

Status of the CEPC Flavor Physics White Paper (Phase I)

1000,000,000,000+

Or Flavor Physics at Tera - 

Lingfeng Li Brown University

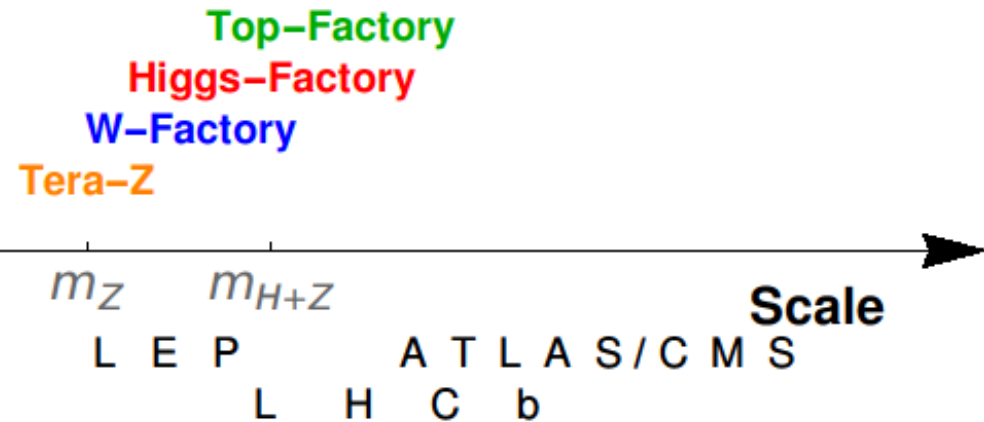
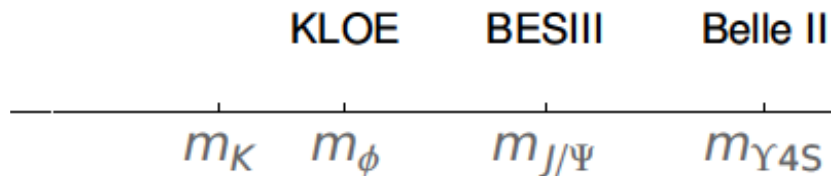
Jul. 4, 2023

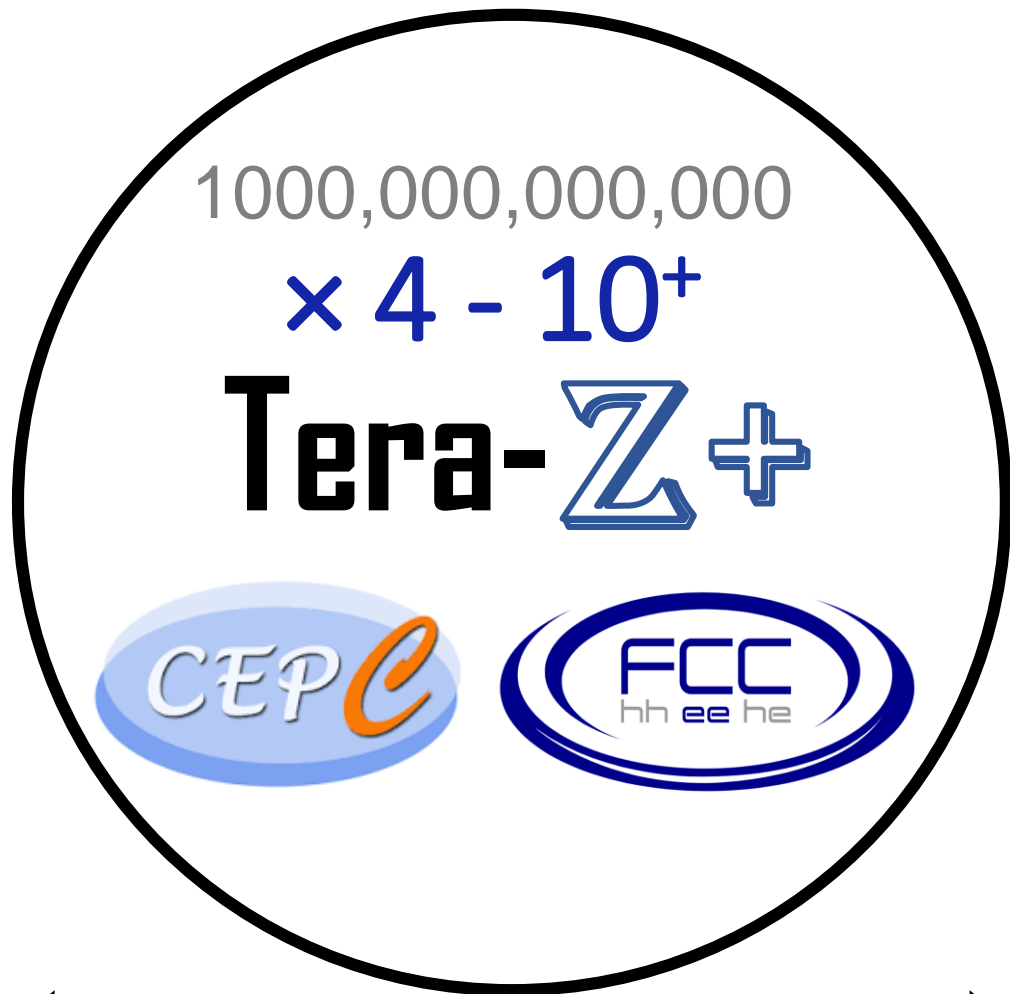
The 2023 international workshop on the CEPC



- Clean lepton collider (good for ν , γ , τ , e ... Big advantages vs. hadronic ones)
- $O(10^{11+})$ b/c/ τ ($>$ B-factory of 50 ab^{-1})
- Generates all kinds of hadrons (B_c , Λ_b , T_{bb} ...)
- Large energy (20-45 GeV) and boost for precision measurements
- Most advanced tech. infused detectors

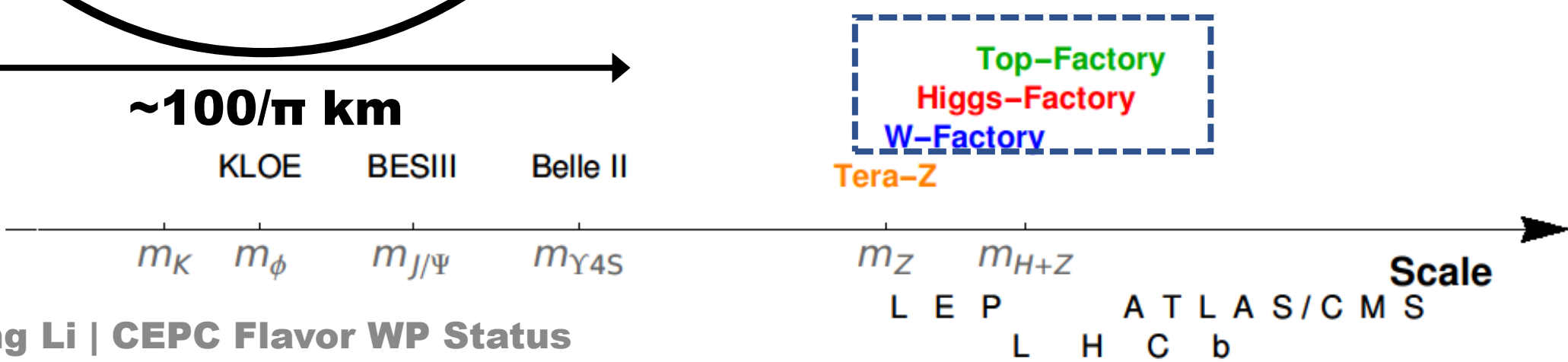
~100/ π km





- Higher luminosity as the accelerator design keeps upgrading
- ≥ 2 interaction points and various detectors

Flavor physics also need energy larger than 91 GeV



A Brief History

Flavor Phase II (+)
Cover the whole map?

Flavor Phase I

Further testing B
anomalies & cLFV
&

CP properties
Precision Flavor
Detector Performance...

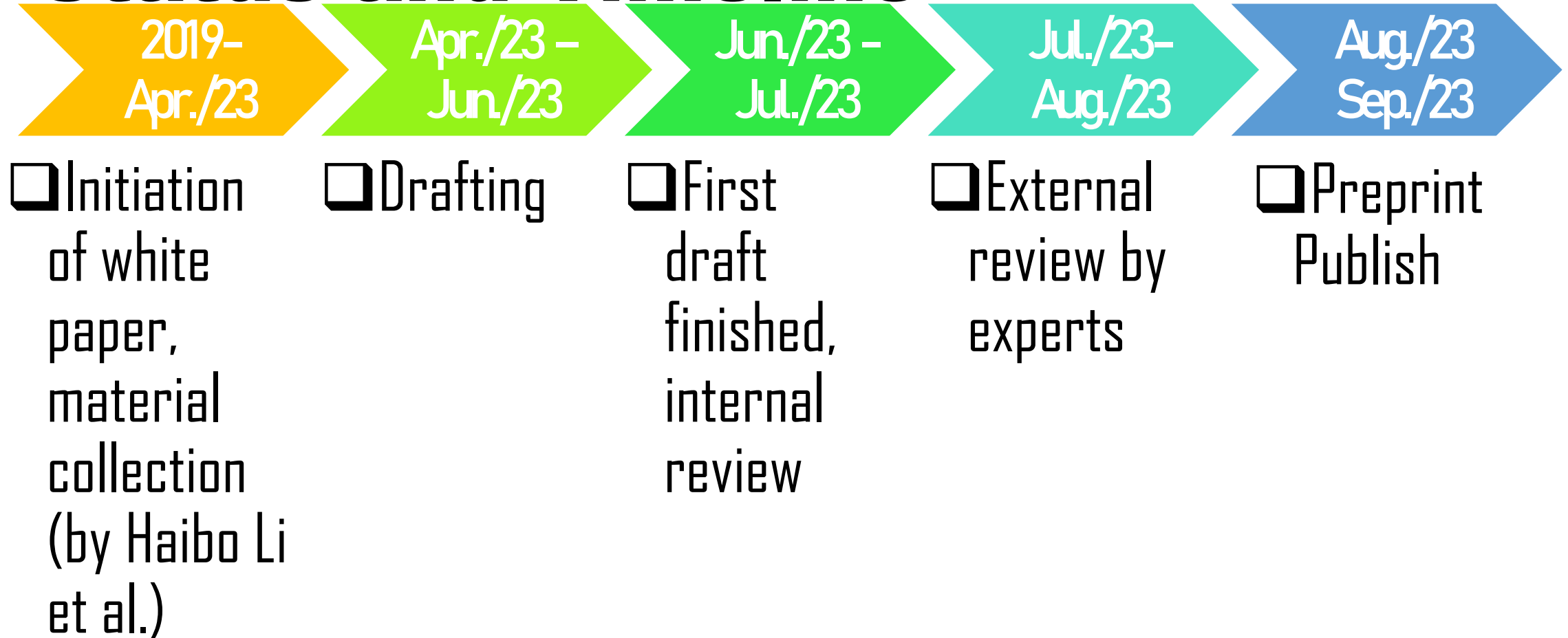
B anomalies & charged
lepton flavor violation (cLFV)



Before the CDR

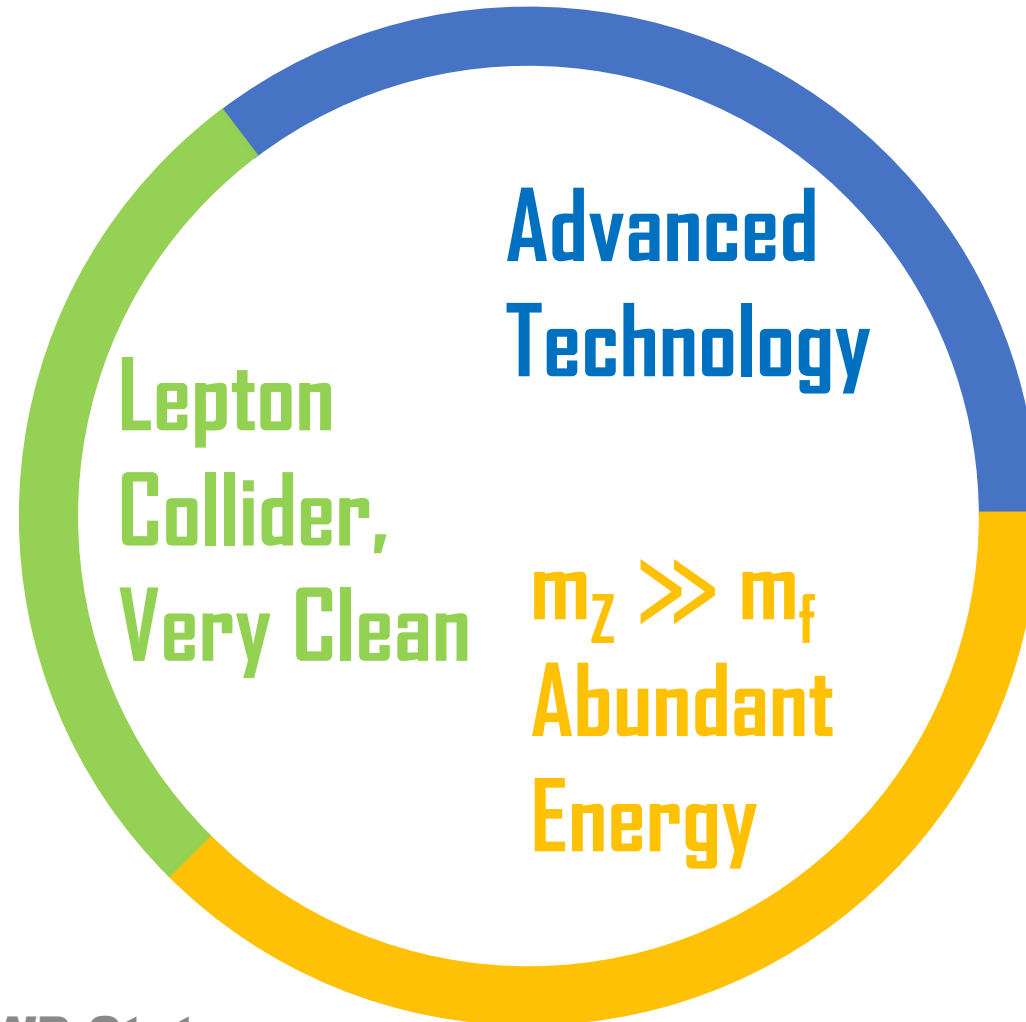
Recognizing the advantages
Leptonic transitions

Status and Timeline



Cornerstones at CEPC

- Neutrinos
- Neutrals
(photon/ π^0 / η ...)
- Rare modes
- BSM states



- Leptons
- Flavor Tagging
- $b \rightarrow c \rightarrow \tau$ cascade
- Long-lived particles

- Boost: 0(fs) time scales
- Heavy Species: Bs, Bc, Ab, exotics...
- Multiple soft tracks

- ❑ Neutrinos
- ❑ Neutrals
(photon/ π^0 / η ...)
- ❑ Rare modes
- ❑ BSM states

Lepton
Collider,
Very Clean

- Overall $Z = 4$
- Full trigger rate:
 $O(100)$ kHz
- Beam energy spread:
 $O(0.1\%)$
- Beam transverse
spread: $O(1)$ μm



Advanced Technology

- Leptons
- Flavor Tagging
- $b \rightarrow c \rightarrow \tau$ cascade
- Long-lived particles

- PID techniques as dE/dx & time of flight
- Transverse vertex resolution of $O(10) \mu\text{m}$
- New ECAL designs

- Average boost of $b \approx 5-7$, > 25 for τ
- Possibility to produce rare heavy states
- Unique opportunities from W/H/top modes

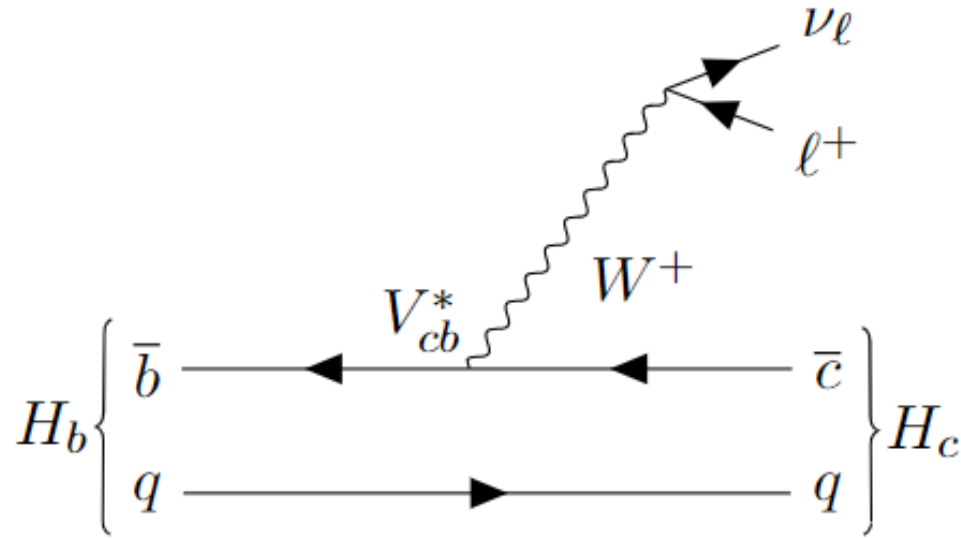


- Boost: 0(fs) time scales
- Heavy Species: Bs, Bc, Λ_b , exotics...
- Multiple soft tracks

