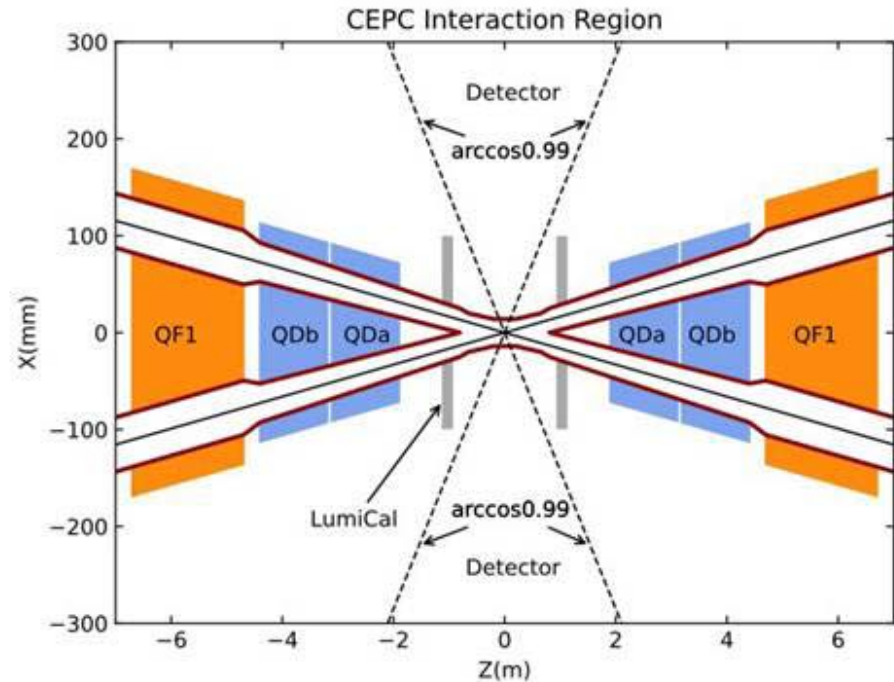
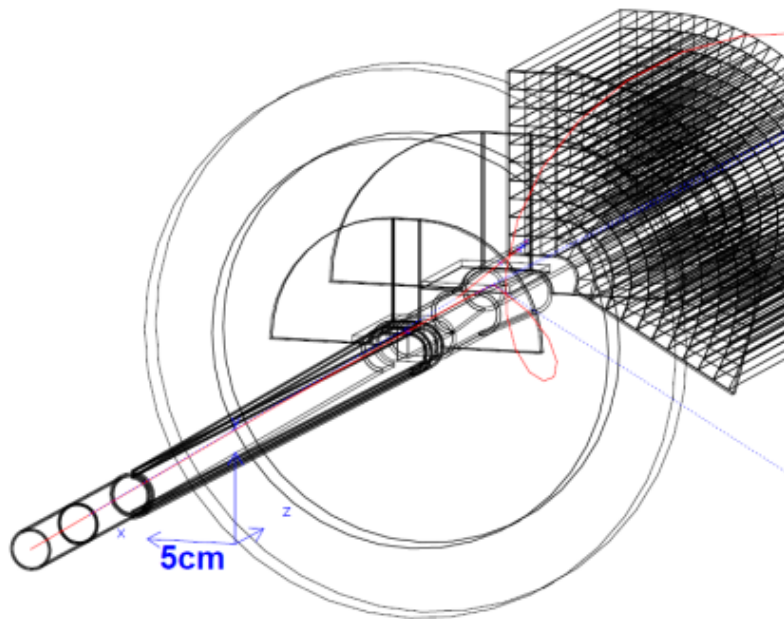


LumiCal

with the race-track beampipe

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Bhabha e^+e^- Elastic Scattering physics parameters

QED Bhabha BHLUMI
Cross section at CEPC

Luminosity by Bhabha elastic scattering

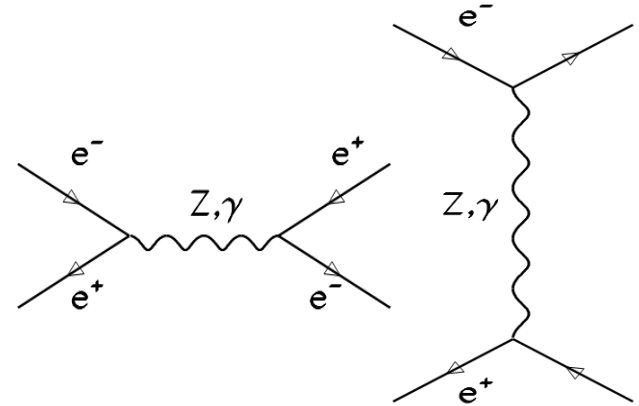
- **Physics events, e.g. Z pole,**

$$N = \sigma \cdot \int L \quad L: \text{Luminosity of } e^+e^- \text{ collisions}$$

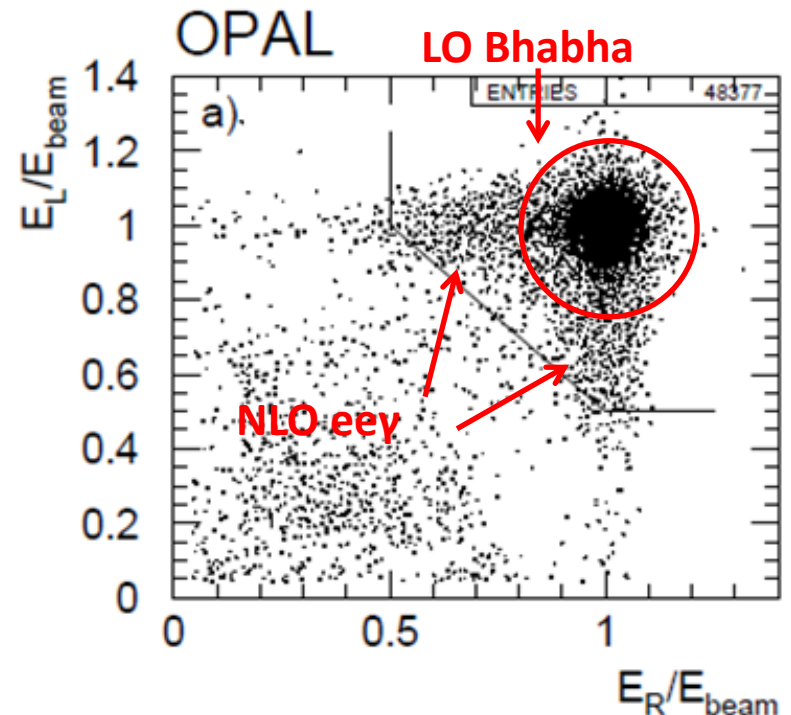
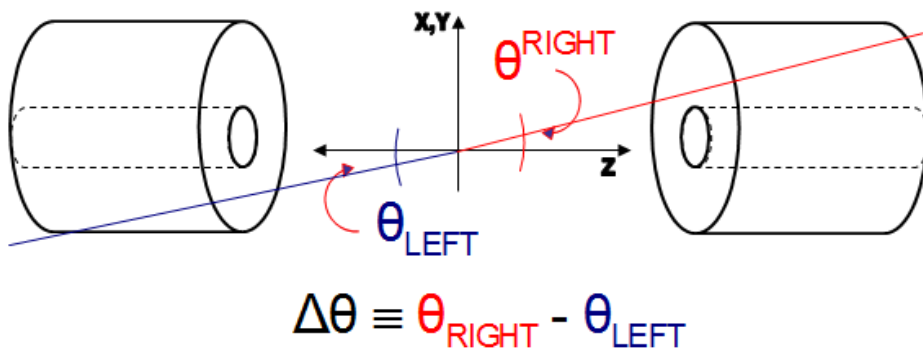
- **Luminosity by counting Bhabha events**

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-(\gamma) \quad \text{QED theo. precision} < 0.1\%$$

1. **a pair of electrons, $E(e^\pm) = E_{\text{beam}}$ back-to-back**
2. **precision ϑ of $e, e(\gamma)$**
3. **within fiducial region**



$$\sigma = \frac{16\pi\alpha^2}{s} \left(\frac{1}{\theta_{min}^2} - \frac{1}{\theta_{max}^2} \right)$$



Bhabha luminosity precision

Luminosity= counting Bhabha events

In a fiducial θ region

systematic error :

$$\delta L/L \sim 2 \delta\vartheta/\vartheta_{\min}$$

For $\delta L/L = 10^{-3}$

At $z = \pm 1$ m, $\theta_{\min} = 20$ mRad

$\rightarrow \delta\vartheta = 10 \mu\text{Rad}$ or $dr = 10 \mu\text{m}$

Error due to offset on Z

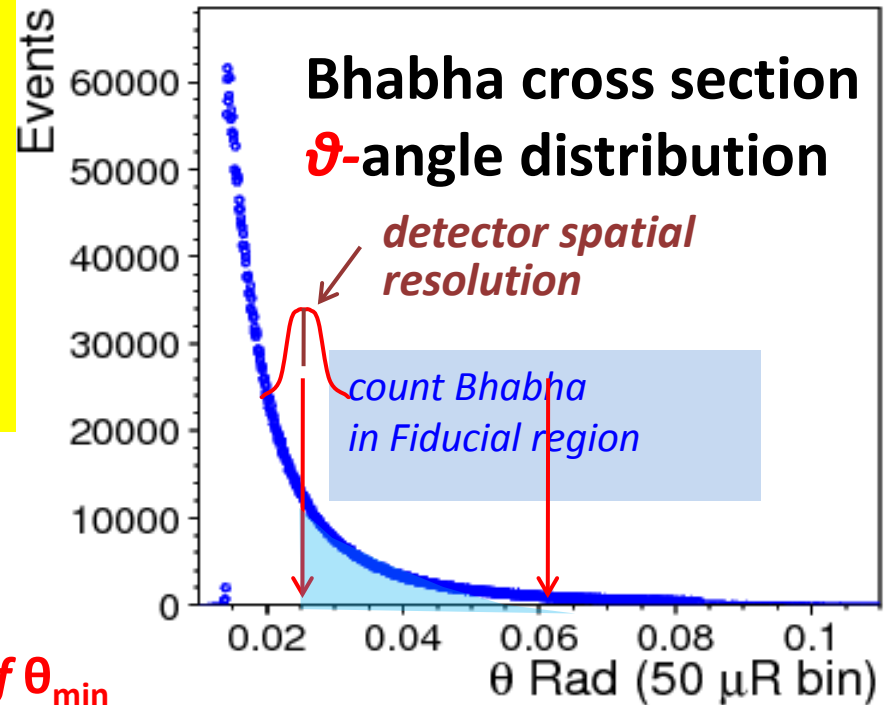
$\rightarrow 0.5$ mm on Z or $dr = \delta z \times \vartheta = 10 \mu\text{m}$

