

Introduction to Heavy Ion Collisions – Experimental

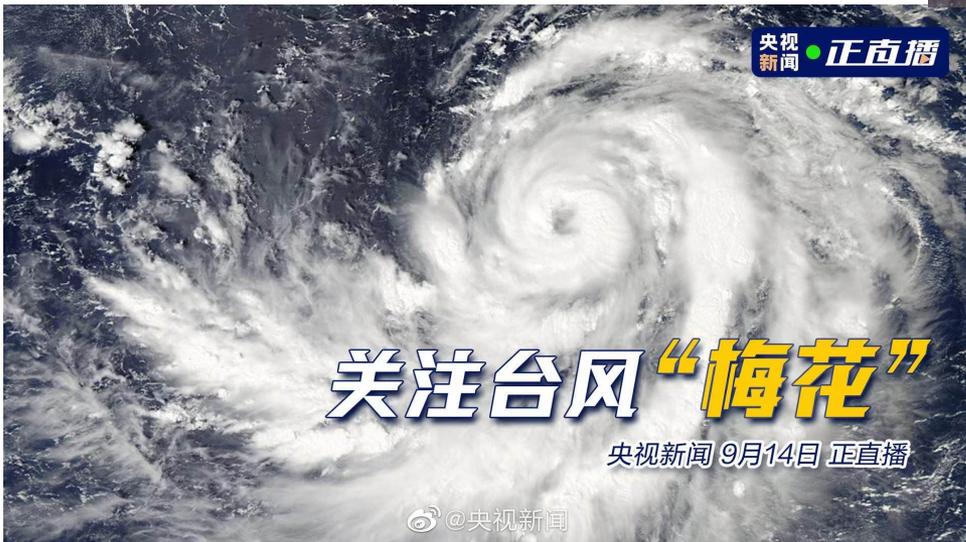
Part4 Vorticity and Polarization

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山东大学

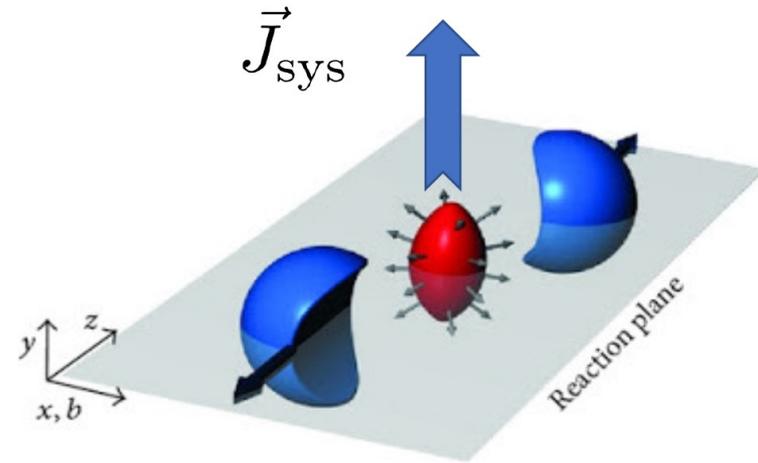
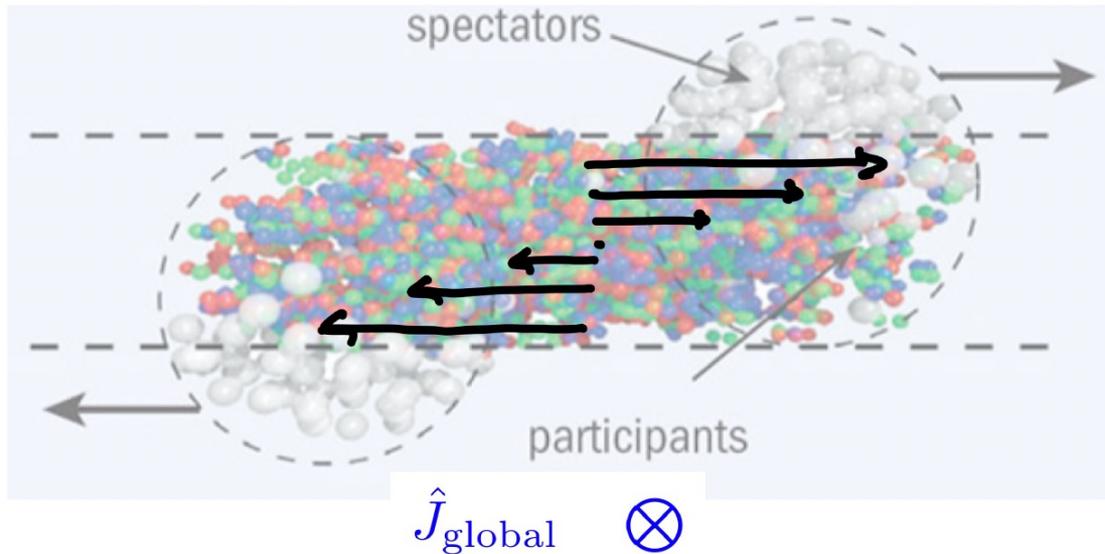


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Vorticity



Rotation of HI collision



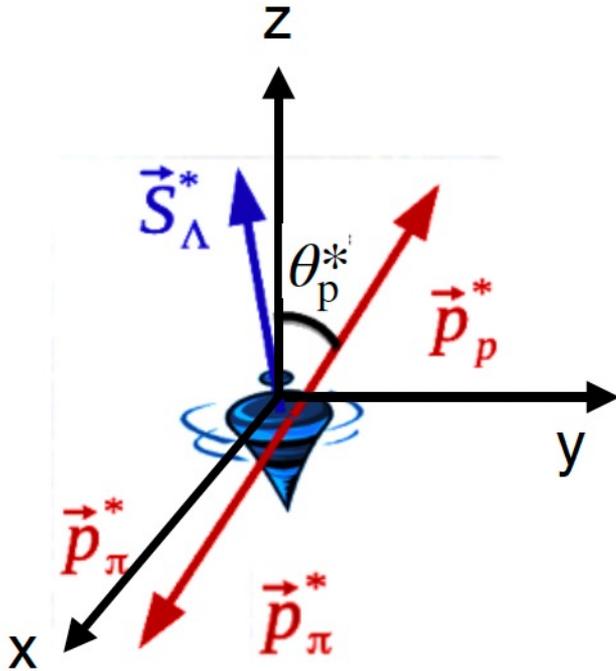
Large initial orbital angular momentum

Can polarize particles through spin-orbit coupling

Z.-T. Liang and X.-N. Wang, PRL94, 102301 (2005)

