



Flavor Portal New Physics (not necessarily) at CEPC

Lingfeng Li (李凌风)

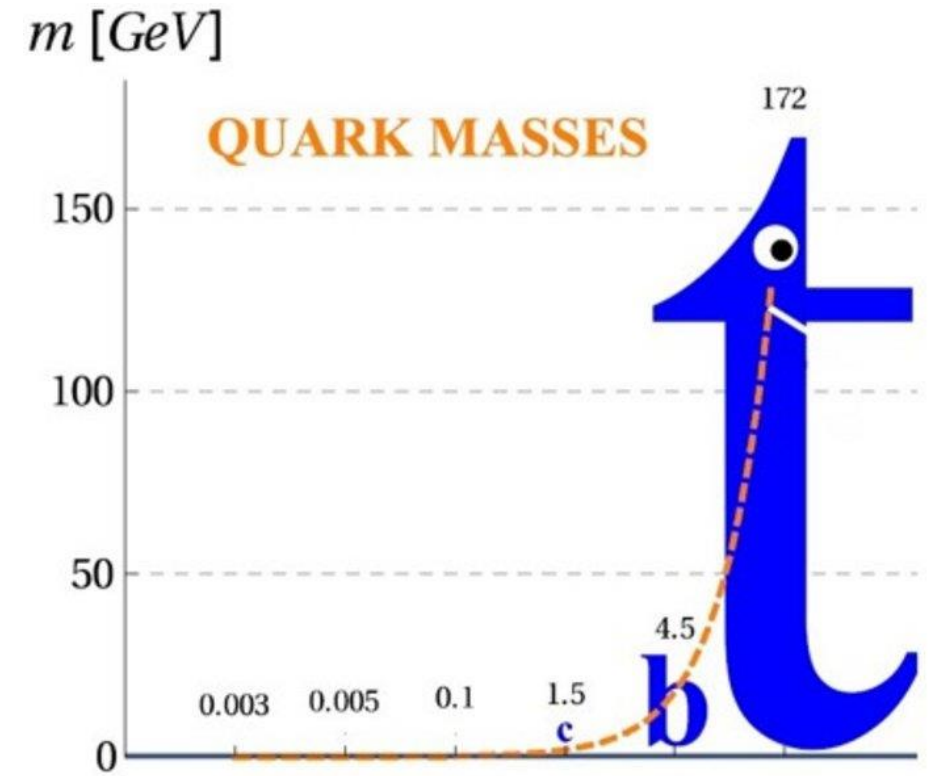
Brown University

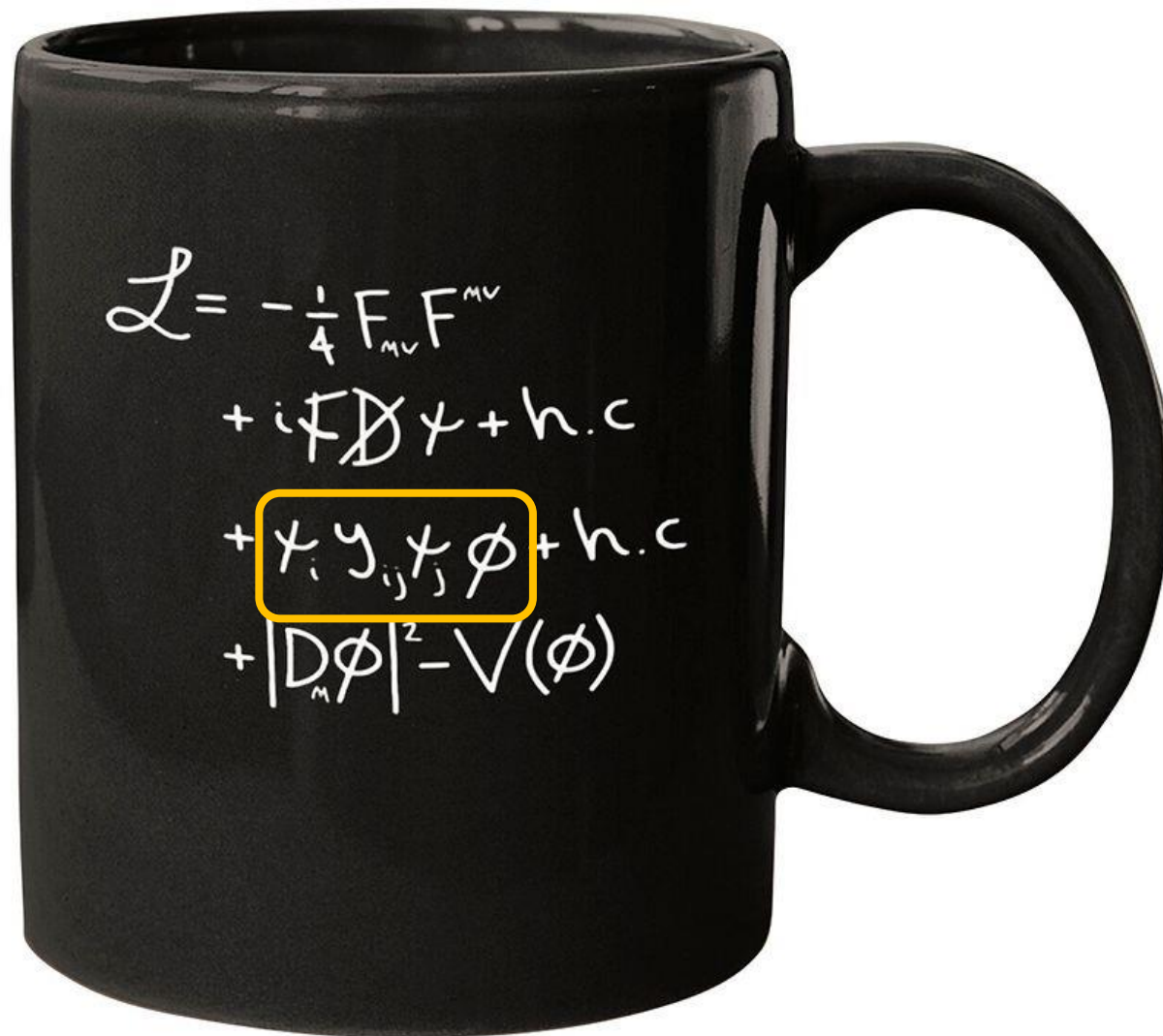
Oct. 2023, Nanjing

“Don’t leave flavor physics just to flavor physicists”
someone awesome, 2019

Flavor Portal?

- ❑ We don't know why there are 3 generations
- ❑ (no CPV with less than 3, hints?)
- ❑ The Higgs hierarchy problem greatly sharpens with the heavy top mass, also the “worst” in flavor hierarchy
- ❑ Flavor probes tend to be very precise

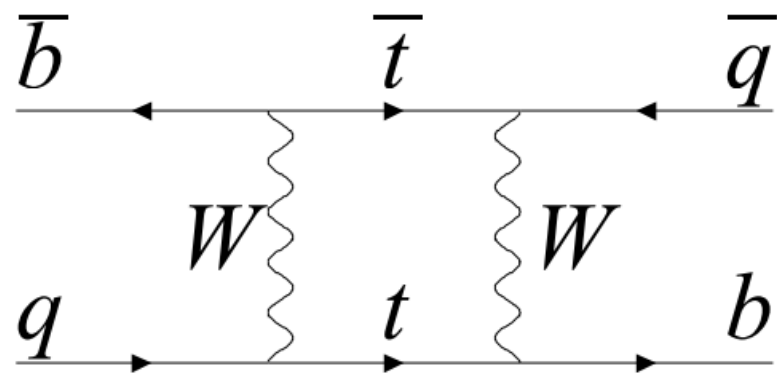
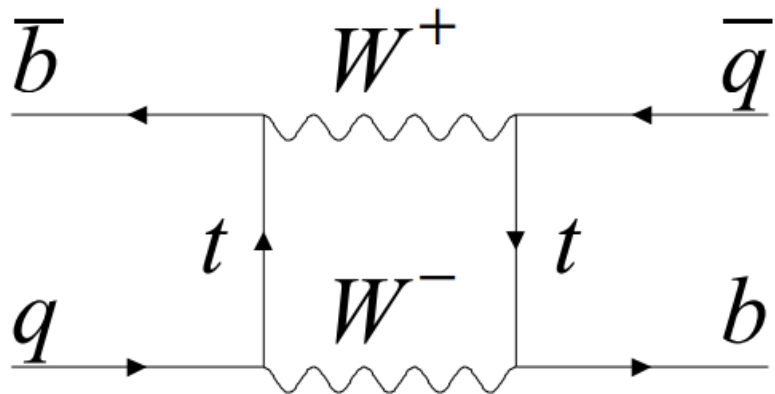




