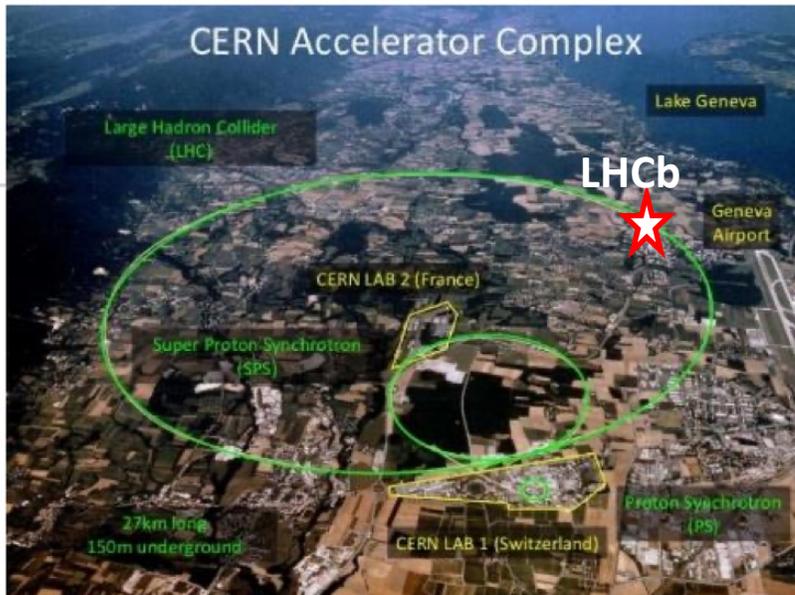




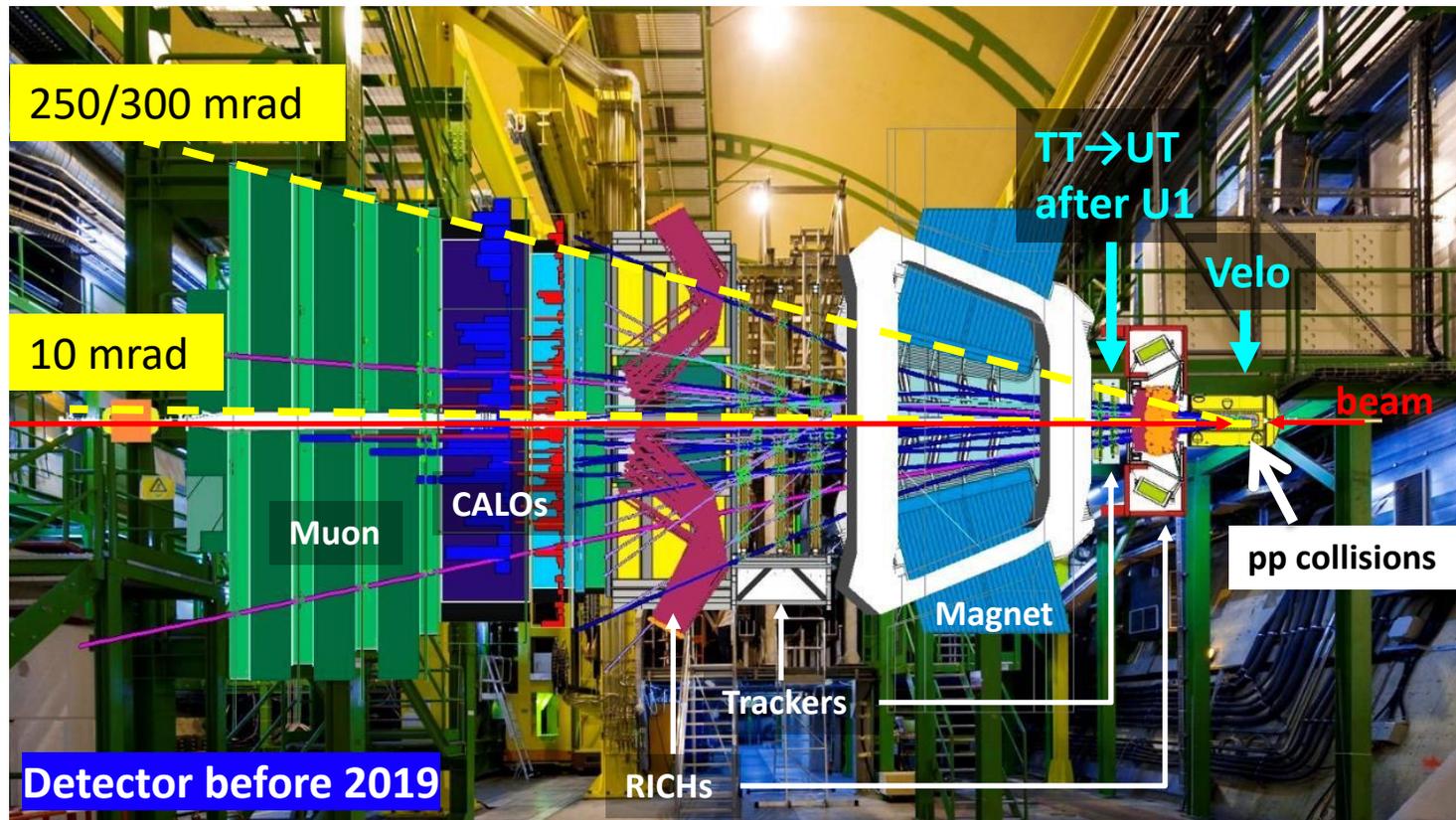
LHCb Velo and UT
Xuhao Yuan (IHEP)
On behalf of LHCb collaboration
2023-10-23

