

REVIEW

CHARMONIUM DECAYS

BY 9 PAPERS

**Celebration Ceremony of the 500 Publications
of BESIII Collaboration**

2023-5-31, IHEP & on-line Joint

Kai Zhu



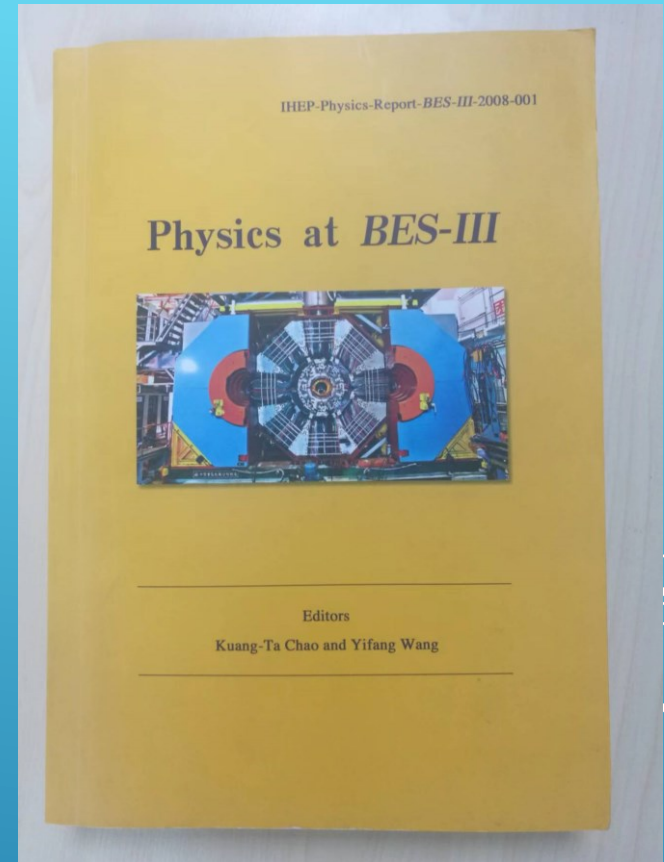
- ▶ arXiv: 0809.1869
- ▶ **2008-10-10**

0# PAPER OF BESIII

Chapter 13

Theoretical Frameworks of Charmonium Physics

Two heavy quarks, i.e. heavy quarkonia, play a prominent role in investigations of QCD dynamics both within and beyond the Standard Model [1]. These are multi-scale systems that probe all of the energy regimes of QCD: from the hard region, where expansions in the coupling constant are legitimate, to the low-energy region, where nonperturbative effects dominate. Heavy quark-antiquark states are thus an ideal, and to some extent unique, laboratory where our understanding of nonperturbative QCD and its interplay with perturbative QCD can be tested in a controlled framework. In correspondence with the hierarchy of energy scales in quarkonia, a hierarchy of nonrelativistic effective field theories (NR EFT) may be constructed, each one with fewer degrees of freedom that are left dynamical and thus simpler. Some of these physical scales are large and may be treated with perturbation theory. These features make heavy quarkonia a unique laboratory for testing QCD.



“PHYSICS AT BES-III” (YELLOW BOOK)

15 Charmonium transitions	327
15.1 Hadronic transitions	327
15.1.1 QCD Multipole Expansion	327
15.1.2 Hadronic Transitions Between S -Wave Quarkonia	328
15.1.3 $\pi\pi$ Transitions of D -Wave Charmonium	331
15.1.4 Studying the h_c State	333
15.1.5 $\pi\pi$ Transitions of P -Wave Quarkonia	335
15.1.6 Summary	337
15.2 Radiative transition	338
15.2.1 E1 radiative transitions	338
15.2.2 Accessing the new states near 3.9 GeV through E1 transitions	342
15.2.3 M1 radiative transitions	343
18 Hadronic decays	393
18.1 Light-hadron decays	393
18.1.1 $J/\psi, \psi'$ decay	394
18.1.2 η_c decay	395
18.1.3 P -wave χ_{cJ} decay	396
18.2 P -wave h_c decay	398
18.3 $\rho - \pi$ puzzle	400
18.3.1 Introduction	400
18.3.2 Review of theoretical work on the $\rho\pi$ puzzle	400
18.3.3 Summary	411
18.4 Open-flavor decays	411
18.5 $\psi(3770)$ non- $D\bar{D}$ decays	414
18.5.1 Introduction	414
18.5.2 S-D mixing and mixing angle θ_{mix}	415
18.5.3 Electromagnetic transitions	417
18.5.4 Hadronic transitions	419
18.5.5 Light hadron decays	421
18.5.6 Studies of inclusive decays	424
18.5.7 Summary	427
18.6 Baryonic decays	427
18.6.1 Introduction	427
18.6.2 Theoretical Framework	428

16 Charmonium Leptonic and EM Decays	365
16.1 Leptonic and EM Decays in Potential Models	365
16.1.1 e^+e^- widths of 1^{--} states	365
16.1.2 Two-photon couplings	366
16.1.3 QCD radiative and relativistic corrections to EM decays	367
16.2 Leptonic and EM Decays in Effective Field Theories	371
16.2.1 Introduction	371
16.2.2 Weak coupling regime	372
16.2.3 Final discussion	376
17 Radiative decays	379
17.1 Inclusive Radiative Decays	379
17.1.1 Introduction	379
17.1.2 The photon spectrum	379
17.1.3 Extraction of $\alpha_s(M_{J/\psi})$	387
17.1.4 Learning about the nature of J/ψ and $\psi(2S)$	387

19 Rare and forbidden charmonium decays	445
19.1 Weak Decays of Charmonium	445
19.1.1 Semileptonic Decays of Charmonium	445
19.1.2 Two-body Weak Hadronic Decays of Charmonium	446
19.1.3 Searches at $BES\text{-III}$	448
19.2 Search for the invisible decays of Quarkonium	449
19.3 Search for C or P violating processes in J/ψ decays	454
19.4 Lepton flavor violating processes in decays of J/ψ	456

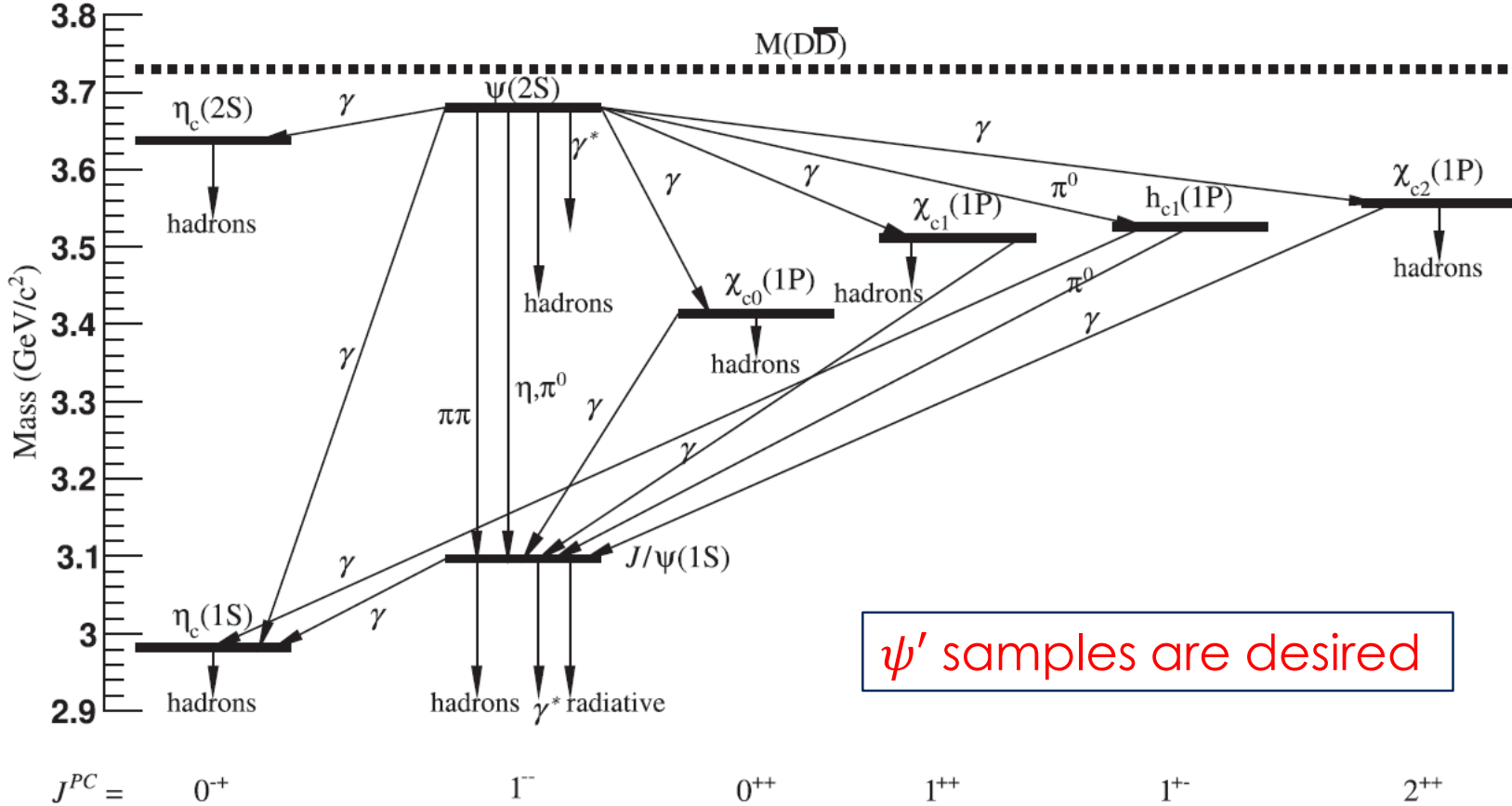
20 Miscellaneous	459
20.1 Bell inequalities in high energy physics	459
20.2 Special topics in $B\bar{B}$ final states	465
20.2.1 SU(3) flavor symmetry breaking effects	465
20.2.2 CP violation	466
20.2.3 Exotic states	469
20.2.4 Meson-nucleon bound states	471