Particle	Belle II	LHCb (300 fb ⁻¹)	CEPC (4×Tera-Z)
B^0, \bar{B}^0	5.4×10^{10} (50 ab ⁻¹ on $\Upsilon(4S)$)	3×10^{13}	4.8×10^{11}
B^\pm	5.7×10^{10} (50 ab ⁻¹ on $\Upsilon(4S)$)	3×10^{13}	4.8×10^{11}
B_s^0, \bar{B}_s^0	6.0×10^8 (5 ab ⁻¹ on $\Upsilon(5S)$)	1×10^{13}	1.2×10^{11}
B_c^\pm	-	1×10^{11}	7.2×10^8
$\Lambda_b^0, \bar{\Lambda}_b^0$	-	2×10^{13}	1×10^{11}
D^0, \bar{D}^0			5.2×10^{11}
D^\pm			2.2×10^{11}
D_s^\pm			8.8×10^{10}
Λ_c^\pm			5.5×10^{10}
τ^\pm	4.5×10^{10} (50 ab ⁻¹ on $\Upsilon(4S)$)		1.2×10^{11}

Item	Baseline [1]	Objective	Comments
Basic Performance			
Acceptance	$ \cos\theta < 0.99$ [1]		
Threshold	200 MeV [37, 38]	100 MeV	For tracks & photons
Beam energy spread	$\mathcal{O}(0.1\%)$ [1]		
Tracker momentum resolution	$\mathcal{O}(0.1\%)$ [1]		
ECAL energy resolution	$17\%/\sqrt{E} \oplus 1\%$ [1]	$3\%/\sqrt{E}$ [31]	
HCAL energy resolution	$60\%/\sqrt{E} \oplus 1\%$ [1]		
Vertex resolution	10–200 μm [1]		
Jet energy resolution	3–5% [1, 39]		For 20–100 GeV
$\ell - \pi$ mis-ID	$< 1\%$ [40]		In jet, $ \vec{p} > 2$ GeV
$\pi - K$ separation	$> 2\sigma$ [1]	$> 3\sigma$ [34]	In jet, $ \vec{p} > 1$ GeV, TOF+ dE/dx
Flavor Physics Benchmarks (Depending on the Above)			
$\sigma(m_{H,W,Z})$	3.7% [1]		Hadronic decays
b -jet efficiency \times purity	$\sim 70\%$ [1]		In Z hadronic decays
c -jet efficiency \times purity	$\sim 40\%$ [1]		In Z hadronic decays
b -jet charge tagging $\epsilon_{\text{eff}} = \epsilon(1 - 2\omega)^2$	-	15–25% [33, 41]	For B_s
π^0 efficiency \times purity	$\gtrsim 70\%$ [38]	$\gtrsim 80\%$ [31]	In Z hadronic decays, $ \vec{p}_{\pi^0} > 5$ GeV
K_S^0, Λ, D efficiency	60%–85% [42]		In Z hadronic decays, all tracks
τ efficiency \times purity	70% [43]		In $WW \rightarrow \tau\nu q\bar{q}'$, inclusive
τ mis-ID	$\mathcal{O}(1\%)$ [43]		In $WW \rightarrow \tau\nu q\bar{q}'$, inclusive

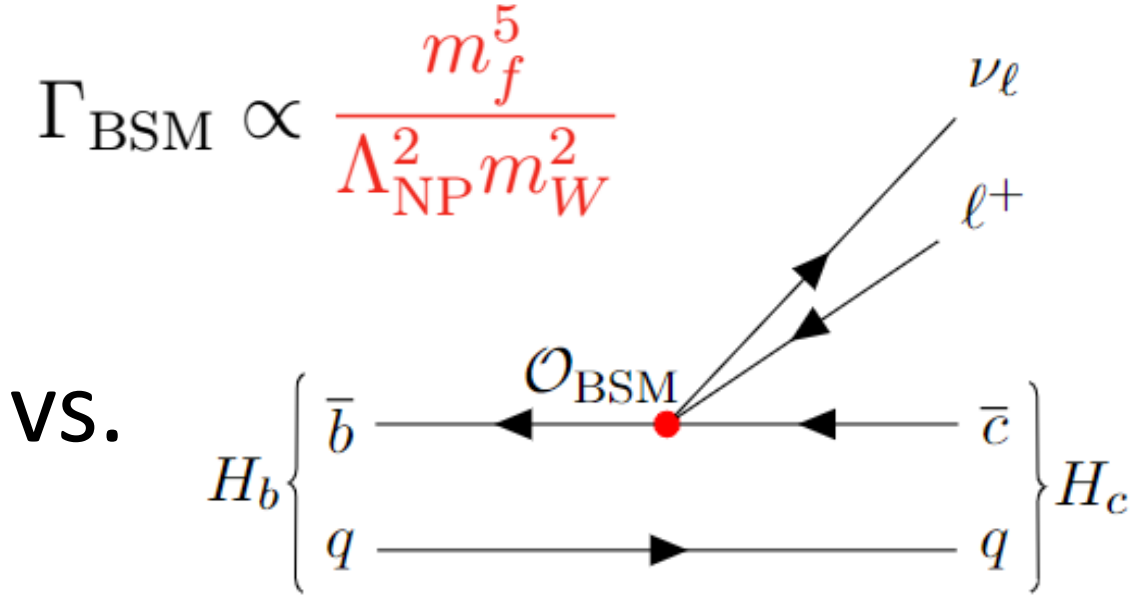
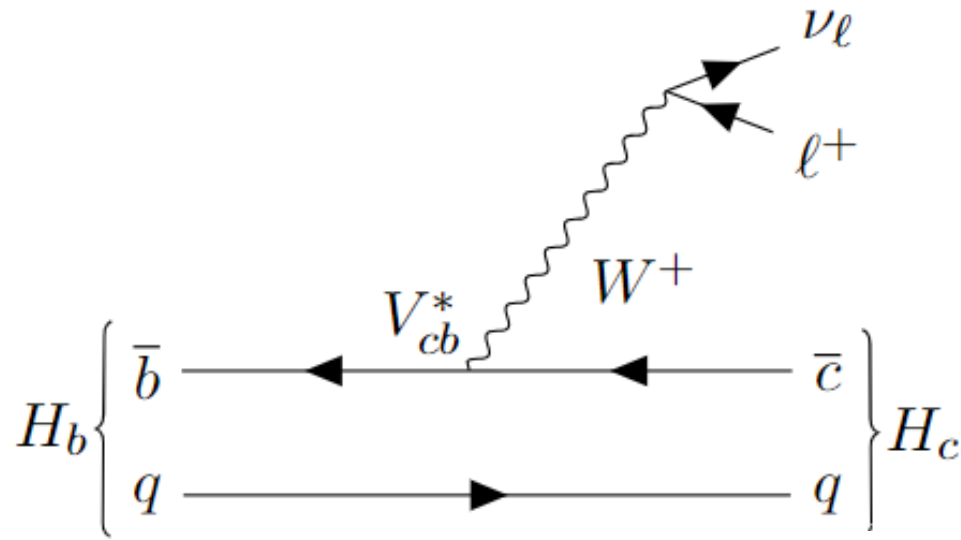
Indirect Discovery with Flavor Physics



$$\Gamma_{\text{SM}} \sim \frac{G_F^2 m_f^5}{192\pi^3} \times \text{const} \propto \frac{m_f^5}{m_W^4}$$

The amplitude of flavor physics in the SM is
ALREADY suppressed by the EW scale \rightarrow
 Many flavored states are long-lived

Indirect Discovery with Flavor Physics



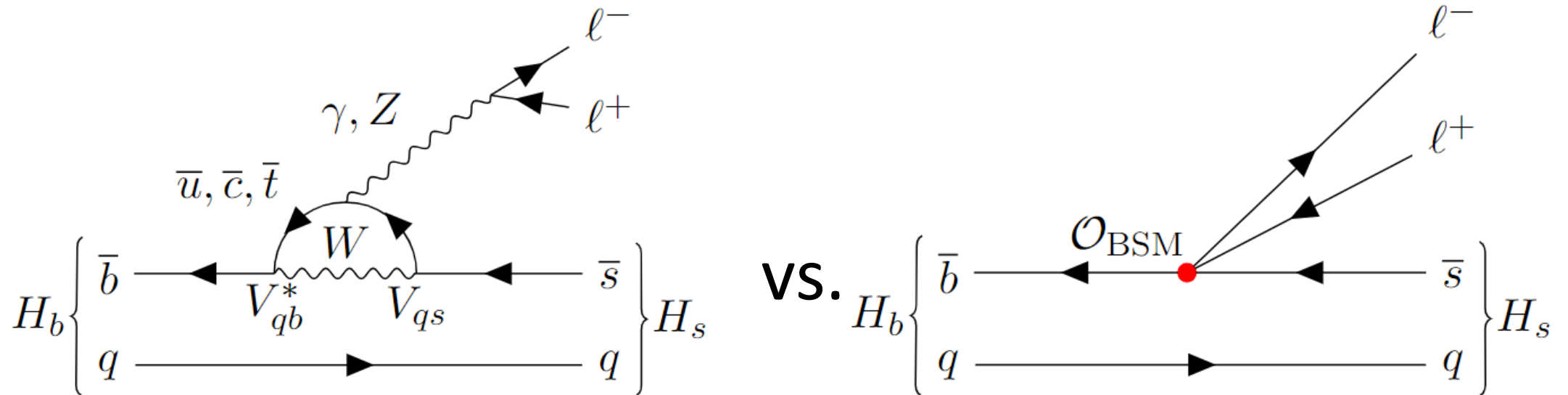
$$\Gamma_{\text{BSM}} \propto \frac{m_f^5}{\Lambda_{\text{NP}}^2 m_W^2}$$

$$\Lambda_{\text{NP}}^{\text{SL}} \sim (G_F |V_{cb}| \delta_{\text{SL}})^{-\frac{1}{2}} \sim (1.5 \text{ TeV}) \times \delta_{\text{SL}}^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

e.g., a 1% level precision = probing a scale of 15 TeV*

*: certainly depends on the way of interpretation

Indirect Discovery with Flavor Physics



For SM process suppressed by a loop, the same relative precision means a even higher scale*

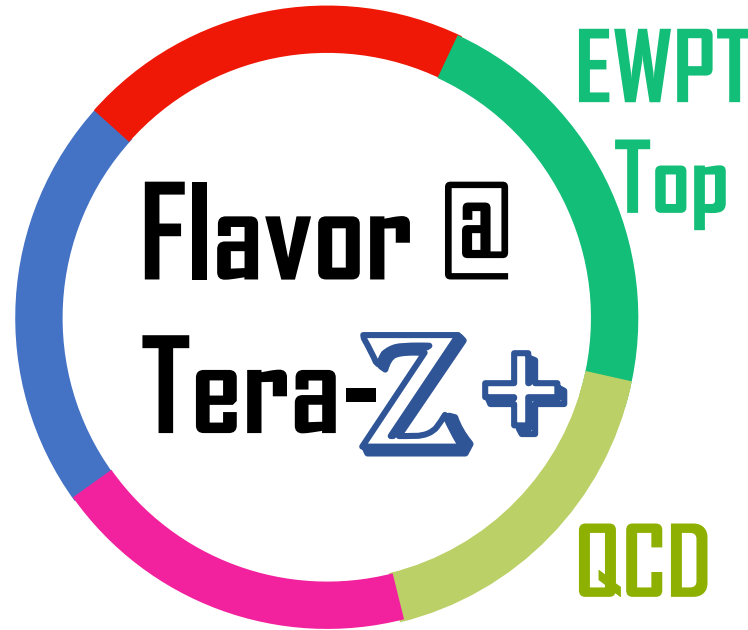
$$\Lambda_{\text{NP}}^{\text{rare}} \sim \left(\frac{\alpha}{4\pi} \frac{m_t^2}{m_W^2} G_F |V_{tb} V_{ts}^*| \delta_{\text{rare}} \right)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \sim (30 \text{ TeV}) \times \delta_{\text{rare}}^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

*: still depends on your UV theory in mind

Support the CEPC Project

- Origin of matter?
understand lepton and baryon numbers
- Light dark matter?
- Lepton Flavor Universality anomalies?

BSM



Hardware

- Origin of flavor hierarchy?
- CP violation phases from Yukawa?

- Flavor physics beyond the Tera-Z phase?
- Common need in τ phys.

- How does asymptotic freedom work with flavor?
- New formalism beyond the conventional meson-baryon picture?

- Use a plethora of data to improve hadronization

Most demanding field:
We need better tracker, E(H)CAL, electronics... everything!

The Purpose of the Flavor Physics White Paper (Phase I)

- To summarize the known results in an organized way
- To provide guidance and recommendation for studies in the next phase
- To resonate on relevant programs (e.g. flavor phys. @ FCC-ee)

Major Challenges

- Excessive statistics, data flow, and precision goals require **understanding and control** of experimental systematics (otherwise the projections will be very wrong)
- Recognize the **most valuable** analyses for CEPC, even overlooked ones
- Incorporate the appropriate **theory** (not always available)

Flavor Physics at CEPC: a General Perspective

- 1 Introduction
- 2 Description of the CEPC Facility
 - 2.1 Key Collider Features for Flavor Physics
 - 2.2 Key Detector Features for Flavor Physics
 - 2.3 Simulation Method
- 3 FCCC-mediated Semileptonic and Leptonic b Decays
- 4 FCNC-mediated Rare b Decays
 - 4.1 Dilepton Modes
 - 4.2 Neutrino Modes
 - 4.3 Radiative Modes
- 5 CP Asymmetry in b Decays
- 6 Global Symmetry Tests in Z and b Decays
- 7 Charm and Strange Physics
- 8 τ Physics
 - 8.1 LFV τ Decays
 - 8.2 LFU Tests in τ Decays
 - 8.3 Hadronic τ Decays and Other Opportunities
- 9 Flavor Physics beyond Z Pole
 - 9.1 Exclusive Hadronic Decays of Heavy SM Bosons
 - 9.2 $|V_{cb}|$ and W Decays
- 10 Spectroscopy and Exotics
- 11 Light BSM States from Heavy Flavors
 - 11.1 Lepton Sector
 - 11.2 Quark Sector
- 12 Summary and Outlook

- > 60 pages, > 200 refs.
- > XX original studies, > YY initiated by local groups, > ZZ contributed to CEPC
- > XXX Detector studies

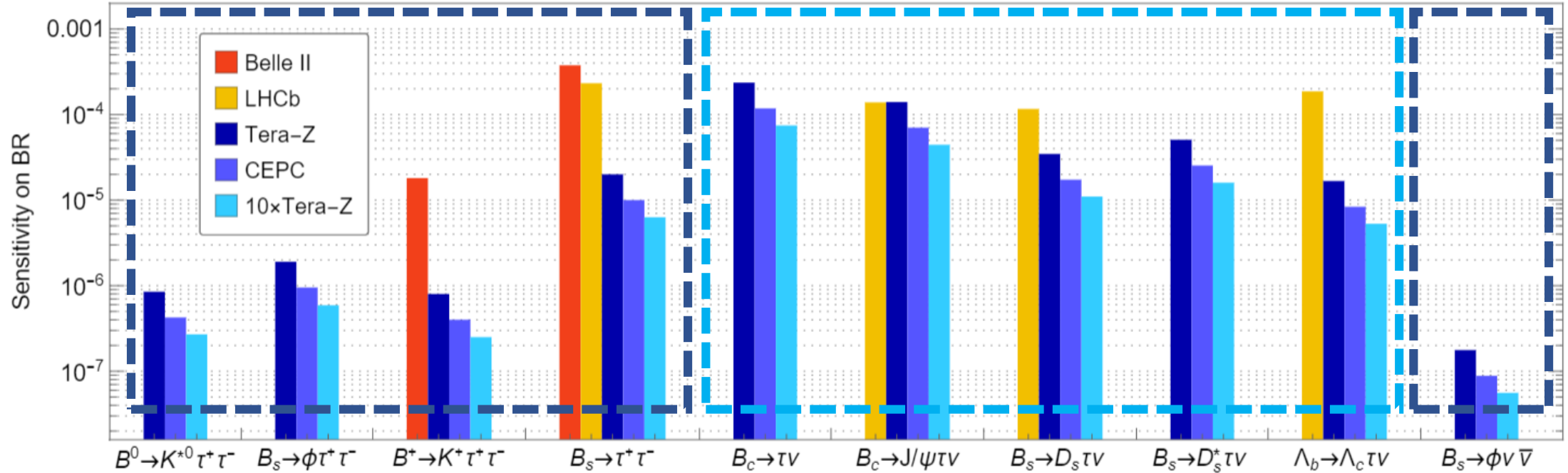
4 FCNC-mediated Rare b Decays

4.1 Dilepton Modes

4.2 Neutrino Modes

4.3 Radiative Modes

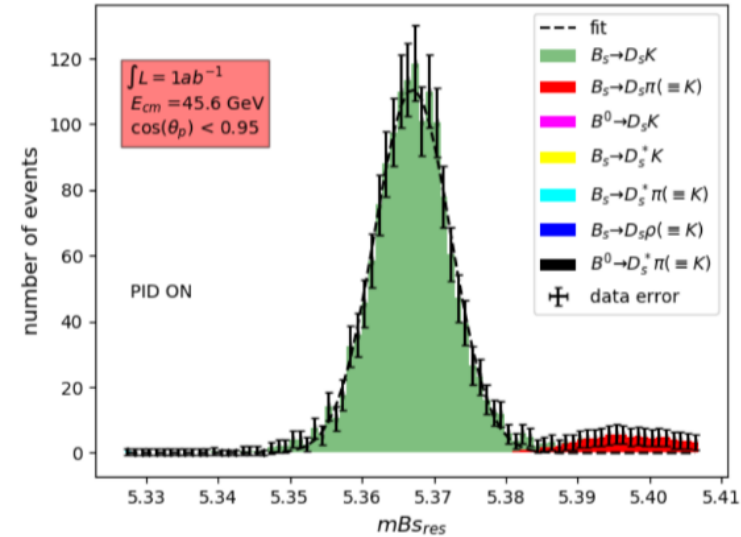
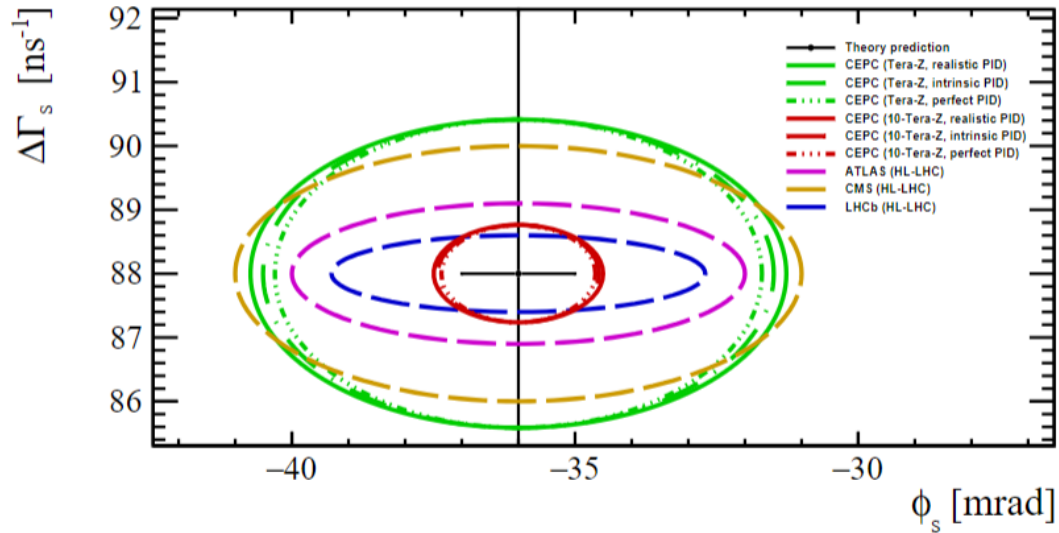
R(D) & R(D*) @ LHCb	Jibo HE et al.
C108, 物理楼	08:30 - 08:50
theoretical review of R(D) and R(D*)	Ryotaro Watanabe
C108, 物理楼	08:50 - 09:10
global fit of b to s l+ l- decays	Fanrong Xu
C108, 物理楼	09:10 - 09:30
LFU/LFV review	Lorenzo Calibbi et al.
C108, 物理楼	09:30 - 09:55



