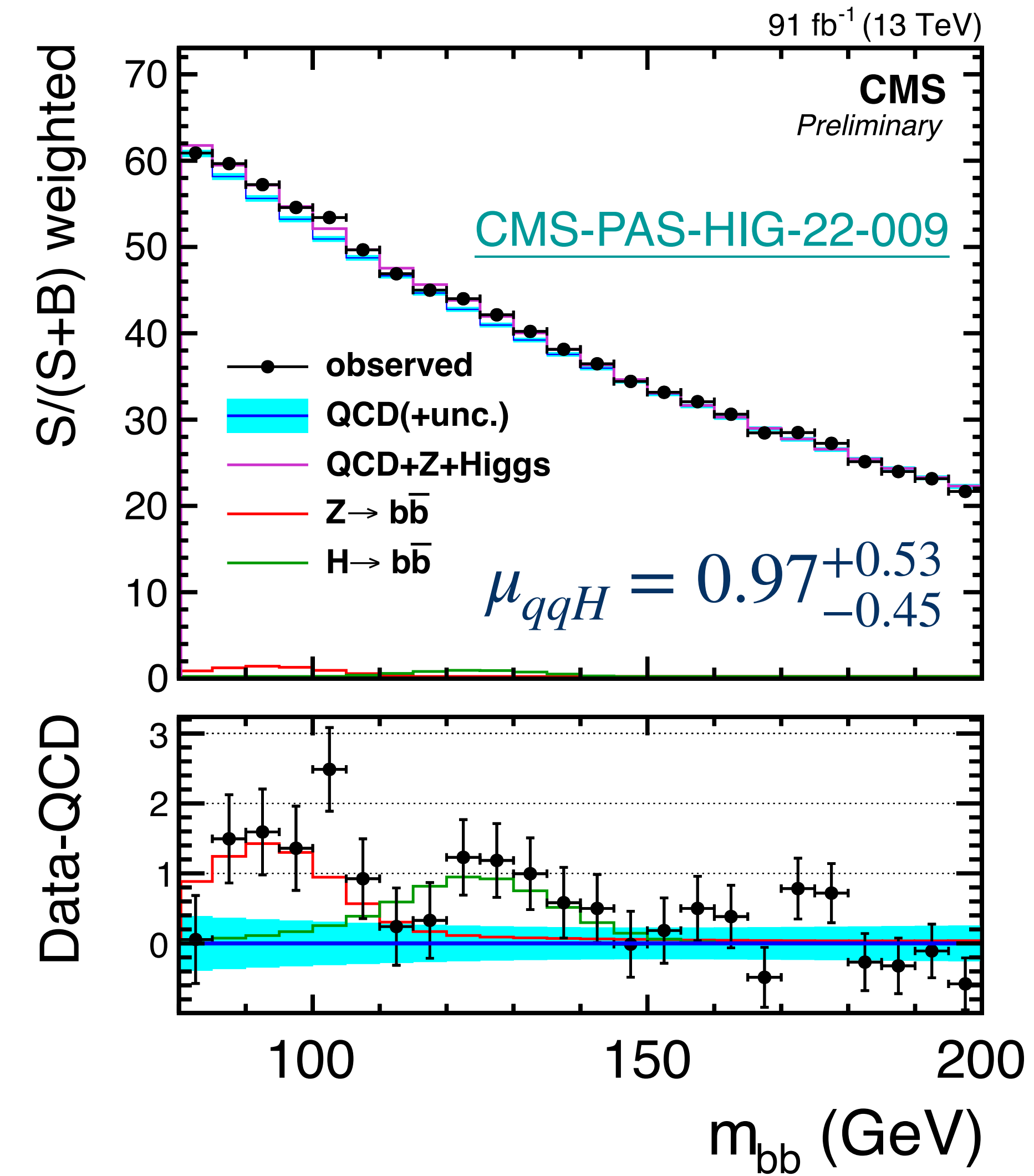
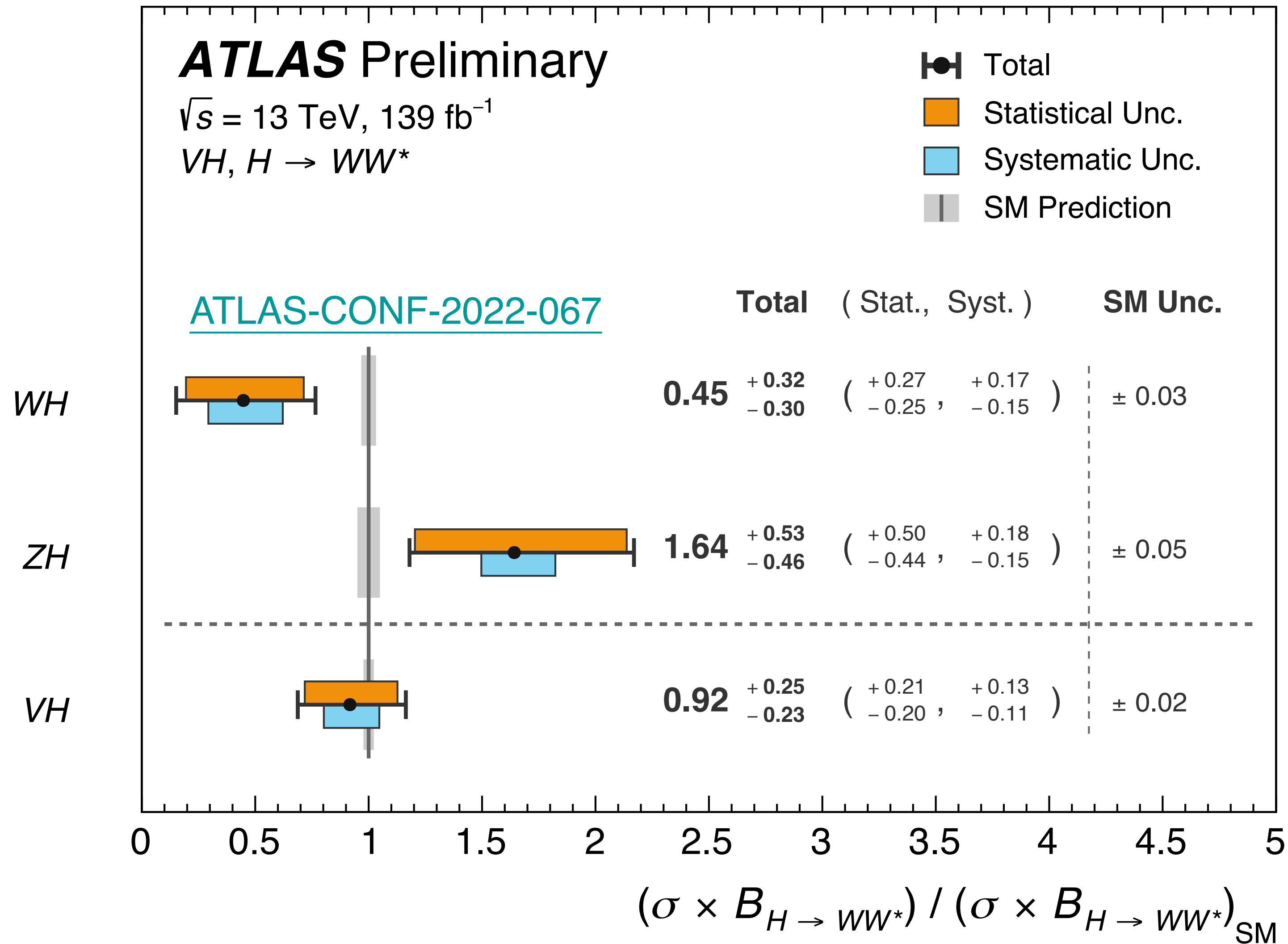
CMS No significant deviations observed up to now 138 fb⁻¹ (13 TeV)

- Good coverage of production and decay channels by LHC measurements
- Significant progresses in analyses. Many “impossibles” in the past now become possible



Projected vs. actual sensitivity of ATLAS VH(bb)

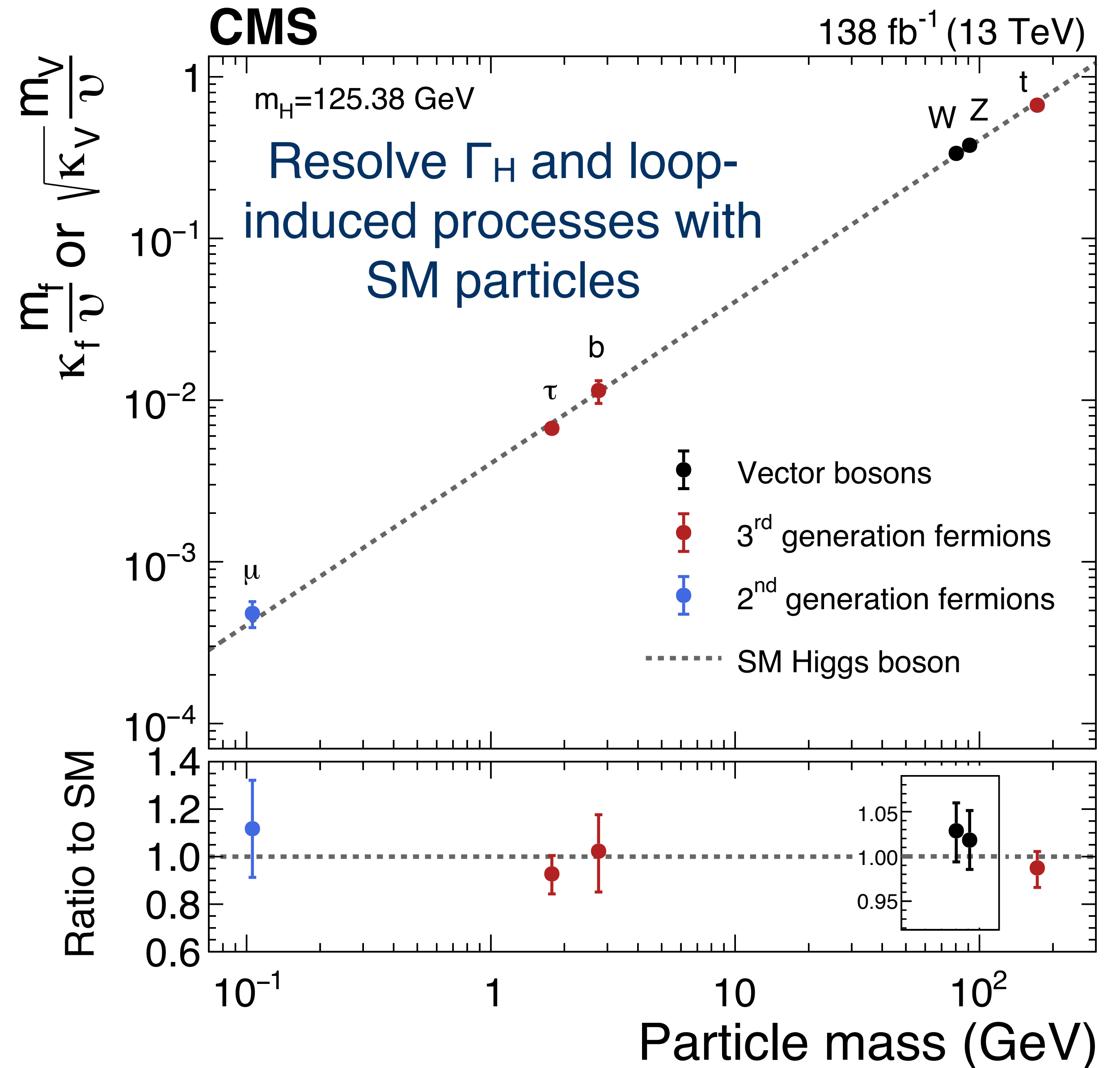
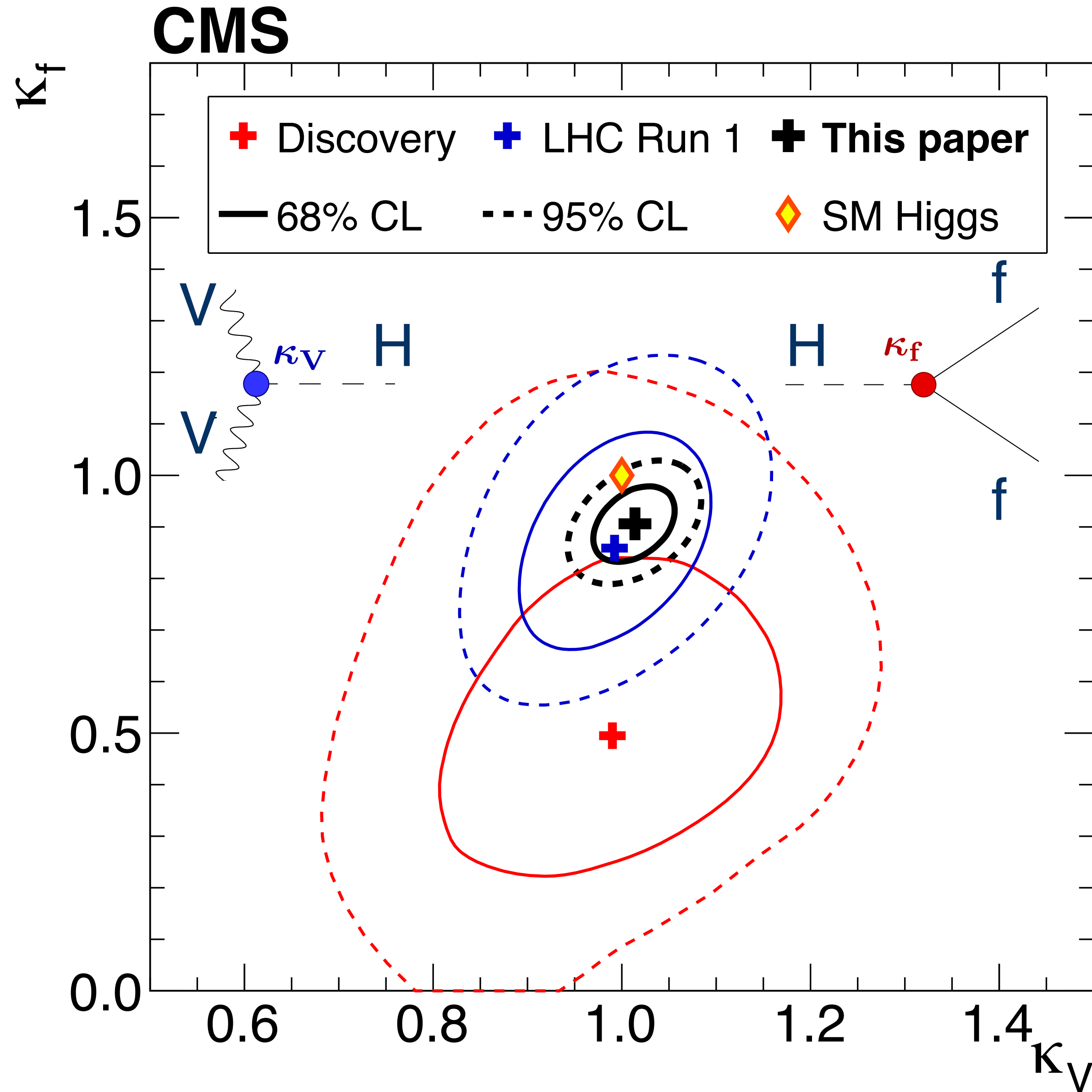
Complete the measurement matrix



