



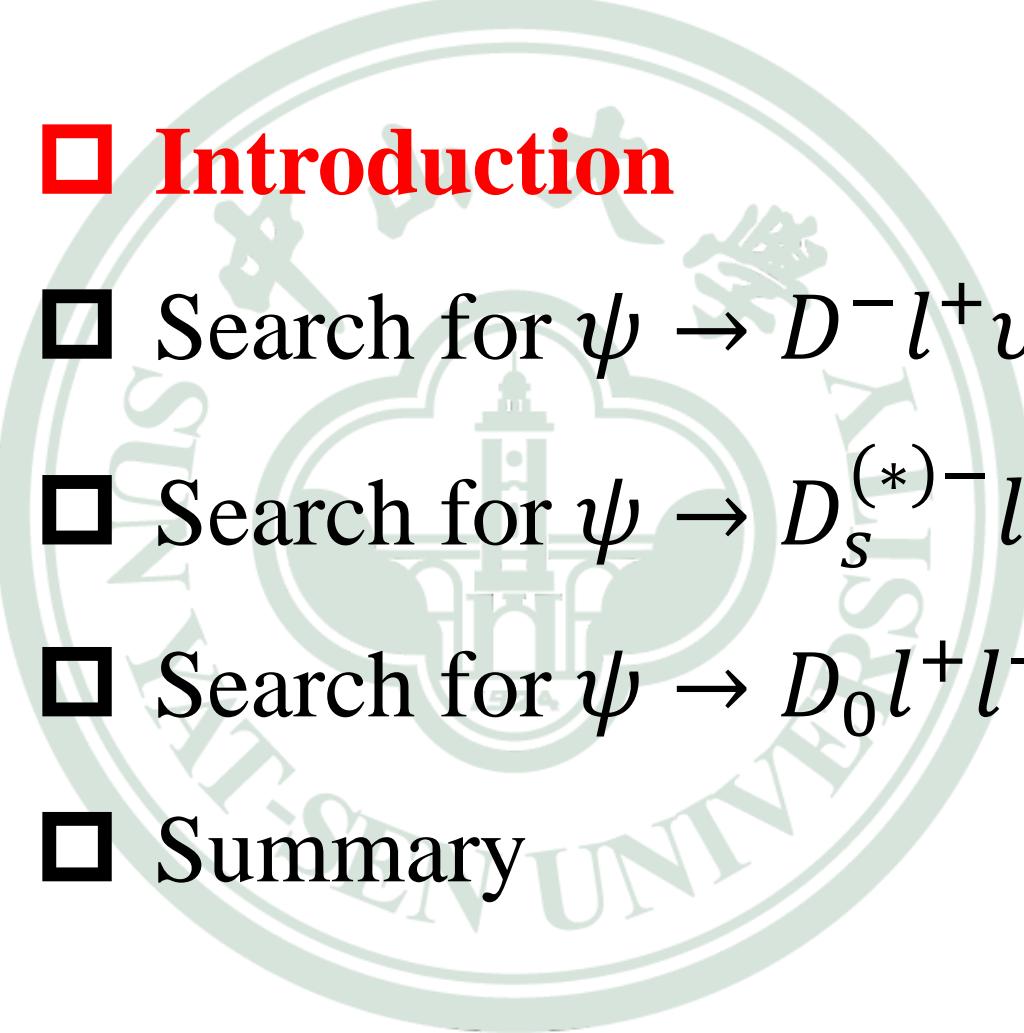
Charmonium semi-leptonic weak decay at BESIII

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- **Introduction**
 - Search for $\psi \rightarrow D^- l^+ \nu_l + c. c.$
 - Search for $\psi \rightarrow D_s^{(*)-} l^+ \nu_l + c. c.$
 - Search for $\psi \rightarrow D_0 l^+ l^- + c. c.$
 - Summary

Semi-leptonic weak decay of charmonium

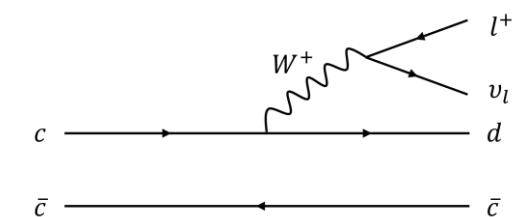
□ Calculation from standard model : $10^{-9} \sim 10^{-12}$

✓ Kinematically allowed but suppressed by strong interactions

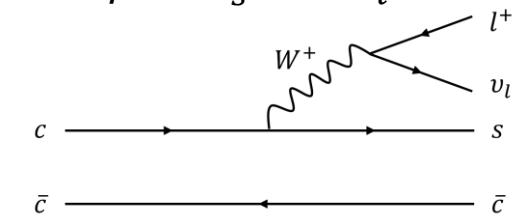
*EPJC, 54, 107, 2008
PRD, 78:074012, 2008
AHEP, 2013:706543, 2013
PRD, 92:074030, 2015
JPG:NPP, 44:045004, 2017*

Theoretical model	QCDSR ($\times 10^{-11}$)	CLFQ ($\times 10^{-11}$)	BSW ($\times 10^{-11}$)	CCQM ($\times 10^{-11}$)	BSM ($\times 10^{-11}$)
$J/\psi \rightarrow D^- e^+ \nu_e$	$0.73^{+0.43}_{-0.22}$	5.1 – 5.7	$6.0^{+0.8}_{-0.7}$	1.71	$2.03^{+0.29}_{-0.25}$
$J/\psi \rightarrow D^- \mu^+ \nu_\mu$	$0.71^{+0.42}_{-0.22}$	4.7 – 5.5	$5.8^{+0.8}_{-0.6}$	1.66	$1.98^{+0.28}_{-0.24}$
$J/\psi \rightarrow D_s^- e^+ \nu_e$	18^{+7}_{-5}	53 – 58	$104.0^{+9.0}_{-7.5}$	33	$36.7^{+5.2}_{-4.4}$
$J/\psi \rightarrow D_s^- \mu^+ \nu_\mu$	17^{+7}_{-5}	55 – 57	$99.3^{+9.5}_{-6.5}$	32	$35.4^{+5.0}_{-4.3}$

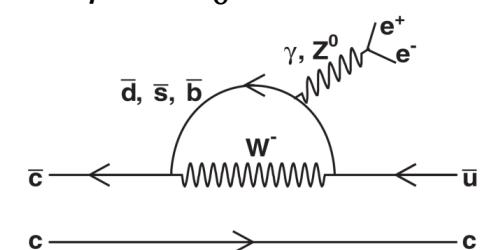
✓ $\psi \rightarrow D^- l^+ \nu_l + c.c.$



✓ $\psi \rightarrow D_s^{(*)-} l^+ \nu_l + c.c.$



✓ $\psi \rightarrow D_0 e^+ e^- + c.c.$



□ New physics beyond the stand model:

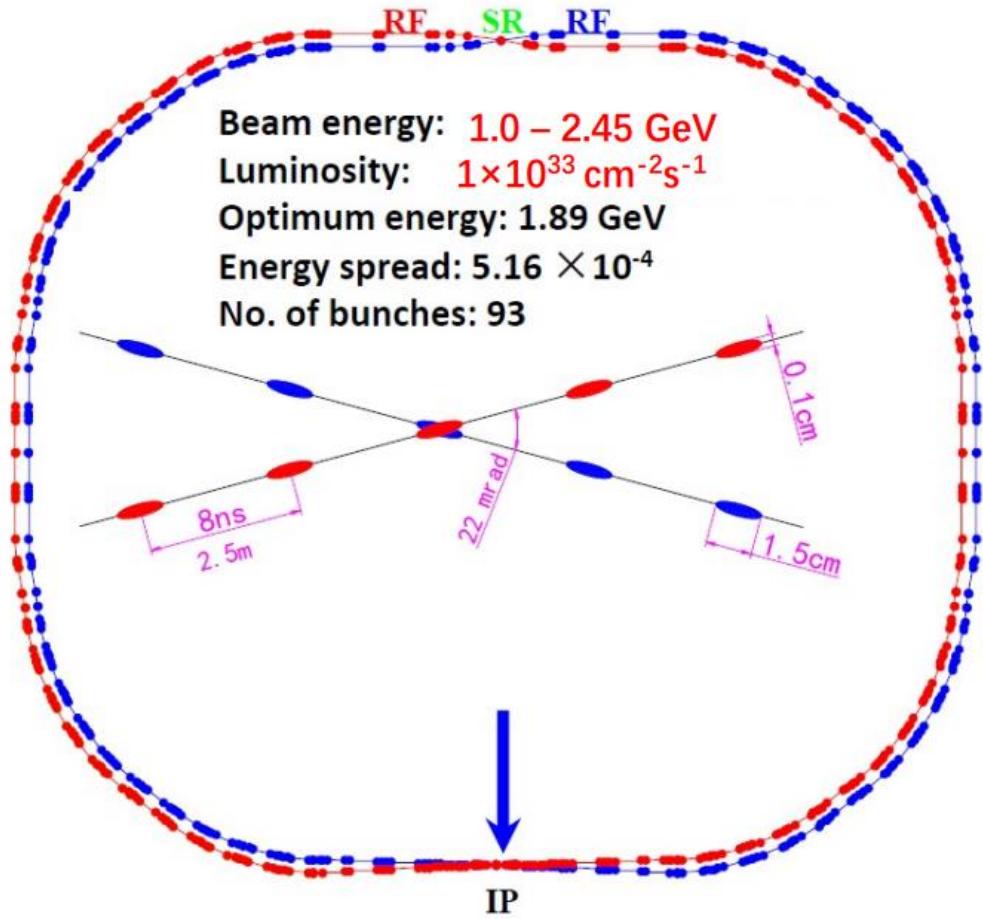
Branching fraction could be enhanced by 2 or 3 orders of magnitude,

e.g. Top-color model, two-Higgs doublet model..