S. A. Voloshin, nucl-th/0410089

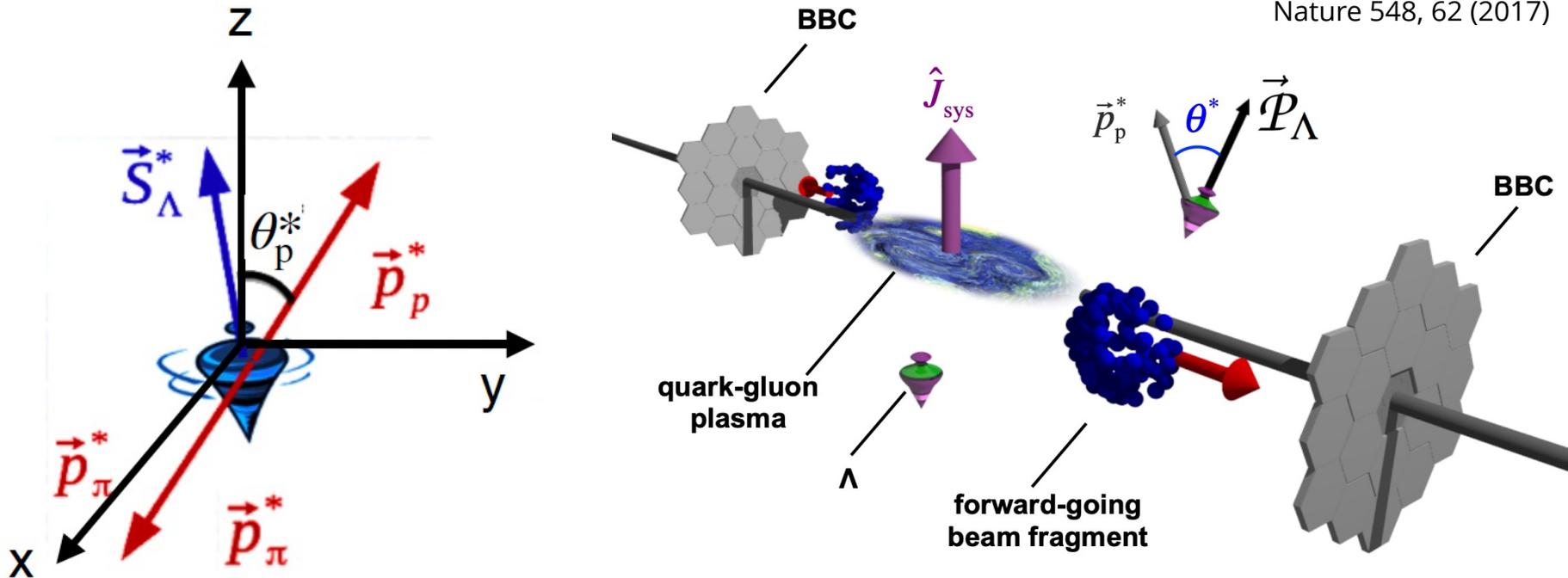
Hyperon global polarization



Hyperons parity violating weak decay:
Daughter baryon preferentially emitted in the direction of spin

Hyperon global polarization

Nature 548, 62 (2017)



Hyperons parity violating weak decay:

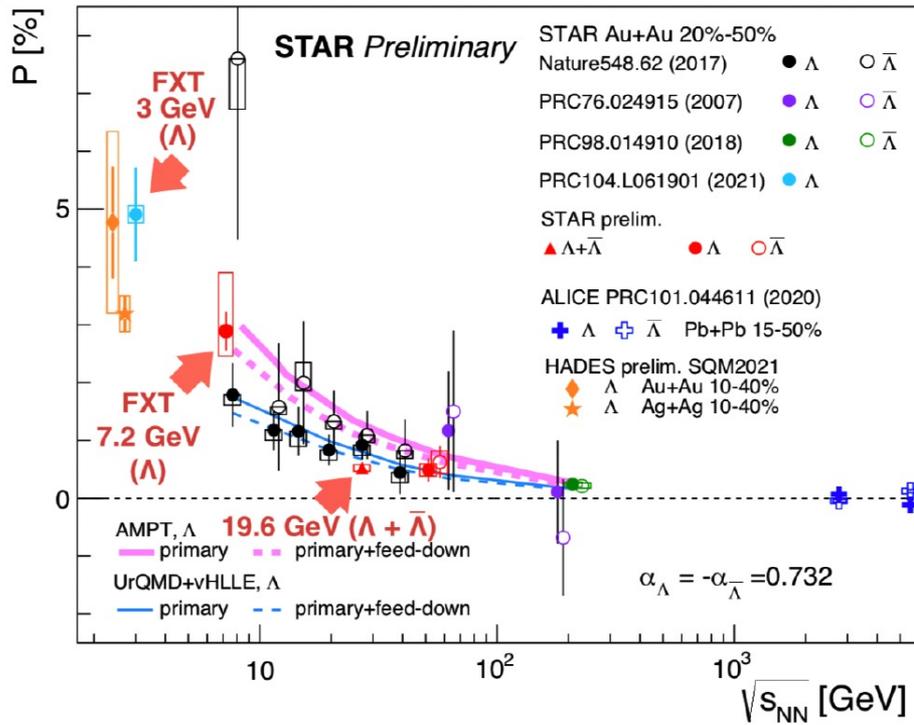
Daughter baryon preferentially emitted in the direction of spin

Deflection of the spectators determines the direction of L

$$P_H = \frac{3}{\alpha_H} \langle (\hat{p}_p^* \cdot \hat{L}) \rangle$$

$$P_H = - \frac{8}{\pi \alpha_H} \frac{\langle \sin(\varphi_p^* - \Psi_{SP}) \rangle}{R_{SP}^1}$$

