



上海超导二代高温超导带材实用化研究进展

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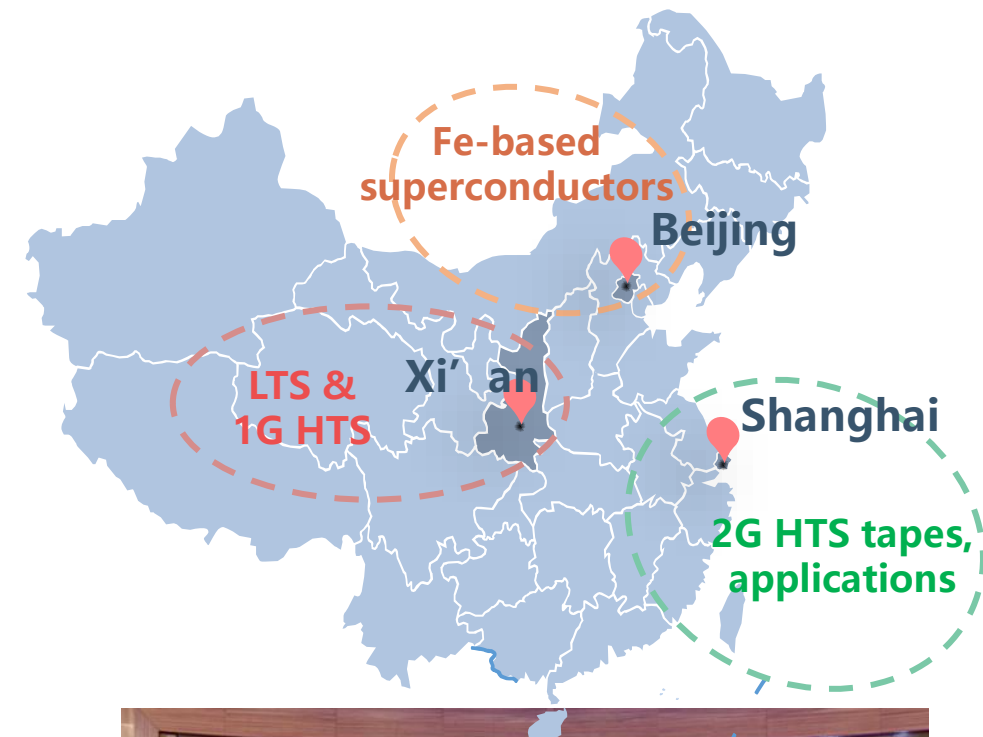
上海超导科技股份有限公司

上海交通大学

上海高温超导材料和应用重点实验室

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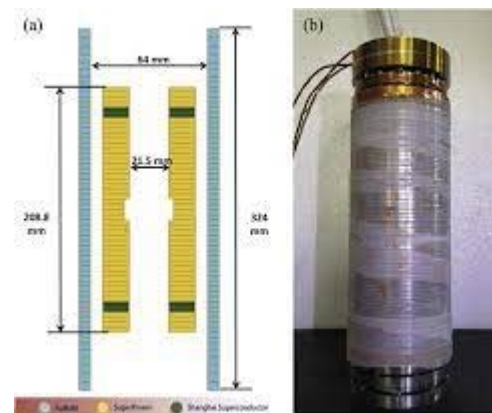
- **Current status of 2G-HTS in China**
- **Achievements at Shanghai Superconductor Technology (SST)**
 - Mass product
 - R&D
 - Applications
- **Conclusion and outlook**



35 kV Shanghai HTS cable



World's first 160kV DC SFCL



World record 32.35 tesla DC all SC magnet



World's first MW-scale HTS induction heater



Yangtze River Delta superconducting value chain alliance



- ✓ Commercial readiness of 2G HTS has initiated development appetite for fusion in China
- ✓ 4 start-up companies set up since 2021
- ✓ successfully raised capital of >1 billion RMB altogether

	Company	Founded in	Latest fundraising activity
1	Energy Singularity	2021 Jun	400 mRMB raised in first round in 2022 Mar
2	Sunist	2021 Oct	Multiple hundred mRMB angel investment raised in 2022 Jun
3	Shanghai Yixi	2022 May	50 mRMB seed investment raised in 2022 Sept
4	The 4 th State	2022 Jul	To be announced
5	ENN	2000 Nov (2018 Apr)	Not applicable



Establishment (2011)

- Private company funded by strategic investors
- Supported by Shanghai strategic emerging industries



Industry-Academia Cooperation

- Research Institute of Superconductivity
- Market/application-aligned R&D



Current Status

- Commercialized 2G-HTS conductors **since 2015**
- Ability to design and manufacture production equipment
- **100+ employees**, currently two main factory sites (Zhangjiang High-Tech Park & Songjiang Park for post processes)
- Very recently, **acquired by Jingda** (the largest special magnet wire producer in China), significant production expansion underway

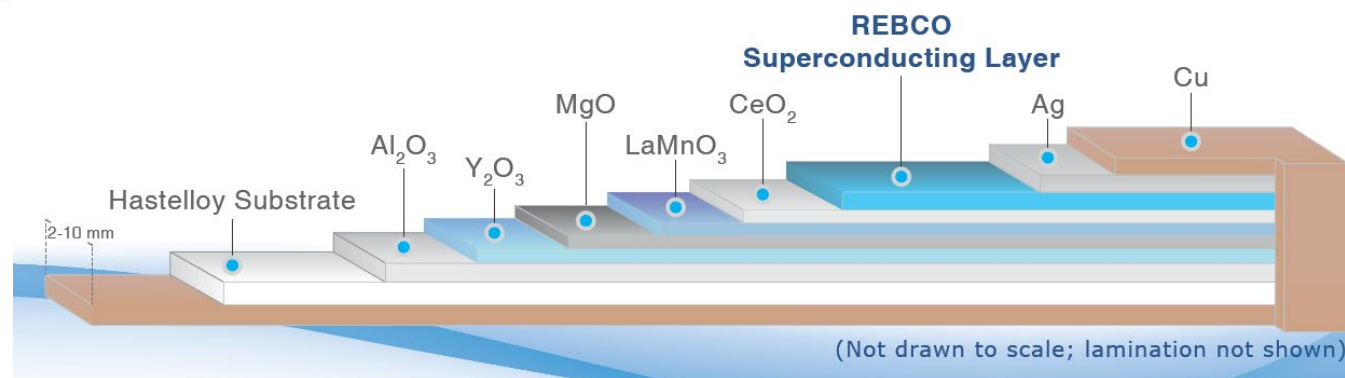


先进、稳定、高效的技术路线: PLD+IBAD

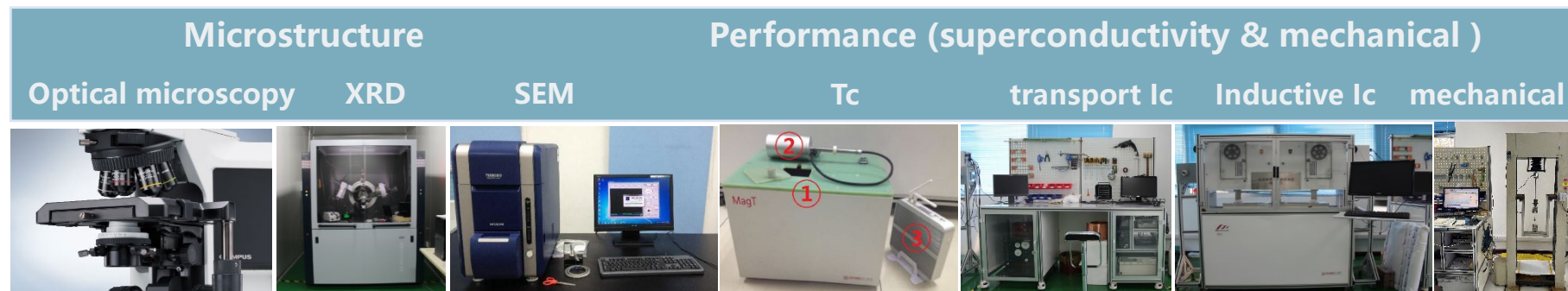


A reliable method

- High reproducibility
- Fast growth, high yield
- Tunable microstructure



Necessary QC process and equipment



Grades	Standard	Standard Plus	Superior
Electrical	$I_c(77K\ 0T)=300-420A/cm$	$I_c(77K\ 0T)=420-500A/cm$	$I_c(77K\ 0T)=500-550A/cm$
Electromagnetic	$I_c(4.2K\ 10T)=780-840A/cm$	$I_c(4.2K\ 10T)=840-980A/cm$	$I_c(4.2K\ 10T)=980-1120A/cm$
Electromagnetic from 2022H2	$I_c(4.2K\ 10T)=970-1050A/cm$	$I_c(4.2K\ 10T)=1050-1220A/cm$	$I_c(4.2K\ 10T)=1220-1400A/cm$

Core Equipment



HTS Tapes

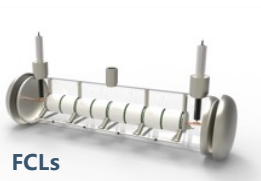


Refrigerators



Both Tokamak Energy and MIT have concluded: 2G HTS material is essential to enable compact fusion.

