TeV Scale LNV: Connecting *0vββ* – **Decay**, **Colliders & Cosmology**

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About MJRM:



Science



Family



Friends

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My pronouns: he/him/his # MeToo

Outline

- I. Scientific Context
- II. High-scale LNV
- III. TeV-Scale LNV

IV. GeV and Below-Scale LNV

Time permitting

V. Conclusions

I. Scientific Motivation

Scientific Questions

- Does nature violate conservation of total lepton number at the classical (Lagrangian) level ?
- If so, what is the associated LNV mass scale ?
- What is the sensitivity of ton-scale *0vββ*-decay searches under various LNV scenarios ?
- What are the inter-frontier implications?



Lepton Number: v Mass Term?



LNV Physics: Where Does it Live ?



Is the LNV scale (associated with m_v) far above M_W ? Near M_W ? Well below M_W ?

0vββ-Decay: LNV? Mass Term?

0vββ-Decay: LNV? Mass Term?

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{mass}} = y \bar{L} \tilde{H} \nu_R + \text{h.c.}$$

Dirac

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{mass}} = \frac{y}{\Lambda} \bar{L}^c H H^T L + \text{h.c.}$$
Majorana

Impact of observation

- Total lepton number not
 conserved at classical level
- New mass scale in nature, A
- Key ingredient for standard baryogenesis via leptogenesis



Fermion Masses & Baryon Asymmetry



Ονββ **Decay**

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Neutrino Mass & Cosmology

Matter Power Spectrum Neutrino Free Streaming $\Omega_{\rm M} = \Omega_{\rm v} + \Omega_{\rm DM} + \Omega_{\rm B}$ Later Earlier $\delta \rho_{\nu} \longleftrightarrow \delta \rho_{DM}$ Radiation Matter Domination Domination Free Streaming Scale $P(k) \rightarrow$ Increase m $L_{\rm fs} \propto m_{\nu}^{-1/2}$ nts Increase m_{ν} k→ Suppression moves $\Sigma m_v < 0.12 \text{ eV}$ to smaller scales \rightarrow $\delta \rho_{v}$ (power) suppressed Palanque-Dalabrouille '15 for $L < L_{fs}$ Larger k

K. Abazajian ACFI neutrino mass workshop



LNV Mass Scale & *0vββ*-Decay



II. High-Scale LNV

The "Standard Mechanism"

LNV Mass Scale & *0vββ*-Decay



0vββ-Decay: LNV? Mass Term?

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{mass}} = y \bar{L} \tilde{H} \nu_R + \text{h.c.}$$

Dirac



"Standard" Mechanism

- Light Majorana mass generated at the conventional see-saw scale: Λ ~ 10¹² – 10¹⁵ GeV
- 3 light Majorana neutrinos mediate decay process



0vββ-Decay: "Poster Child" Mechanism



High Scale LNV & Leptogenesis



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Σm_v from Cosmo: $0v\beta\beta$ -Decay Implications



III. TeV-Scale LNV

LNV Mass Scale & *0vββ*-Decay



This talk

0vββ-Decay: LNV? Mass Term?

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{mass}} = y \bar{L} \tilde{H} \nu_R + \text{h.c.}$$

Dirac



TeV LNV Mechanism

- Majorana mass generated at the TeV scale
 - TeV scale see-saw
 - Radiative m_v
- *m_{MIN}* << 0.01 eV but *0vββ*-signal accessible with tonne-scale exp'ts due to heavy Majorana particle exchange



Simplified Models: Illustrative Case

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{INT}} = g_1 \bar{Q}_i^{\alpha} d^{\alpha} S_i + g_2 \epsilon^{ij} \bar{L}_i F S_j^* + \text{H.c.}$$

S:	(1, 2, 1/2)	
F:	(1, 0, 0)	Majorana

Similar ingredients as in scotogenic neutrino mass models (but no Z₂ symmetry)

Implications



- Leptogenesis
- Collider Searches
- Σm_{ν}

TeV Scale LNV: EFT

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{mass}} = y \bar{L} \tilde{H} \nu_R + \text{h.c.}$$





Majorana



TeV Scale LNV

Low-energy process → effective field theory with hadrons & leptons

High-energy process → "full theory" (simplified): keep TeV scale d.o.f. explicit

Low Energy: $\partial v \beta \beta$ - decay in EFT

d=9 effective operators

 $\mu = M_{WEAK}$

$$\mathcal{L}(\boldsymbol{q},\boldsymbol{e}) = \frac{G_F^2}{\Lambda_{\beta\beta}} \sum_{j=1}^{14} C_j(\mu) \, \hat{O}_j^{++} \, \overline{e} \Gamma_j e^c + h c \, .$$

$$\hat{O}_{1+}^{ab} = \overline{q}_L \gamma^{\mu} \tau^a q_L \ \overline{q}_R \gamma_{\mu} \tau^b q_R$$

0ν ββ - decay: a = b = +

Prezeau, MJRM, Vogel PRD 68 (2003) 034016

Chiral sym: map O_j onto $\mathcal{L}(\pi, N)$

Low Energy: $\partial v \beta \beta$ - decay in EFT



Low Energy: $\partial v \beta \beta$ - decay in EFT

Operator classification

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Prezeau, MJRM, Vogel PRD 68 (2003) 034016 [hep-ph/0303205]
 M.J. Graesser, 1606.04549
 Cirigliano et al, 1806.02780
 A. Nicholson et al, 1805.02634
 ...