***International Workshop on The
High Energy Circular Electron Positron Collider***



Main physics goal

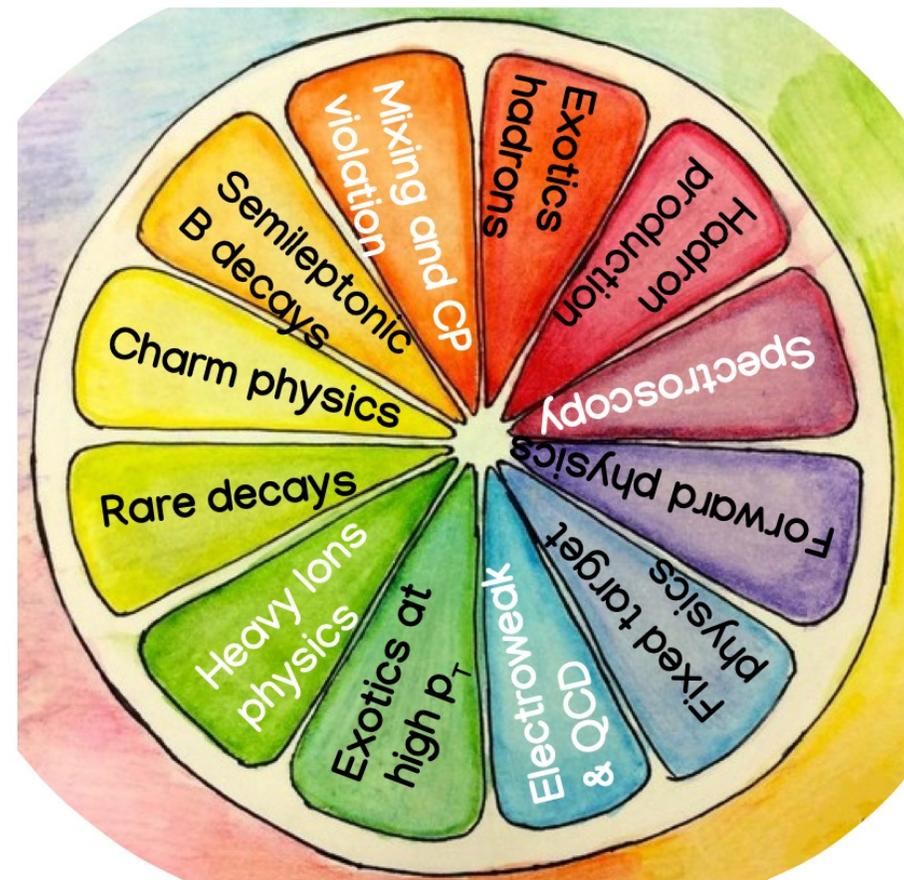
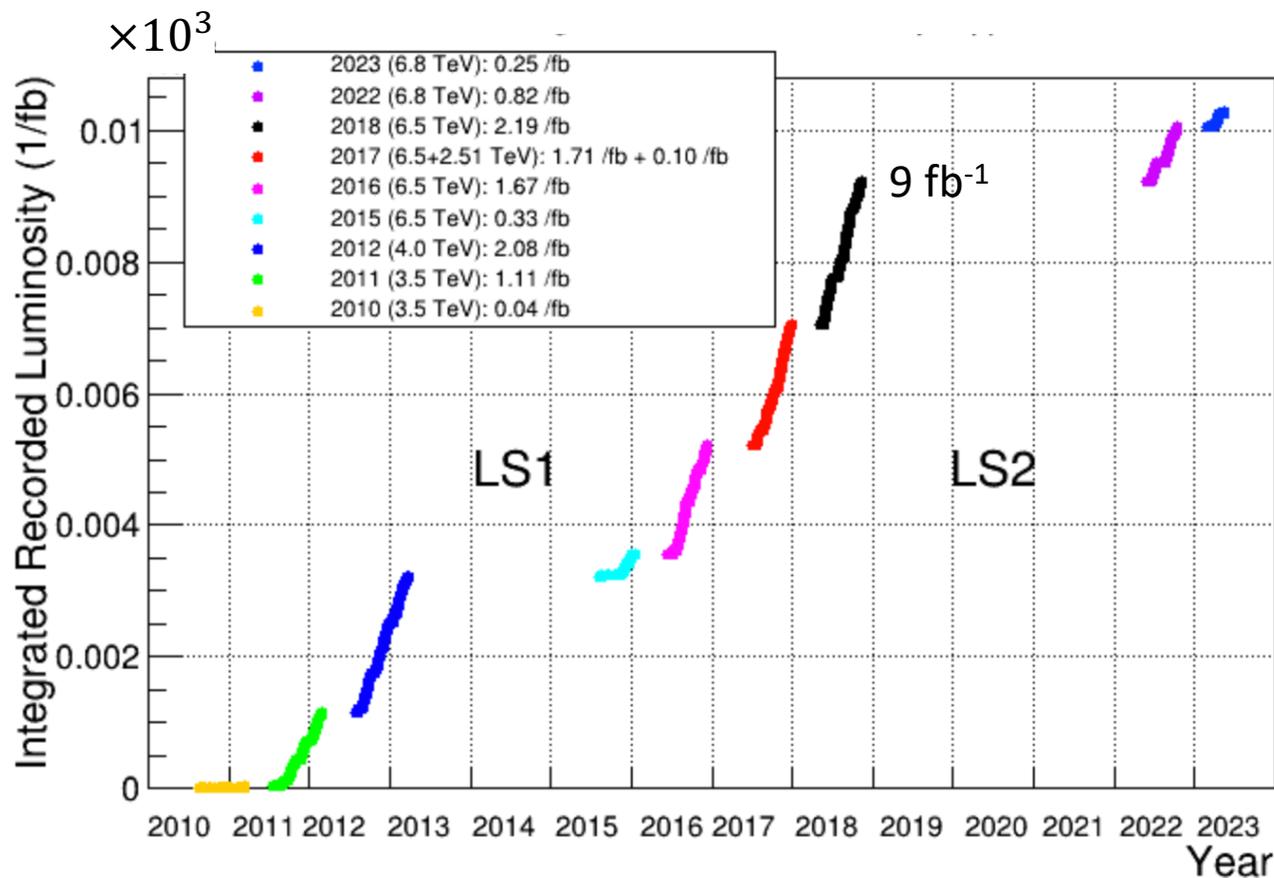
- To study b & c sectors on CPV, rare decays, new physics...



$\Delta p/p = 0.5\% @ < 20 \text{ GeV}/c$, $1\% @ < 200 \text{ GeV}/c$
 IP resolution $\sim 15 + 29/p_T [\text{GeV}/c] \mu\text{m}$
 Decay time resolution $45 \text{ fs } (B_s \rightarrow J/\psi\phi)$
 Kaon ID $\sim 95\%$ for $5\% \pi \rightarrow K$ mis-ID probability



A decade of important discoveries and precision measurements (9 fb⁻¹ pp data by end of 2018)



More details in Yin's talk by Thu.



Upgrade I (U1), started in LS2 and installation completed in this March

$$\mathcal{L}_{\max} \sim 2 \times 10^{33} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$$

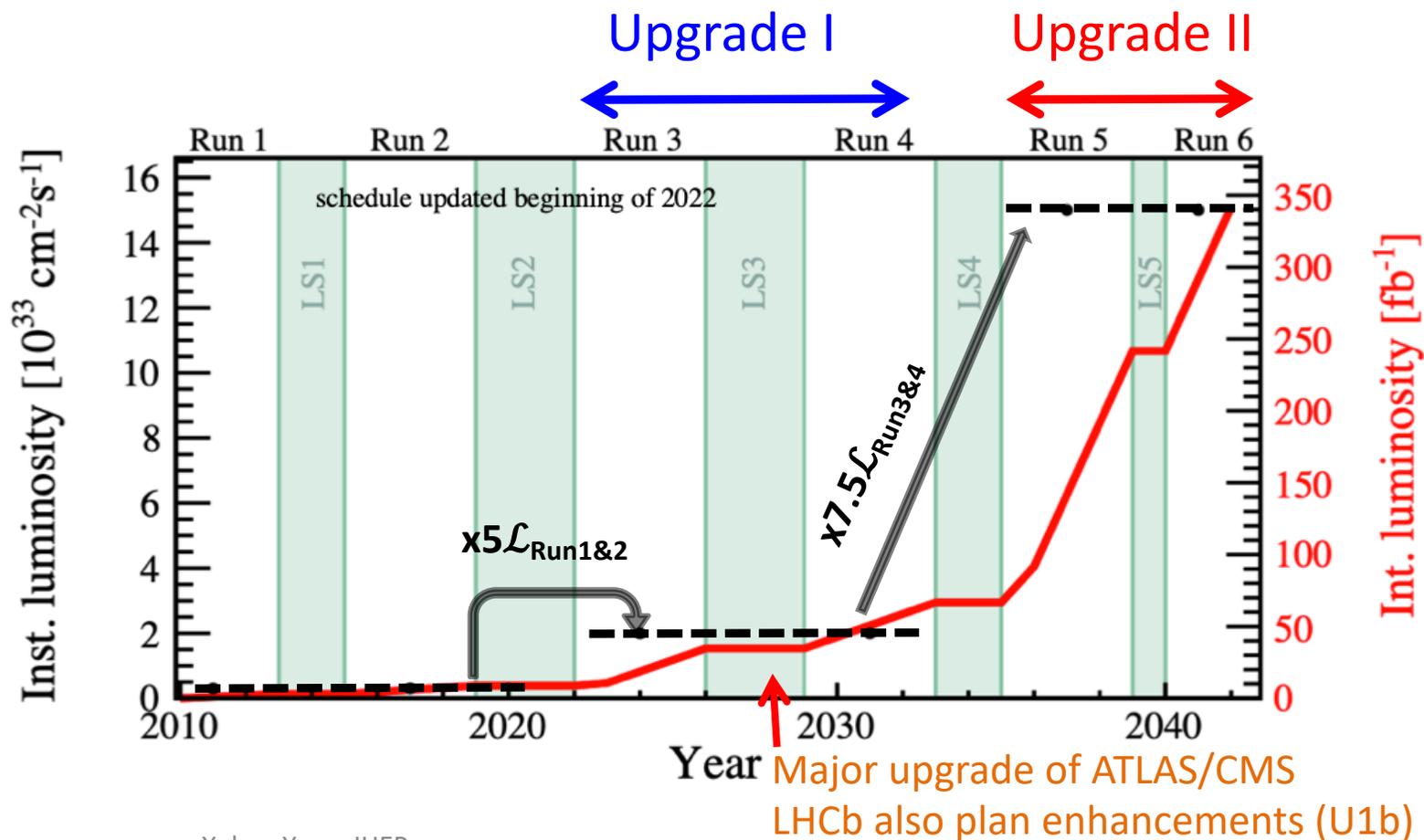
$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{int}} \sim 50 \text{ fb}^{-1}$$