Material and Auxiliaries



FCLs

HTS Cable



HTS Magnet (Fusion, Accelerator)



Commonwealth Fusion System, US

- Commercial Compact Fusion
- Commercial power generation in 2030s

Tokamak Energy, UK

- Commercial Compact Fusion

Southwest Institute of Physics, China

- Fusion Research

Power Grid Application

Guangdong Power Grid

- 500kV/3.15kA sat. iron-core FCL

Jiangsu ZTT

- 220kV/1.5kA AC type FCL

Guangdong Power Grid

- 500kV DC type FCL
- 10Mvar HTS synchronous condenser

Shanghai Demo by State Grid

- 1200 m, 35 kV/2-3 kA
- In Xuhui CBD: Yishan to Wanping Transformer Stations

Shenzhen Demo by Southern Grid

- 500 m, 10 kV/2 kA
- CBD: PingAn Financial Center

CRRC

- HTS Maglev Train Prototype

CASIC

- "High Speed Flying Train" Demonstration Project

HTS Maglev Train



Electromagnet Application

$\text{Production(A*m)} = \text{production time(s)} \times \text{deposition efficiency(A*m/s)}$

$= \text{production time(s)} \times \text{deposition length(m)} \times \text{growth rate(m/s)} \times \text{current density(A/m}^2\text{)}$

Production time

- Utilization
- Effective working hours of product line

Deposition length

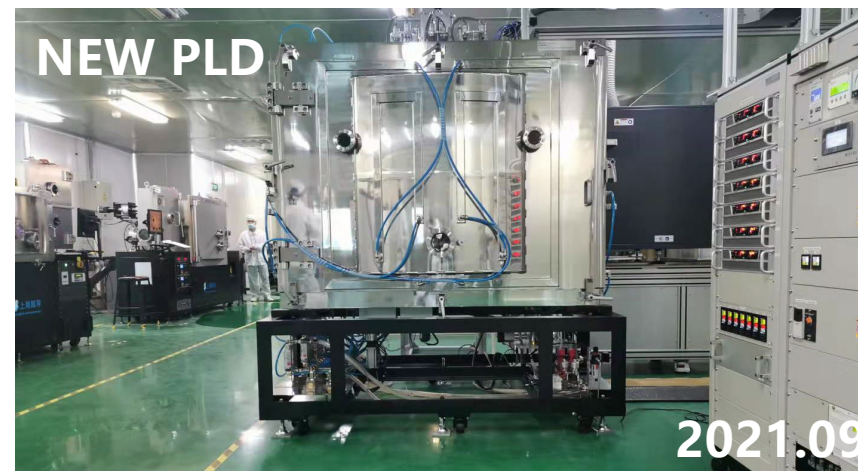
- Deposition area = length*1cm-w
- Enlarged by MPMT structure

Growth rate

- Dependent on laser power
- Limited by deposition kinetics process

Current density

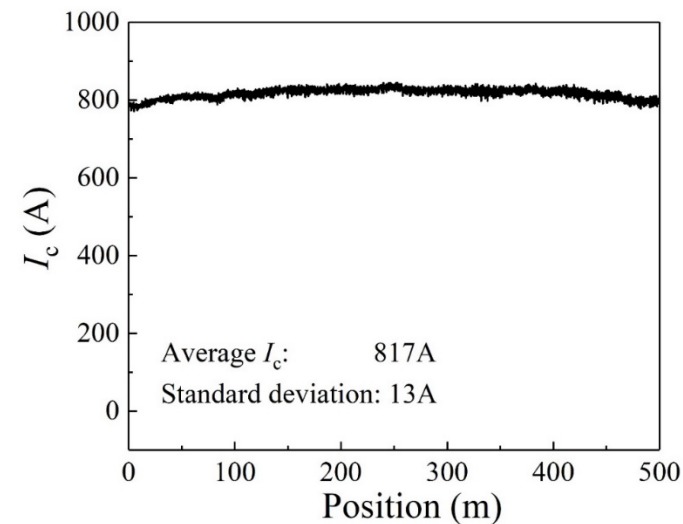
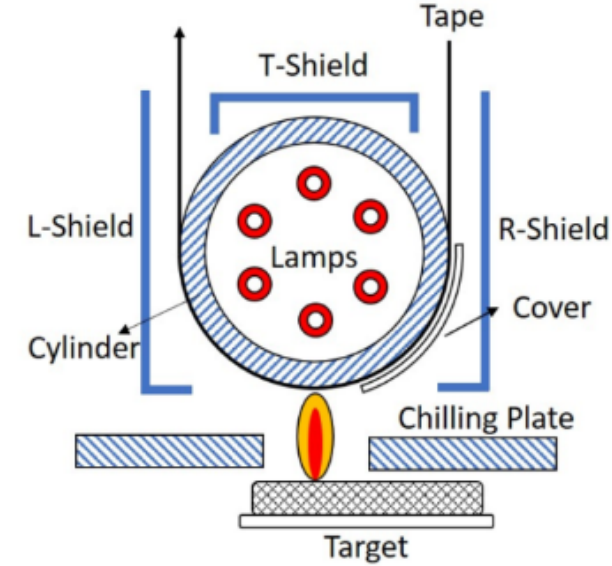
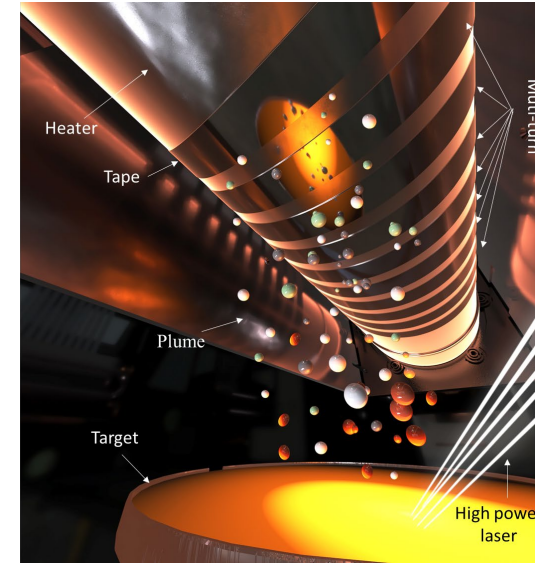
- Dependent on film quality
- Dependent on pinning centers



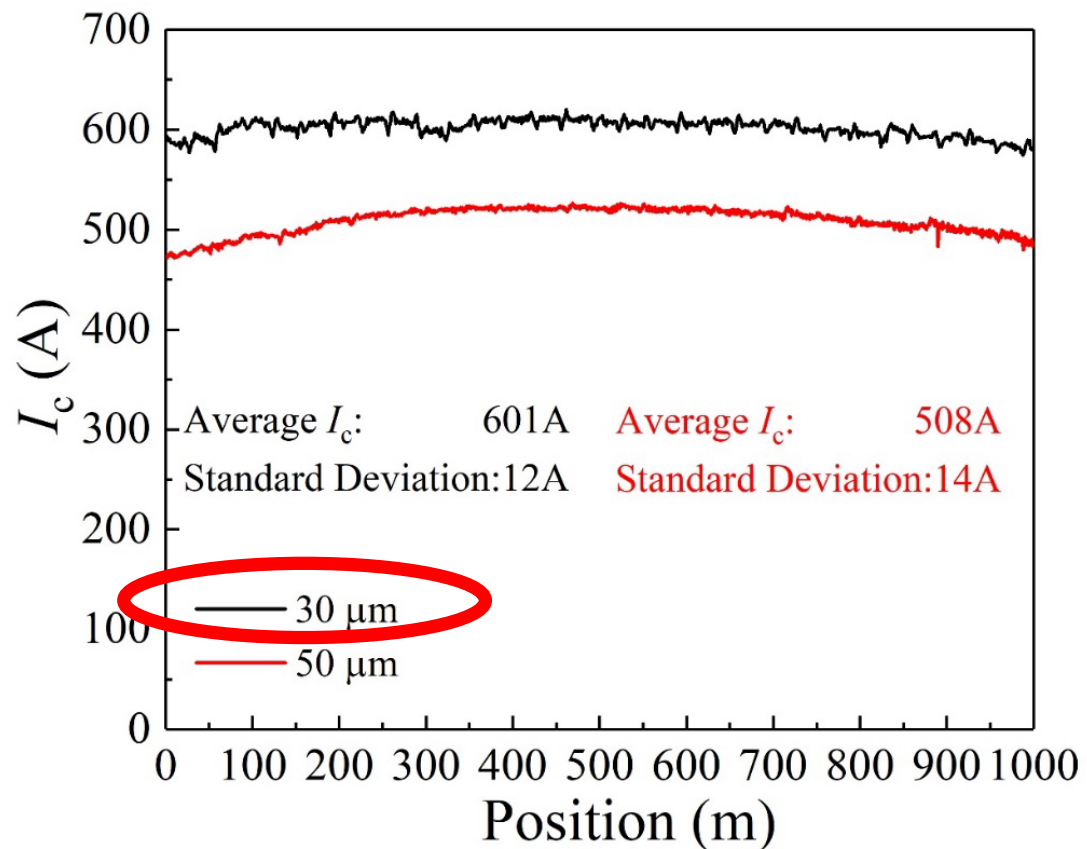
Other than more facilities (investments), what else can we do technically?

- ❑ Radiation Assisted Conductive Heating(RACH) system, leading to high temperature homogeneity under high travelling speed
- Effective heating technique for high throughput
- Heating tapes from RT to ~ 900 °C in 3.5 seconds
- Temperature variation: ± 4 °C
- Tape speed: >100 m/h
- ❑ **Unique growth conditions:** local overheating \rightarrow transit liquid phase \rightarrow enhanced diffusion \rightarrow quenching

Zhao Y, et al. Supercond. Sci. Technol. 32 (2019) 044004;
Jiang G, et al. IEEE TAS, 2019, 29(5): 6600504.
Wu Y, et al. Supercond. Sci. Technol. 34 (2021) 05LT01 (5pp)
Wu Y, et al. Materials Today Physics 18 (2021) 100400

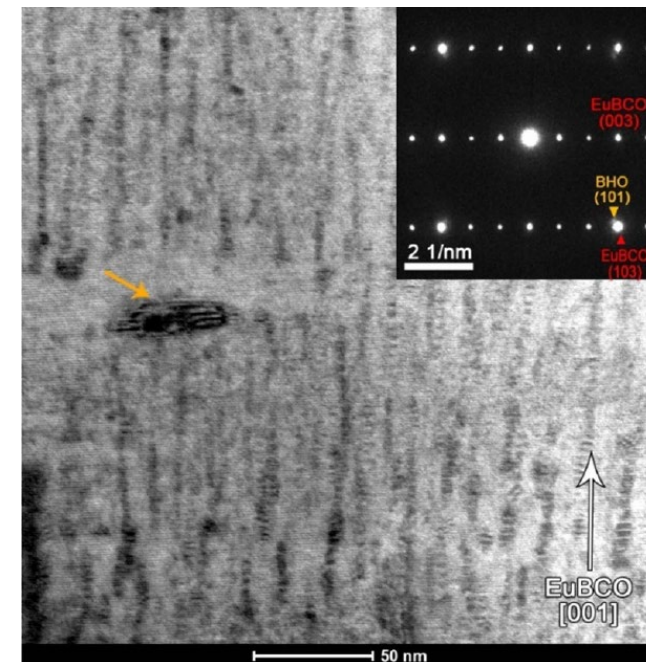
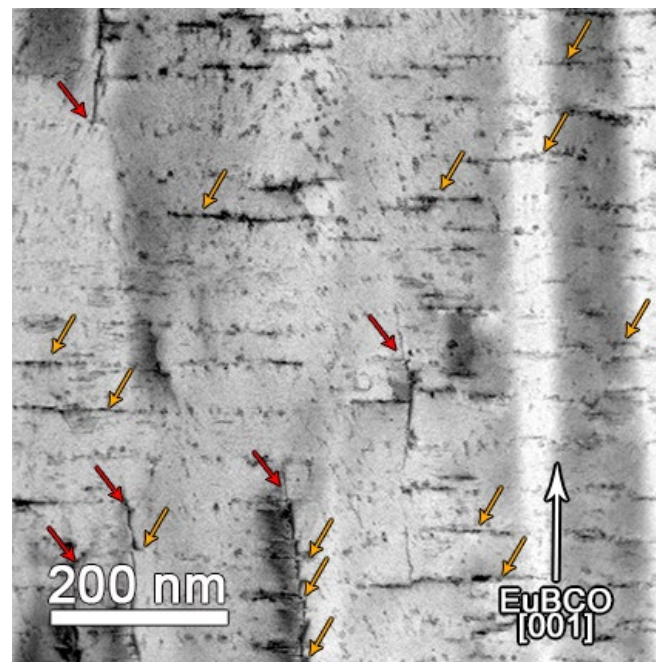