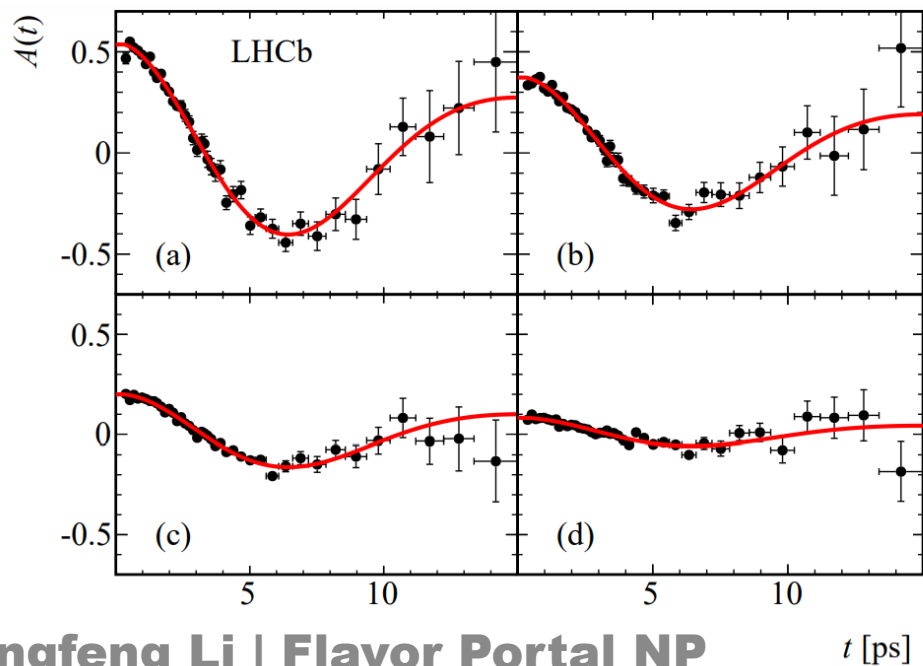
The non-trivial part of flavor physics come from the y_{ij} between gauge eigenstates and the Higgs

If new particles couple to fermions, in general the coupling shall be different than y_{ij} .

If they also not the same as the SM gauge (or their linear combinations), things can go (very) wrong.



$$M_{12} = -\frac{G_F^2 m_W^2 \eta_B m_{B_q} B_{B_q} f_{B_q}^2}{12\pi^2} S_0(m_t^2/m_W^2) \underline{(V_{tq}^* V_{tb})^2}$$



$$\Delta m_q = 2|M_{12}^q| \left[1 + \mathcal{O}(|\Gamma_{12}^q/M_{12}^q|^2) \right],$$

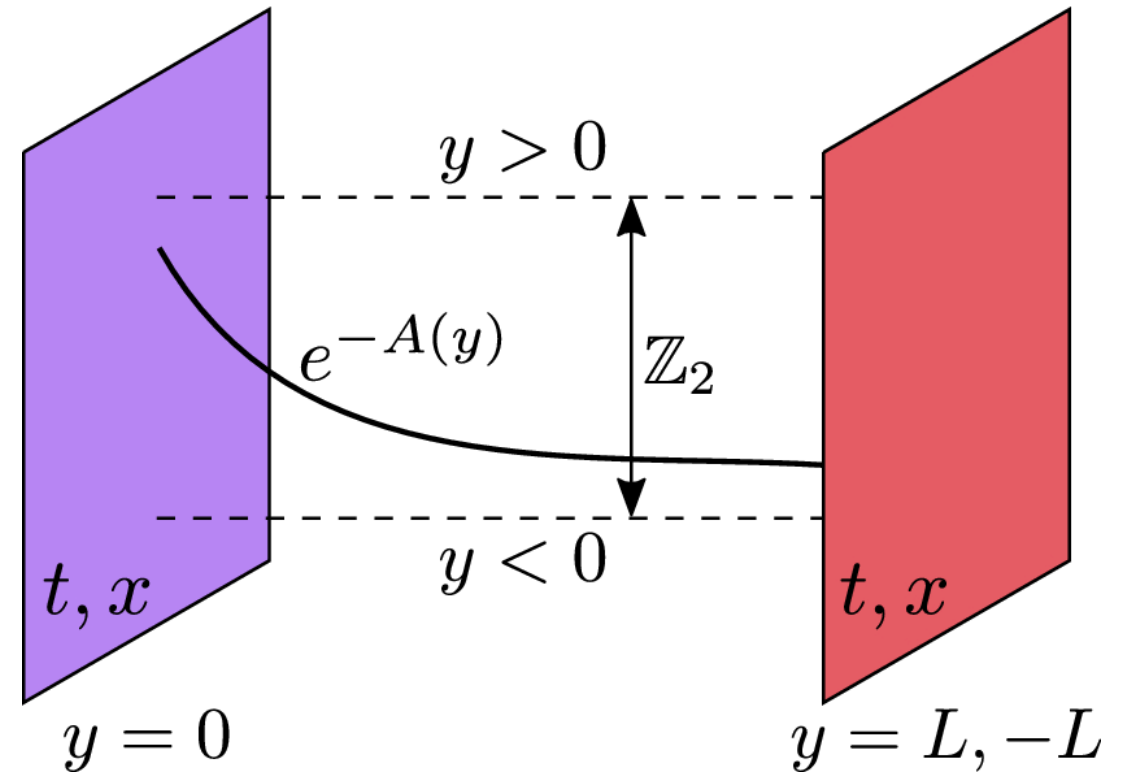
$$\Delta m_{B^0} = m_{B_H^0} - m_{B_L^0}$$

$$(50.65 \pm 0.19) \times 10^{10} \hbar s^{-1}$$

Example

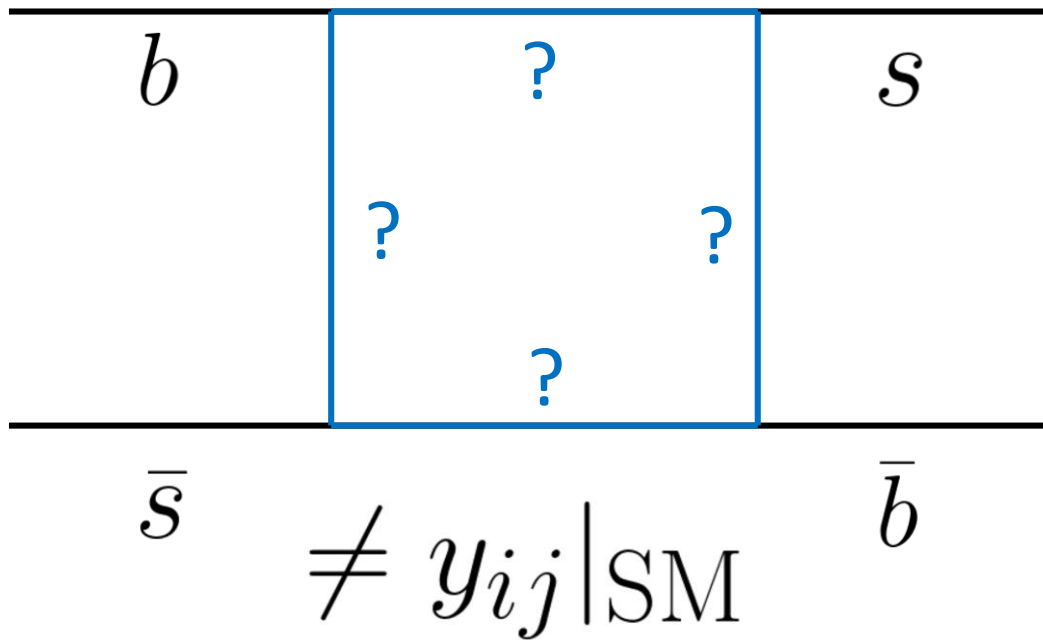
The vanilla Randall-Sundrum (RS) extra dimension model gets huge FCNC rates from strong coupling/mixing between KK modes