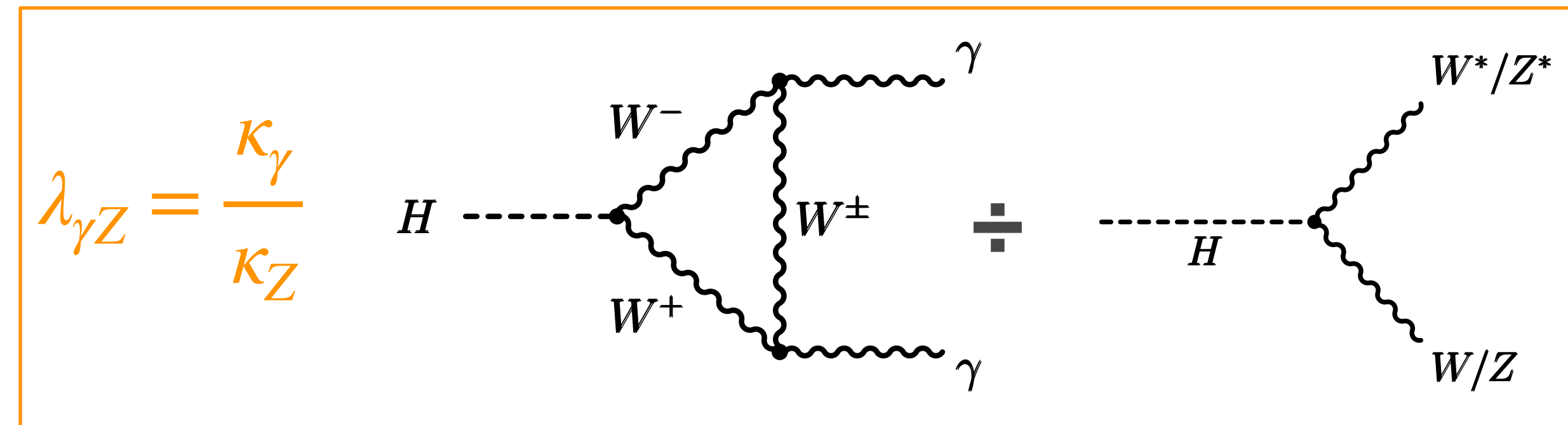
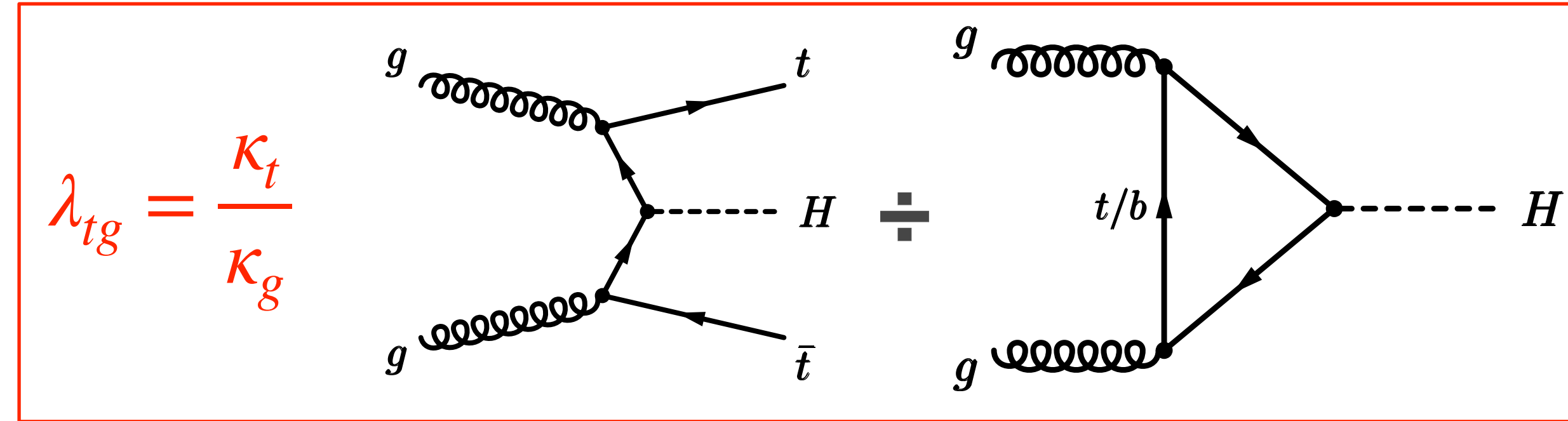
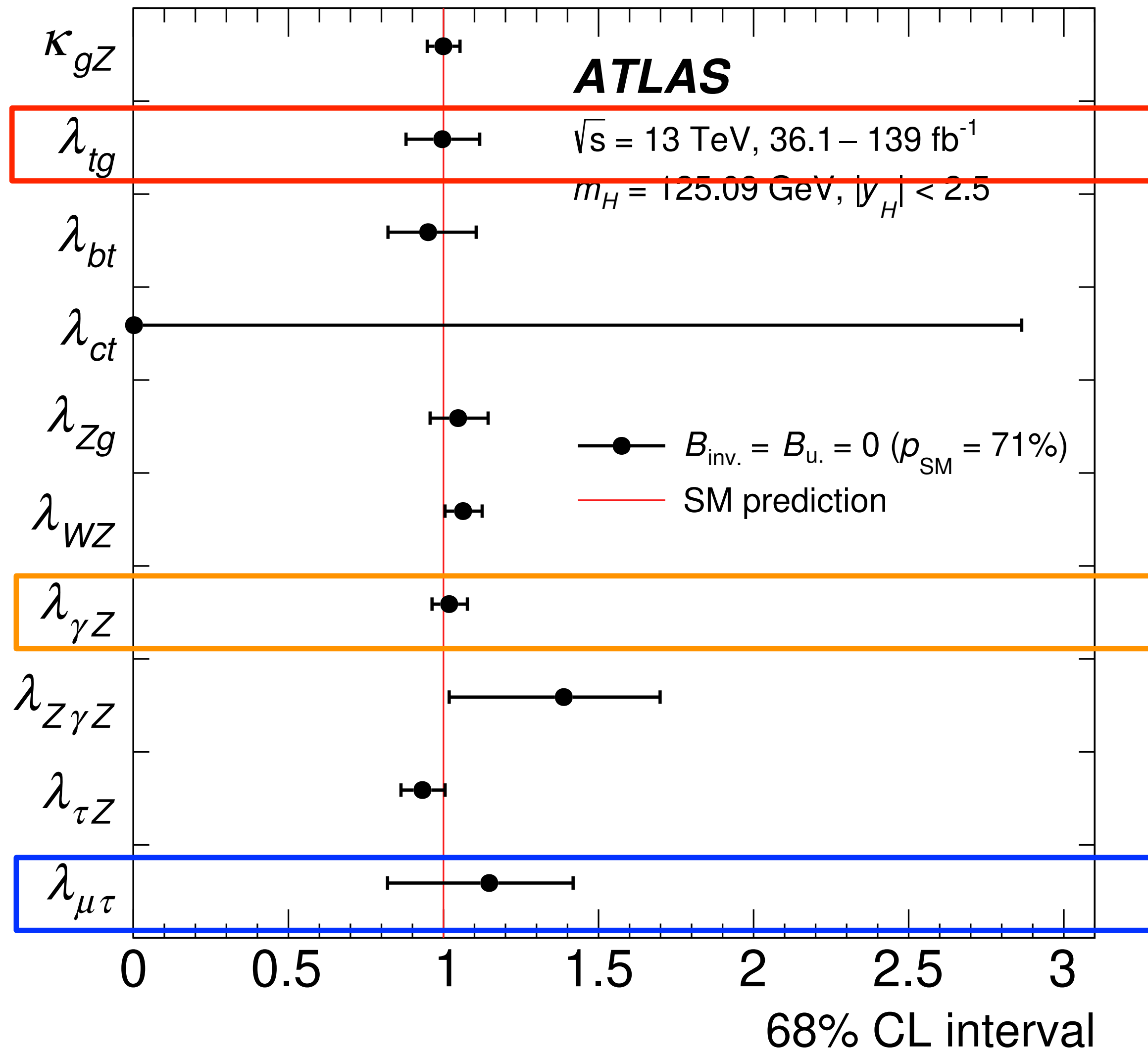
• ATLAS VH, H→WW: 4.6σ

• CMS VBF, H→bb: 2.4σ

Coupling strength tests

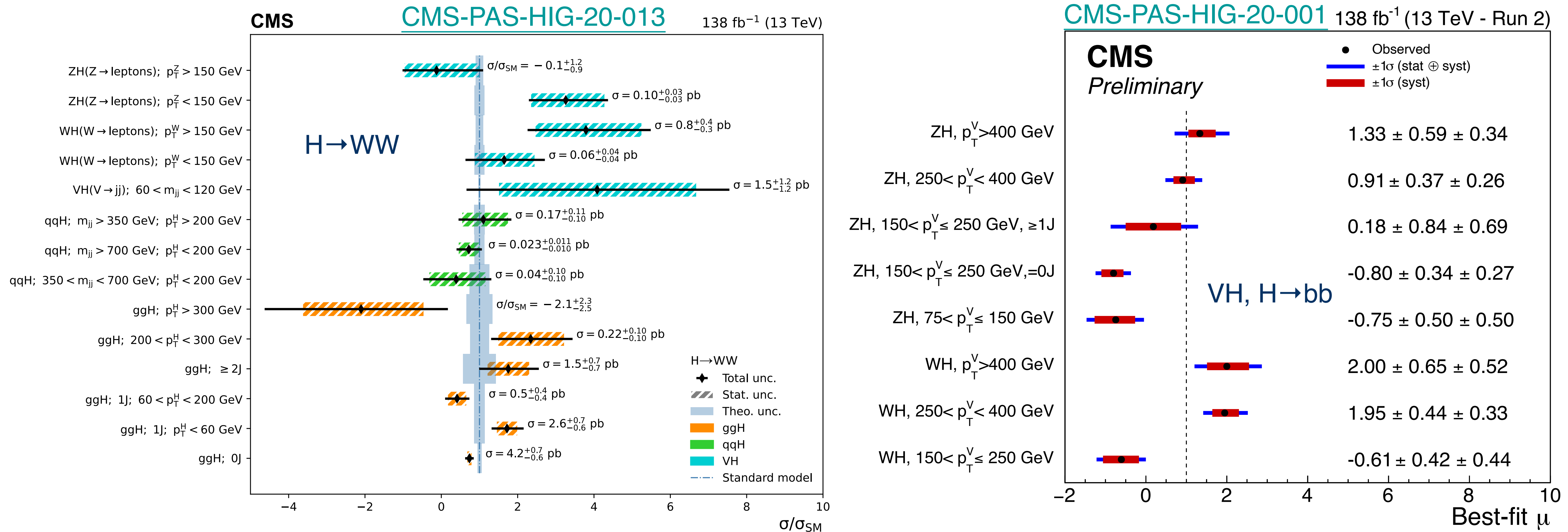


Ratios of coupling strengths



- LHC experiments cannot directly constrain Higgs boson total width. **Ratios are what we could measure best @LHC!**
- Explore new physics in **ggF/H→γγ** loops, and **3rd vs. 2nd generation Yukawa couplings**

Simplified Template cross-section (STXS) measurements



- STXS: split inclusive Higgs boson MC template into various phase-space regions (truth bins)
 - Truth bins match experimental selection. **Reduce model dependence from aggressive extrapolations**
 - Still allow **powerful analysis techniques** (e.g. machine learning) within each truth bin. Model dependence remains on decay side in channels like $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l$ $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l\nu l\nu$ and in truth bins

**ATLAS**
$$\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}, 139 \text{ fb}^{-1}$$

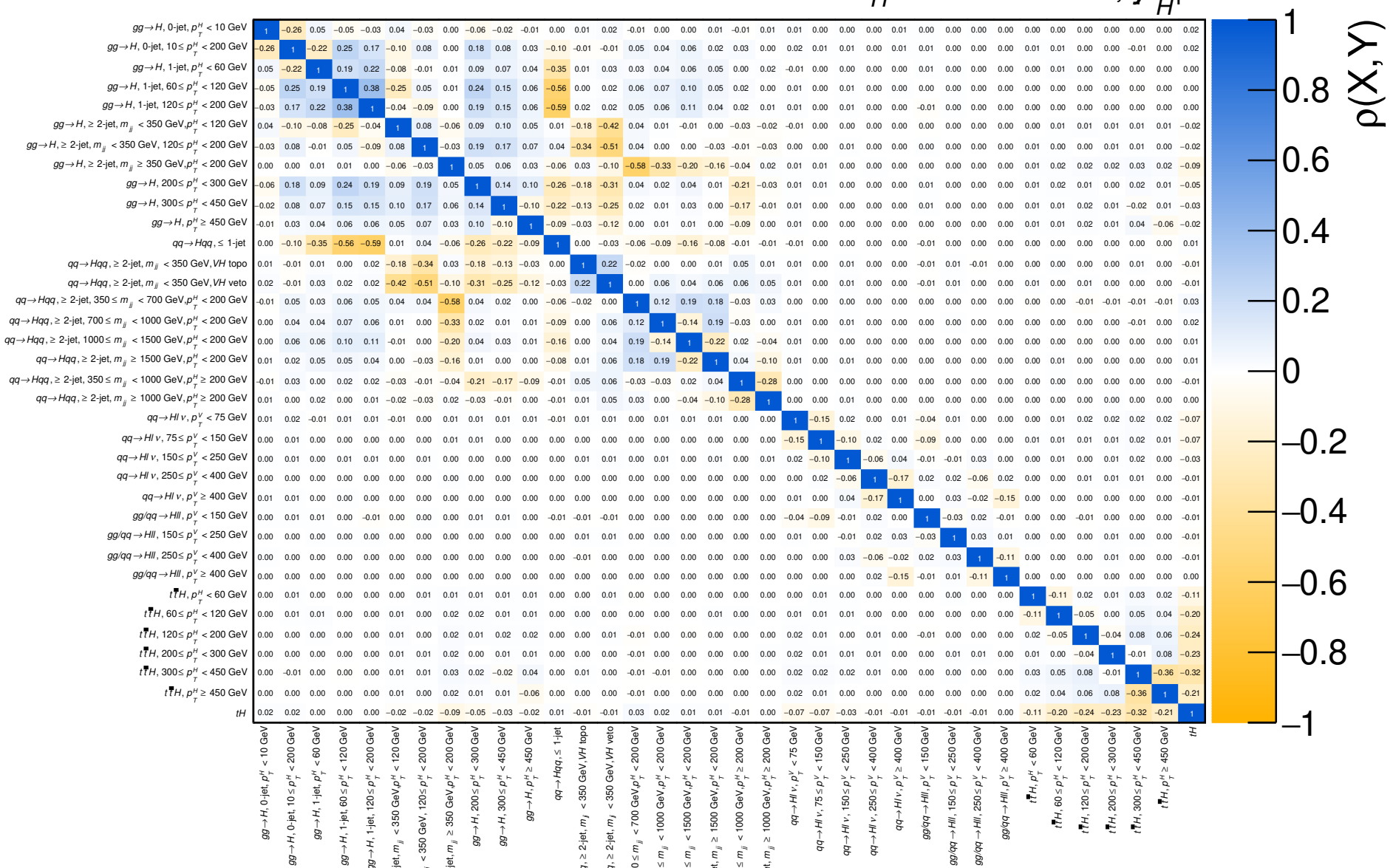
$$m_H = 125.09 \text{ GeV}, |y_H| < 2.5$$


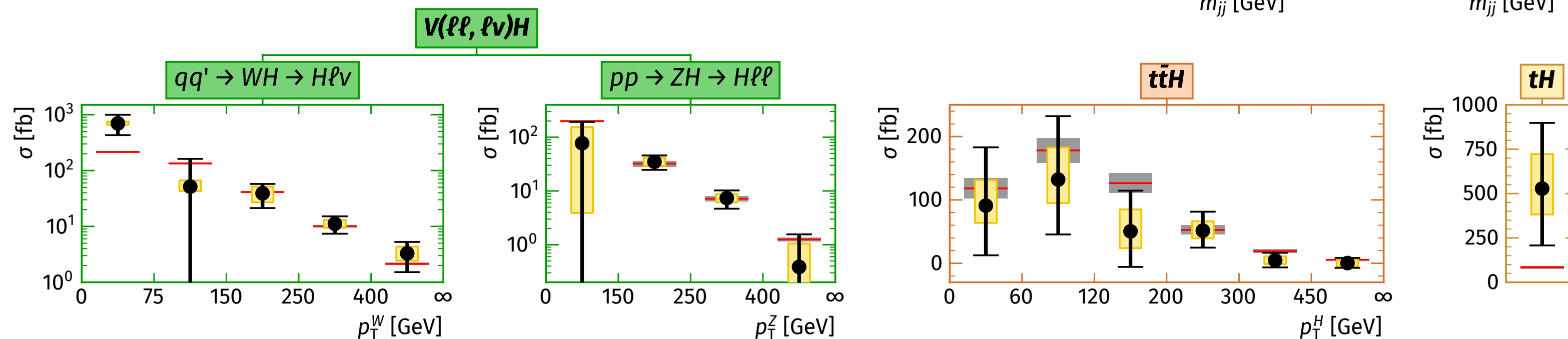
Figure 1 consists of two main panels, (a) and (b), each showing a central plot and two side plots. Panel (a) displays the branching ratio $\text{Br}(H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$ as a function of the top quark mass m_t [GeV]. The central plot shows $\text{Br}(H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$ on the y-axis (ranging from 0 to 0.0002) versus m_t on the x-axis (ranging from 150 to 185 GeV). The side plots show $\text{Br}(H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$ for $m_t < 150$ GeV and $m_t > 185$ GeV. Panel (b) displays the cross section $\sigma(H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$ in fb as a function of m_t . The central plot shows $\sigma(H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$ on the y-axis (ranging from 0 to 1000 fb) versus m_t on the x-axis (ranging from 350 to 1800 GeV). The side plots show $\sigma(H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$ for $m_t < 350$ GeV and $m_t > 1800$ GeV. All plots show a central value with error bars and a shaded region representing the uncertainty.