Annual production for a 300W PLD: >150 km*500 A i.e., in 2020, 300 + km (10 mm) was produced;



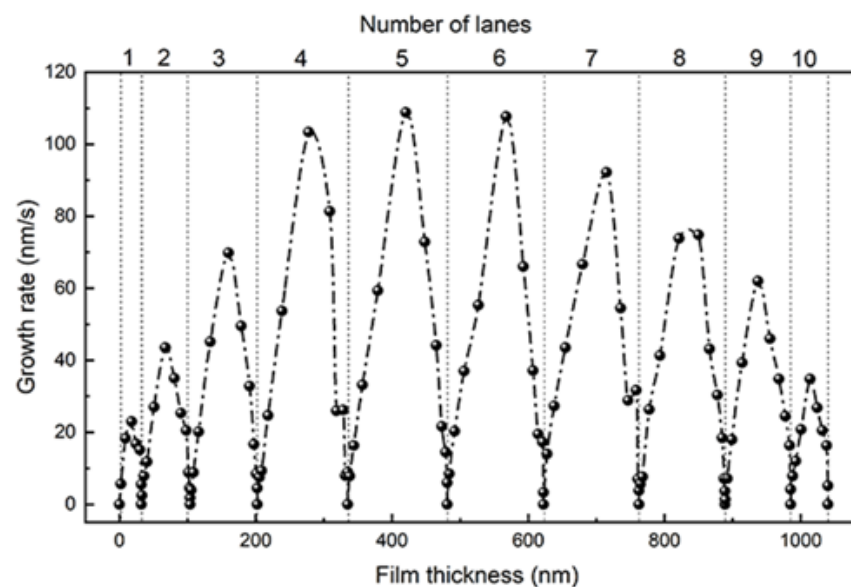
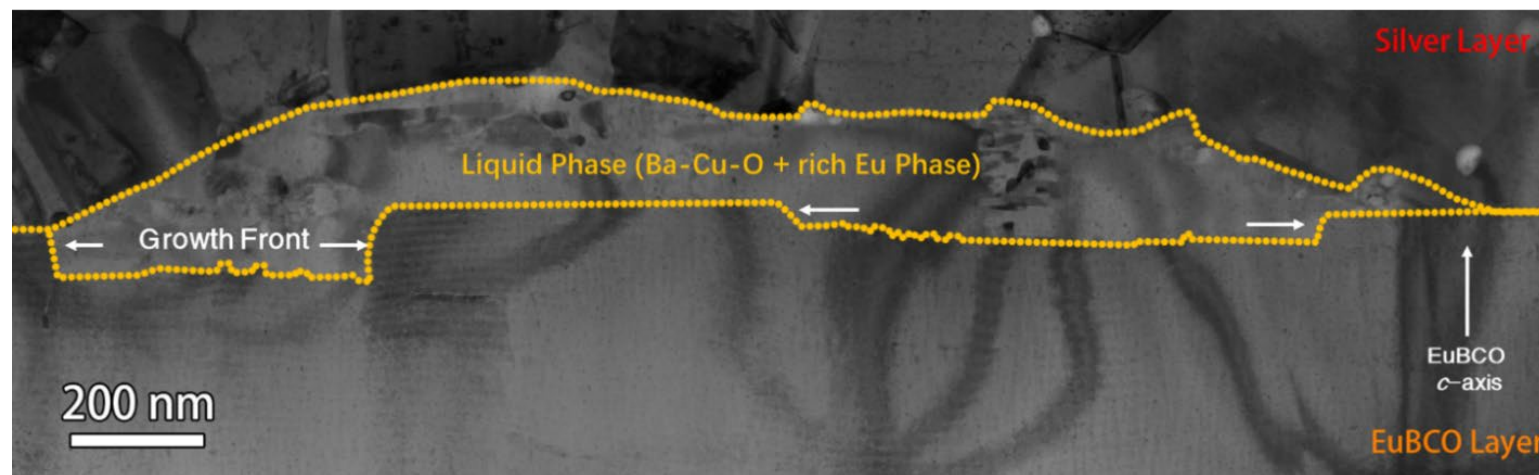
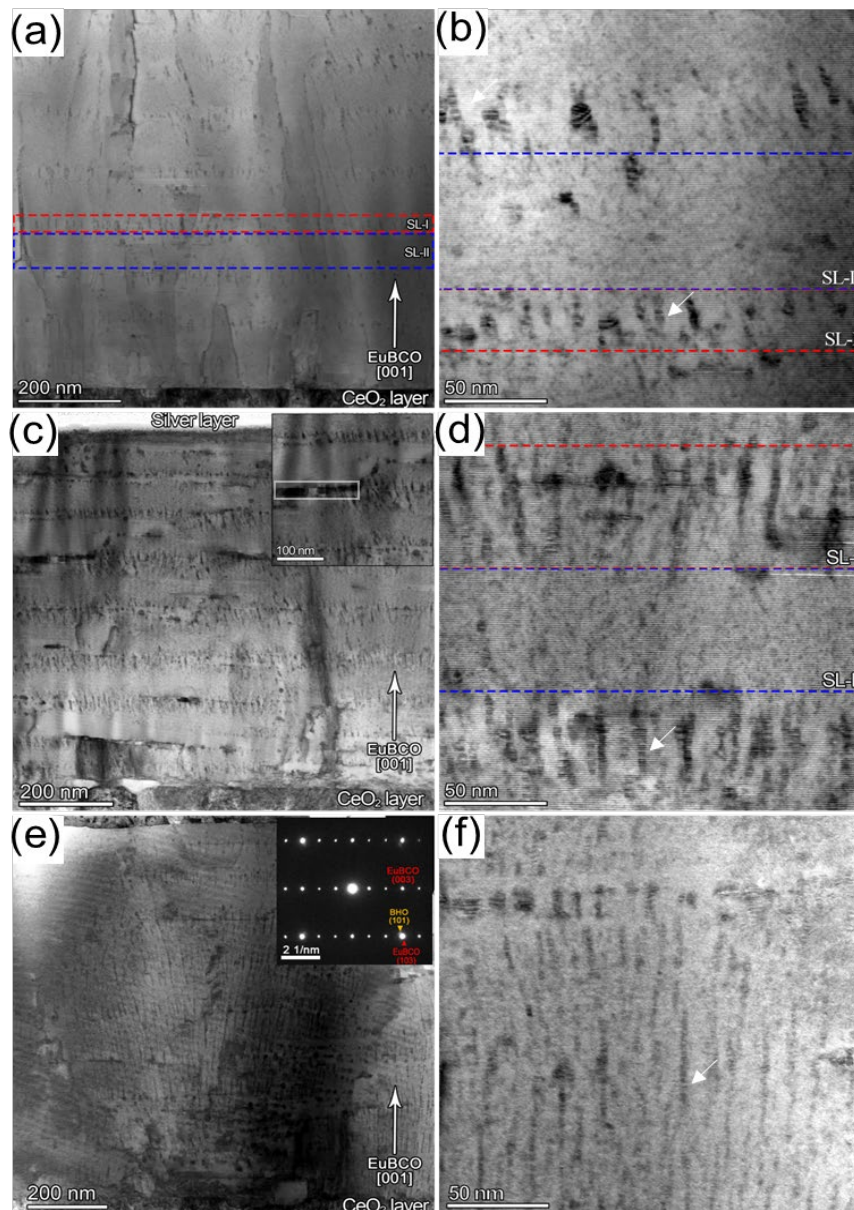
KM-class long REBCO tapes with high I_c achieved on **30** and 50 μm substrates

All the in-filed performance data available at <http://htsdb.wimbush.eu/>
Jiang G, Zhao Y, Zhu J, et al. SuST, 2020, 33(7): 074005.