→ The new physics scale need to be \gg TeV to avoid bounds, fail to alleviate the hierarchy problem

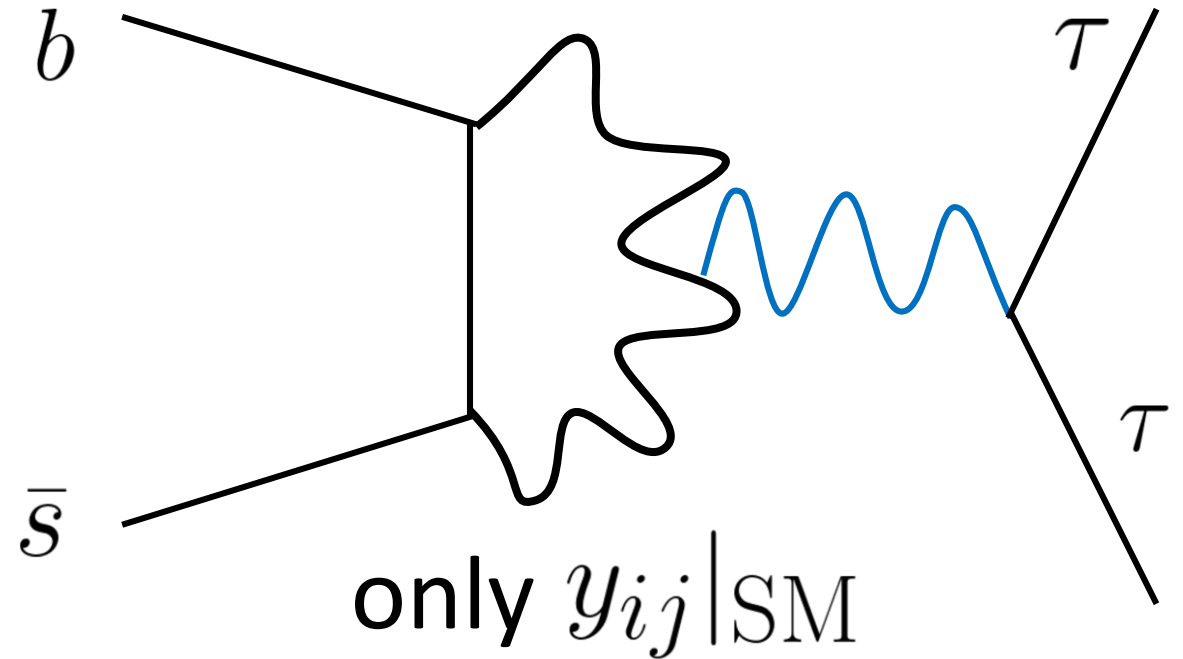


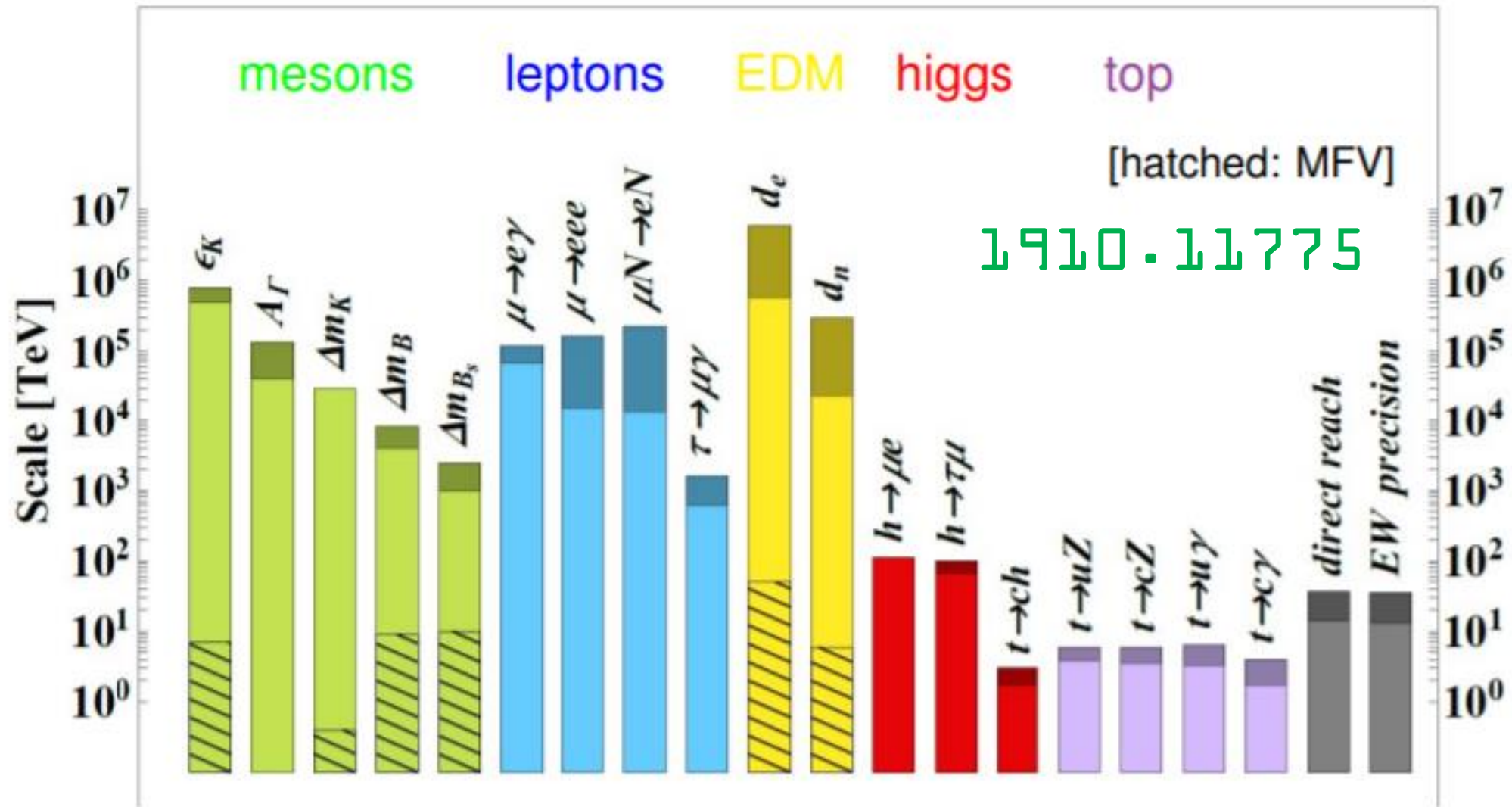
NP Appears in Flavor

❑ “Direct” BSM FCNC



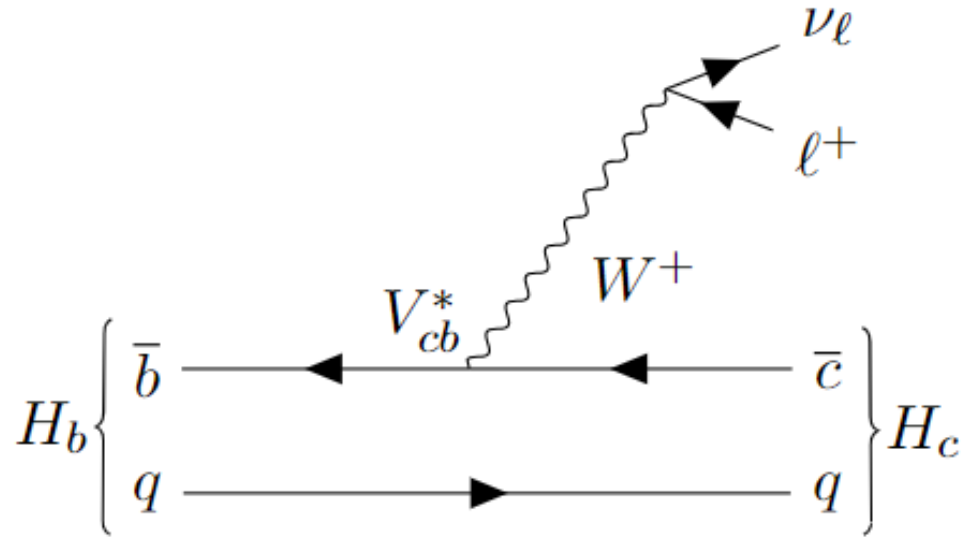
❑ “Indirect” BSM FCNC
 \approx Minimal Flavor Violation





Already at 10 TeV level with MFV
(model-dependent of course)

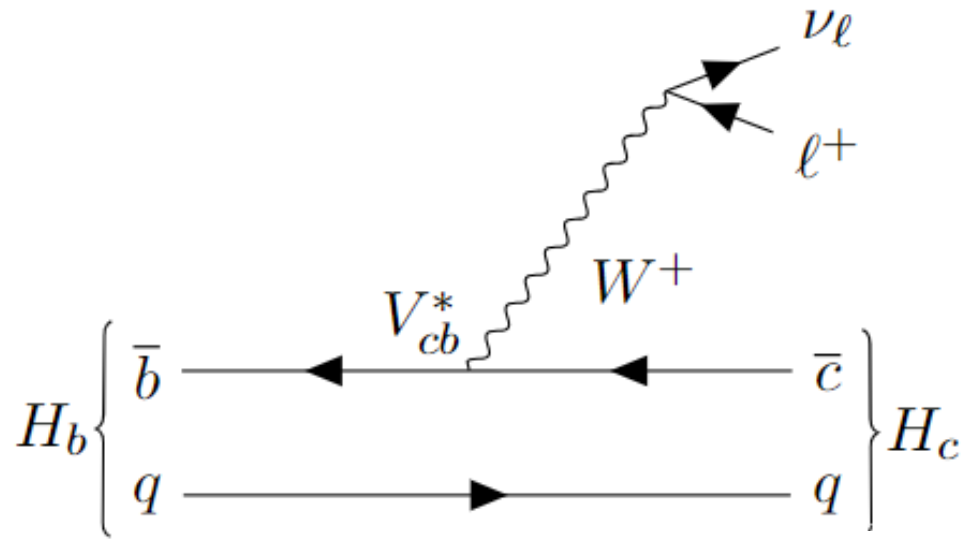
Indirect Discovery with Flavor Physics



$$\Gamma_{\text{SM}} = \frac{G_F^2 m_f^5}{192\pi^3} \times \text{const} \propto \frac{m_f^5}{v^4}$$

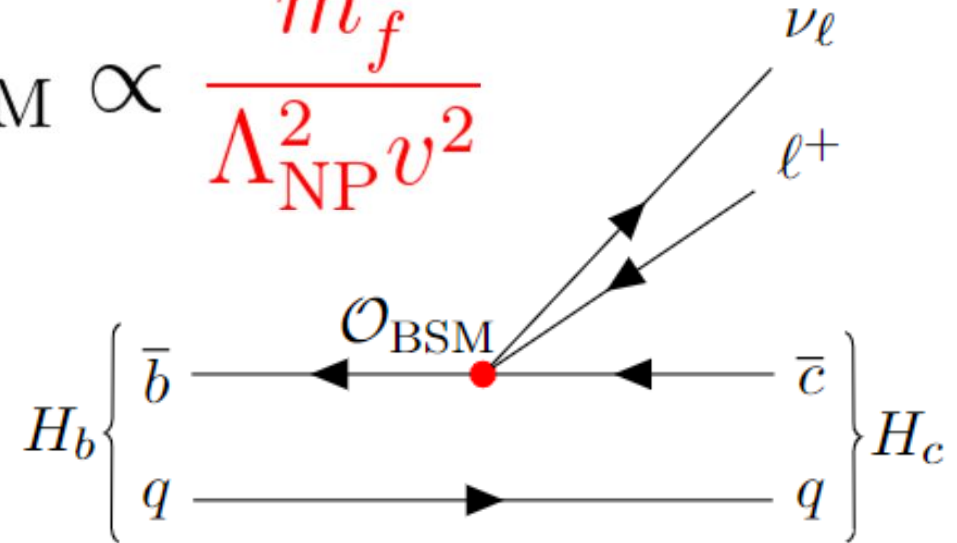
The amplitude of flavor physics in the SM is ALREADY suppressed by the EW scale \rightarrow
 Many flavored states are long-lived ($\Gamma < 10^{-12}$ GeV)

Indirect Discovery with Flavor Physics