Benchmark studies predict promising precisions

3 FCCC-mediated Semileptonic and Leptonic b Decays

5 CP Asymmetry in b Decays



Progress in both time-dependent and time-integrated benchmarks

B0 to pipi @ CEPC	Yuexin Wang
C108, 物理楼	14:00 - 14:15
Bs- \rightarrow Jpsi Phi @ CEPC	Mingrui Zhao
C108, 物理楼	14:15 - 14:30

Time dependent measurement (LHCb/Belle II)	Peilian LI
C108, 物理楼	15:50 - 16:10
T-odd CP violation	Qin Qin
C108, 物理楼	16:10 - 16:30
Double-mixing CP violation	Yin-Fa Shen
C108, 物理楼	16:30 - 16:50
Partial-wave CP violation	zhenhua zhang
C108, 物理楼	16:50 - 17:10

6 Global Symmetry Tests in Z and b Decays

Measurement	Current [101–103]	FCC [104]	CEPC prelim.	Comments
$\text{BR}(Z \rightarrow \tau\mu)$	$< 6.5 \times 10^{-6}$	$\mathcal{O}(10^{-9})$		$\tau\tau$ bkg, $\sigma(p_{\text{track}})$ & $\sigma(E_{\text{beam}})$ limited
$\text{BR}(Z \rightarrow \tau e)$	$< 5.0 \times 10^{-6}$	$\mathcal{O}(10^{-9})$	same [105]	
$\text{BR}(Z \rightarrow \mu e)$	$< 7.5 \times 10^{-7}$	$10^{-8} - 10^{-10}$	1×10^{-9} [106]	PID limited

Flavor violating Higgs and Z decays

Prof. Michele Tammaro

C108, 物理楼

15:20 - 15:40

LFU/LFV review

Lorenzo Calibbi et al.

C108, 物理楼

09:30 - 09:55

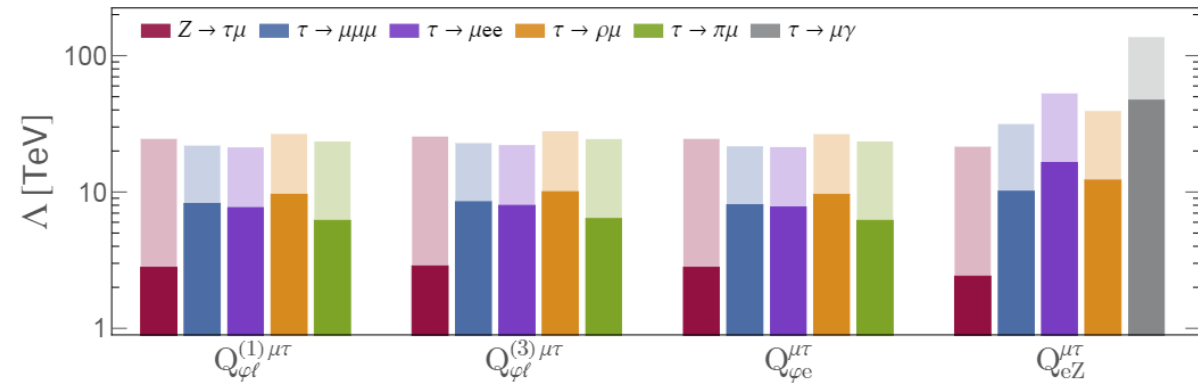
Probing Lepton Flavor Violation at Circular Electron-Positron Colliders

Wolfgang Altmannshofer

C108, 物理楼

10:45 - 11:05

Low-multiplicity τ /lepton phenomenology is better known in the last few years



LFU/LFV In tau decays

Alberto Lusiani

C108, 物理楼

14:25 - 14:45

Theoretical review on Physics with Tau

Zhihui Guo

C108, 物理楼

14:45 - 15:05

Belle II at Tau Physics/mass

Yubo Li et al.

C108, 物理楼

15:05 - 15:25

EFTs of Weakly-Interacting Light Particle and Their phenomenology in Flavor Physics

Huayang Song

C108, 物理楼

15:25 - 15:45

Tau physics at BES III

涛罗

C108, 物理楼

15:45 - 16:05

Measurement	Current [134]	FCC [104]	CEPC prelim. [105]	Comments
Lifetime [sec]	$\pm 5 \times 10^{-16}$	$\pm 1 \times 10^{-18}$		from 3-prong decays, stat. limited
$\text{BR}(\tau \rightarrow \ell\nu\bar{\nu})$	$\pm 4 \times 10^{-4}$	$\pm 3 \times 10^{-5}$		$0.1 \times$ the ALEPH systematics
$m(\tau)$ [MeV]	± 0.12	$\pm 0.004 \pm 0.1$		$\sigma(p_{\text{track}})$ limited
$\text{BR}(\tau \rightarrow \mu\mu\mu)$	$< 2.1 \times 10^{-8}$	$\mathcal{O}(10^{-10})$		bkg free
$\text{BR}(\tau \rightarrow eee)$	$< 2.7 \times 10^{-8}$	$\mathcal{O}(10^{-10})$	same	
$\text{BR}(\tau \rightarrow e\mu\mu)$	$< 2.7 \times 10^{-8}$	$\mathcal{O}(10^{-10})$		
$\text{BR}(\tau \rightarrow \mu ee)$	$< 1.8 \times 10^{-8}$	$\mathcal{O}(10^{-10})$		
$\text{BR}(\tau \rightarrow \mu\gamma)$	$< 4.4 \times 10^{-8}$	$\sim 2 \times 10^{-9}$		
$\text{BR}(\tau \rightarrow e\gamma)$	$< 3.3 \times 10^{-8}$	$\sim 2 \times 10^{-9}$	$\mathcal{O}(10^{-10})$	$Z \rightarrow \tau\tau\gamma$ bkg, $\sigma(p_\gamma)$ limited

8 τ Physics

8.1 LFV τ Decays

8.2 LFU Tests in τ Decays

8.3 Hadronic τ Decays and Other Opportunities

7 Charm and Strange Physics

Charm physics measurement at LHCb	<i>Liang Sun</i>
C108, 物理楼	10:55 - 11:15
Charm physics measurement at BES III	<i>Prof. Baiqian Ke</i>
C108, 物理楼	11:15 - 11:35
DiPion distribution amplitudes and the semileptonic decays of strange charm meson	<i>Prof. Shan Chen</i>
C108, 物理楼	11:35 - 11:55

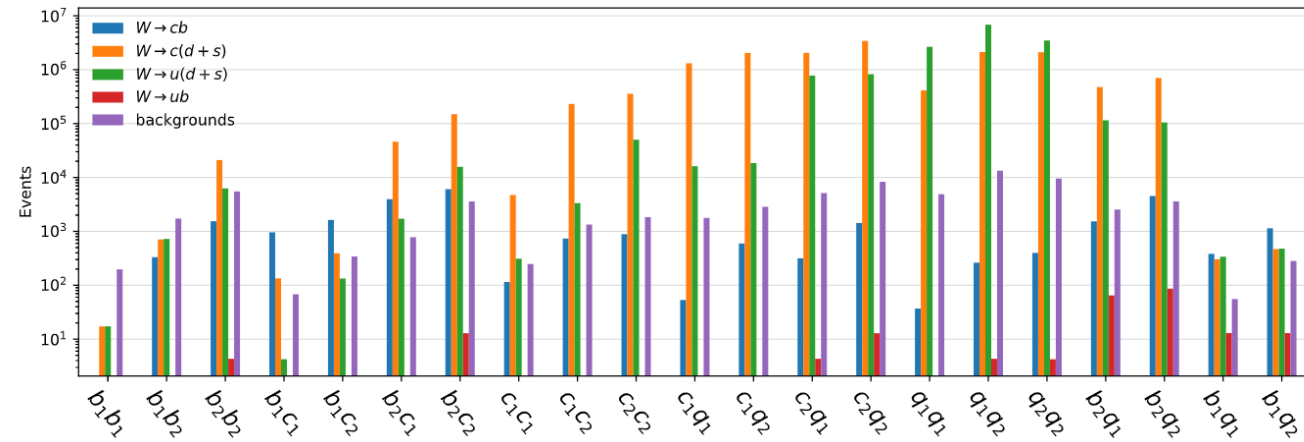
Rare Kaon decays	<i>Avital Dery</i>
C108, 物理楼	09:55 - 10:15

9 Flavor Physics beyond Z Pole

9.1 Exclusive Hadronic Decays of Heavy SM Bosons

9.2 $|V_{cb}|$ and W Decays

Measurement	Current Limit [134]	CEPC prelim.	Comments
$\text{BR}(Z \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-)$	-	$\mathcal{O}(10^{-10})$	$\sigma(\vec{p}_{\text{track}})$ limited, good PID
$\text{BR}(Z \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0)$	-	$\mathcal{O}(10^{-9})$	$\tau\tau$ bkg
$\text{BR}(Z \rightarrow J/\psi\gamma)$	$< 1.4 \times 10^{-6}$	$10^{-9} - 10^{-10}$	$ll\gamma + \tau\tau\gamma$ bkg
$\text{BR}(Z \rightarrow \rho\gamma)$	$< 2.5 \times 10^{-5}$	$\mathcal{O}(10^{-9})$	$\tau\tau\gamma$ bkg, $\sigma(p_{\text{track}})$ limited



Contributions from phases beyond Tera-Z are non-trivial

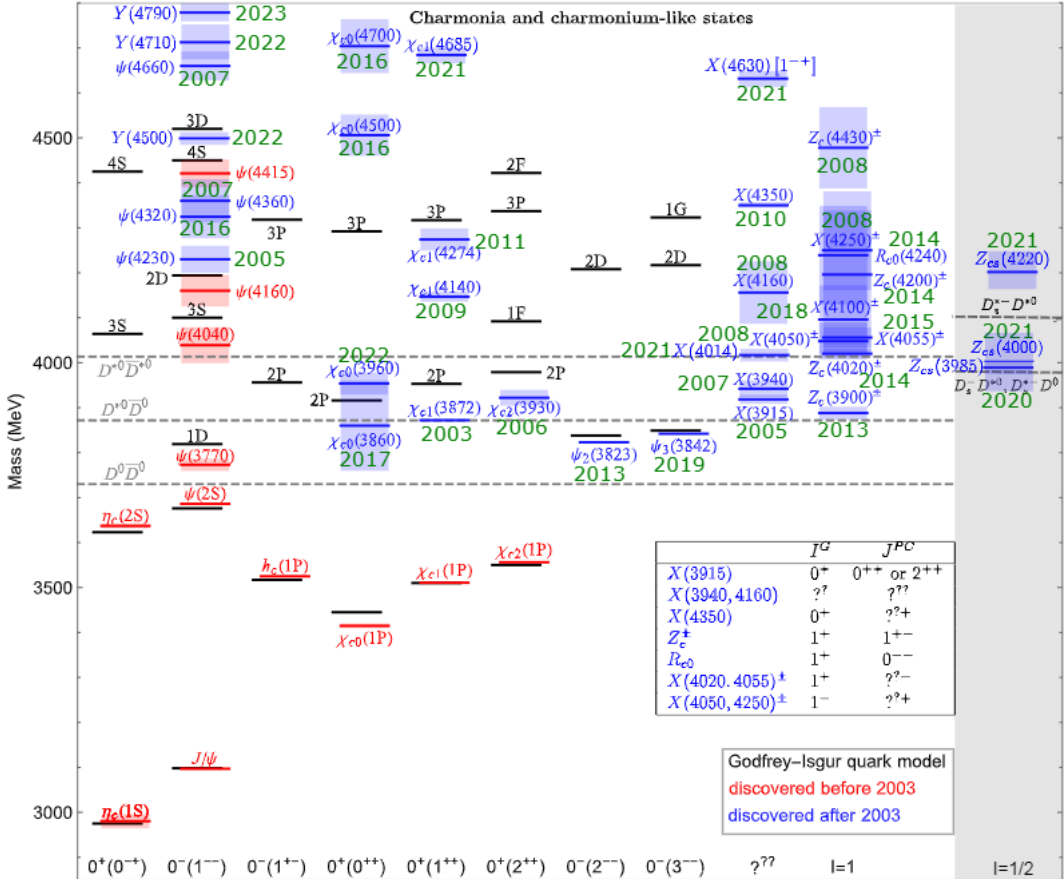
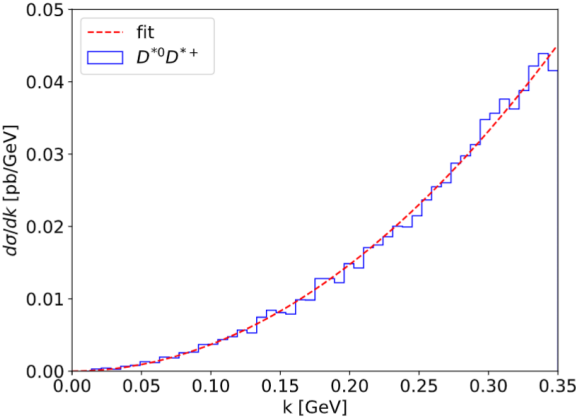
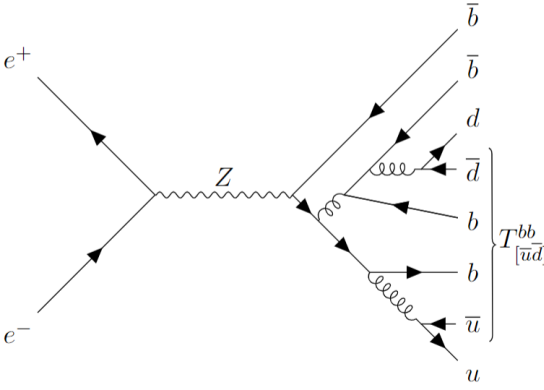
FCNC & Rare decay of Higgs measurements at CEPC
 C108, 物理楼
 Hao Liang et al.
 14:30 - 14:55

Production of heavy hadrons from Z & Higgs decays (NRQCD)
 C108, 物理楼
 Xuchang Zheng
 16:55 - 17:15

Top FCNC
 C108, 物理楼
 Liaoshan Shi
 17:15 - 17:35

Measurement of energy correlators at the CMS
 C108, 物理楼
 meng xiao
 17:35 - 17:55