- ✓ Inclined nano-rods and high density of stacking faults co-exist throughout the film thickness
- ✓ Tunable defect landscapes under high growth rates

面向强场应用的APC带材产品

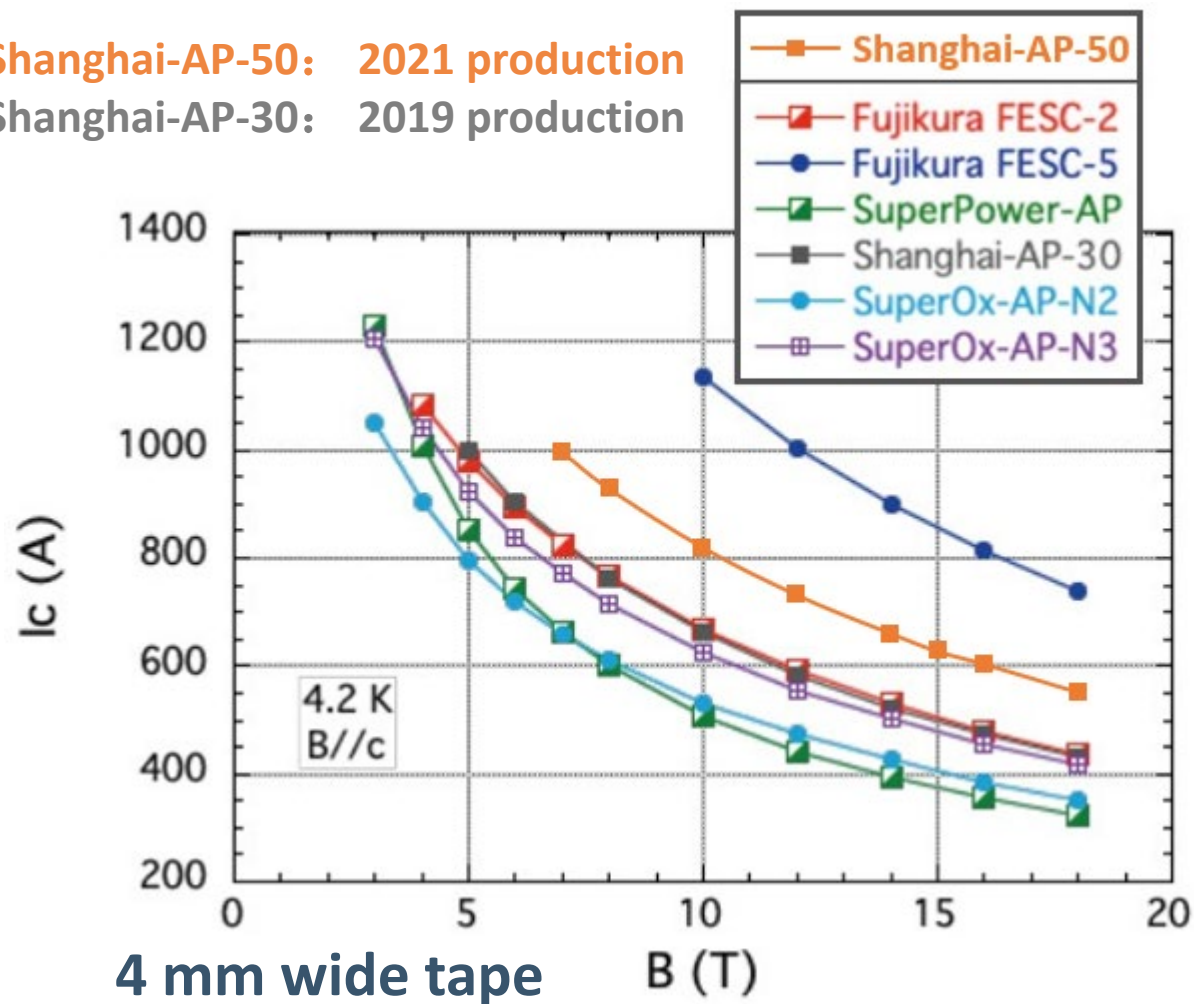


- Film body (with various level of dopant) and top-surface of the REBCO layer are detailed investigated by TEM;
- Formation of lamellar structure is associated with the periodic change of growth conditions during the multi-turn dynamic deposition.

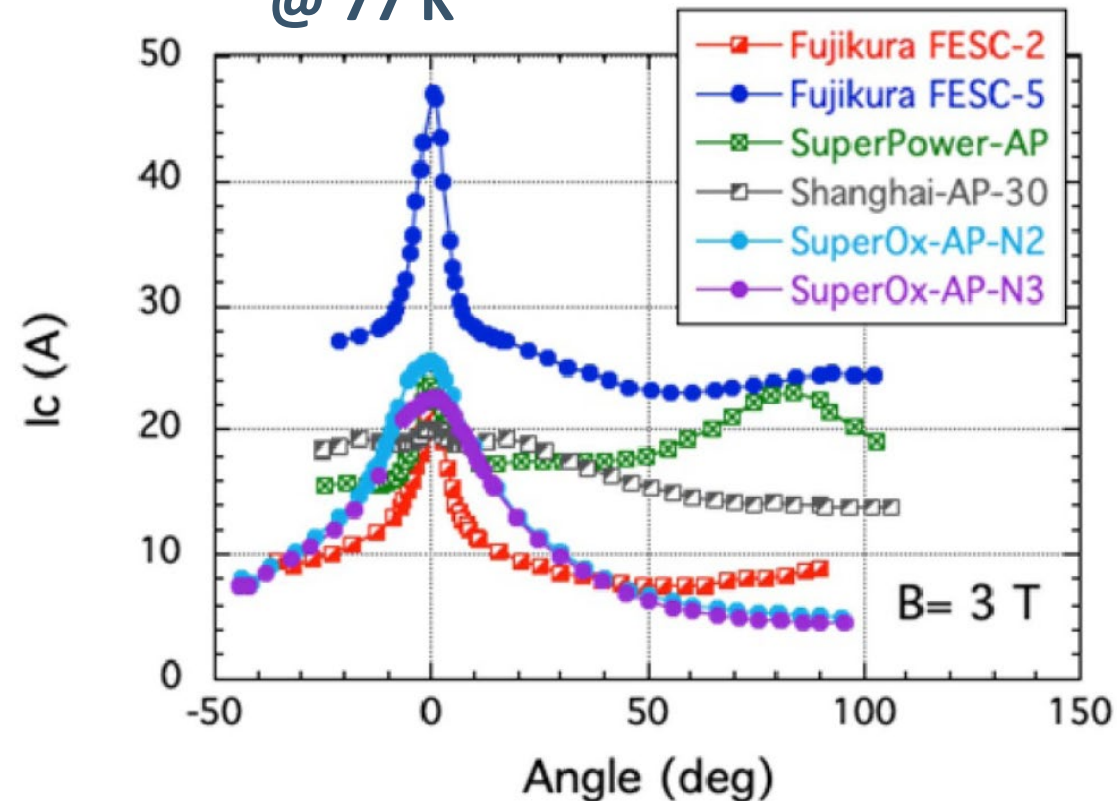
面向强场应用的APC带材产品

Shanghai-AP-50: 2021 production

Shanghai-AP-30: 2019 production



@ 77 K



↖ Competitive I_c vs B ($//c$) at 4.2 K

↖ Continuous improvement of in-field I_c

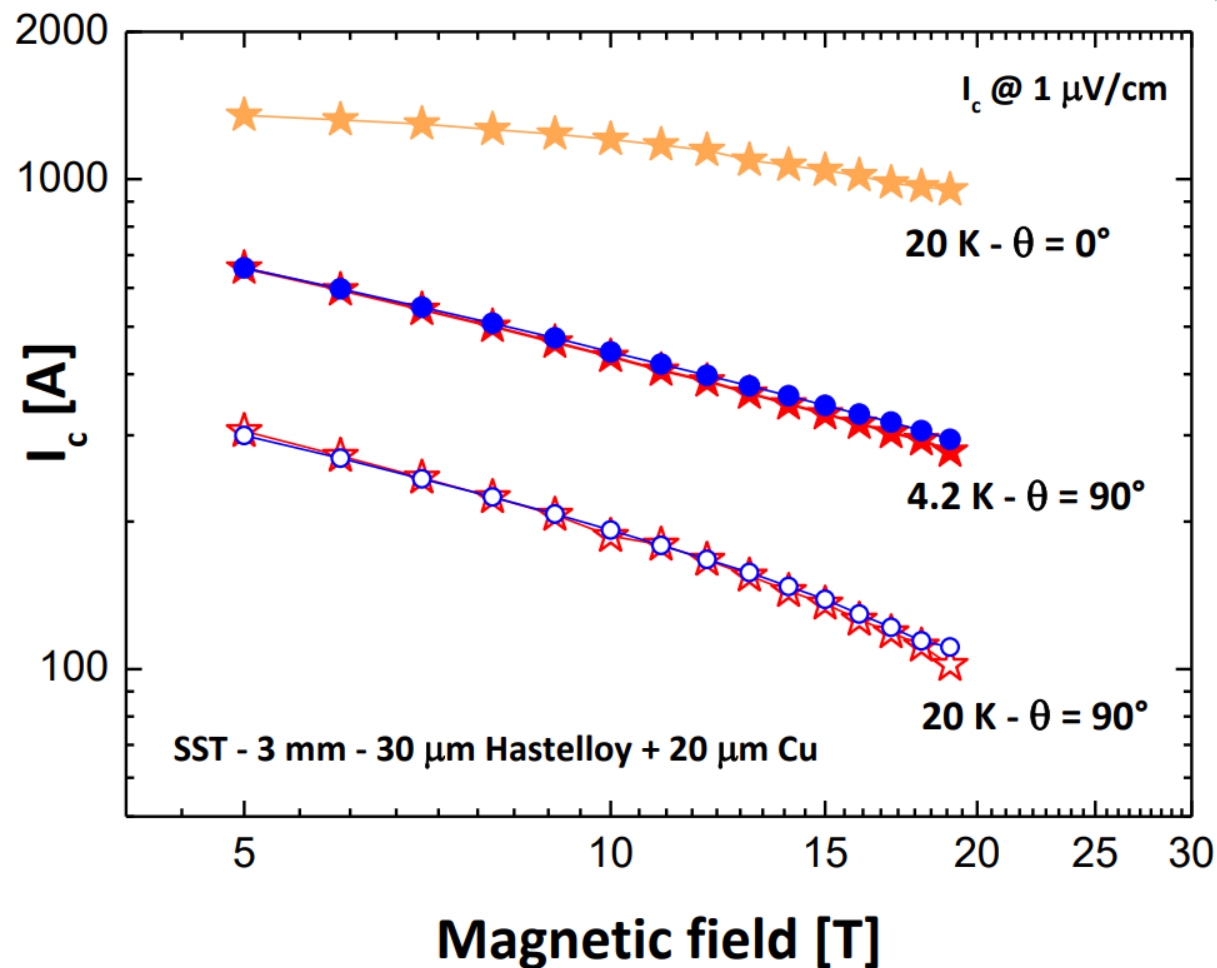
↑ Weak anisotropy

Superconducting properties of commercial REBCO-coated conductors with artificial pinning centers. Supercond. Sci. Technol. 34 (2021) 105005 (13pp)