Luminosity Error due to events counted in/out fiducial region

\rightarrow spatial resolution = offset on mean of θ_{\min}

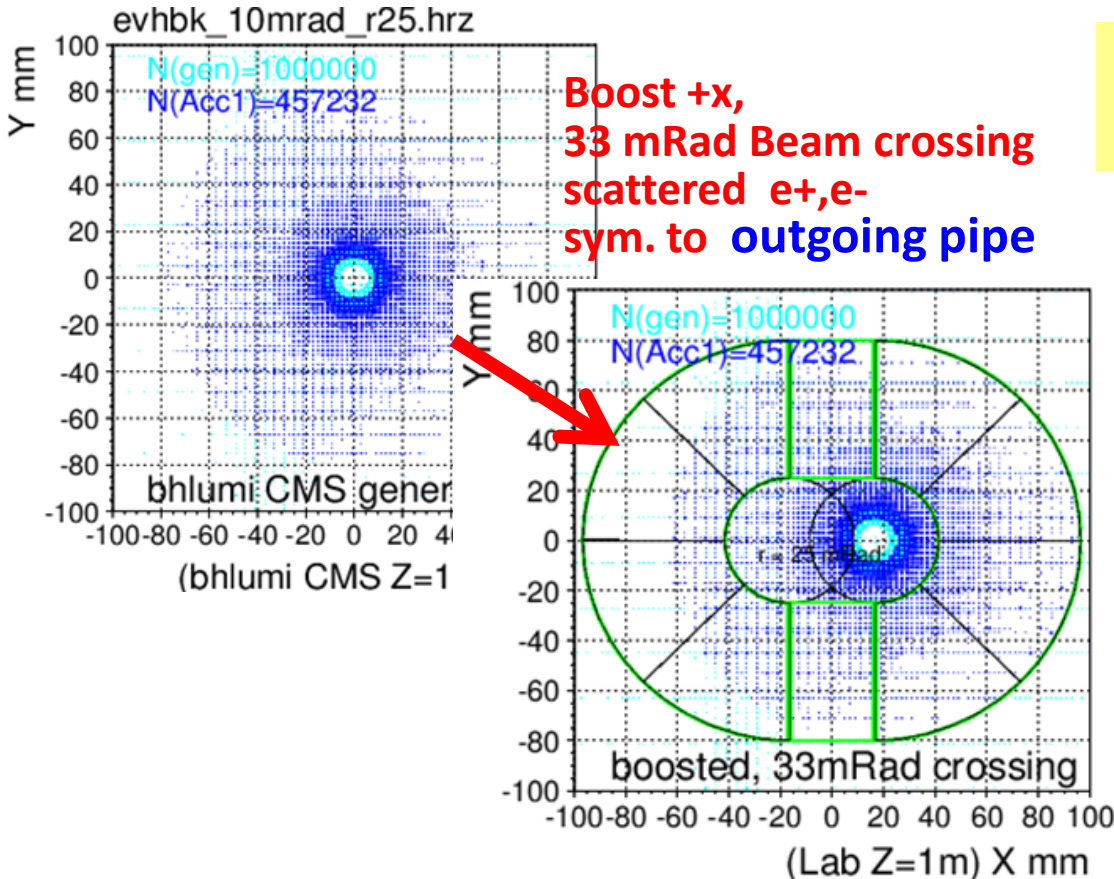
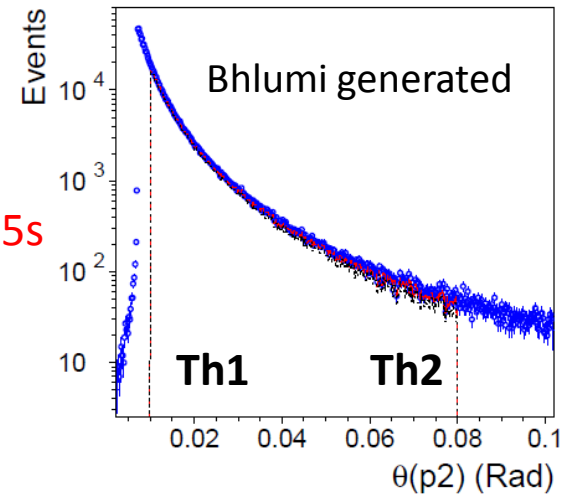
$$\sigma = \frac{16\pi\alpha^2}{s} \left(\frac{1}{\theta_{\min}^2} - \frac{1}{\theta_{\max}^2} \right)$$

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{1}{\varepsilon} \frac{N_{\text{acc}}}{\sigma^{\text{vis}}}$$

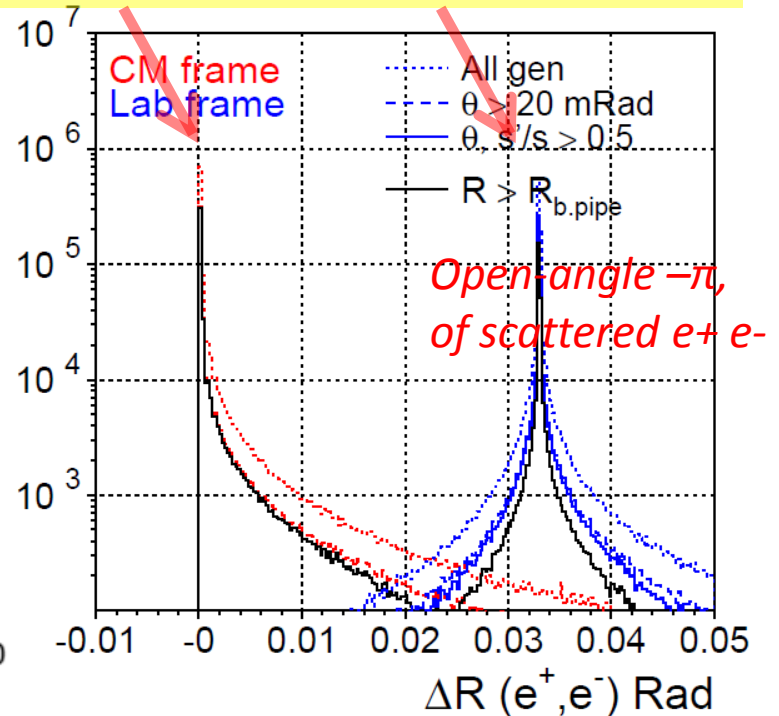


BHLUMI + beam-crossing

- BHLUMI** QED 0.06% precision (PLB 450, 262)
CMS $m_z=92.3$ GeV, fiducial region: $Th1 < \theta < Th2, s' > 0.5s$
- CEPC boost** : e^+e^- beam crossing, **33 mRad**
- X-section** : count event fraction in fiducial region



Multi. Scattering, rad. Bhabha, wider back-back distributions

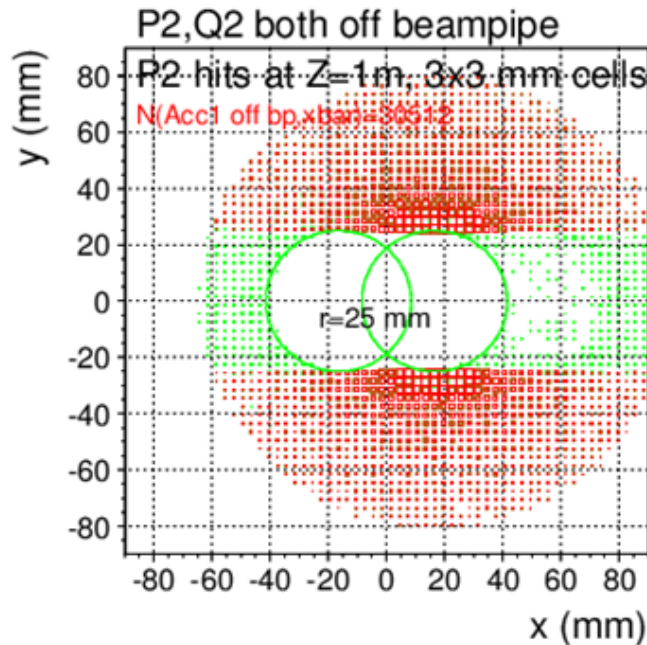


BHLUMI X-section, racetrack @CEPC

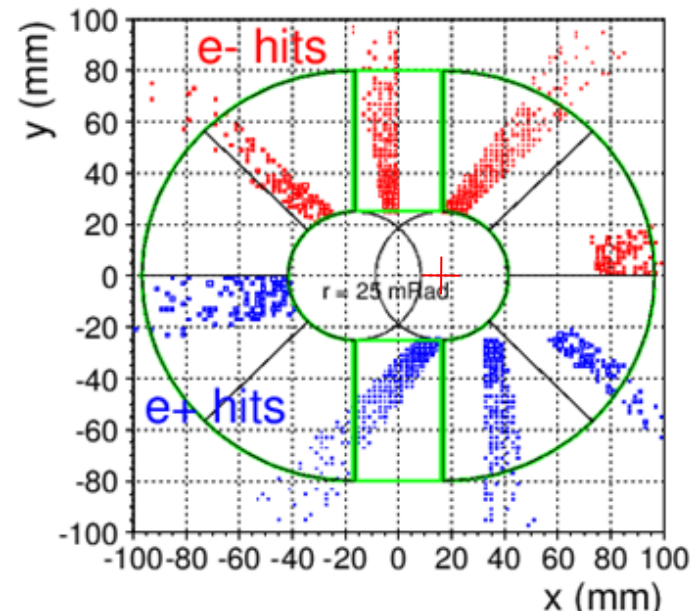
Acceptance @z=1m $r > 25$ mm, $|y| > 25$ mm