$$\Gamma_{\text{BSM}} \propto \frac{m_f^5}{\Lambda_{\text{NP}}^2 v^2}$$

vs.

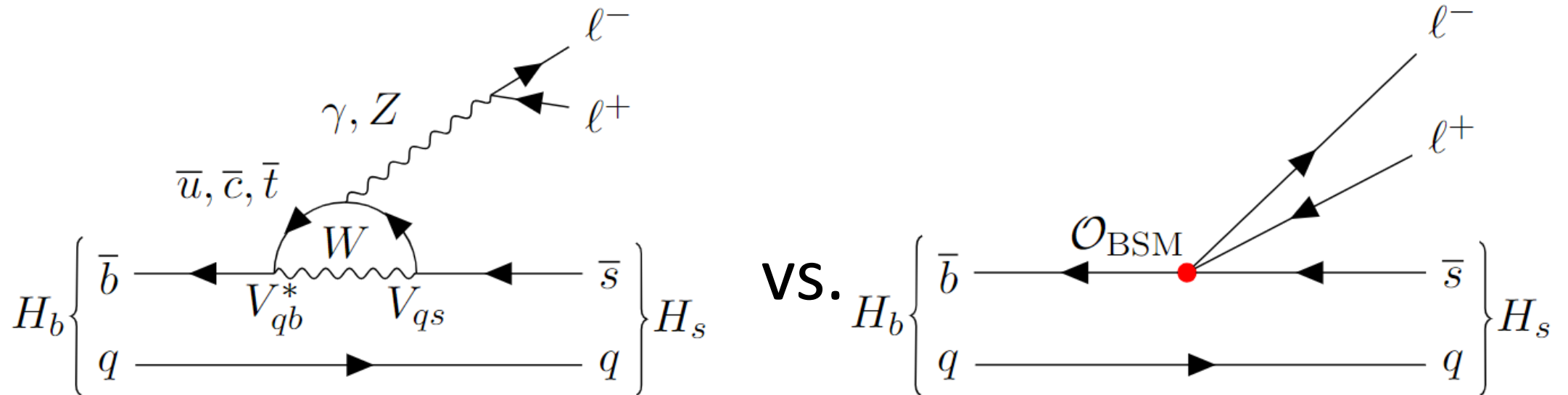


$$\Lambda_{\text{NP}}^{\text{SL}} \sim (G_F |V_{cb}| \delta_{\text{SL}})^{-\frac{1}{2}} \sim (1.5 \text{ TeV}) \times \delta_{\text{SL}}^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

e.g., a 1% relative precision = probing a scale of 15 TeV*

*: certainly depends on the way of interpretation

Indirect Discovery with Flavor Physics



For SM process suppressed by a loop, the same relative precision means a even higher scale*

$$\Lambda_{\text{NP}}^{\text{rare}} \sim \left(\frac{\alpha}{4\pi} \frac{m_t^2}{m_W^2} G_F |V_{tb} V_{ts}^*| \delta_{\text{rare}} \right)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \sim (30 \text{ TeV}) \times \delta_{\text{rare}}^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