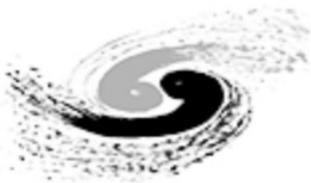
Upgrade II (U2), starts after LS4

$$\mathcal{L}_{\max} \sim 1.5 \times 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{int}} \sim 300 \text{ fb}^{-1}$$

Some smaller detector consolidation and enhancements in LS3 (2026) \Leftarrow U1b





LHCb upgrades

- Velo & UT @ Upgrade I (U I) (2019 - 2023)
- Velo & UT @ Upgrade II (U II) (2032 -)

Upgrade I: a brand new detector



Higher luminosity ($5 \times \mathcal{L}_{\text{Run1\&2}}$) results in
 ➤ Higher rate, pile up, occupancy, fluence

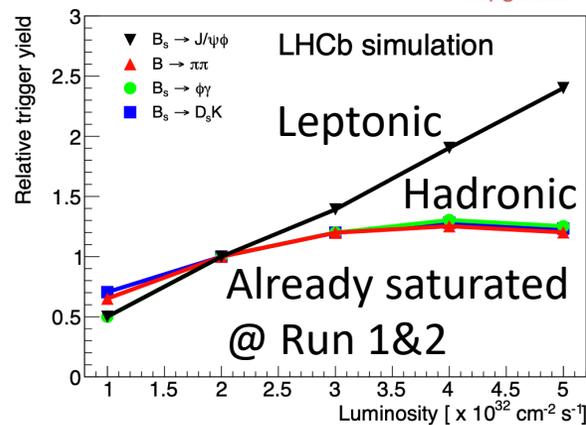
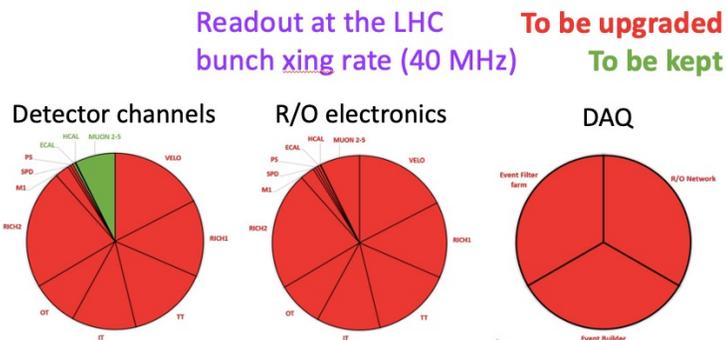
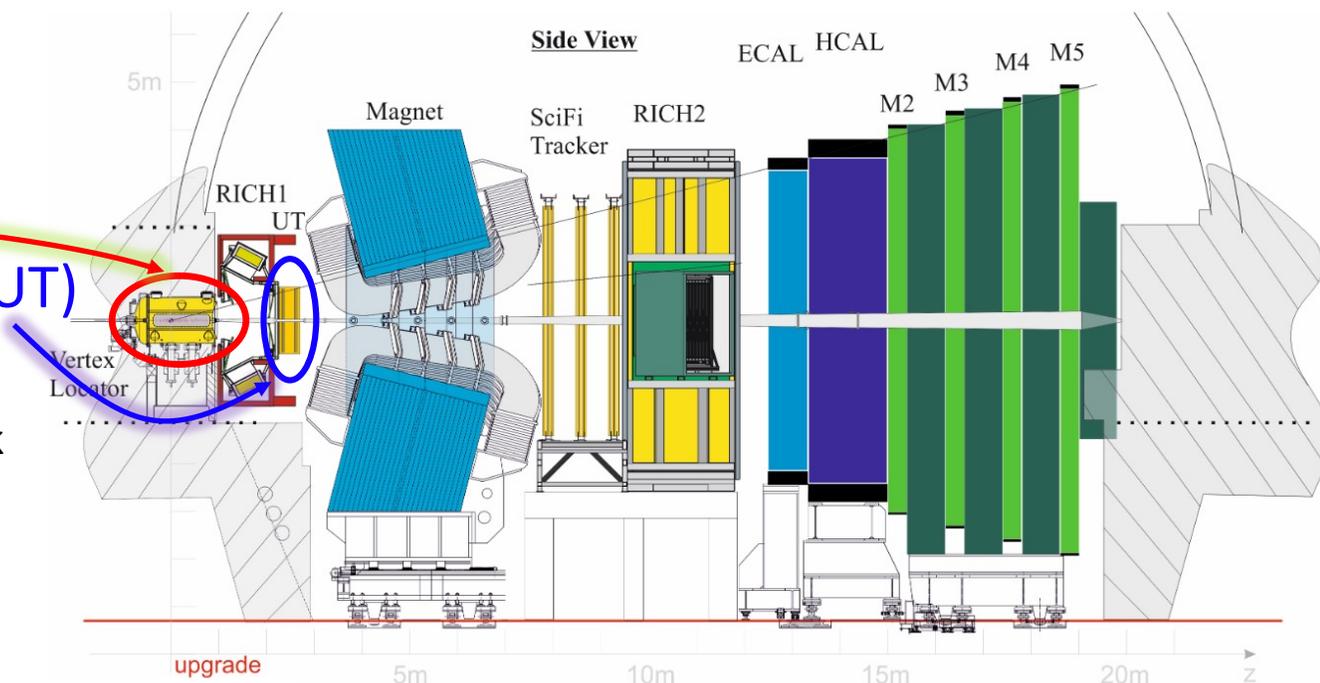
New tracking system

➤ **VertexLocator (VELO)**, **Upstream Tracker (UT)**
 and **Scintillating Fiber Tracker (SciFi)**

More details on Sigrid Scherl's talk

Particle ID: New optics + photon detectors

Calos: Reduce PMT gain + new electronics



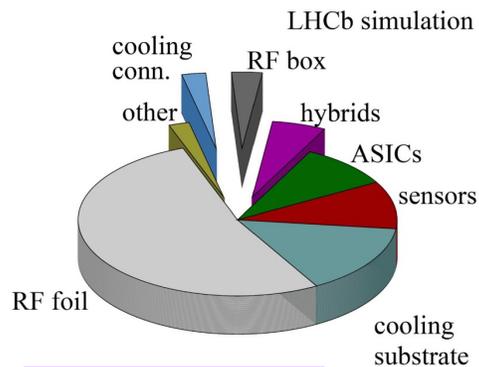
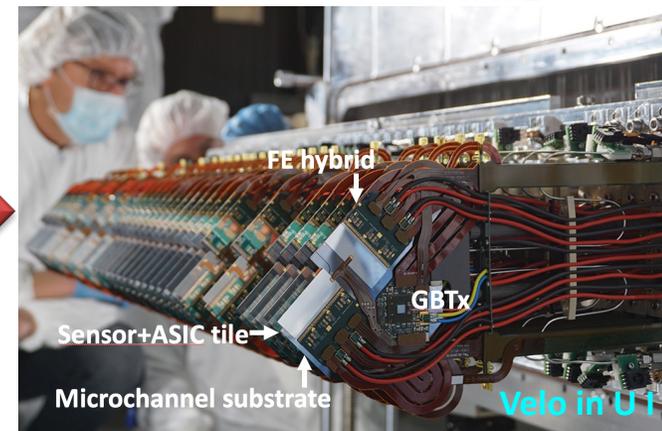
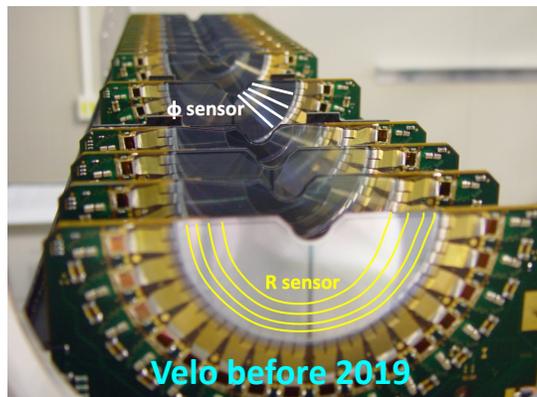
No hardware trigger