LAB frame

e^+ , e^- detected
@ Z=1000 mm



e^+ , e^- back-to-back
Symmetric to
out-going pipe center



at z = 1000 mm

LAB ONE e^+ or e^- detected		LAB both e^+ , e^- detected	
$\theta > 15$ mRad	$\theta > 15$ mR & $ y > 15$ mm	$\theta > 15$ mRad	$\theta > 15$ mR & $ y > 15$ mm
395.3	255.9	257.8	245.9
$\theta > 25$ mRad	$\theta > 25$ mR & $ y > 25$ mm	$\theta > 25$ mRad	$\theta > 15$ mR & $ y > 25$ mm
133.5 nb	81.8 nb	85.4 nb	78.0 nb
$\theta > 30$ mRad	$\theta > 30$ mR & $ y > 30$ mm	$\theta > 30$ mRad	$\theta > 30$ mR & $ y > 30$ mm
87.2	51.8	54.9	49.1

racetrack

CDR

MDI, beam-pipe materials

GEANT estimation
multiple scattering + preshower
Magnetic field

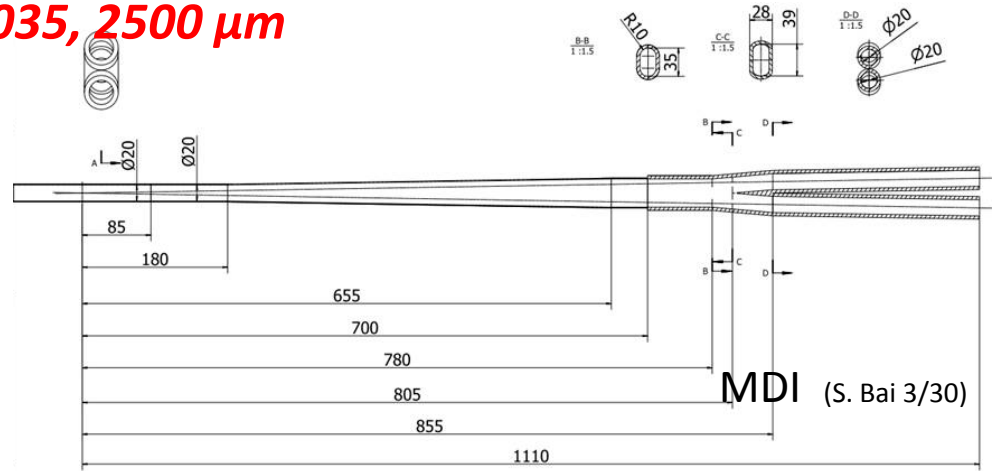
CEPC Accelerator TDR upgrade (J.Gao 3/30)

	Higgs	W	Z	ttbar
Bunch spacing [ns]	385	154	15(10% gap)	2640
Bunch population [10^{10}]	14	13.5	14	20
Beam current [mA]	27.8	140.2	1339.2	5.5
Beam size at IP (sx/sy) [$\mu\text{m}/\text{nm}$]	15/36	13/42	6/35	39/113
Bunch length (SR/total) [mm]	2.3/3.9	2.5/4.9	2.5/8.7	2.2/2.9
Luminosity per IP [$10^{34}/\text{cm}^2/\text{s}$]	8.3	26.6	191.7	0.8

MDI configurations to LumiCal

CEPC Accelerator parameters to LumiCal Bhabha detection

- beam-crossing: **33 mRad**
- IP beam spot @Z: $\sigma_x \sigma_y \sigma_z = 6, 0.035, 2500 \mu\text{m}$
- Bunch crossing: **23 ns**
- per crossing: **3 IP's**
- Luminosity: $\text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$: **2×10^{36}**



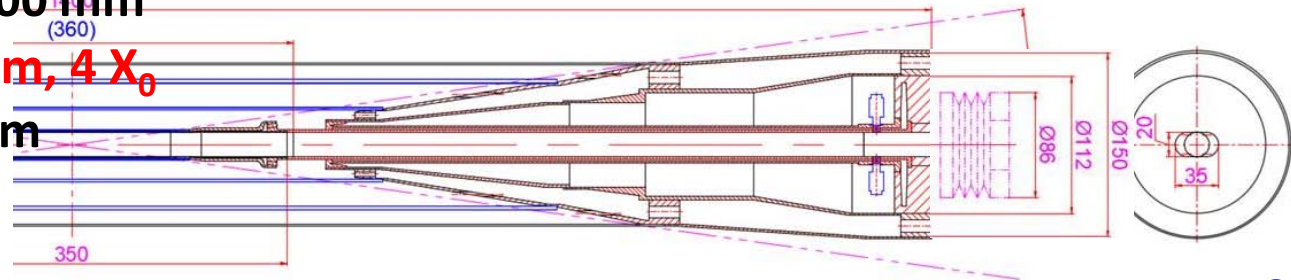
Beam-pipe materials & Space

- **Before Flange: $z = 655 \sim 700$ mm**
 $r=10\text{mm}$, thickness = **1mm**
 @20 mRad traversing = **50 mm**,
 = **$0.14 X_0$ (Be), $0.56 X_0$ (Al)**
- Install **$2X_0$ LYSO = 23 mm**
- Luminosity: $\text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$: **2×10^{36}**



Behind bellow: 780~1100 mm

- **Flange+Bellow : ~ 60 mm, $4 X_0$**
- Install **$20X_0$ LYSO 233mm**
 for e^\pm energy



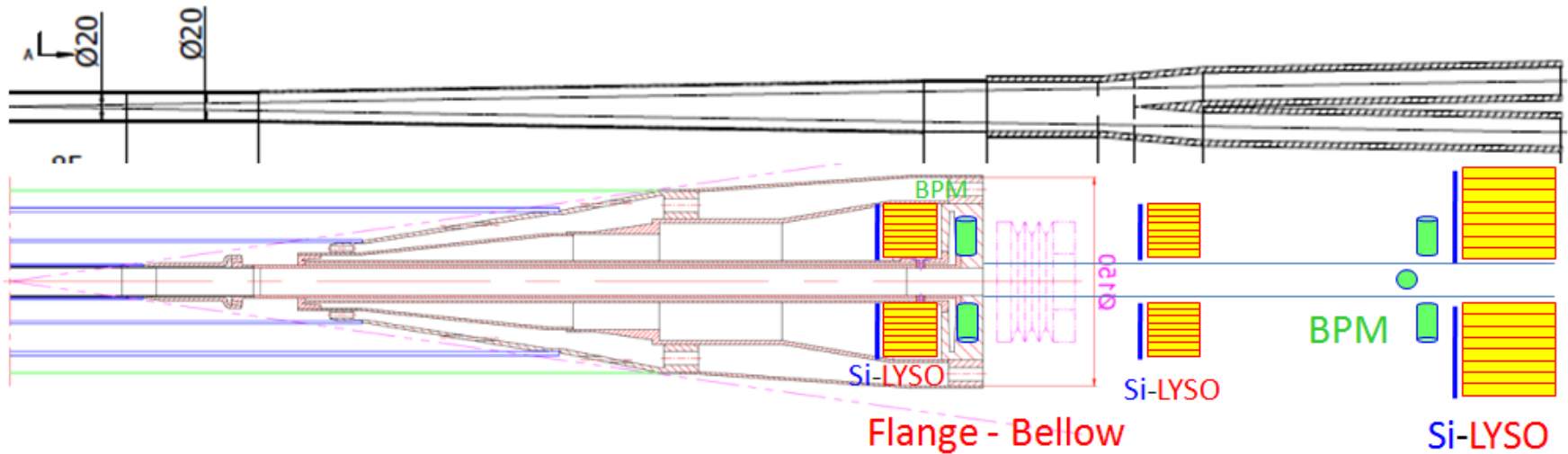
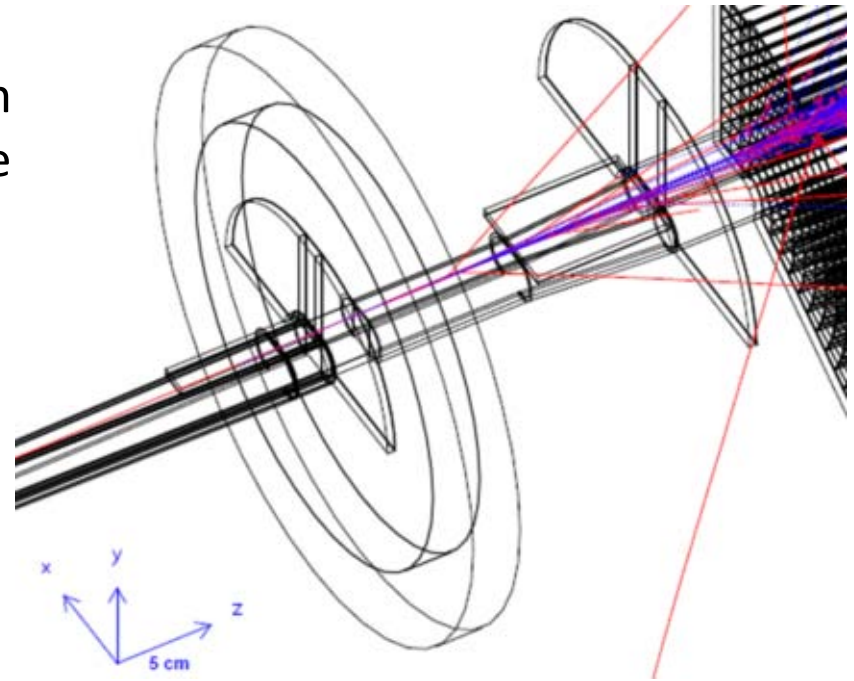
LumiCal on Racetrack beampipe