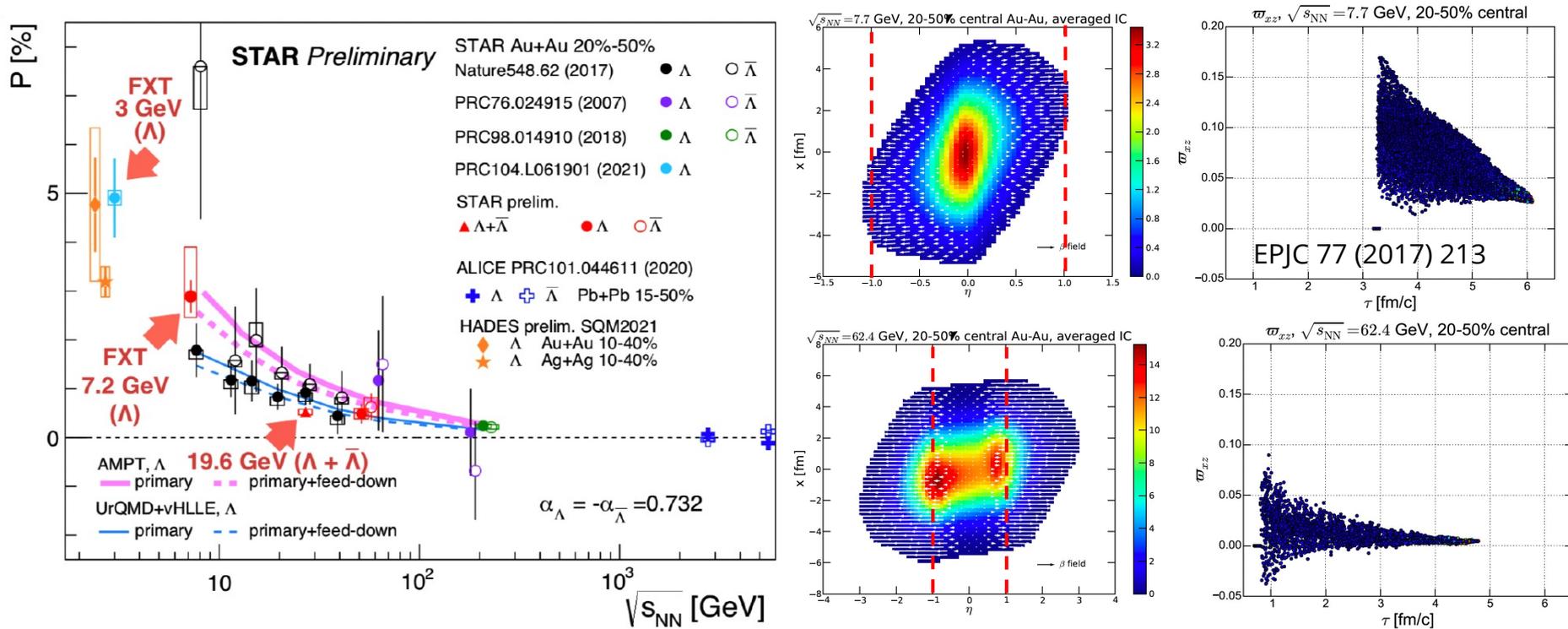
Hyperon global polarization



$$\omega \approx (9 \pm 1) \times 10^{21} \text{ s}^{-1}$$

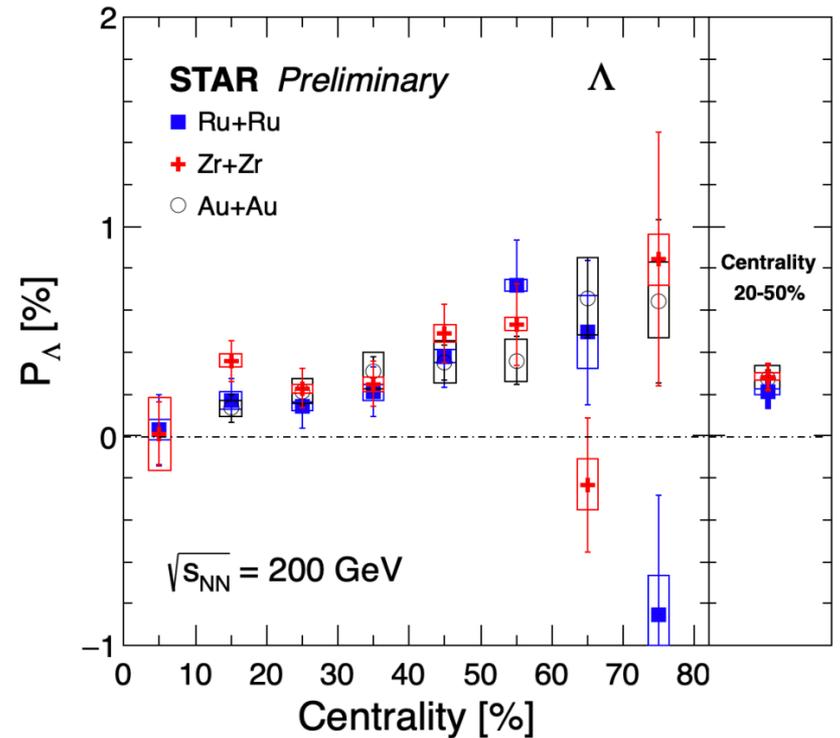
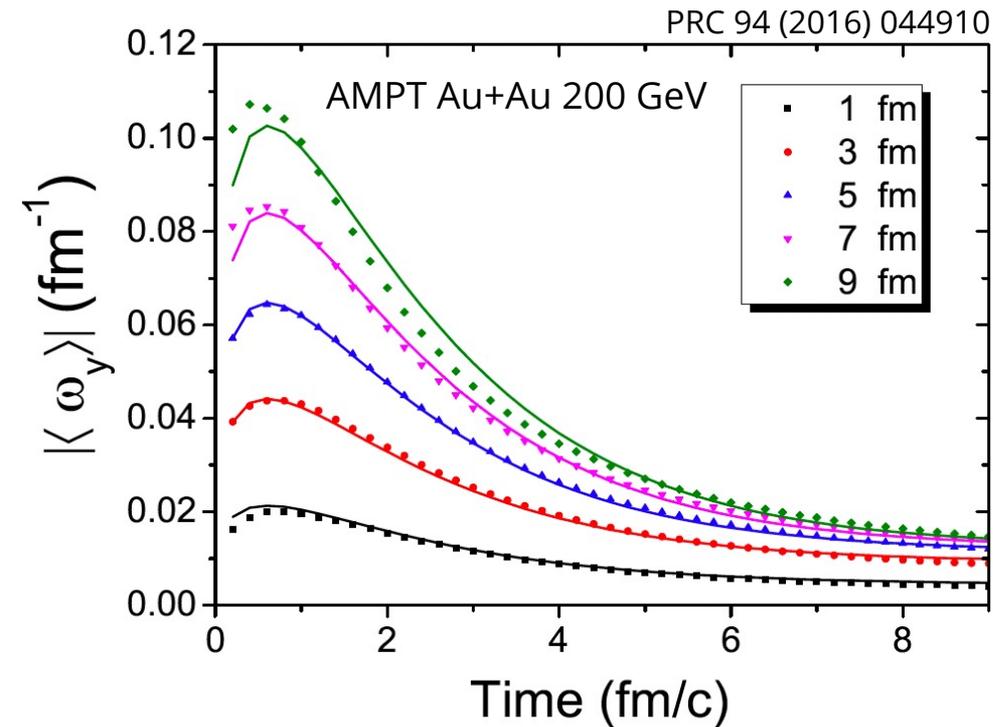
Polarization at mid-rapidity decreases with collision energy
 In good agreement with hydro and transport models

Hyperon global polarization



Polarization at mid-rapidity decreases with collision energy
 In good agreement with hydro and transport models

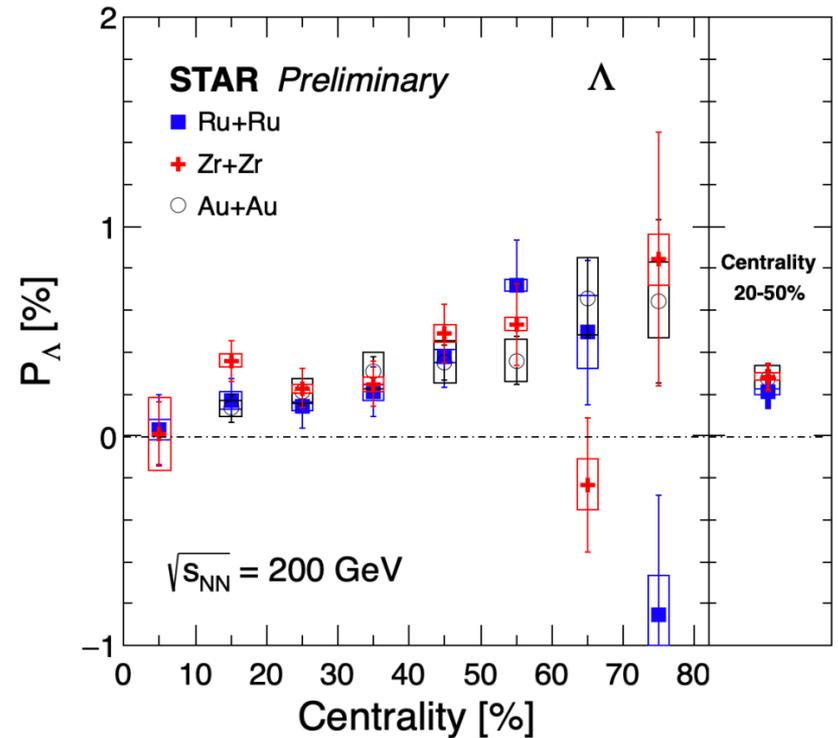
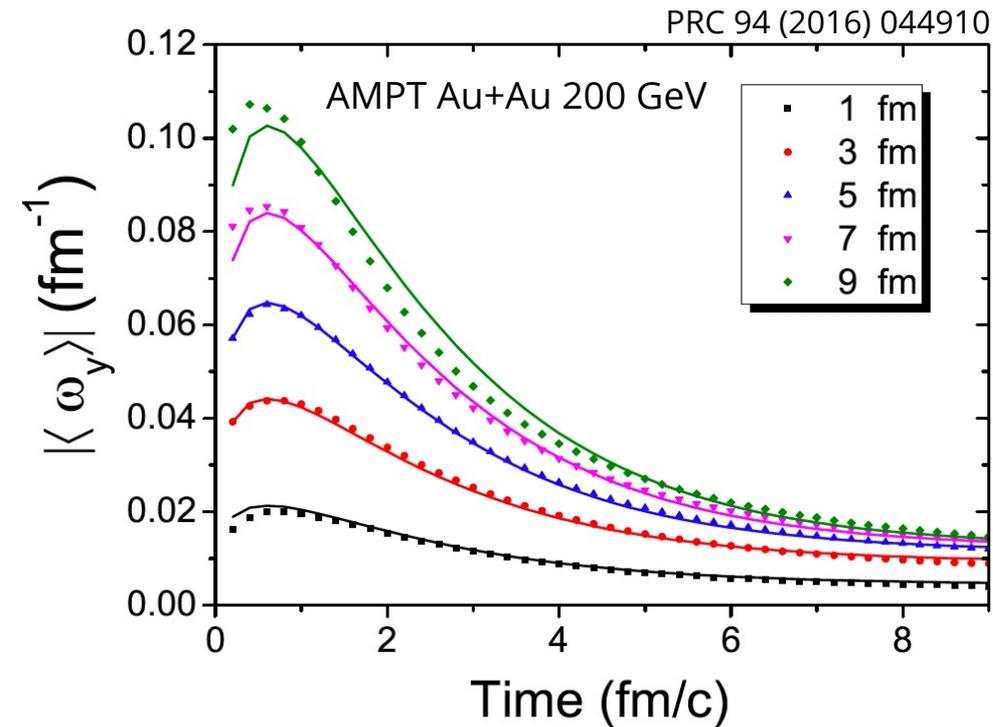
Hyperon global polarization