*Phys. Lett. B 345, 483 (1995).
Phys. Rev. D 60, 014011 (1999).
Chin. Phys. C 36, 932 (2012).*

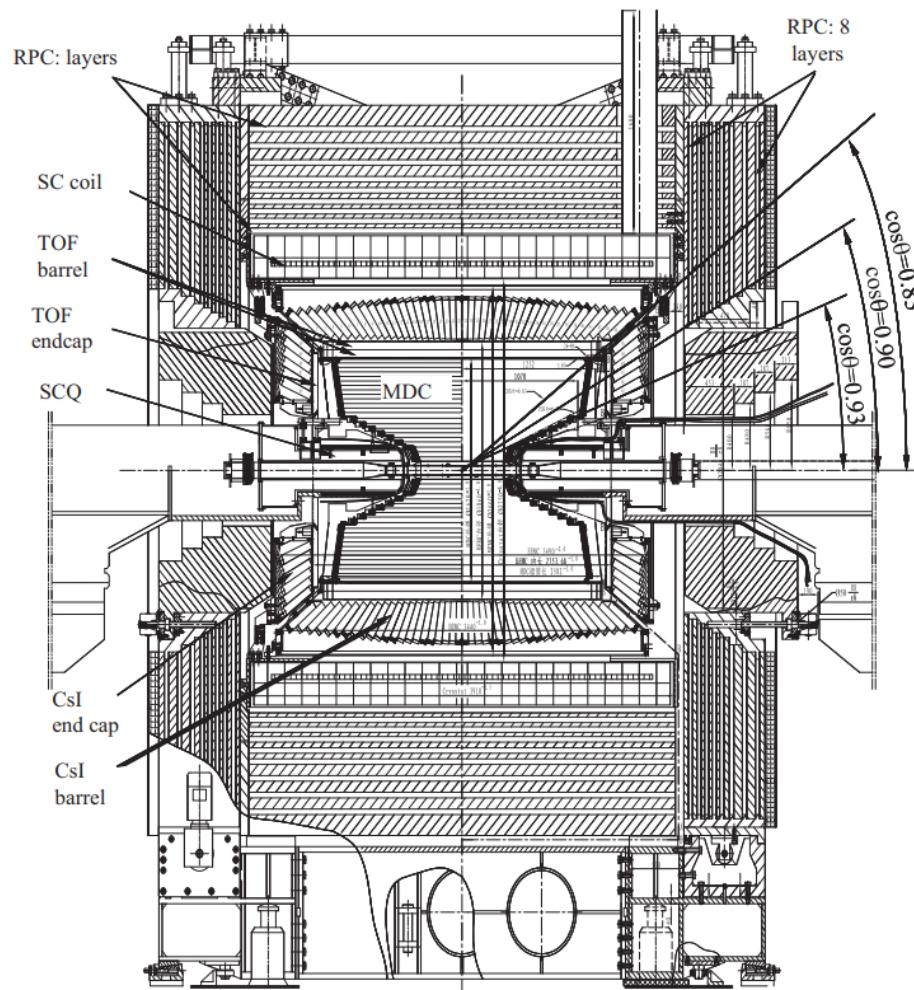
➤ Weak decay of charmonium is a good prob to test the SM theory or search for new physics beyond SM

BEPCII and BESIII



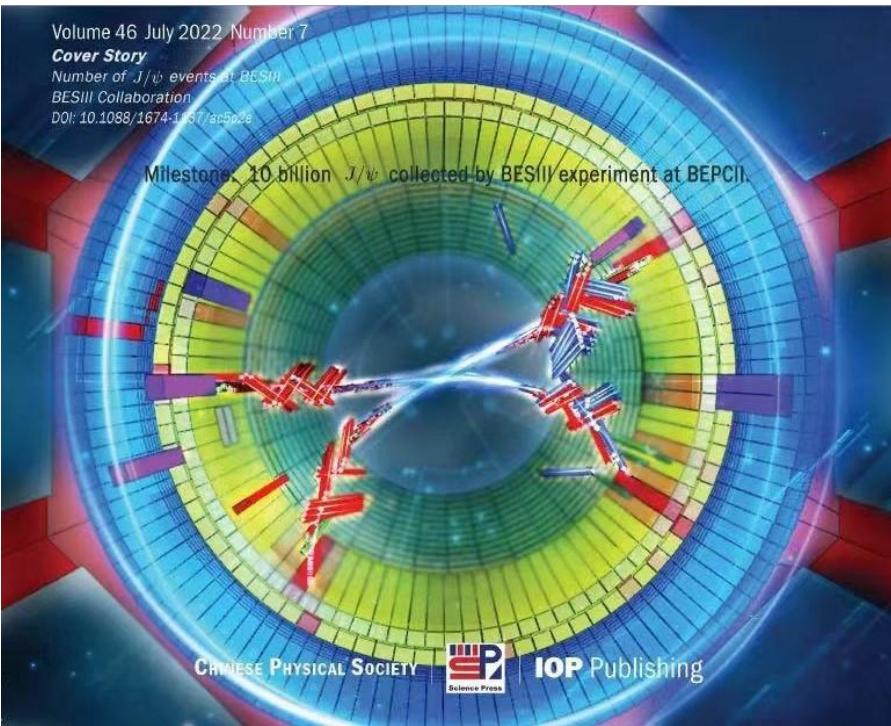
✓ Beijing Electron Positron Collider II

2022/8/23



✓ BEijing Spectrometers III

Charmonium at BESIII



Year	J/ψ events ($\times 10^6$)	$\psi(2S)$ events ($\times 10^6$)
2009	224.0 ± 1.3	107.0 ± 0.8
2012	1088.5 ± 4.4	341.1 ± 2.1
2017 – 2019	8774.0 ± 39.4	–
2021	–	~ 2300
Total	10087 ± 44	~ 2748.1

✓ J/ψ events @3.097 GeV: $\sim 1 \times 10^{10}$

Chin.Phys.C 46 (2022) 7, 074001

✓ $\Psi(2S)$ events @3.686 GeV: $\sim 3 \times 10^9$

Chin.Phys.C 42 (2018) 2, 023001

✓ A large charmonium sample to search for the rare weak decay

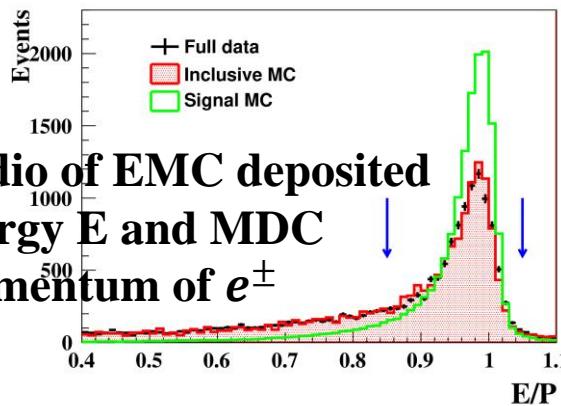
- ✓ A real J/ψ event at BESIII
- ✓ Drawn with Besvis,
- ✓ developed by Z.Y. You, S.H.Huang @SYSU,
P.X. Long, Y. Zhang, etc @IHEP

https://docbes3.ihep.ac.cn/~offlinesoftware/index.php/Event_Display

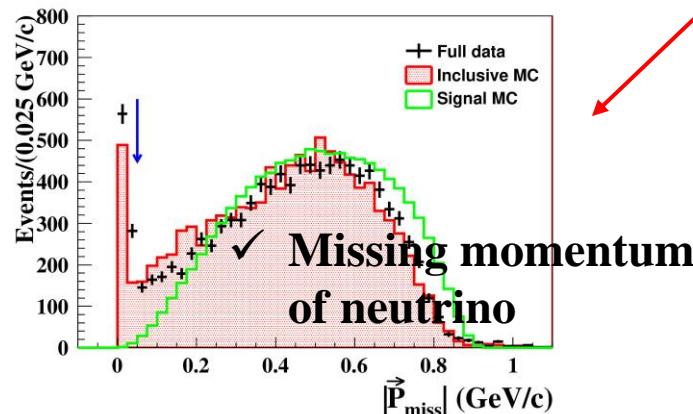
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- Search for $\psi \rightarrow D^- l^+ \nu_l + c. c.$
- Search for $\psi \rightarrow D_s^{(*)-} l^+ \nu_l + c. c.$
- Search for $\psi \rightarrow D_0 l^+ l^- + c. c.$
- Summary