15 Charmonium transitions

15.1 Hadronic transitions	327
15.1.1 QCD Multipole Expansion	327
15.1.2 Hadronic Transitions Between S -Wave Quarkonia	328
15.1.3 $\pi\pi$ Transitions of D -Wave Charmonium	331
15.1.4 Studying	
15.1.5 $\pi\pi$ Tran	
15.1.6 Summary	
15.2 Radiative transi	
15.2.1 E1 radiat	
15.2.2 Accessing	
15.2.3 M1 radia	

18 Hadronic decays

18.1 Light-hadron c	
18.1.1 $J/\psi, \psi'$	
18.1.2 η_c deca	
18.1.3 P -wav	
18.2 P -wave h_c deca	
18.3 $\rho - \pi$ puzzle	
18.3.1 Introdu	
18.3.2 Review	
18.3.3 Summa	
18.4 Open-flavor de	
18.5 $\psi(3770)$ non- L	
18.5.1 Introdu	
18.5.2 S - D mi	
18.5.3 Electro	
18.5.4 Hadron	
18.5.5 Light hadron decays	421
18.5.6 Studies of inclusive decays	424
18.5.7 Summary	427
18.6 Baryonic decays	427
18.6.1 Introduction	427
18.6.2 Theoretical Framework	428



ψ' samples are desired

16 Charmonium Leptonic and EM Decays

16.1 Leptonic and EM Decays in Potential Models	365
16.1.1 e^+e^- widths of 1^{--} states	365
16.1.2 Two-photon couplings	366
16.1.3 QCD radiative and relativistic corrections to EM decays	367

365

379

445

459

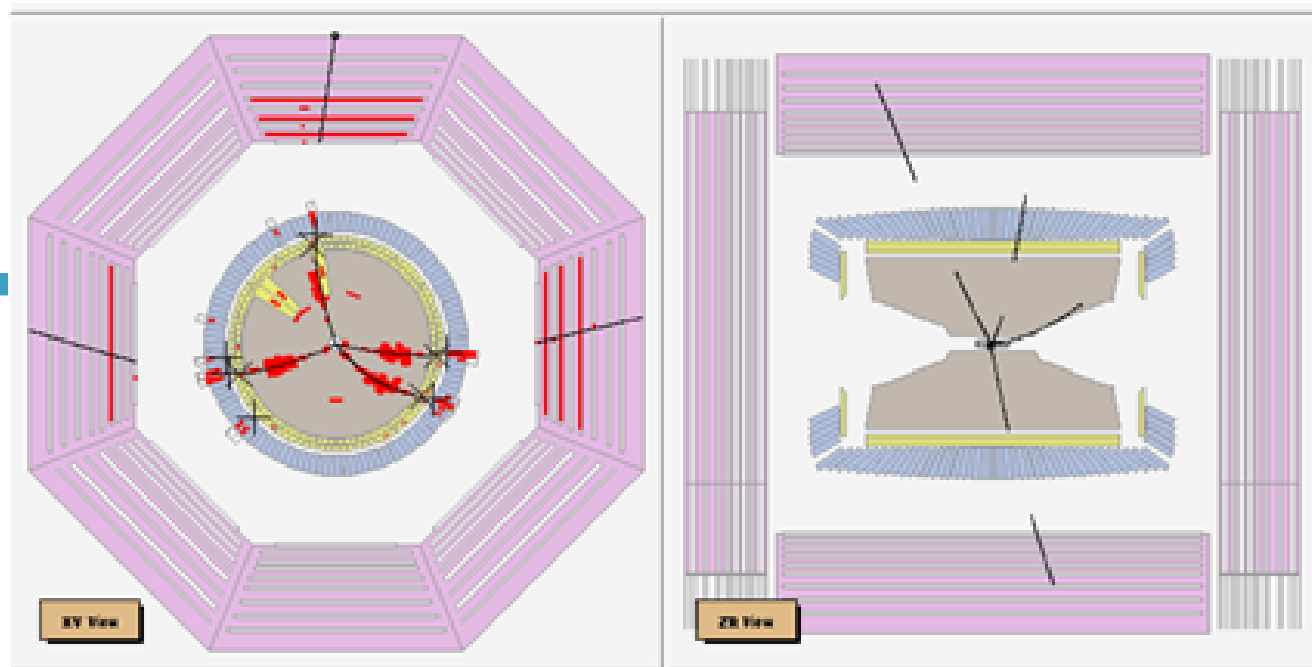
20.2 Special topics in $B\bar{B}$ final states	465
20.2.1 SU(3) flavor symmetry breaking effects	465
20.2.2 CP violation	466
20.2.3 Exotic states	469
20.2.4 Meson-nucleon bound states	471