*: still depends on your UV theory in mind

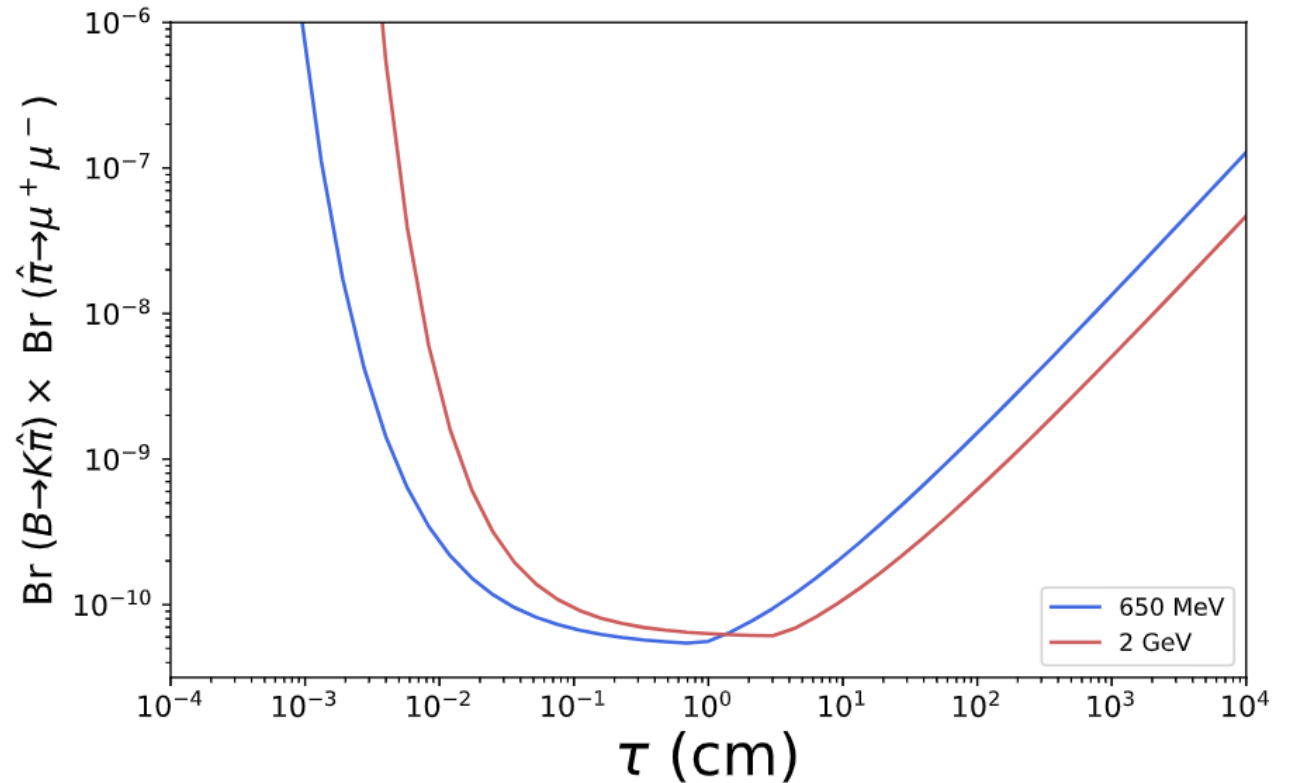
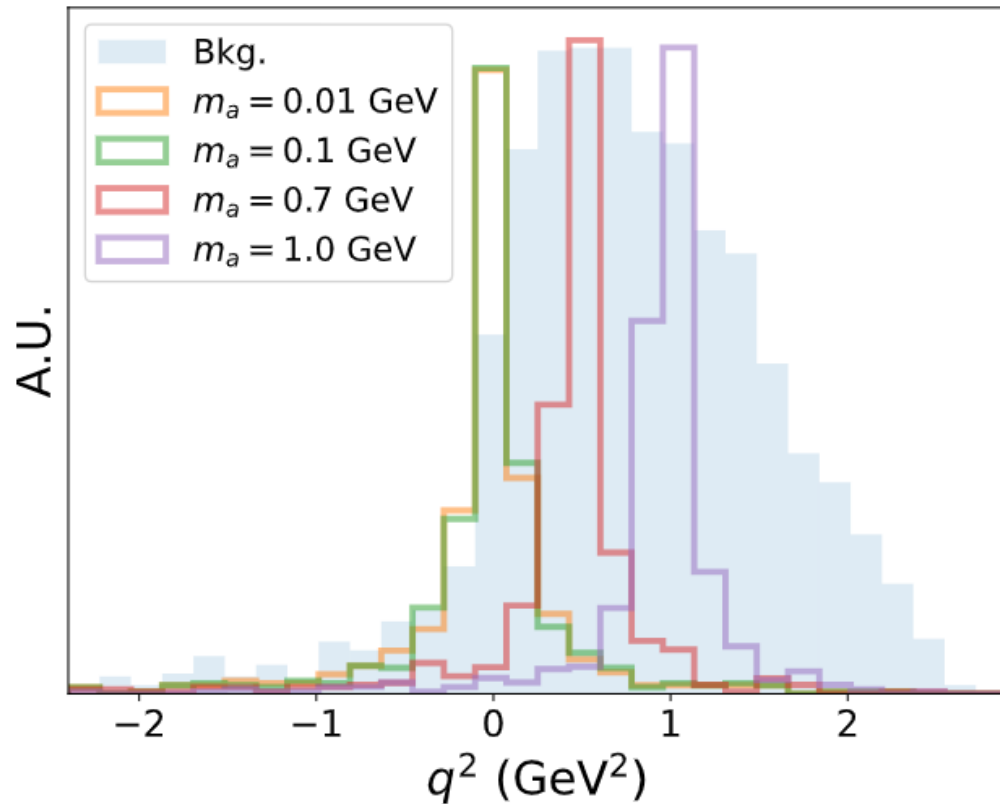
- ❖ Sarcastically, many may think that indirect NP searches through flavor are simply flavor physics as there are no fundamental difference in phenomenology.
- ❖ Limit ourselves to light BSM degrees of freedom with (non)trivial coupling with SM flavors

