

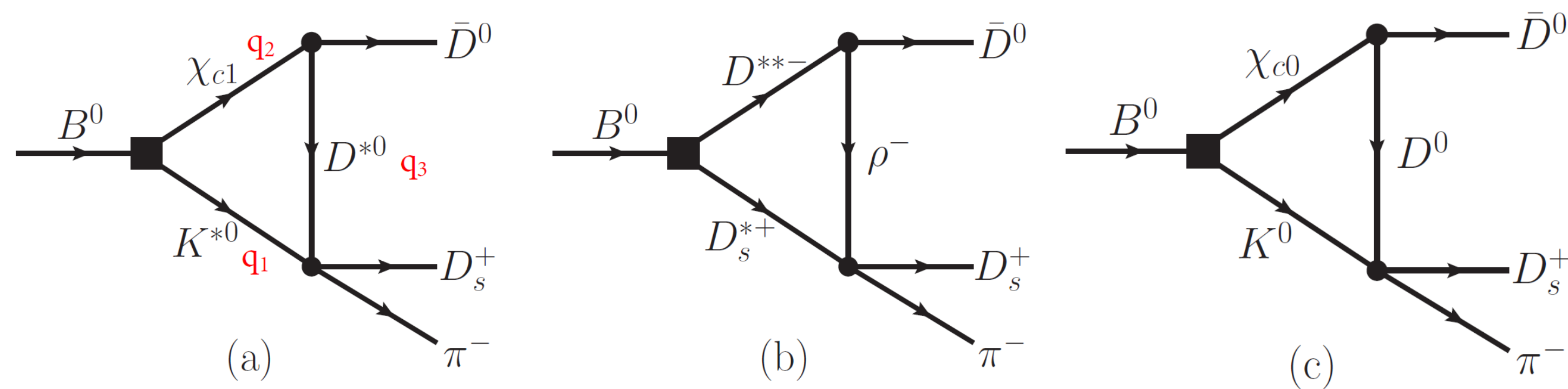


Possibility of $T_{c\bar{s}}$ (2900) as the resonance-like structure induced by threshold effects

Ying-Hui Ge
Tianjin University

$B^0 \rightarrow \bar{D}^0 D_s^+ \pi^-$ via rescattering diagram

Simulation of the $T_{c\bar{s}}$ (2900)



$\chi_{c1} D^* K^*$ loop

$$\mathcal{A}_{B^0 \rightarrow \bar{D}^0 D_s^+ \pi^-}^{[\chi_{c1} K^* D^*]} = -i \int \frac{d^4 q_1}{(2\pi)^4} \frac{\mathcal{A}(B^0 \rightarrow \chi_{c1} K^{*0})}{(q_1^2 - M_{K^*}^2 + iM_{K^*}\Gamma_{K^*})} \times \frac{\mathcal{A}(\chi_{c1} \rightarrow \bar{D}^0 D^{*0})\mathcal{A}(D^{*0} K^{*0} \rightarrow D_s^+ \pi^-)}{(q_2^2 - M_{\chi_{c1}}^2 + iM_{\chi_{c1}}\Gamma_{\chi_{c1}})(q_3^2 - M_{D^*}^2)},$$

The complete amplitude of $B^0 \rightarrow \bar{D}^0 D_s^+ \pi^-$

$$\mathcal{A} = \mathcal{A}_{bk} + e^{i\phi} \mathcal{A}^{loop}, \quad \mathcal{A}_{bk} = b_0 e^{i\theta_0} T_{S-wave} + b_1 e^{i\theta_1} T_{D^*} + b_2 e^{i\theta_2} T_{D_2},$$

where $e^{i\phi}$ describes the relative phase between the background and rescattering amplitude with the TS signal involved. The coefficients $b_j e^{i\theta_j}$ ($j=0, 1, 2$) are from experience, which describe the relative contribution of each intermediate process. The T_{S-wave} , T_{D^*} and T_{D_2} represent the $\bar{D}^0 \pi^-$ S -wave, $D^*(2010)^-$ and $D_2(2460)$ contributions respectively.