5

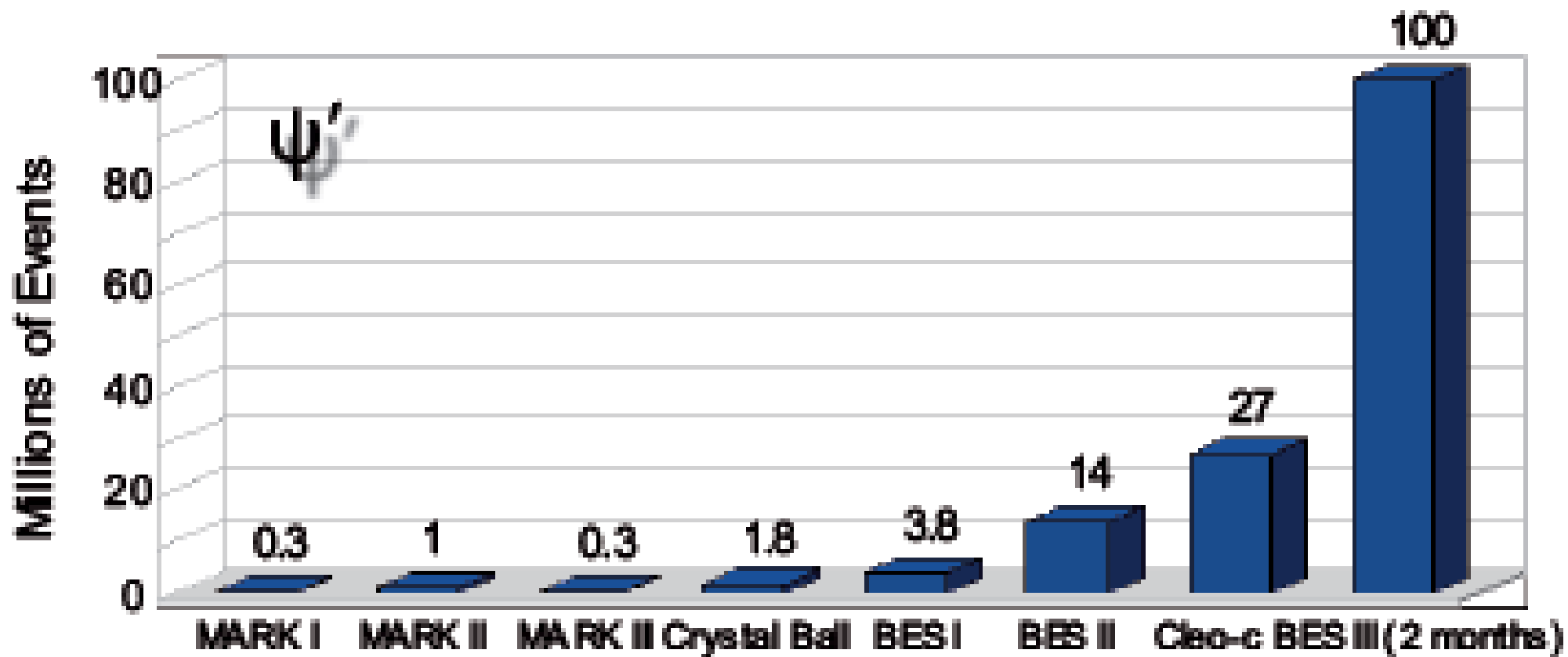
2023/5/31

* runno	status	start-time	end-time	no-of-evts	no-of-had	lumi :
0007958	0	2009-03-03 19:14:23	2009-03-03 20:39:01	6107517	-1	-1.000 :
0007959	0	2009-03-03 20:47:00	2009-03-03 20:56:22	344811	-1	-1.000 :
0007960	0	0000-00-00 00:00:00	0000-00-00 00:00:00	-1	-1	-1.000 :
0007961	0	0000-00-00 00:00:00	0000-00-00 00:00:00	-1	-1	-1.000 :
0008092	2	2009-03-06 03:24:00	2009-03-06 03:24:00	12	12	894.400 :
MDC HV warned once at 4:15 AM						
0008093	3	2009-03-06 06:14:00				.600 :
0008094	-2	0000-00-00 00:00:00				.000 :
0008095	-2	0000-00-00 00:00:00				.000 :
0008096	-2	0000-00-00 00:00:00				.000 :
0008097	-2	0000-00-00 00:00:00				.000 :
0009022	-3	2009-04-14 01:28:49				000 :
0009023	2	2009-04-14 02:11:05				336 :
MUC BD4 no HV						
0009024	2	2009-04-14 04:42:21				745 :
MUC BD4 no HV, TOF T east high noise level						
0009025	2	2009-04-14 06:21:35				753 :
MUC BD4 no HV, beam lost, MDC trip-- stop						

ψ' data taking



8093: First Physics Run @ BESIII

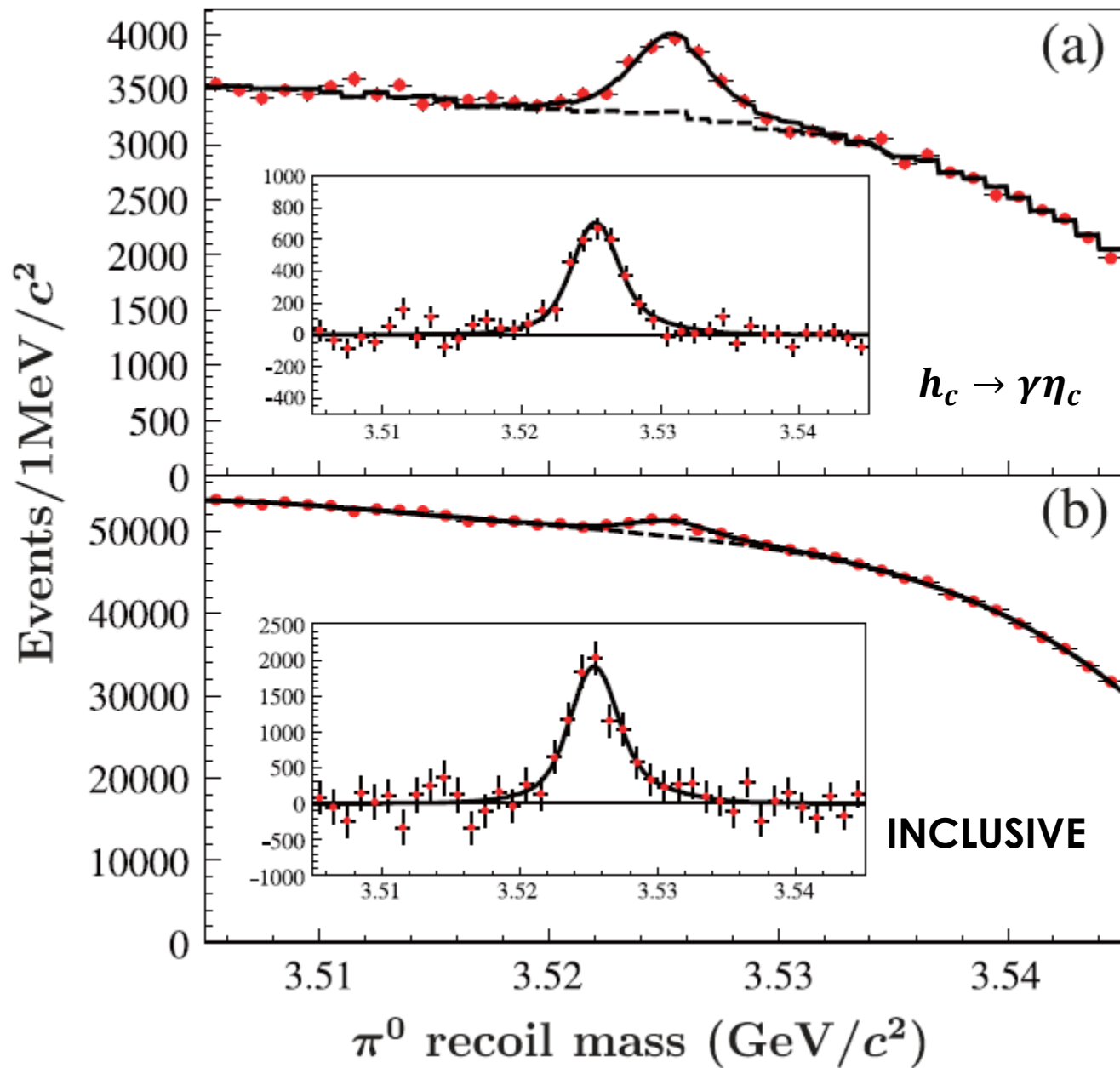


107M

Copy from MESON 2010

- ▶ arXiv: 1002.0501
- ▶ **2010-02-02**
- ▶ Phys. Rev. Lett. 104, 132002 (2010)