11 Light BSM States from Heavy Flavors

11.1 Lepton Sector

11.2 Quark Sector

← Joint session for both CEPC
flavor and BSM white paper



See talk from **Anson Kwok** and **Xuhui Jiang**
for more details

Axion-Like Particle (ALP): A Handy Example

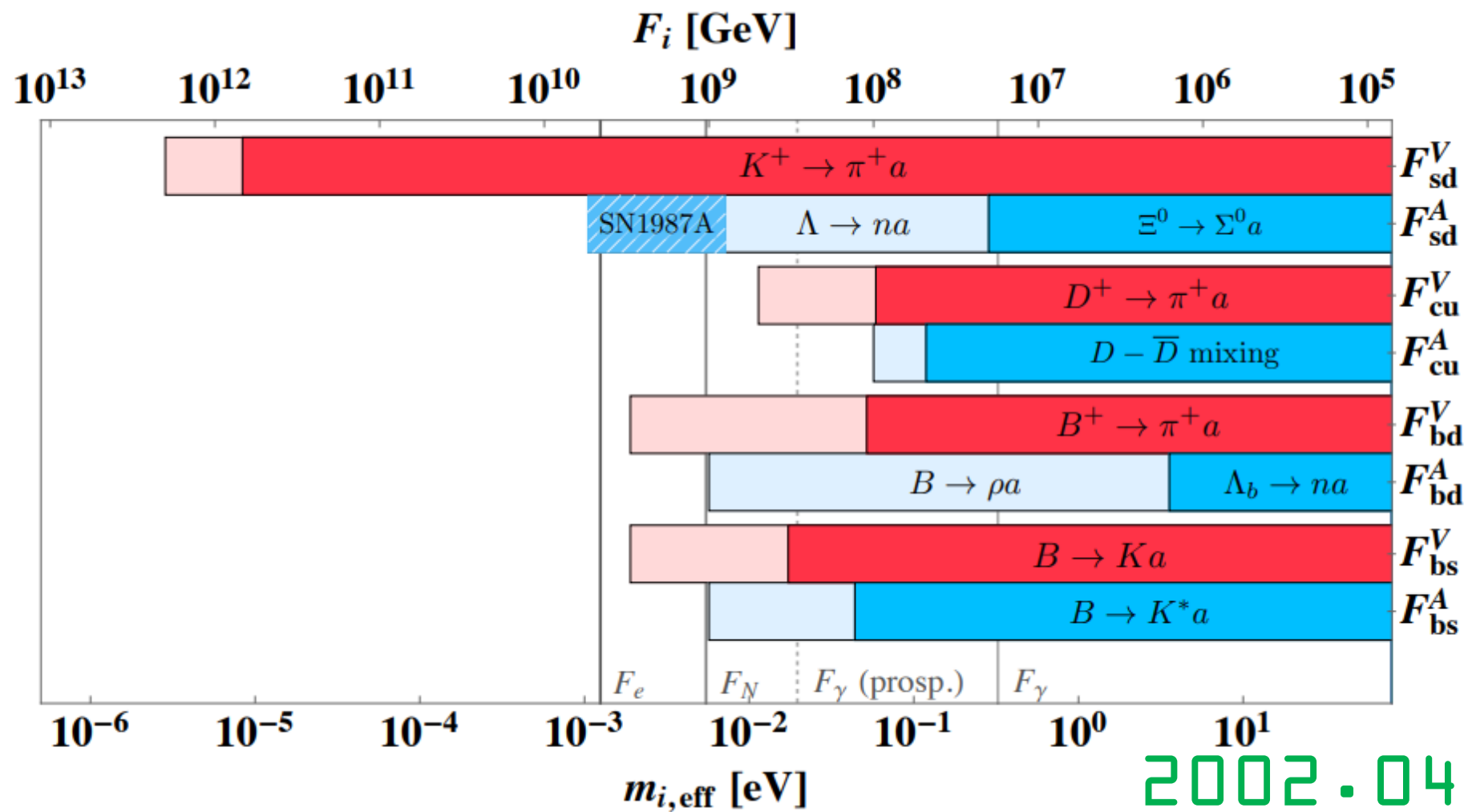
The pNGB of a softly broken U(1) global symmetry at f_a

- Strong CP problem: axion is also an ALP!
- Welcomed by many UV complete theories
- Interesting cosmology, e.g., dark matter candidate
- Represent other states, such as dark QCD pions

$$\mathcal{L}_{aff} = \frac{\partial_\mu a}{2f_a} \bar{f}_i \gamma^\mu (c_{f_i f_j}^V + c_{f_i f_j}^A \gamma_5) f_j ,$$

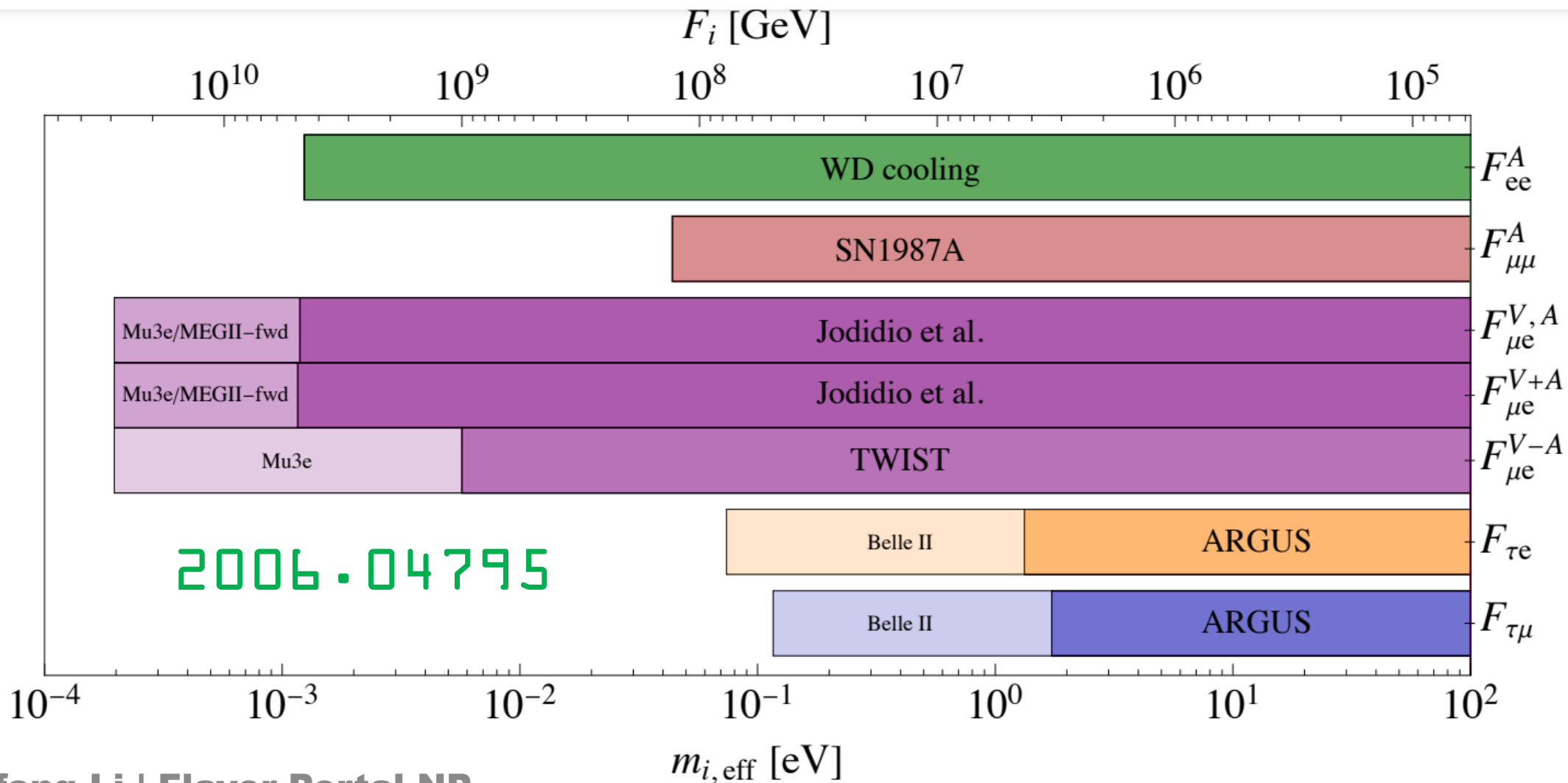
Leads to exotic FCNC processes, e.g., $B \rightarrow K a$ decays