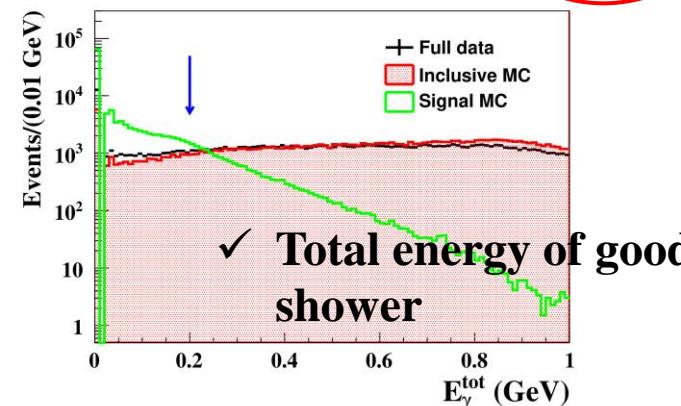
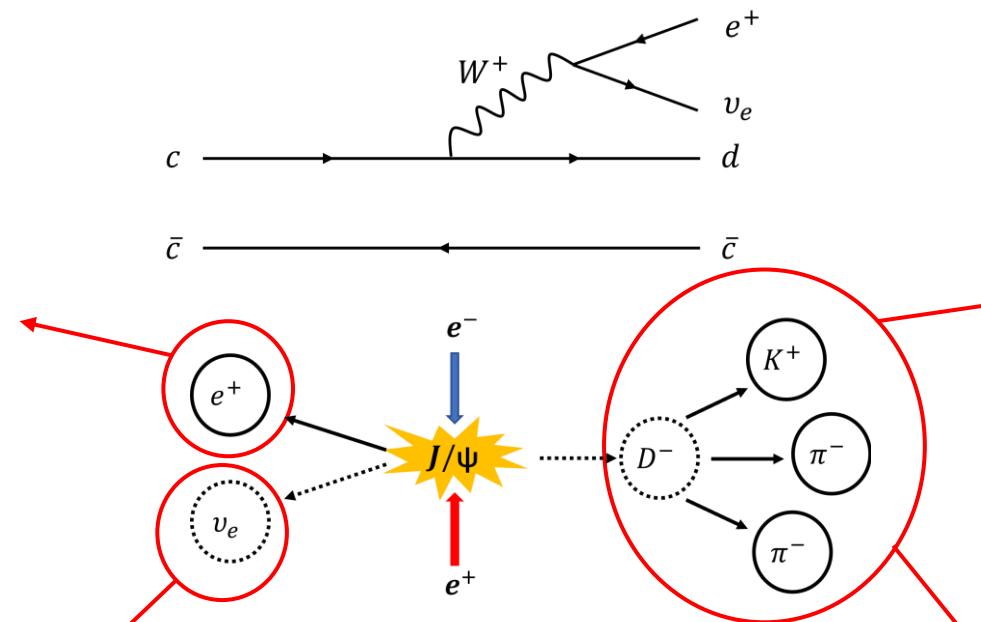
Event selection



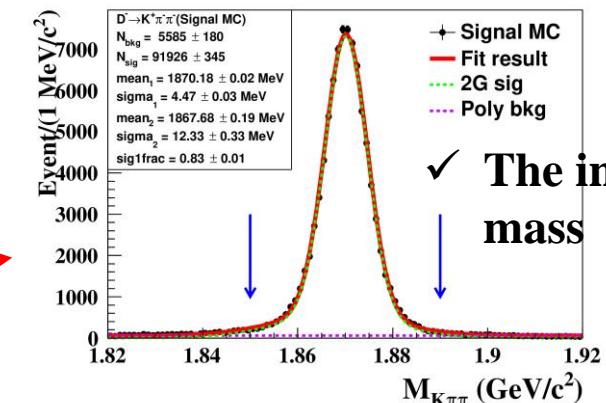
✓ Radio of EMC deposited energy E and MDC momentum of e^\pm



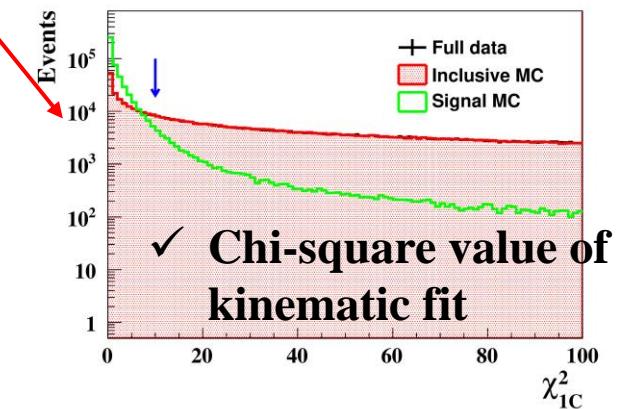
✓ Missing momentum of neutrino



✓ Total energy of good shower



✓ The invariant mass

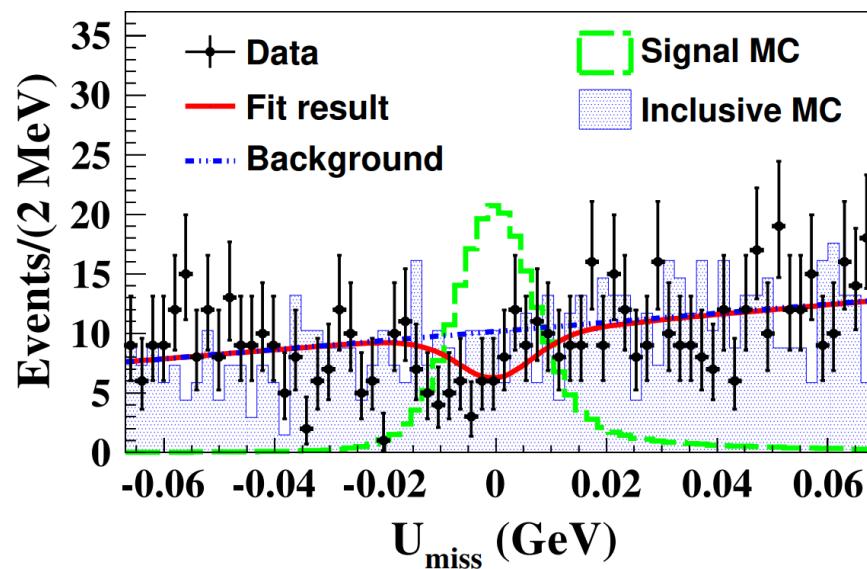
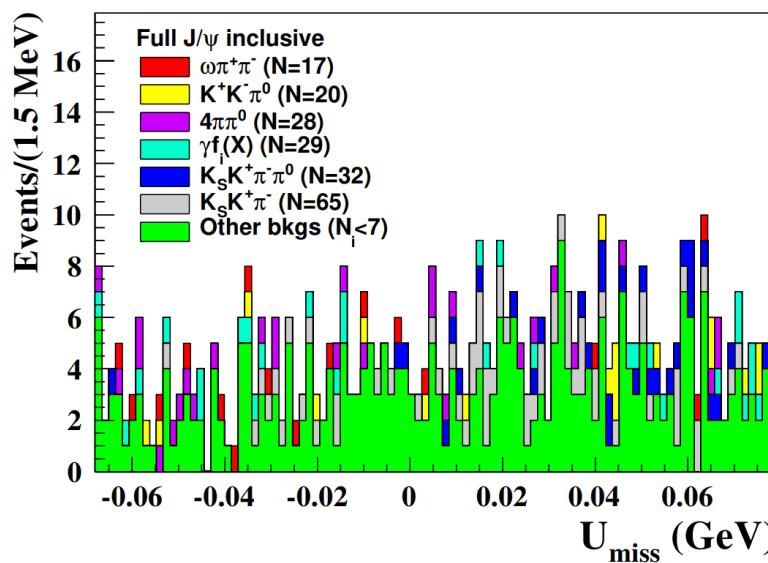


✓ Chi-square value of kinematic fit

Background and signal study

- Two main backgrounds:
 - (1) Gamma conversion with e misidentified as π/K : $J/\psi \rightarrow \rho\pi \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\pi\pi \rightarrow \gamma e^+ e^- \pi\pi$;
 - (2) π/K misidentified as e : $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma\eta(1405) \rightarrow \gamma K K^0 \pi \rightarrow \gamma \pi\pi\pi K$

- Define $U_{miss} = E_{miss} - \mathbf{c}|\vec{p}_{miss}|$
 - ✓ Neutrino missing-energy: $E_{miss} = E_{J/\psi} - E_{D^-} - E_{e^+}$
 - ✓ Neutrino missing-momentum: $\vec{p}_{miss} = \vec{p}_{J/\psi} - \vec{p}_{D^-} - \vec{p}_{e^+}$
 - ✓ If there are signals in real data, it will have a peak around 0 in U_{miss}



- ✓ $PDF_{total} = \sum PDF_{sig}^i + poly(c_0)$
 - ✓ $BF(J/\psi \rightarrow D^- e^+ \nu_e + c.c.) = \frac{N_{signal}}{N_{J/\psi} \times \epsilon \times BF(D^- \rightarrow K^+\pi^-\pi^-)}$
- where signal efficiency $\epsilon = (29.93 \pm 0.10)\%$, which is determined from MC samples and N_{signal} is determined from fitting.

✓ No excess of events is observed above the background.