Triangle Singularity (TS) Mechanism

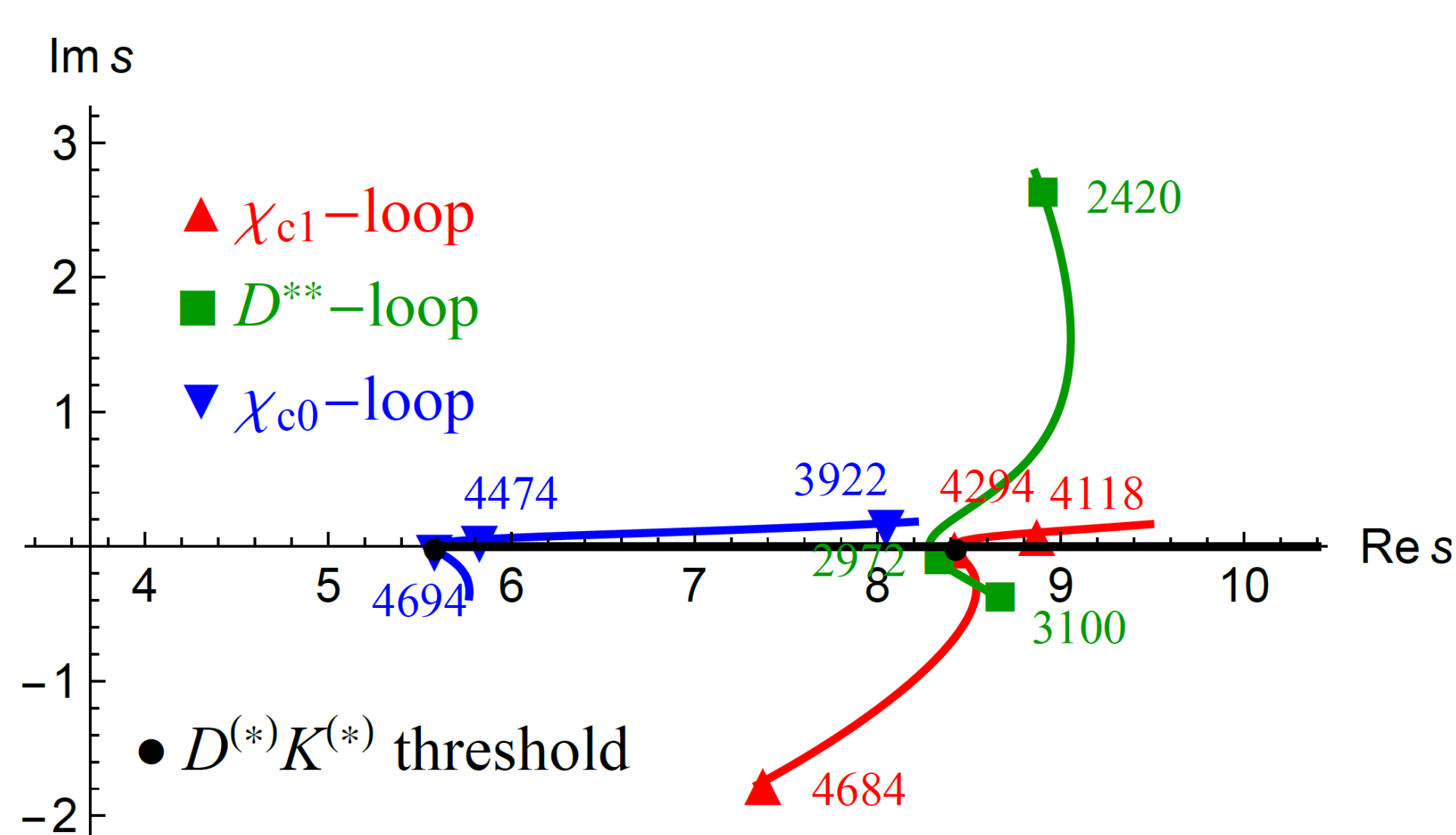
Locations of the TS can be determined by solving the Landau Equations

TS Location

$$s_{TS} = (m_1 + m_3)^2 + \frac{1}{2m_2^2} [(m_2^2 + m_3^2 - M_{D^0}^2) \times (M_{B^0}^2 - m_1^2 - m_2^2) - 4m_2^2 m_1 m_3 - \lambda^{1/2}(M_{B^0}^2, m_1^2, m_2^2) \lambda^{1/2}(m_2^2, m_3^2, M_{D^0}^2)],$$