- **STXS is designed for combination:** uniform truth bin definitions across channels, and between ATLAS and CMS

- When understanding/interpreting STXS results, do not forget correlation matrix!

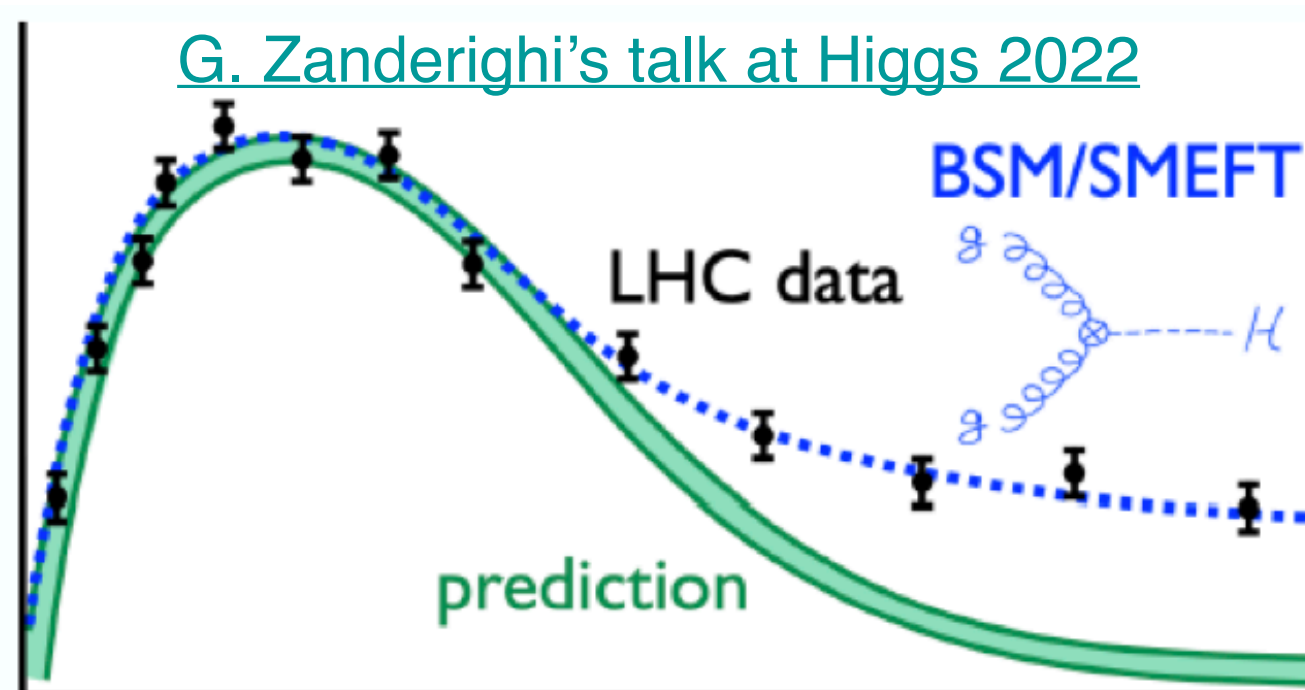
- STXS framework will keep evolving in Run 3

- **Crucial for experimentalists to participate in the development**

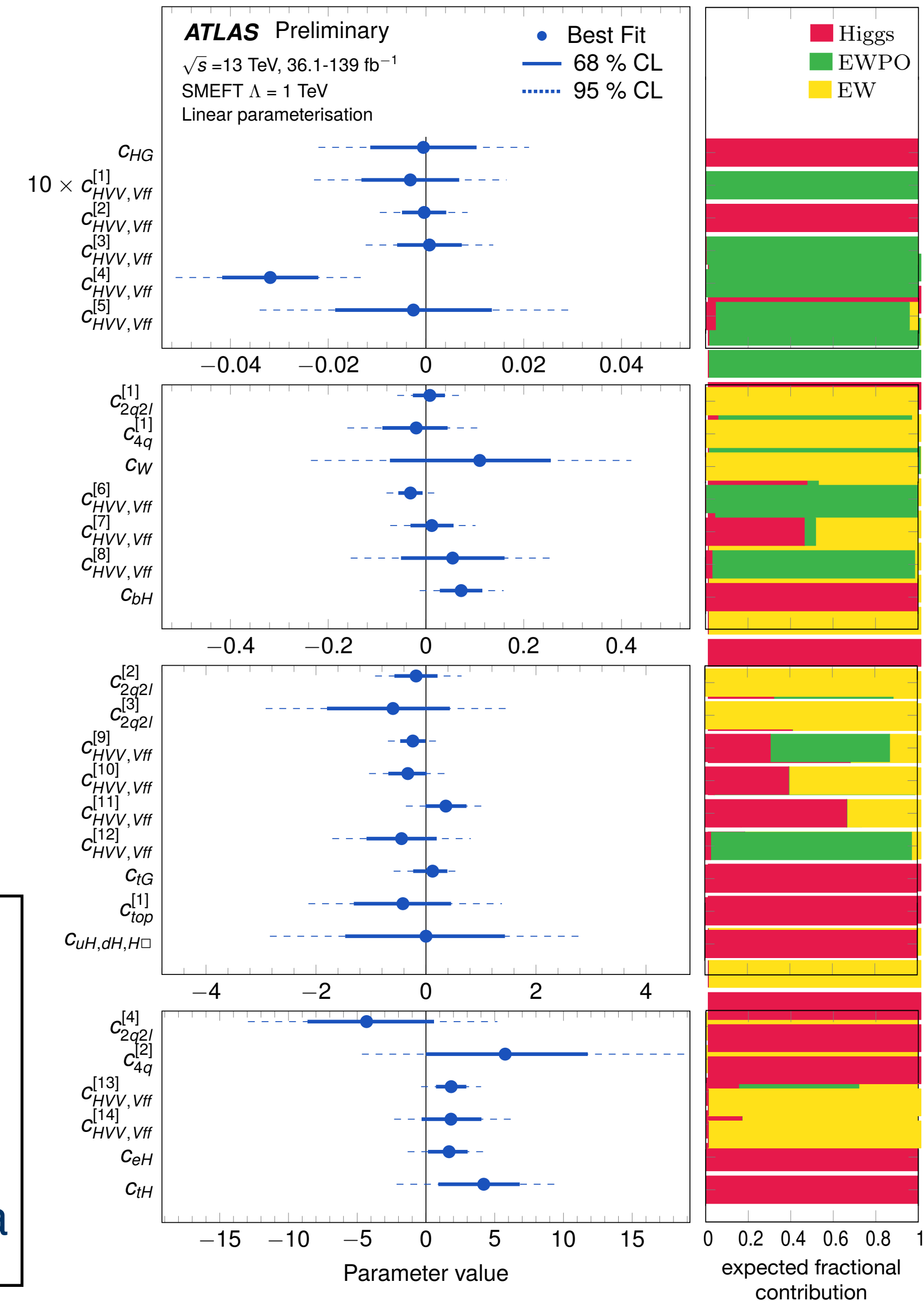


EFT interpretation of STXS measurements

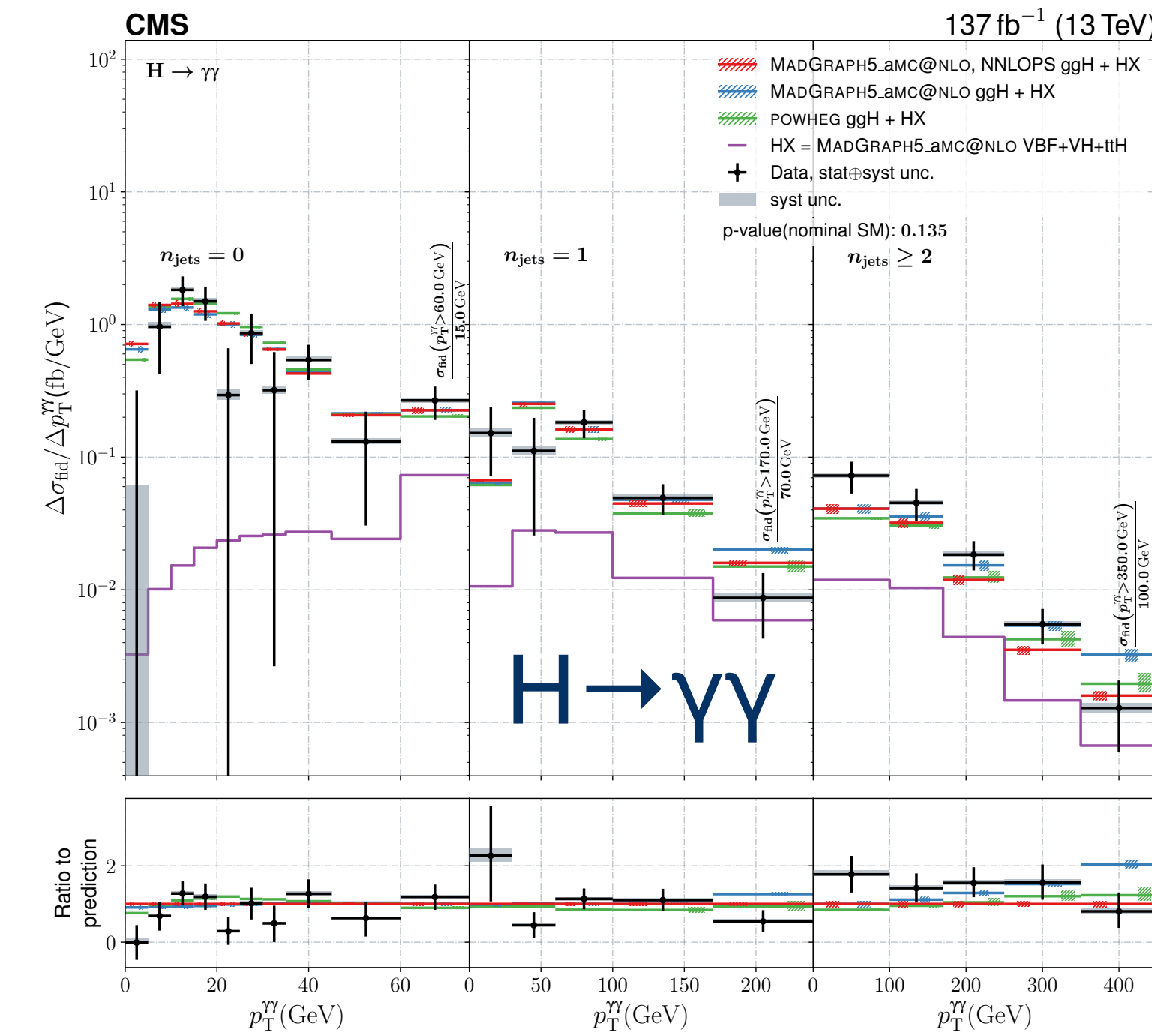
- HEP discoveries are often enabled by higher collision energy
- However, we will not have a machine with much higher energy than LHC in the coming decades
 - If new physics is beyond LHC reach, it will most likely manifest itself as deviations in SM precision measurements
- STXS measurements are natural candidates for EFT interpretations from Higgs sector
 - Need to combine with EW and Top measurements to get full picture
 - Physics observables have similar dependence on EFT different operators → introduces degeneracy among Wilson coefficients...



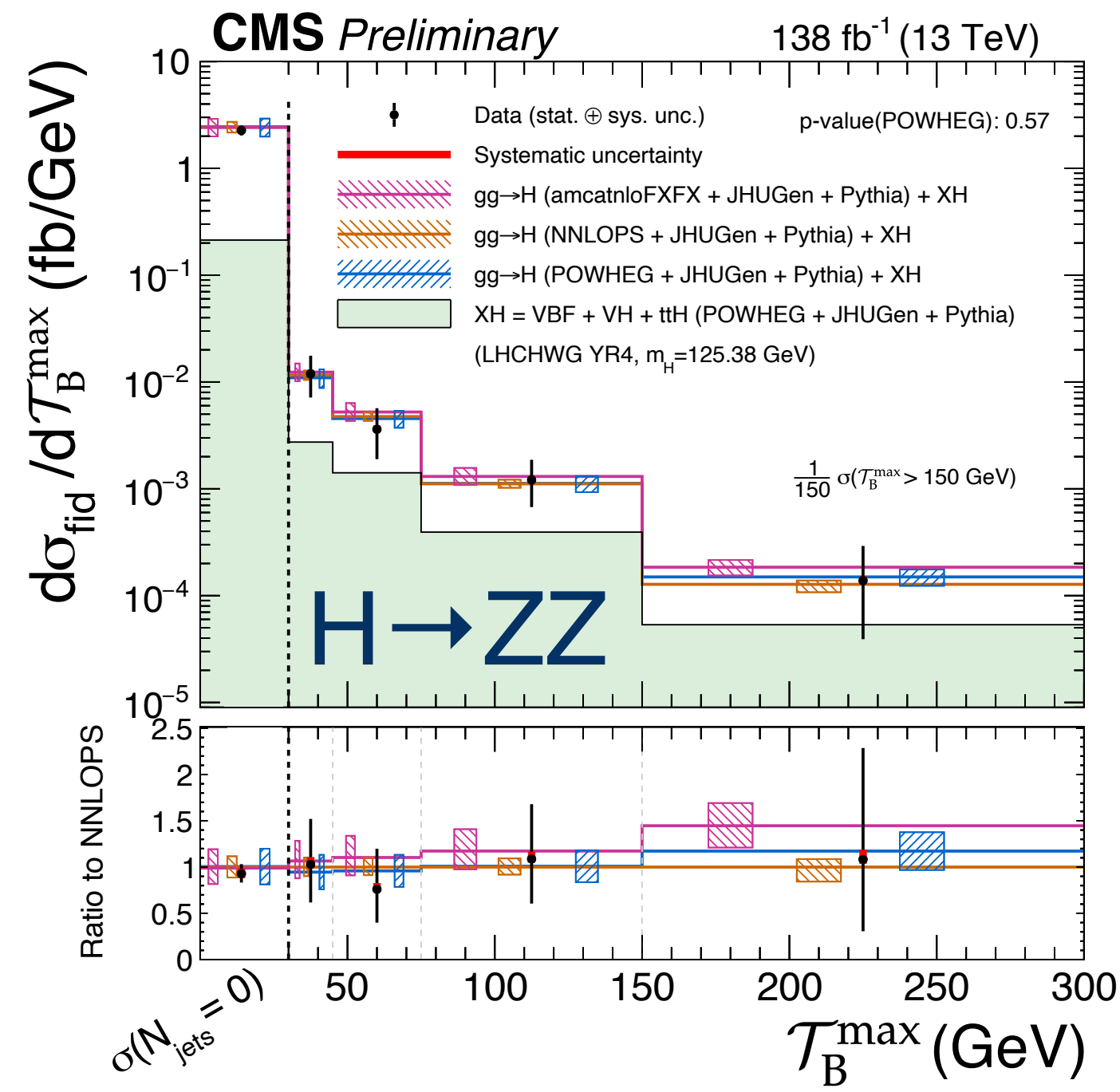
- ATLAS Higgs + ATLAS EW + LEP/SLC EW
- Certain Wilson coef. are added up linearly from diagonalizing correlation matrix
- Only tension from $A_{FB}^{(b,c)}$ in EW precision data