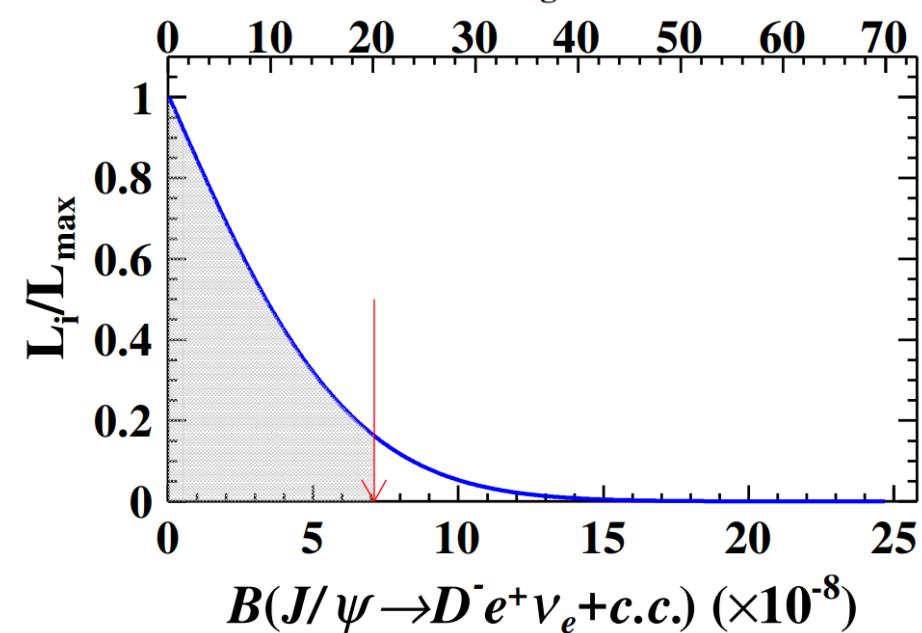
Uncertainty and upper limit

Sources	Relative uncertainties
Tracking	4.0
Particle ID	4.0
Signal MC model	3.0
E_γ^{tot} requirement	2.1
E/p requirement	0.3
$|\vec{p}_{\text{miss}}|$ requirement	0.3
BF of the $D^- \rightarrow K^+ \pi^- \pi^-$ decay	1.7
Number of J/ψ events	0.5
Total	7.0

- ✓ Summary of systematic uncertainties (%).
- $\mathcal{B}(J/\psi \rightarrow D^- e^+ \nu_e + c.c.) < 7.1 \times 10^{-8}$ at 90% CL
- The most sensitive result of charmonium weak decay

✓ $PDF_{total} = \sum PDF_{sig}^i + poly(c_0)$

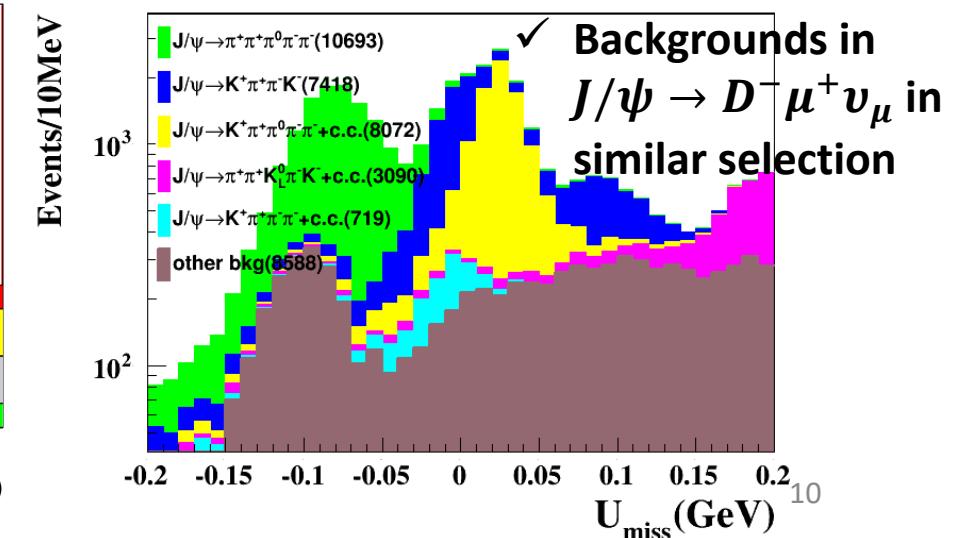
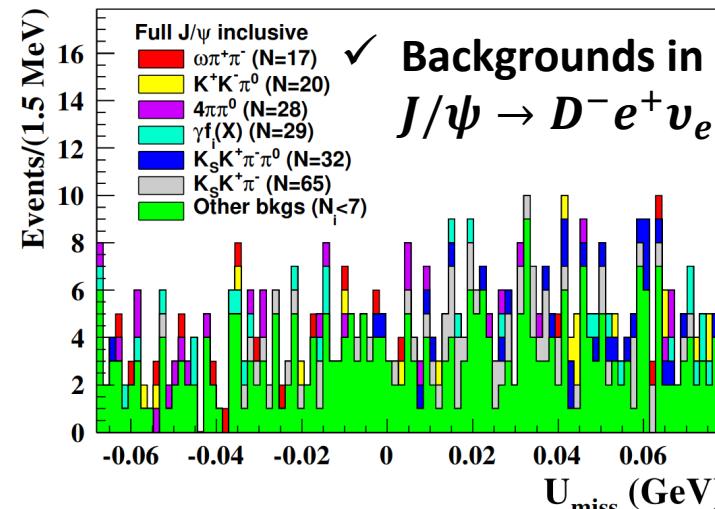
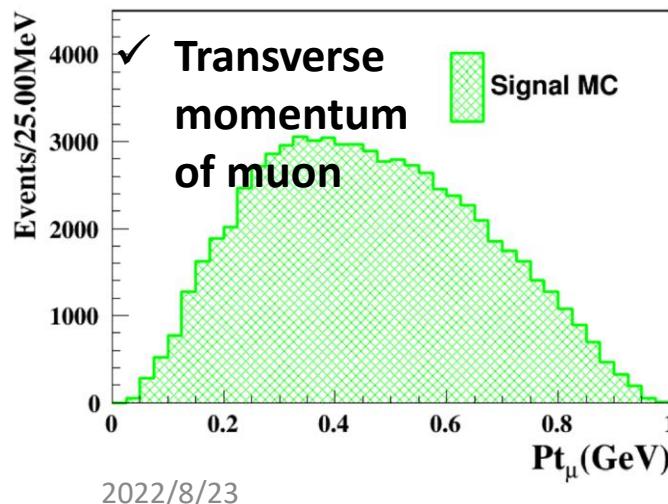
✓ $BF(J/\psi \rightarrow D^- e^+ \nu_e + c.c.) = \frac{N_{signal}}{N_{J/\psi} \times \epsilon \times BF(D^- \rightarrow K^+ \pi^- \pi^-)}$
where signal efficiency $\epsilon = (29.93 \pm 0.10)\%$, which is determined from MC samples and N_{signal} is determined from fitting.