10 Spectroscopy and Exotics



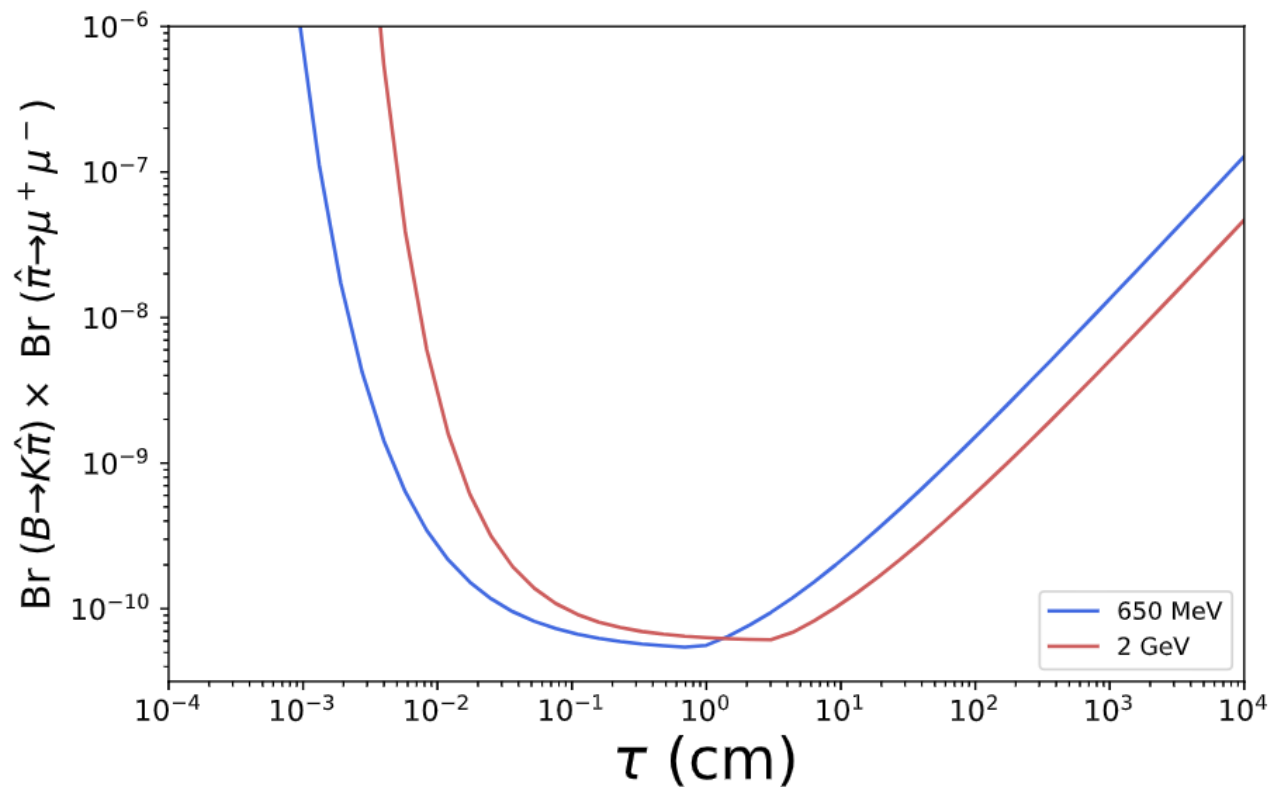
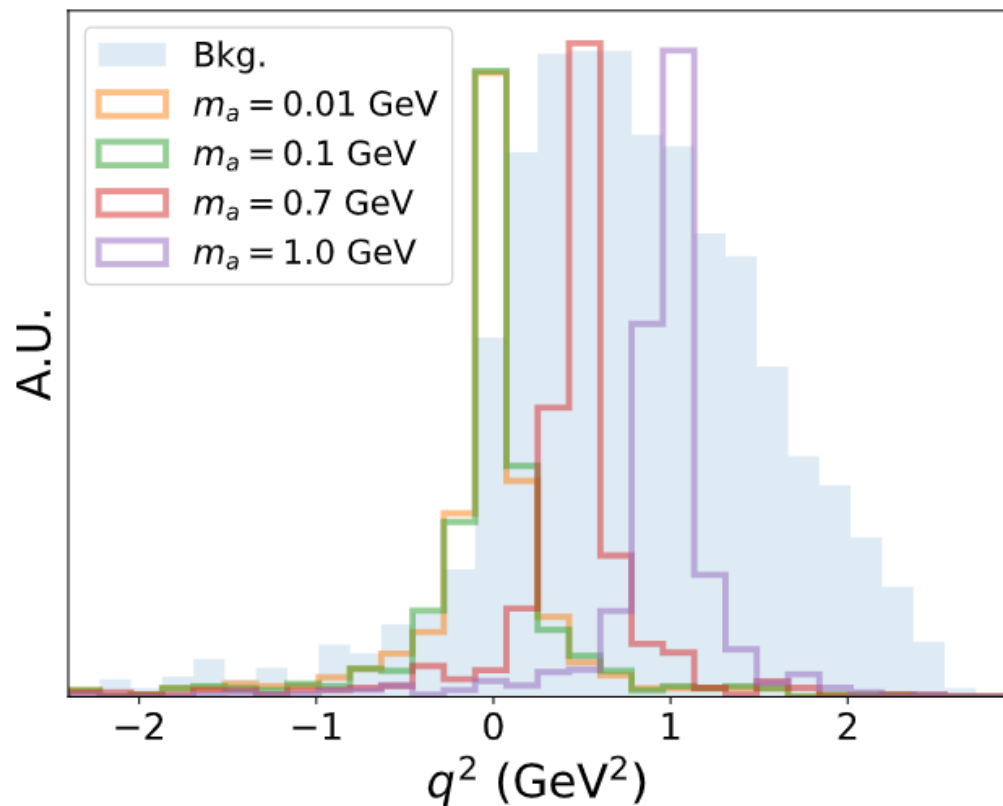
Very rich physics and a lots of potential discoveries

Exotics experimental status	yanxi zhang
C108, 物理楼	16:10 - 16:35
Production of doubly heavy hadrons (NRQCD)	Hong-Hao Ma
C108, 物理楼	16:35 - 16:55
Production of heavy hadrons from Z & Higgs decays (NRQCD)	Xuchang Zheng
C108, 物理楼	16:55 - 17:15

11 Light BSM States from Heavy Flavors

11.1 Lepton Sector

11.2 Quark Sector



BSM From Tau decay

C108, 物理楼

Lingfeng Li

14:00 - 14:25

Tau/B/C FCNC to LLP

C108, 物理楼

Xuhui Jiang

17:40 - 18:00

Flavor Phase II

Theory, simulation, and analysis for (exotic) hadron productions

A global analysis of CEPC impacts on the CKM elements and CP properties

Complete the map of LFU/LFV with b and τ decays

Fill the relevant gap in charm and strange physics

Build stronger connections with Higgs/EW/top/BSM physics

Flavor Phase I

Flavor Physics at CEPC: a General Perspective

Summary

- ❖ Flavor program at CEPC is a healthy/urgent need
- ❖ The white paper (phase I) is ready for external review
- ❖ More flavor physicists are encouraged to join
- ❖ <https://www.overleaf.com/project/64a546abdc3477d097714c94>

“Now this is not the end. It is not even the beginning of the end. But it is, perhaps, the end of the beginning.”

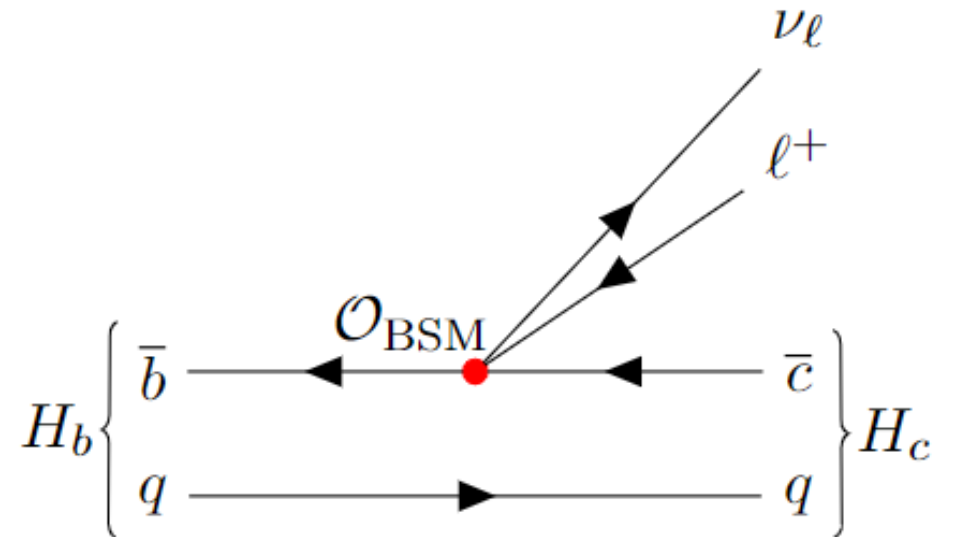
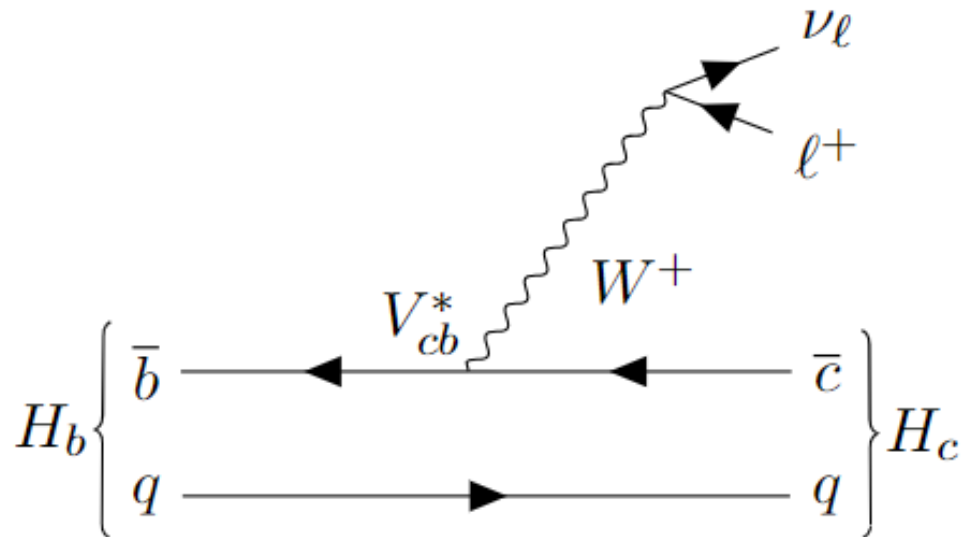
Backup Slides

3 Charged Current Semileptonic and Leptonic b Decays

3.1 Theoretical Interpretation

3.2 Recent Progress and Directions to be Explored

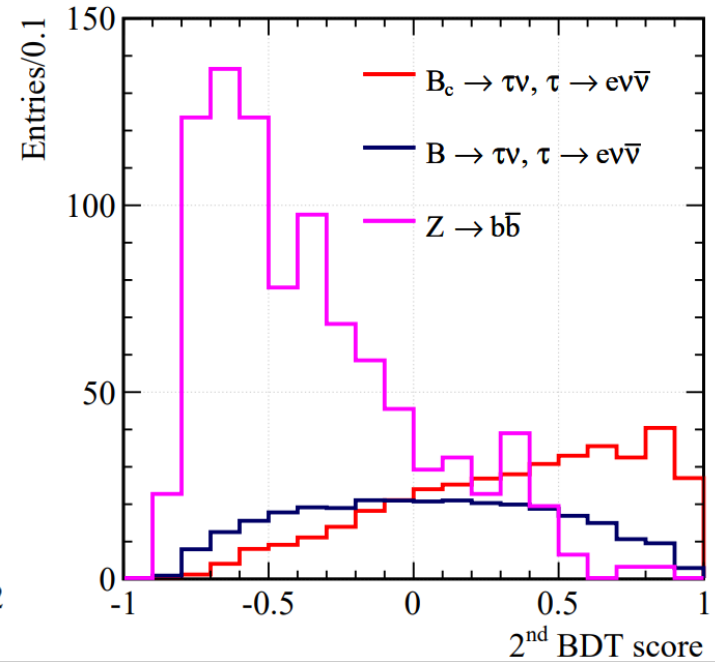
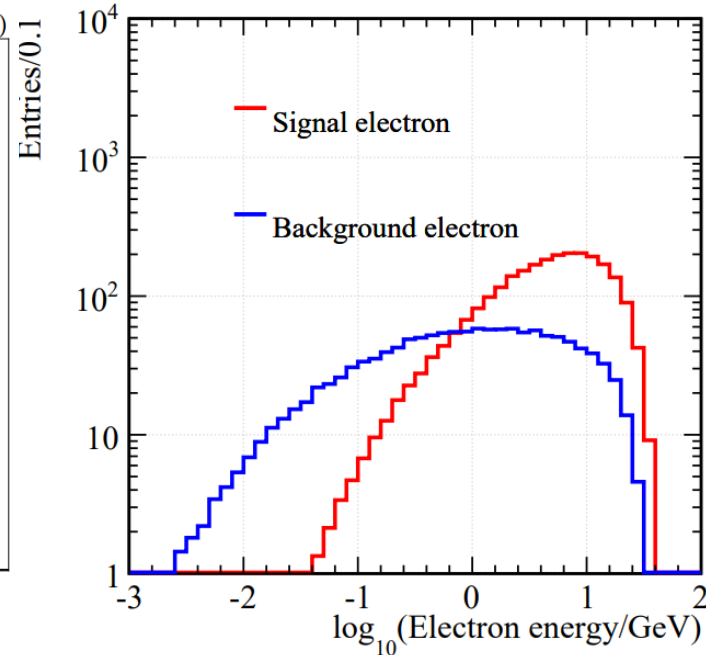
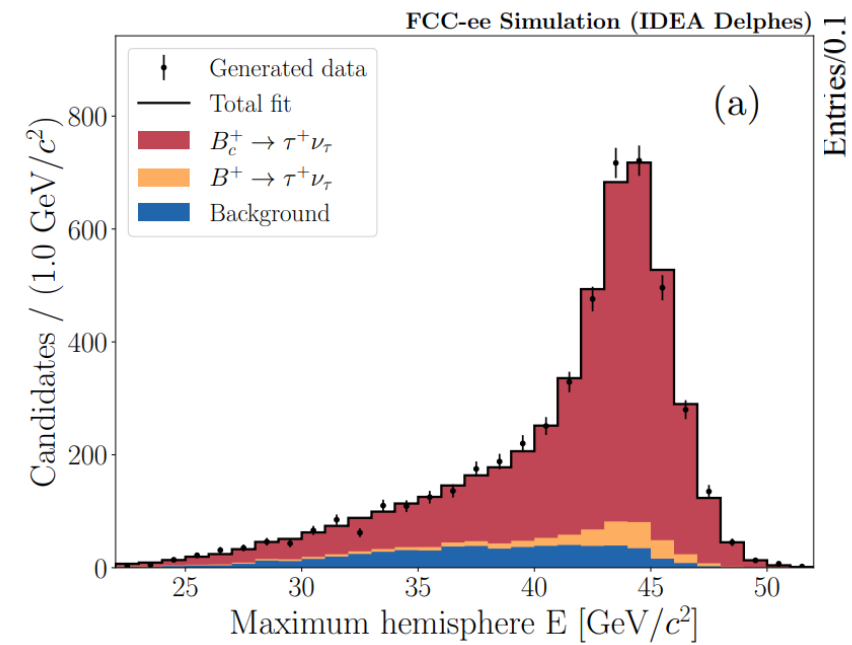
- Anomalies indicating lepton flavor universality violation
- Potential for $|V_{cb}|$ & $|V_{ub}|$ extraction
- CP asymmetries are clean
- Potentially probe higher scales of new physics



$B_c \rightarrow \tau\nu$ measurement, unique at CEPC

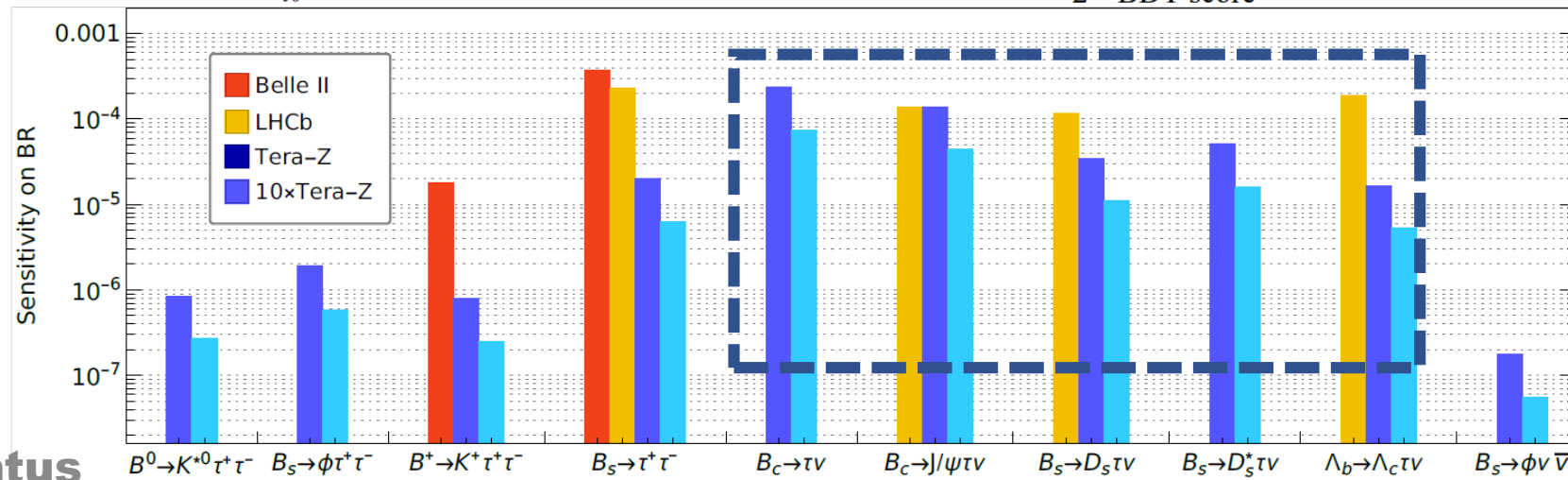
[Y. Amhis, M. Hartmann, C. Hensens, D. Hill, O. Sumensari](#)
[2105.13330](#)

[T. Zheng, J. Xu, L. Cao, D. Yu, W. Wang et al.](#)
[2007.08234](#)