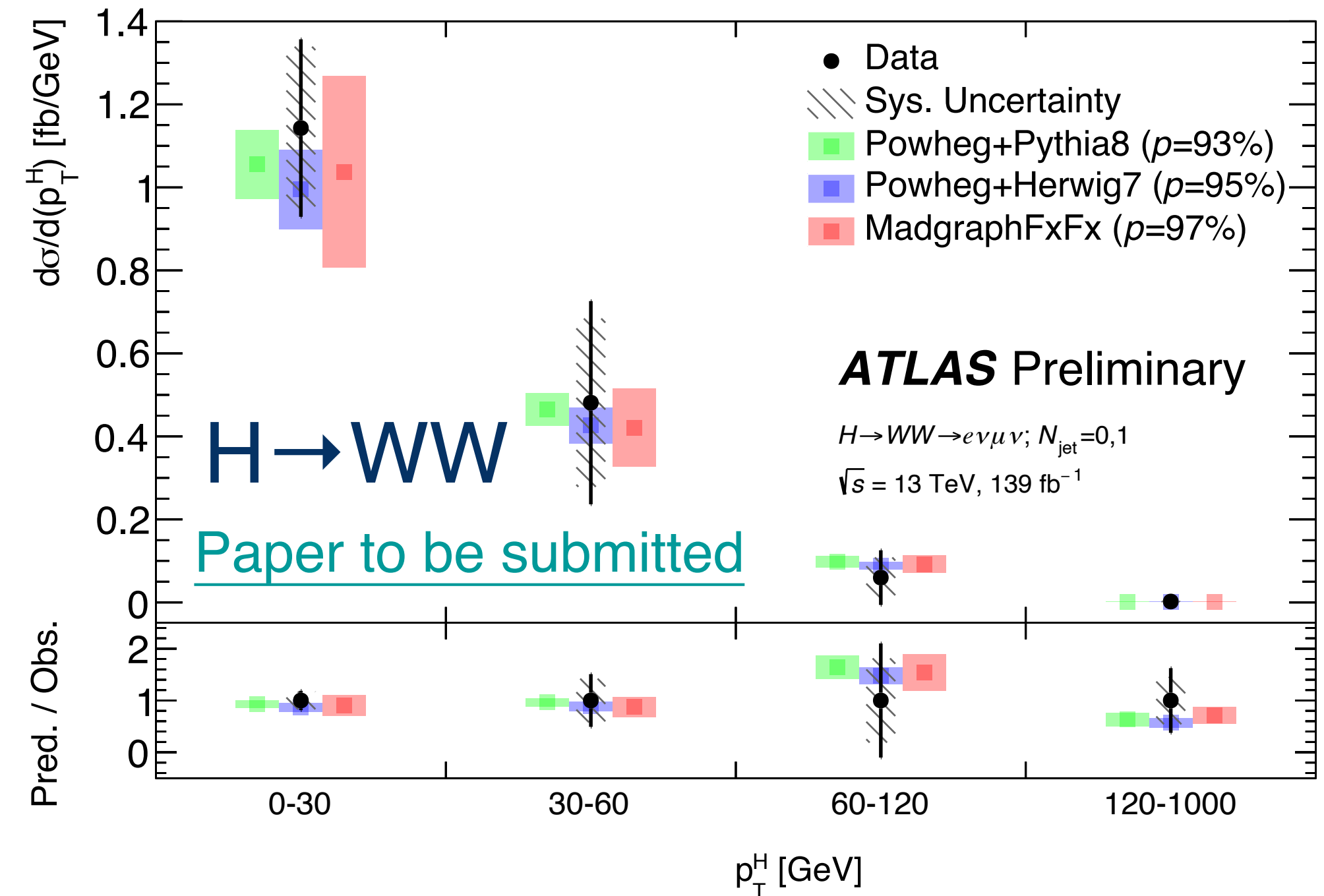
Fiducial differential cross-section measurements



[arXiv:2208.12279](https://arxiv.org/abs/2208.12279)

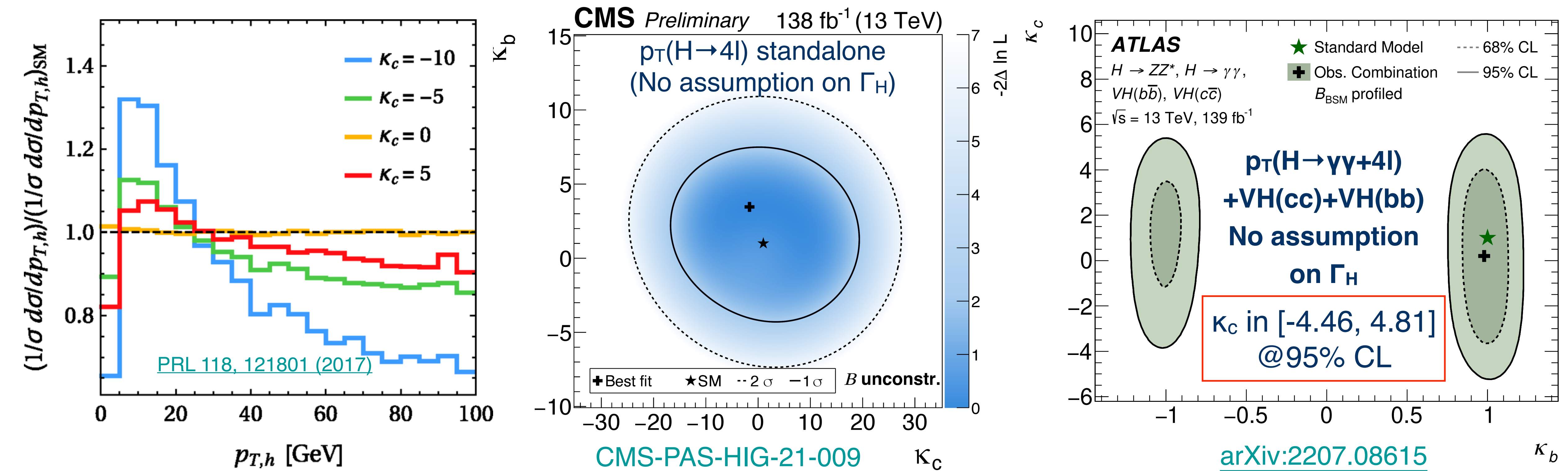


[CMS-PAS-HIG-21-009](https://arxiv.org/abs/2208.12279)



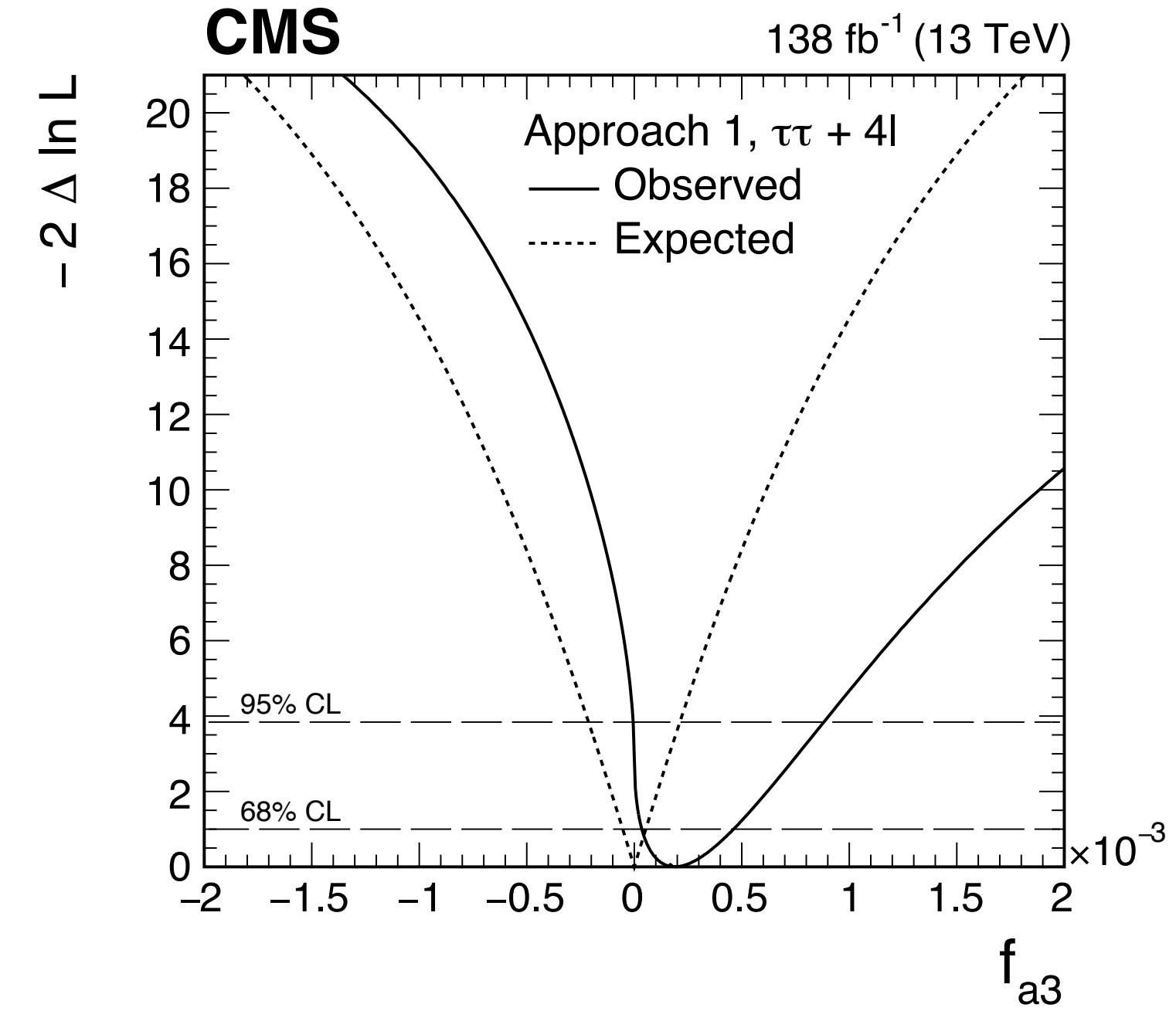
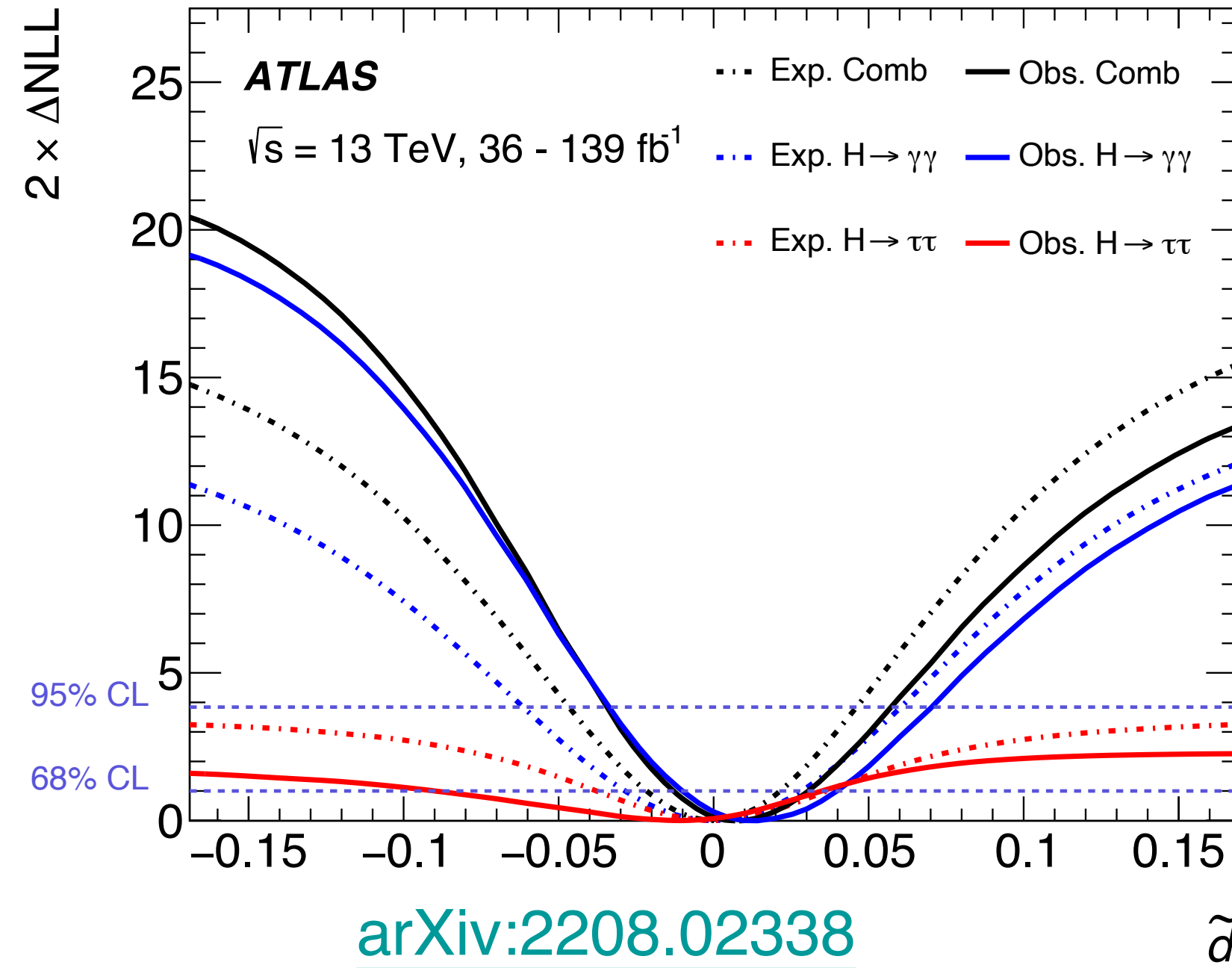
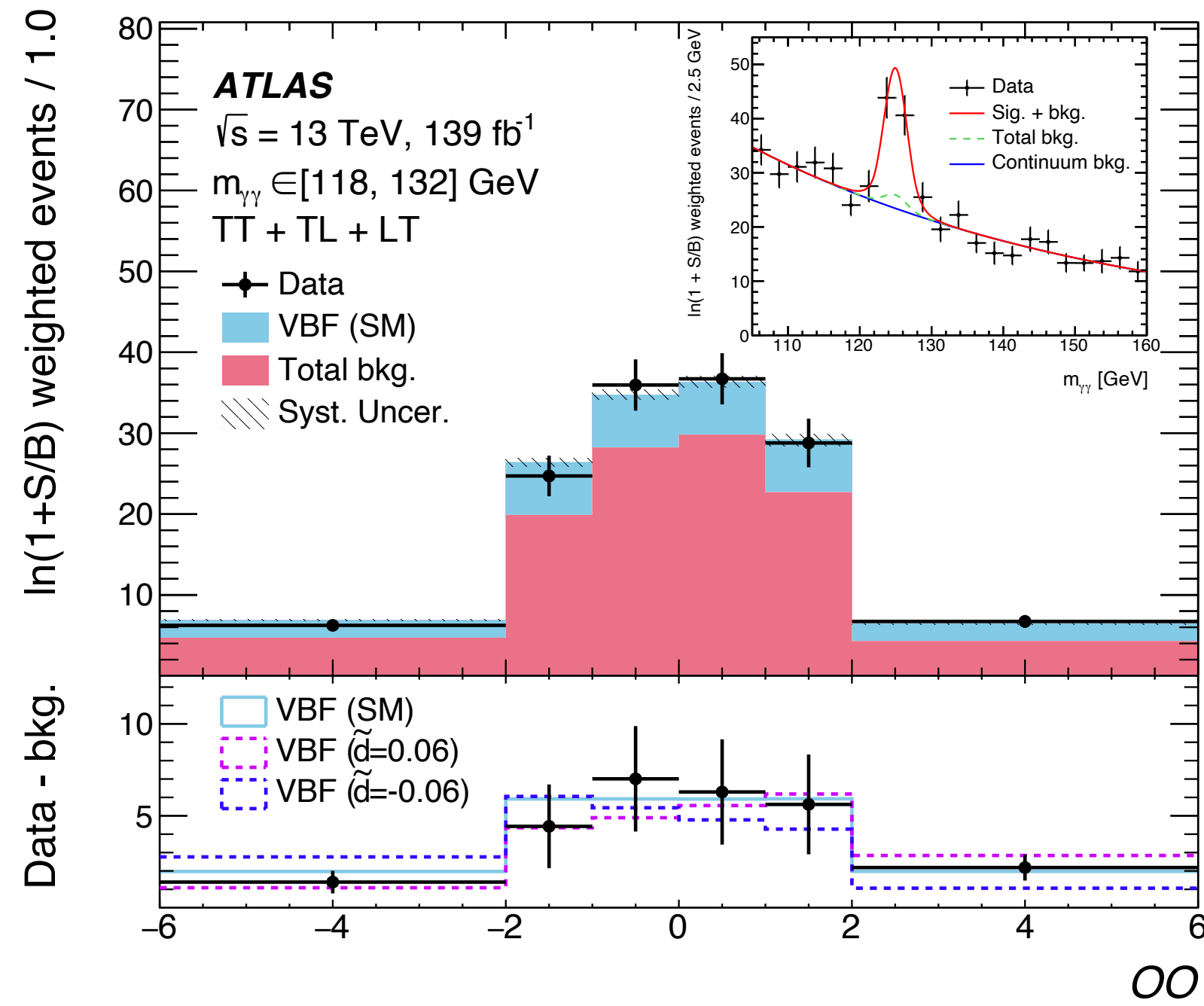
- High-precision channels ($\gamma\gamma$ and $4l$) start exploring 2D measurement & advanced variables that better test theory calculations. Also contributions from other channels e.g. WW
- Rapidity weighted observable $\mathcal{T}_B^j = m_T^j e^{-|y_j - Y_H|}$ to test QCD resummation
- Useful inputs for theory. Can be used in various interpretations (EFT, self-coupling...)