1 # PAPER OF BESIII

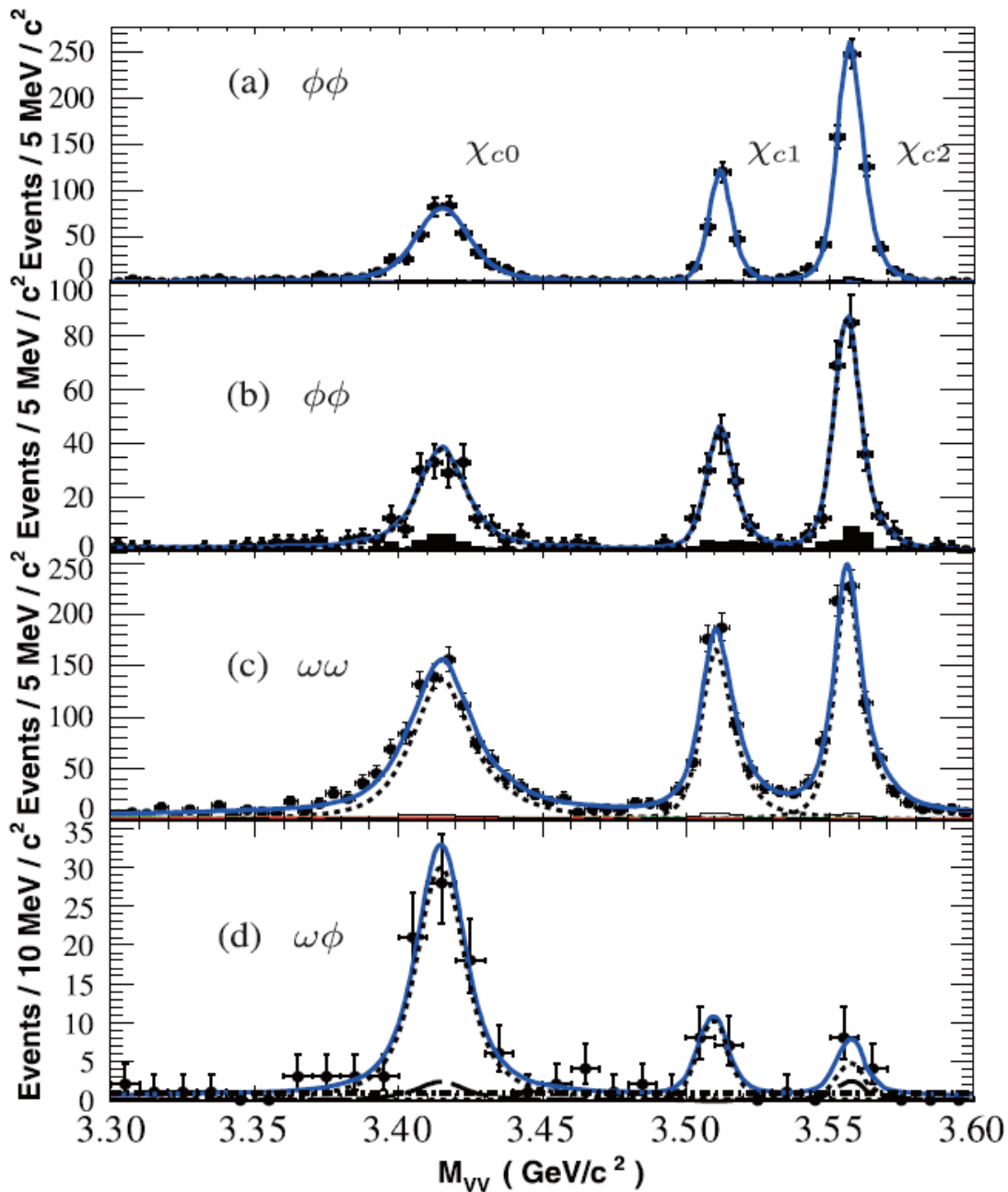


First measurement:
 $B(\psi(3686) \rightarrow \pi^0 h_c) = (8.4 \pm 1.3 \pm 1.0) \times 10^{-4}$
 $B(h_c \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c) = (54.3 \pm 6.7 \pm 5.2)\%$

Measurement of h_c in $\psi(3686)$ decay

- ▶ arXiv: [1104.5068](https://arxiv.org/abs/1104.5068)
- ▶ **2011-04-28**
- ▶ Phys. Rev. Lett.107, 092001 (2011)

9# PAPER



$$B(\chi_{c1} \rightarrow \phi\phi) = (4.4 \pm 0.3 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-4}$$

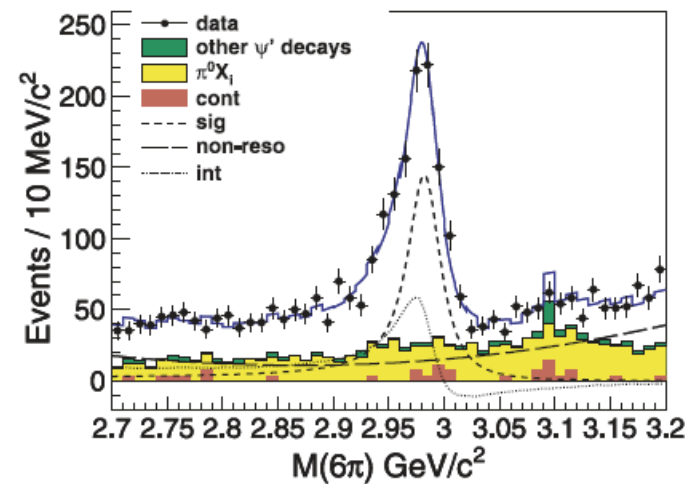
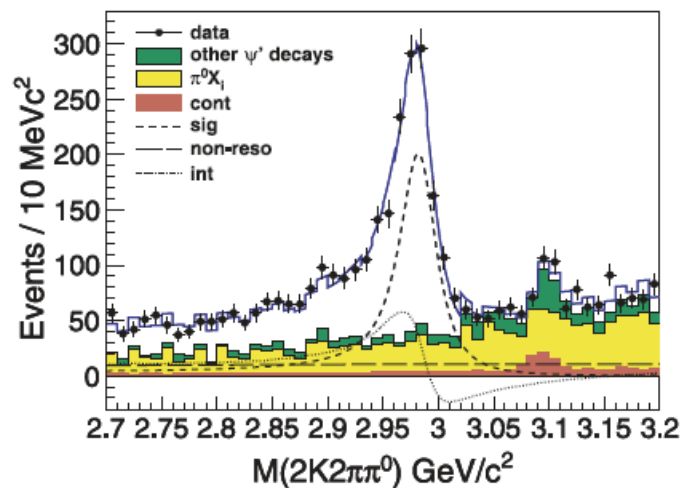
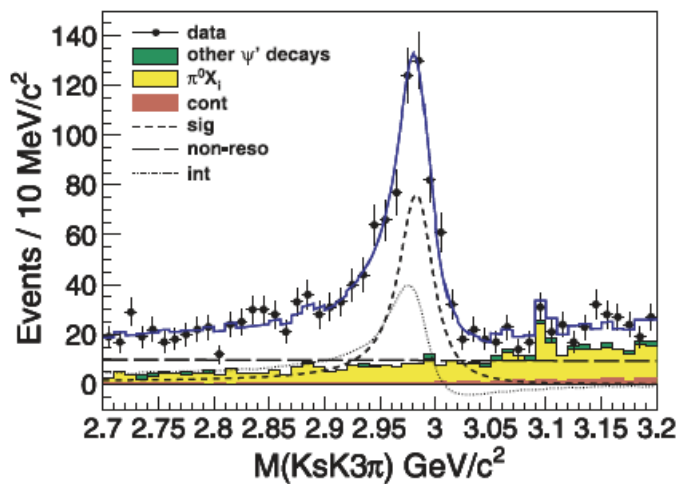
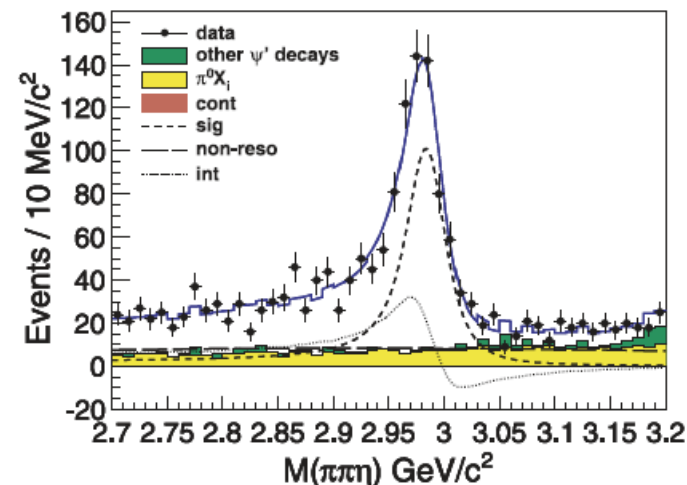
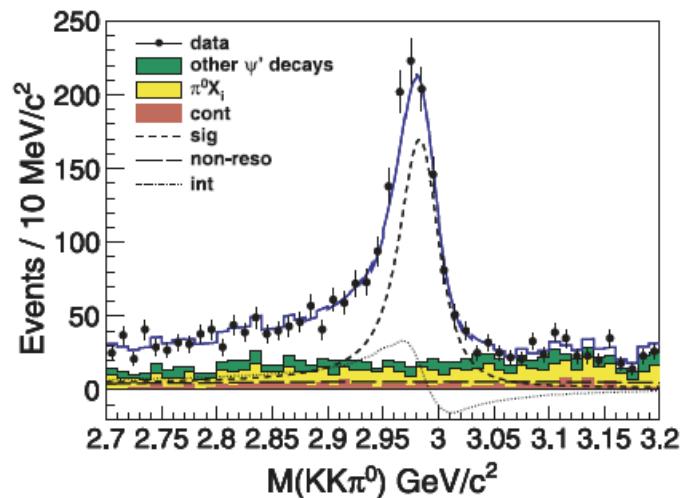
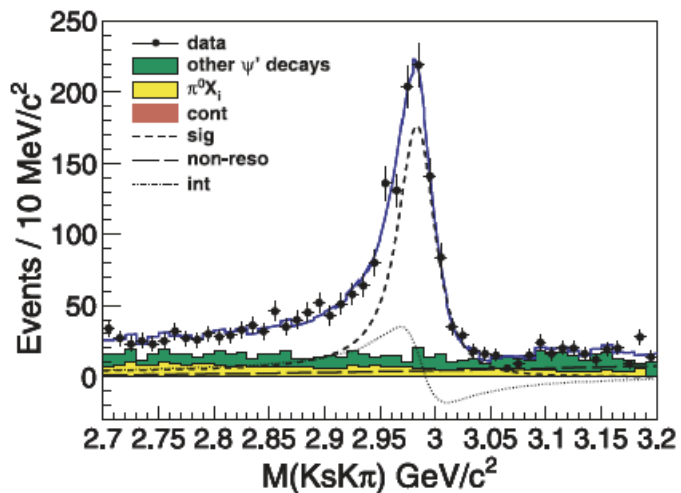
$$B(\chi_{c1} \rightarrow \omega\omega) = (6.0 \pm 0.3 \pm 0.7) \times 10^{-4}$$

$$B(\chi_{c1} \rightarrow \omega\phi) = (2.2 \pm 0.6 \pm 0.2) \times 10^{-5}$$

Observations
of $\chi_{c1} \rightarrow VV$
violate helicity
selection rule

- ▶ arXiv:1111.0398
- ▶ **2011-11-02**
- ▶ Phys. Rev. Lett. 108, 222002 (2012)