TS Kinematic Region

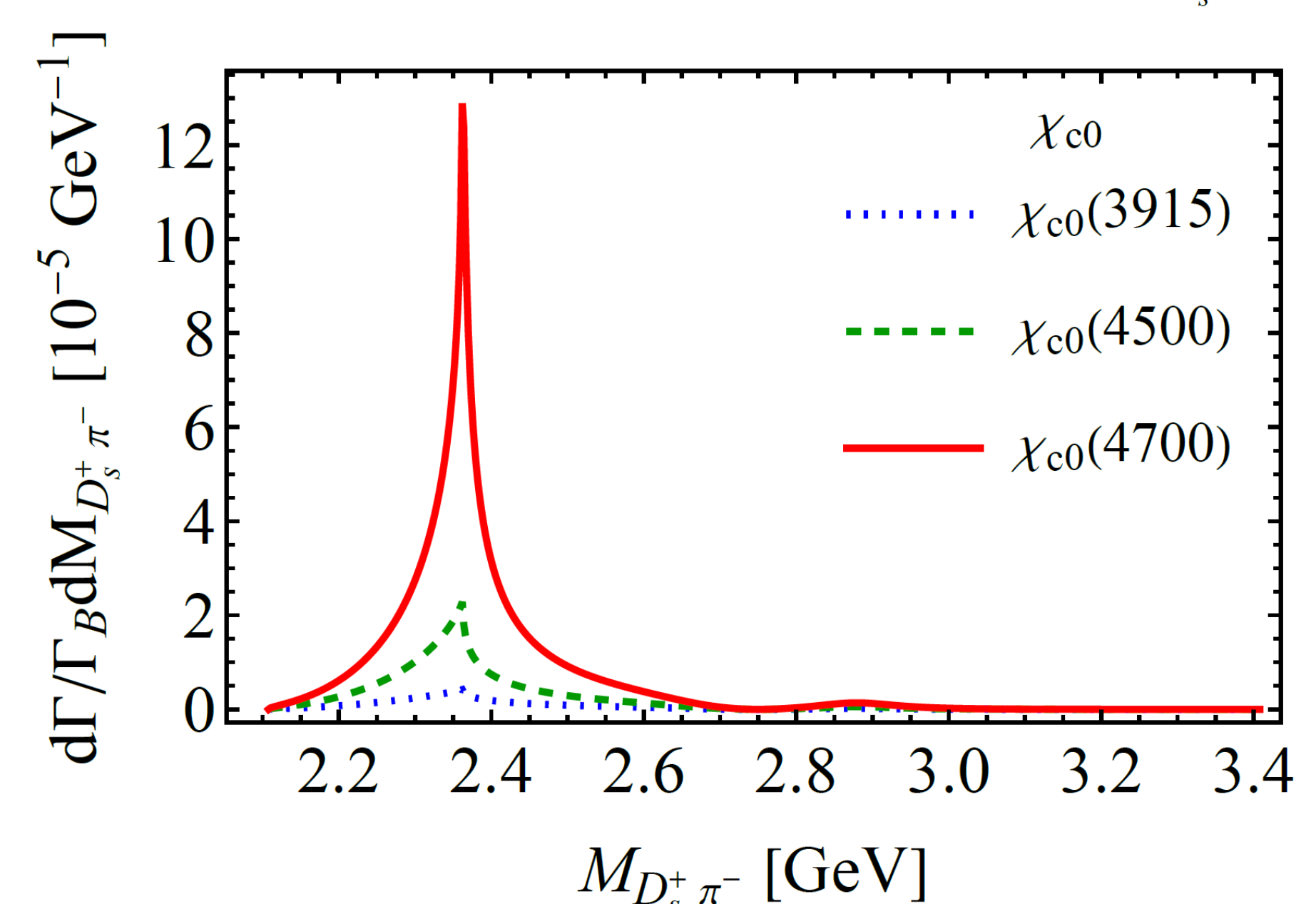
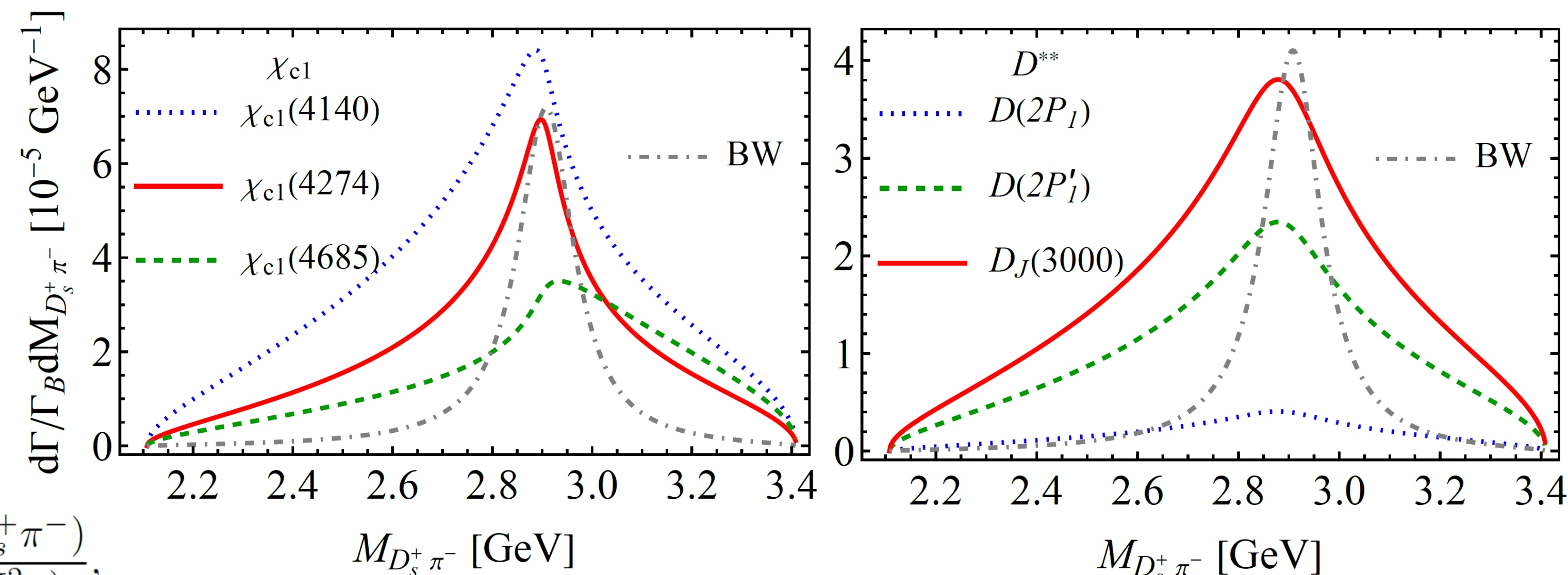
$$\frac{m_1 M_{D^0}^2 + m_3 M_{B^0}^2}{m_1 + m_3} - m_1 m_3 \leq m_2^2 \leq (M_{B^0} - m_1)^2, \\ (m_1 + m_3)^2 \leq s_{TS} \leq (m_1 + m_3)^2 + \frac{m_1 [(m_2 - m_3)^2 - M_{D^0}^2]}{m_2}.$$