Use Higgs boson p_T to constrain charm Yukawa coupling

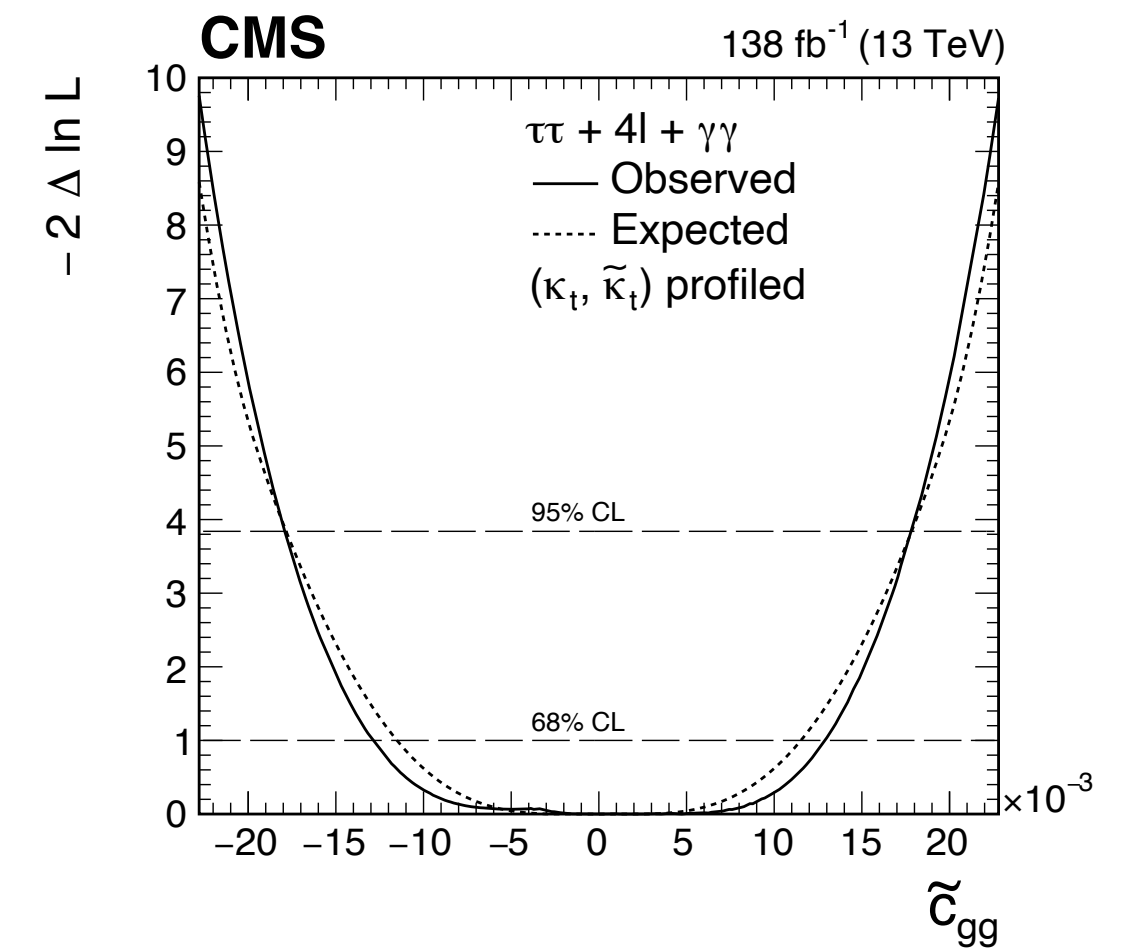


- **Higgs boson p_T provide indirect constraint** on charm Yukawa coupling that is comparable to direct $VH, H \rightarrow cc$ search
- Combination of the **indirect** and **direct** results **allows reducing model dependence** of direct search, and **yields better sensitivity** ($|\kappa_c| < 8.5$ @95% CL from ATLAS $VH(cc)$)

HVV CP study in VBF, $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ channel



- Based on **shape info** of **optimal observable** $OO = 2\text{Re}(\mathcal{M}_{SM}^* \mathcal{M}_{CP-odd}) / |\mathcal{M}_{SM}|^2$
- Two interpretations: $\tilde{d} = -(m_W^2 / \Lambda^2) c_{W\tilde{W}}$ from HISZ basis, and $c_{H\tilde{W}}$ from Warsaw basis (**x5 better** than directly fitting diff. xs. $\Delta\Phi(jj)$ etc.)
- HVV CP can be explored in many channels. Interesting to explore their combinations
 - $\tilde{d}$ VBF $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma + \tau\tau$ combination from this work. Also see CMS $\tau\tau + 4l$ in [arXiv:2205.05120](https://arxiv.org/abs/2205.05120)

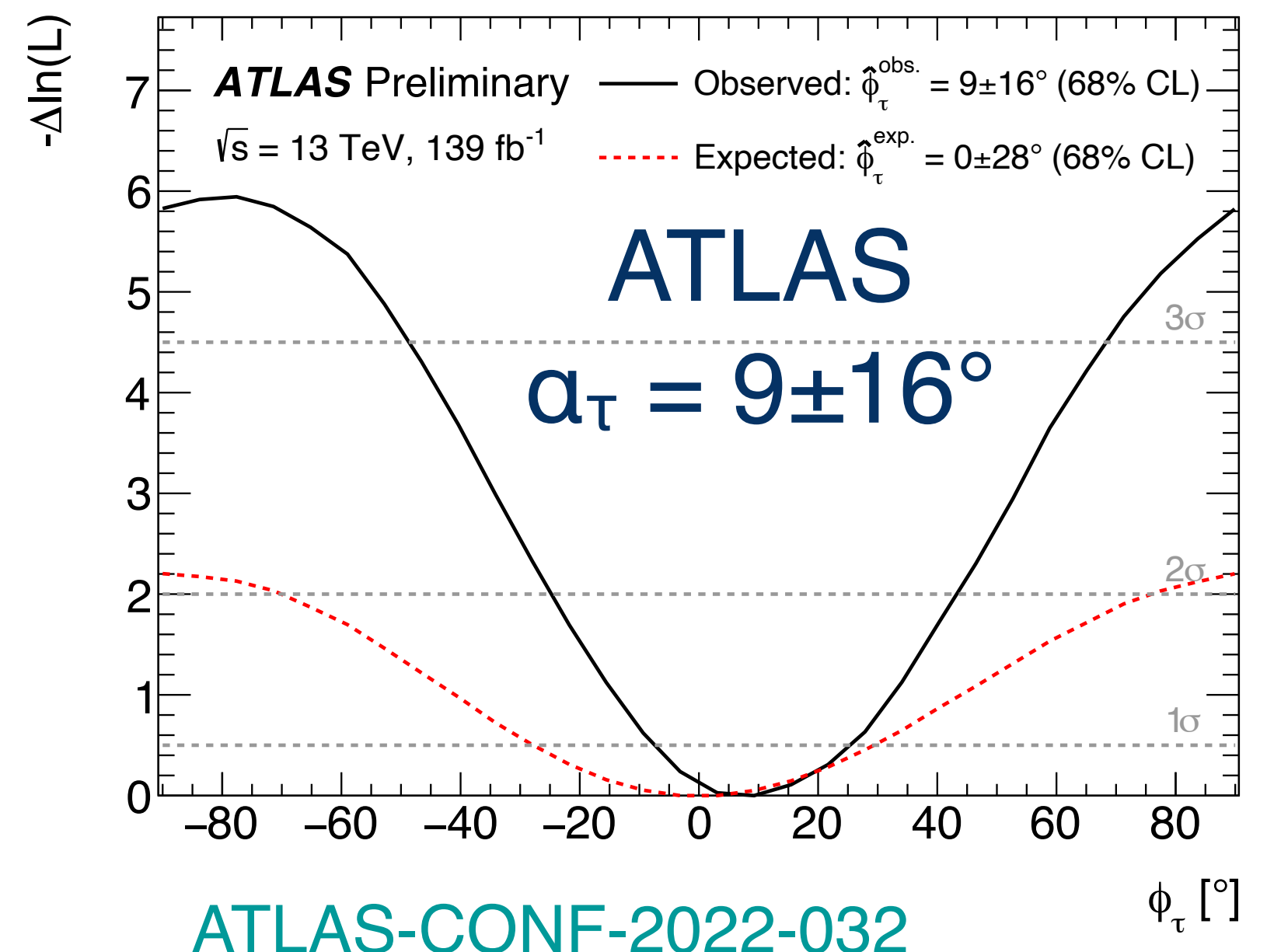
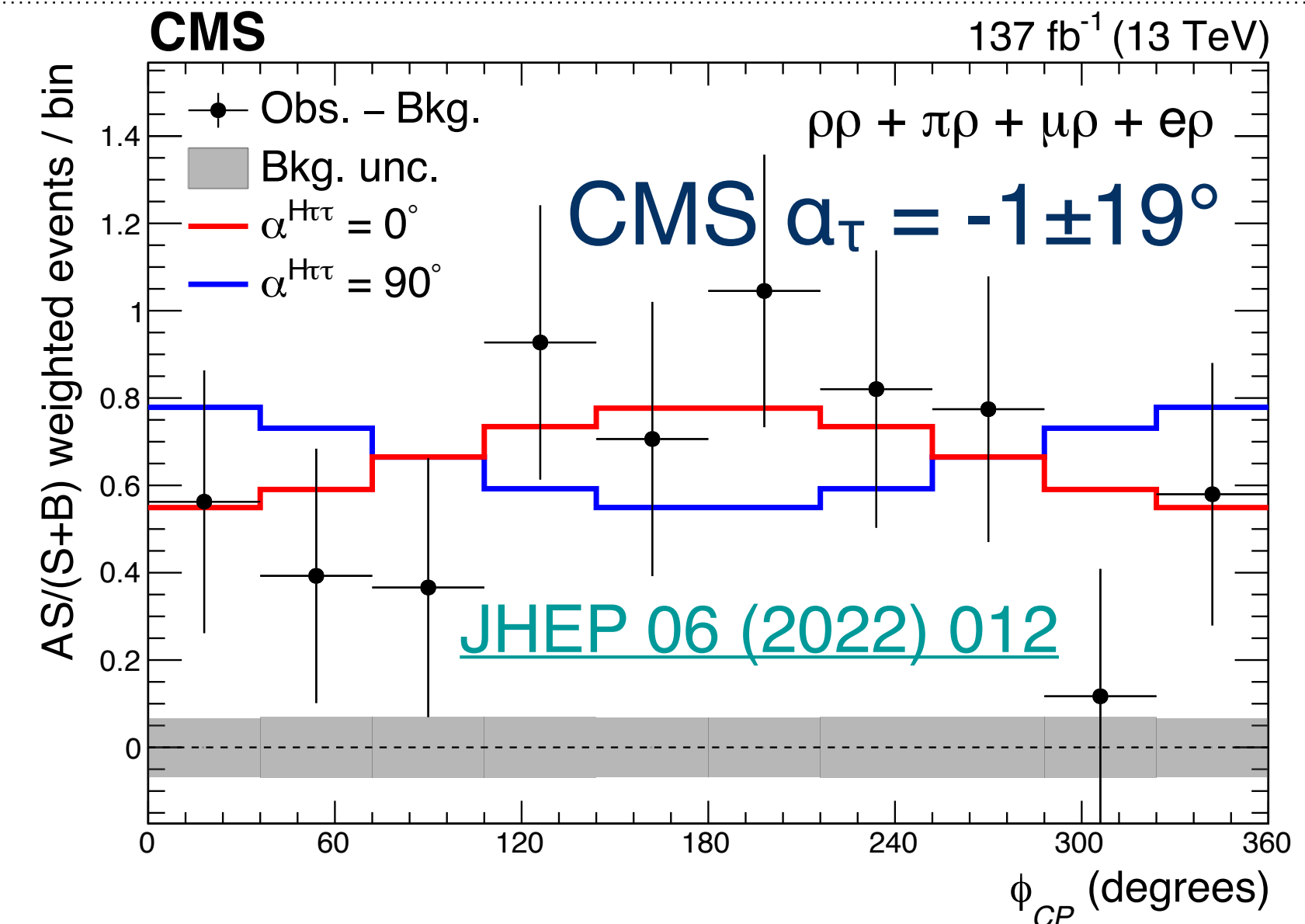
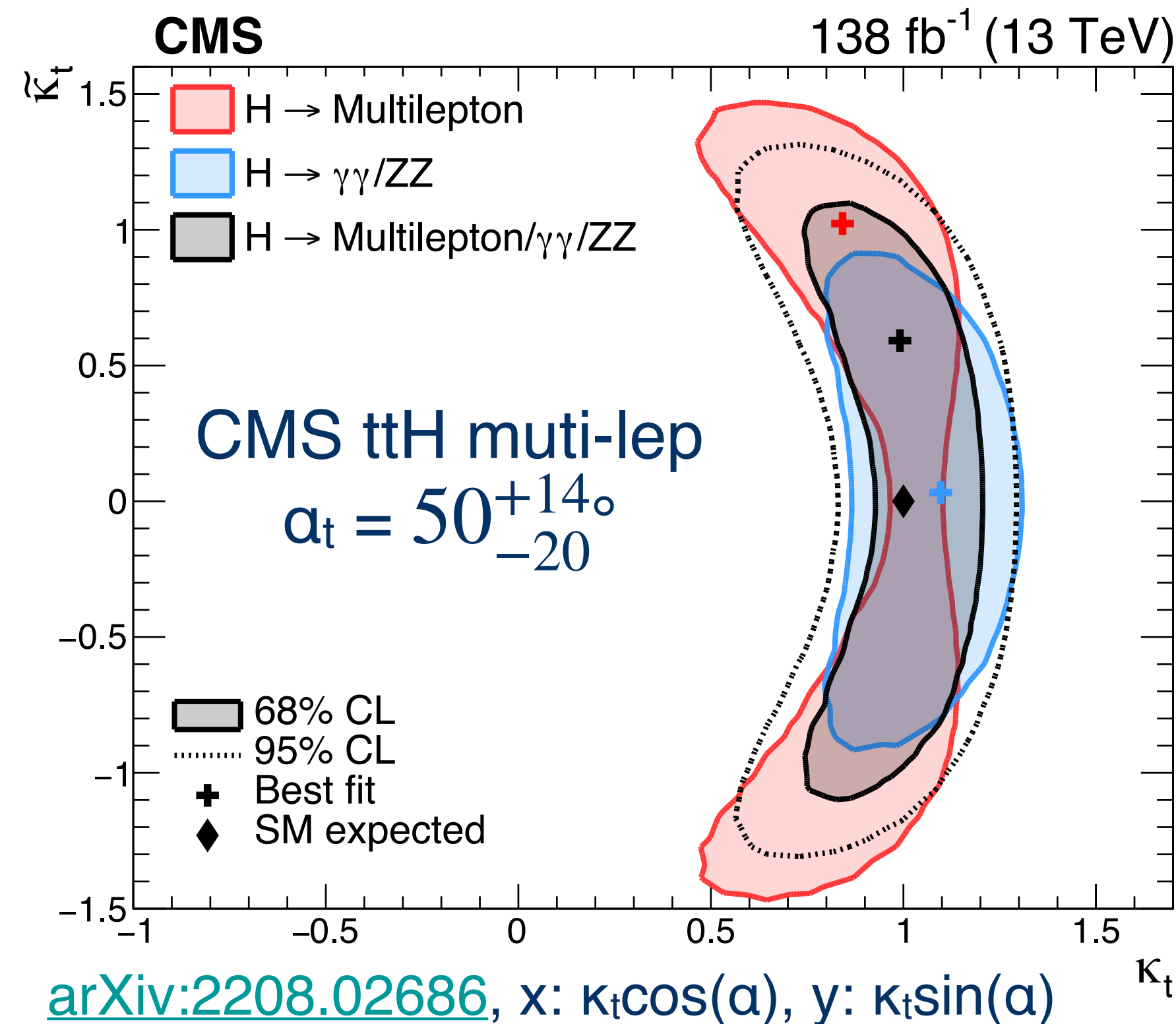
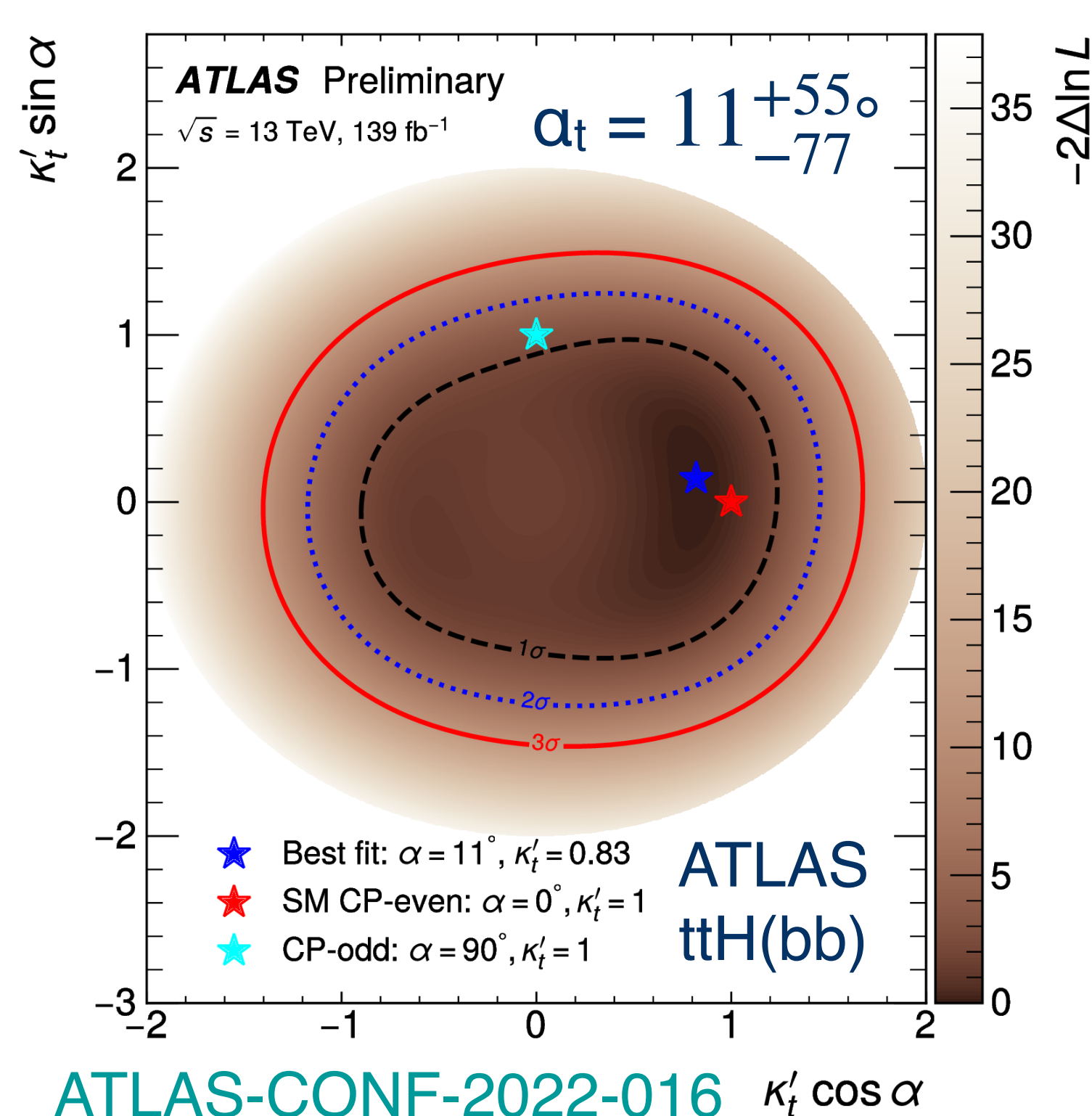