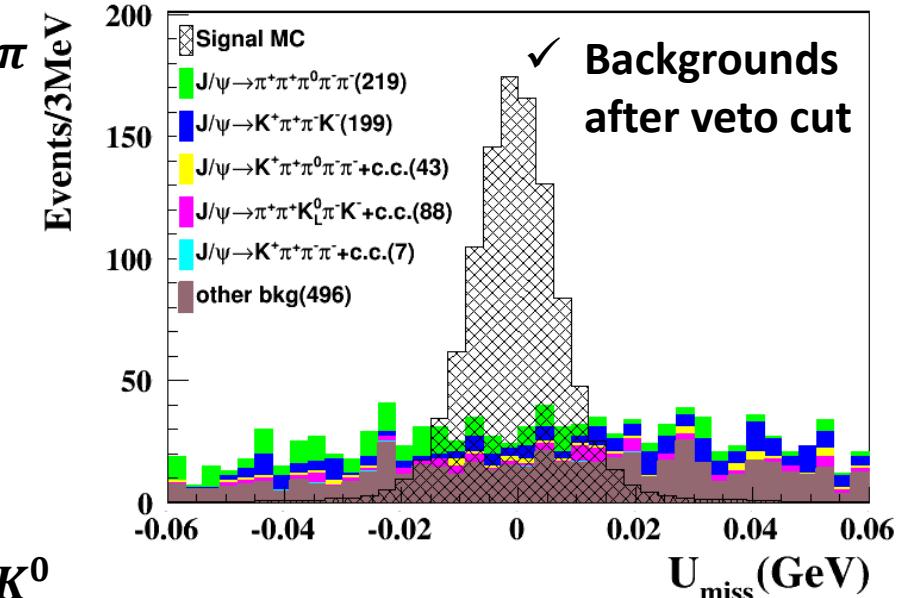
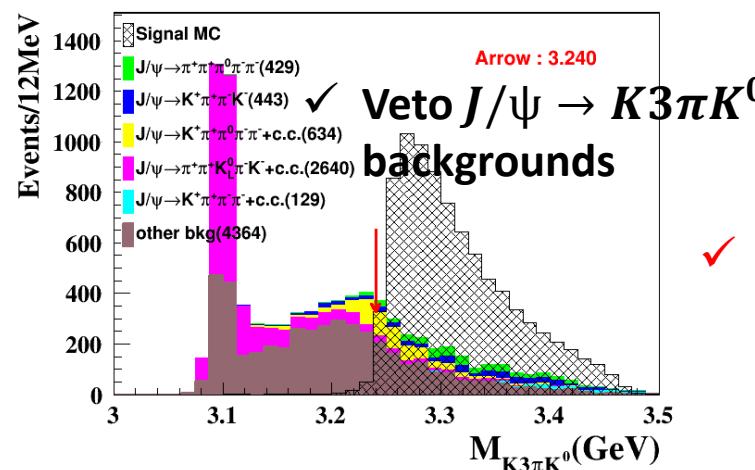
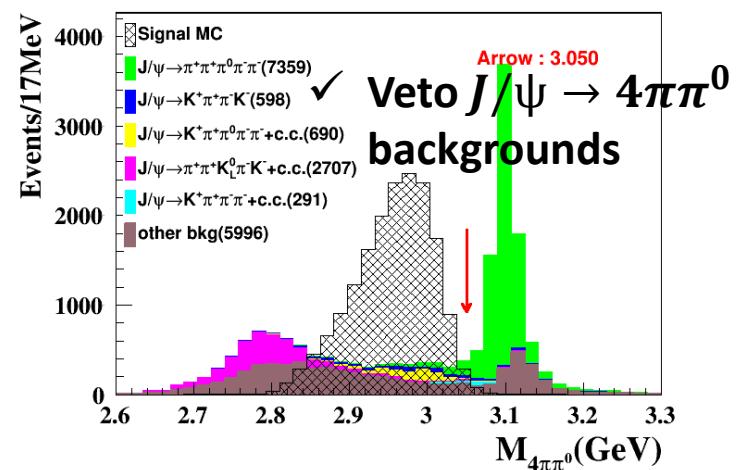
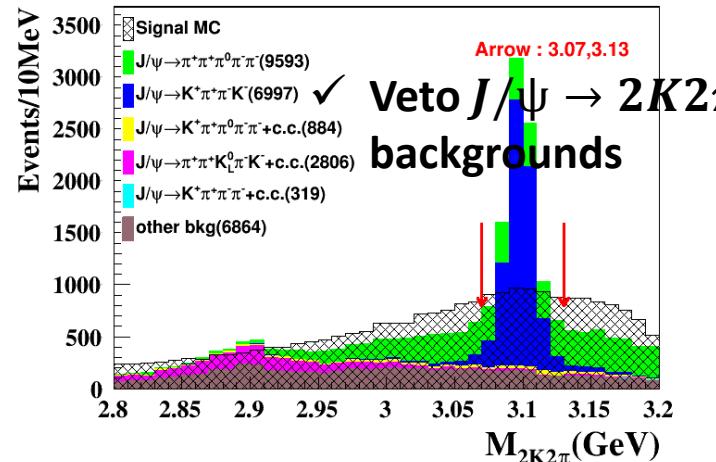
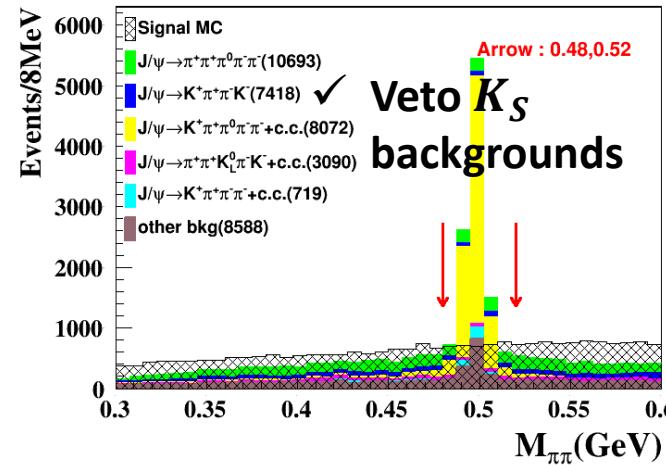
- ✓ The likelihood curve and UL at 90% CL. ₉

$J/\psi \rightarrow D^- \mu^+ \nu_\mu$ vs $J/\psi \rightarrow D^- e^+ \nu_e$

- μ/e will be Similar in standard model.
- μ/e will be different beyond the standard model.
- Some experiments have found some deviations in muon between electron, like muon g-2, B meson weak decay with a μ
Phys. Rev. Lett. 126.141801
Nature Phys., 2022, 18 (3): 277-282.
- Charmonium weak decay with a μ has never been searched before



Backgrounds study

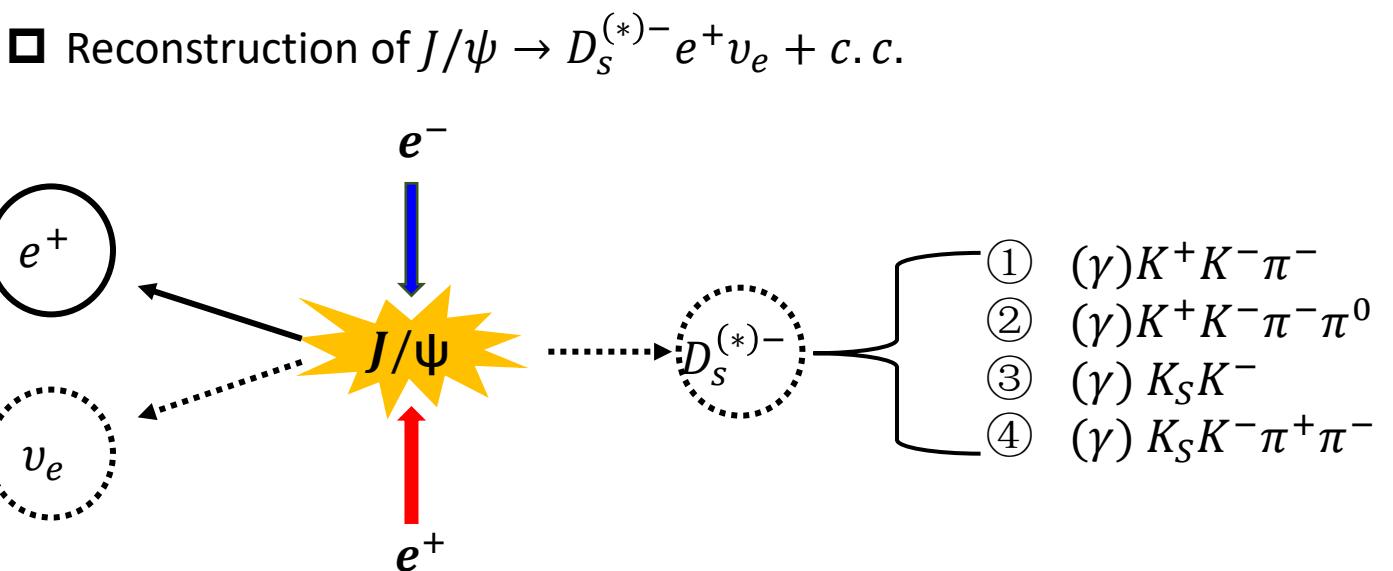
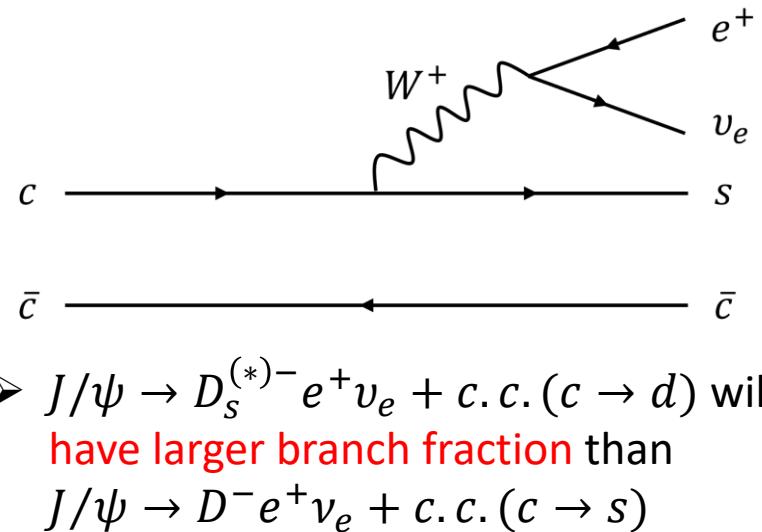


✓ The first result of $\mathcal{B}(J/\psi \rightarrow D^- \mu^+ \nu_\mu + c.c.)$ will come soon

Outline

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- **Search for $\psi \rightarrow D_s^{(*)-} l^+ \nu_l + c. c.$**
- Search for $\psi \rightarrow D_0 l^+ l^- + c. c.$
- Summary

Event selection

Base on J/ψ data @3.097 GeV in 2009

Rec Model	signal events	efficiency(%)
$D_s^- \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^-$	24457 ± 174	24.46 ± 0.17
$D_s^- \rightarrow K_s^0 K^-$	29898 ± 188	29.90 ± 0.19
$D_s^- \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^- \pi^0$	11075 ± 126	11.08 ± 0.13
$D_s^- \rightarrow K_s^0 K^- \pi^+ \pi^-$	13744 ± 118	13.74 ± 0.12