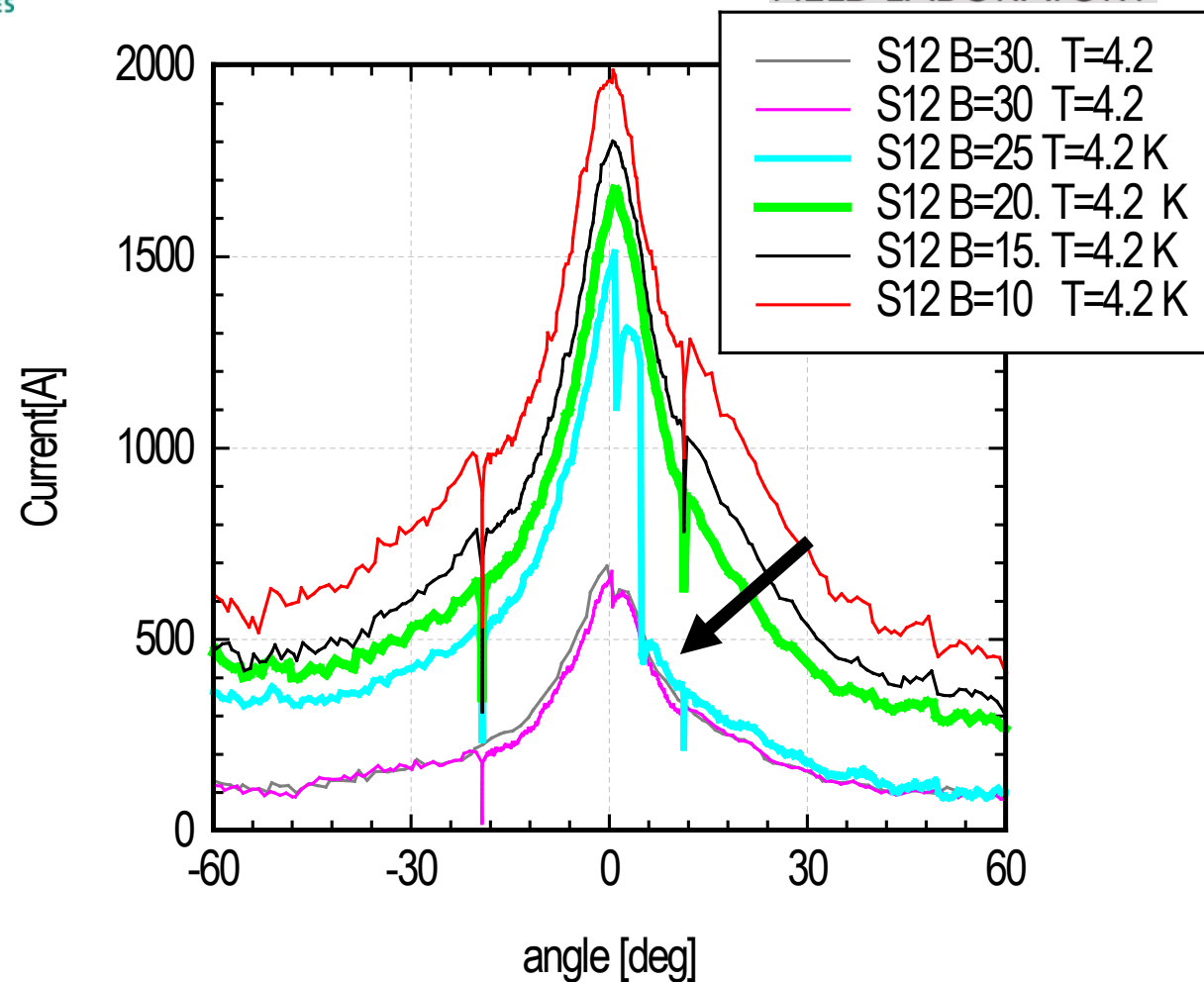
面向强场应用的APC带材产品



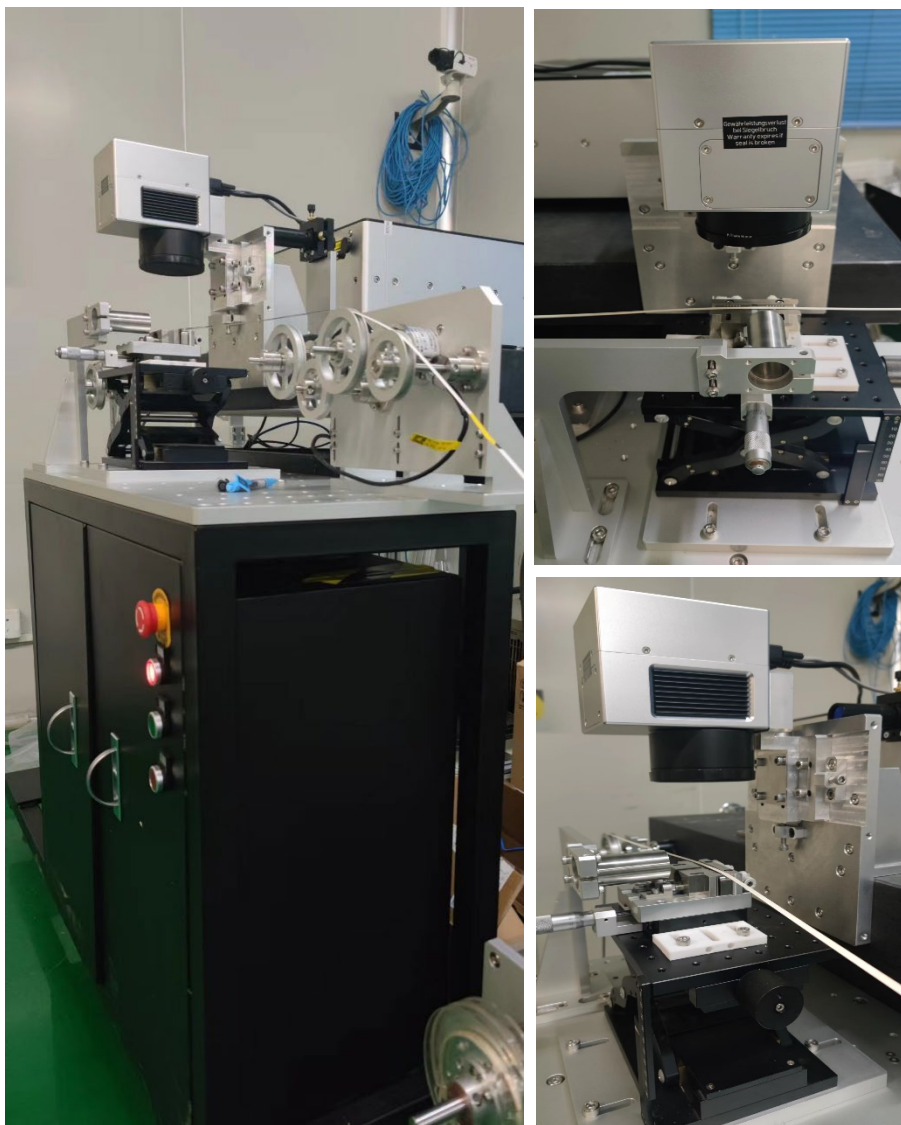
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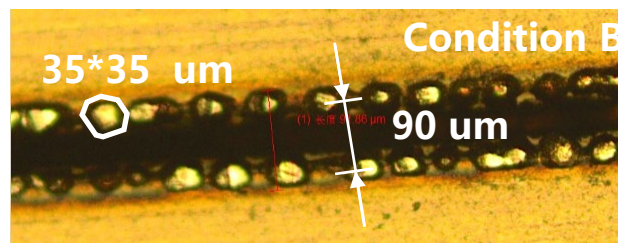
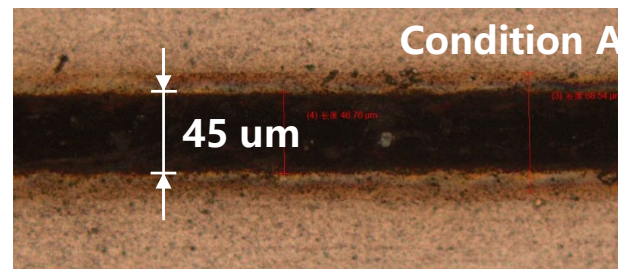
Measured by Prof. Carmine Senatore



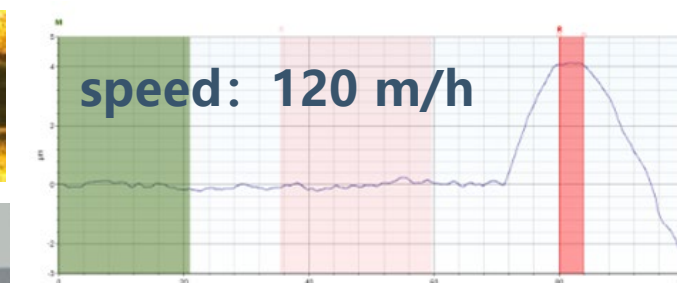
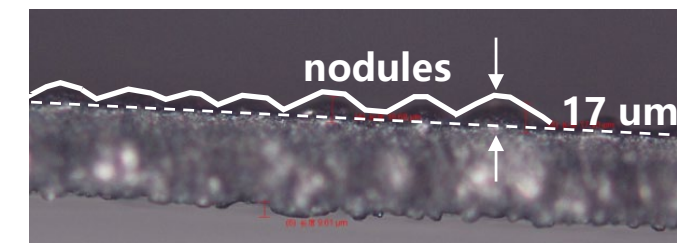
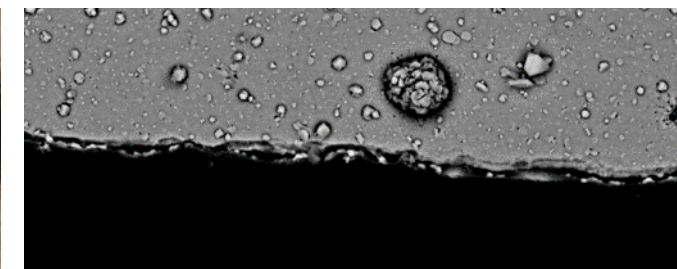
Measured by Dr. Jan Jaroszynski