QCD Axion with Off-Diagonal Couplings



2002.04623

Coupling to Leptons

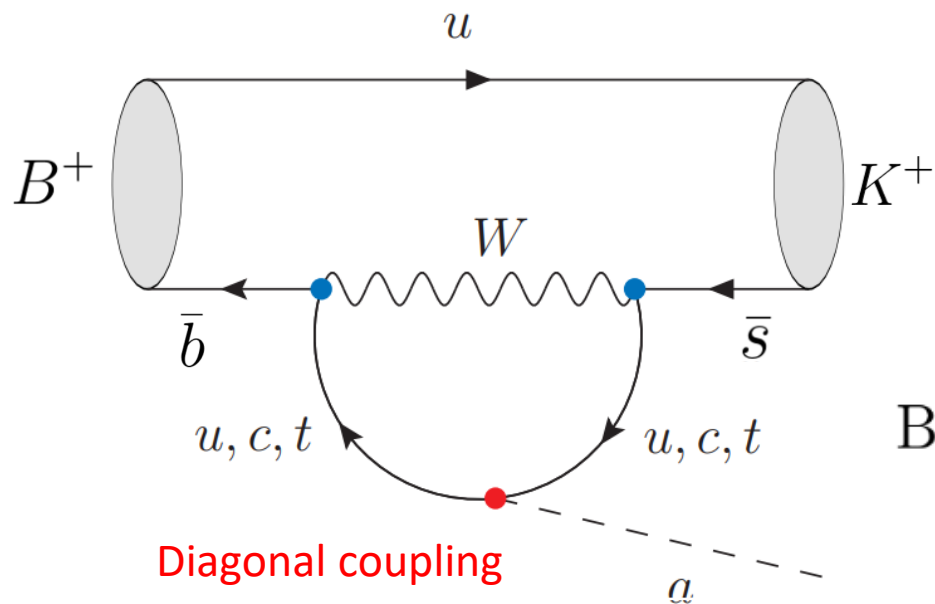


ALP within MFV

$$\frac{\partial_\mu a}{f_a} \bar{f} \gamma^\mu \gamma^5 f$$



$$\frac{\partial_\mu a}{f_a} \frac{g^2 \mathcal{K} V_{ti}^* V_{jt}}{64\pi^2} \bar{f}_i \gamma^\mu \gamma^5 f_j$$

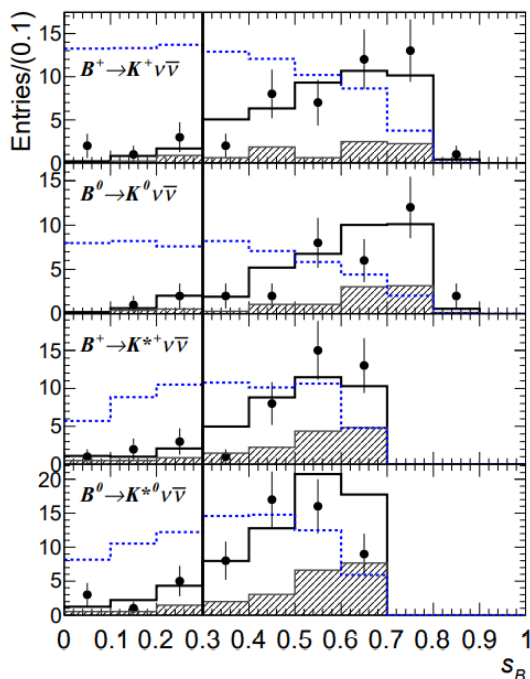


$$\text{BR}(B^{+,0} \rightarrow \{K^+ a, K^{*0} a\}) \approx 1 \times 10^{-8} \left(\frac{1 \text{ PeV}}{f_a} \right)^2 \left(\frac{\mathcal{K}_t}{10} \right)^2$$

Signal: Invisible vs. Long-Lived

ALP, as a feebly interacting particle, is not charged under SM and elusive

➤ If mass \ll GeV, invisible as only decay to photons (or electrons)