Rec Mode	signal events	efficiency(%)
$D_s^- \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^-$	16594 ± 169	16.59 ± 0.17
$D_s^- \rightarrow K_s^0 K^-$	19622 ± 167	19.62 ± 0.17
$D_s^- \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^- \pi^0$	7402 ± 145	7.40 ± 0.15
$D_s^- \rightarrow K_s^0 K^- \pi^+ \pi^-$	8201 ± 108	8.20 ± 0.11

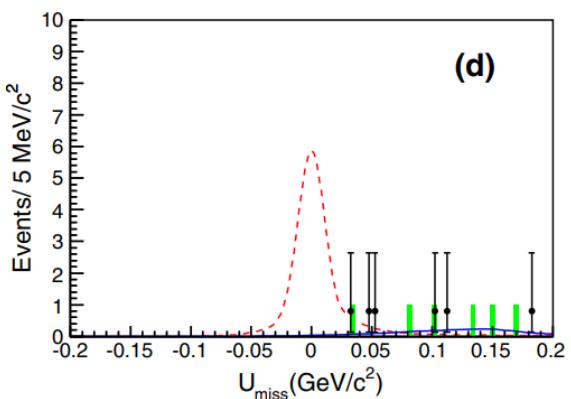
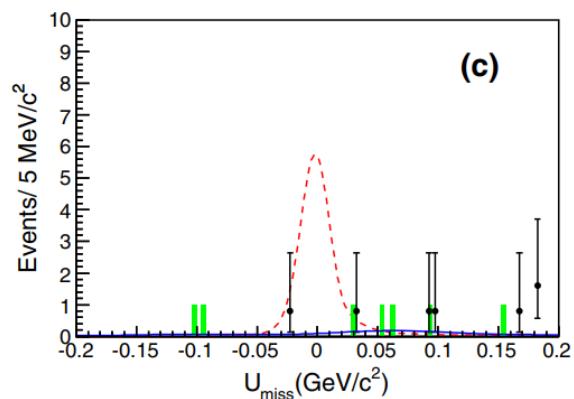
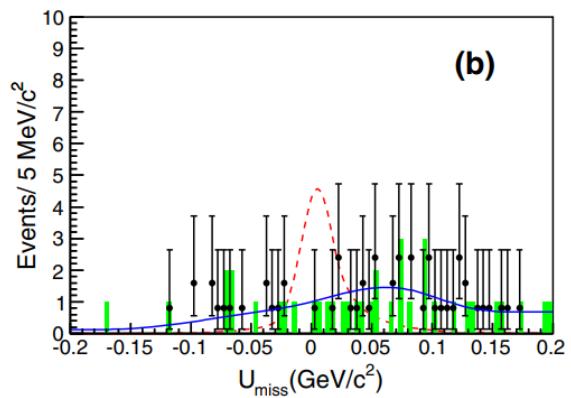
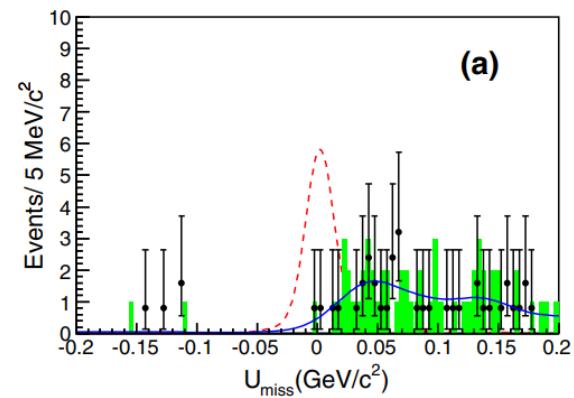
□ Efficiency of $J/\psi \rightarrow D_s^- e^+ \nu_e + c.c.$
(simulation of signal MC in each mode: 1×10^5)

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□ Efficiency of $J/\psi \rightarrow D_s^{*-} e^+ \nu_e + c.c.$
(simulation of signal MC in each mode: 1×10^5)

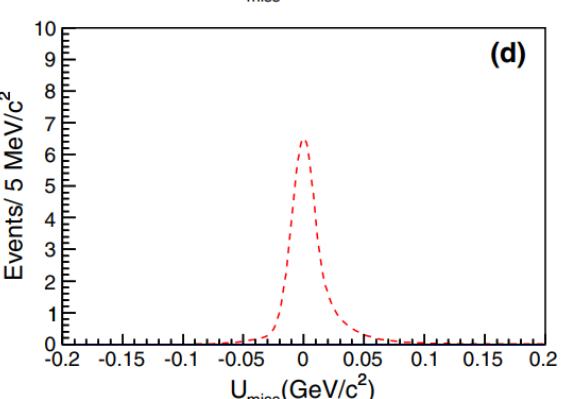
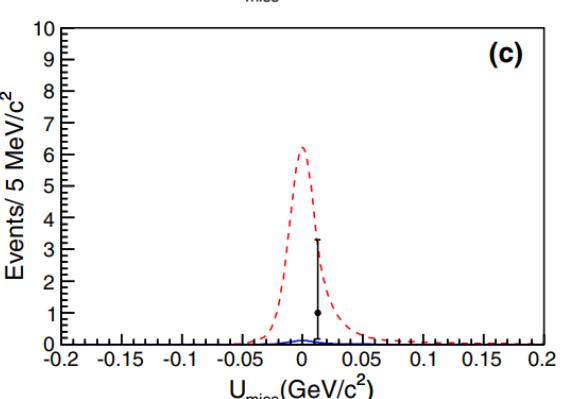
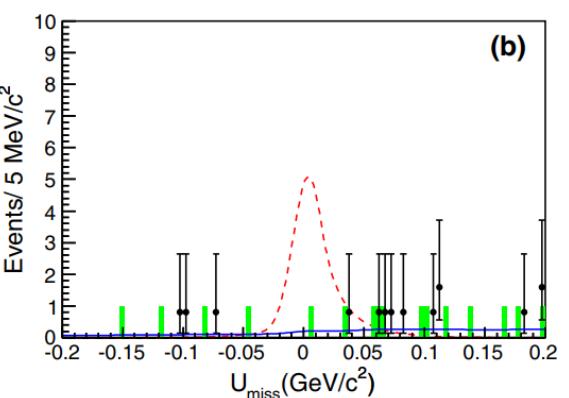
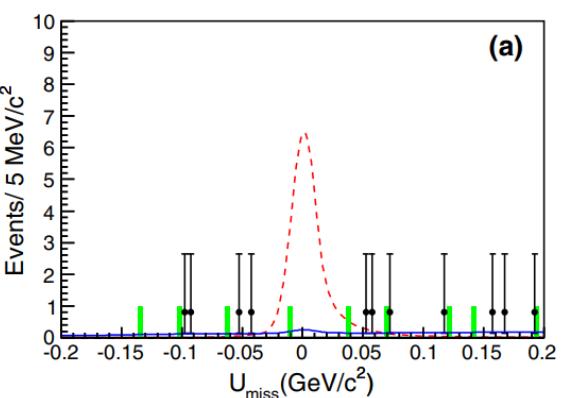
Signal study

- (a) $D_s^- \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^-$
- (b) $D_s^- \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^- \pi^0$
- (c) $D_s^- \rightarrow K_S K^-$
- (d) $D_s^- \rightarrow K_S K^- \pi^+ \pi^-$



✓ $J/\psi \rightarrow D_s^- e^+ \nu_e + c.c.$

✓ Simultaneous fitting on the U_{miss} from data



✓ $J/\psi \rightarrow D_s^{*-} e^+ \nu_e + c.c.$

✓ Simultaneous fitting on the U_{miss} from data

✓ No excess of events is observed in $2.24 \times 10^8 J/\psi$

Uncertainty and upper limit

➤ Uncertainty of $J/\psi \rightarrow D_s^- e^+ \nu_e + c.c.$

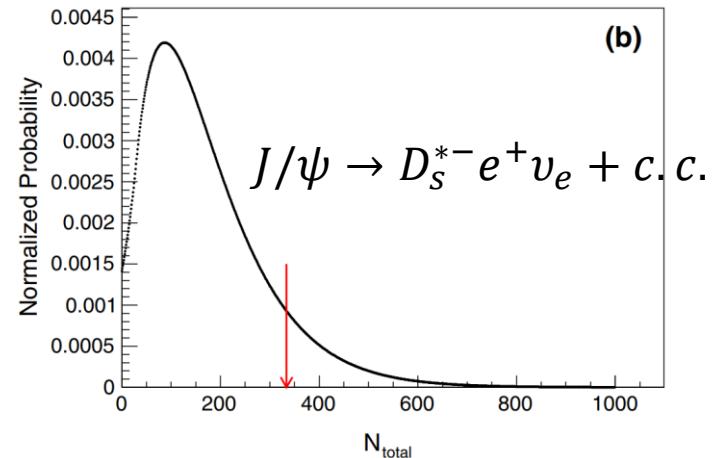
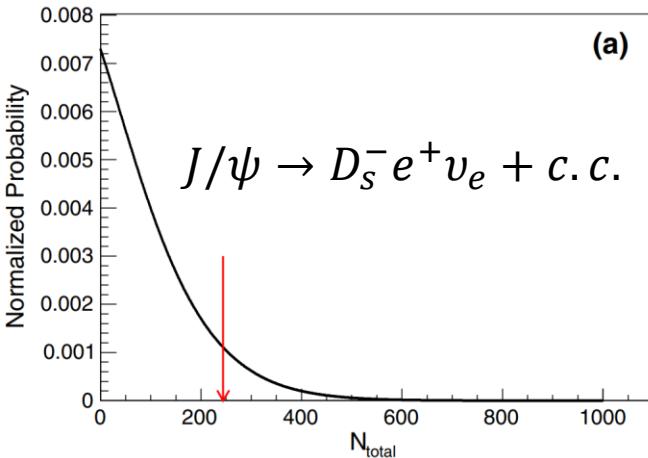
Sources\modes	$K^+ K^- \pi^-$	$K^+ K^- \pi^- \pi^0$	$K_S^0 K^-$	$K_S^0 K^- \pi^+ \pi^-$
Reconstruction ϵ	6.8	16.2	16.6	18.6
$\mathcal{B}(D_s^- \rightarrow X)$	3.9	11.1	4.0	6.6
Background shape	2.3	2.4	3.2	2.9
Fitting range	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6
MC statistic	0.7	1.2	0.6	0.9
Total	8.2	19.8	17.4	20.0