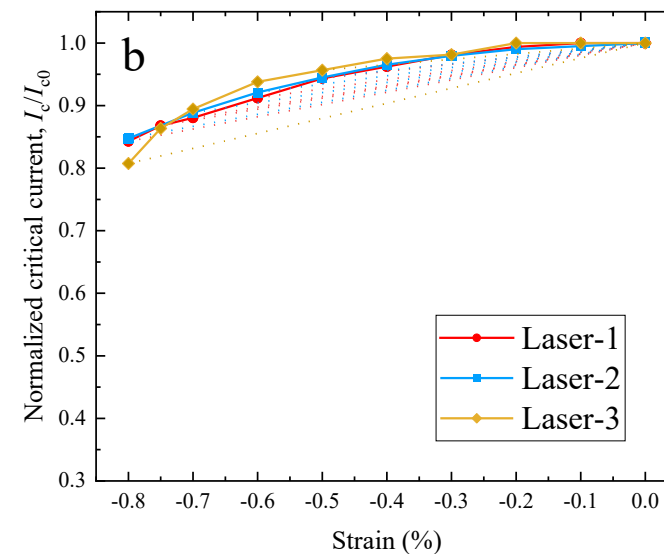
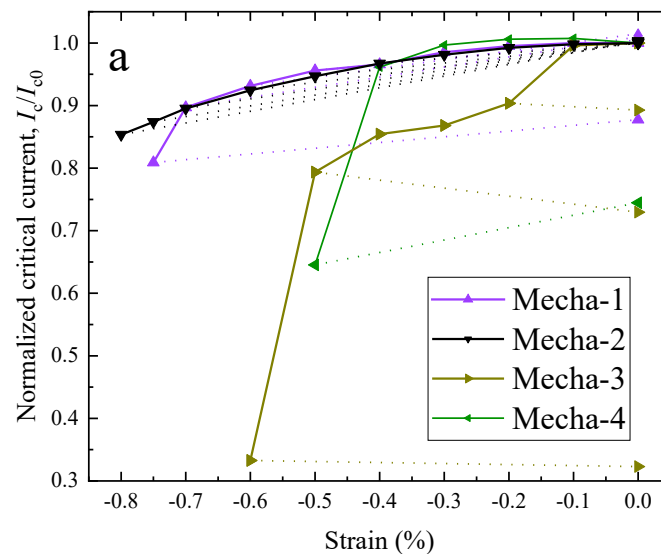
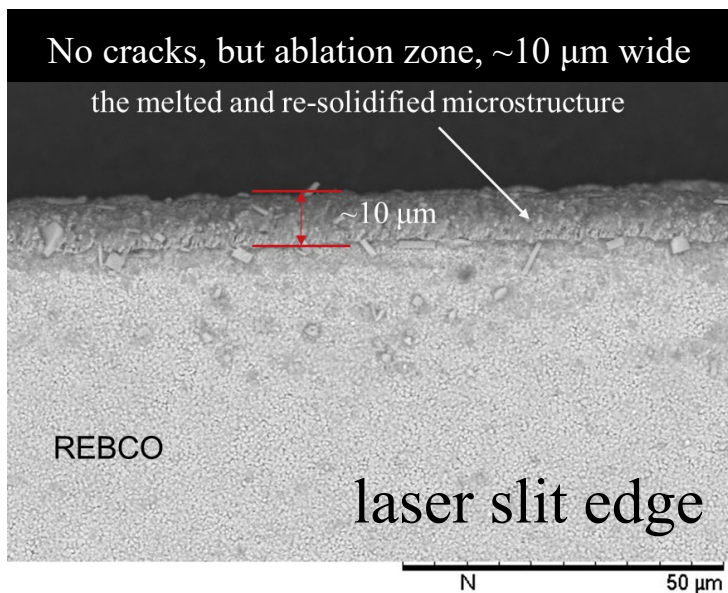
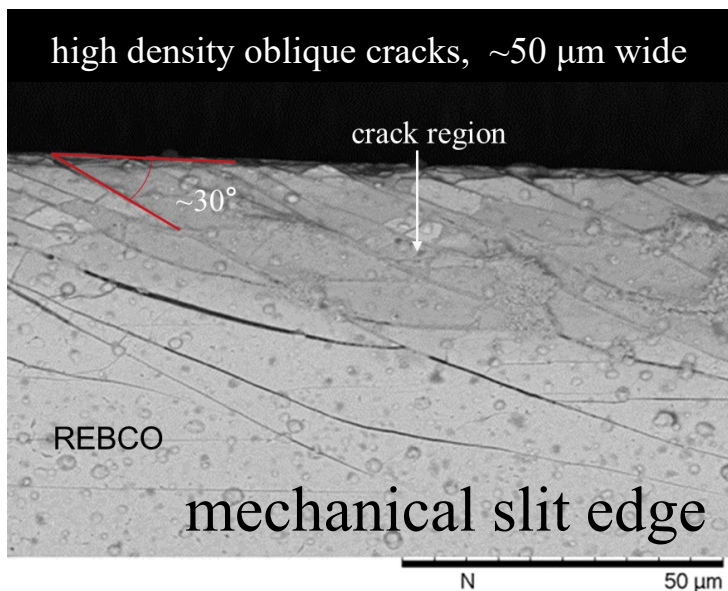
home-made R2R laser slitting setup



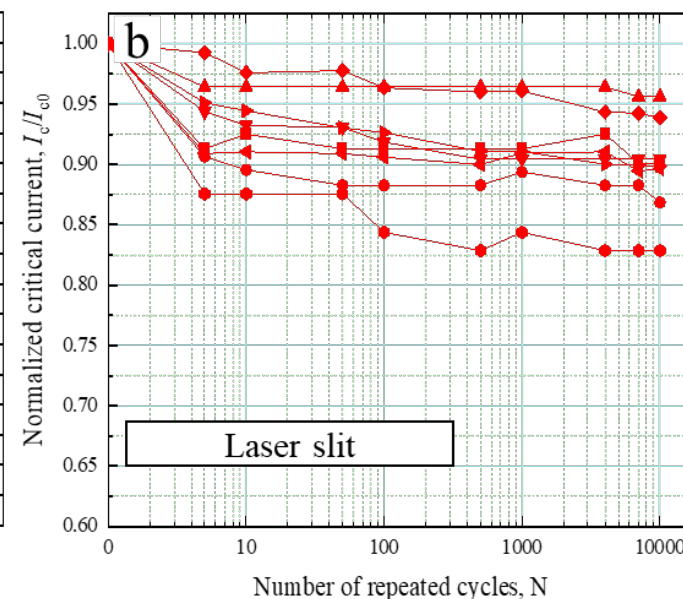
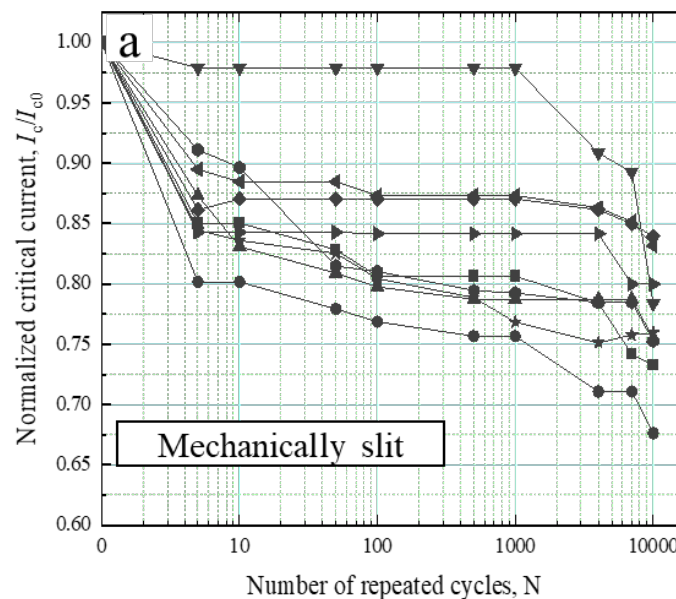
melted substrate solidifying into nodules



- ❑ Trade-off between speed and quality
- ❑ Appearance of nodules related to the thermal effect

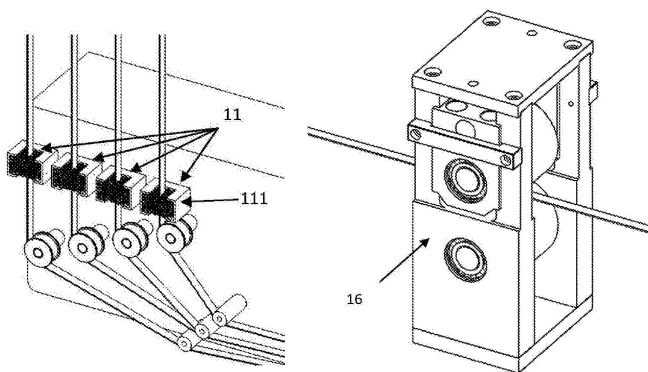
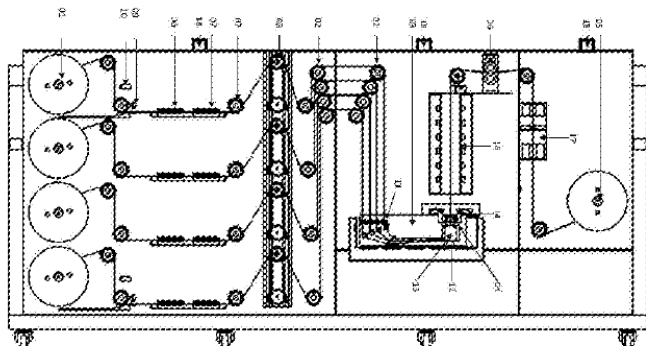


normalized I_c versus compressive strain (LN2 condition)

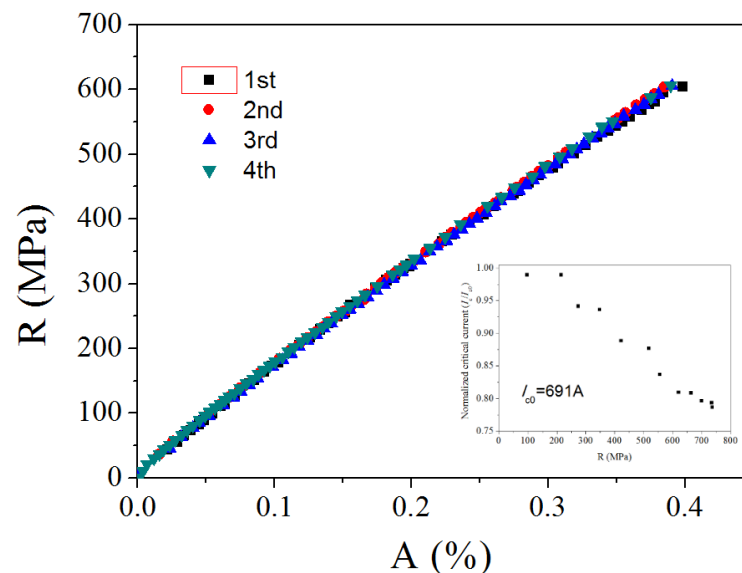
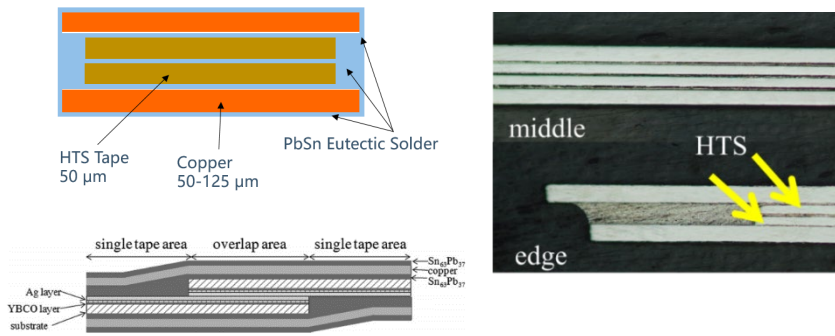