Racetrack beampipe

- beam-pipe $r = 10$ mm, flat $y = \pm 10$ mm
- boost horizontal, e^\pm lost into beampipe

LumiCal sandwiched

- $|y| > 15$ mm
- **Vertical Si-wafers** :
 e^\pm theta tracking
- **LYSO calo** :
 $3 \times 3 \times 50$ mm³ bars



M.S. & preshower caused by beampipe

- **Beam Pipe**
possible 1mm Be ??

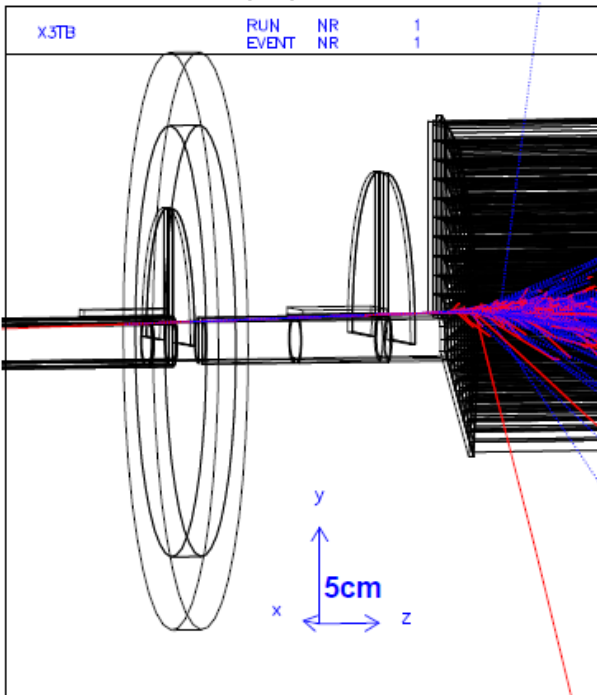
→ $< 0.2 X_0$

- **Preshower @ $z < 1m$**
Background to tracker

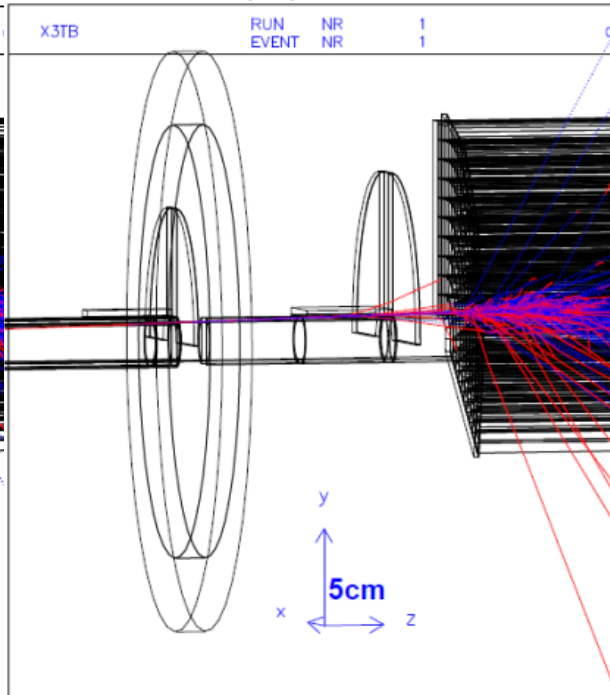
2mm beam-pipe, material budget

	$\tan\theta = 2\text{mm}/L$	$1/\tan\theta$	Be $X_0=353\text{mm}$	Al $X_0=89\text{mm}$	Cu $X_0=14.4\text{mm}$	CosQ
15mRad L= 133 mm	66.66	0.378 X_0	1.498 X_0	9.259 X_0	.9999	
20mRad L= 100 mm	49.99	0.283 X_0	1.123 X_0	6.944 X_0	.9998	
25mRad L= 80 mm	39.99	0.227 X_0	0.899 X_0	5.554 X_0	.9997	
30mRad L= 67 mm	33.32	0.189 X_0	0.749 X_0	4.628 X_0	.9996	
35mRad L= 57 mm	28.56	0.162 X_0 (LEP)	0.642 X_0	3.967 X_0	.9994	
50mRad L= 40 mm	19.98	0.113 X_0	0.449 X_0	2.775 X_0	.9996	
65mRad L= 31 mm	15.36	0.087 X_0	0.345 X_0	2.134 X_0	.9996	
80mRad L= 25 mm	12.46	0.071 X_0	0.280 X_0	1.732 X_0	.9996	