14# PAPER



$$M: 2984.3 \pm 0.6 \pm 0.6 \text{ MeV}; \Gamma: 32.0 \pm 1.2 \pm 1.0 \text{ MeV}$$

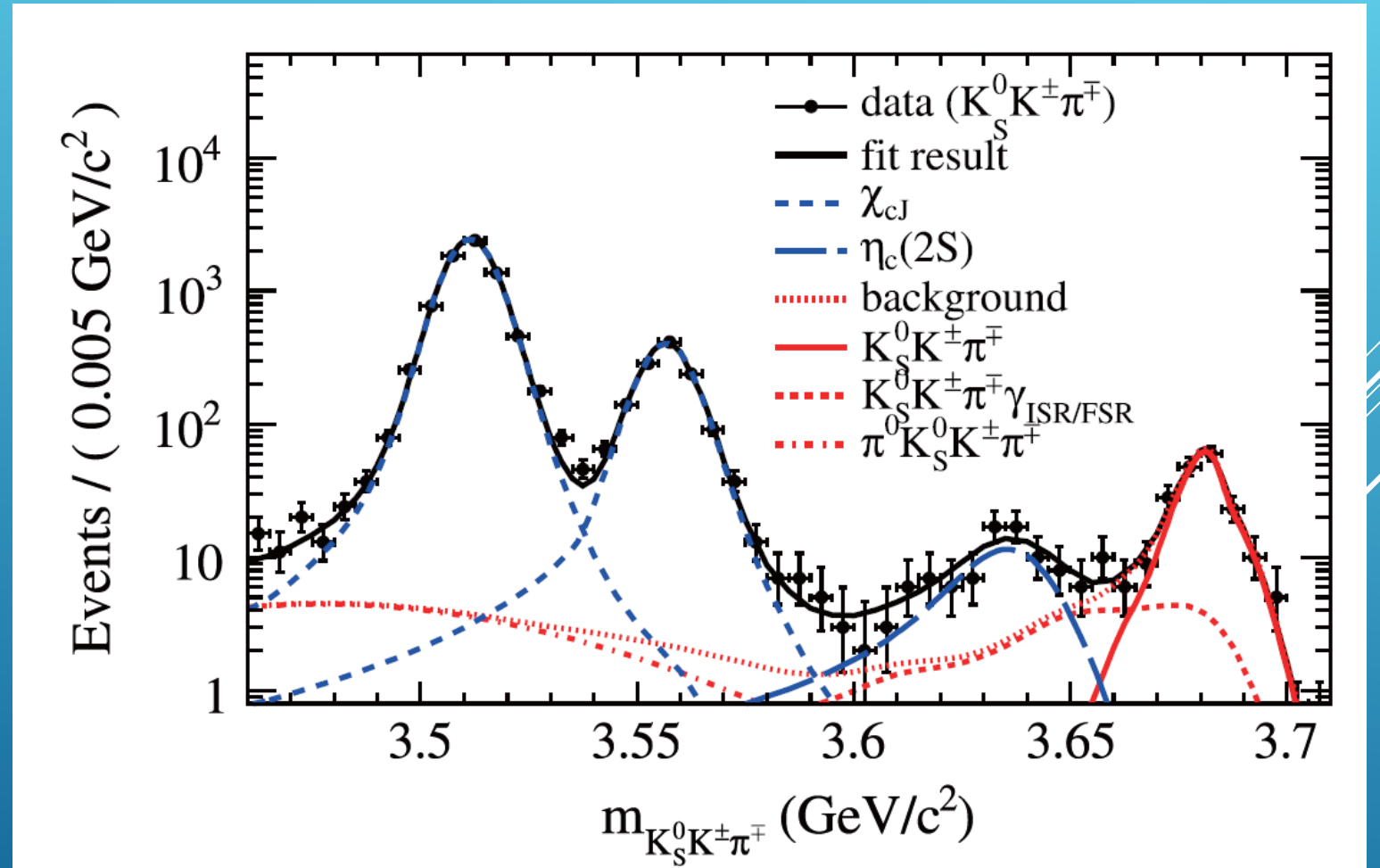
η_c parameters: consider interference

- ▶ arXiv: [1205.5103](https://arxiv.org/abs/1205.5103)
- ▶ **2012-05-23**
- ▶ [Phys. Rev. Lett. 109, 042003 \(2012\)](https://doi.org/10.1103/PhysRevLett.109.042003)

22# PAPER

$$B(\psi(3686) \rightarrow \gamma\eta_c(2S)) \times B(\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow K\bar{K}\pi) = (1.30 \pm 0.20 \pm 0.30) \times 10^{-5}$$

First observation
of the M1 transition
 $\psi(3686) \rightarrow \gamma\eta_c(2S)$