Polarization at mid-rapidity decreases with collision energy
In good agreement with hydro and transport models

Centrality dependence follows impact parameter dependent vorticity

Hyperon global polarization



Polarization at mid-rapidity decreases with collision energy
In good agreement with hydro and transport models

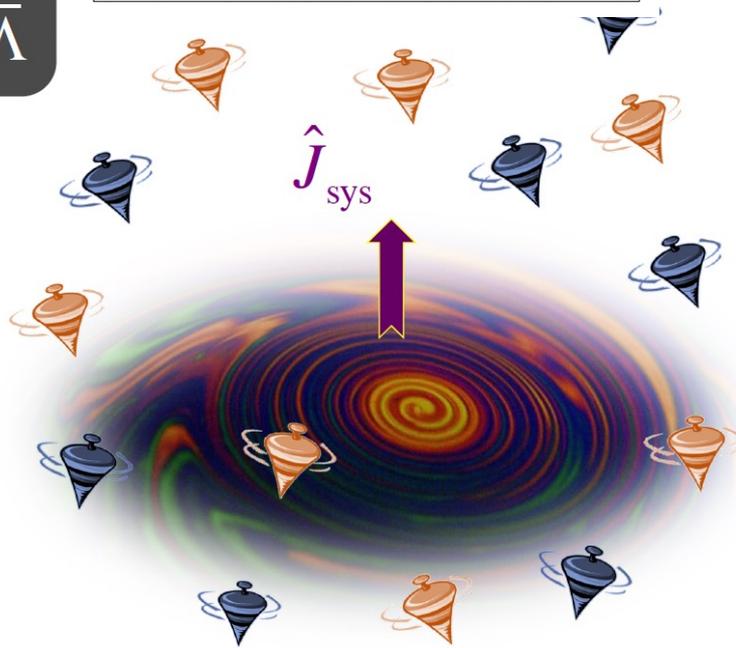
Centrality dependence follows impact parameter dependent vorticity
No obvious collision size dependence

Hyperon global polarization with B field



Vortical coupling: $P \propto \omega$

$$\bar{P}_{\Lambda} \parallel +\hat{J}_{\text{sys}} \quad \bar{P}_{\bar{\Lambda}} \parallel +\hat{J}_{\text{sys}}$$



Hyperon global polarization with B field

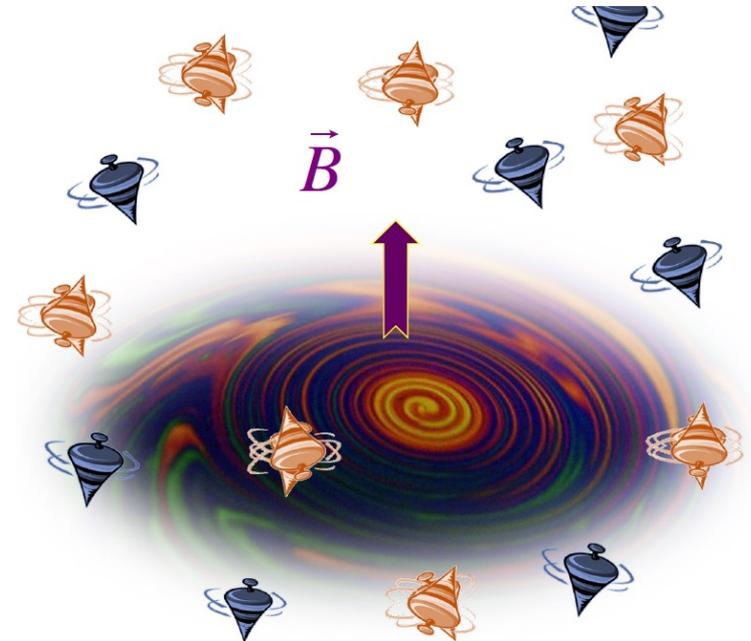
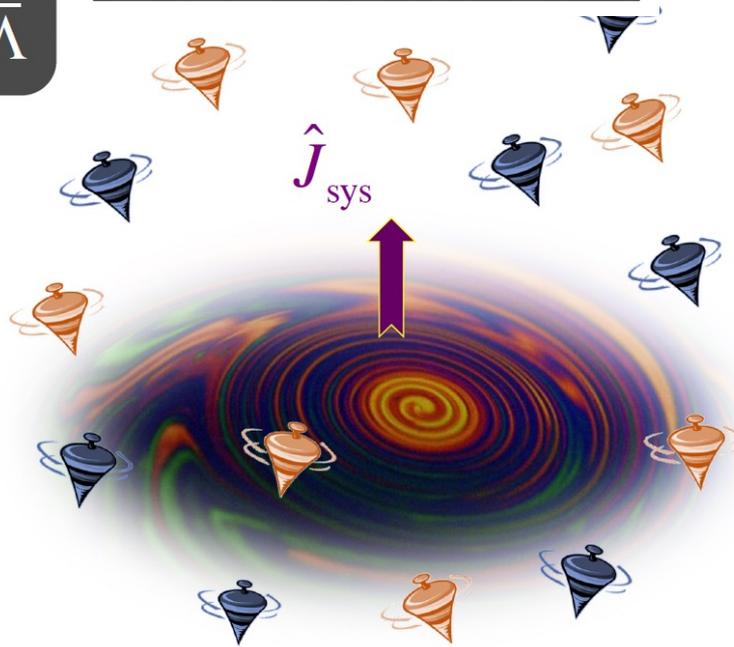