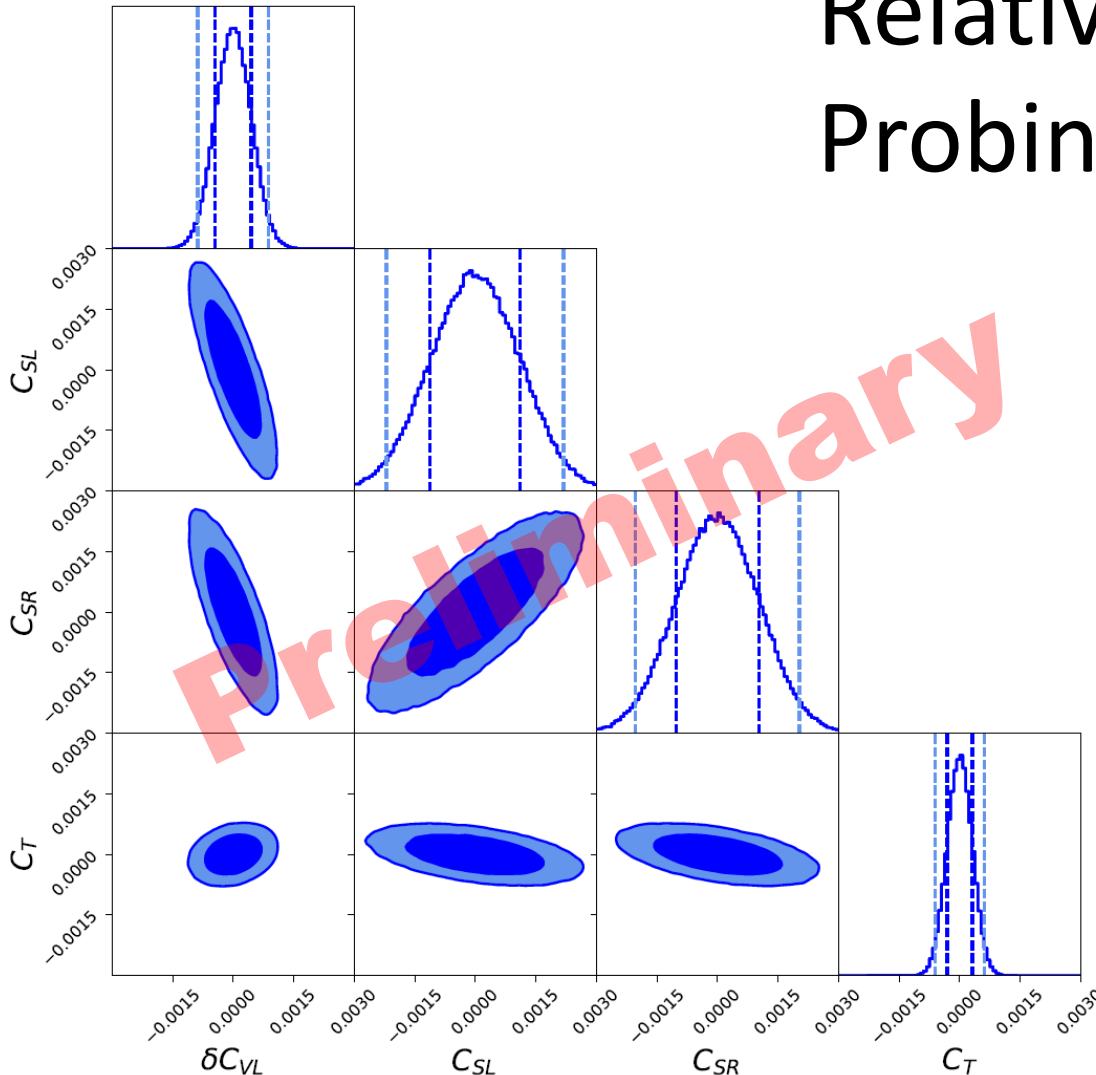
LFU tests with various transition types

See Anson Kwok's talk



Section Summary and Suggestions

Relative precisions $\lesssim O(1\%)$ achieved
Probing multi-TeV scales already



Recommended future steps:

- ❖ Differential measurements (polarimetry, asymmetry ...)
- ❖ Extend the search on more final states
- ❖ Evaluate electron modes with electron PID

4 Rare/Penguin and Forbidden b Decays

4.1 Theoretical Interpretation (preliminary)

4.2 Dileptonic Modes

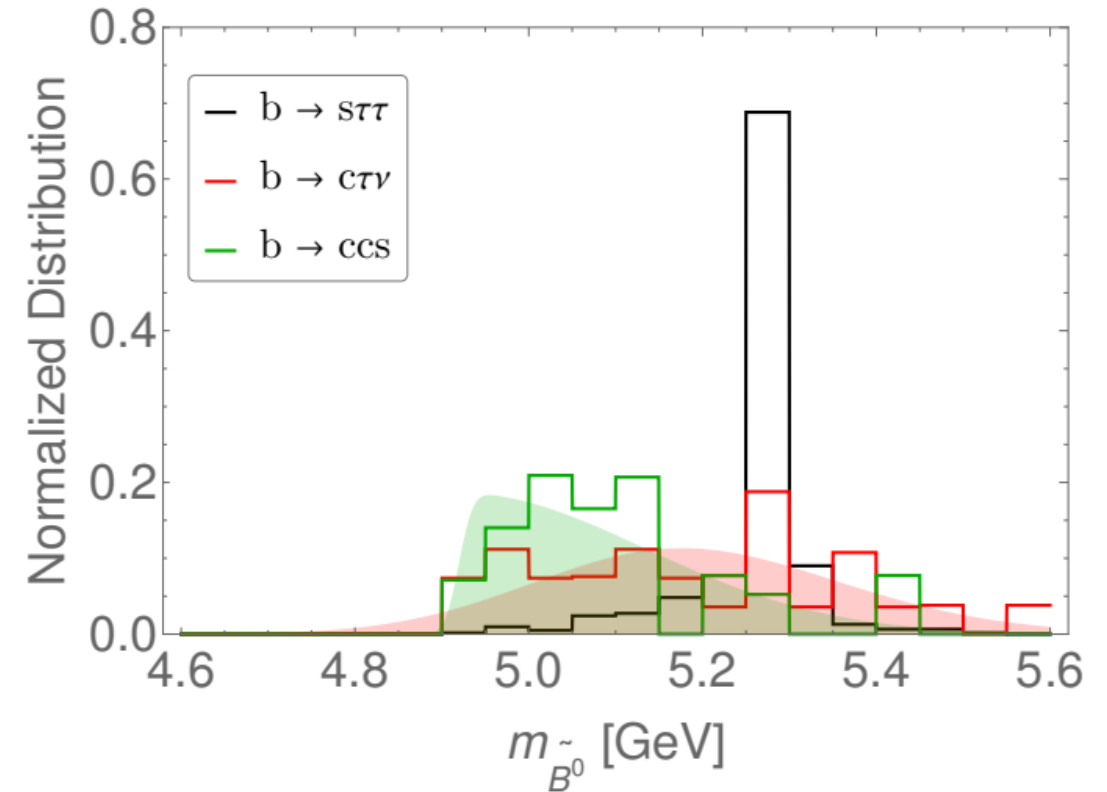
4.3 Neutrino Modes

4.4 Radiative Modes

[J. F. Kamenik, S. Monteil, A. Semkiv, L. V. Silva 1705. 11106](#)
[LL, T. Liu, 2012.00665](#)

- Partially motivated by B anomalies
- Rare decays, sensitive to BSM and probe multi-TeV

$$\Lambda_{\text{NP}} \simeq \left(\frac{\alpha}{4\pi} \frac{m_t^2}{m_W^2} G_F |V_{tb} V_{ts}^*| \delta_{\text{rare}} \right)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \simeq (30 \text{ TeV}) \times \delta_{\text{rare}}^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

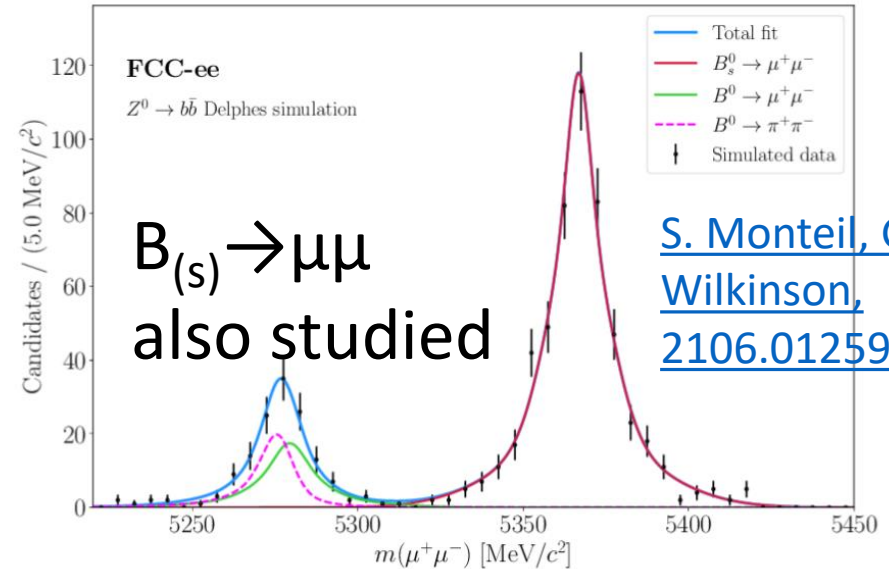
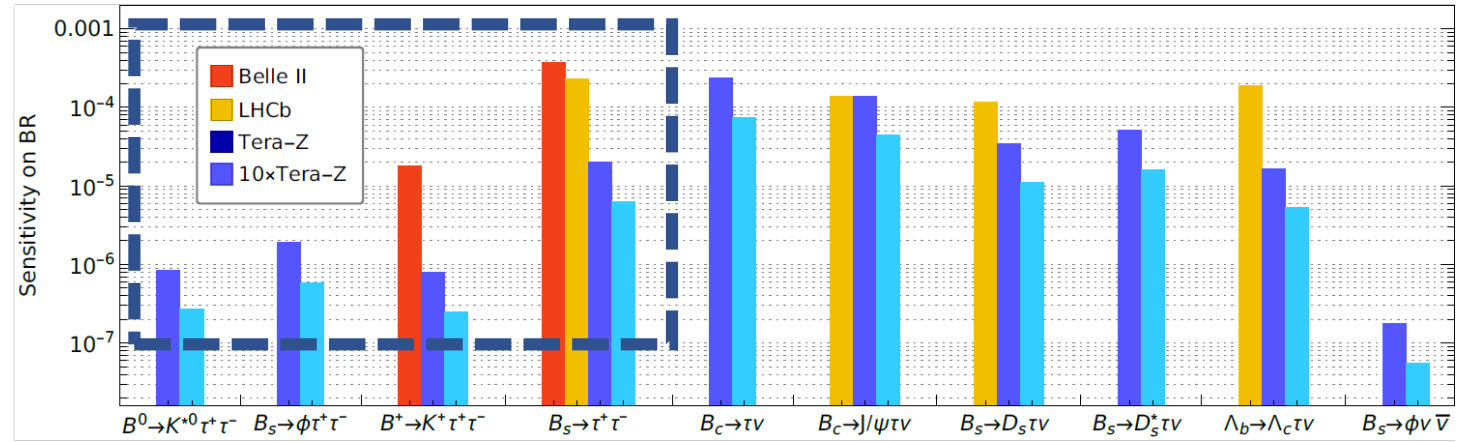
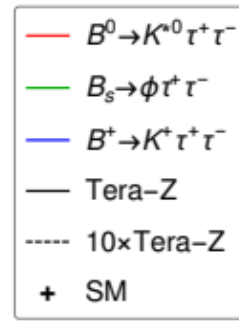
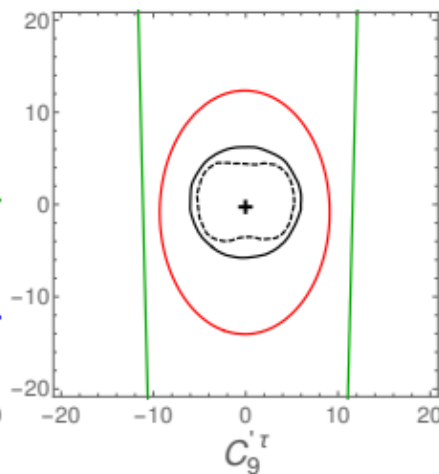
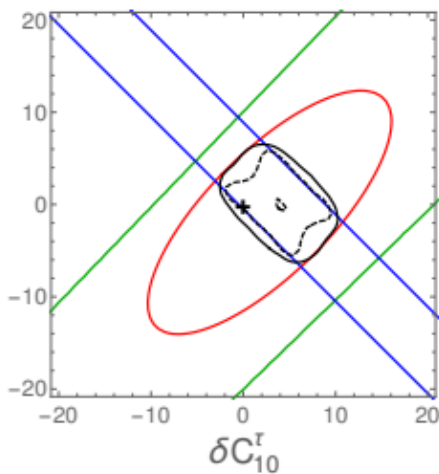
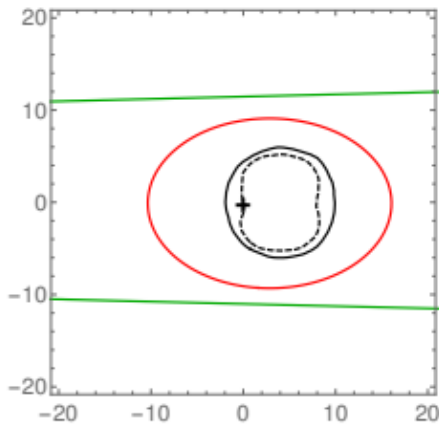
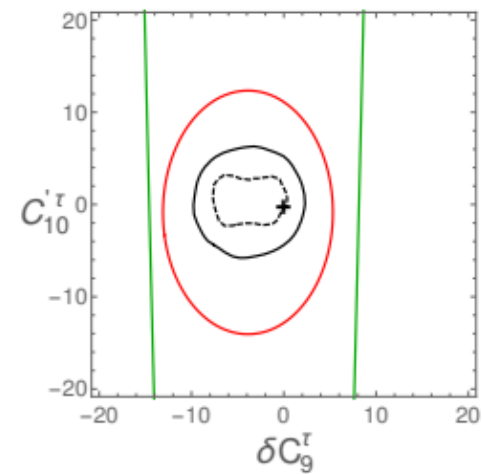
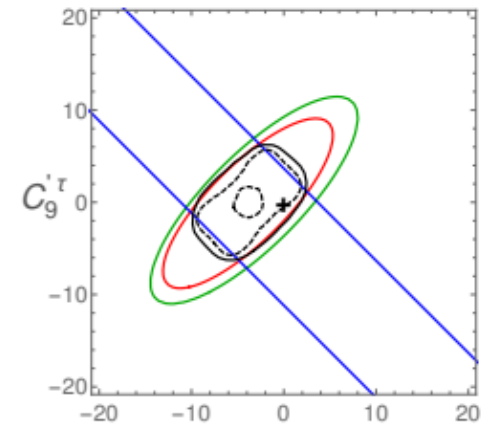
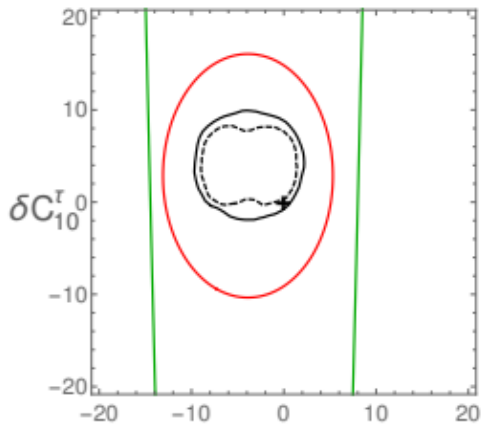


See also:

[S. Descotes-Genon, S. Fajfer, J. Kamenik, M. Novoa-Brunet 2208.10880](#)

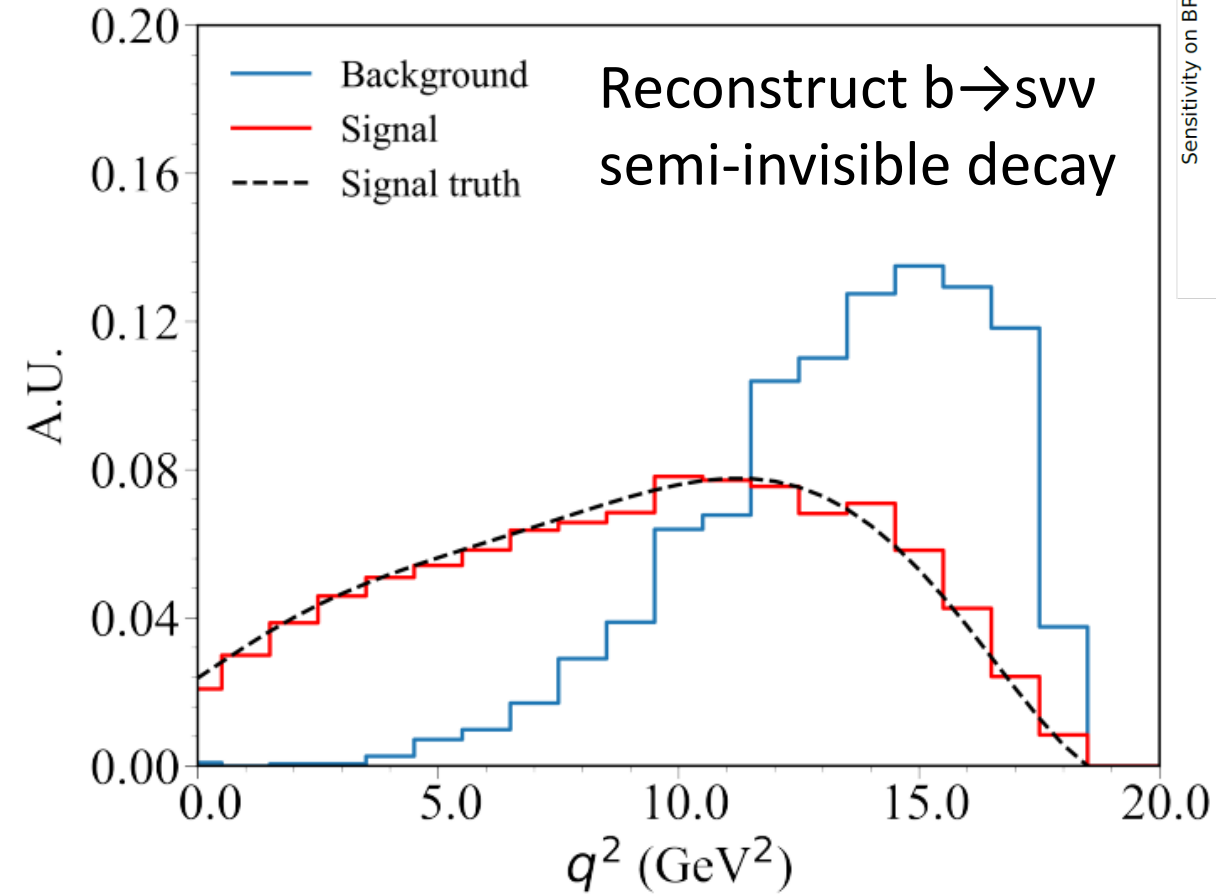
➤ The LFU test via $b \rightarrow s \tau \tau$ rare decay are most studied