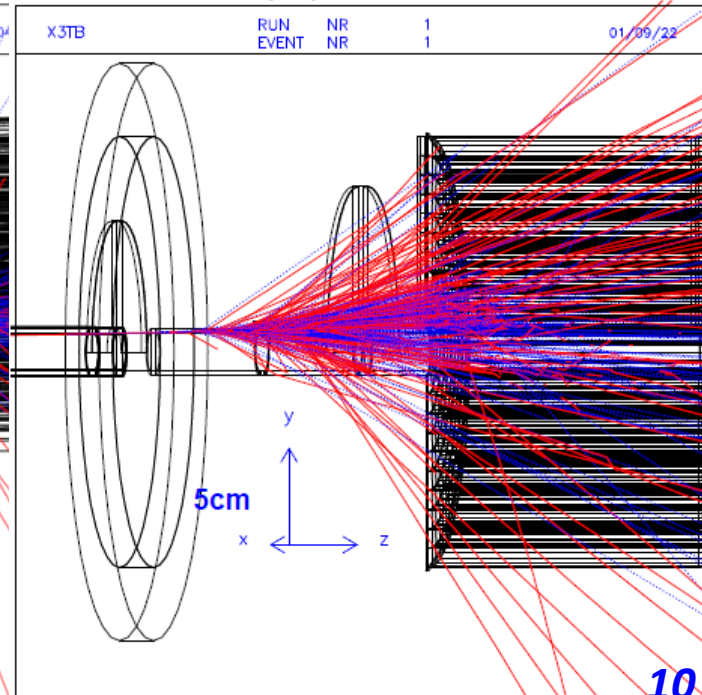
Be 2mm pipe



Al 2mm pipe



Cu 2mm pipe



Multi. Scattering

1mm Be pipe,
10 mm Al Flange

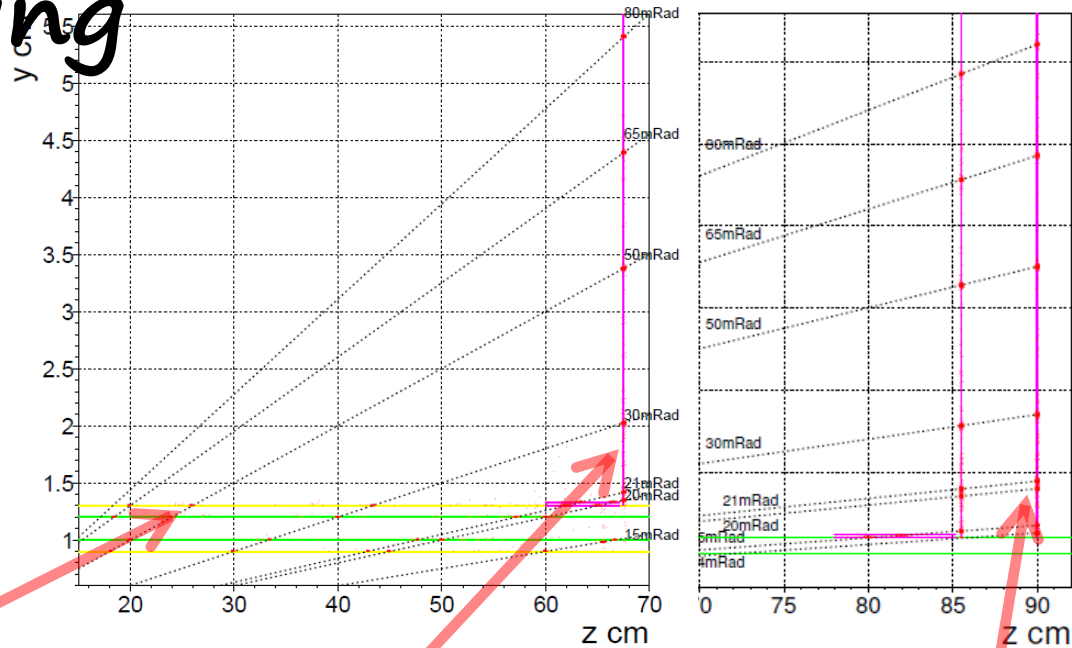
50 GeV muon
Multiple scattering only

θ to z :
 $r/z = \tan \theta$

Exit pipe

vert. before
flange $z=655\text{mm}$

vert. before
Qpole $z=900\text{mm}$



Muon θ	$1/\tan\theta$	Exit pipe dz d θ	Slab / pip dz d θ	B.F flange dr d θ	B.H flange dz d θ	B.H flange dr d θ	B.H flange dr d θ
80	12.5			53 um 76 uR		74 um 87 uR	80 um 88 uR
65	15.4	32 um 11 uR		58 um 85 uR		84 um 98 uR	90 um 100 uR
50	20.0	43 um 9 uR		53 um 77 uR		79 um 92 uR	82 um 94 uR
30	33.3	160 um 12 uR		48 um 70 uR		76 um 88 uR	83 um 92 uR
21	47.6	396 um 18 uR	1.05 mm 36 uR	32 um 47 uR		72 um 84 uR	82 um 91 uR
20	50.0	449 um 16 uR	1.25 mm 40 uR	31 um 46 uR		74 um 87 uR	85 um 95 uR
15	66.7				1.63 mm 32 uR	36 um 43 uR	46 um 52 uR
14.5	69.0				1.78 mm 32 uR	33 um 37 uR	42 um 46 uR

Smeared by Multi. Scat, Preshower

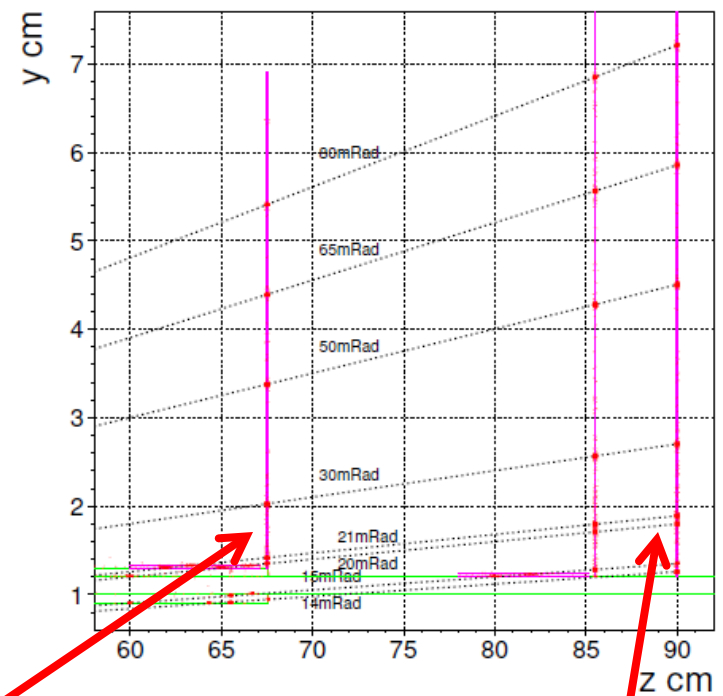
50 GeV muon, electrons @ $\theta=20$ mRad

Muon: multiple scattering only

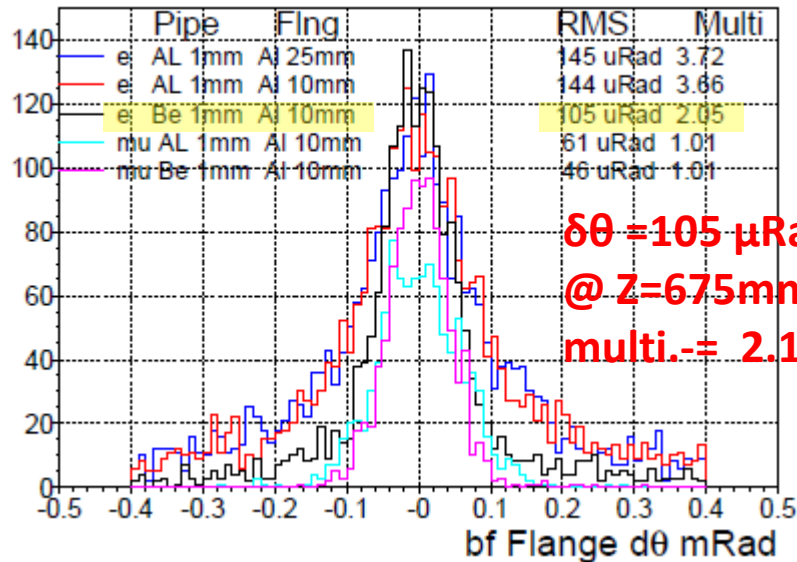
Electron: M.S. + EM bremsstrahlung

E.M. shower → shower multiplicity
widen position resolution

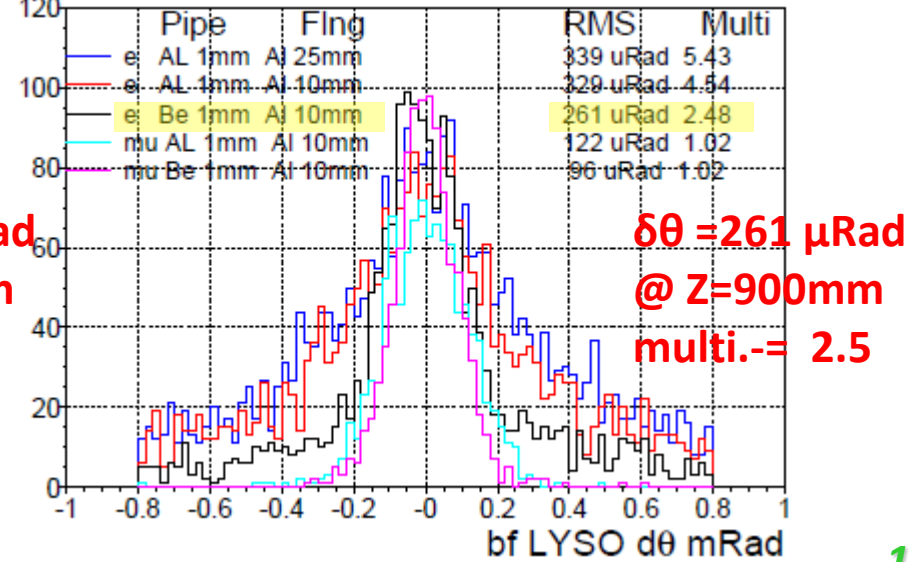
Ref: Be 1 mm pipe, @20 mRad, $1/\tan \theta = 50$
50 GeV 20mRad electrons



20mRad incident z=675mm



20mRad incident z=900mm

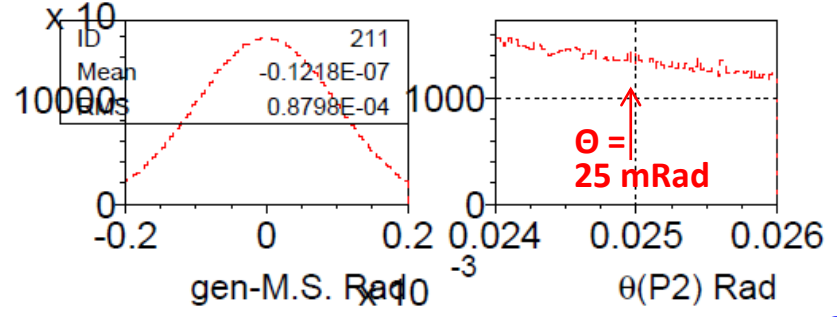
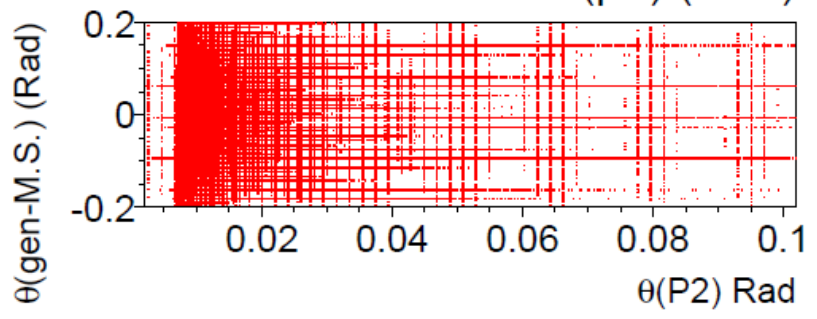
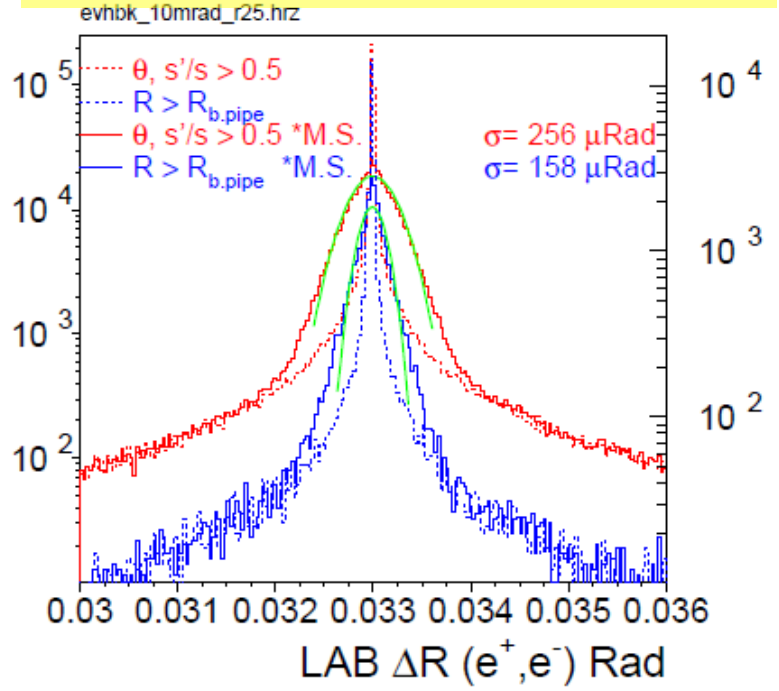
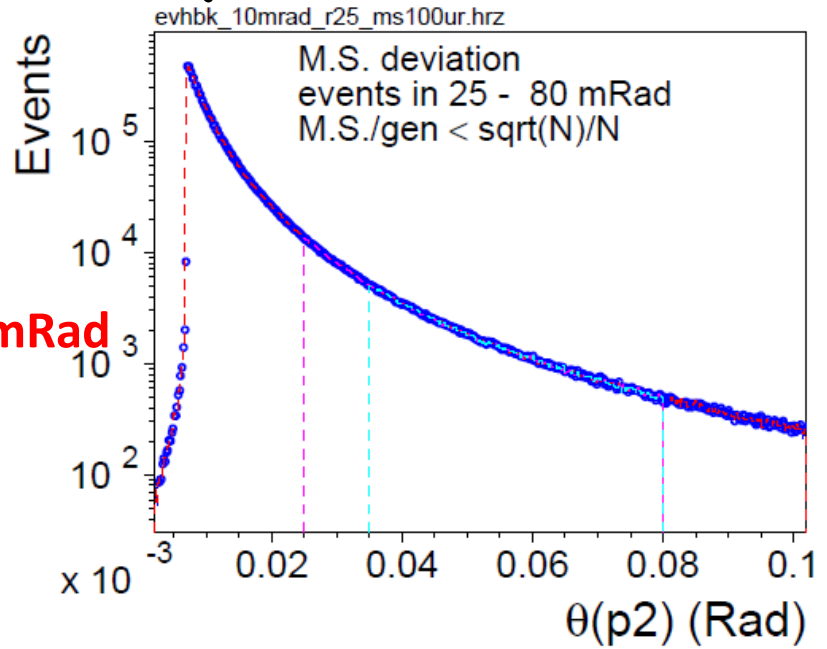