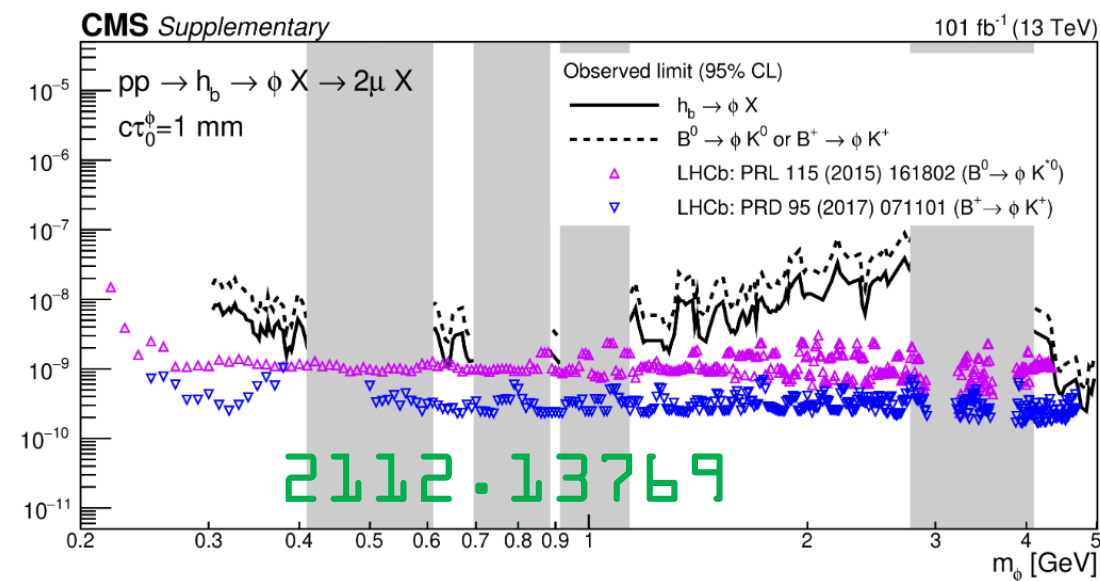


Current limit: $O(10^{-5})$
from flavor factories

1303.7465

➤ If mass $\sim O(\text{GeV})$, long-lived but depending on many parameters

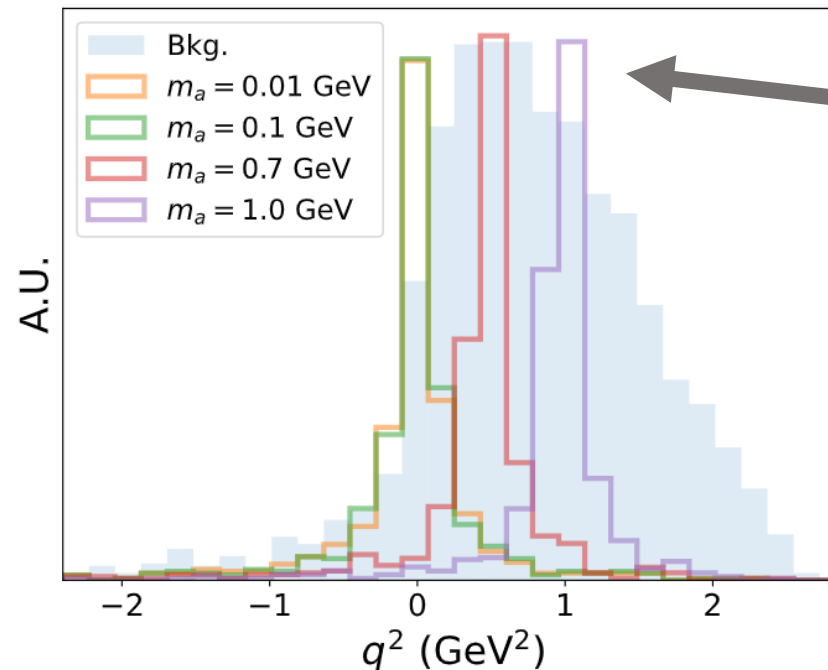
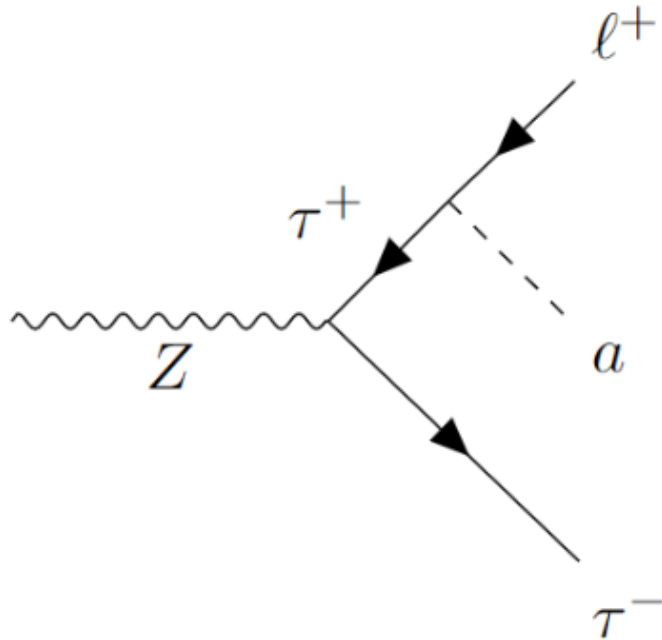
Current Limit: up to $O(10^{-9})$ but lifetime dependent



2112.13769

Benchmark 1: Leptonic

Targeting invisible ALPs, challenging for vertex and track reconstruction

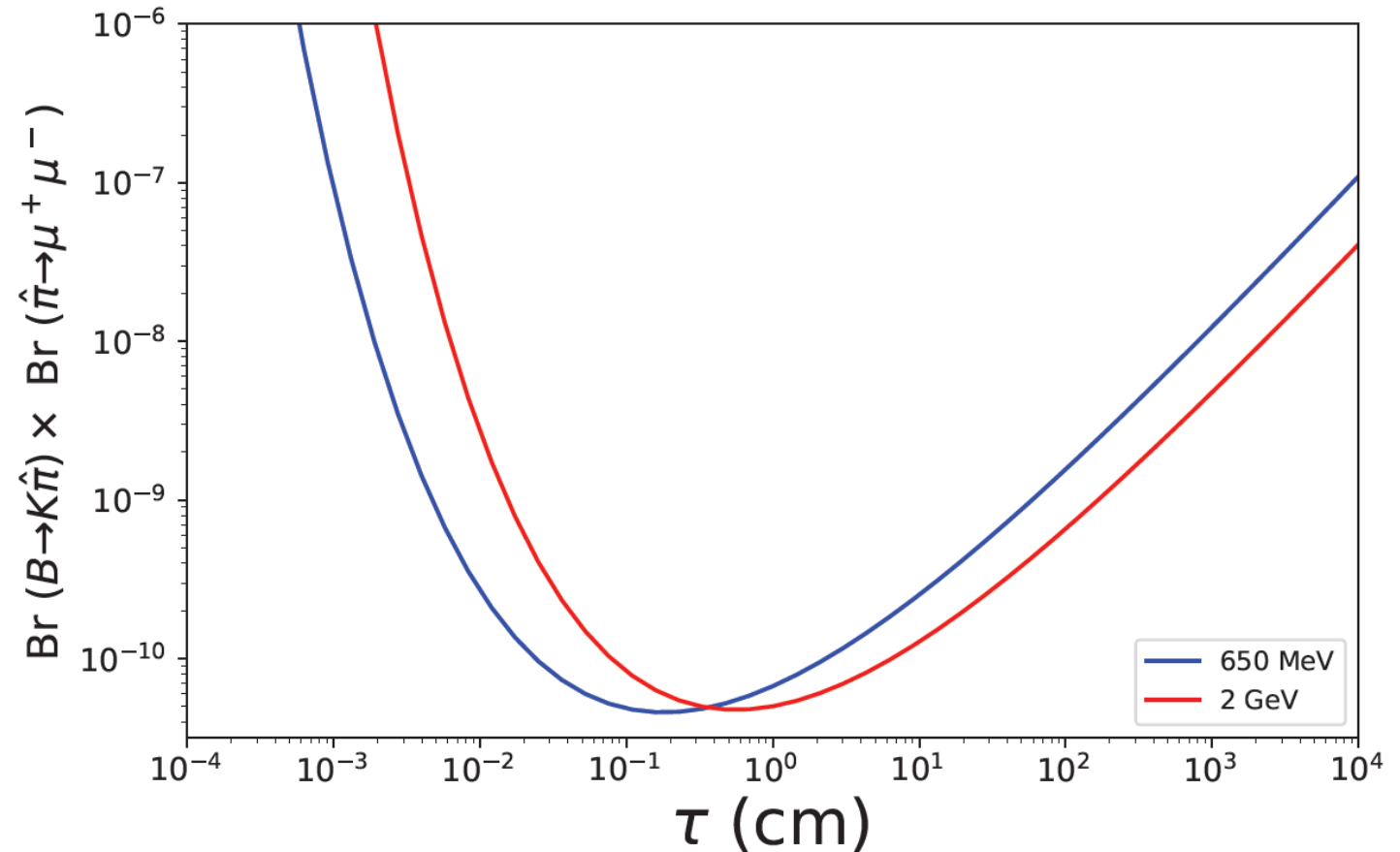
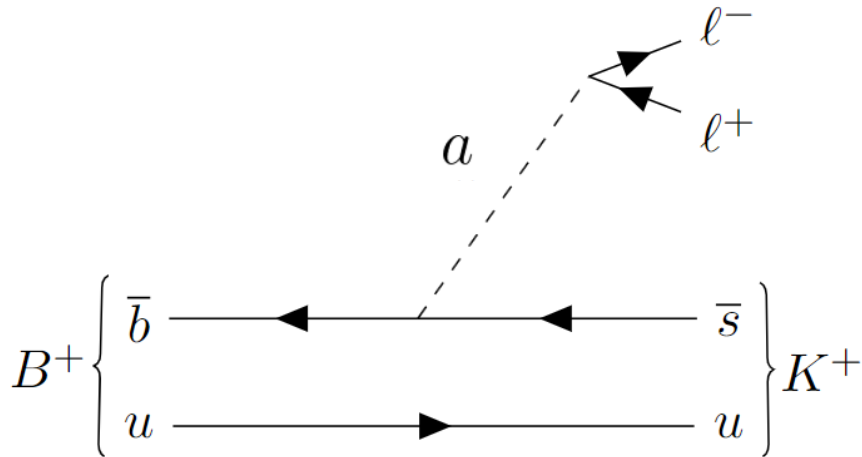


But we get the invisible inv. mass peak here!

Potential to probe exotic BR down to 0 (10^{-6}) level, corresponding an $f_a \approx 10^8$ GeV

Benchmark 2: Hadronic

Dominant dileptonic (muons actually) decays with macroscopic lifetime, greatly help the search



Able to probe $f_a > 10^7$ GeV in the MFV scenario

Summary

- ❖ Flavor physics is closely related to many big problems in HEP (naturalness, baryogenesis, neutrino...)
- ❖ Most flavor studies are also indirect probes of BSM
- ❖ If you don't like the above statement, light resonances can still have enhanced production via flavor portal
- ❖ CEPC has good phenomenology potential

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someone awesome, 2019

“The tasty discovery awaits!”