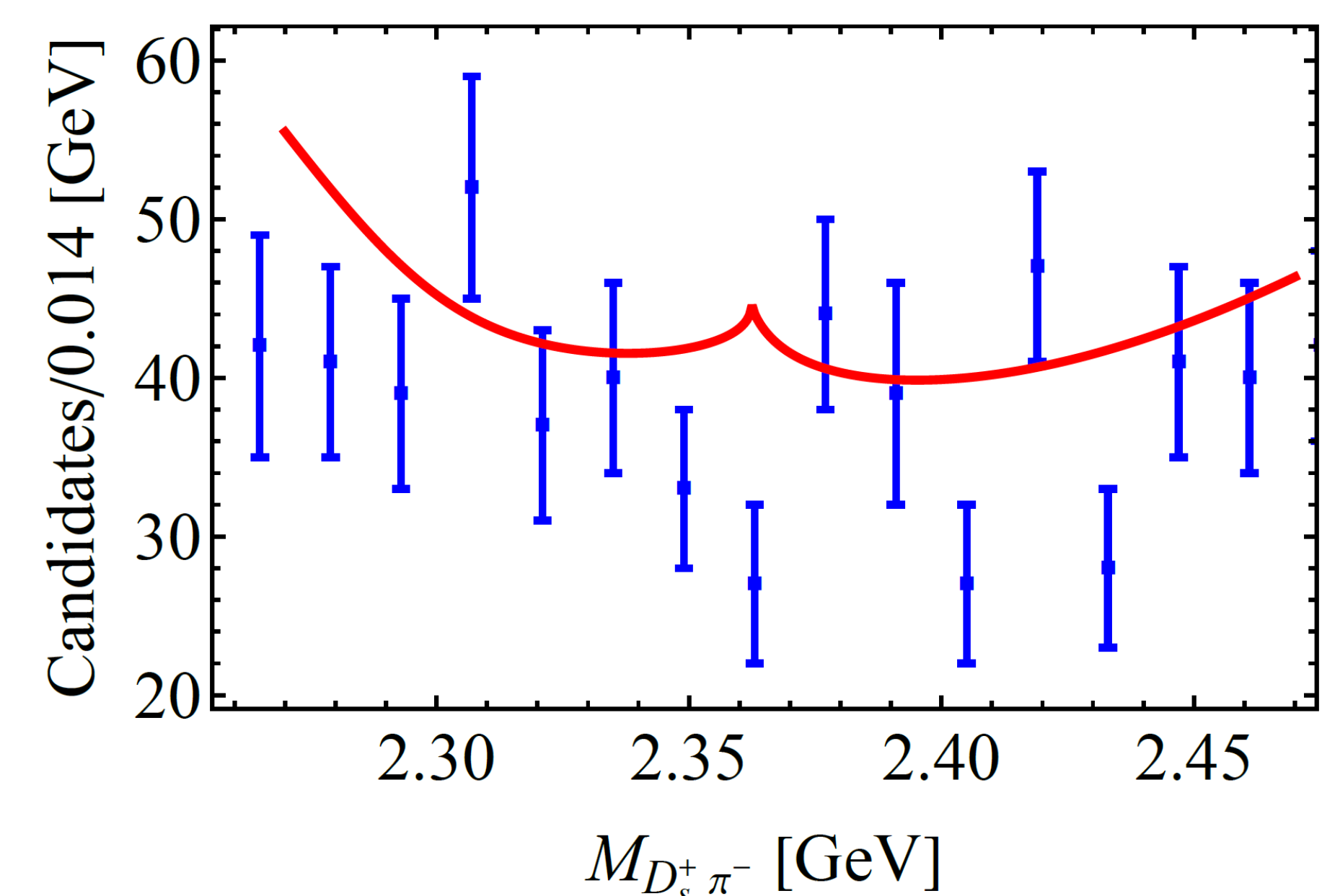
The TS location of the rescattering amplitude on the complex s -plane (in unit of GeV^2)