➤ 1st GPU trigger in a HEP experiment

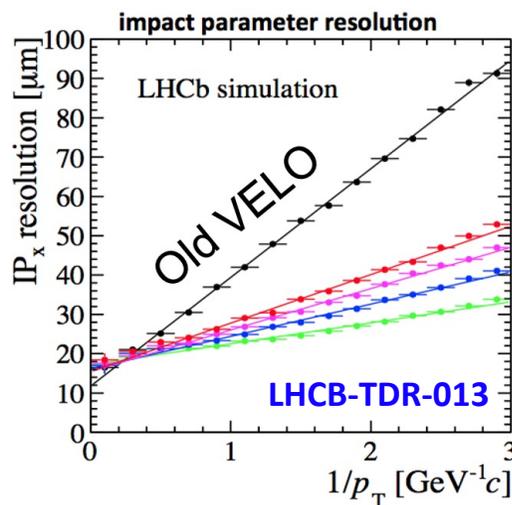


New hybrid pixel detector

- c/b hadrons: flight \sim mm before decay
distinctive feature to select them
- Silicon pixels ($55 \times 55 \mu\text{m}$)
single hit resolution 12-15 μm
- Closer to beam ($5 \text{ mm} \rightarrow 3 \text{ mm}$) \Rightarrow better σ_{IP} (2x better @ $p_T \sim 0.5 \text{ GeV}$)



Reduced material interaction (x3 better)



RF foil ➤ Separate VELO from primary vacuum

➤ An vacuum incident on 2023 Jan 10

RF foils deformed

No damage on sensors

Cant fully close ($3 \text{ mm} \rightarrow 24.5 \text{ mm} \times 2$)

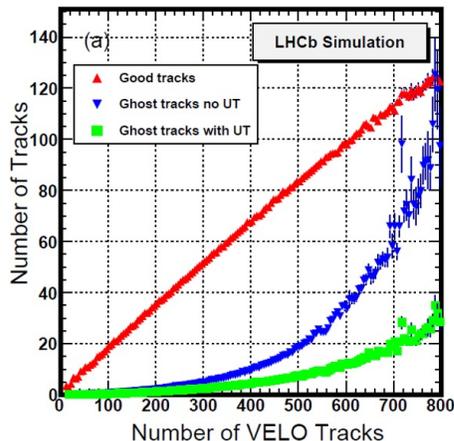
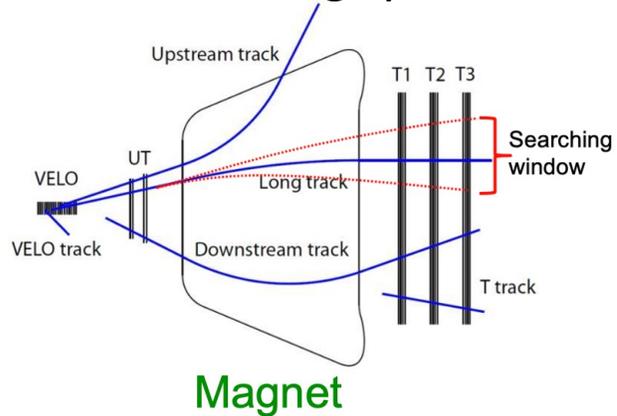
Replace during YETS 2023

Upstream Tracker (UT)

LHCb-TDR-015



LHCb tracking system

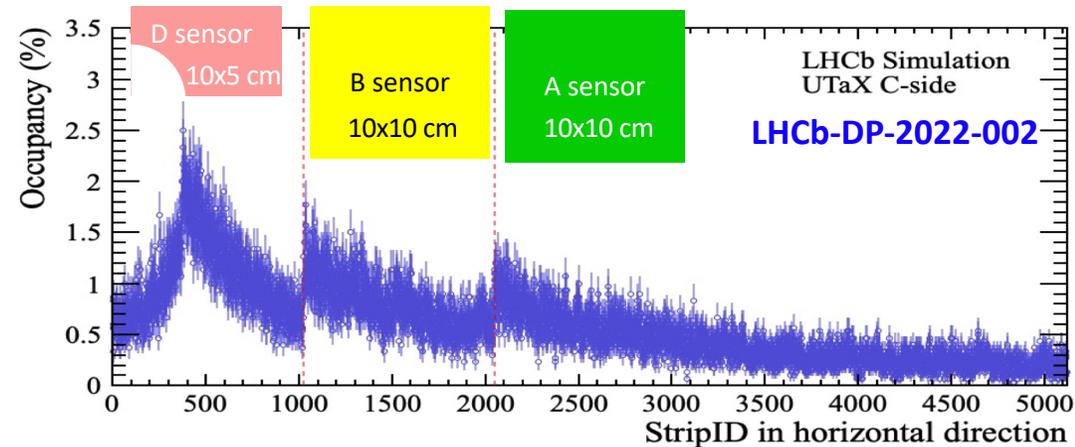
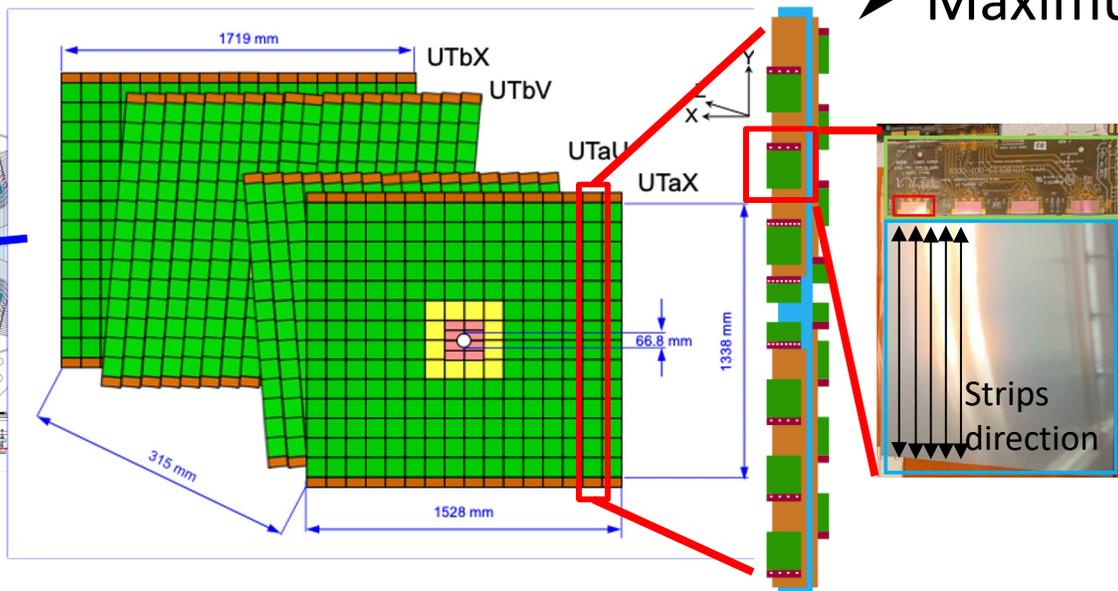
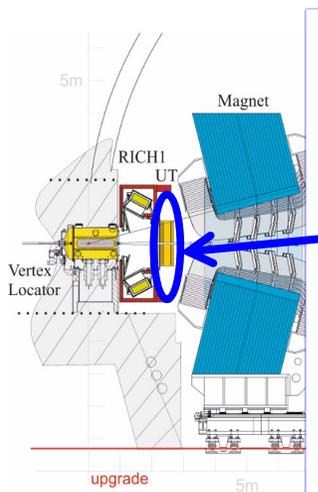