CP study in Yukawa couplings

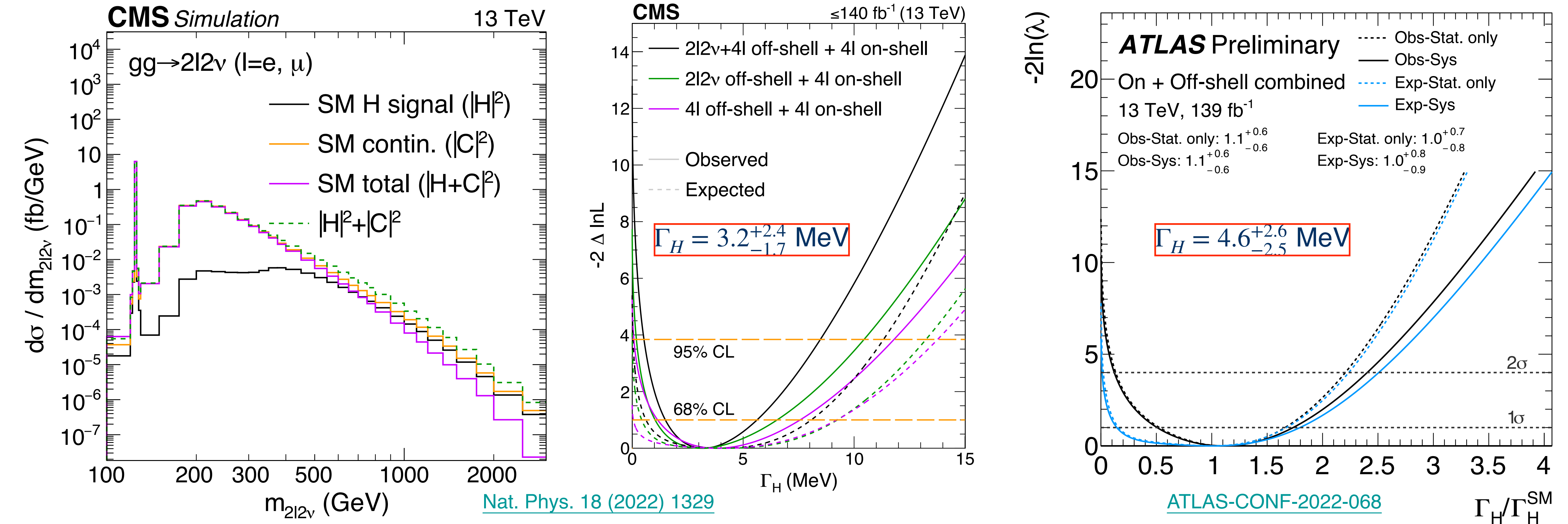
- Yukawa coupling Lagrangian involving CP mixing:

$$\mathcal{L}_f = -\frac{m}{\nu} \kappa_f (\cos(\alpha) \bar{f}f + i \sin(\alpha) \bar{f} \gamma_5 f) H$$

- Can perform **direct measurement of α** in top (using ttH/tH) and tau (using H $\rightarrow\tau\tau$) Yukawa couplings at LHC (κ_f is floating)



Off-shell measurements

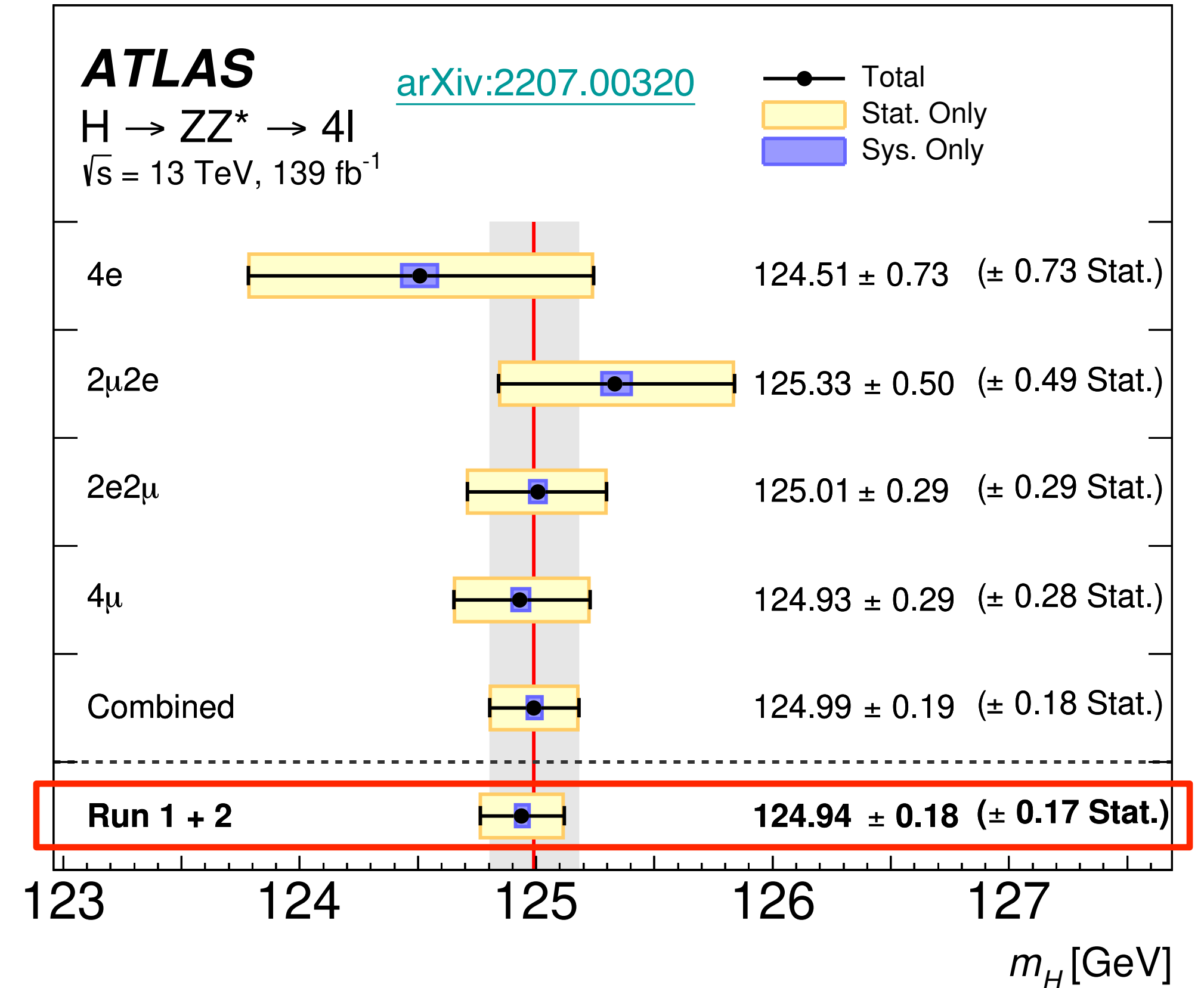
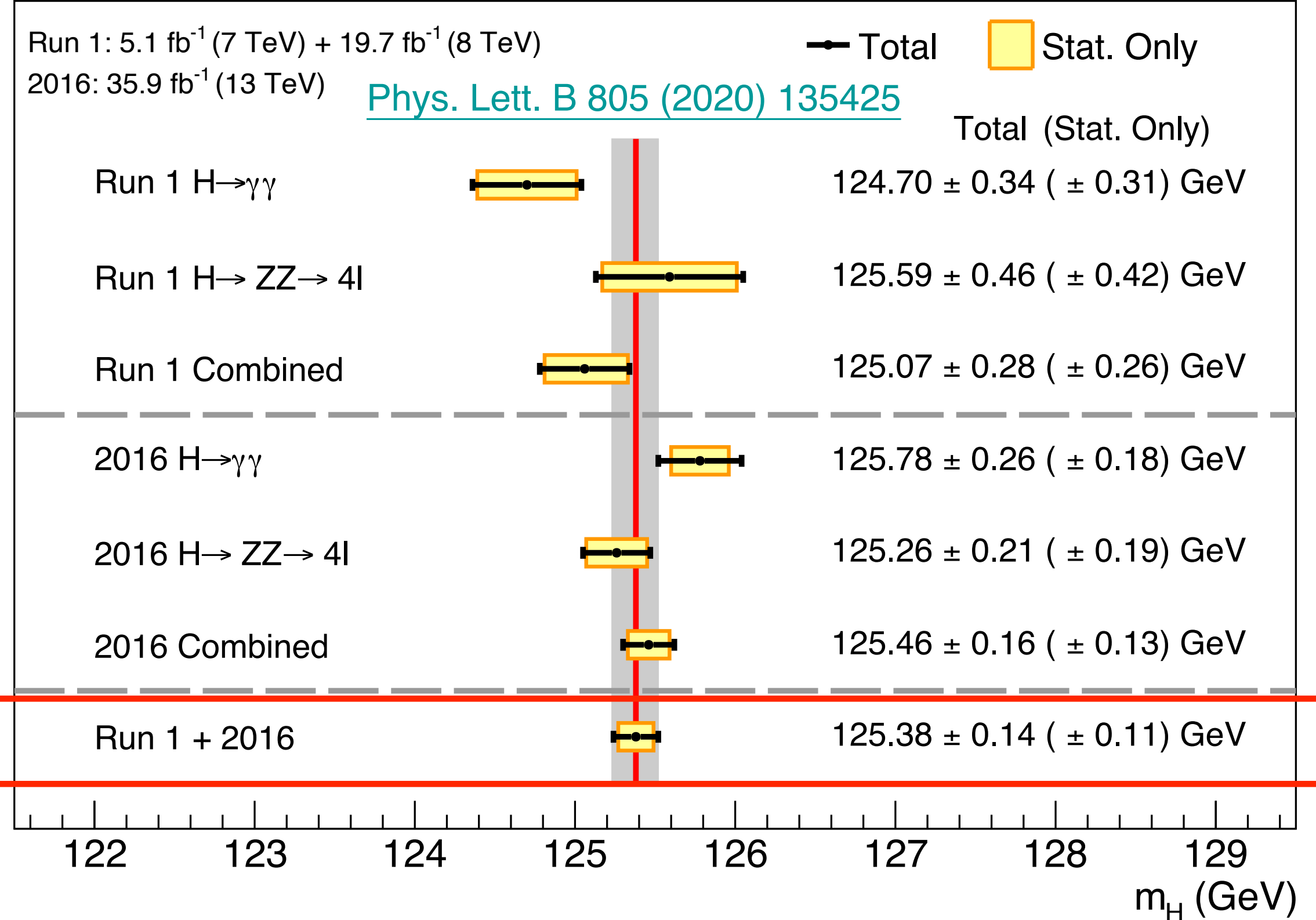