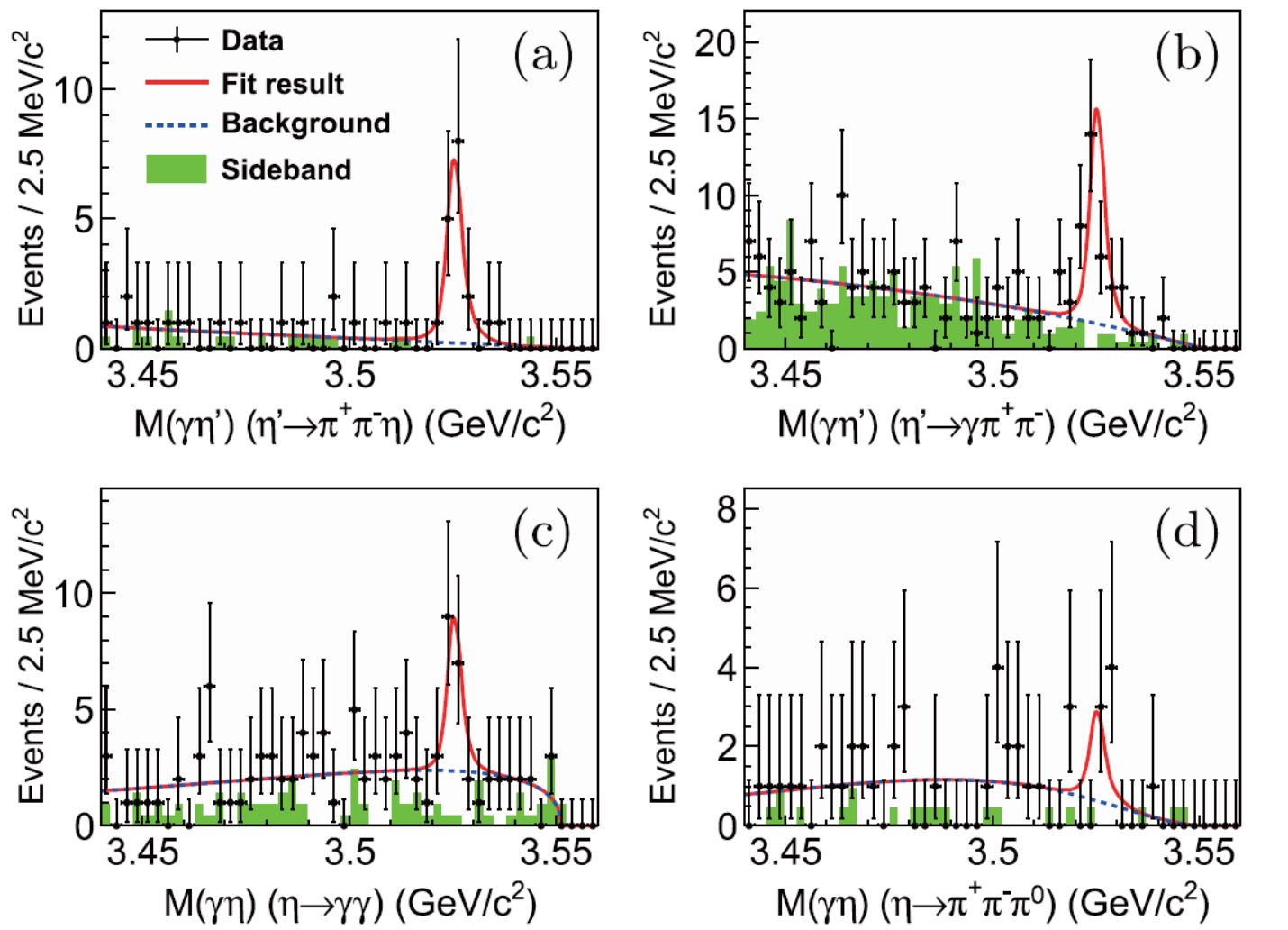


- ▶ Run: 25338-27090
- ▶ **Time: 2011-12-31 to 2012-03-30**
- ▶ Lum: 600/pb
- ▶ Nevt: 341 M

More ψ' data set: total 448M (2009+2012)

- ▶ arXiv: [1603.04936](https://arxiv.org/abs/1603.04936)
- ▶ **2016-03-17**
- ▶ [Phys.Rev.Lett. 116, 251802 \(2016\)](#)

123# PAPER



$$B(h_c \rightarrow \gamma\eta') = (1.52 \pm 0.27 \pm 0.29) \times 10^{-3}$$

$$B(h_c \rightarrow \gamma\eta) = (4.7 \pm 1.5 \pm 1.4) \times 10^{-4}$$

$$h_c \rightarrow \gamma\eta': 8.4\sigma$$

$$h_c \rightarrow \gamma\eta: 4.0\sigma$$

Observation of h_c radiative decay

based on 448M ψ'

- ▶ arXiv: 1912.05983
- ▶ **2019-12-12**
- ▶ Chin. Phys. C 44, 040001 (2020)

288# PAPER

FUTURE PHYSICS PROGRAMME OF BESIII (WHITE PAPER)

The charmonium observables can be taken from spectroscopy (e.g. masses and widths), transitions (e.g. transition rates), leptonic and electromagnetic decays, radiative decays, hadronic decays, rare and forbidden decays, and some miscellaneous topics such as the Bell inequalities in high energy physics and special topics in $B\bar{B}$ final states, where B refers to baryon. BESIII is well suited to address the remaining experimental questions that are related to the low-mass charmonium spectrum, i.e. below the open-charm threshold, such as a precise determination of the mass and width of η_c , h_c , and $\eta_c(2S)$. The QCD multipole expansion (QCDME) [15, 16] is a feasible approach for the charmonium hadronic transitions. Its results can be examined via observations at BESIII such as the $\pi\pi$ transitions of S -wave (P -wave or D -wave) charmonium states, the η transition $\psi(3686) \rightarrow \eta J/\psi$, and the iso-spin violating π^0 transition $\psi(3686) \rightarrow \pi^0 h_c$. Many ra-

measurement	expected sensitivity on branching fraction
$h_c \rightarrow hadrons$	observation of 5×10^{-4}
$\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow X$	observation of 1×10^{-6}
$\chi_{c1} \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \eta_c$	evidence of 3×10^{-3}
$h_c \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- J/\psi$	evidence of 2×10^{-3}
$\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow \gamma V$	observation of 1×10^{-6}
$h_c \rightarrow p\bar{p}$	evidence of 2×10^{-4}

plan	data sets
XYZ plan (1)	500 pb ⁻¹ at a large number of points between 4.0 and 4.6 GeV
XYZ plan (2)	5 fb ⁻¹ at 4.23, 4.42 GeV for large Z_c samples
XYZ plan (3)	5 fb ⁻¹ above 4.6 GeV
charmonium plan	3×10^9 $\psi(3686)$ decays

2021 psi(2S), 3.4/fb (on-line), 2.26 B (preliminary)_

66257-69292

2022 3.65, 3.682 (ON-LINE) [\[edit\]](#)

Sample	Runno	Ecms(MeV)	luminosity(1/pb)	location
3650	69612-70132	3650	410	/bes3fs/offline/data/709-1/3650/round15/
3682	70133-70505	3682	404	/bes3fs/offline/data/709-1/3682/round15/

large continuum

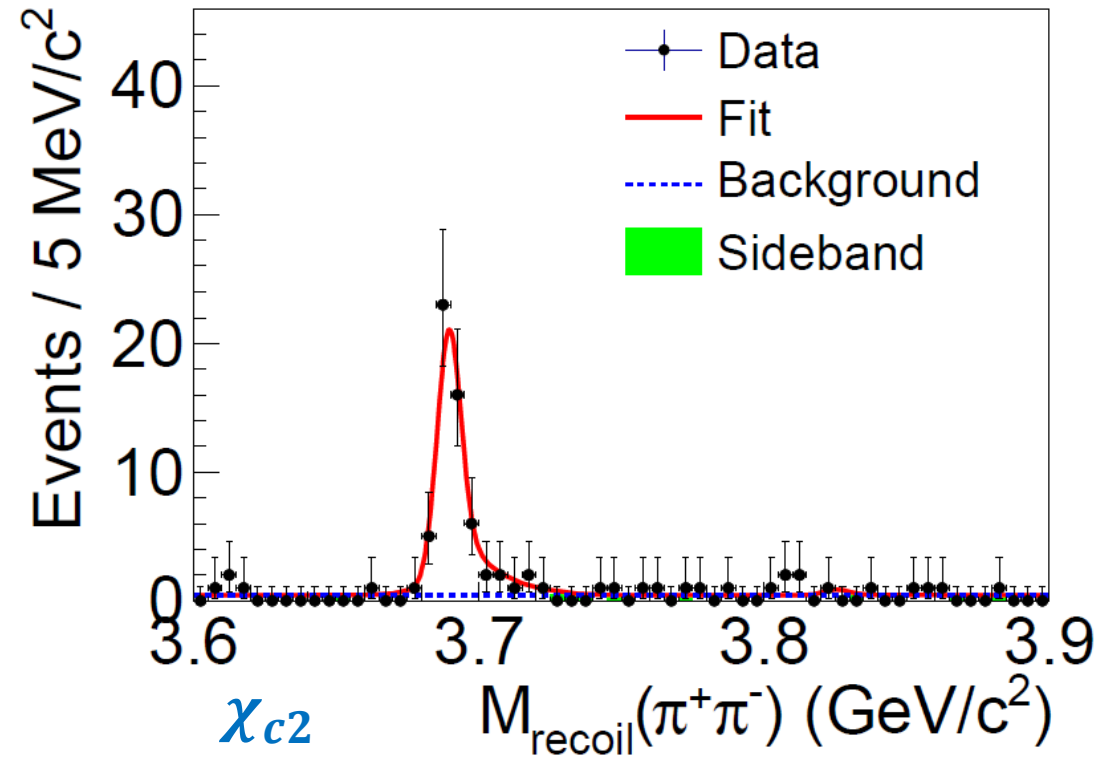
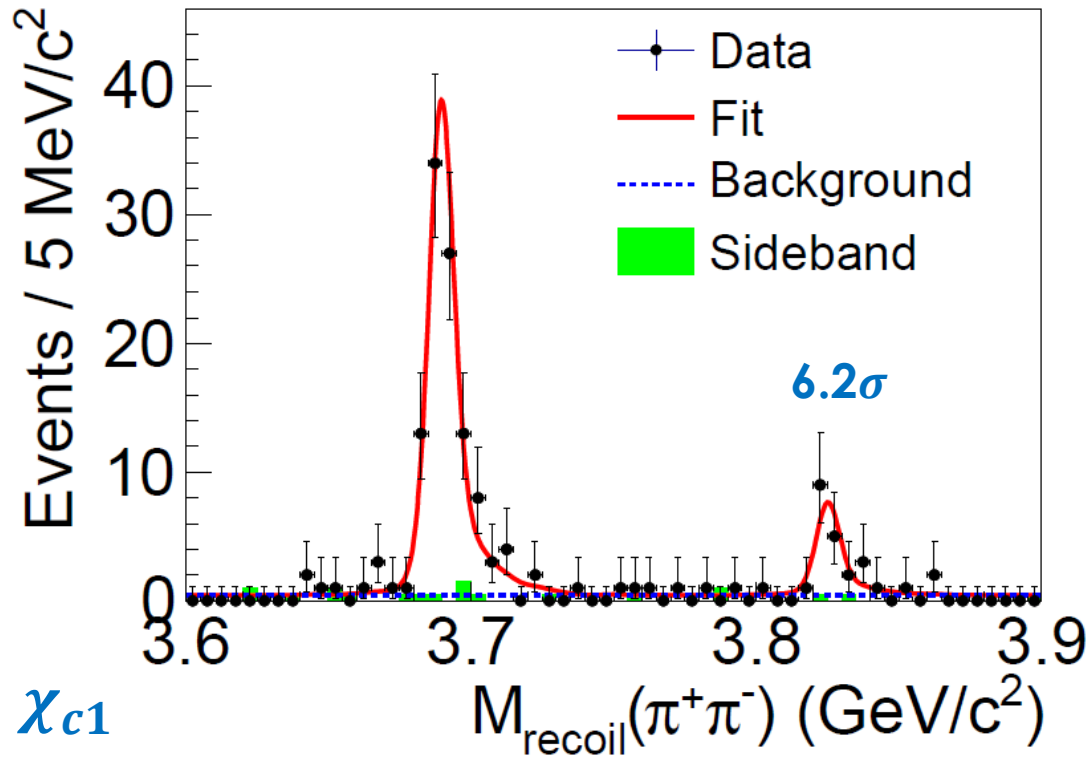
Total $\sim 2.7\text{B}$ ψ' (2009+2012+2021)