UT: Si Strip detector

- High coverage, segmentation, resolution
- Speed up tracks reconstruction & reduce P_{GhostTrk}

Different sensors for different regions

- A type: p-in-n; 98x98 mm; strip pitch 190 μm
- B type: n-in-p; 98x98 mm; strip pitch 95 μm
- C/D type: n-in-p; 98x49 mm; strip pitch 95 μm
- Maximum occupancy $\sim 1\%$

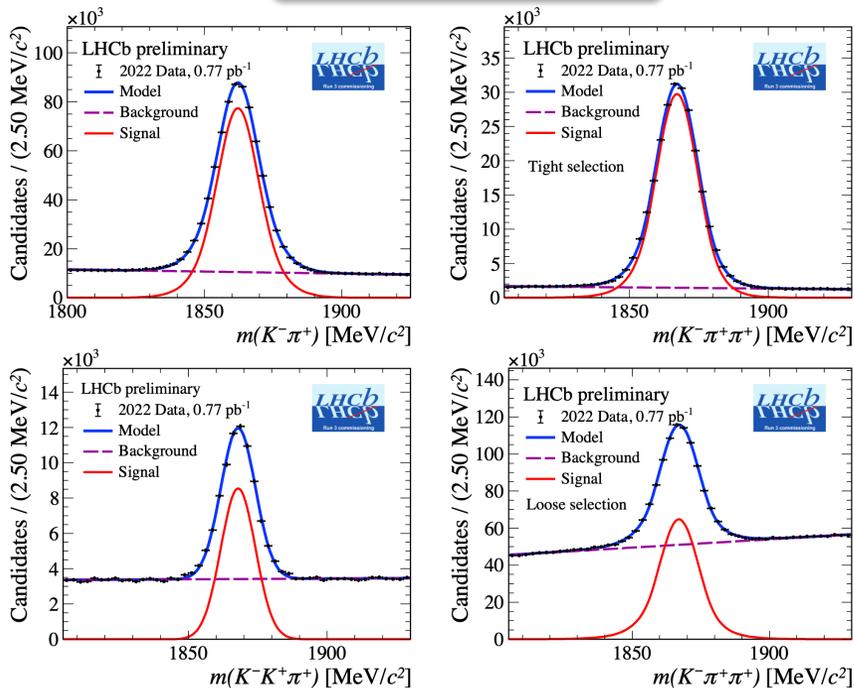


Installation ends by 2023 March

Commissioning ongoing



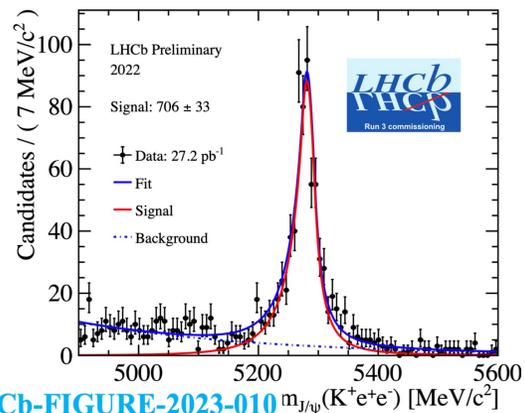
Charmed mesons



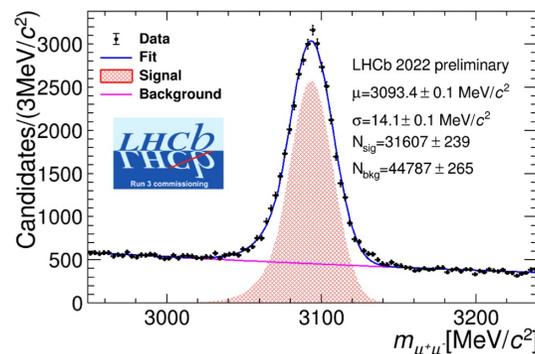
LHCb upgrade I detectors functions well

➤ W/ full triggers/"sub-detectors" signals return in 2022

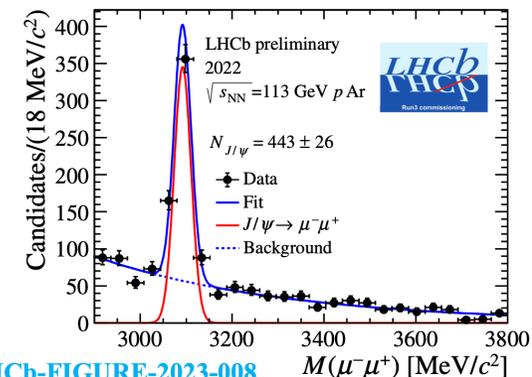
Beauty mesons



$J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$

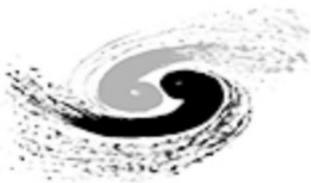


J/ψ in pAr collisions



- D^0 and K_S^0 candidates reconstructed directly @ 1st level trigger
- Trigger efficiency can be improved w.r.t. Run2

Mass resolution compatible with MC expectations within 1 MeV



LHCb upgrades

- Velo & UT @ Upgrade I (U I) (2019 - 2023)
- Velo & UT @ Upgrade II (U II) (2032 -)

High pile-up in Upgrade II



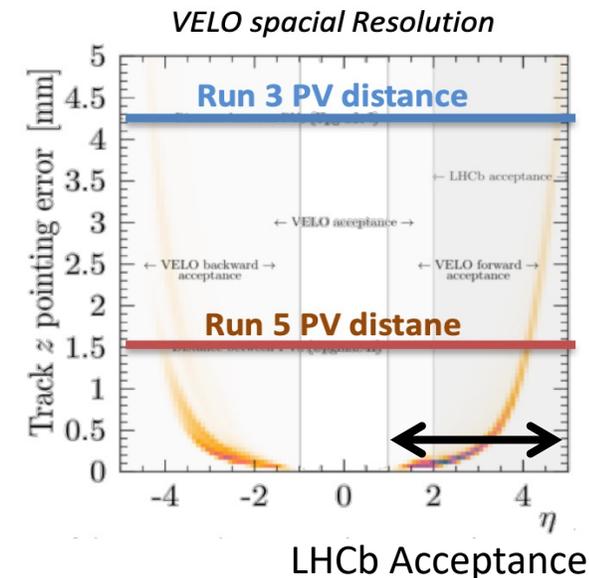
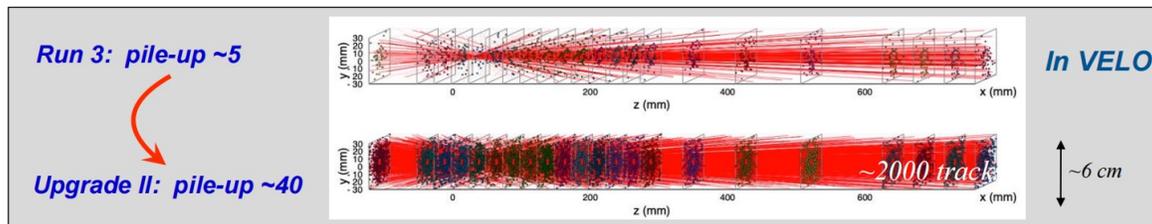
In Upgrade II