- Explore large contribution of Higgs boson to high mass $gg \rightarrow ZZ$ and VBF ZZ , can constrain Γ_H by comparing on-shell/off-shell
- Both ATLAS and CMS have established **evidence** of Higgs boson off-shell production, and obtained competitive constraint on Γ_H

Could be interesting to have an ATLAS-CMS combination!

Higgs boson mass measurement

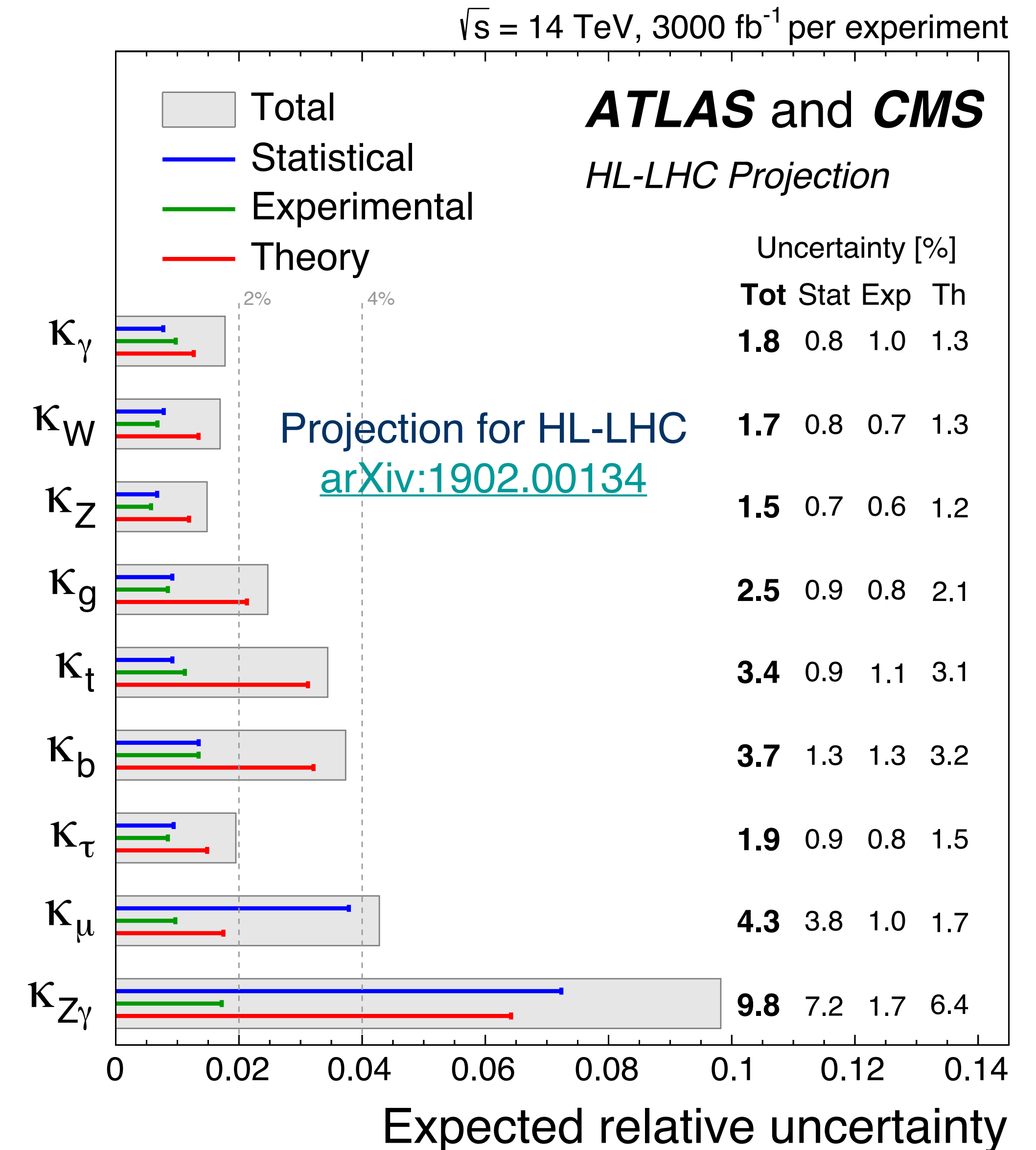
CMS



- Free parameter of SM. Measurement mainly an experimental effort in 4l and γγ
 - 4l channel still driven by limited stats, while γγ channel start to be limited by syst.
- **0.1% precision achieved.** Not a limiting factor for most Higgs boson property studies

Conclusions

- Study Higgs boson at LHC is not easy!
 - Only **O(0.1%)** of Higgs bosons produced at LHC are accessible in analyses
- Still, with Run 1+2 data, we managed to achieve
 - **O(10%)** precision for rate measurements
 - **0.1%** precision of Higgs boson mass
 - **O(50%)** precision on total width from off-shell
 - Constraint of CP violation in Higgs sector, EFT...
- Run 3 is perfect time for further improving precision & trying out new ideas!
- **x20 larger Higgs boson sample at HL-LHC!**



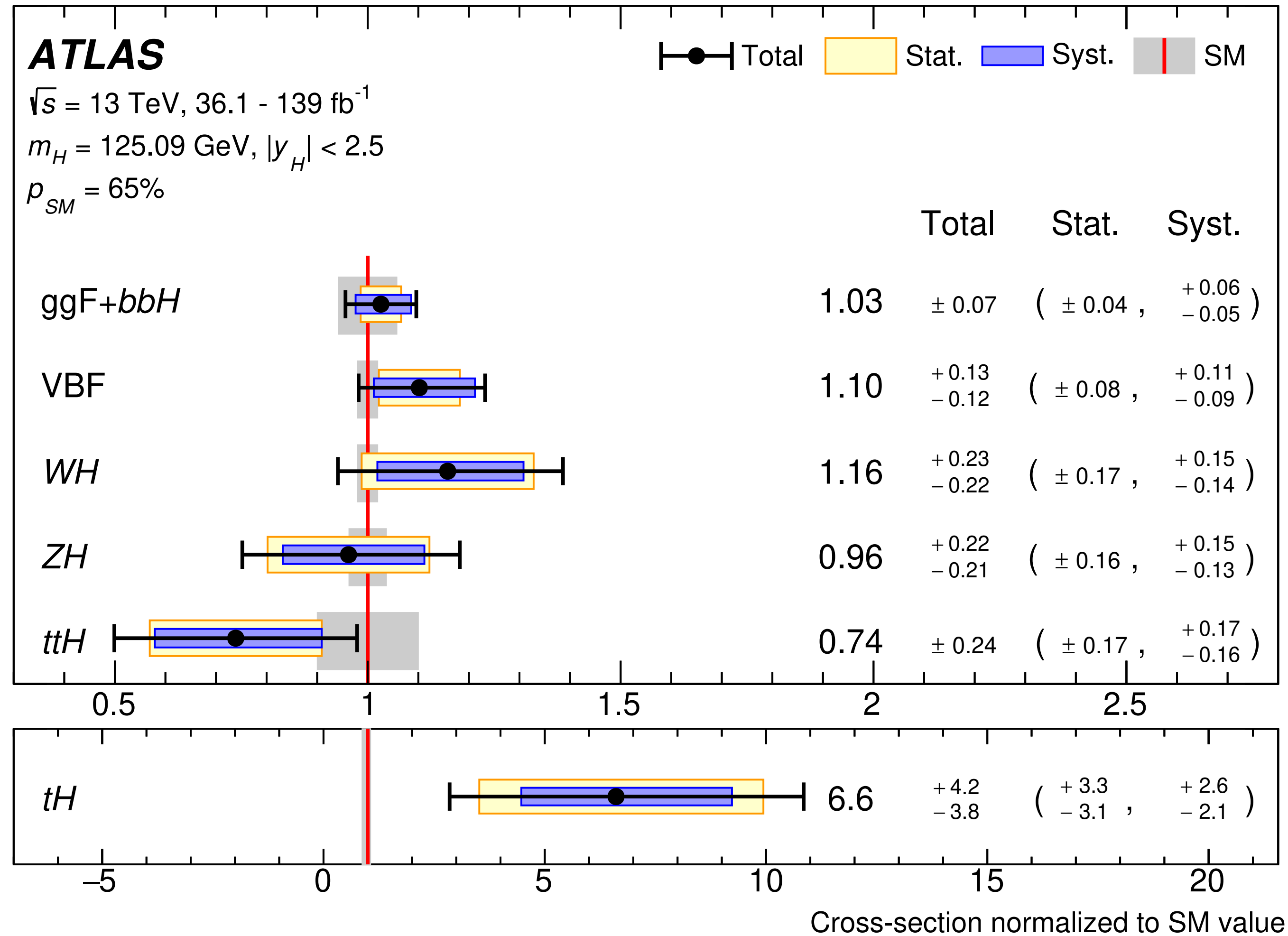


Backup

Inputs for ATLAS Nature combination

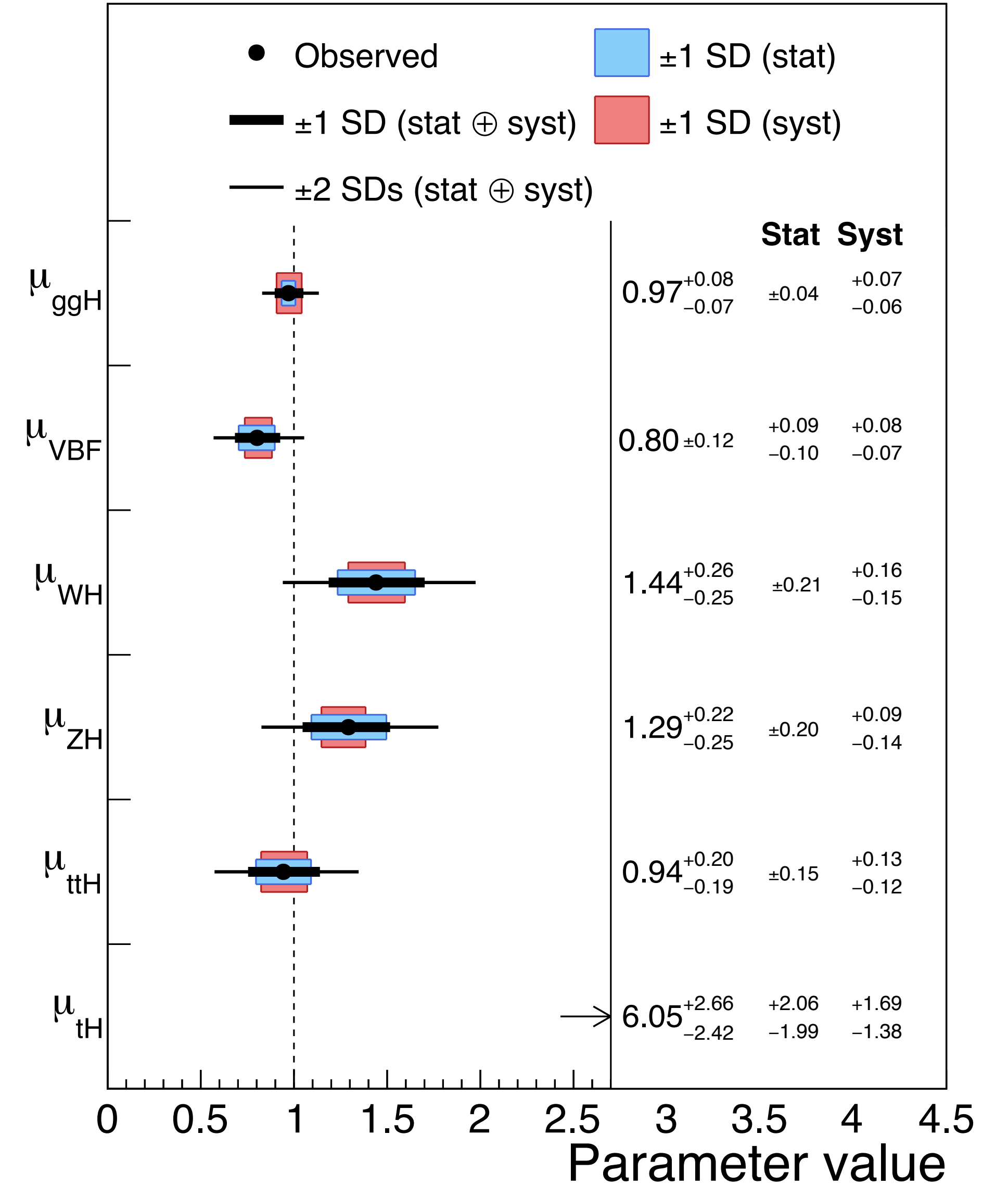
Decay mode	Targeted production processes	$\mathcal{L}$ [fb ⁻¹]	Ref.	Fits deployed in
$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	ggF, VBF, WH , ZH , $t\bar{t}H$, tH	139	[31]	All
$H \rightarrow ZZ$	ggF, VBF, $WH + ZH$, $t\bar{t}H + tH$	139	[28]	All
	$t\bar{t}H + tH$ (multilepton)	36.1	[39]	All but fit of kinematics
$H \rightarrow WW$	ggF, VBF	139	[29]	All
	WH , ZH	36.1	[30]	All but fit of kinematics
	$t\bar{t}H + tH$ (multilepton)	36.1	[39]	All but fit of kinematics
$H \rightarrow Z\gamma$	inclusive	139	[32]	All but fit of kinematics
$H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$	WH , ZH	139	[33, 34]	All
	VBF	126	[35]	All
	$t\bar{t}H + tH$	139	[36]	All
	inclusive	139	[37]	Only for fit of kinematics
$H \rightarrow \tau\tau$	ggF, VBF, $WH + ZH$, $t\bar{t}H + tH$	139	[38]	All
	$t\bar{t}H + tH$ (multilepton)	36.1	[39]	All but fit of kinematics
$H \rightarrow \mu\mu$	ggF + $t\bar{t}H + tH$, VBF + $WH + ZH$	139	[40]	All but fit of kinematics
$H \rightarrow c\bar{c}$	$WH + ZH$	139	[41]	Only for free-floating κ_c
$H \rightarrow \text{invisible}$	VBF	139	[42]	κ models with B_u & B_{inv} .
	ZH	139	[43]	κ models with B_u & B_{inv} .