➤ Flagship channel for CEPC



4.3 Neutrino Modes

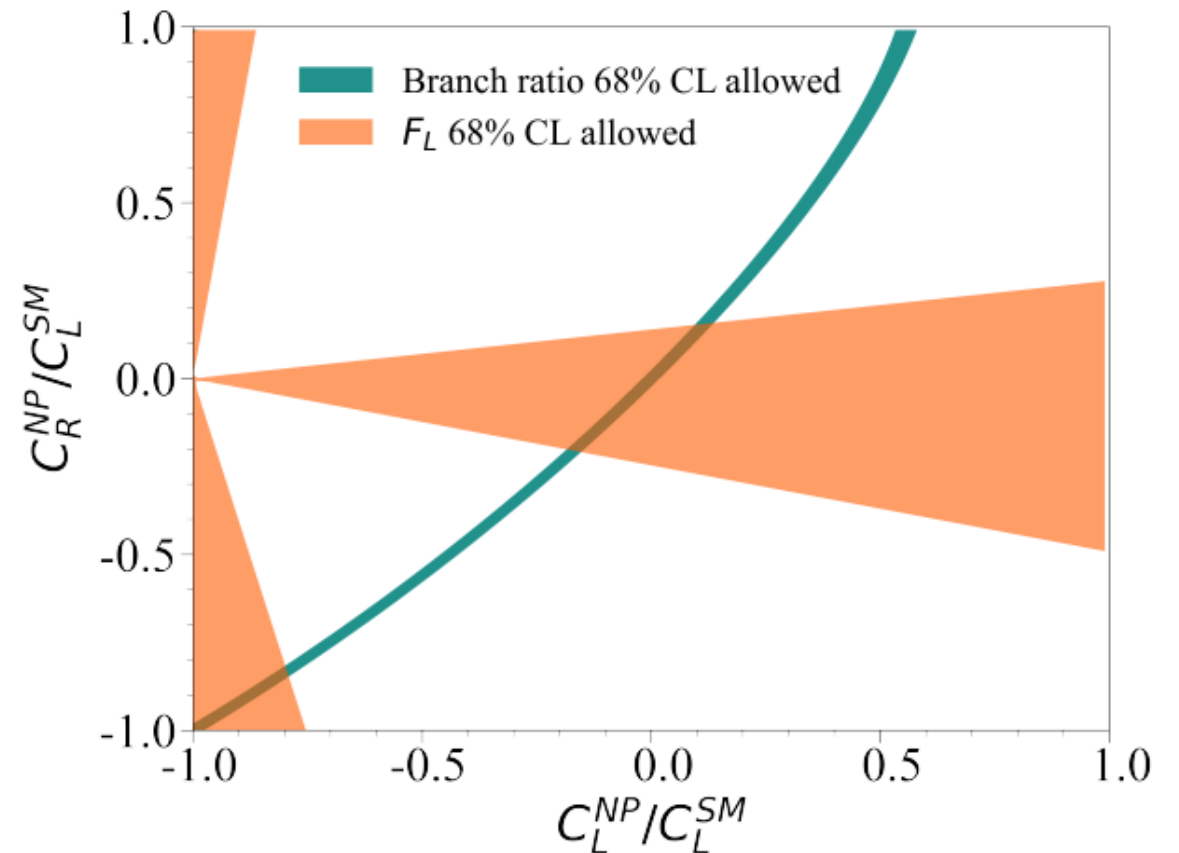
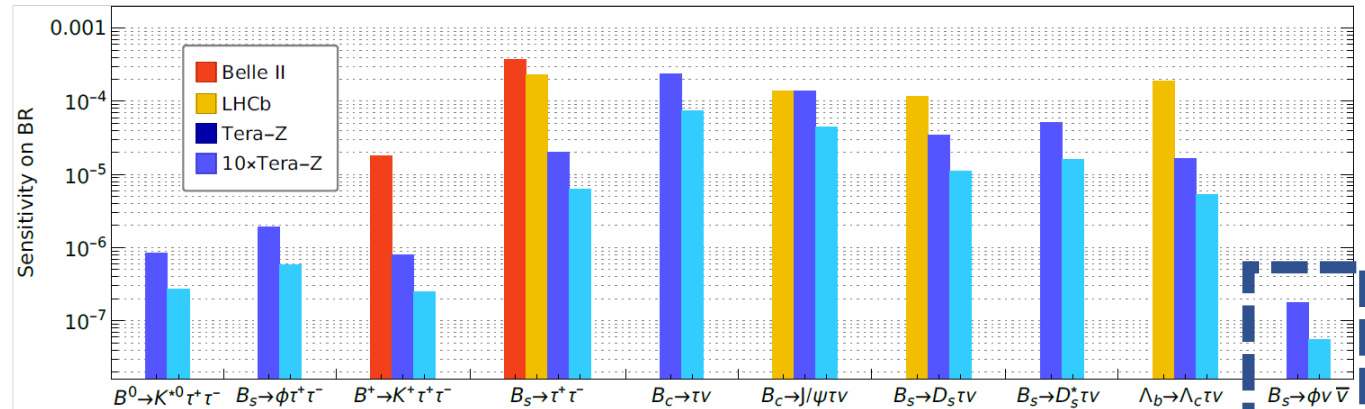
Reconstruct $b \rightarrow sv\nu$
semi-invisible decay



[LL, M. Ruan, Y. Wang, Y. Wang, 2201.07374](#)

See also:

[S. Descotes-Genon, S. Fajfer, J. Kamenik, M. Novoa-Brunet 2208.10880](#)



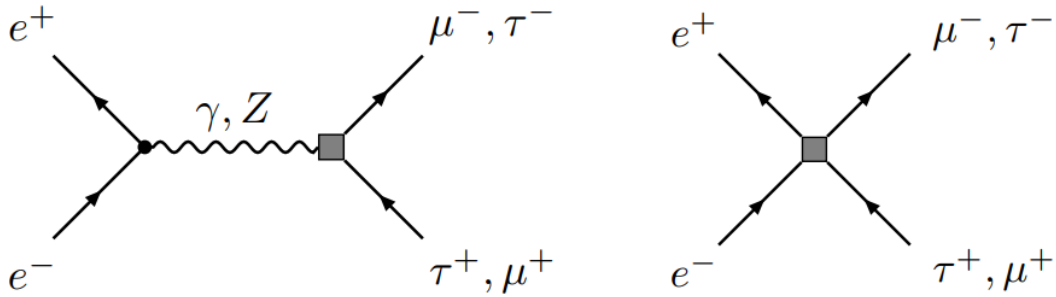
- Most decays are rare ($BR < 10^{-5}$).
- Relative precisions vary from $O(10^{-2} - 1)$ determined by final states, probing multi-TeV already
- Unique advantages at CEPC

Section Summary and Suggestions

- ❖ Benchmark studies for (double) radiative decays with proper ECAL simulations
- ❖ Modes of heavy hadrons like Λ_b
- ❖ Systematically dominated e vs. μ LFU tests

6 Testing SM Global Symmetry with Flavor

- lepton flavor, lepton number and baryon number are conserved in flavor physics
- Clear sign of new physics if violation observed



\sqrt{s} [GeV]	\mathcal{L}_{int} [ab ⁻¹]	$\frac{\delta\sqrt{s}}{\sqrt{s}}$ [10 ⁻³]	$\frac{\delta p_T}{p_T}$ [10 ⁻³]	$\epsilon_{\text{bkg}}^{x_c}$ [10 ⁻⁶]	N_{bkg}	σ [ab]
91.2 (Z-pole)	50	0.92	1.35	1.53	6400 ± 80	55
87.7 (off-peak)	25	0.92	1.33	1.46	350 ± 20	27
93.9 (off-peak)	25	0.92	1.37	1.59	620 ± 25	35
160 (WW)	6	0.99	1.89	2.49	3 ± 2	17
240 (ZH)	20	1.20	2.60	4.42	7 ± 3	6.6
360 (t \bar{t})	1	1.41	3.74	8.61	0.3 ± 0.5	72

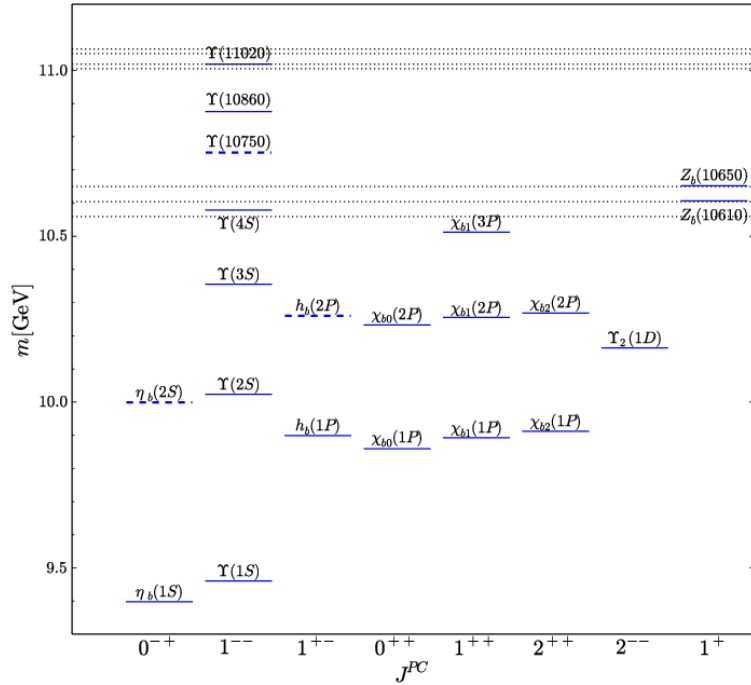
[W. Altmannshofer, P. Munbodh, T. Oh, 2305.03869](#)

BR(Z → τμ) limit down to 10⁻⁹
 Also from runs of higher E_{cm}

Recommendations:

- ❖ Need studies on lepton and baryon number violation in the next phases

7 Spectroscopy and Exotics



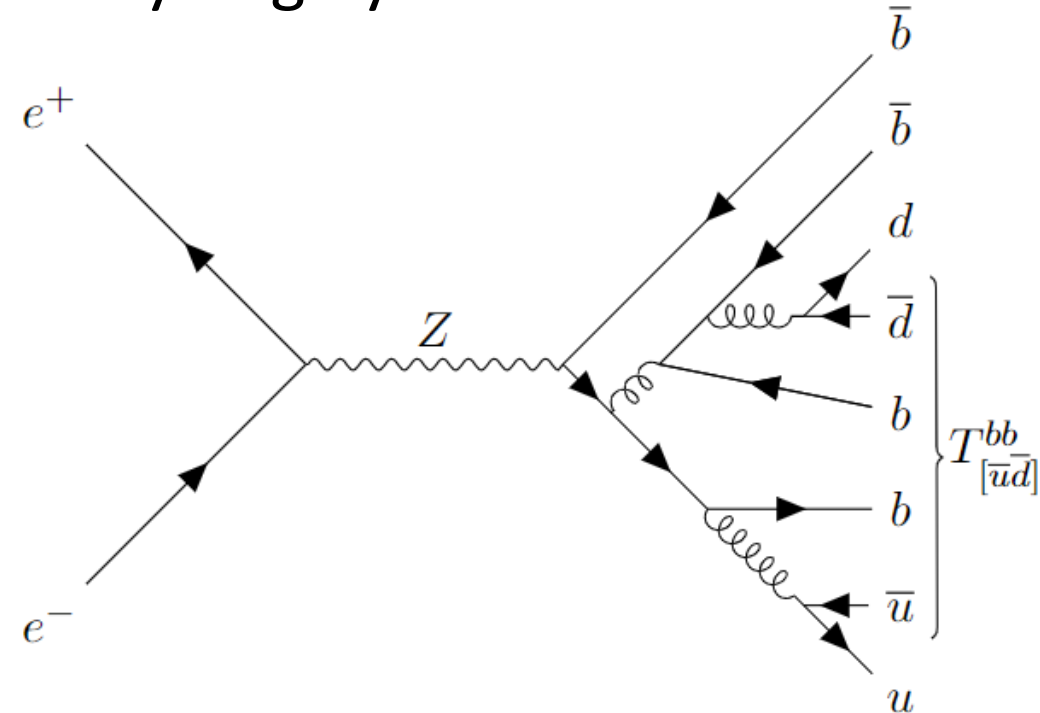
- A lot of states, guaranteed DISCOVERY at CEPC?
- $Z \rightarrow bbbb, bbcc, cccc$ processes may give rise to highly exotic species
- Production & decay largely unknown

Recent studies on production of tetraquarks & doubly-flavored baryons

[J. Niu, J. Li, H. Bi, H. Ma, 2305.15362](#) [A. Ali, A.Y. Parkhomenko, Q. Qin, W. Wang, 1805.02535](#)

Recommendations:

- ❖ More theory inputs for simulation
- ❖ Analysis framework to be developed



8 Charm and Strange Physics

$$\Gamma_9 \quad (u \bar{u} + c \bar{c})/2 \quad (11.6 \pm 0.6)\%$$

$$\Gamma_{10} \quad (d \bar{d} + s \bar{s} + b \bar{b})/3 \quad (15.6 \pm 0.4)\%$$