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{max}} \sim 1.5 \times 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$$

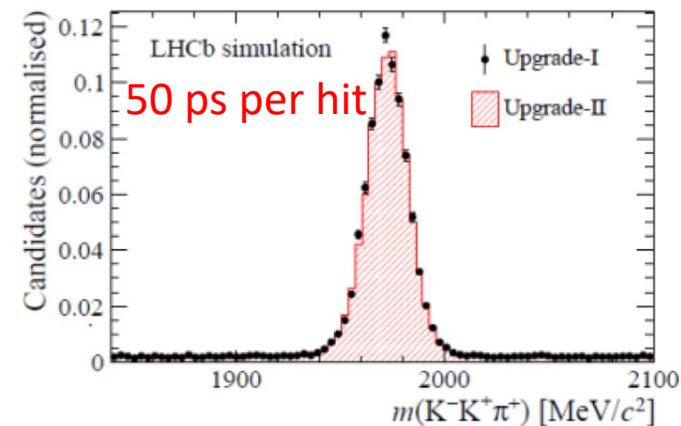
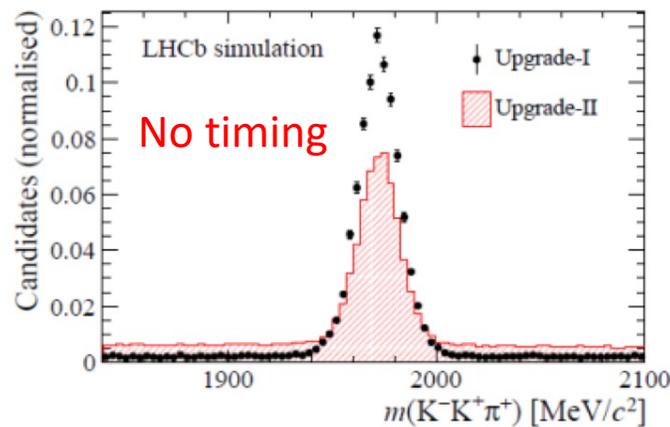
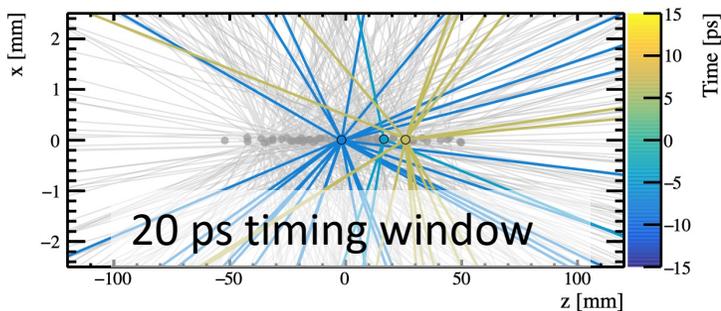
$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{int}} \sim 300 \text{ fb}^{-1}$$

~ 40 visible interactions/Xing

- High pile-up induces PV spatial separation of the same order as VELO resolution
→ PV unresolvable
- Ensure $\epsilon_{\text{trigger}}$ at high pileup condition



VELO: 4D detector with timing



$\sigma_t(\text{Track}) = 20 \text{ ps}$ restores the performance to U1 level

Velo R&D



Balance btw Φ_{eq} and σ_{Hit}

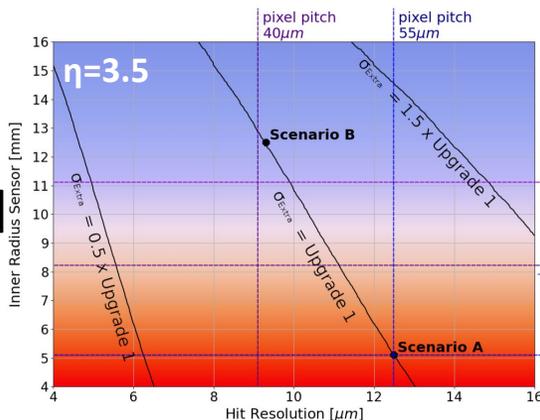
- $\sigma_{IP} = \sigma_{extrap} + \sigma_{scatter}$
- Two different layouts optimized

Sensor R&D, candidates: 3D pixel, Planar, LGAD, CMOS ...

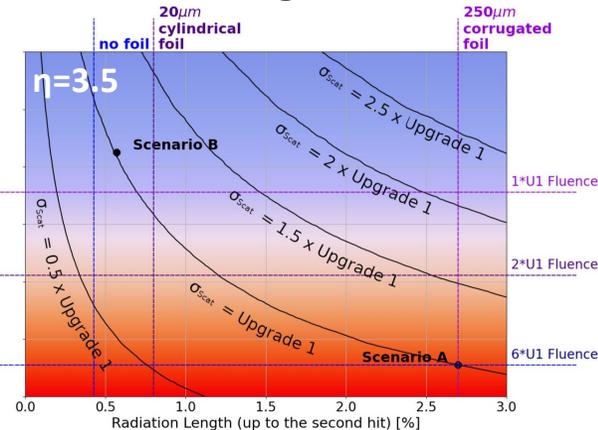
- timing ~ 50 ps
- Radiation hardness (max $\sim 6 \times 10^{16} n_{eq}/cm^2$)

- ❑ R&D on 28 nm technology: PicoPix, IGNITE
- ❑ Replaceable modules, thinner or no RF foil, robust 3D printed Ti cooling substrate...

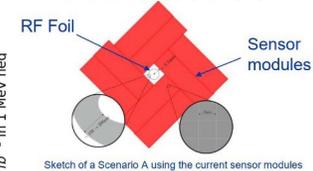
Extrapolation Term



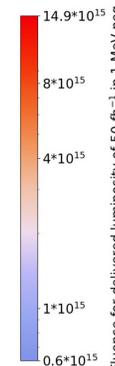
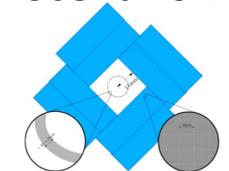
Scattering Term



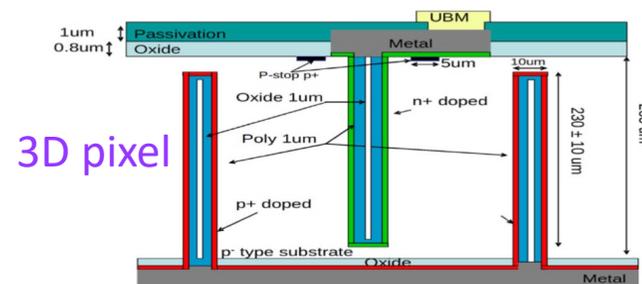
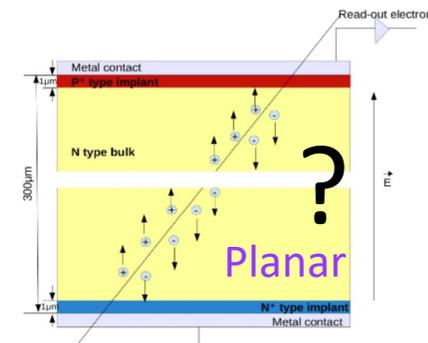
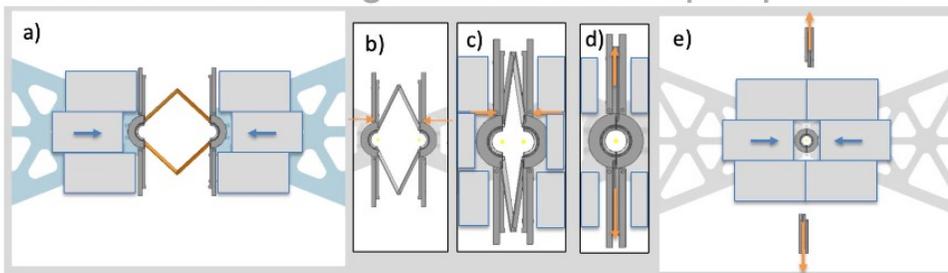
Scenario A