Vortical coupling: $P \propto \omega$

$$\vec{P}_{\Lambda} \parallel +\hat{J}_{\text{sys}} \quad \vec{P}_{\bar{\Lambda}} \parallel +\hat{J}_{\text{sys}}$$

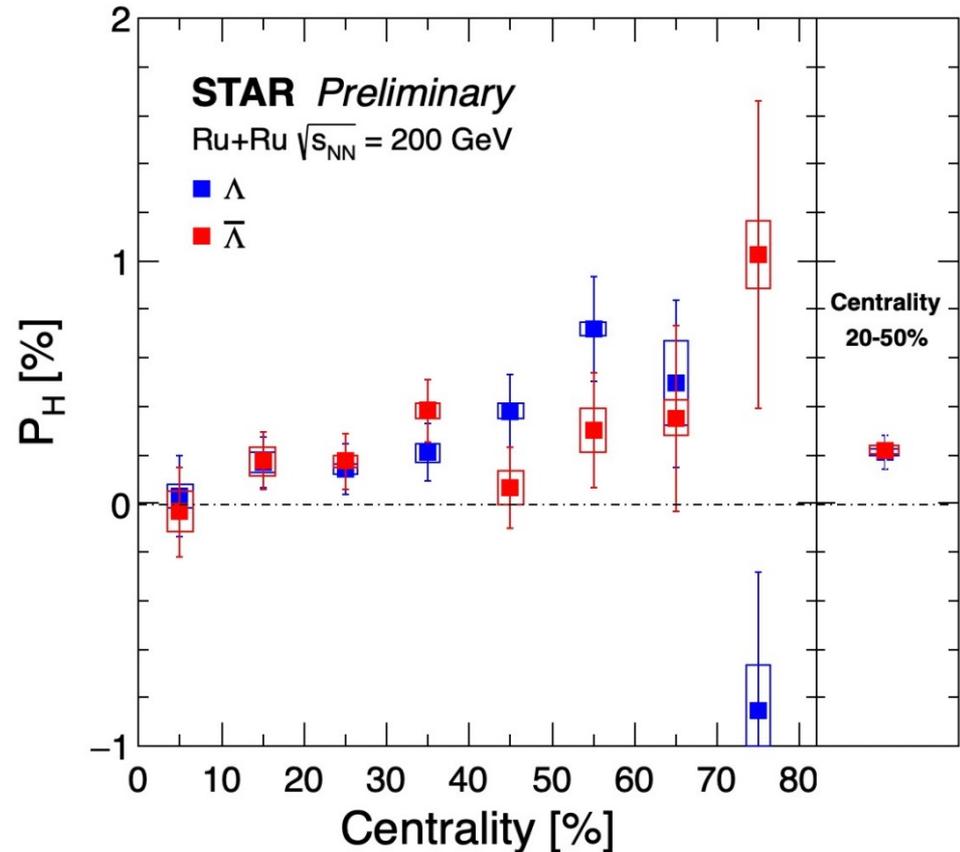
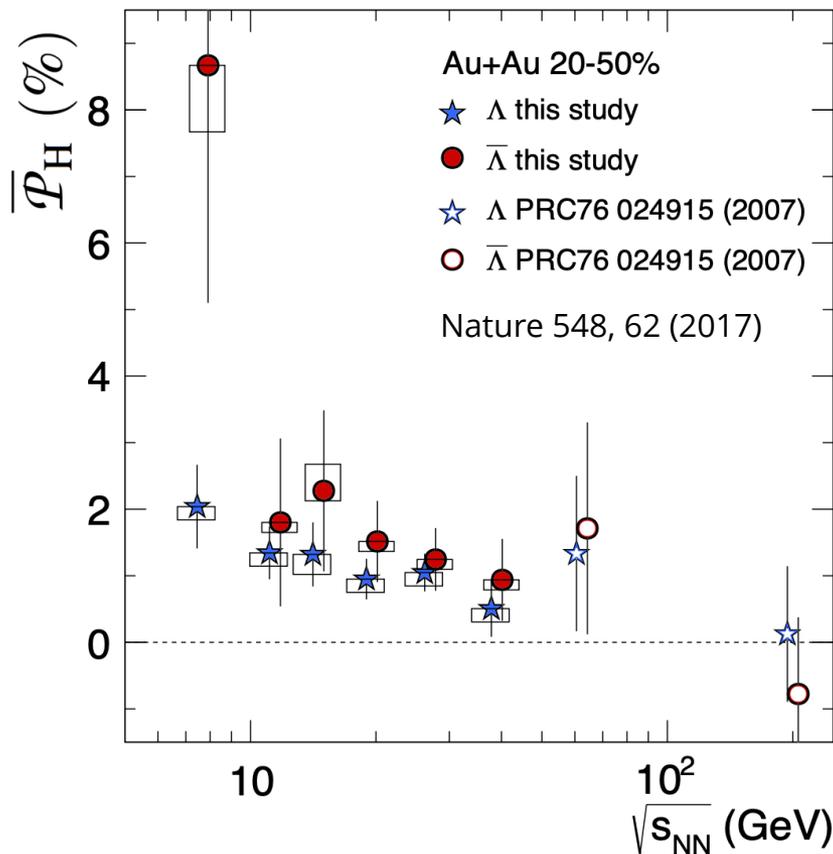
Magnetic coupling: $P \propto \vec{\mu} \cdot \vec{B}$

$$\vec{P}_{\Lambda} \parallel -\vec{B} \quad \vec{P}_{\bar{\Lambda}} \parallel +\vec{B}$$



Magnetic field leads to splitting between hyperon/anti-hyperon

Hyperon global polarization with B field

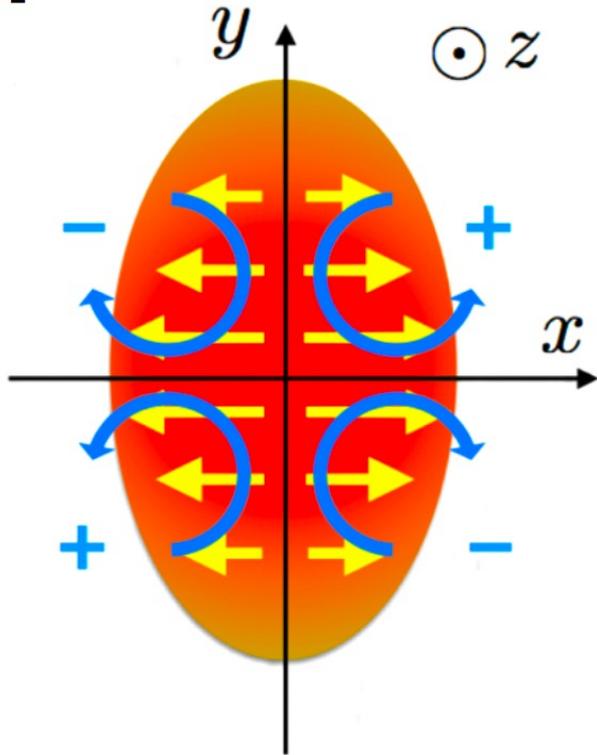


Magnetic field leads to splitting between hyperon/anti-hyperon
So far no experimental evidence