Smeared $100\mu\text{Rad}$ as Multiple scattering

- 1. Scattered e^+, e^- $\theta' = \theta + \delta^{100\mu\text{R}}$, $\phi' = \phi + \delta^{100\mu\text{R}}$
 δ = Gaussian smearing as **Multiple Scattering** in theta, phi
- 2. $\delta N/N$ systematics:

δN = symmetric Gaussian \rightarrow @ $\theta_{\min} = 25 \text{ mRad}$
 Bhabha shift $100 \mu\text{Rad}$ $\delta N/N \sim 0$

Multiple scattering $100 \mu\text{R}$ \rightarrow wider back-back distributions

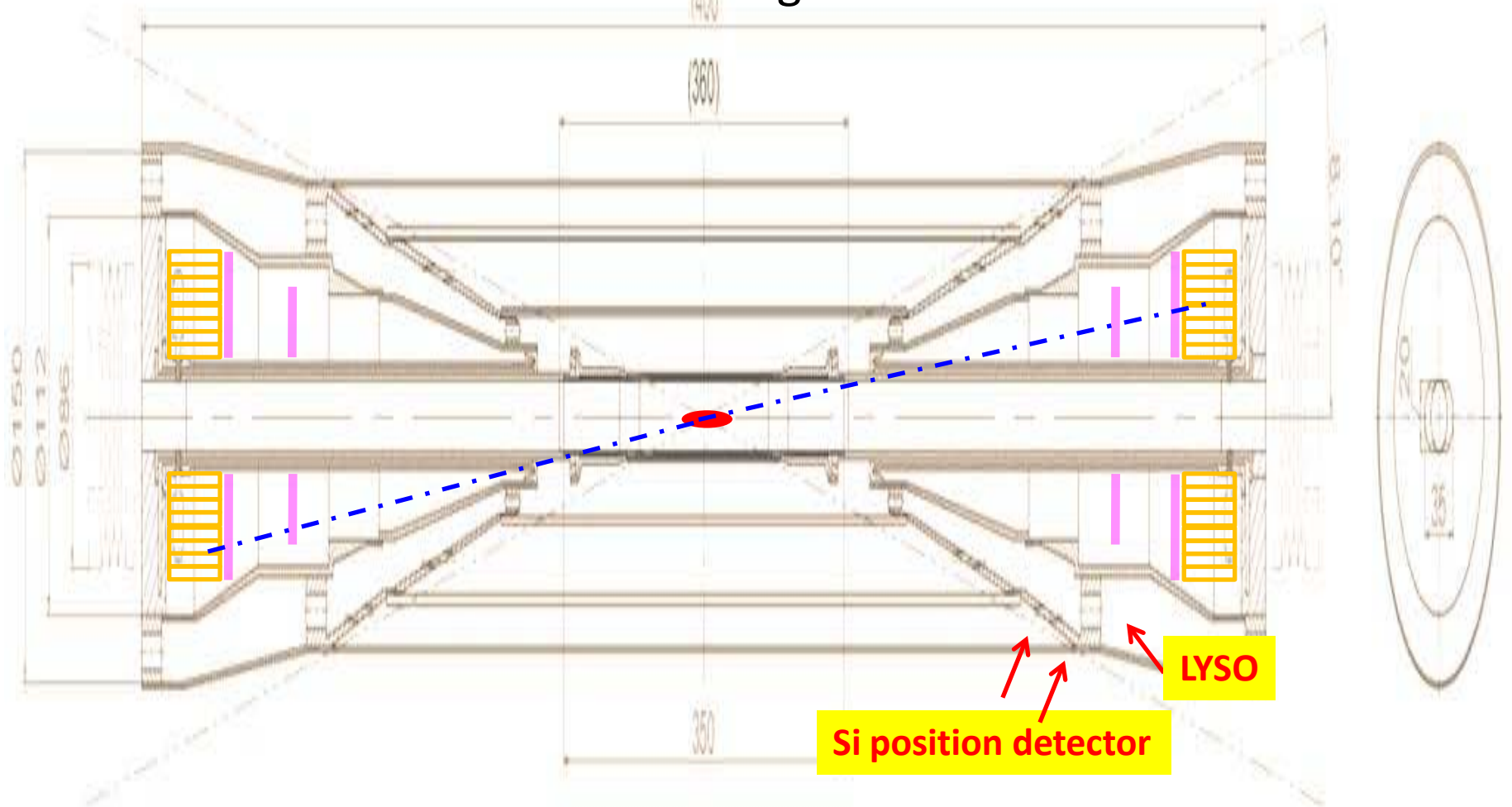


LumiCal to 1 μ Rad precision

1. IP beam spot 2.5mm spread
2. beampipe multiple scattering

1. tracking on IP position

- **Beam spot $\sigma_z = 2.5$ mm :**
need Bhabha electron tracking



2. Reduce Beampipe material

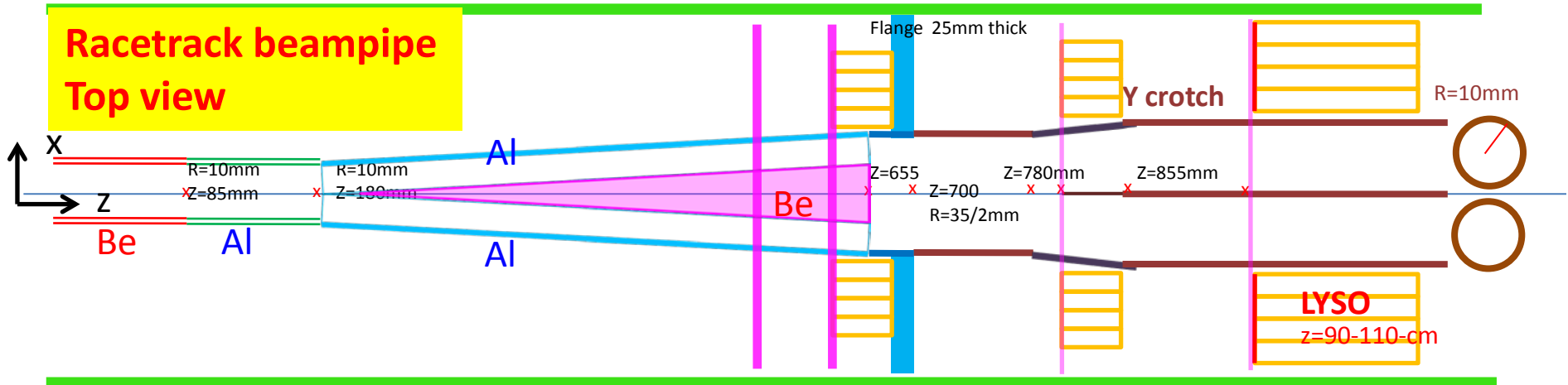
- **Low-mass beam-pipe window :**
less multiple scattering