Higgs boson productions ATLAS vs. CMS



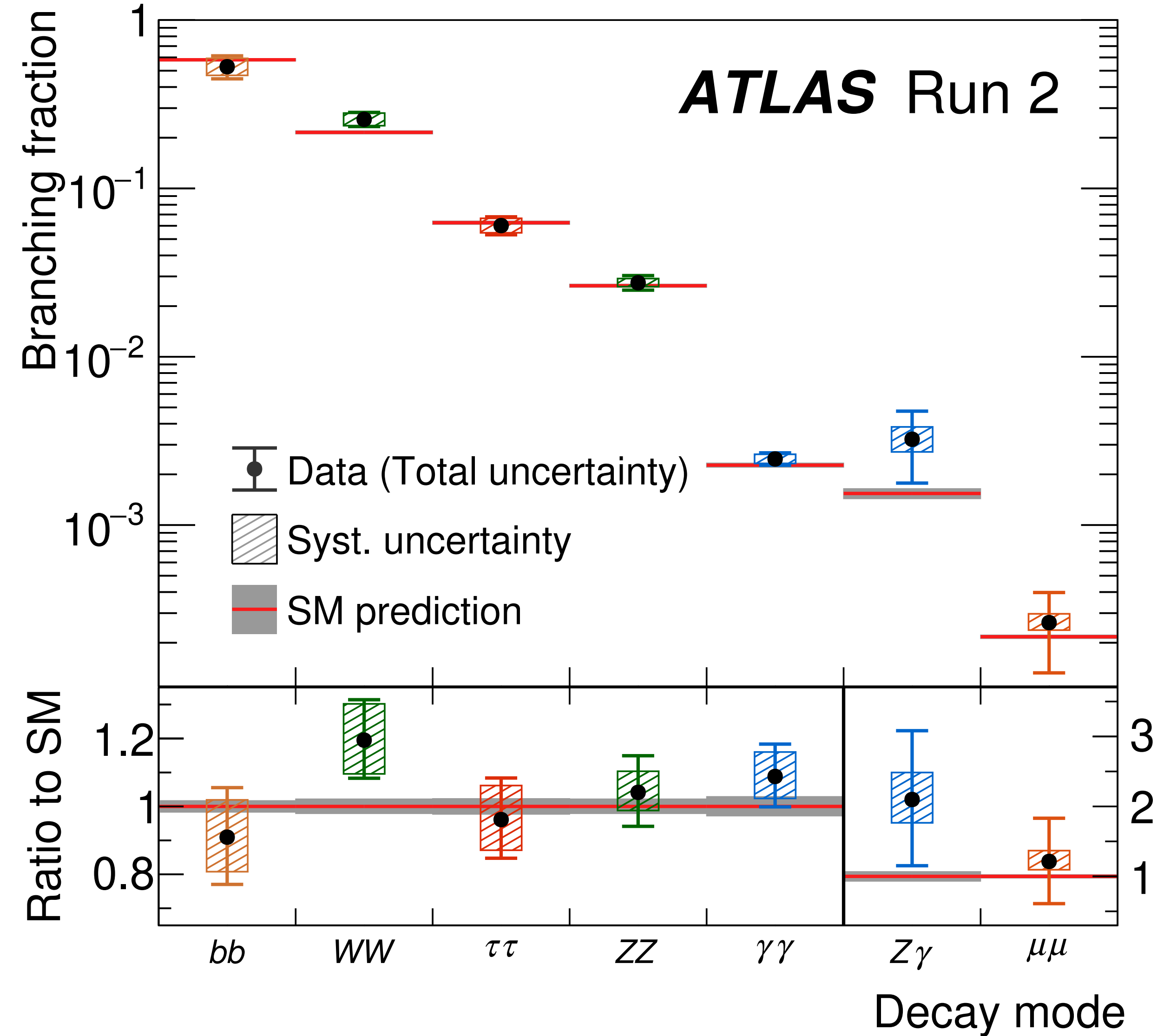
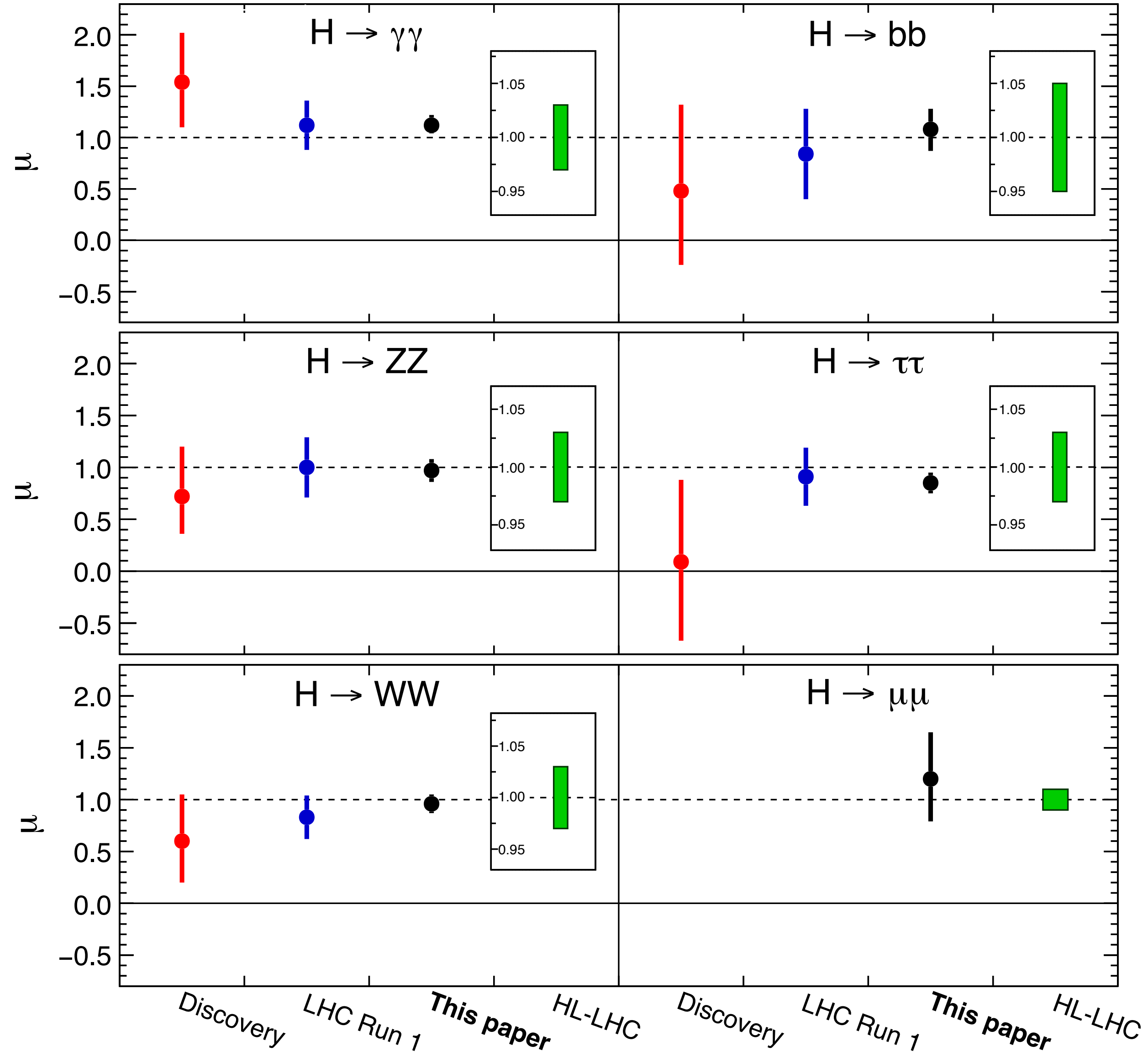
CMS

138 fb⁻¹ (13 TeV)

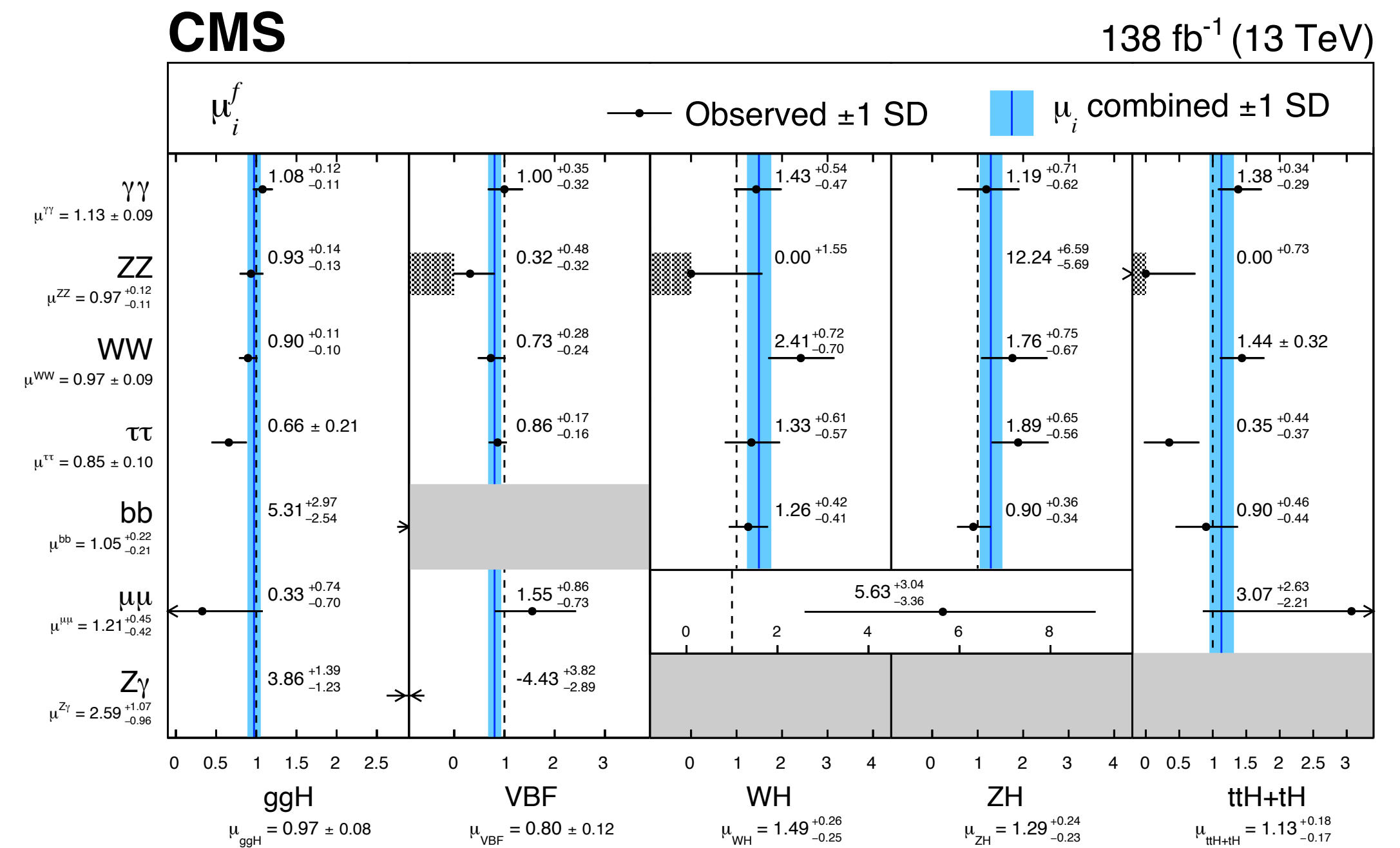
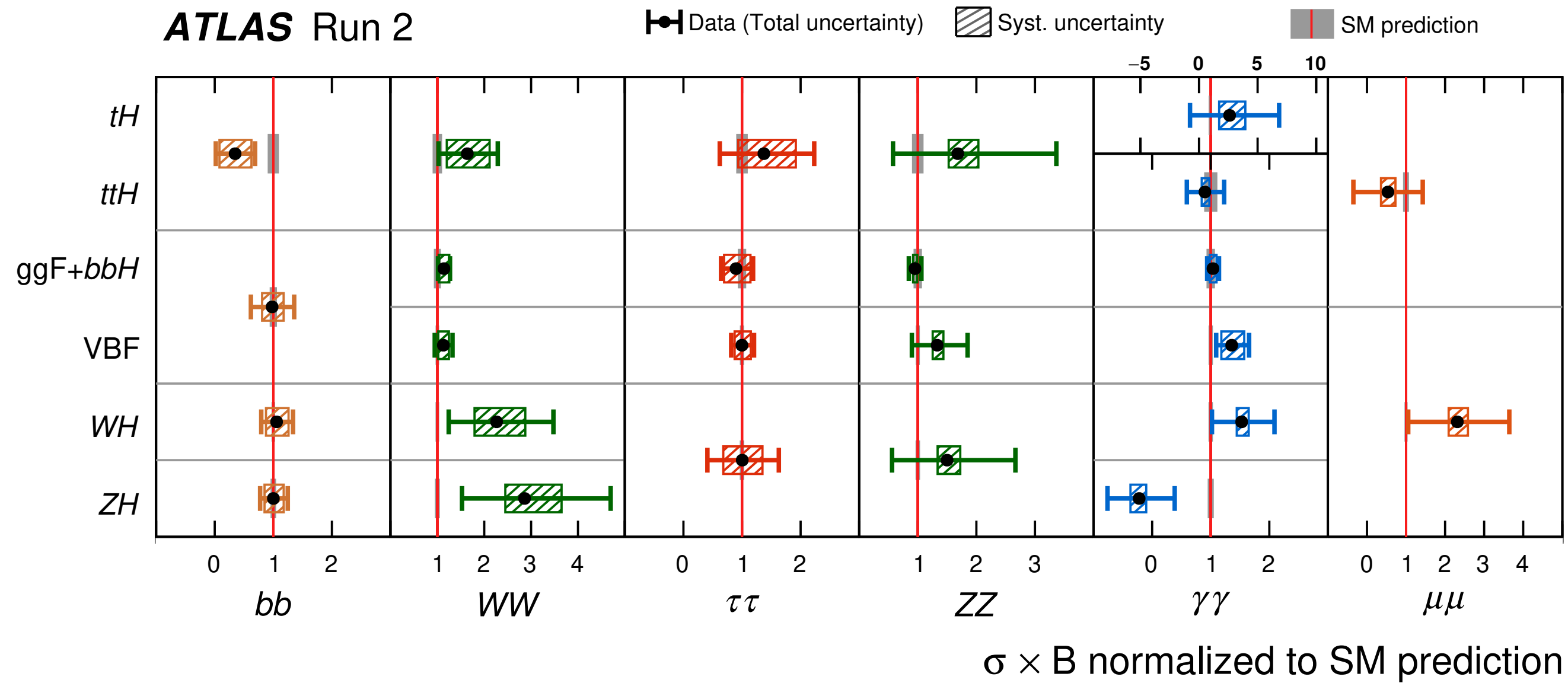


Higgs boson decays ATLAS vs. CMS

CMS



Prod×decay ATLAS vs. CMS



CMS ttH multi-lepton CP 1D likelihood scan