More precise measurements on the way

Hyperon local polarization

Elliptic flow -

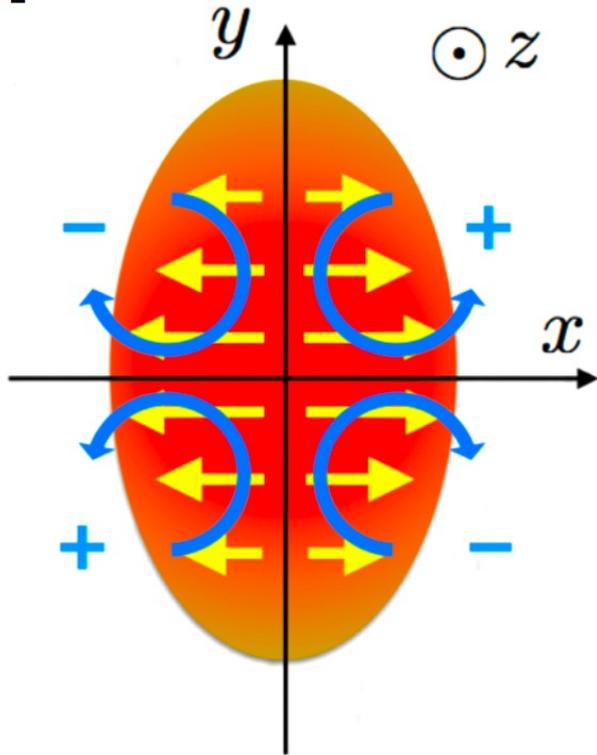


S. Voloshin, EPJ Web Conf.171, 07002 (2018)

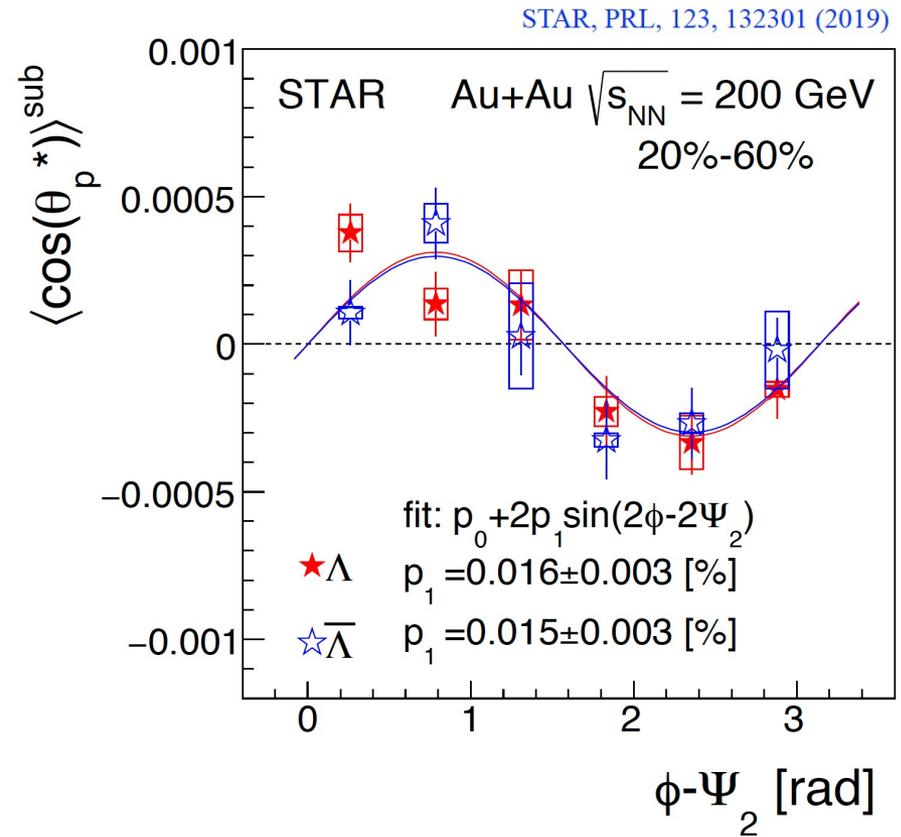
Pressure gradient leads to polarization along beam direction