Ονββ-Decay: TeV Scale LNV

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{mass}} = y \bar{L} \tilde{H} \nu_R + \text{h.c.} \qquad \mathcal{L}_{\text{mass}} = \frac{y}{\Lambda} \bar{L}^c H H^T L + \text{h.c.}$$

Dirac Majorana

Low energy: Nuclear Matrix Elements: Long Range Effects

Prezeau, R-M, Vogel '03 *



Implications

Nuclear Physics

Leptogenesis

- Collider Searches
- Σm_{ν}

TeV LNV & Leptogenesis



Energy Scale (GeV)

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Boltzmann: N_R & B-L

Basic equations: decays & inverse decays

$$\frac{dY_{N}}{dz} = -(D+S)\left(Y_{N}-Y_{N}^{\text{EQ}}\right)$$

$$\frac{dY_{B-L}}{dz} = -\epsilon D\left(Y_{N}-Y_{N}^{\text{EQ}}\right) - WY_{B-L}$$
CPV Decay
Asymmetry: source
Wash out: Inverse decays, $\Delta L = 1, 2$
processes...

Neutrinos and the Origin of Matter

• Heavy neutrinos decay out of equilibrium in early universe



Converts leptons into anti-leptons

Neutrinos and the Origin of Matter

• Heavy neutrinos decay out of equilibrium in early universe



Leptogenesis & TeV Scale LNV: Example

The "O2 Model": similar ingredients as in scotogenic neutrino mass models (but no Z_2 symmetry)

$$\mathcal{L}_{\rm INT} = g_1 \bar{Q}_i^{\alpha} d^{\alpha} S_i + g_2 \epsilon^{ij} \bar{L}_i F S_j^* + \text{H.c.}$$

S: (1, 2, ½) F: (1, 0, 0) Majorana



Y_{B-L} survives

J. Harz, MJRM, T. Shen, S. Urrutia-Quiroga '21

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Implications

- Nuclear Physics
- Leptogenesis
- Collider Searches
 - Σm_{ν}

TeV-Scale LNV: lepto, *0νββ***-Decay & Colliders**

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$$\mathcal{L}_{\rm INT} = g_1 \bar{Q}_i^{\alpha} d^{\alpha} S_i + g_2 \epsilon^{ij} \bar{L}_i F S_j^* + {\rm H.c.}$$

1⁄2)

0)

S:

F:

Majorana





Comparing *θvββ*-decay, collider, & cosmo

Y_{B-L} survives

J. Harz, MJRM, T. Shen, S. Urrutia-Quiroga '21

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Implications

- Nuclear Physics
- Leptogenesis
- Collider Searches



Minimal LR Symmetric Model: 0νββ-Decay



Long range chiral enhancement

Thanks! Juan Carlos Vasquez

Minimal LR Symmetric Model: 0νββ-Decay



Long range chiral enhancement

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TeV-Scale LNV: $0\nu\beta\beta$ -Decay & Σm_{ν}



IV. GeV- and Below-Scale LNV

LNV Mass Scale & *0vββ*-Decay



More Than 3 Light Neutrinos: MeV-GeV

mLRSM

m₄ [GeV] 0.001 0.01 0.1 1. 10³⁰ NH m_{Nmax}=10 GeV mw_=15 TeV T⁰/_{1/2} (¹³⁶Xe) [yr] tonne-scale KamLAND-Zen _ ξ=0.3 ξ=0 10²⁴ standard 10-5 10⁻⁴ 0.001 0.010 0.100 10 1 m1 [eV]

Simplified Model



Current Σm_{ν} exclusion

LHC long-lived particle searches

J. De Vries, G. Li, MJRM, J. C. Vasquez '22

G. Li, MJRM, S. Su, J.C. Vasquez '22

V. Conclusions & Outlook

- The observation of *θvββ*-decay would imply the existence of BSM LNV that could hold the keys to answering fundamental questions: origin of m_v & matter antimatter asymmetry.
- If BSM LNV exists, we don't know the associated mass scale
- Ton-scale *θvββ*-decay searches provide a powerful probe of LNV at all scales, with broader implications for our understanding of physics at the cosmic and high energy frontiers

V. Conclusions & Outlook

- The observation of TeV scale LNV would have profound implications for our understanding of the origin of m_v & the connection to the cosmic baryon asymmetry
- There exists a rich interplay between 0vββ, collider searches, and m_v information from cosmology
- Exciting opportunities ahead for exploring model realizations, related phenomenology, and hadronic/nuclear theory



Back Up Slides

Minimal LR Symmetric Model: 0vββ-Decay



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