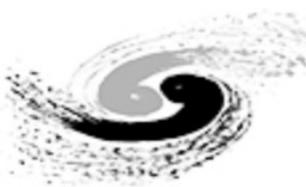


Scenario B



Additional shielding when RF foil in open position





Upgrade II UT (U2UT)

Channel occupancy [%]

0.42	0.45	0.47	0.49	0.52	0.54	0.57	0.60	0.60
0.46	0.49	0.52	0.56	0.59	0.63	0.68	0.74	0.77
0.53	0.58	0.62	0.68	0.73	0.83	0.89	1.00	1.06
0.64	0.70	0.77	0.86	0.96	1.10	1.26	1.48	1.63
0.78	0.88	0.97	1.13	1.27	1.54	1.81	2.34	2.72
0.96	1.10	1.23	1.45	1.68	2.05	2.63	2.84	3.87
1.28	1.45	1.54	1.81	2.04	2.57	3.42	4.48	3.95 5.13

Current UT optimized for $\mathcal{L}_{\text{Run 3\&4}}$

Upgrade II luminosity $1.5 \times 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$ (**x7.5** $\mathcal{L}_{\text{Run 3\&4}}$)

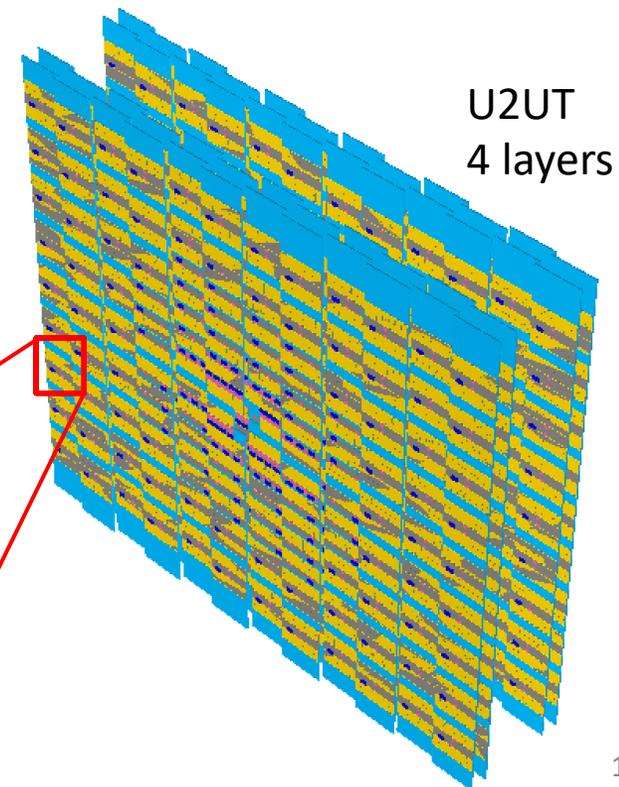
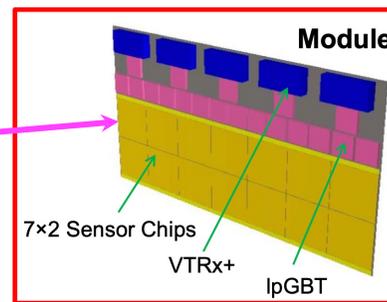
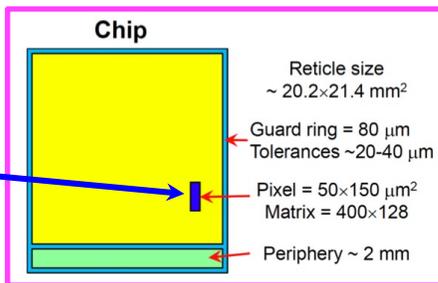
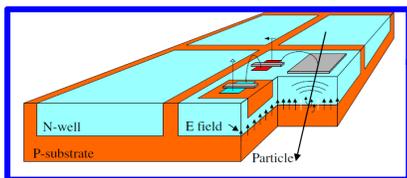
- The occupancy (max ~10%) will compromise the performance
- Radiation does ($3 \times 10^{15} \text{ n}_{\text{eq}}/\text{cm}^2$) too high for current sensor

Beam pipe

U2UT:

- CMOS MAPS technique applied
- Very promising and cost effective for large area pixel detectors.

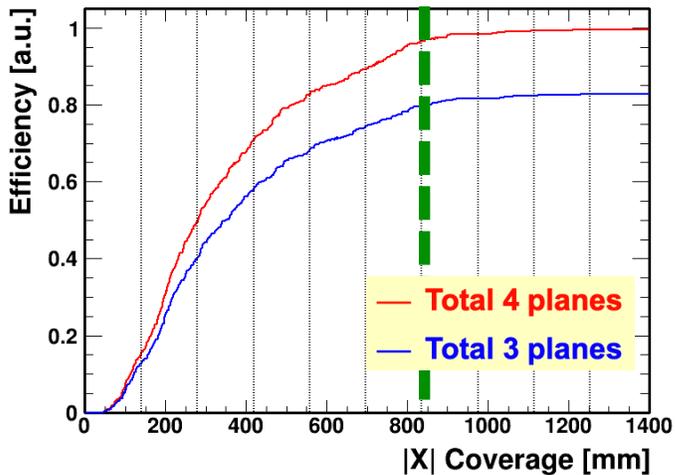
Monolithic Active Pixel Sensor (MAPS)



U2UT R&D status



Track efficiency vs X coverage



Also can see Shuqi + Zhiyu's posters

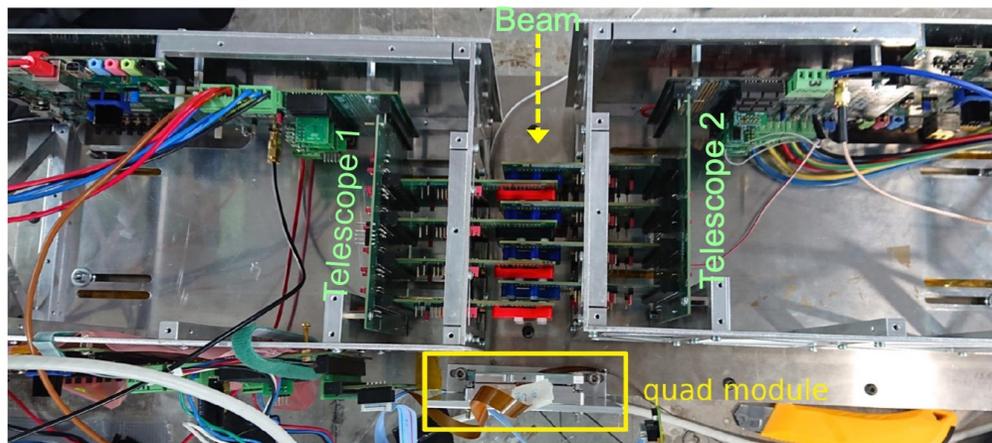
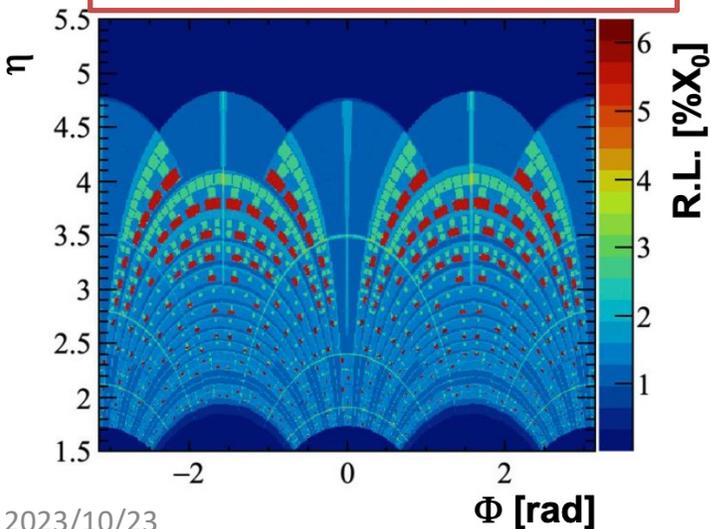
U2UT software