Hyperon local polarization

Elliptic flow -

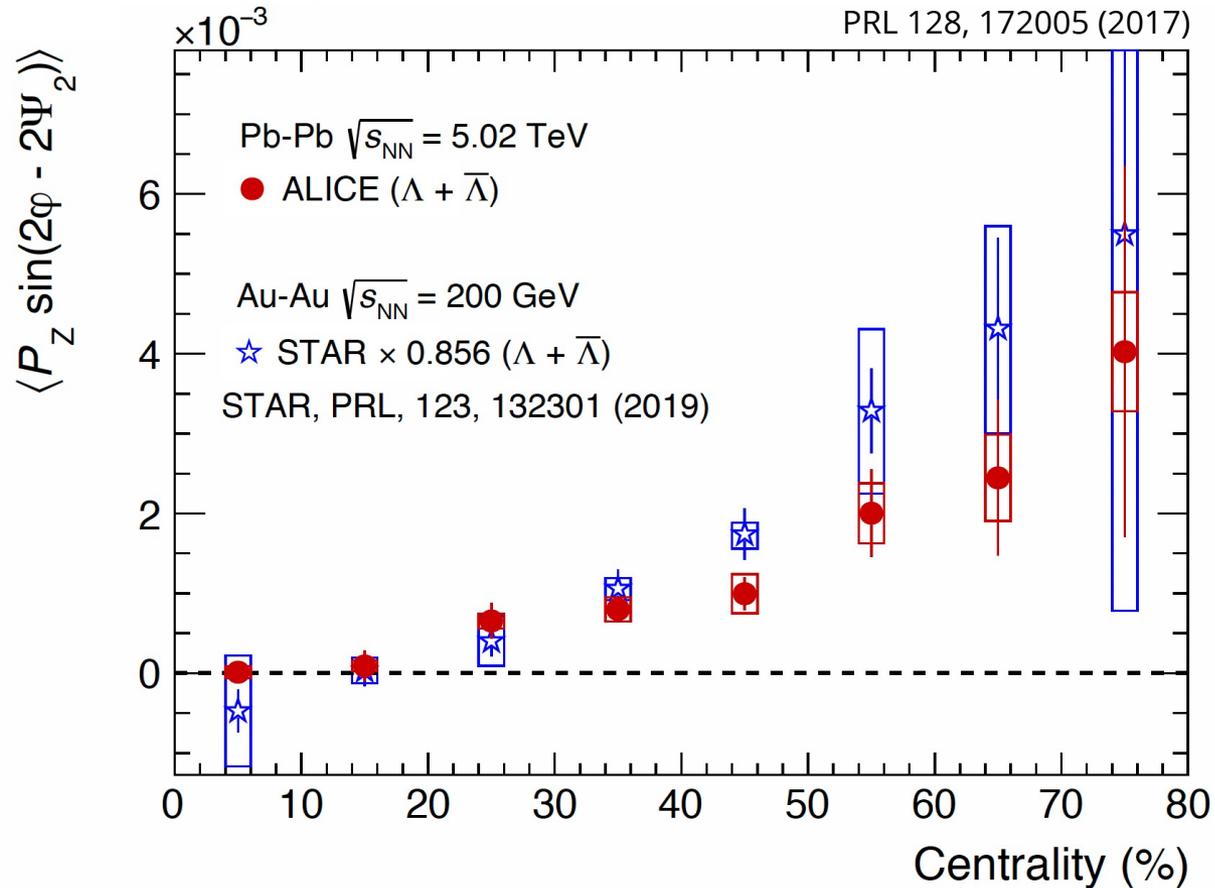


S. Voloshin, EPJ Web Conf.171, 07002 (2018)



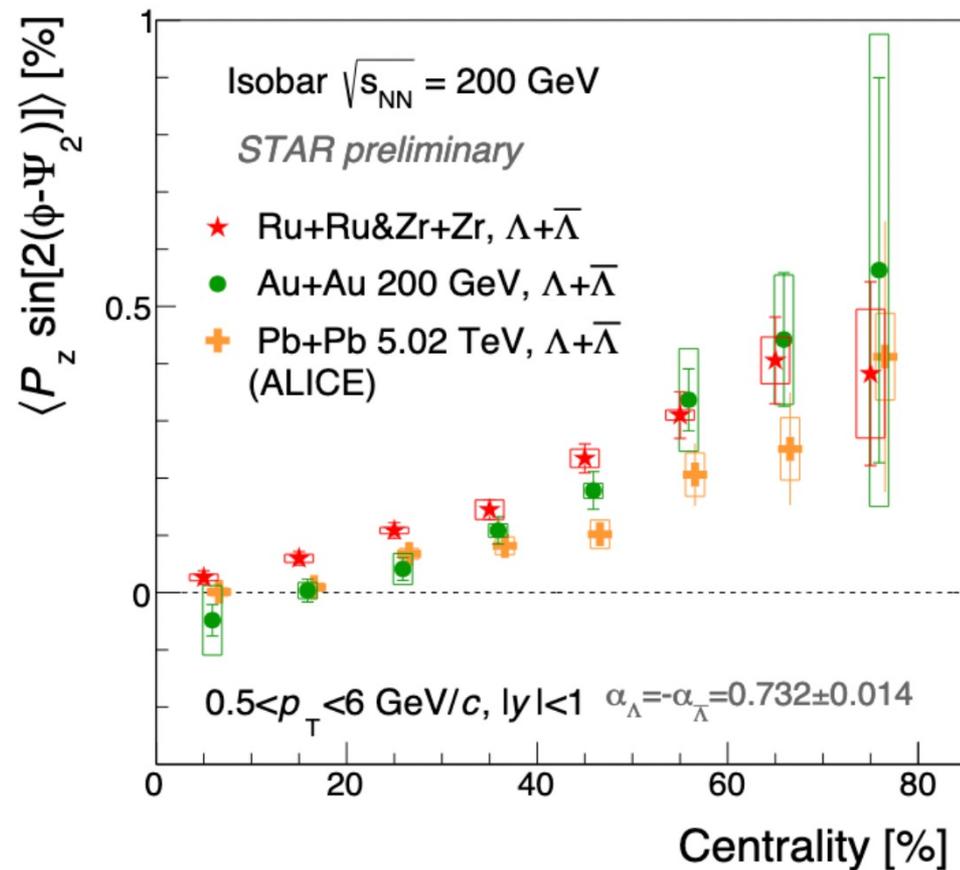
Pressure gradient leads to polarization along beam direction

Hyperon local polarization



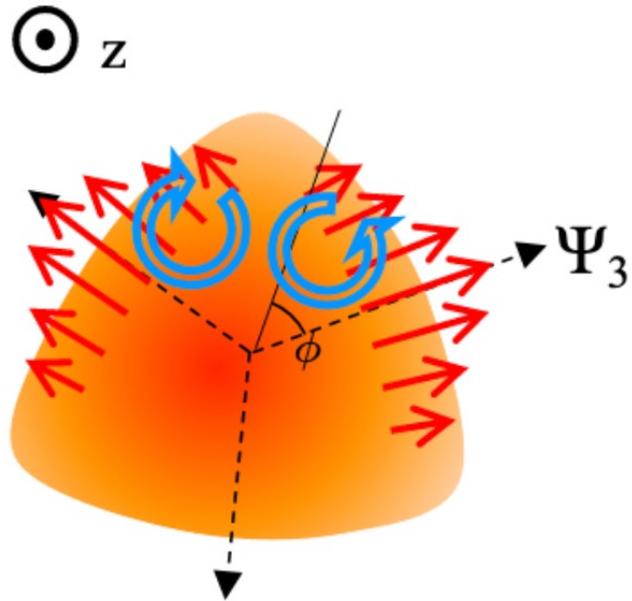
Pressure gradient leads to polarization along beam direction
No obvious energy dependence

Hyperon local polarization

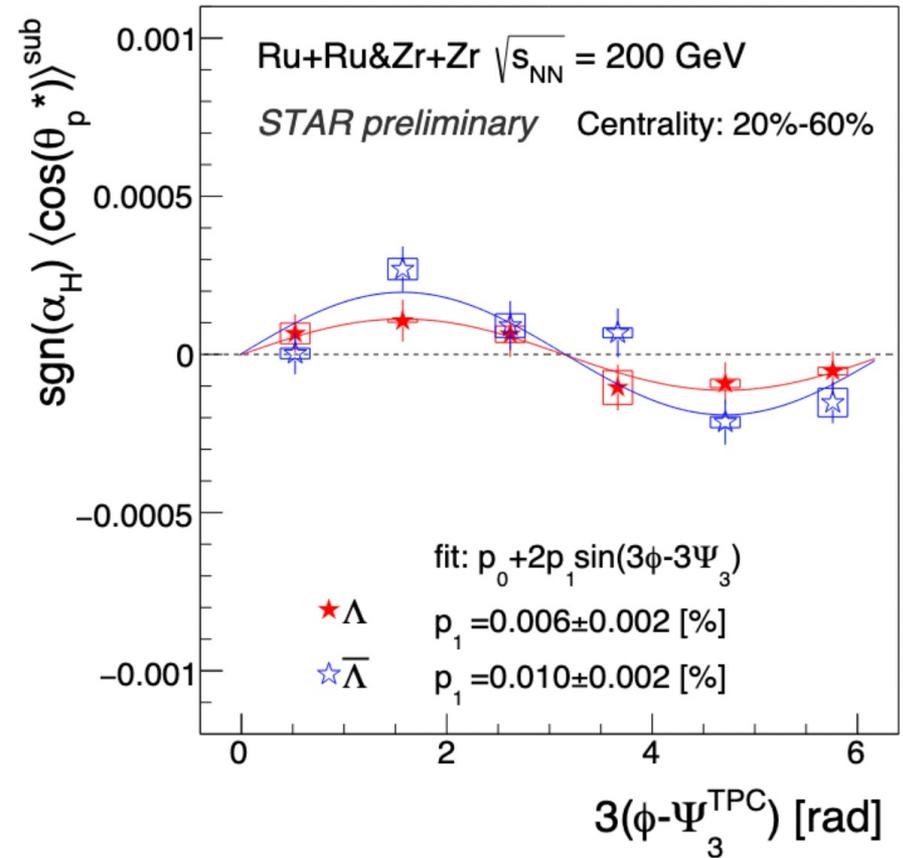
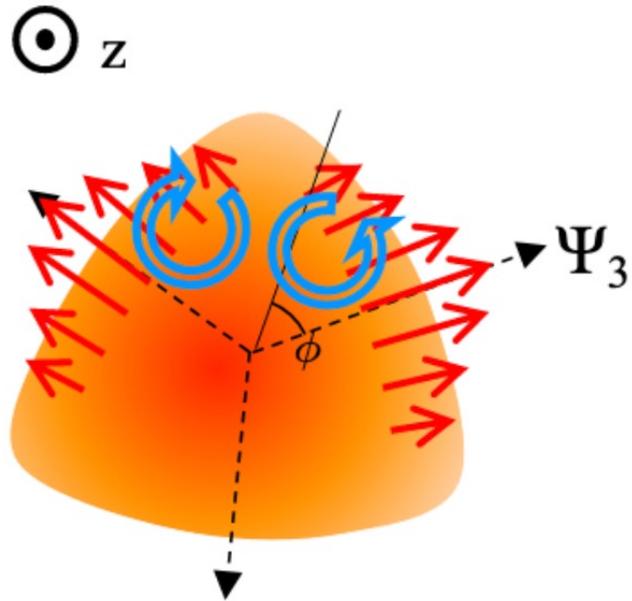