0.5 mm Be window



Low-mass window **<0.07 X₀ (20mR) window:**
single layer Be slab **0.5mm**

Racetrack beampipe
Top view

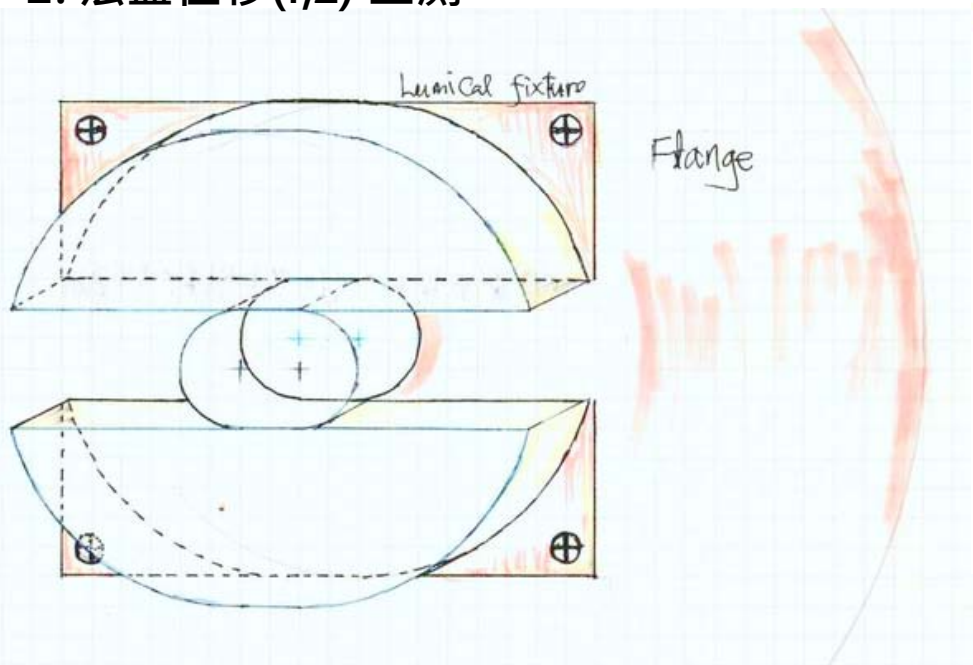


Mounting LumiCal on Flange/SC-magnet

LumiCal precision, $1 \mu\text{Rad}$ to the IP \rightarrow survey/monitor:
Survey of detector edges w.r.t IP, beampipe center to $<1\text{m}$

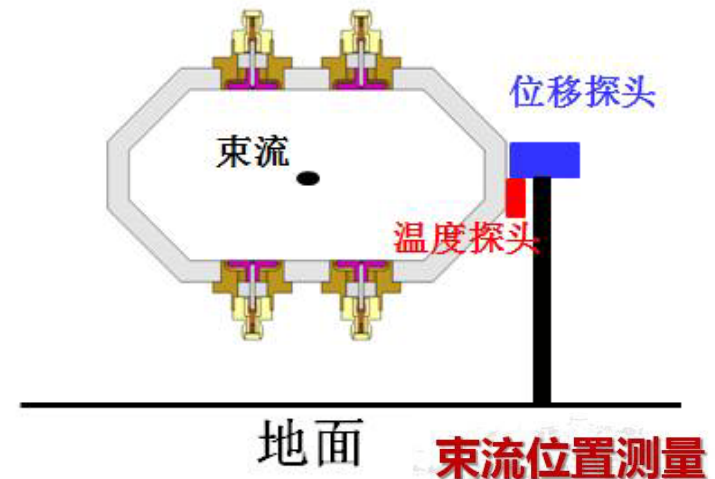
1. x,y w.r.t BPM position
2. add Z position monitor

1. 架上法蓝后定位测量
2. 法蓝位移(r,z) 监测



微米级精度

- 温度引起的形变, 改变电中心、机械中心



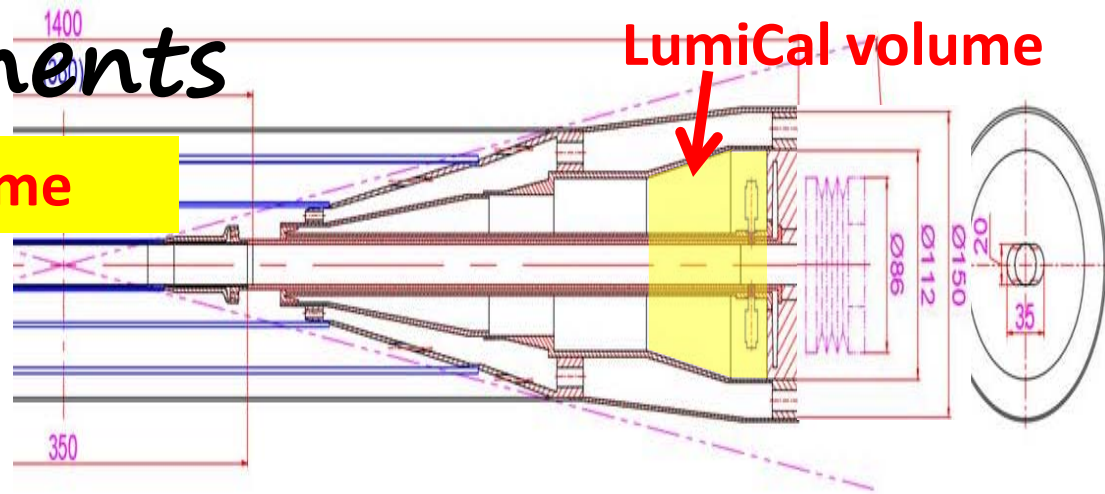
随艳峰、何俊
高能所加速器中心束测组
2022-05-06

LumiCal components

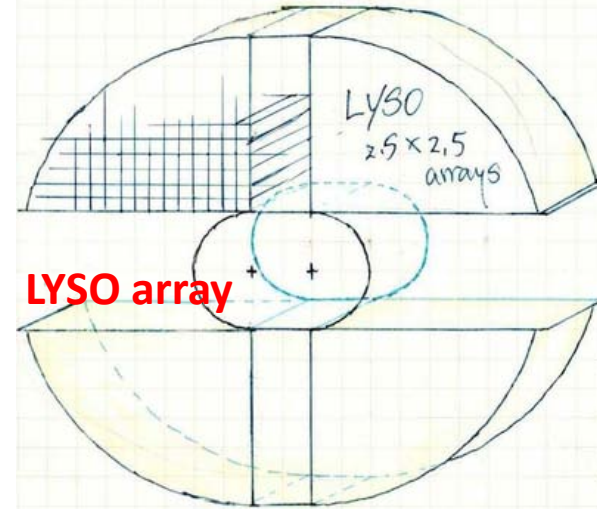
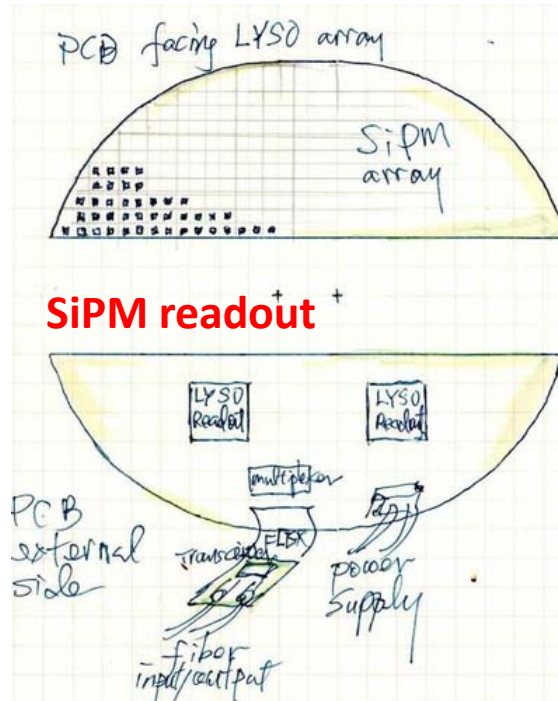
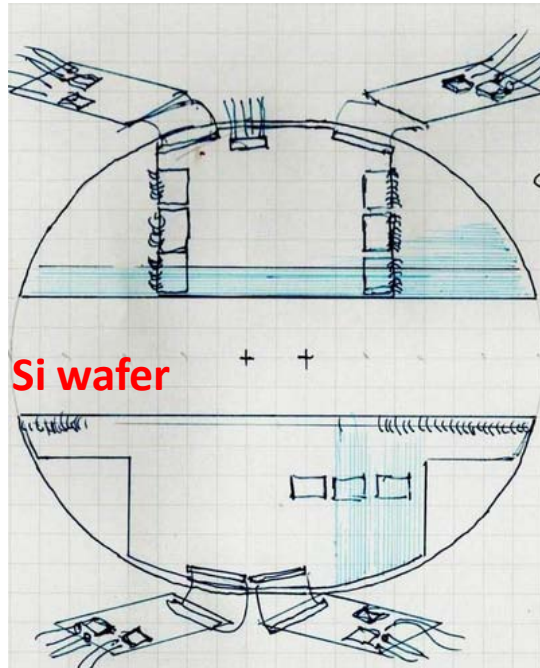
Before flange, VTXdet volume