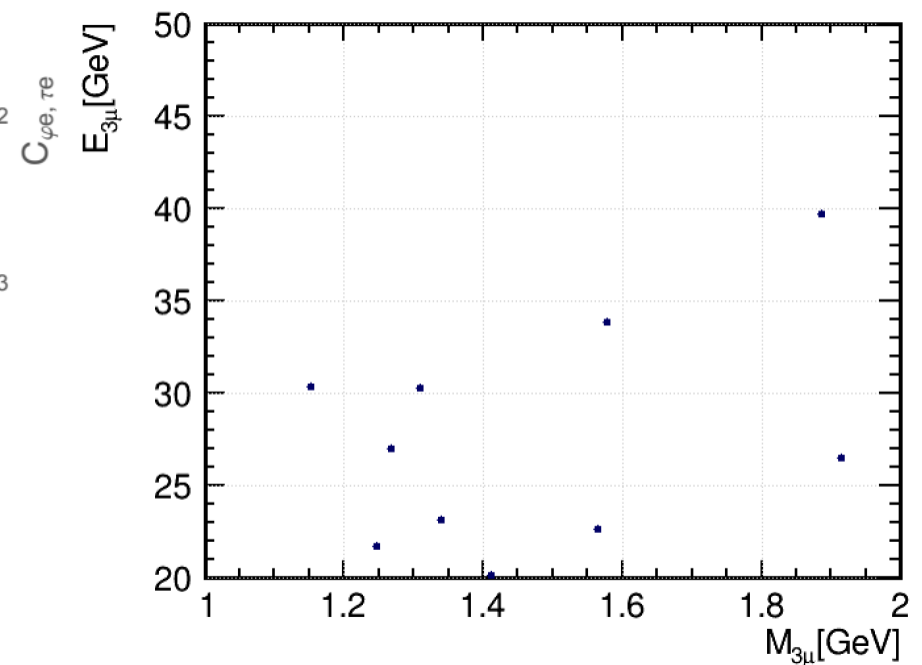
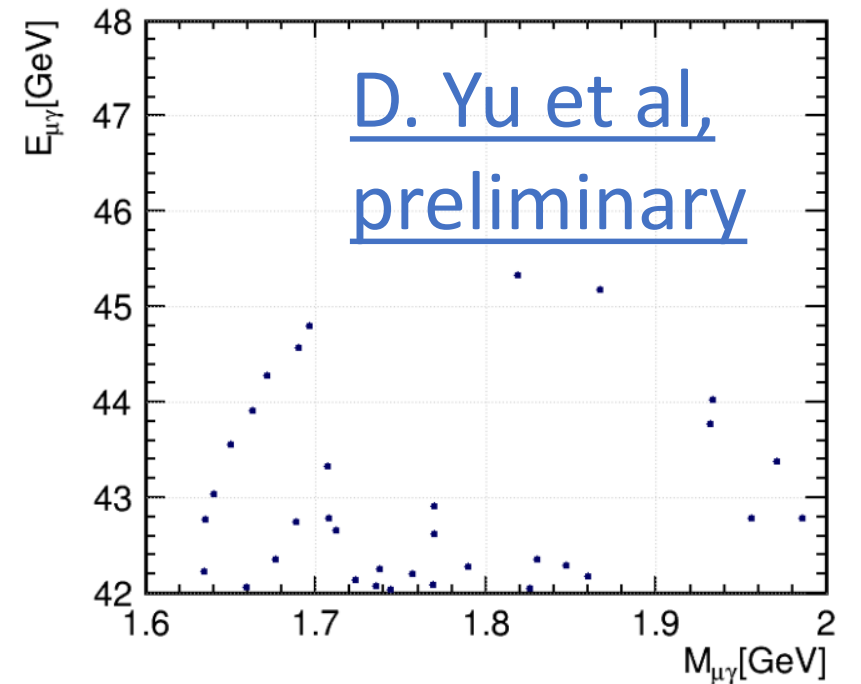
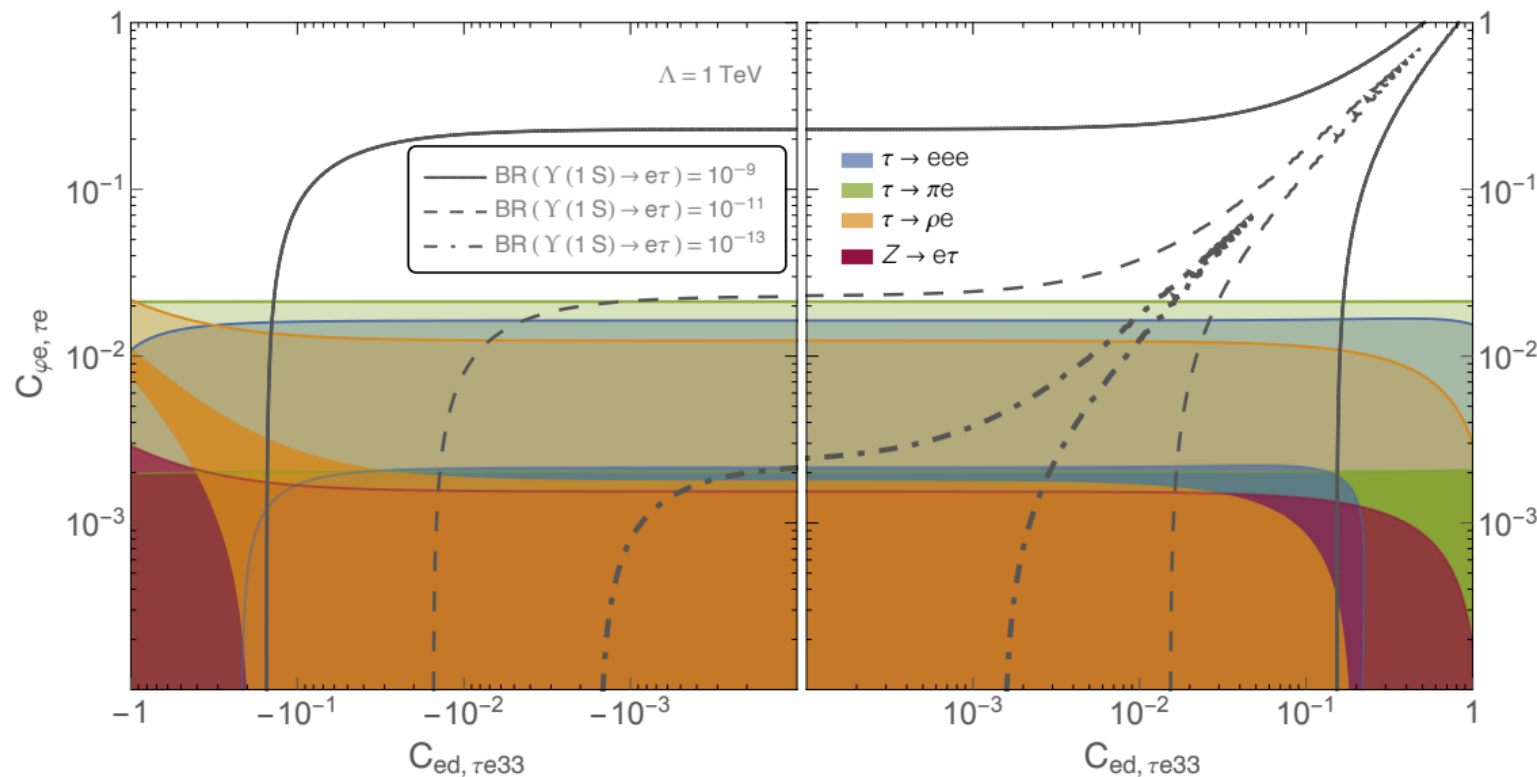
- Z decay also produces a lot of c and s quarks
- More s quarks ($K^{(*)}$, Λ ...) produced by QCD
- Also building blocks of b physics

Recommendations:

- ❖ Have a charm physics program in parallel to bottom ones in the next phase
- ❖ Focus on K_S and Λ rare decays, e.g. $K_S \rightarrow \mu\mu(+\gamma)$, complementary to future kaon factories

9 τ Physics

- A most powerful tau machine
- Essential for EW and QCD in precision
- Most studies focus on exotic decays



[L. Calibbi, T. Li, X. Marcano, M.A. Schmidt, 2207.10913](#)

[L. Calibbi, X. Marcano, J. Roy, 2107.10273](#) [M. Dam, 2107.12832](#)

Section Summary and Suggestions

Measurement	Current [104]	FCC [102]	Tera-Z Prelim. [105]	Comments
Lifetime [sec]	$\pm 5 \times 10^{-16}$	$\pm 1 \times 10^{-18}$		from 3-prong decays, stat. limited
BR($\tau \rightarrow \ell \nu \bar{\nu}$)	$\pm 4 \times 10^{-4}$	$\pm 3 \times 10^{-5}$		0.1× the ALEPH systematics
m(τ) [MeV]	± 0.12	$\pm 0.004 \pm 0.1$		$\sigma(p_{\text{track}})$ limited
BR($\tau \rightarrow 3\mu$)	$< 2.1 \times 10^{-8}$	$\mathcal{O}(10^{-10})$	same	bkg free
BR($\tau \rightarrow 3e$)	$< 2.7 \times 10^{-8}$	$\mathcal{O}(10^{-10})$		bkg free
BR($\tau \rightarrow e\mu\mu$)	$< 2.7 \times 10^{-8}$	$\mathcal{O}(10^{-10})$		bkg free
BR($\tau \rightarrow \mu ee$)	$< 1.8 \times 10^{-8}$	$\mathcal{O}(10^{-10})$		bkg free
BR($\tau \rightarrow \mu\gamma$)	$< 4.4 \times 10^{-8}$	$\sim 2 \times 10^{-9}$	$\mathcal{O}(10^{-10})$	Z $\rightarrow \tau\tau\gamma$ bkg, $\sigma(p_\gamma)$ limited
BR($\tau \rightarrow e\gamma$)	$< 3.3 \times 10^{-8}$	$\sim 2 \times 10^{-9}$		Z $\rightarrow \tau\tau\gamma$ bkg, $\sigma(p_\gamma)$ limited

[M. Dam, 1811.09408](#)

- ❖ More exotic τ decay modes
- ❖ Hadronic τ decay for f_K , V_{us} , and $\alpha_s(m_\tau)$
- ❖ τ polarimetry/asymmetry at the Z pole for extracting EWPO

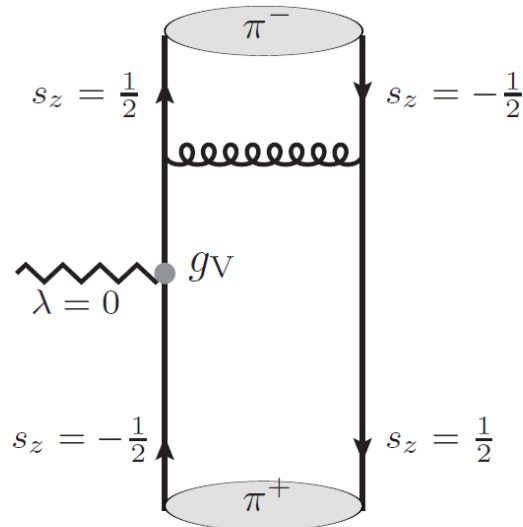
10 Flavor Physics at Higher Energies

10.1 Exclusive Hadronic Decays of Heavy SM Bosons

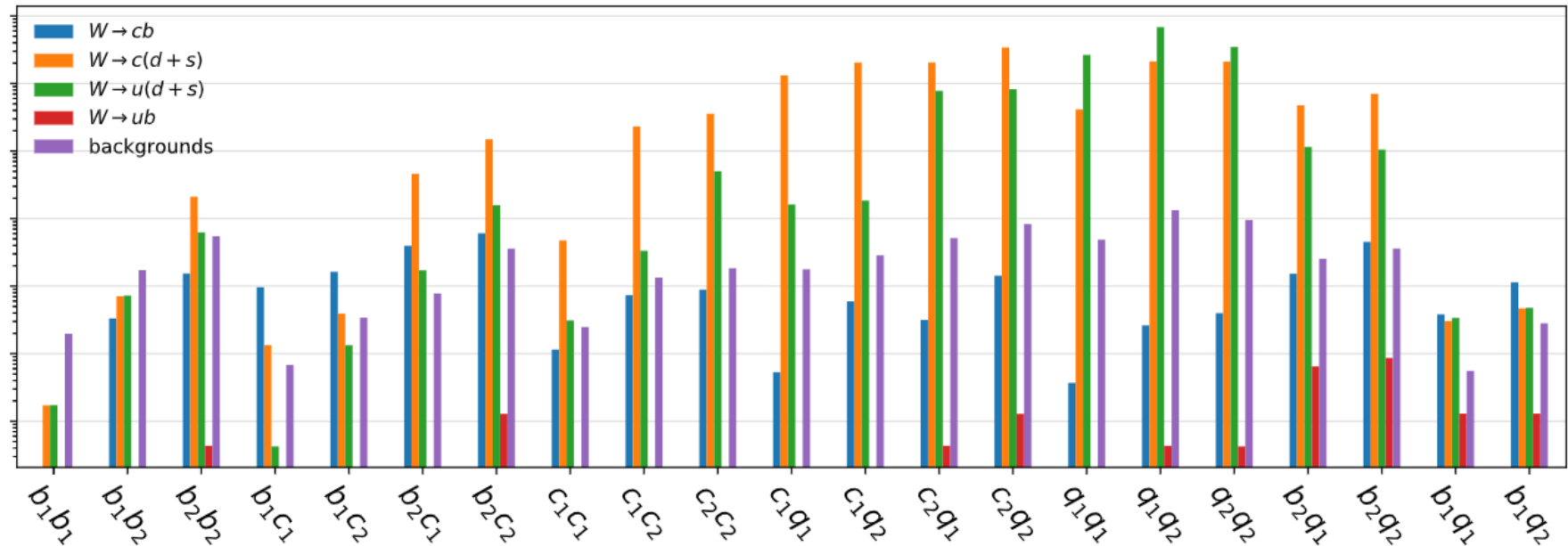
10.2 $|V_{cb}|$ measurement from on-shell W Decays

10.3 Other Possibilities

See Hao Liang's talk



(a) $Z \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$



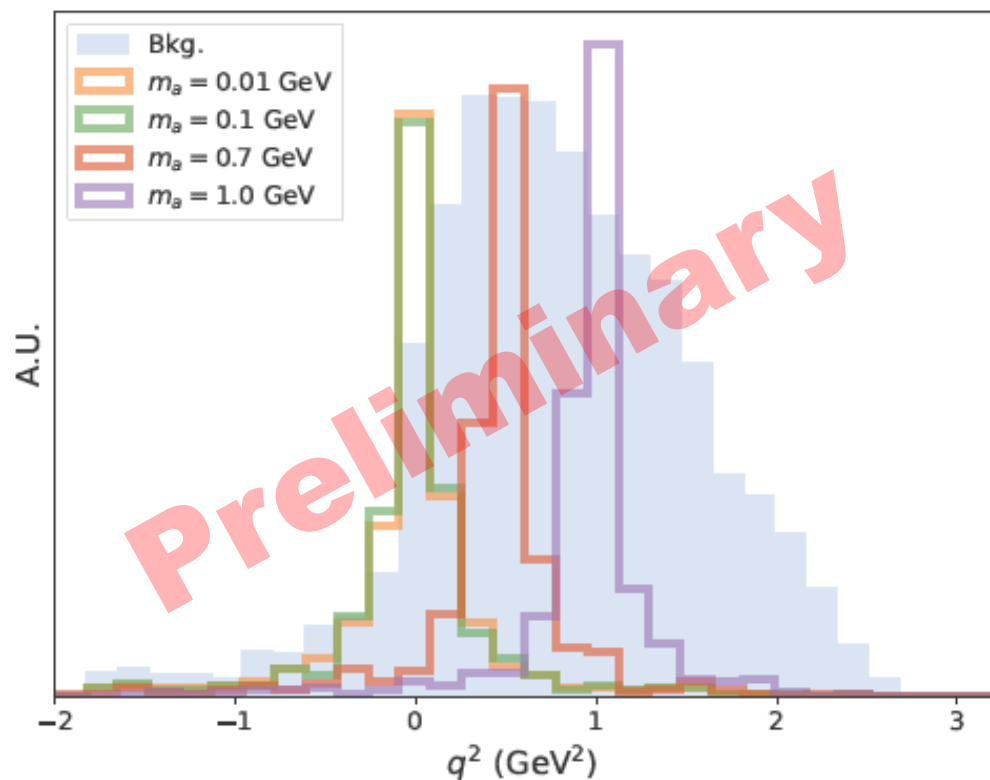
Current Recommendation:

❖ Flavored hadronization, also crucial for EW & Higgs

11 Production of BSM States from Heavy Flavor Decays

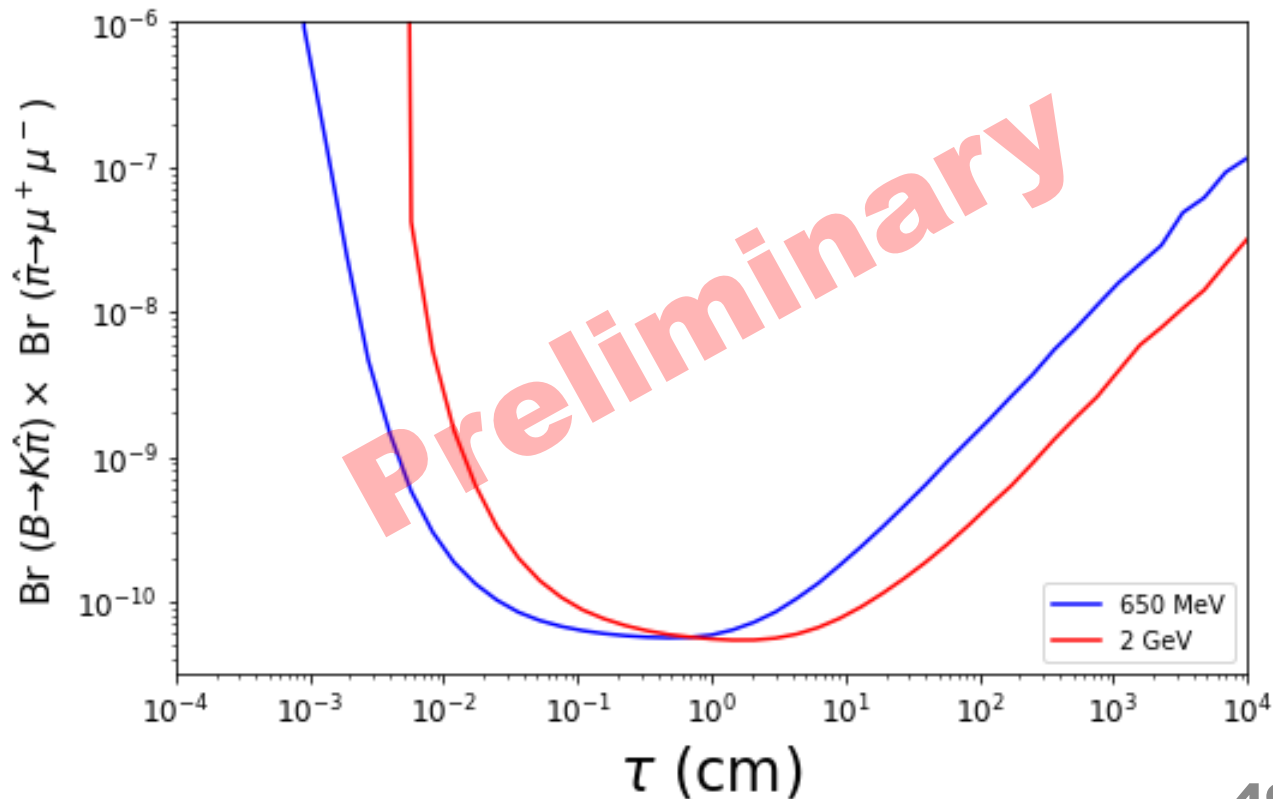
11.1 Light BSM states produced via their coupling with leptons

11.2 Light BSM states produced from FCNC quark decays



Dark sector from τ decays
Anson Kwok et al., in prep

Long lived particle from B FCNC rare decays Xuhui Jiang et al., in prep.