measurements based on whole data are on-going

- ▶ arXiv: [1503.08203](https://arxiv.org/abs/1503.08203)
- ▶ **2015-03-26**
- ▶ [Phys. Rev. Lett. 115, 011803 \(2015\)](https://doi.org/10.1126/science.1271111)

85# PAPER

$\sqrt{s} = 4.23, 4.26, 4.36, 4.42, 4.60 \text{ GeV}$
 $M: (3821.7 \pm 1.3 \pm 0.7) \text{ MeV}, \Gamma: < 16 \text{ MeV}$



$$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^- X(3823), X(3823) \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{c1}$$

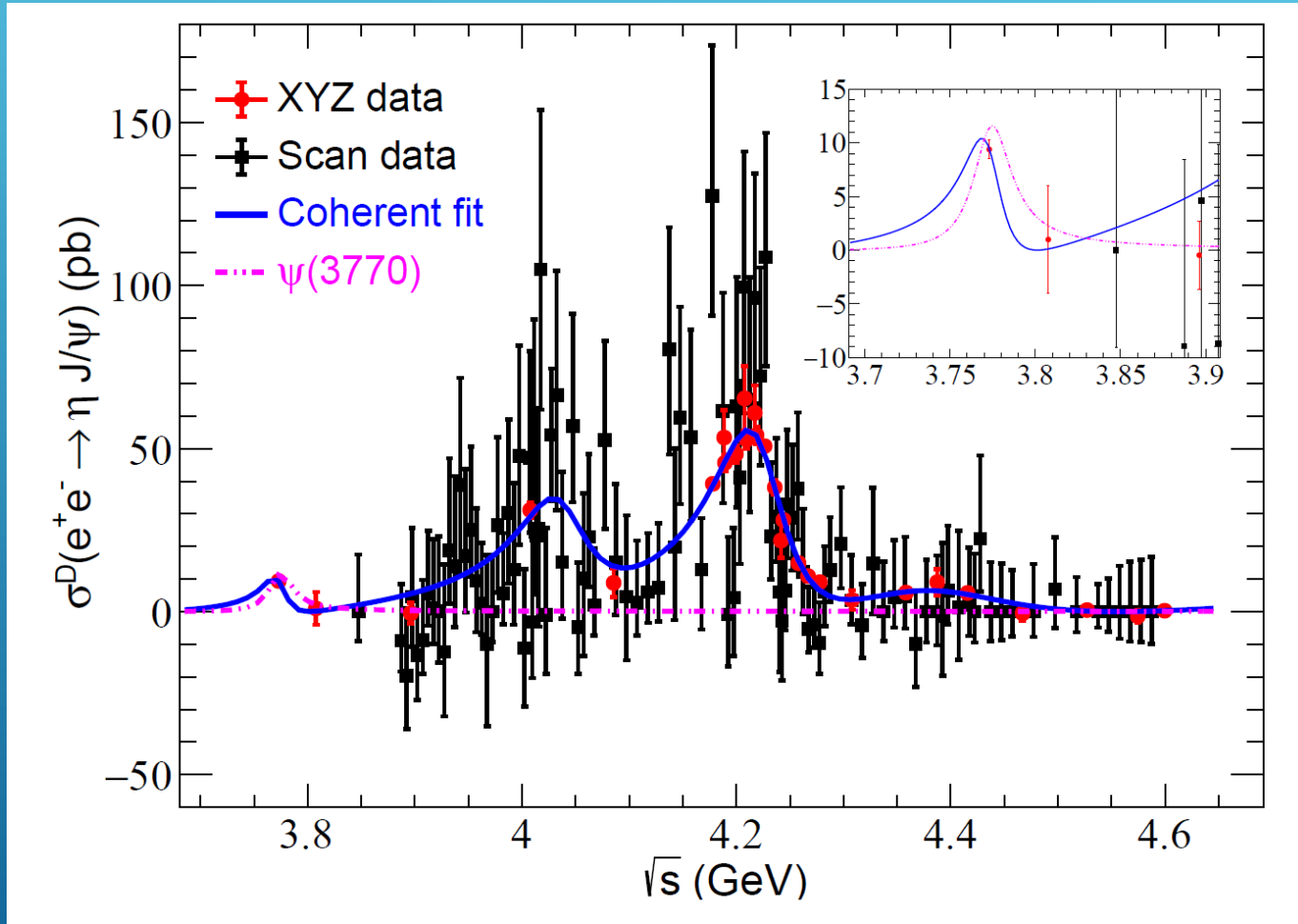
$$\psi_2(1^3D_2)$$

- ▶ arXiv: 2212.12165
- ▶ **2022-12-23**
- ▶ Phys. Rev.D 107, L091101 (2023)

470# PAPER

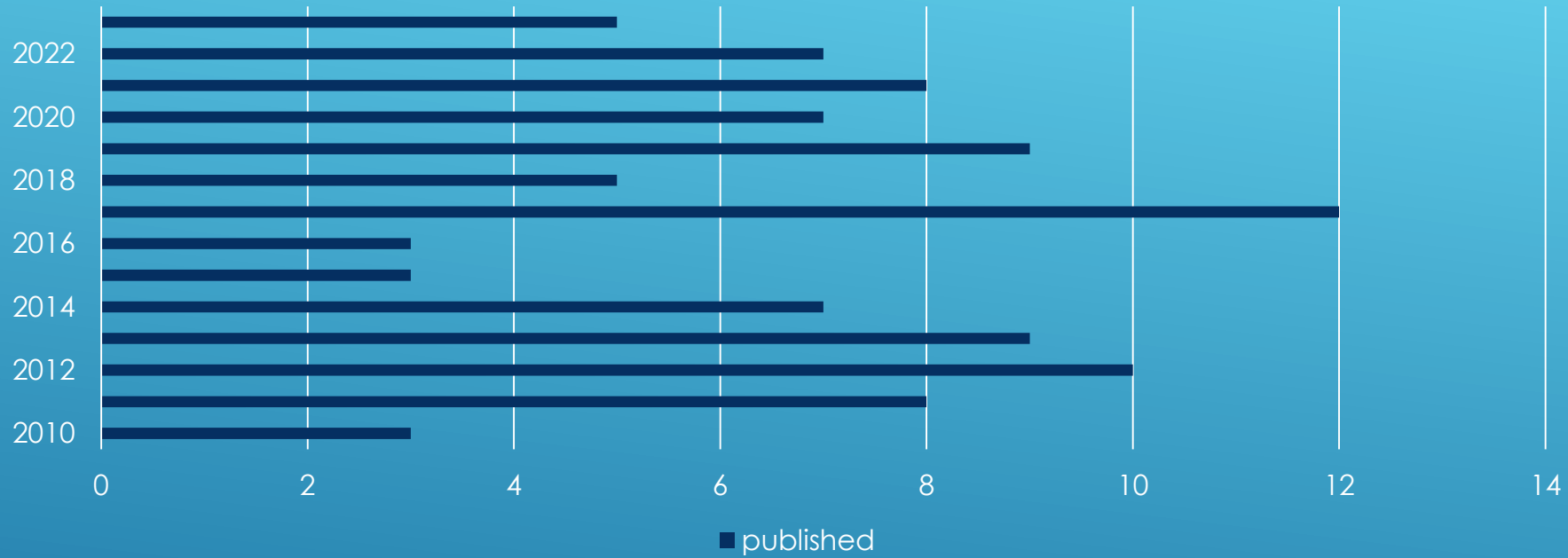
$$\sigma^D(e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta J/\psi) = (8.88 \pm 0.87 \pm 0.42) \text{ pb}, \sqrt{s} = 3.773 \text{ GeV}$$

$$B(\psi(3770) \rightarrow \eta J/\psi) = (11.3 \pm 5.9 \pm 1.1) \times 10^{-4}$$