Precision electron θ
e/ γ identification

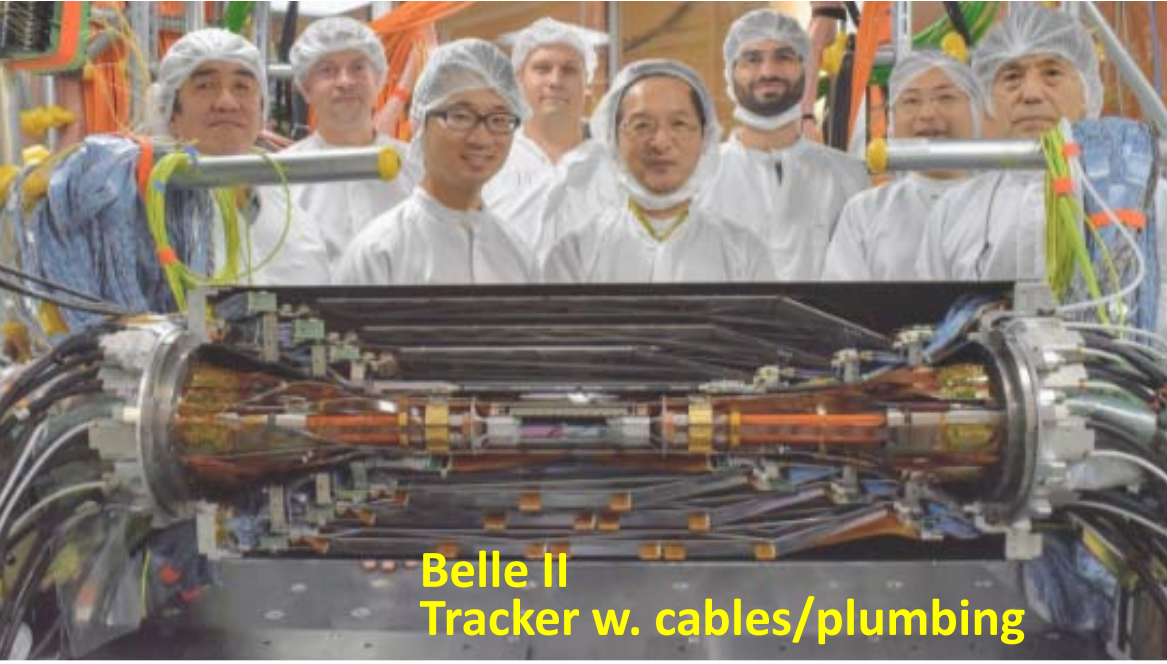
- Si tracking layers : $\sigma_r < 5 \mu\text{m}$
- LYSO array, $2X_0$: $2.5 \times 2.5 \times 23 \text{ mm}^3$



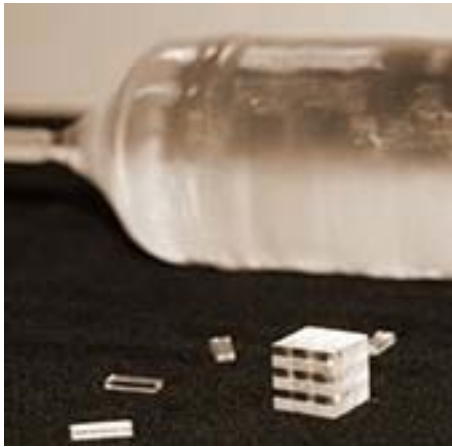
$\text{LYSO } \rho = 7.1 \text{ g/cm}^3$
 $X_0 = 1.14 \text{ cm}$
 $\text{LYSO bar} = 2.5 \times 2.5 \times 23 \text{ mm}^3$
 $\text{Volume} = \sim 100 \times 7.1 \text{ g/cm}^3 = 700 \text{ gm}$



Example technology

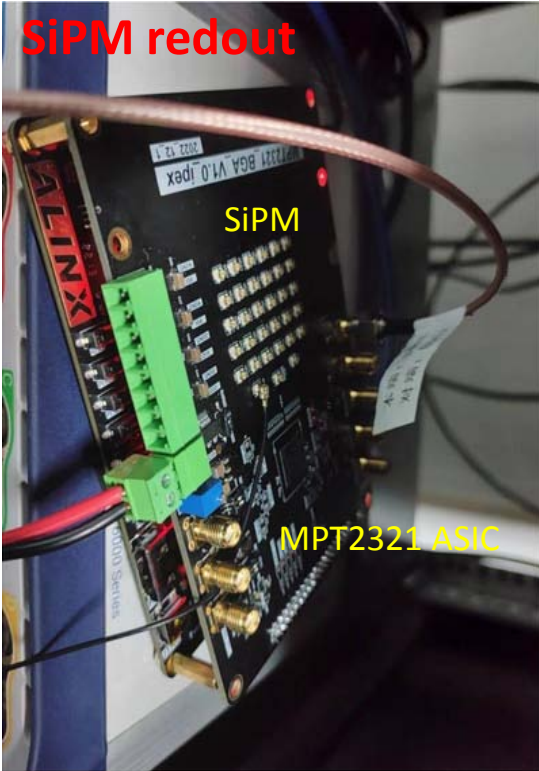


Belle II Tracker w. cables/plumbing



MPT2321 B. Qi Ecal 03/22

SiPM readout



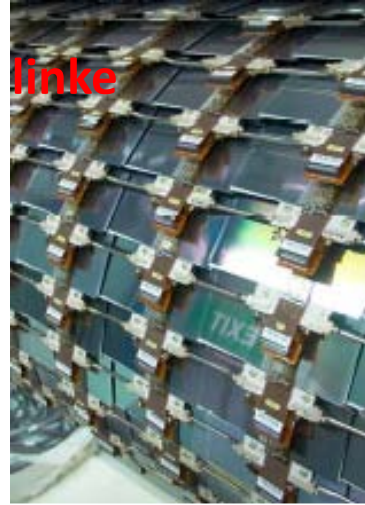
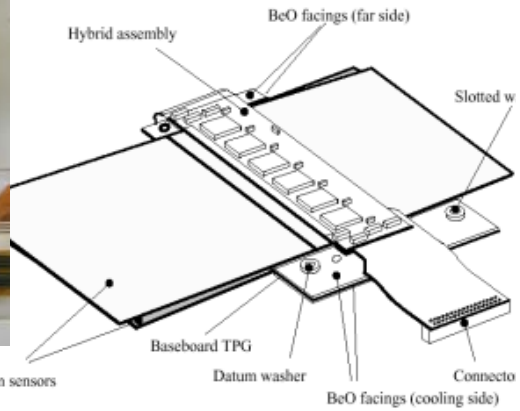
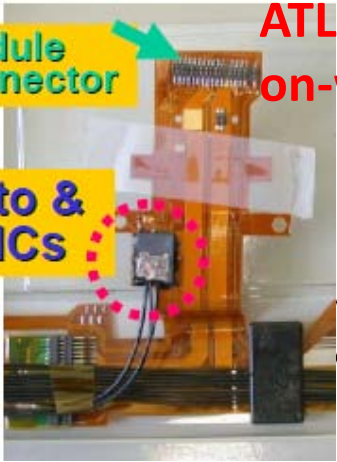
SiPM

MPT2321 ASIC

ATLAS SCT module on-wafer Frontend/optical linke

Module connector

Opto & ASICs



Summary, LumiCal to 10^{-4} Luminosity

Ø20 mm Racetrack

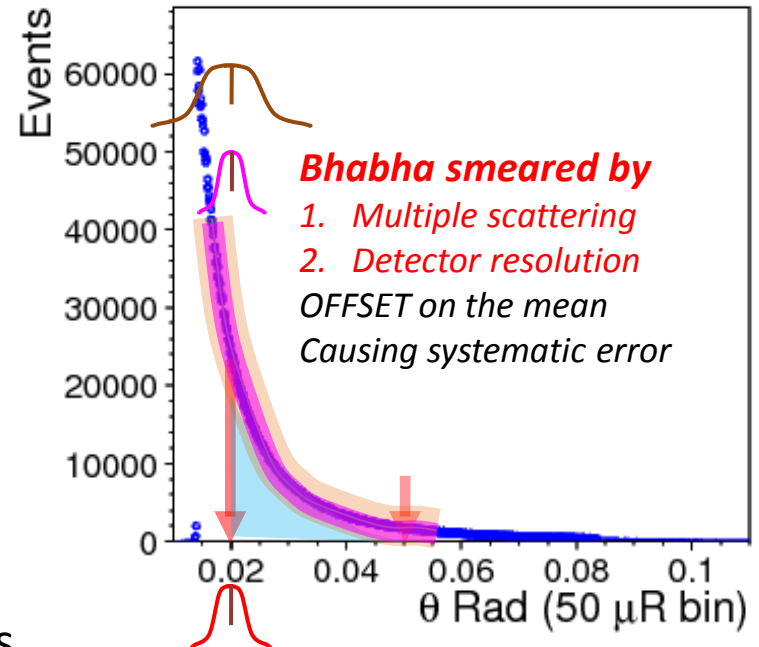
- Bhabha fiducial large X-section w. **lower θ_{\min}**
- **IP tracking, 0.5mm** Be beampipe window
- aim for **<20 μ Rad resolution**
- **error on-mean on $\theta_{\min} \rightarrow 10^{-4}$**

LumiCal optimization:

before Flange is w. Si wafer + $2X_0$ LYSO :
after Bellow ($6X_0$): $20X_0$ LYSO for e^\pm energy

Works to do:

- GEANT for new configuration + BHLUMI events
 - identify e/γ and Bhabha selection
- Detector electronics prototyping



Industrial measurement tools, e.g. keyence

Detector assembly precision

- measure lower fiducial edge to $< 1 \mu\text{m}$
- easy under microscope and survey equipments

AS_85026_SI-F1000_C_611297_US_1126-7

Best in its Class
RESOLUTION: **1 nm**
World's Smallest
MICRO-HEAD SIZE:
 $\varnothing 2 \text{ mm}$ ($\varnothing 0.08''$)



SI Series Measurement Principles (Spectral-Interference type) micro-head ultra high accuracy

AS_86990_MEASUREMENT_GC_611914_US_1018-9