- Preliminary studies on
 - ❑ Track efficiency for $B^- \rightarrow D^0 K^-$, $D^0 \rightarrow K_S \pi^+ \pi^-$, $K_S \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$
 - Optimizing U2UT coverage
 - ❑ Detector simulation mostly done and R.L. calculated

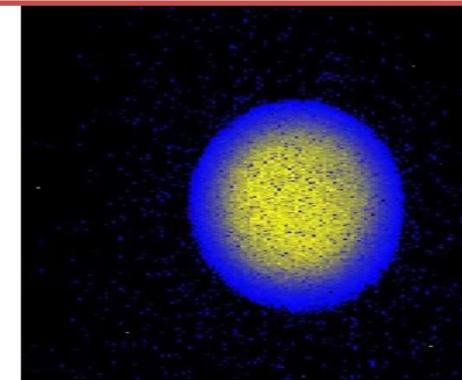
LHCb China group lead HVCMOS-based development

- Extensive tests using ATLASPix: lab test with cosmic ray and radioactive sources, testteam at DESY & CSNS @ 2022
- Search for domestic foundry ongoing

R.L. as functions of Φ and η



Hitmap with Fe55 source





Key observables in flavor physics

Observable	Current LHCb (up to 9 fb ⁻¹)	Upgrade I (23 fb ⁻¹)	Upgrade I (50 fb ⁻¹)	Upgrade II (300 fb ⁻¹)
CKM tests				
$\gamma (B \rightarrow DK, \text{etc.})$	4° [9, 10]	1.5°	1°	0.35°
$\phi_s (B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi\phi)$	32 mrad [8]	14 mrad	10 mrad	4 mrad
$ V_{ub} / V_{cb} (\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow p\mu^-\bar{\nu}_\mu, \text{etc.})$	6% [29, 30]	3%	2%	1%
$a_{\text{sl}}^d (B^0 \rightarrow D^-\mu^+\nu_\mu)$	36×10^{-4} [34]	8×10^{-4}	5×10^{-4}	2×10^{-4}
$a_{\text{sl}}^s (B_s^0 \rightarrow D_s^-\mu^+\nu_\mu)$	33×10^{-4} [35]	10×10^{-4}	7×10^{-4}	3×10^{-4}
Charm				
$\Delta A_{CP} (D^0 \rightarrow K^+K^-, \pi^+\pi^-)$	29×10^{-5} [5]	13×10^{-5}	8×10^{-5}	3.3×10^{-5}
$A_\Gamma (D^0 \rightarrow K^+K^-, \pi^+\pi^-)$	11×10^{-5} [38]	5×10^{-5}	3.2×10^{-5}	1.2×10^{-5}
$\Delta x (D^0 \rightarrow K_s^0\pi^+\pi^-)$	18×10^{-5} [37]	6.3×10^{-5}	4.1×10^{-5}	1.6×10^{-5}
Rare Decays				
$\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-)/\mathcal{B}(B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-)$	69% [40, 41]	41%	27%	11%
$S_{\mu\mu} (B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-)$	—	—	—	0.2
$A_T^{(2)} (B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0}e^+e^-)$	0.10 [52]	0.060	0.043	0.016
$A_T^{\text{Im}} (B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0}e^+e^-)$	0.10 [52]	0.060	0.043	0.016
$\mathcal{A}_{\phi\gamma}^{\Delta\Gamma} (B_s^0 \rightarrow \phi\gamma)$	$\begin{smallmatrix} +0.41 \\ -0.44 \end{smallmatrix}$ [51]	0.124	0.083	0.033
$S_{\phi\gamma} (B_s^0 \rightarrow \phi\gamma)$	0.32 [51]	0.093	0.062	0.025
$\alpha_\gamma (\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \Lambda\gamma)$	$\begin{smallmatrix} +0.17 \\ -0.29 \end{smallmatrix}$ [53]	0.148	0.097	0.038
Lepton Universality Tests				
$R_K (B^+ \rightarrow K^+\ell^+\ell^-)$	0.044 [12]	0.025	0.017	0.007
$R_{K^*} (B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0}\ell^+\ell^-)$	0.12 [61]	0.034	0.022	0.009
$R(D^*) (B^0 \rightarrow D^{*-}\ell^+\nu_\ell)$	0.026 [62, 64]	0.007	0.005	0.002

LHCC-2021-012

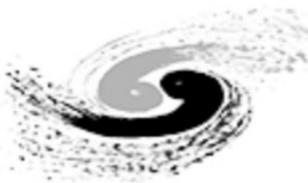
Upgrade II will fully realize the flavor physics potential of the HL-LHC

Further pursue a broad physics programme

- Spectroscopy
- High precision EW and Higgs
- Dark sector
- Exotic search
- Heavy ions and fixed target

Success of the physics programme relies on

- HL-LHC providing LHCb $\sim 50 \text{ fb}^{-1}/\text{year}$ during Run 5&6
- A detector with similar or better performance as the present one for Run 3

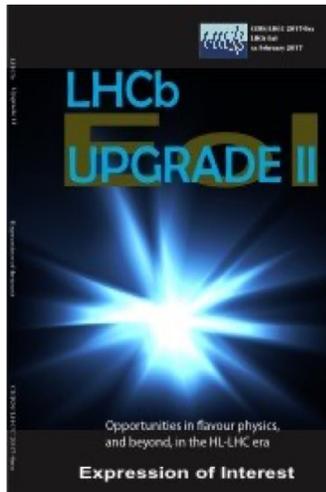
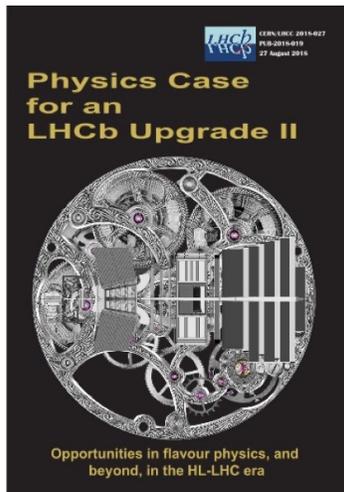


LHCb Velo & UT

- Upgrade I: installation completed
- Upgrade II: starts in LS4, R&D now

LHCb Upgrade II to fully exploit HL-LHC for flavor physics and beyond

- FTDR approved and now in R&D phase
 - Next: TDR @2026, construction, installation and eventually operation for physics
 - LHCb China groups contribute more significantly in **UT** & CALO, and you are welcome to join
- More physical results can be expected from LHCb



CERN-ACC-NOTE-2018-0038

2018-08-29

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LHCb Upgrades and operation at 10^{34} cm⁻² s⁻¹ luminosity –A first study

G. Arduini, V. Baglin, H. Burkhardt, F. Cerutti, S. Claudet, B. Di Girolamo, R. De Maria, I. Efthymiopoulos, L.S. Esposito, N. Karastathis, R. Lindner, L.E. Medina Medrano, Y. Papaphilippou, C.Parkes, D. Pellegrini, S. Redaelli, S. Roester, F. Sanchez-Galan, P. Schwarz, E. Thomas, A. Tsinganis, D. Wollmann, G. Wilkinson
CERN, Geneva, Switzerland

Keywords: LHC, HL-LHC, HiLumi LHC, LHCb, <https://indico.cern.ch/event/400665>

- Expression of Interest, LHCC-2017-003
- Physics case, LHCC-2018-027
- Accelerator study, CERN-ACC-2018-038
- Framework TDR, CERN-LHCC-2021-012

Thank you for your attentions