Relationship between normalized I_c and N, determined from tensile fatigue tests

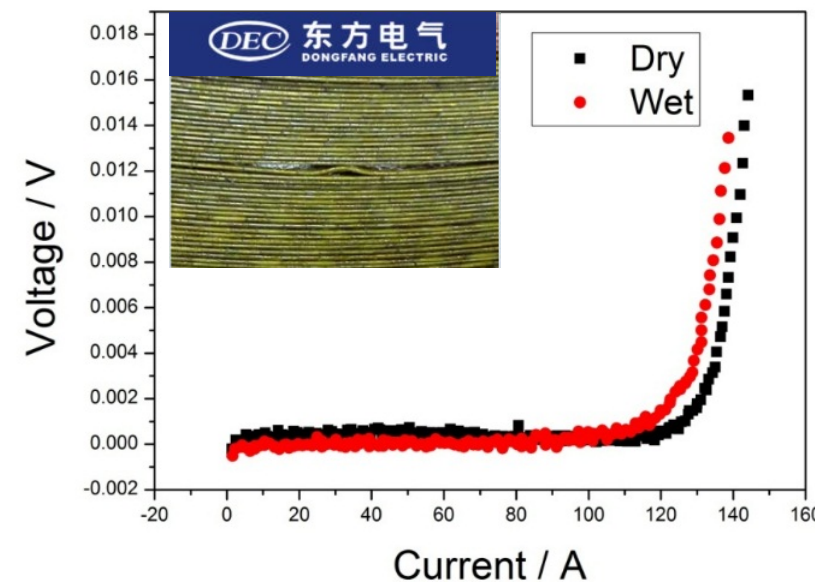
Lamination techniques for power applications



contactless low temperature
and rapid cooling package
techniques

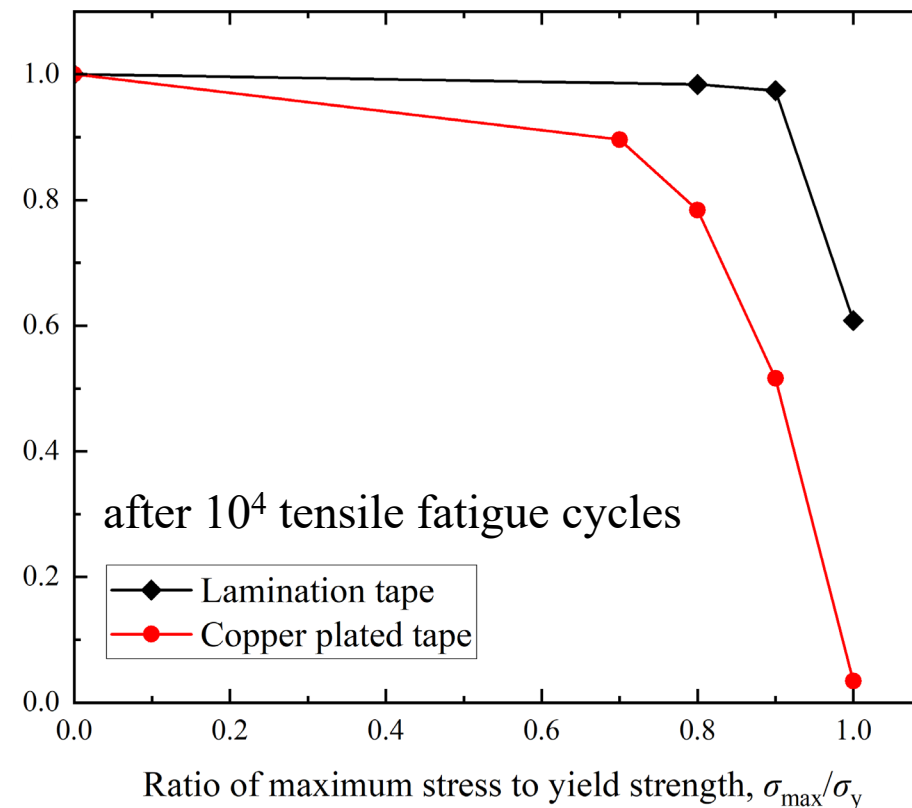
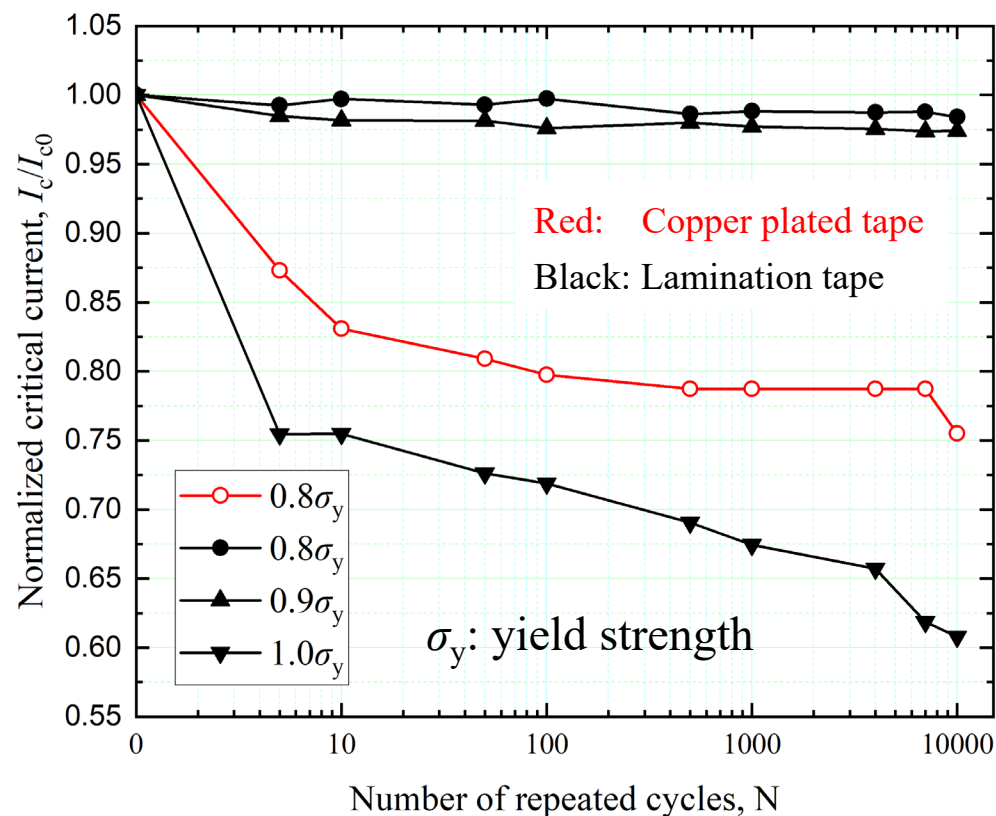


Double insert or optical fiber coupling
(For China Southern Power Grid SFCL project)



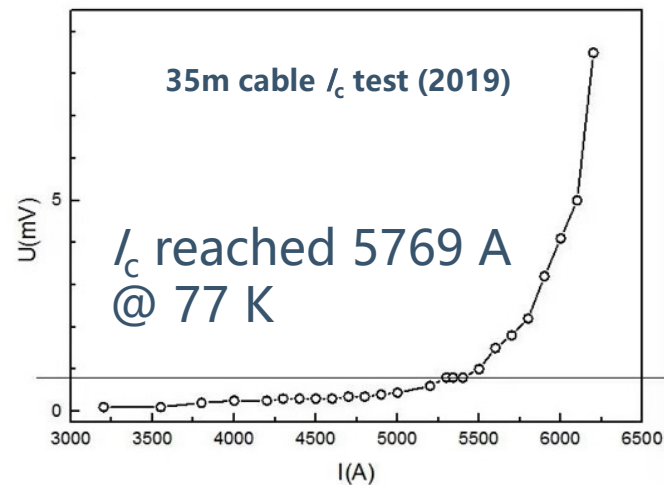
Minor I_c degradation after epoxy
impregnation

- ⊙ Automatic lamination equipment
- ⊙ Wire edge fully covered
- ⊙ Uniform and robust
- ⊙ Copper / Brass / Stainless Steel



- ❑ Lamination is effective to improve the electro-mechanical behaviors of 2G-HTS tapes during uniaxial tensile fatigue tests.