Pressure gradient leads to polarization along beam direction
No obvious energy dependence
Hint of system size dependence

Hyperon local polarization

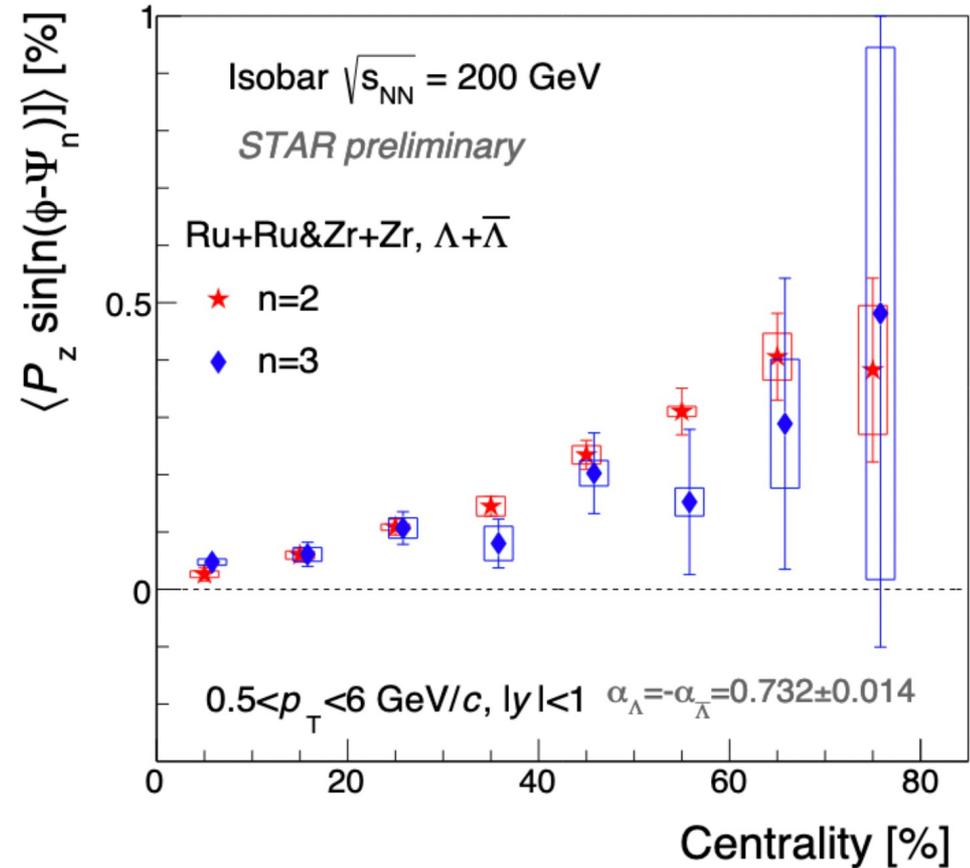
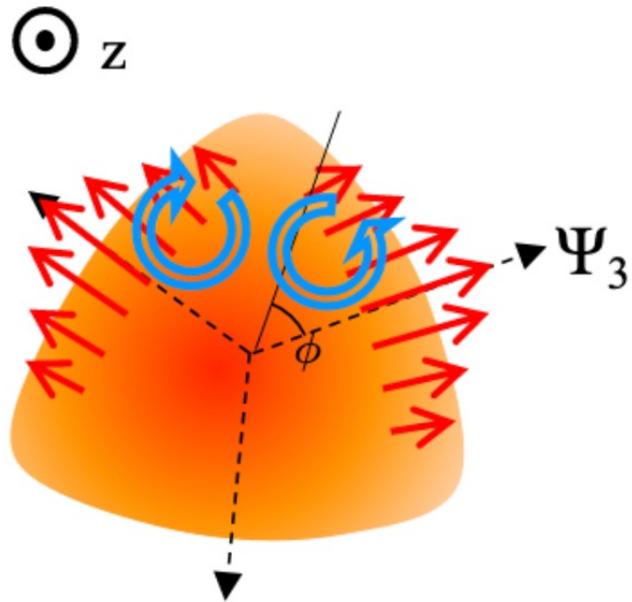


Hyperon local polarization



First observation of 3rd order Pz

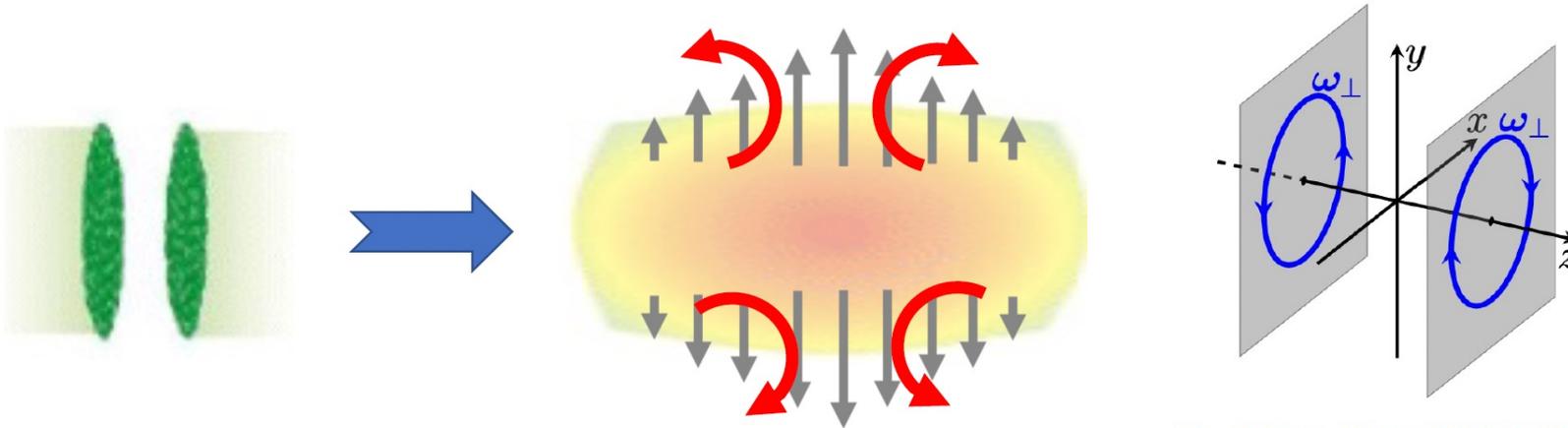
Hyperon local polarization



First observation of 3rd order Pz
 Comparable to 2nd order Pz
 Why? (v_2 and v_3 are different)

Hyperon polarization - rings

Ring from longitudinal gradient of transverse flow



Xia, Li, Tang, Wang PRC 98, 024905 (2018)

Ring from jet and asymmetric collision