$\psi(3770) \rightarrow \eta J/\psi$
interference with
continuum
and
higher vector states

2010-2023



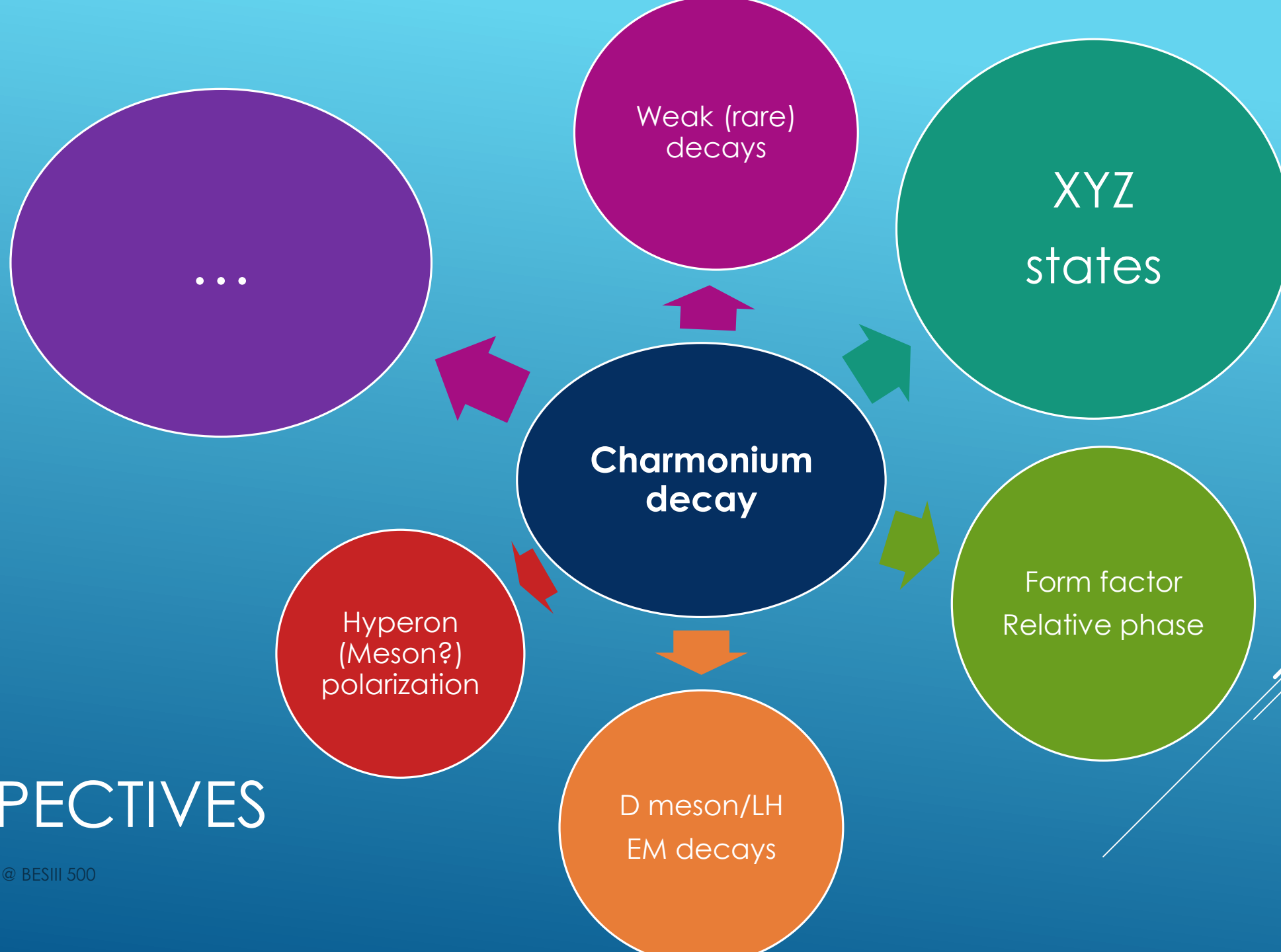
Total 96
Same to XYZ in numbers

VARIOUS MEASUREMENTS



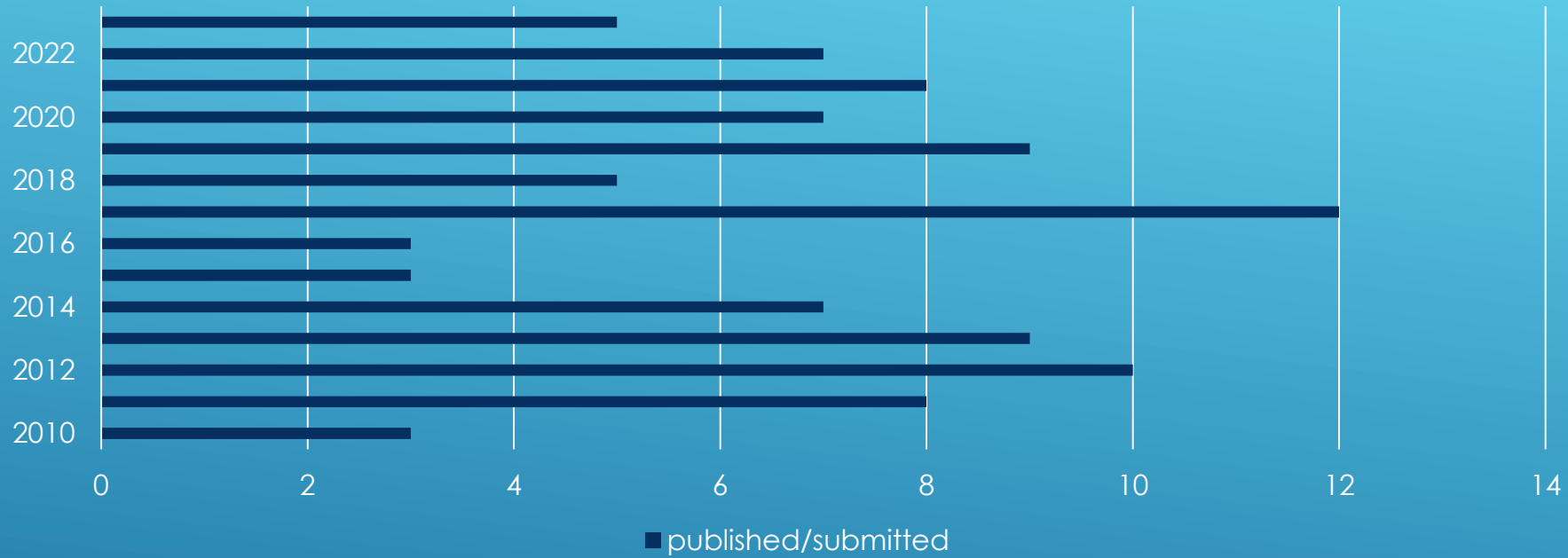
We are excited, we are proud, but we are still far away from the target.

Matching LQCD for non-perturbative part
Test predictions based perturbative calculations
Inputs for phenomenological (potential) models
Check features from EFT (NRQCD, pNRQCD), etc.
...



PERSPECTIVES

2010-20xx



OPEN MIND, WORK HARD, PUBLISH MORE, UNDERSTAND BETTER

THANK YOU!

BACKUP

KAI ZHU @ BESIII 500

31

2023/5/31

Measurement of the Branching Fraction for the Decay $\psi(3686) \rightarrow \phi K_S^0 K_S^0$

- ▶ [arXiv: 2303.08317](https://arxiv.org/abs/2303.08317)
- ▶ **2023-03-15**
- ▶ Submitted to Phys. Rev. D
- ▶ Most recent charmonium decay paper till 2023-5-31

488# PAPER