应用案例1: 上海电缆项目



Key Parameters

V

Rated Voltage
35kV

A

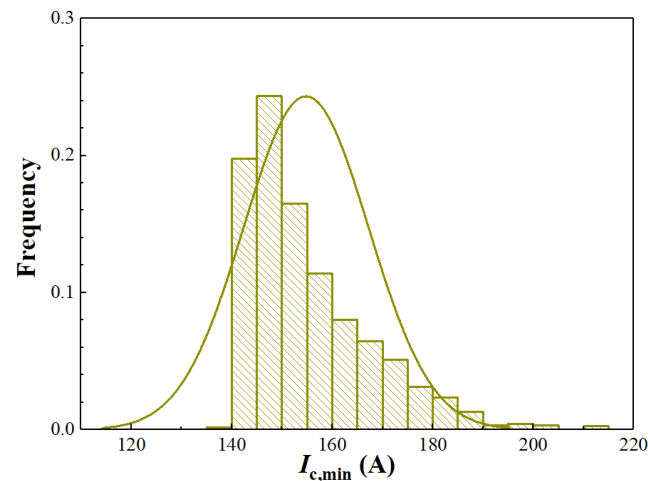
Rated Current
2200A

Length

1200m

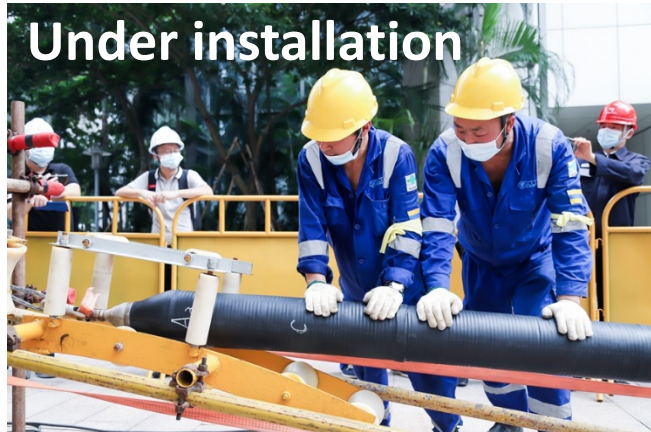


the 3 in 1 type



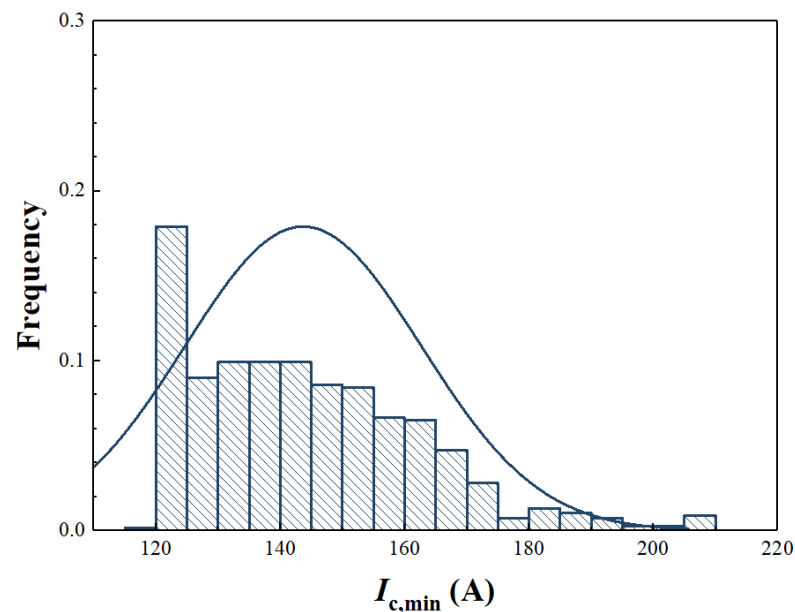
- 170+km, avg. piece length 150m, for conductor segment;
- HTS tape supply completed within 5 months in 2020;

Partly courtesy of Dr. Zong Shanghai Electric cable research Institute & (new company) Shanghai International Superconducting Technology Co., Ltd.



operation since late Sep 2021

- 500 m long HTS cable for Shenzhen Ping An Financial Center (height of 592.5 meters)
- Simplifying the power grid structure: reducing the construction of 110 kV substation, and save area of 500 m²



- 110 km, avg. piece length 150m
- HTS supply completed within 3 months

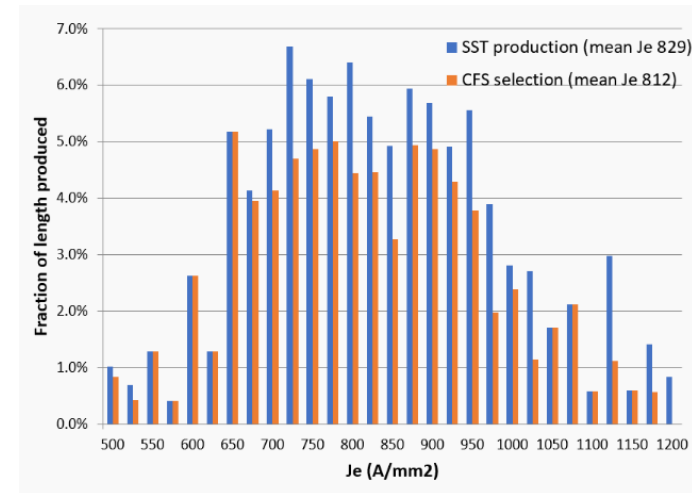
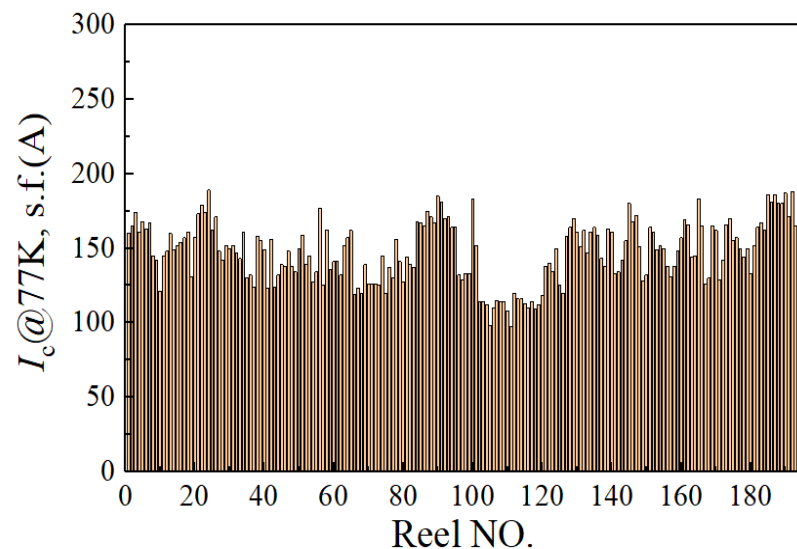
Project owner: Guangdong Electric Power Design
Designed by: Beijing Jiaotong University
Constructed by: Zhongtian Technology Group
Operated by: Shenzhen Power Supply Bureau
Cooling system by: CSIC Pride Cryogenic Technology Co., Ltd.

Compact Fusion/High-field Magnet

- MIT-CFS
- Tokamak Energy

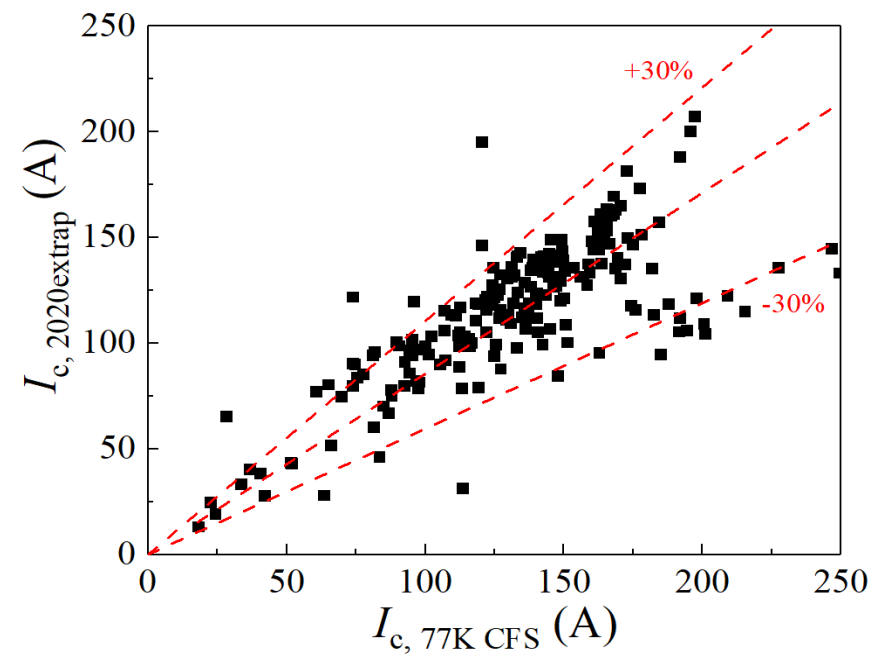
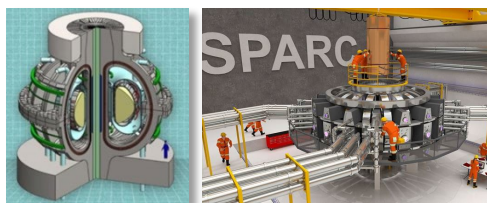
customers' feedback:

- Stable product
- low rejection;
- Ave. J_e exceeding 750 A/mm²
- Comparable lift factor variation as peers



120+ km in total
Complete delivery in 2020

Commonwealth Fusion System (US)
Compact Fusion using 2G-HTS



■ 2G-HTS business outlook in China:

- Based on a large demand for electrical power, HTS business is close to commercialization in China
- Many demonstration projects, including power cable, FCL, high speed maglev train, magnets, are being conducted and planned.
- Commercial 2G-HTS tapes are highly anticipated, to be available at low price and well-customized properties.

■ Technological developments at SST:

- Large volume production by IBAD + high speed PLD,
annual production > 1000 km/4mm ($I_c=150-200A$) ;
- Low temperature, high field properties improved by advanced APC, composition,...
- Thin tape(high J_e): Now 30 μm in thickness available
- New slitting method: laser slitting without damage at the edges



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Professor Shixue Dou



Professor Peiheng Wu

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Four issues completed



- **Superconducting materials**
- **Large-scale applications**
- **Electronics and applications**
- **Associated technologies/topics** for superconducting applications and/or low temperature engineering, such as cryogenics, thermal and electrical insulations, cryogenic electronics, and standardizations.

<https://www.journals.elsevier.com/superconductivity>

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Challenges

High
cost/performance
ratio

Reliability

Functionality for
application

Causes

- Yield not high enough
- Low volume raw material of inconsistent quality and no discount
- Spare capacity of processing units upstream of REBCO deposition

- Industry-wise standardized QC procedure lacking, for both electrical and mechanical properties

- Slitting → defects & I_c loss
- Limited width (not narrow enough)
- Stabilizer (e.g. Cu) plating issues
- Mechanical strength
- Quench detection and protection

Suggestions

- Cooperation of tape manufacturers to face raw material suppliers together
- Production line segmentation to maximize capacity utilization

- Tape manufacturers and customers cooperate to establish standardized QC procedures

- Manufacturer-customer collaboration at early stage of projects, to discuss what functionalities are required
- Customer-orientated R&D