5 Hadronic b Decays and CP Violation Measurements

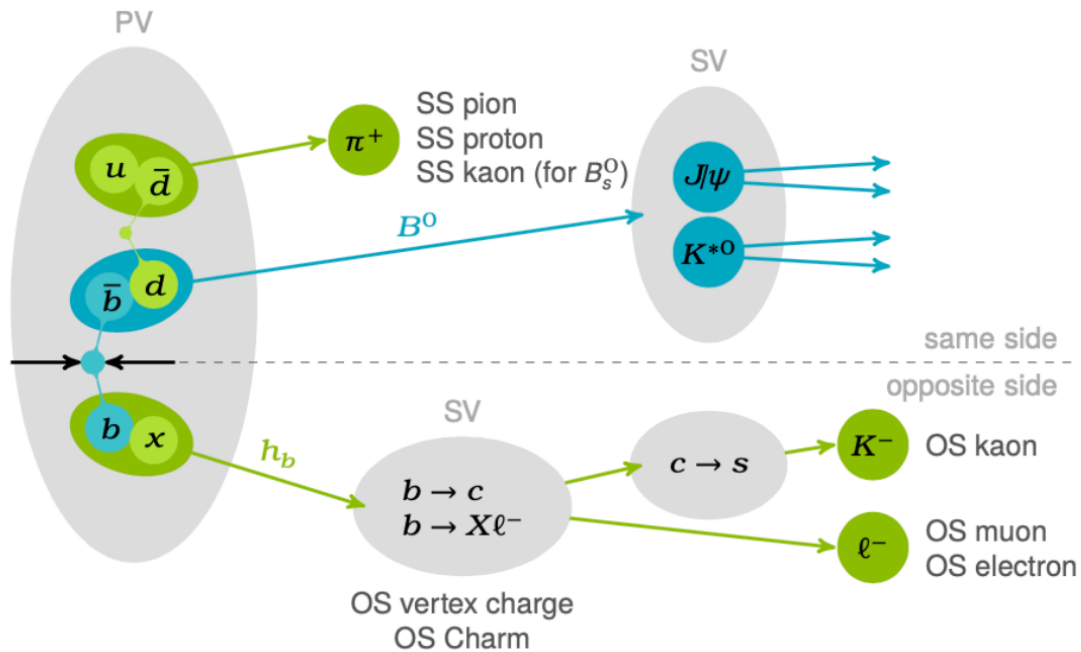
5.1 Theoretical Interpretation (preliminary)



5 Measuring CP Asymmetries

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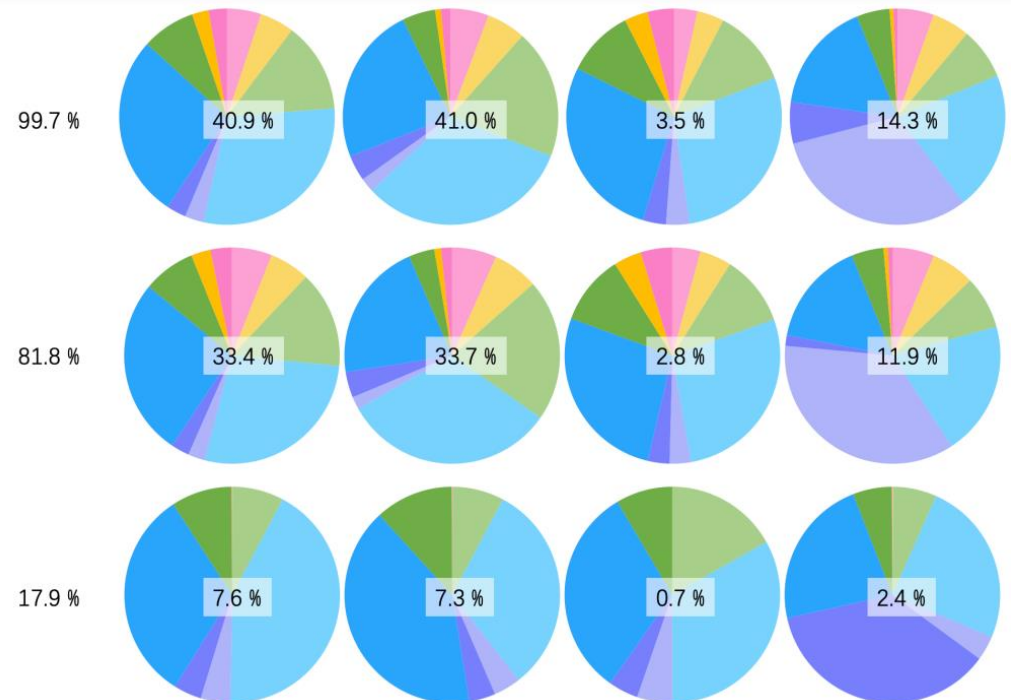
Flavor Tagging



Tagging strategies are similar to LEP and LHCb

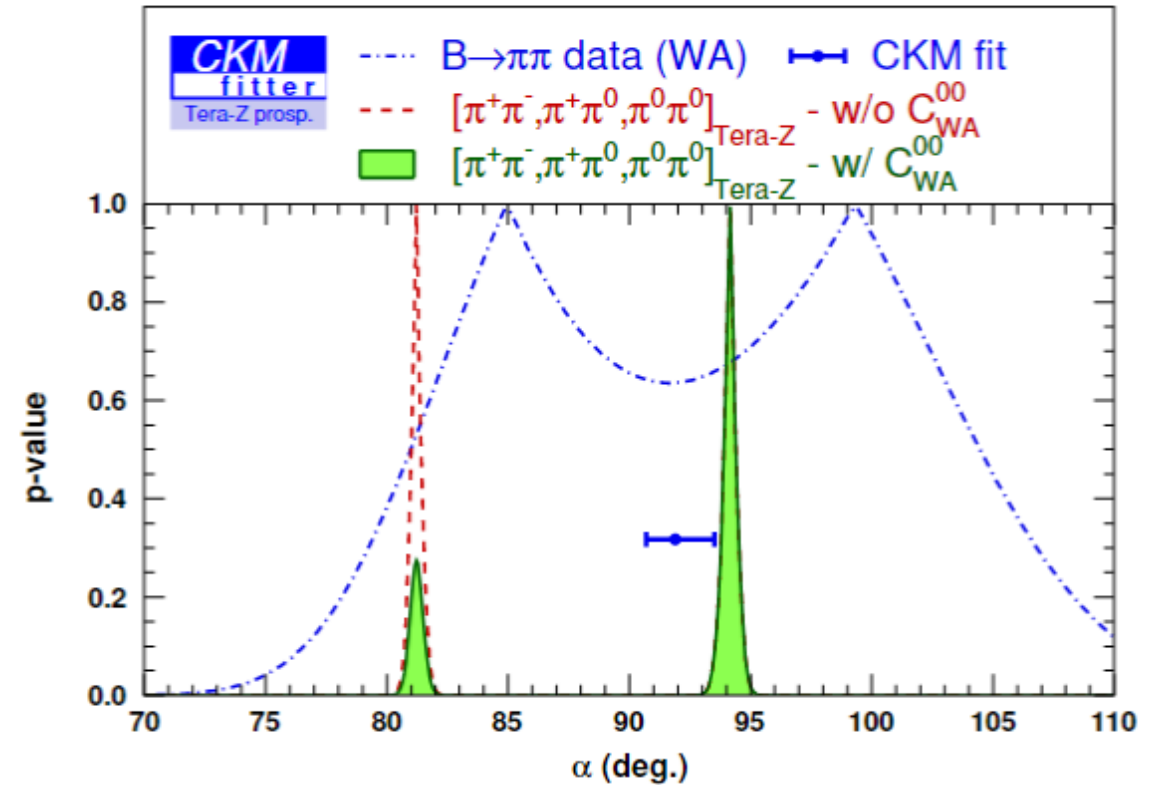
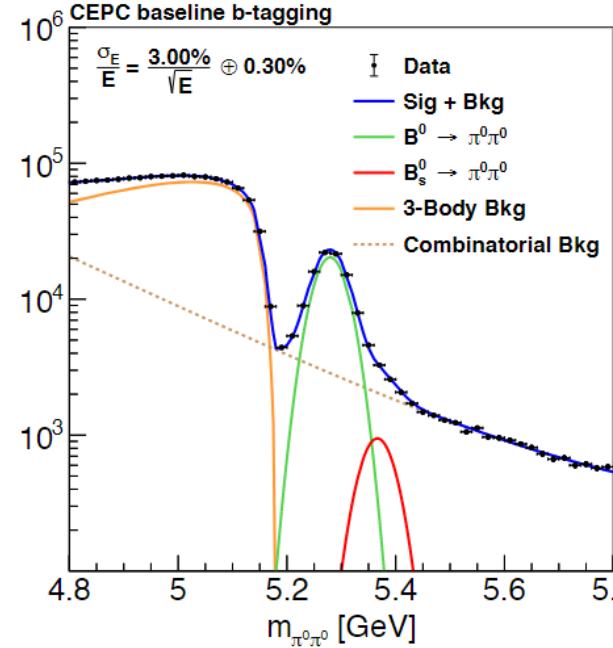
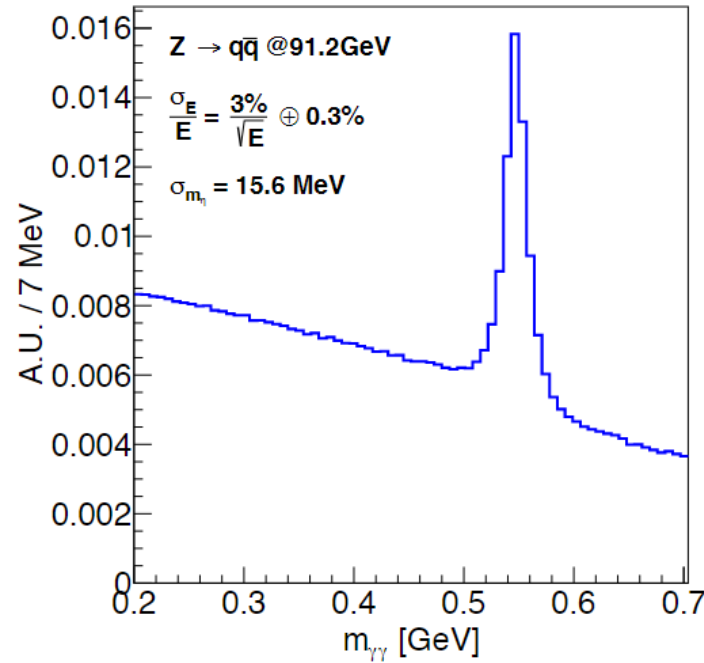
$$\epsilon_{\text{eff}} = \epsilon(1 - 2\omega_{\text{mistag}})^2$$

Effective tagging power @ LEP $\sim 20\%$,
expected to improve further @ CEPC
(vs. $\sim 5\%$ @LHCb & $\sim 35\%$ @ Belle II)



Preliminary study on going

Time-Integrated CP Asymmetry

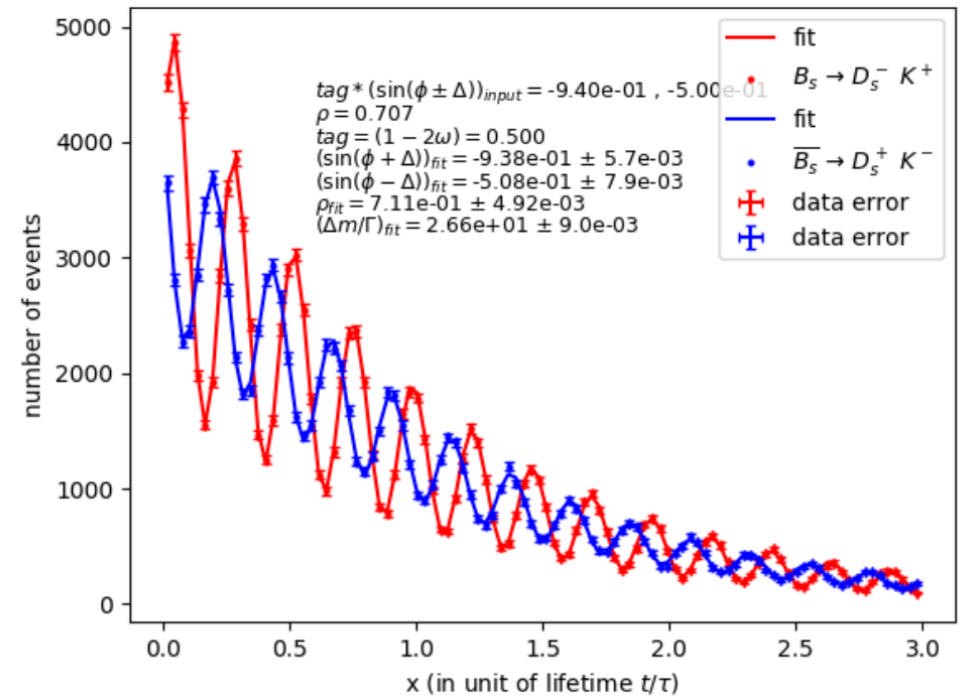
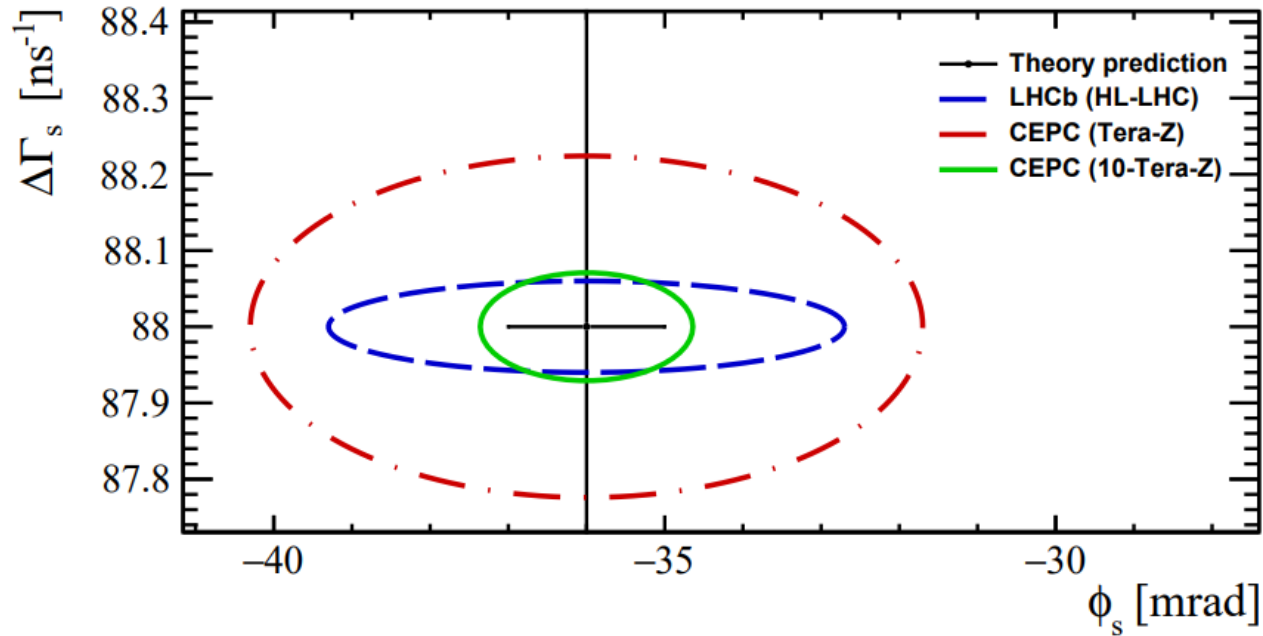


[Y. Wang, S. Descotes-Genon, O. Deschamps, LL, S. Chen, Y. Zhu, M. Ruan](#)

See also: [J. Charles, S. Descotes-Genon, Zoltan Ligeti, S. Monteil, M. Papucci, K. Trabelsi, L. Silva, 2006.04824](#)

Measure CKM α down to 0.4 deg by $B \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0 \rightarrow 4\gamma$
 But only if ECAL is crystal

Time-Dependent CP Asymmetry



[X. Li, M Ruan, M. Zhao, 2205.10565](#)

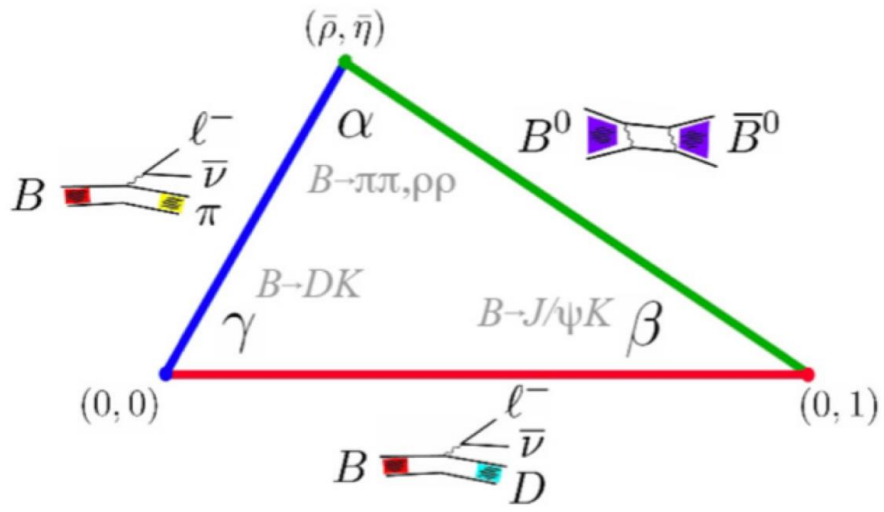
Angle β_s measurement by time-dependent $B_s \rightarrow J/\psi \phi \rightarrow \mu\mu KK$

See also [R. Aleksan, L. Oliver, 2205.07823](#)

Time-dependent measurement of $B \rightarrow DK$ to give α_s and β_s , helpful to fix the value of angle γ

[R. Aleksan, L. Oliver, E. Perez, 2107.02002](#)

[R. Aleksan, L. Oliver, E. Perez, 2107.05311](#)



- ❖ We certainly want a CEPC version
- ❖ Need many more experiment and theory inputs
- ❖ Move on to the next phase