➤ Upper limit of $J/\psi \rightarrow D_s^{(*)-} e^+ \nu_e + c.c.$

	$J/\psi \rightarrow D_s^- e^+ \nu_e$	$J/\psi \rightarrow D_s^{*-} e^+ \nu_e$	
$\bar{N}_{\text{total}}^{\text{up}}$	244	335	
σ_{total}	31	43	
$N_{\text{total}}^{\text{up}'}$	275	378	$\mathcal{B} < \frac{N_{\text{total}}^{\text{up}'}}{(1 - \sigma_{\text{common}}^{\text{sys}}) N_{J/\psi}}$
$\sigma_{\text{common}}^{\text{sys}}$	3.3%	3.9%	
$N_{J/\psi}$		2.25×10^8	
$\mathcal{B}(90\% \text{ C.L.})$	$< 1.3 \times 10^{-6}$	$< 1.8 \times 10^{-6}$	

➤ Uncertainty of $J/\psi \rightarrow D_s^{*-} e^+ \nu_e + c.c.$

Sources\modes	$K^+ K^- \pi^-$	$K^+ K^- \pi^- \pi^0$	$K_S^0 K^-$	$K_S^0 K^- \pi^+ \pi^-$
Reconstruction ϵ	6.8	16.2	16.6	18.6
$\mathcal{B}(D_s^- \rightarrow X)$	3.9	11.1	4.0	6.6
Background shape	2.5	2.5	2.7	3.2
Fitting range	0.2	0.6	0.4	0.4
MC statistic	1.0	1.9	0.9	1.4
Total	8.3	20.0	17.4	20.1

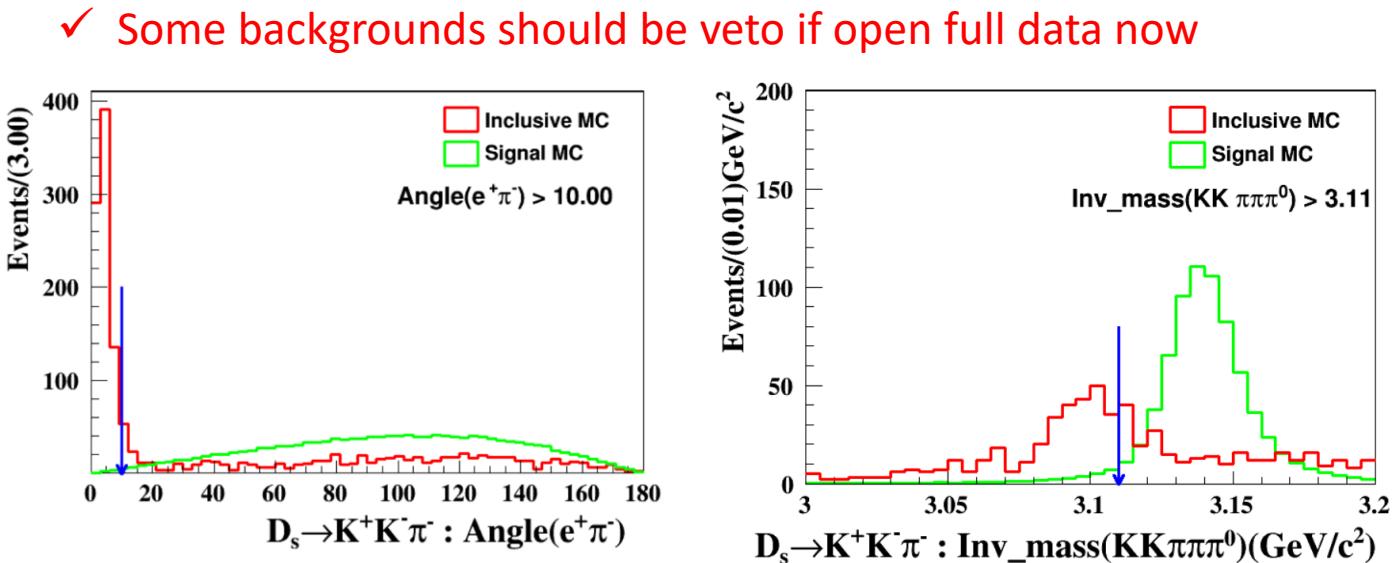


- $\mathcal{B}(J/\psi \rightarrow D_s^- e^+ \nu_e + c.c.) < 1.3 \times 10^{-6}$ at 90% CL
- $\mathcal{B}(J/\psi \rightarrow D_s^{*-} e^+ \nu_e + c.c.) < 1.8 \times 10^{-6}$ at 90% CL

(Only base on J/ψ data @3.097 GeV in 2009, 2.25×10^8)

More data sample for $J/\psi \rightarrow D_s^- e^+ \nu_e + c.c.$

- Prediction from SM: $10^{-9} - 10^{-10}$
- Number of J/ψ number: $\sim 10^{10}$
- Very close to the standard model
- Cover most of the remaining region of the new physics model
- If use full J/ψ data, some of the backgrounds can no longer be ignored
- ✓ New result of $\mathcal{B}(J/\psi \rightarrow D_s^- e^+ \nu_e + c.c.)$ with more J/ψ data will come soon.
- ✓ Study of $\psi(2S) \rightarrow D_s^- e^+ \nu_e + c.c.$ will also begin soon.



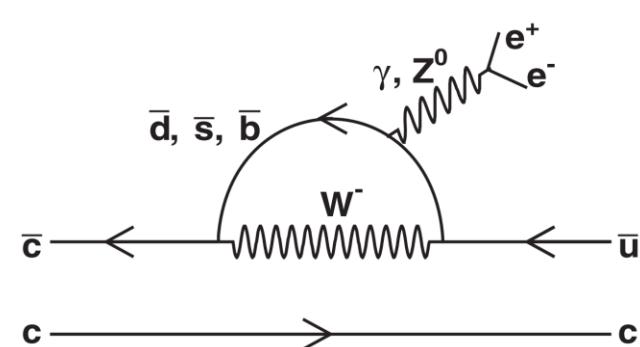
eg. γ conversion to $e^+ e^-$
and one of e will be
mis-identified as π

eg. $J/\psi \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$
backgrounds and one of π
will be mis-identified as e

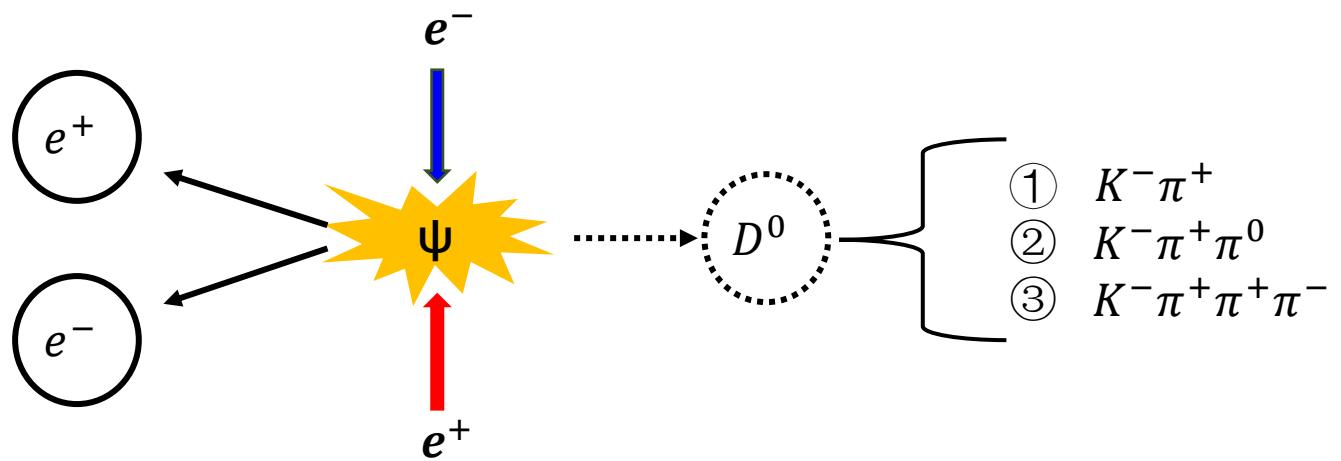
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Event selection and signal study