TS kinematic region (all masses are real) corresponding to the rescattering diagrams, in unit of MeV.

Diagram	m_2	$\sqrt{s_{TS}}$
Fig. 1(a)	χ_{c1} : 4307~4384	2902~2978
Fig. 1(b)	D^{**} : 2897~3167	2887~3136
Fig. 1(c)	χ_{c0} : 4670~4782	2362~2471



Invariant mass distributions of $D_s^+ \pi^-$ via the rescattering diagrams (a),(b) and (c), respectively.



Invariant mass distributions of $D_s^+ \pi^-$ via the rescattering diagram (c) with the interference contribution involved.

The TS peaks around the $D^* K^*$ threshold generated from the $\chi_{c1} D^* K^*$ loop can simulate the resonance-like structure in the $D_s^+ \pi^-$ distributions. The TS peak around the $D_s^* \rho$ threshold generated from the $D^{**} D_s^* \rho$ loop is smoothed by the broad width of ρ , which can hardly describe the $T_{c\bar{s}}$ (2900) structure. A non-resonance TS signal around the DK threshold generated from the $\chi_{c0} DK$ loop is also predicted.

References

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- X.H. Liu, M.J. Yan, et al., EPJC (2020) 80:1178
- X.H. Liu, M. Oka, Q. Zhao, PLB 753 (2016) 297-302
- F. K. Guo, X. H. Liu and S. Sakai, Prog. Part. Nucl. Phys. 112, 103757 (2020)