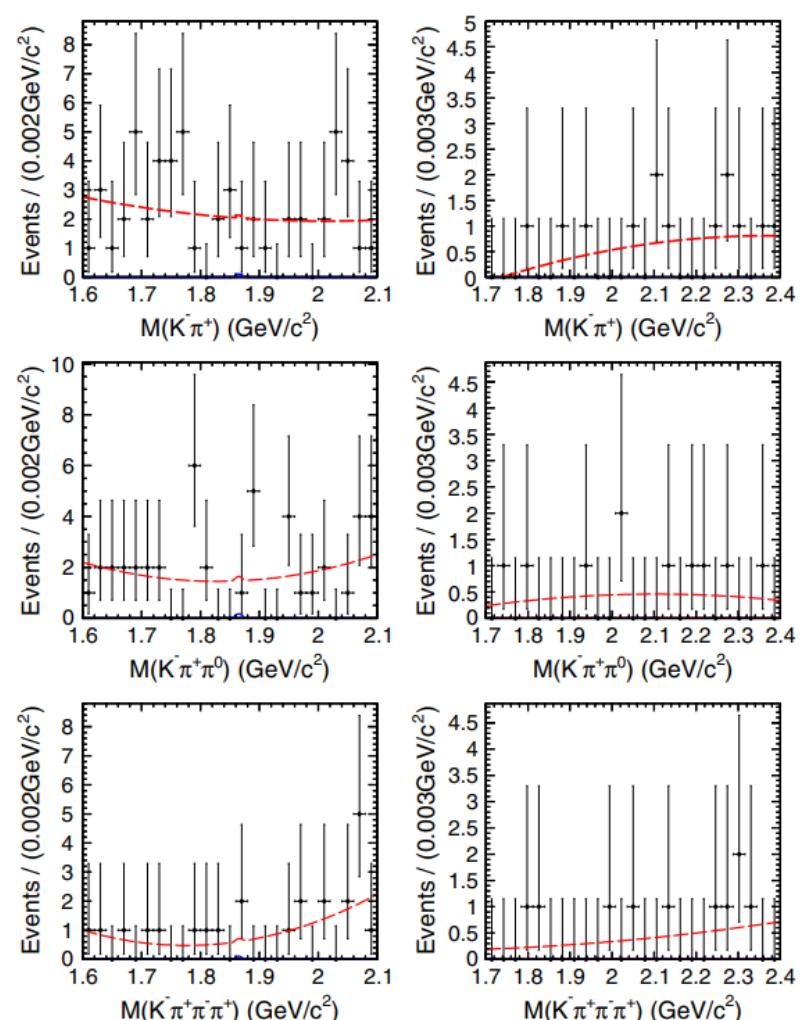


- $c \rightarrow u$ (FCNCs)
- Flavor Changing Neutral Currents
- Forbidden at the tree level due to the GIM mechanism
- Can occur at the loop level



- Simultaneous fitting on the M_{D^0} from data

➤ **No excess of events is observed in $1310.6 \times 10^6 J/\psi$ and $448.1 \times 10^6 \psi(2S)$**



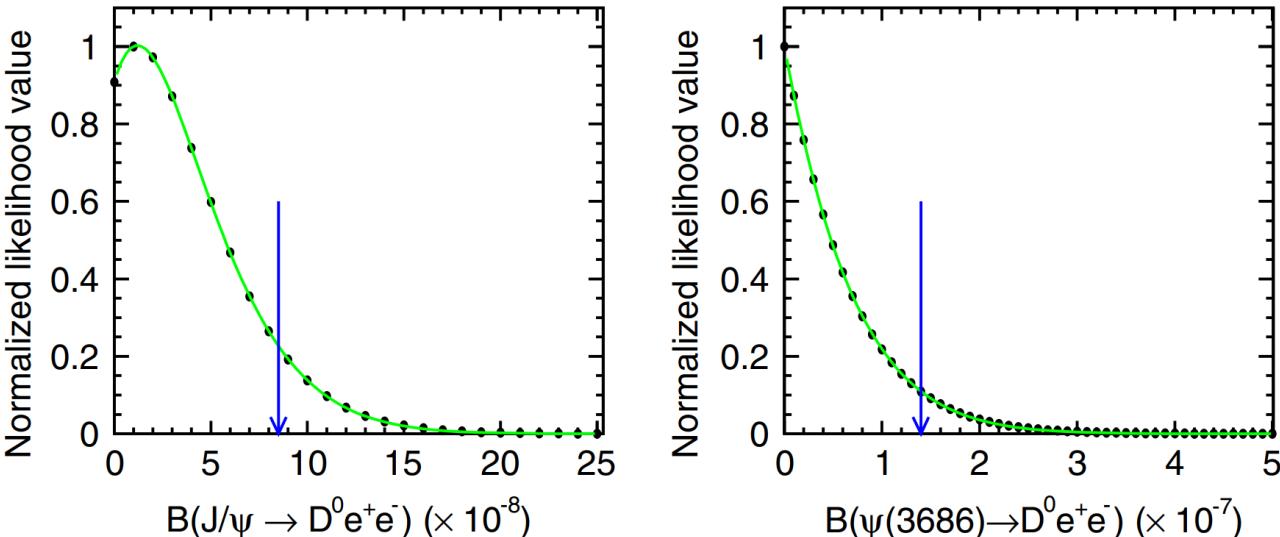
✓ $J/\psi \rightarrow D^0 e^+ e^-$

✓ $\psi(2S) \rightarrow D^0 e^+ e^-$

Event selection and signal study

Base on J/ψ data @3.097 GeV in 2009, 2012
and $\psi(2S)$ data @3.686 GeV in 2009, 2012

	$D^0 \rightarrow K^-\pi^+$		$D^0 \rightarrow K^-\pi^+\pi^0$		$D^0 \rightarrow K^-\pi^+\pi^+\pi^-$	
	J/ψ	$\psi(3686)$	J/ψ	$\psi(3686)$	J/ψ	$\psi(3686)$
Tracking*	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	6.0	6.0
PID*	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	8.0	8.0
γ detection	...	...	1.2	1.2	...	...
Kinematic fit	1.7	1.6	1.1	1.8	2.2	2.0
Veto γ conversion*	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7
Veto $K_S \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0$	...	...	0.6	...	...	...
Veto $K_S \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$	...	...	...	...	2.1	2.2
Veto $J/\psi \rightarrow e^+e^-$	...	0.1	...	...	...	...
Branching fraction	1.3	1.3	3.6	3.6	2.6	2.6
ψ total number*	0.55	0.62	0.55	0.62	0.55	0.62
Others	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Total	7.8	7.8	8.5	8.7	11.0	10.9



✓ Summary of systematic uncertainties (%).

✓ The likelihood curve and UL at 90% CL.

- $B(J/\psi \rightarrow D^0 e^+ e^- + c.c.) < 8.5 \times 10^{-8}$ at 90% CL
- $B(\psi(2S) \rightarrow D^0 e^+ e^- + c.c.) < 1.4 \times 10^{-7}$ at 90% CL

(Only base on J/ψ data @3.097 GeV in 2009, 2012 which is 1310.6×10^6
and $\psi(2S)$ data @3.686 GeV in 2009, 2012 which is 448.1×10^6)

- The study of $\psi \rightarrow D^0 l^+ l^- + c.c.$ with more data will begin soon.

Outline

- Introduction
- Search for $\psi \rightarrow D^- l^+ \nu_l + c. c.$
- Search for $\psi \rightarrow D_s^{(*)-} l^+ \nu_l + c. c.$
- Search for $\psi \rightarrow D_0 l^+ l^- + c. c.$
- **Summary**

Summary

- ✓ J/ ψ weak decay is rare ($10^{-9} \sim 10^{-12}$) but allowed in SM
- ✓ If new physics exists, it can be enhanced by 2 or 3 orders of magnitude
- ✓ Charmonium semi-leptonic weak decay: $c \rightarrow d, c \rightarrow s, c \rightarrow u$
- ✓ Test the SM theory or search for new physics beyond SM
- ✓ $\mathcal{B}(J/\psi \rightarrow D^- e^+ \nu_e + c.c.) < 7.1 \times 10^{-8}$ at 90% CL ($\sim 10^{10} J/\psi$)
- ✓ $\mathcal{B}(J/\psi \rightarrow D_s^- e^+ \nu_e + c.c.) < 1.3 \times 10^{-6}$ at 90% CL ($\sim 10^8 J/\psi$)
- ✓ $\mathcal{B}(J/\psi \rightarrow D_s^{*-} e^+ \nu_e + c.c.) < 1.8 \times 10^{-6}$ at 90% CL ($\sim 10^8 J/\psi$)
- ✓ $\mathcal{B}(J/\psi \rightarrow D^0 e^+ e^- + c.c.) < 8.5 \times 10^{-8}$ at 90% CL ($\sim 10^9 J/\psi$)
- ✓ $\mathcal{B}(\psi(2S) \rightarrow D^0 e^+ e^- + c.c.) < 1.4 \times 10^{-7}$ at 90% CL ($\sim 10^8 \psi(2S)$)
- ✓ More results with full data now will come soon. ($\sim 1 \times 10^{10} J/\psi$ and $\sim 3 \times 10^9 \psi(2S)$)

